

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS OF MAINE

1911

BEING THE



ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS

For the Year 1910.

VOLUME IV.

AUGUSTA
KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT
1911

REPORT
OF THE
STATE SUPERINTENDENT
OF
PUBLIC SCHOOLS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE
FOR THE
School Year Ending June 30, 1910.

AUGUSTA
KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT
1910

The illustrations in this report were printed by the Lewiston Journal Company, Lewiston, Maine.

STATE OF MAINE

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT,

AUGUSTA, December 30, 1910.

To the Governor, Bert M. Fernald, and the Honorable Executive Council.

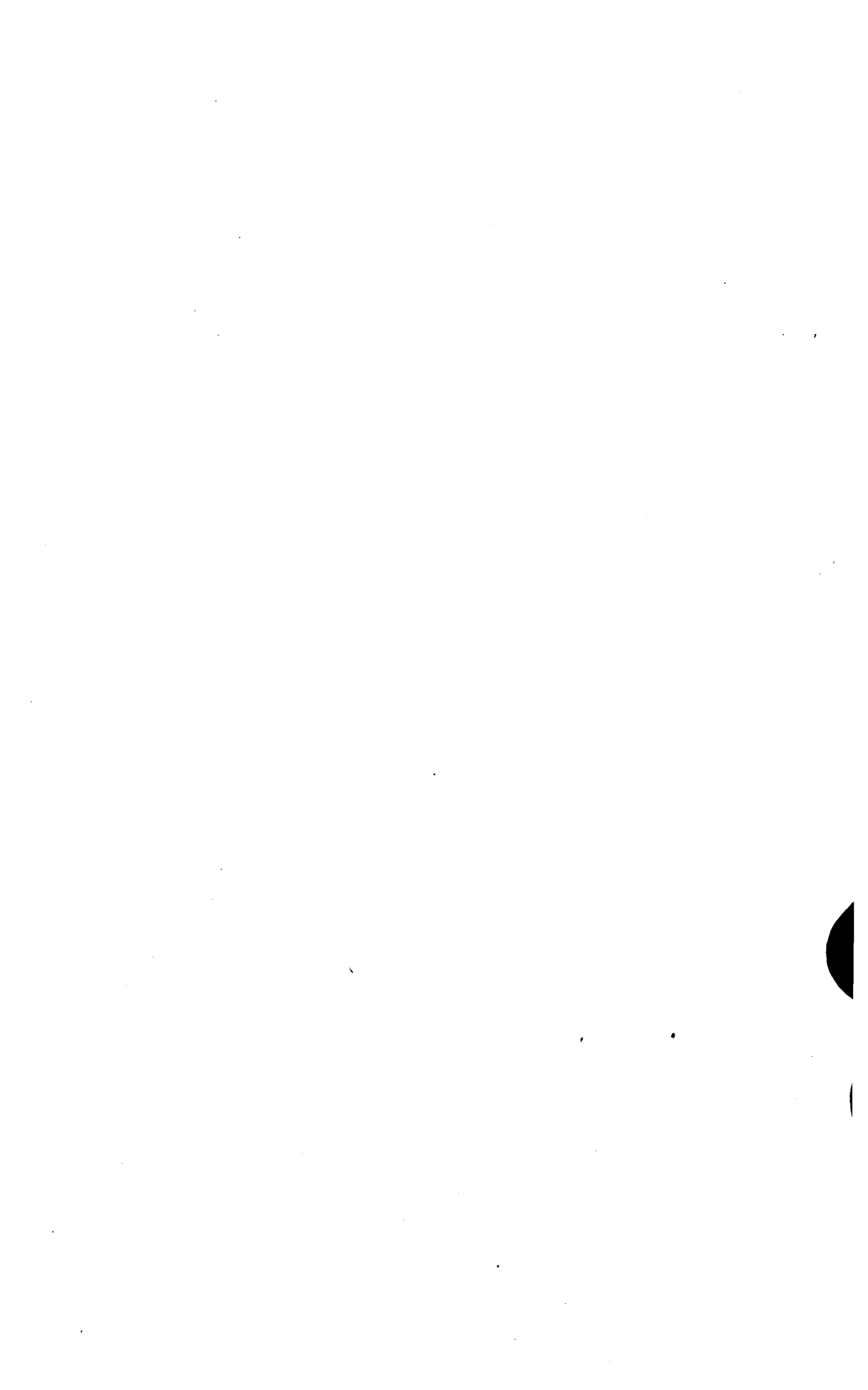
GENTLEMEN:—In accordance with the requirements of chapter 7 of the Resolves of 1895, I respectfully submit the following report of the condition, progress and needs of the public schools of Maine.

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

PAYSON SMITH,

State Superintendent of Public Schools.



CONTENTS.

I. OF THE REPORT.

CHAPTER I.

Report of the committee on the investigation of industrial education.

	PAGE
I. Prefatory note	I
II. Industrial education in European countries	3
A. Germany	3
B. England	6
C. Ireland	10
D. Scotland	12
E. France	13
F. Switzerland	15
G. Belgium	17
H. Holland	20
I. Denmark	21
III. Industrial education in America	21
A. The Macdonald movement for rural education in Canada	22
B. The Baron de Hirsch school (philanthropic)....	24
C. Industrial education for the negro (Hampton- Tuskegee)	26
D. Trade schools supported by corporations (General Electric Company)	30
E. Textile schools aided by the state (Lowell)....	32
F. Schools of diversified trades (Milwaukee)	34
G. Co-operative industrial courses (Fitchburg)	39
IV. Synopsis of typical state laws regarding industrial edu- cation	42
V. Present status of industrial education in Maine	45
VI. The needs of the industries.....	53
VII. Recommendations	60
A. Preparation of special teachers	60
B. The elementary schools	61
C. Agricultural education	62
D. Secondary schools	63
E. Continuation courses	65
F. Separate trade schools	65
G. The control of industrial courses	66
Summary of recommendations	66
VIII. Bibliography	68

CHAPTER II.

Report of Educational Progress.

	PAGE
Elementary schools	71
Comparative summary-common schools	71
Chart showing total expenditures	73
Chart relating to common school fund	74
Chart showing distribution of persons of school age ..	75
Chart showing distribution of common school pupils..	75
Chart showing distribution of pupils by grades and classes	76
Secondary schools	77
Summaries and comparative statements—free high schools	77
Summaries and comparative statements—academies, institutes and seminaries	78
Chart showing resources of high schools and acad- emies	79
Chart showing distribution of secondary school pupils by courses	80
Approval of secondary school courses	81
Map indicating distribution of school population in reference to secondary school privileges	opp. 82
Schools in unorganized townships	88
Statistical summaries	89
State examinations	92
Statistical summaries	94
State summer schools	95
Educational meetings	98
Union school supervision	105
Medical inspection	105
Directions for testing sight and hearing	108
Forms of reports and notices	111
Map showing states having medical inspection laws...	114
State normal and training schools—University of Maine	115
Chart relating to normal school graduates	117
The needs of the industries	v. 1
Recommendations	VII
A. Preparation of the elementary schools	118
B. The elementary schools	119
C. A critical study of the	120
D. Secondary schools	121
E. Continuation courses	122
F. Separate trade schools	123
G. The control of industrial courses	124
Summary of recommendations	125
Bibliography	VIII

CONTENTS.

vii

CHAPTER IV.

Reports of the president of the University of Maine and the principals of the state normal schools and training school.

	PAGE
Special financial report of the University of Maine.....	125
Farmington Normal School.....	131
Eastern State Normal School.....	133
Western State Normal School.....	136
Aroostook State Normal School.....	138
Madawaska Training School.....	140
Comparative summary of normal school attendance.....	142
Fiscal statement	142

II. OF THE APPENDIX.

Table Number I:	PAGES
Common School Statistics Showing School Enrollment.....	2-23
Androscoggin county	2
Aroostook county	3 - 5
Cumberland county	5 - 6
Franklin county	7
Hancock county	8 - 9
Kennebec county	9-10
Knox county	11
Lincoln county	12
Oxford county	13
Penobscot county	14-15
Piscataquis county	16
Sagadahoc county	17
Somerset county	17-18
Waldo county	19
Washington county	20-21
York county	22-23
Summary	23

Table Number II:		PAGES
Common School Statistics Showing Character of Schools and School Property		24-45
Androscoggin county		24
Aroostook county		25-27
18-08 Cumberland county		27-28
28 Franklin county		29
28 Hancock county		30-31
48-48 Kennebec county		31-32
28 Knox county		33
78-08 Lincoln county		34
08-88 Oxford county		35
08 Penobscot county		36-37

	PAGE
Piscataquis county	38
Sagadahoc county	39
Somerset county	39-40
Waldo county	41
Washington county	42-43
York county	44-45
Summary	45

Table Number III:

Common School Statistics Showing Facts Regarding Teachers in Common Schools		46-67
Androscoggin county		46
Aroostook county		47-49
Cumberland county		49-50
Franklin county		51
Hancock county		52-53
Kennebec county		53-54
Knox county		55
Lincoln county		56
Oxford county		57
Penobscot county		58-59
Piscataquis county		60
Sagadahoc county		61
Somerset county		61-62
Waldo county		63
Washington county		64-65
York county		66-67
Summary		67

Table Number IV:

Common School Statistics Showing Appropriations and Expenditures of the Common School Fund		68-89
Androscoggin county		68
Aroostook county		69-71
Cumberland county		71-72
Franklin county		73
Hancock county		74-75
Kennebec county		75-76
Knox county		77
Lincoln county		78
Oxford county		79
Penobscot county		80-81
Piscataquis county		82
Sagadahoc county		83
Somerset county		83-84
Waldo county		85
Washington county		86-87
York county		88-89
Summary		89

Table Number V:

Common School Statistics Showing General School Appropriations and Expenditures	PAGE
Androscoggin county	90
Aroostook county	91-93
Cumberland county	93-94
Franklin county	95
Hancock county	96-97
Kennebec county	97-98
Knox county	99
Lincoln county	100
Oxford county	101
Penobscot county	102-103
Piscataquis county	104
Sagadahoc county	105
Somerset county	105-106
Waldo county	107
Washington county	108-109
York county	110-111
Summary	111

Table Number VI:

Common School Statistics Showing Distribution of Pupils ...	112-133
Androscoggin county	112
Aroostook county	113-115
Cumberland county	115-116
Franklin county	117
Hancock county	118-119
Kennebec county	119-120
Knox county	121
Lincoln county	122
Oxford county	123
Penobscot county	124-125
Piscataquis county	126
Sagadahoc county	127
Somerset county	127-128
Waldo county	129
Washington county	130-131
York county	132-133
Summary	133

Table Number VII:

Common School Statistics Showing Comparison of Items in School Reports Between the Years 1910 and 1909	134
--	-----

Table Number VIII:

Common School Statistics Showing Comparison of Items in School Reports Between the Years 1910 and 1900.....	135
---	-----

	PAGE
Table Number IX: Secondary School Statistics Showing Expenditures, Receipts and General Registration in Free High Schools	136-141
Table Number X: Secondary School Statistics Showing Enrollment by Classes and Courses	142-147
Table Number XI: Secondary School Statistics Showing Amounts Expended by Towns Contracting with Academies and Attendance of Resi- dent Pupils	148-149
Table Number XII: Secondary School Statistics Showing Payments Made by Towns not Supporting Approved Free High Schools for the Tuition of Pupils	150-151
Table Number XIII: Secondary School Statistics Showing General Statistics of Academies	152-153
Table Number XIV: Secondary School Statistics Showing Permanent Assets, Cur- rent Income and Expenditures of Academies	154-157
Table Number XV: Secondary School Statistics Showing Enrollment by Courses in Academies	158-159
Table Number XVI: Secondary School Statistics Showing Financial Statement of Academies, Seminaries and Institutes	160
Table Number XVII: Secondary School Statistics Showing High Schools Having Approved Courses of Study	161-163
Table Number XVIII: Secondary School Statistics Showing Academies Having Ap- proved Courses of Standard Grade	164
Table Number XIX: Showing Statistics on Examination of Eyes and Ears	165-175
Androscoggin county	165
Aroostook county	165-166
Cumberland county	166-167
Franklin county	167

CONTENTS.

xi

	PAGE
Hancock county	167-168
Kennebec county	168-169
Knox county	169
Lincoln county	169
Oxford county	170
Penobscot county	170-171
Piscataquis county	172
Sagadahoc county	172
Somerset county	172-173
Waldo county	173
Washington county	174
York county	175
Summary	175

Table Number XX:

School and Mill Fund	176-187
Androscoggin county	176
Aroostook county	176-177
Cumberland county	178
Franklin county	178
Hancock county	179
Kennebec county	179-180
Knox county	180
Lincoln county	181
Oxford county	181-182
Penobscot county	182-183
Piscataquis county	183
Sagadahoc county	184
Somerset county	184
Waldo county	185
Washington county	185-186
York county	186
Recapitulation by counties.....	187

Table Number XXI:

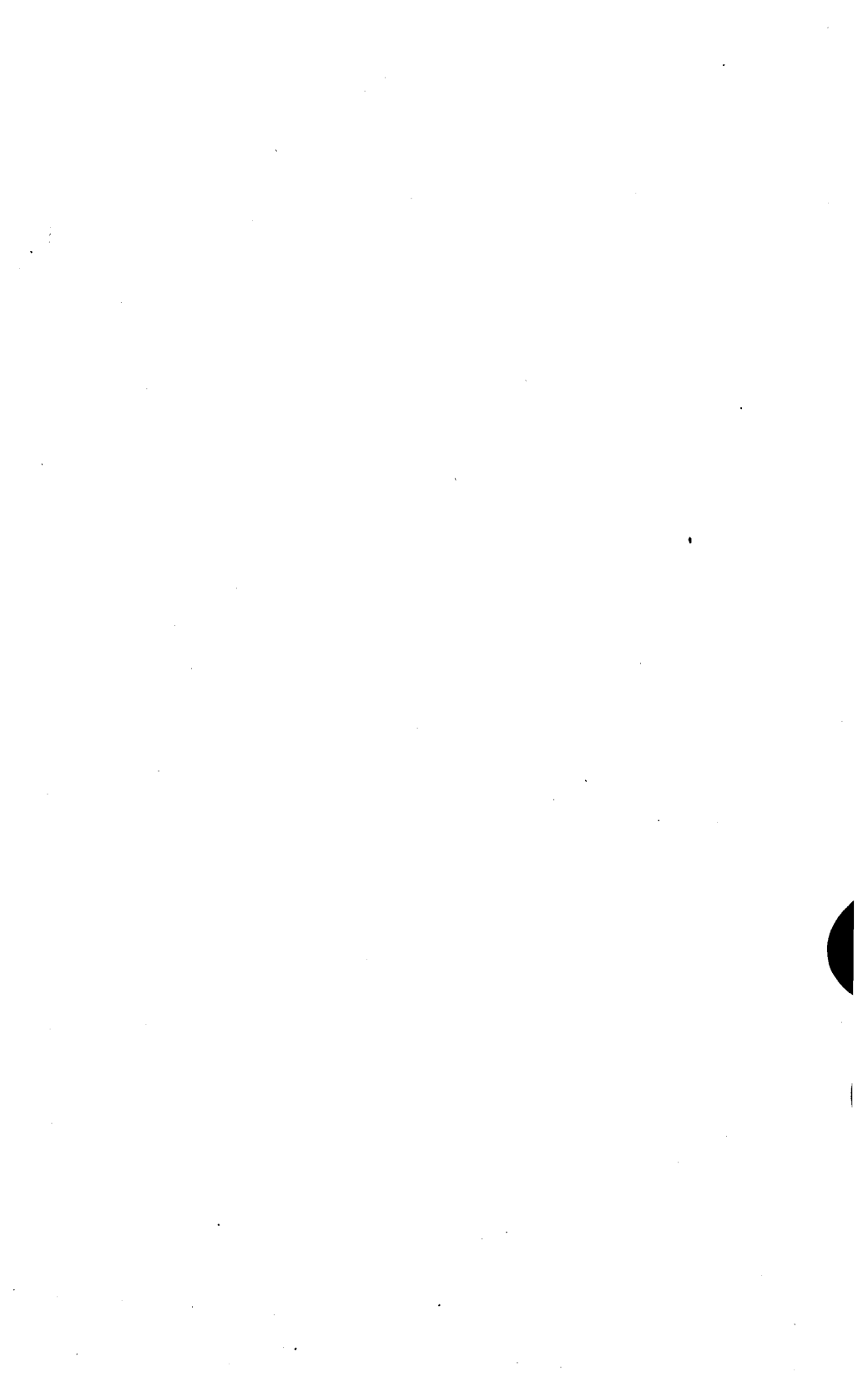
Showing School Statistics, Unorganized Townships	188-189
---	----------------

Table Number XXII:

Showing Statistics on Union Supervision of Schools	190-192
Summary	192

Table Number XXIII:

Showing Statistics of Teachers' Conventions.....	192
---	------------



CHAPTER I.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE INVESTIGATION OF INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION.

I. PREFATORY NOTE.

The subject of Industrial Education has held a prominent place in recent educational discussions. The opinion has been generally expressed by citizens, teachers, employers of labor and employees that the public school system does not adequately meet the needs of our present day social organization. It has been pointed out that the industries which were formerly conducted in the home or in small shops are now carried on in a highly organized form in mills and factories; that the apprentice system which could be employed under the old conditions has entirely disappeared removing the opportunity which previously existed for the learning of trades; that the great majority of boys and girls graduating from the schools will naturally enter the productive industries; that the failure of the school to prepare more directly for these industries has led large numbers of the youth to leave school in order that they might earlier become acquainted with the industries in which they are to earn a livelihood; that modern industry increasingly requires skill and efficiency in its workmen and that the State for its own prosperity, requires a body of citizens trained to carry on successfully the occupations upon which the livelihood of its people depends.

Opinions on these matters have been frequently expressed at educational, grange, labor and trade association meetings and there has been a certain amount of agitation looking to the adoption into the school system of specific measures whose purpose should lie in the direction of promoting industrial efficiency.

The Maine legislature in 1909 passed a resolve authorizing the State Superintendent of Public Schools to conduct an investigation of systems of industrial education in other States and countries and to make a report thereof with recommendations.

In order that the investigation might reflect the widest possible range of opinion a committee was invited to cooperate in making the investigation and the report. This committee, besides the State Superintendent, includes the following:— Francis R. North, Principal of the Portland High School; George E. Fellows, President of the University of Maine; C. S. Stetson, Master of the Maine State Grange; W. E. Sargent, Principal of Hebron Academy; E. M. Blanding, Secretary of the State Board of Trade; Charles O. Beals, President of the Maine Federation of Labor. The members of this committee have served without compensation except for actual expenses.

The committee has held meetings in various sections of the State and has made visits to typical industrial establishments of Maine. The appropriation made for the purpose of this investigation did not warrant visits of the committee to a large number of institutions outside the State.

An effort has been made to interview and secure expressions of judgment and advice from all classes of citizens. To this end the committee besides visiting industries representative of the broad field of manufacturing of Maine, has consulted with overseers, agents and superintendents of these establishments and with workers in them, and has endeavored to secure the opinions of men interested and engaged in agriculture and in mercantile pursuits.

It would be impossible within the range of this report to make extended quotations from the statements made by the persons whom the committee has consulted. An effort is made to reflect with greatest possible accuracy the views expressed as to the needs of the various industries of the State.

In formulating this report very free use has been made of the reports of other investigating committees, notably those of Massachusetts, New Jersey and the American Federation of Labor. Programs of study and laws relating to practically all industrial institutions of this country and to many of those of other countries have been collected and freely consulted. To all these sources it is desired that acknowledgment for material should here be made.

This report does not profess to state exhaustive facts. The purpose is to give to members of the legislature and to citizens

of the State a general survey of industrial educational plans as they have thus far been formulated and to present therewith illustrative instances of schools that have been actually established together with recommendations for the introduction and extension of similar plans in Maine schools.

II. INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

A.—GERMANY.

Germany has Effective System.

Industrial education has been most systematically developed in the European countries, and of these Germany is a conspicuous example, because of the extent, thoroughness and effectiveness which have characterized the establishment of schools to meet the various conditions of industry and to produce the best results.

Industrial Education is Parallel to that of the General School.

The same careful consideration is now given to industrial education that has long been accorded to the schools for general education. In a special consular report, published in 1905 by the United State Bureau of Commerce and Labor, the two systems are thus described: "Joined to the general primary schools are the general industrial continuation schools, the commercial continuation schools and the countless lower trade schools, such as the schools for locksmiths, blacksmiths, butchers, shoemakers, toymakers, millers, gardeners, dyers, bookbinders, printers, textile workers, woodworkers, mechanics, plumbers, druggists, clockmakers, etc., though some schools teaching these trades and callings offer advanced work of a secondary rank. Joined to the general secondary schools are all the "higher" industrial schools, such as the higher textile schools, higher commercial schools, higher engineering schools, and higher institutes of technology. Practical industrial experience is also introduced as an intermediate three years between the six-year realschule (nonclassical) and entry in some industrial high school. Finally, side by side with the universities stand the great industrial high schools, the com-

mercial, agricultural, and technical high schools, the schools of the future. These are the present peers and future rivals of the institutions of ancient classicism in Germany—rivals but obviously not destroyers; rivals, because they will attract a large share of public favor, but not destroyers, because the classics are essentially the indispensable leaven of the highest culture in modern civilization, an integral part of every cultivated people's education."

Berlin a Center of Industrial Art.

Berlin, with its School for Arts and Industrial Art Museums, is the chief center of industrial art in Germany. All classes of trade, technical and art schools are represented in that city.

Six Thousand Apprentices in Munich Trade Schools.

In Munich, with a population of 538,983, there are 48 continuation schools, attended by about 6,000 apprentices. For the untaught youthful workers and for such as have not taken up any trades since leaving the common school, 12 general continuation schools have been established. Manual training or workshop instruction, as well as gymnastics and hygienic instruction, plays an important part. There are also schools for helpers and master workmen. For girls, various opportunities for school continuation are given after the completion of the required common school course. There is a law which requires all girls who do not attend a continuation school to attend the so-called required Sunday School. This school receives girls between the ages of 13 and 16 and, at the present time, offers 3 hours a week for instruction. This has been enlarged into a Woman's Continuation School, which includes domestic science and commercial courses. Each class receives from 6 to 10 hours of instruction weekly. Beside the obligatory courses of instruction, there are also others, such as those devoted to manual training and foreign languages, which are optional.

Forms of Agricultural Education.

The government maintains three grades of agricultural schools,—higher, middle and lower,—and expends something like \$200,000 annually on agricultural education. A special

feature of agricultural teaching in Germany is the traveling professor, who lectures on agricultural and horticultural subjects.

Provision for all Workers under Eighteen.

This industrial system is the outgrowth of the national education laws, which leave the details of school organization and administration to the individual states. The industrial law of June 1, 1891, requires that masters in any branch of industry must set a fixed time for their workers under 18 years of age to attend instruction in some one of the continuation schools recognized by the authorities of the district or the State. The establishment of such schools, the general control and the compelling of attendance is left entirely to State and local authorities. In some instances the towns bear the initial financial burden of the industrial schools, assisted in a good many cases by chambers of commerce and guilds. The central government aids by subsidies, varying from one-half to two-thirds of the total of the maintenance costs. Prussia alone, with a population of 37,293,324, has more than 1,000 industrial continuation schools.

German industrial schools may be classified on the basis of origin as public schools founded by the State, or by a town, guild or association and private schools founded by individuals without the support of direct aid of the State.

Industrial Education has Placed Germany in a Position of Industrial Leadership.

The effect which this systematic plan of industrial education has had is to make Germany, in a comparatively short time, one of the great workshops of the world, and place her in the front rank of manufacturing nations, with but little assistance from nature and in the face of many difficulties. She now does what no other country, though possessing superior advantages or fewer difficulties, can do; she successfully challenges England in nearly all the great branches of industry in which England is or was strongest. Other countries challenge in this or that, or they have special lines of their own. Germany is an all-round competitor and the most formidable we have.

B.—ENGLAND.

No General System.

There is no general system of industrial education in England as in Germany. Local conditions vary to such an extent that it is impossible to give a representative example covering the whole country, or even an extended section of it.

A Definite Trend Towards Establishment of Industrial Education.

The education act of 1902 provided for technical education and during the years 1905 and 1906 there was a marked activity in the establishment of courses pertaining to technical training. Throughout the whole country much attention was paid to the extension of this branch of education. In England, as in some other countries, there has been a trend towards a more definite system of industrial education. Technical education is managed by town or city councils, which are popularly elected; the chief assistance furnished by the government is the making of grants in aid of the work.

Various Opportunities through Extension Courses.

In the higher technical institutions, which receive secondary school graduates and give them two or more years of special education, courses of instruction have been multiplied and the older courses improved. Local educational authorities have arranged correspondence courses of a lower grade to meet the requirements of those who have not had the advantage of a secondary school course. Those educational institutions that are engaged in offering instruction to supplement the routine of the workshop have been improved both in organization and courses, while the necessity for the improvement of such supplementary instruction is being recognized as never before. Two provisions for part-time instruction have gradually increased in the direction of day classes as opposed to the older method of evening courses.

An Attempt to Co-ordinate Various Types of Schools.

A most important phase of the industrial education problem in England is that concerning the systematic arrangement of

the courses of instruction and the proper co-ordination of schools. It is felt that as far as possible students should have the guidance of prescribed courses, and that these courses should be arranged to meet the actual requirements of those who have stopped their general education at well-recognized points in the common school curriculum. In rural areas there are well arranged courses in evening continuation schools, local technical instruction by visiting teachers in agricultural subjects, and central winter courses of from two to eight weeks duration. Departments of agriculture are formed in some of the important universities, and independent colleges and schools are established by the city councils for teaching the science and practice of agriculture.

Evening Schools.

Statistics for the evening schools show a constant growth in the number of students attending the classes. A proportionately great increase in the number of students over twenty-one years of age attending the classes, gives evidence that the advantage of study in evening classes appeals with increasing strength to those who have reached years of discretion and who find the work of the more advanced and specialized classes a definite supplement to the experience of their daily occupation. Attendance upon these evening classes is considerably affected by the adjustment of the courses to local needs, by the influence of the employers and by the methods of instruction. There is a steady increase in the number of preparatory courses for artisan students—one or two years' courses embracing English, work-shop arithmetic and elementary science. The special instruction for girls has not been so fully developed. The classes in dressmaking, millinery and domestic economy are well attended, but the department of instruction in domestic arts is not yet completed.

Elementary Systems Inadequate.

Industrial education in England is said to suffer from the insufficient preparation the students receive in many of the elementary schools previous to entering upon industrial courses. It is stated by one school principal that of 85 boys going out from his school, only 8 entered a skilled industry; 80% be-

came low-grade workers; and, in fact, an astonishing large number were disinclined to enter upon any regular work.

Combination of Shop and School Work.

The half-time system as employed by the English in several cities is reported to be unsatisfactory and efforts are being made to conduct the elementary industrial instruction along other lines, particularly through the system of giving part time instruction to apprentices at the expense of the employer, the school attendance forming part of the week's work of the employee. A pre-apprentice school, as it is called, was opened in Bootle, a large manufacturing town, in September, 1906. This is attended by boys who do not expect to seek a secondary education, but who are likely to become builders or engineers or follow some other special trade. It was first intended for boys from twelve to sixteen years of age, but later it was found desirable to take them at the age of ten years and prepare them for the twelve year old classes. The principal of an important English school states that the English system of education does not systematically provide for students between the ages of fourteen and sixteen. A boy can obtain exemption from school attendance when he has passed the seventh standard, which corresponds to the American eighth grade. During the last two years large firms in the north of England and on the banks of the Thames have begun to send youths in their employ, particularly their best apprentices, between the ages of sixteen and seventeen years to technical schools on one or two evenings in the week.

Liverpool.

The industrial school system of Liverpool comprises a Central Technical School and ten branch technical schools, together with classes at three other schools. Only those students are eligible for admission to the classes of the Central Technical School who produce certificates showing they have passed through the necessary preparatory courses at the branch technical schools, or other satisfactory evidence of fitness to take advantage of the course of instruction. Students must be over fifteen and, in the case of certain preparatory trade classes, over seventeen years of age.

Manchester.

Manchester, the great manufacturing center, has a fine School of Technology, the large running expenses of which are paid by the government, the city and by students' fees. Various systems of school attendance are in operation and many classes of pupils are provided for. There is a lack of enthusiasm for industrial studies in the day school. Day and evening courses are provided. At convenient centers in the city, suitable preparatory courses of instruction are provided, leading up to the more advanced and specialized courses of the evening classes of the School of Technology.

London.

London is the center of industrial training in England. The Imperial College of Technology, which has been authorized by the government to be formed under the control of the corporation and governed by some of its officials, will unify in a most desirable manner the work of the various higher technical schools now existing. There are seven polytechnic schools, to which boys of sixteen to eighteen are admitted after a shortened course in the secondary schools. The provisions for elementary technical education in London assume enormous proportions. Some 8,000 destitute children are provided with instruction in industrial schools. It is stated that the best industrial training is given in the schools of penal or reformatory character. The poor man's chance for education may be briefly summed up thus: free elementary education; fairly cheap secondary education; competitive scholarships for advanced education.

Agricultural Education is Receiving Attention.

Agricultural colleges have been established in both England and Wales to give advanced instruction in agriculture. The government recognizes instruction in the principles of agriculture as instruction in elementary science and, through grants to preliminary and secondary schools and the teachers' colleges, encourages agricultural education as a technical study.

In 1891 funds derived from the local taxation act were given to the county councils by the government to promote

technical education. The Board of Agriculture, which was formed in 1889, also received a portion of this money for the purpose of promoting agricultural education and research. This led to the formation of an agricultural department in various universities and the establishment of colleges and schools by the respective county councils where the science and practice of agriculture could be taught. A large proportion of the councils are in association with either a university or agricultural college which provides a county with itinerant instructors in agriculture. Liberal scholarships are awarded to the students who attend the lectures regularly and show an aptitude for the subject. These scholarships enable a successful student to attend a course of practical farming at one of the colleges, where he receives board, lodging and tuition free. During the year 1906, 1,500 students were taking the college course, 90% of whom were being educated free of charge, having entered these universities, 19 in number, as county scholars. About 32,000 pupils during the same year attended the local courses of instruction provided by the county councils through the medium of its traveling instructors.

Statistics regarding Technical Institutions.

In 1906-7 there were in England and Wales thirty-three recognized technical institutions, with five hundred forty-four teachers and two thousand one hundred and forty-three grant earning pupils; there were also two hundred day technical classes, with nine hundred teachers and seven thousand seven hundred and ninety-three grant earning pupils.

C.—IRELAND.

Agriculture and the Handicrafts on Same Basis.

Industrial education has received careful attention in Ireland. With a population not very much larger than that of Massachusetts, a million dollars is spent annually for this purpose. The Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction has charge of industrial training, thus placing agriculture and the handicrafts on the same plane. An elaborate scheme has been prepared for the technical training of all classes which desire to pursue some special trade and schools appropriate

to their needs have been established. The larger cities have founded technical institutes on a most elaborate scale, in which various trades and academic courses are offered. There are 800 boys attending the Dublin Industrial School. They have been sent there by the courts, not for criminal offenses, but on account of the inability or indisposition of the parents properly to support them.

Classification of Industrial Schools.

The technical instruction in Ireland falls under the following headings:

- (a) Drawing and manual instruction in primary schools.
- (b) Experimental science, drawing, manual instruction and domestic economy in the day secondary schools.
- (c) Technical instruction under local authorities.
- (d) Training of teachers for technical schools.
- (e) Development of central technical institutions.
- (f) Student assistance. (Scholarships.)

Education for Those Already Employed.

In the field of industrial education the main work of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction is to provide proper instruction for those who have finished with the elementary or intermediate schools, and who are already engaged in some employment or are obtaining advanced education in some higher institution. This department co-operates with the Intermediate Education Board, the latter having charge of the secondary instruction as a whole. In the secondary schools there were, in 1900, but 6 laboratories. The organization of a system of instruction in experimental science, drawing, manual instruction and domestic economy in day secondary schools has developed and extended year by year, so that in 1906 there were 267 schools and 10,866 pupils following the department's program in these branches, thereby receiving grants of nearly \$110,000.

Mode of Support.

Funds for technical education are obtained from the department endowment fund, together with local appropriations from taxes and fees, and from grants voted by Parliament.

The technical instruction is a continuation of the primary or secondary day schools, and has two objects, general education and the training required to prepare for or supplement the work of the trade or calling. There has been a steady increase in the number of technical schools since 1901, until at the present time there are few places of sufficient size to maintain a technical school that do not do so.

Apportionment of Funds.

Instruction in agriculture has been divided into the following sections: agricultural instruction; improvement of live stock; special investigations. The department contributes in the congested counties three-fifths and in the other counties five-ninths of the expenditures.

Under the rules of the commissioners of national education, agriculture is a compulsory subject for boys of the fourth and higher classes in all rural schools and is optional for girls.

Agriculture Compulsory in Rural Schools.

Even in town schools, the subject may be taught to boys and girls. In 1898, there were 47 national schools having farms attached, varying in area from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 48 acres in which instruction was given not only in theory but in the art of practical agriculture. There were 42 national schools, having gardens attached, usually less than one acre in extent, in which instruction was given in cottage gardening, poultry management and allied subjects.

D.—SCOTLAND.

There are several large institutions in Scotland, devoted to industrial education.

Glasgow.

In Glasgow, one of the technical colleges has an attendance of 6,000 students, three-fourths of whom are evening pupils. About 70% of the day students and 80% of the evening students are over twenty years of age. The day students come from all parts of the British Islands and the Colonies, while practically all the important industries within twenty-five miles of Glasgow are represented in the evening classes. There are also summer courses in some of the colleges.

Edinburgh.

In Edinburgh there is a museum in which there is a remarkable collection of mechanical models, which are so arranged that they may be put in motion, showing the workings of the different parts.

Interest in Agriculture.

In the public schools of Scotland, agricultural science is arranged for as an optional study from the third to the sixth grade, inclusive. In 1895-6, 4,148 pupils passed examinations in the subject, and the cost of this to the government was over \$200,000. In 1896 and 1897, of the pupils in the evening continuation schools, where instruction is given to those who have finished the work in the primary schools, 1,089 persons passed the examination in agriculture and 115 others in horticulture.

E.—FRANCE.

Industrial Education Recognized in France for a Quarter Century.

For the past twenty-five years the general government of France has taken an active interest in industrial education and in 1900 nearly 300 schools were receiving aid from the government. The power of control is vested in the Department of Commerce and Industry, and a few special schools are under the control of other departments. Besides the well developed and comprehensive system of trade and technical schools under government control, there are separate schools maintained by departments and municipalities and numerous so-called private schools, which are maintained by private individuals or private or semi-private organizations.

Aims to Produce Trained Workers.

In general, the schools carried on under government auspices furnish a broad, fundamental training in scientific and technical work, which prepares the pupil to specialize later; and enough practical shop work is given to develop such manual skill in the pupil that he can enter at once upon the practical work of some handicraft after leaving school, not as a

master workman, nor even a fullfledged journeyman, but as an advanced apprentice. The general government assists the local schools which have been established in response to special community needs.

Industrial Schools under Separate Administration.

Up to 1892 the schools operated by government subsidies were regarded as a part of the general educational system of France; but in that year the advanced primary schools which were making a special feature of industrial and commercial work were placed under the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, and it was also authorized not only to transform some existing higher schools into schools of commerce and industry but to establish new schools of this character and grade. Thus was established the present system of primary and higher technical schools for industry and commerce, in which the organization and supervision of the schools are carried out under the special department to which the subjects belong, rather than by the department having charge of general education.

The various technical schools may be classified as follows:

- (a) Industrial drawing schools, in which the drawing for special local industries is taught, generally in evening courses.
- (b) Trade and technical continuation schools and courses, chiefly for apprentices and workmen. These are largely evening classes.
- (c) General industrial schools, giving theoretical and practical industrial instruction, but not specializing.
- (d) Special trade schools for individual trades, combining theory and shop work.
- (e) Trade schools for special trades.
- (f) Practical schools of commerce and industry.
- (g) Schools of decorative and industrial art.
- (h) Schools for advanced industrial education, which includes both industrial and agricultural work.
- (i) The national schools of arts and trades.

A summary of the official agricultural instruction is given in the report of a special agent employed by the Massachusetts Commission:

- (a) The National Agronomic Institute.
- (b) The National Schools.
- (c) The Practical Schools.
- (d) The Farm Schools.
- (e) The Rural Primary Schools.
- (f) The Departmental Professors.
- (g) The Special Professors.
- (h) The Agronomic Stations.
- (i) The Agricultural Laboratories.

F.—SWITZERLAND.

At the present time there are nearly 250 industrial schools of various classes in Switzerland. The cost of the support of these schools is upwards of half a million dollars a year.

Classification of Industrial Educational Institutions.

The various classes of industrial schools at present are:

- (a) Industrial museums, in which collections of materials, fruits and products are exhibited.
- (b) Industrial drawing schools, in most cases in the smaller towns. There is a law requiring a drawing school in each commune of the canton.
- (c) Industrial continuation schools. These form the largest class and include industrial continuation schools for young men and young women, the handicraft school and trade courses. At first instruction was given mainly in the evening and on Sundays, but later there were part time day courses.
- (d) Housekeeping and domestic science schools, offering special training in these branches.
- (e) Trade schools and apprentice shops. These are for the purpose of teaching the trades thoroughly and to give a higher training to ambitious workers in the trade.
- (f) Industrial art schools. These are for the purpose of training industrial workers and designers to improve the art side of their craft.
- (g) The secondary technical schools. These occupy an intermediate position between the ordinary trade schools and the higher technical schools.

- (h) Higher technical schools. These are few in number and of university grade.

The apprenticeship system has received careful attention in Switzerland, the laws being full and explicit.

Industrial Education Required for Two Years.

In Geneva, the industrial school system fits on to the close of the primary school course which pupils finish at the age of thirteen years. There still being two more years of required school attendance, at the close of the primary school course the pupil must enter one of the following:

- (a) A supplementary school, in which general subjects are taught, and in which the instruction is at the same time both practical and professional.
- (b) A professional school, for both boys and girls, or
- (c) A secondary rural school, the two latter pertaining more particularly to industrial education.

Advanced Courses are Provided.

The professional schools include the Boys' Professional School and the Girls' Professional and Housekeeping School. A certificate from the Boys' Professional School admits the pupil to the School of Mechanics, the Technicum, occupying a position halfway between the apprentice schools and the polytechnic schools; the School of Industrial Arts; the School of Watchmaking; the School of Fine Arts; the Commercial School; or various departments of the Gymnasium.

School of Horology.

There is a School of Horology in Geneva, where all branches of watchmaking are taught. This was founded by the Association of Arts and Crafts in 1824. There are only four vacation weeks in the year. Tuition is \$1.00 a month for Swiss pupils and \$5.00 for foreign pupils. This school also includes a class for girls.

Compulsory Provisions for Education of Apprentices.

A law was passed in 1906, compelling every employer, hiring those who seek a trade, or accepting boys or girls as ap-

prentices, to allow them to attend during the day, at least four hours weekly, such schools as will advance or assist them in their chosen profession. A Saturday half-holiday was granted by the federal government of 1905. Some employers try to make good this loss by deducting the wages for the hours omitted and only when trade union organizations are strong are they liable to be prevented from doing this.

Meagre Attention to Agricultural Education.

No work in agriculture is done in the primary schools of Switzerland. There is, however, a class of secondary rural schools to which pupils go after completing the work of the primary school and where attention is given to the teaching of agriculture. For the girls, there is a course in domestic science and allied subjects.

G.—BELGIUM.

Remarkable Development Shown.

There are about 600 industrial and technical schools of higher or lower grade in Belgium with over 3,000 teachers. For so small a country, this is a remarkable showing. It is also to be noted that more than half of the total number of schools are for girls, indicating that the Belgian young women are offered better facilities in this direction than those of any other country. To the Belgians belong the honor of having taken the initiative in practical organization of instruction in domestic science. The institution of schools of housekeeping was recommended by the Labor Commission in 1886 as an important means of bettering conditions of living for workingmen. The first schools of the kind were established in 1889.

Method of Administration.

In administration, these schools resemble the English schools, although patterned after those of Germany. The government has adopted the method of subsidizing local schools, and such supervision as this implies. Some are of independent origin, while some have been founded by the communes and others by the provinces. A rigid government inspection is given to all. The Department of Industry and Labor has control of

this branch of education, a corps of qualified inspectors being maintained for this purpose. The government grants are in proportion to the practical value of the school. For the general industrial schools, an appropriation is made of one-third of the total expense of the school in excess of the payment for rent and receipts from tuition. Trade schools proper receive from the government two-fifths of the expense of maintenance and also one-half the cost of equipment with appliances for instruction. Tuition is free in some cases, in others a small entrance fee is charged, while in some there is a tuition fee. While the plan of organization and program of all the schools must be approved by the government the detailed practical administration is in the hands of a local commission, some members of which are appointed by the government and province. Schools are established to meet the special wants of different localities. There are trade schools in which some manual training and housekeeping are taught. Advanced trade courses are given to those graduates of the trade schools who wish to become forewomen.

Continuation Schools are Numerous.

There is a greater variety of schools for boys and men than for girls and women. Industrial continuation schools are numerous, in which the theory of technical subjects is taught, but manual training in trade work is not given. The object of these schools is to assist men already in the trades regarding the theory of their respective trades and to make them more intelligent workmen. Fourteen years is the minimum age and instruction is usually given in the evening and on Sundays. The course covers a period of from three to five years. Girls are admitted into some of these schools. The government subsidy amounts to one-third the expense, less rent and tuition.

Practical Results Aimed For.

The purpose of the trade school is to teach boys the practical work of trades. In some schools the pupils are instructed in shop work, theory and general subjects during the whole day; in other schools, part time courses are given at varying hours during the day; in still others, night and Sunday

instruction is given. The government subsidy amounts to two-fifths of the expenses, less the rent and tuition. There are also trade schools for machinery of precision and carpentry. Higher trade schools are maintained in Belgium and receive government support. These are devoted to engineering, textile industries and brewing. A few Brotherhood schools, giving trade instruction, are also maintained and receive government aid. The instruction is mainly in the evenings and on Sundays.

Evening School Work Given Emphasis.

In Brussels, the industrial school work is largely confined to evenings. Pupils whose parents are very poor are provided for in some way by the city. There is a wide range in the art, industrial and trade instruction. An industrial school for young girls is particularly worthy of note. This school has been in existence since 1873 and teaches, besides various industries, domestic science and commercial studies. Schools for the training of servants are said to be numerous and successful in their results.

Agricultural Teaching is Obligatory.

The teachings of agriculture has been obligatory in rural schools in Belgium for the last fifteen years. For the town schools a program in Notions of Natural Science has been drawn up to correspond to the agricultural teaching in the country, but is not obligatory. As a rule, however, most city schools have the subject in their course, the number of boys' schools that teach neither science nor agriculture being small. There are three secondary schools of agriculture, one being devoted entirely to agriculture and the other two giving instruction in both agriculture and horticulture. There are about twenty private schools, where secondary instruction in agriculture and horticulture is provided, organized with reference to instruction in these lines in return for small subsidies. Provision is also made by the government for short courses in agriculture in public and private secondary schools for general education. A school for theoretical and practical instruction of young women in agriculture, including dairying, kitchen gar-

dening and domestic economy, has been established in each of the provinces of Belgium.

H.—HOLLAND.

Government Aid First Given in 1892.

The first trade school in this country was established in Amsterdam in 1861, by the Association for the Working Classes, composed of manufacturers. Later, some of the cities took up the matter. In 1892, the national government allowed subsidies to the schools, and at once a marked improvement was effected, both in the courses of instruction and in the character of the teaching.

Inspector Makes the Work More Effective.

A great impetus to industrial education in Holland was given in 1899 by the appointment of an inspector of secondary instruction whose principal duties related to the trade instruction of girls and boys. The effective work of this official resulted in great progress being made and a number of institutions were established throughout the country, into which those who desired to learn a trade were received. The national government gave great assistance to the promotion of industrial education and in return received the co-operation of province, municipality and many private associations and individuals.

Combination of Shop and School Work.

In the province of Drenthe a system is followed, differing somewhat from that in use elsewhere. Here pupils are entrusted to employers and foremen for the practical work in the shop, while the schools give instruction in drawing and review work. This system also receives the support of the national government.

Trade and evening schools, also industrial cooking and domestic science are being established in many places.

A new branch of trade instruction which is worthy of attention has of late been added in Holland. It is the instruction given in some of the more difficult details of their trades to

employers already established and to workmen who are on the point of becoming such.

The Association for the Working Classes has six regular industrial schools in operation in Amsterdam, besides other more or less temporary drawing schools, two of which were established in 1906. Some are day and some evening schools.

A State of Transition.

The system of industrial education in Holland is in a state of transition. Encouragement has been given that the national government will give more assistance in the future in the extension of trade schools.

No success has resulted from attempts to introduce agricultural teaching in the primary schools. In 1897, \$350,000 was expended on its agricultural department, most of which was used in maintaining advanced schools.

I.—DENMARK.

Denmark Leads Europe in Agricultural Instruction.

Denmark has accomplished more than any other European country for agricultural instruction. The schools have been of the type which would admit candidates of very modest academic achievements and give them vocational instruction in short courses. There are seventeen elementary agricultural schools all supported in part by the government. There are also twenty-five educational institutions devoted to instruction in agriculture and three stations are being carried on. It is stated that in these schools the number of young farmers who have received instruction considerably exceeds 10,000. This country has had illustration farms and agricultural schools for over thirty years.

III. INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION IN AMERICA

In this chapter there are presented descriptions of the various types of industrial education that have been developed in America.

A.—THE MACDONALD MOVEMENT FOR RURAL EDUCATION IN CANADA.

For the Betterment of Country Schools.

Sir William C. Macdonald of Montreal has for some years taken a most active interest in the development of the rural portions of Canada and to that end has from time to time provided funds for the establishment of manual training courses in the public schools, the introduction of the school garden plan, the consolidation of rural schools, the inauguration of seed grain competitions, and in various ways endeavored to adapt the educational courses to the needs of the people. These different methods finally assumed definite form in the gift by the same generous benefactor of two and a half million dollars for the founding, erecting and equipping of Macdonald College, situated in Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec, and also an additional sum for the establishment of the Macdonald Institute connected with the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph, Canada. Macdonald College is incorporated with McGill University of Montreal. In addition to the amount already quoted, Sir William C. Macdonald has endowed the College with the sum of two million dollars.

Macdonald College.

The purpose of Macdonald College, as its catalogue states, is "for the advancement of education; for the carrying on of research work and investigation and the dissemination of knowledge; all with particular regard to the interests and needs of the population in the rural districts." Its affairs are managed by the Macdonald College Committee. The Teachers' School is under the direction of the Teachers' Training Committee.

The departments include a School of Agriculture, a School for Teachers and a School of Household Science.

Courses are offered as follows:

1. The School of Agriculture.

- (a) Short courses of two weeks each. This includes subjects regarding:

Live Stock

Cereal Husbandry

Horticulture

Poultry

- (b) A two-year course leading to a diploma. The subjects are:

Animal Husbandry
 Field and Cereal Husbandry
 Horticulture
 Poultry Husbandry
 Home Dairying

- (c) A four-years' course leading to a Bachelor's Degree. This includes:

Continuation of the two-years' course for the purpose of affording opportunity for more advanced knowledge of rural economy and more thorough and exact acquaintance with the natural sciences and their applications to the conditions, processes and organizations of rural life.

2. The School for Teachers.

This is in lieu of the McGill Normal School in Montreal. The students are graded as follows:

- (a) Elementary Class
 (b) Kindergarten Class
 (c) Model School Class

3. The School of Household Science.

The object of this department is to fit girls for the duties of the home-maker. The courses are:

- (a) One-year Home-makers' course, leading to a certificate.
 (b) Two-year Home-makers' course, leading to a diploma. (This diploma does not qualify for teaching.)
 (c) A course in simple cookery and needlework lessons is arranged for the School of Teachers. This course is given with a view to helping teachers create an interest in Household Science among their pupils.
 (d) A short course of three months' duration. This course provides training in practical work in all branches connected with the home.

A list of the subjects designed for the one-year course will show the scope of this school:

Bacteriology	Hygiene
Chemistry	Laundry
Cookery	Manual Training
Dairying	Millinery
English	Needlework
Home Nursing	Physical Culture
Horticulture	Physics
Household Art	Physiology
Household Management	Poultry

Entrance requirements, among other things, include that all must have entered upon their 18th year. For the School of Agriculture, candidates must produce evidence of having worked for a season on a farm in Canada. In this School, tuition is free to residents of Canada. For others, \$50 for the session. School for Teachers, tuition is free to residents of Canada. School of Household Science, the fee for first and second year students is \$25 for the session. Fee for students in the short courses is \$15 a term. Apprentice-students are able to earn free board and room for the time given to the College in apprentice labor.

The foregoing description of the work and courses of Macdonald College applies, with various modifications, to similar courses in the state colleges and universities of the American states.

B.—THE BARON DE HIRSCH SCHOOL (Philanthropic).

There have been established by private bequests or philanthropy various trade schools in different American cities. While these schools have not depended for their support upon municipal or state appropriation, they have rendered a distinct service to the cause of industrial education and they have been influential in developing a popular demand for publicly supported institutions of a similar kind.

While these schools are so numerous that it is inexpedient to describe them individually, the Baron de Hirsch school is mentioned here as representative of this class of private trade schools.

Baron de Hirsch School.

The Baron de Hirsch Trade School, located in New York City, is an industrial school for Jewish young men. It has been in existence twenty-three years and is supported by the Baron de Hirsch fund, no tuition being charged.

Courses Offered.

Courses of instruction are given during the day in the following subjects: machinists' work; carpentry; electrical work; plumbing; sign painting; house painting; and fresco painting. Courses in mechanical drawing and mathematics are given with the trade. Applicants must be in good physical condition and at least sixteen years of age, able to speak, read and write English, and to show to the school authorities that they have some means of support while attending the school, since only free instruction is furnished by the school. There is a probation of fourteen working days for all pupils who are accepted by the school and it is necessary for the pupil to show his earnestness and aptitude during this time, in order to become enrolled as a regular student.

Aim is To Give Practical Knowledge of Trades.

The course covers a period of five and one-half months. Instruction is given all days of the week except Friday and Saturday, from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M., with an intermission of half an hour at noon, but on Friday afternoon the school closes an hour earlier than usual. There are two classes each year, one beginning in the first part of February and the other the middle of August. The aim of the instruction is to give the pupil such a practical knowledge of the trade that he may readily secure employment as a helper and also to make him sufficiently familiar with the principles of the subject to enable him to advance as rapidly as his experience will permit to the position of journeyman. Each pupil who satisfactorily completes the course of the school is given a certificate and a kit of tools, so that he is prepared to start promptly upon the practice of his trade.

A Few Statistics.

The following statistics are given, showing the practical re-

sults of this training: For the class which graduated at the end of January 1907, there were 702 applicants for admission; of these 189 were admitted on trial and 59 were placed on the waiting list of the next class. About 125 pupils of this number were graduated. In all, there have been over 2,700 students admitted to the school on trial, and over 2,000 regularly enrolled. The number of graduates is something more than 1600. The pupils of the school show efficiency as helpers and many of them are quickly advanced to positions as journeymen. Calculations have shown that whereas \$5.39 a week is the average pay for young men in New York when they enter an occupation without previous training, the five and a half months' instruction in this school enables them to receive on an average \$7.54 a week. There is such a demand for skilled helpers in the various trades that there is no difficulty in finding immediate employment for the graduates of this school, at wages ranging from \$5.00 to \$15.00 a week.

Trade schools similar to the Baron de Hirsch School, for both boys and girls, are supported by private philanthropy in the larger cities of the country. These schools necessarily serve a limited number of students.

C.—INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION FOR THE NEGRO.

(Hampton-Tuskegee.)

Two of the most noted schools in the United States, offering academic, industrial and agricultural education to members of the negro race are Hampton Institute, established in 1868 at Hampton, Virginia, and Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute, in 1881, at Tuskegee, Alabama. Hampton Institute also receives Indian pupils.

Booker T. Washington, a graduate of the former, under whose direction the latter was established, writes in a recent magazine article: "When the history of industrial education in this country comes to be written, it will be found that, directly and indirectly, the negro has had an important part, not only in defining its aims and shaping its methods, but in advertising its importance to the world. The first industrial school of any importance in the United States was Hampton Institute, a school founded for negroes at Hampton, Virginia."

Hampton Institute.

Hampton Institute contains about 180 acres, on which some 60 buildings are now standing in which the work of the school is conducted. There is also a farm about five miles distant, where 700 acres of land are at the disposal of the school, 400 acres being now under cultivation.

The Institute was first opened under the auspices of the American Missionary Association and became a charter school in 1870.

For admission to the academic department of the school, the candidate must be at least 17 years of age, and must pass an examination covering arithmetic, English and geography, as much as is taught in the common schools. Tuition is \$100 a year, payable part by work, cash payment, or as a whole or in part from scholarships which have been contributed by benevolent persons or societies. Such general provision has been made that no worthy scholar need be kept out of Hampton Institute by reason of his inability to pay the tuition charge.

The courses are :

- (a) An academic course, consisting of a day and night school. This covers a period of four years. Day pupils attend school four or five days in the week, and work for wages one or two days. Those who attend the night school must be either trade or work students.
- (b) A course in agriculture. This comprises three years of instruction, only short vacations being allowed.
- (c) Trade courses in thirteen of the more common trades. This covers a period of three years. In connection with all the trades regular trade business is carried on, thus giving an opportunity for the pupils to learn the business side as well as the mechanical side of the trade, and also earn something.
- (d) Graduate courses in eight different branches, including agriculture, business, domestic art, library methods, matrons' course and public school teaching.
- (e) Summer School.

Pupils in the school are given opportunities for earning money which is deposited as a credit balance towards their education in the housekeeping department of the Huntington

Industrial Works and in the sewing and finishing department. In the housekeeping department the young men and young women find employment in the household departments and offices. The young men are employed as laborers, orderlies, janitors and cooks and helpers in the kitchen. The young women are employed as waitresses, laundresses, menders and room caretakers. Twenty-five men find employment in the carpentry shop and seven in the joinery shop. Over one thousand pupils attend the Institute. Girls take the four years' academic course and at the same time receive thorough training in cooking, sewing and dairying. It is the opinion of the school authorities that the problem of educating the girl students is more nearly solved than that of educating the boys. The United States Department of Agriculture co-operates with Hampton Institute in extending the school work in agriculture throughout the neighboring region.

Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute.

In the year 1881, the Tuskegee Institute, established through the efforts of citizens of Tuskegee, Alabama, and under the direction of Booker T. Washington, for the moral, literary and industrial education of the negro, was located in an old church and shanty. There were thirty pupils and one teacher. That year the State of Alabama made an appropriation of \$2,000. This amount was later increased. At the present time, the school property consists of about 80 buildings, many of which were built by the students; 2,300 acres of land, a portion being cultivated in connection with the instruction; 1,000 head of live stock, besides 86 wagons, carriages and vehicles of various kinds. With the government grants made in 1899, the endowment fund of the institution is about \$1,317,976. The total value of property, equipment and endowment is about \$2,167,976. There are 1500 students and 150 teachers.

In 1892, the institution was incorporated under the name of Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute.

Mr. Washington believes that the greatest possible good to his race is the education of the youth in practical lines. He teaches them trades and does not believe they should choose a profession unless they show special aptitude for such work.

A requirement for admission is that candidates must be able to read, write and understand addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. In the day school they must be fourteen years of age, of good physique, and able to pass an examination. The day school is for those who are able to pay all or the greater part of their expenses in cash. They attend school in the day time for three days each week and are required to work each alternate week day at some trade or industry. Requirements for entering the night school are the same as for admission to the day school, except that the examination is less difficult, and applicants must be sixteen years of age and physically able to perform an adult's labor. It is designed for young men and women who desire to educate themselves, but who are too poor to pay even the small charge made in the day school.

It is estimated that if a pupil is provided with a good outfit of clothing, his expenses for a term of nine months in the day school will amount to about \$50. Night school students are allowed to work a part of their board.

The academic courses embrace seven years' work, and every pupil of the institute is enrolled in these courses. There are two divisions. The first three years constitute the normal courses. The pupils receive an education such as is given in the best high schools of the country, in addition to special preparation for some of the more widely useful trades.

In the department of Mechanical Industries the course of study aims to teach the dignity of labor, to give thorough instruction in the trades, and to supply the demand for trained industrial leaders.

The following trades are taught:

Architectural and Mechanical Drawing	Tailoring
Blacksmithing	Founding
Brickmaking	Harness Making
Carpentry	Carriage Trimming
Canning	Machinery
Electrical Engineering	Painting
Shoemaking	Printing
Tinsmithing	Saw Milling
Wheelwrighting	Steam Engineering
Greenhouse Work	Landscape Gardening

In this department, provision is made for the training of girls in different branches. The subjects taught are:

Plain Sewing	Soap Making
Dressmaking	Domestic Training
Ladies' Tailoring	Mattress Making
Millinery	Basketry
Cooking	Broom Making
Laundering	Baking

There is also a hospital and training school for nurses.

The department of agriculture is an important part of the Institute. It includes all branches, 1,000 acres of the land owned by the school being devoted to raising farm products. Special attention is devoted to stock raising, including high-grade dairy and beef cattle, mules, horses and hogs. Instruction for the girls in this department comprises work in dairying, poultry raising, horticulture and floriculture.

D.—TRADE SCHOOLS SUPPORTED BY CORPORATIONS. (General Electric Company.)

Among the significant developments of industrial education in America have been the schools and courses established by large business corporations for the further training of their employees. The following is a description of the plan followed by the General Electric Company.

Training Rooms a Feature.

The significant feature in the General Electric Company's system is the practical training of apprentices in large "training rooms." The boys are in these rooms for two years, after which they are placed in different departments of the factory. This is considered the great point of advantage in the General Electric Works.

Academic Courses Included.

Educational courses are provided by the company in academic branches which will assist the apprentices to obtain a better understanding of machines and machine parts, and will make them acquainted with the problems and calculations connected with the reading and comprehension of mechanical drawings,

and with the sketching and designing of auxiliary tools needed in modern manufacture. The school sessions are held during the working hours, and the apprentices are paid the same wages during these hours which they would receive if they were working in the shops.

Two Departments of School.

The apprenticeship school is divided into two departments, a machinery department and a pattern department. In the machinery department about ten thousand square feet of floor space is devoted to the use of the school. There are in this department between three hundred and four hundred operatives in training. The instruction is systematic and the course is four years. As soon as an apprentice masters a machine he is ready to instruct a new boy to take his place. He remains at the machine until the new boy is able to operate it, when he advances to another machine. Thus each apprentice as he masters a machine teaches his successor. The school is turning out now two graduates per week, and this number is expected to be increased in the near future to three or four.

Paid While Learning.

The apprentices are paid at the rate of 9 cents per hour for the first year, 12 cents for the second year, 14 cents for the third year and 16½ cents the fourth year. After the fourth year they are regarded as craftsmen, or skilled mechanics. Most of the graduates stay with the company after finishing their course. Some stray, but as a rule the boys prefer to remain in the service of the company.

School is Self-Supporting.

From an economic point of view the school is virtually self-sustaining, as there is enough work that can be done by the apprentices to pay for the instruction.

A feature which belongs to the General Electric Company alone, so far as ascertained, consists in examinations in the school work, which are held frequently during the year, with a final examination at the end of the course to determine to some extent the standing of each apprentice and the wages

which the company considers commensurate with his value as a journeyman.

The New York Central and other railroads have organized courses of instruction for their employees. A number of large department stores conduct classes in salesmanship.

E.—TEXTILE SCHOOLS AIDED BY THE STATE. (Lowell.)

Located in the three largest textile centers of Massachusetts are textile schools, established under the laws of that Commonwealth, which provide that any city having in operation 450,000 or more spindles can, by complying with specified requirements, establish textile schools for instruction in the theory and practical art of textile and kindred branches of industry. The law provides that a corporation may be formed for this purpose; that a city may appropriate a sum of money not to exceed \$25,000, and whenever the trustees or members of any such corporation shall pay into its treasury for the purpose of establishment and maintenance of such school any sum of money, there shall be appropriated and paid to such corporation through the treasury of the Commonwealth, a sum of money equal to the total amount thus appropriated and paid, but in no case to exceed \$25,000.

Lowell Textile School.

The Lowell Textile School, Lowell, Massachusetts, was the first of these schools to be established, being opened for instruction February 1, 1897. Its establishment was brought about on account of the rapid development of the manufacture of the coarser fabrics in the Southern States, a crisis having arrived in the leading industry of New England which could only be met by wider and more thorough application of the sciences and arts for the production of finer and more varied fabrics.

The school began with limited equipment, instruction staff and means. Instruction was at first by mill or trade school methods—the pupil was brought directly to the machine, its parts explained, and its operation in manufacturing. The curriculum was, however, rapidly extended, department after department opened and equipped, and commodious and well adapted buildings provided for a permanent home. The mechan-

ical equipment includes the best makes of textile machinery. It is possible to convert the raw stock into the finished fabric within the school.

Growth Constant.

The growth of the school has been constant, as is evident from the fact that when it was opened February 1, 1897, there were 32 day and 110 evening pupils. January 1, 1909, the roster showed 173 day pupils, and 505 evening pupils, or 678 in all.

Courses.

The day courses cover a period of three years, at the satisfactory completion of which the regular diploma of the school is awarded. The five regular diploma courses are:

- (a) Cotton Manufacturing
- (b) Wool Manufacturing
- (c) Textile Designing
- (d) Chemistry and Dyeing
- (e) Textile Engineering

Fees.

The fee for the day courses is \$100 a year for residents of Massachusetts, with the exception of the Chemistry and Dyeing course, for which the fee is \$125 for second and third year students; for first year, \$112.50. For non-residents, the fee for all courses is \$150 a year. Fee for students from foreign countries is \$300 a year.

Evening Classes.

The evening classes are intended for those engaged during the day in mills and workshops, to enable them to perfect their knowledge of the branches in which they work, to acquire knowledge of other processes than those in which they are regularly engaged, and to complete in the course of several winters a thorough technical education without interfering with their daily duties. The courses offered are similar to those of the day school but less time is devoted to the machine or laboratory work. All evening courses are free to residents of Lowell. All applicants must present satisfactory credentials showing that they are graduates of a grammar school or school of

higher standing, or they must pass entrance examinations in arithmetic and English. A fee of \$50 a year, for all except residents of Lowell, is charged.

Woman's Department.

There is a woman's department where decorative art and textile design is taught.

Schools in New Bedford and Fall River.

Other textile schools have been opened in New Bedford and Fall River. The courses of these institutions are similar to those of the Lowell School.

Evening Courses: The following list of evening courses is offered in the New Bedford school. Similar courses are likewise offered at Lowell and Fall River.

Picking, Carding and Combing, two years, two evenings a week.

Mule Spinning, one year, two evenings a week.

Ring Spinning and Twisting, one year, two evenings a week.

Cotton Sampling, one term, two evenings a week.

Spooling, Warping and Slashing, one term, two evenings a week.

Plain Weaving and Fixing, one year, two evenings a week.

Fancy Weaving and Fixing, one year, two evenings a week.

Loom Fixers, Special, one year, one evening a week.

Weaving and Fixing (French Class), one year, two evenings a week.

Weaving and Fixing (Portuguese Class), one year, two evenings a week.

Designing, two years, three evenings a week.

Mill Figures, one year, two evenings a week.

Chemistry, two years, two evenings a week.

Dyeing, two years, two evenings a week.

Knitting, two years, two evenings a week.

Mechanics and Drawing, two years, two evenings a week.

F.—SCHOOLS OF DIVERSIFIED TRADES (Milwaukee).

The following description of the Milwaukee School of Trades is for the most part quoted directly from the catalog of the

school. This institution is typical of such schools and the description offered applies, with some modifications, to other schools already established.

"The Milwaukee School of Trades is maintained for the purpose of instructing young men in the practice and fundamental principles of the manufacturing and building trades. The school does not claim to turn out journeymen mechanics. Its aim is to instruct its students thoroughly, in as short a time as possible, in all the fundamental principles and in the practice of the trade in question, so that they may upon graduation possess ability and confidence and be of immediate practical value to their employers and receive a fair remuneration at once. Students who complete their course and receive their diploma should be at least on a par with the apprentice who has served four years under actual manufacturing conditions. Speed and efficiency as journeymen should very soon follow.

"The school is under the immediate supervision of an Advisory Committee of the Board of School Directors, as provided in the legislative Act. This committee is called 'The Committee on Trade Schools.' The school is maintained by the assessment of a special tax, not exceeding one-half mill, for the purpose of Industrial Education.

"The trades offered are pattern making, machinist and tool making, carpentry and wood working, plumbing and gas fitting.

"The length of the course in each trade consists of two years of fifty-two weeks per year and forty-four hours per week, with the exception of the plumbing trade which requires but one-half of the above time. School closes for legal holidays only. It is the aim of the school to place the student in conditions as nearly as possible like those he will meet in actual practice.

"The course of instruction in each trade includes the following five branches:

- I. Shop Practice and Trade Lectures.
 - Mechanical Drawing
 - Isometric
 - Working Drawings
 - Problems in Design
 - Architectural

2. Drawing
 - Freehand Working Drawing
3. Workshop Mathematics.
 - Shop Arithmetic
 - Shop Algebra
 - Shop Geometry
 - Shop Trigonometry
4. Shop Inspection Trips.
 - In connection with each trip a carefully written report must be submitted.
5. Practical talks and lectures on subjects connected with each trade and topics fundamental to all trades.

"Approximately one-fourth of the student's time during his course is devoted to academic instruction incidental to his trade and vitally essential to the first-class artisan whom the world needs and the school is endeavoring to develop; the remaining three-fourths is spent in actual shop practice.

"A special feature of all the class room work consists in adapting it as nearly as possible to the special requirements of the various trades. For instance a different class of instruction is given in mechanical drawing and workshop mathematics for each trade.

"It is not the purpose of the school that its graduates shall be merely skilled artisans; it is intended that they shall be not only trained and efficient, but intelligent workmen, desirous of making the most out of themselves in their chosen vocation from its every point of view.

"All work is done from drawings and no problem either in classroom or shop, that does not have a practical application, is given to a pupil. Theory and practice are closely related all through each apprenticeship. Habits of punctuality are encouraged and the value of the possession of a good trade impressed upon the students.

"The night classes are planned principally to supplement the experience of apprentices and workmen who are employed during the day at the trade in which they desire advancement under night instruction. The total day instruction of the two-year courses requires four thousand four hundred and sixty-four hours. The total night instruction of one term of thirty-one weeks at eight hours per week amounts to two hundred

forty-eight hours. Thus it is evident that none but students of exceptional ability and determination could expect to serve the entire school apprenticeship in night classes only. The school does not advise students to attempt to learn a trade by this means.

"In order to qualify for admission, students must be sixteen years of age and be able to read and write in English and perform the fundamental operations of arithmetic. Eighth grade graduates are admitted without examination and are given preference over applicants who have not had such preparation.

"The cost of maintaining this school is approximately two hundred twenty-five dollars per year for each pupil."

The following detailed outline of one of the courses offered in the Milwaukee School is given here for purpose of illustrating the general scope of work:

"OUTLINE OF MACHINIST AND TOOL MAKING TRADE.

Instruction is given in the use and care of the different machine tools and in the manipulation of tools for precision measurements.

The following work is then taken up:

Lathe Work

Plain cylindrical turning and boring.

Taper turning and boring.

Thread cutting of all standard threads.

Chucking and face plate work.

Boring with boring bar.

Mandrel work.

Use of steady rest, cat heads and follower rest.

Running, shrinking and pressing fits.

Drilling and Boring.

Guiding drills.

Drilling within desired circle.

Countersinking and counterboring.

Laying out work.

Methods of clamping work on drill press table.

Special uses of drill press.

Planer Work.

Plain surfaces at varying angles.

Methods of holding irregular work.
Planing curved surfaces.
Planing dovetails and ways of lathes.
Special planer work.

Shaper Work.

Advantage of shaper over planer in special work.
Cutting keyways.
Cutting to a shoulder.
Clamping and chucking work.
Special shaper work.

Milling Machine Work.

Care of milling cutters.
Cutting speeds and feeds.
Methods of holding cutters.
Milling operations.
Indexing.
Spiral work.
Use of special attachments.

Gear Cutting Work.

Proportions of gear teeth.
Rules for spur-gear calculations.
Bevel gears.
Worm wheels and worms.

(Each student prepares his own gear blanks.)

Machine Grinding.

Selection of grinding wheels.
Wet and dry grinding.
External and internal grinding.
Surface grinding.

Bench and Vise Work.

Chipping.
Filing.
Scraping.
Fitting.
Assembling.

Tool Making.

Taps.
Dies.
Cutters.

Reamers.
Counterbores.
Twist drills.
Milling cutters.
Special tools.
Dies and punches.
Jigs.
Guages.

(All tools made by apprentices include every step from securing and annealing of stock to the tempered and ground tool.)”

G.—CO-OPERATIVE INDUSTRIAL COURSES. (Fitchburg.)

Throughout the various plans for promoting industrial education it is to be noted there has been evident a purpose to utilize as much as possible the buildings, equipment and teaching forces of existing institutions. Indeed, there has been a distinct tendency to preserve in the new so-called practical courses some of those elements of existing courses sometimes termed cultural.

The University of Cincinnati furnishes the first instance in the country of a concrete effort to combine actual shop work with the theoretical courses of the school. This experiment has been tried in conjunction with the engineering courses.

Following the plan of the University of Cincinnati, a co-operative industrial course was introduced into the Fitchburg, Massachusetts, High School at the opening of the school year in September, 1908. Twenty boys were enrolled in this course.

Correlation of Shop and School.

The basis of the plan is the alternating of shop work and school work. The boys who elect this course receive instruction in certain manufacturing concerns of Fitchburg, whose managers co-operate with the school in this matter. The students are in the shop during one week and in the school the next week. The contemplated course is of four years' duration. The first year is spent wholly in school, and during the other three years the boys alternate weekly between school and shop. While in the shop, the regular rules are fol-

lowed. Any boy who is regularly admitted to the high school may, with the approval of his parents, elect this course.

Method in Shop.

The manufacturers take the boys in pairs, so that by alternating they have, at all times, one of the pair at work. Each Saturday, at 11 o'clock, the boy who has been at school that week, goes to the shop and learns on what particular job his alternate has been working and how it has been handled, in order that the work may be taken up without delay the next Monday morning.

Course in Shop Work.

Shop work consists of instruction in the operation of lathes, planers, drilling machines, bench and floor work, and such other machine work, according to the ability of the apprentice, as pertains to the particular branch of manufacture of the shop where the boy is employed.

Boys are Paid for Services.

Boys receive pay for the weeks they are at work, at the following rates: For the first year 10 cents an hour, the second year, 11 cents an hour, and the third year, 12½ cents an hour; making \$5.50 a week, or \$165 for the first year, \$6.05 a week or \$181.50 for the second year, and \$6.87 a week, or \$206.25 for the third year. This is a total of \$552.75 for the three years. These rates are higher than the former apprentices have been receiving, the manufacturers of their own accord raising the prices, thus apparently recognizing the material value of the school courses.

Boy can be Self-Supporting while Receiving his Training.

By this method the boy can earn some money, in fact, he gets more than he could get by going out and taking the ordinary jobs in stores and offices. It also enables the boy to contribute toward the support of his parents and at the same time continue his education. When there is a vacation week in school, work is provided in the shops so that the boy is employed. These periods add to the amount of money quoted as the yearly wage. Vacations are arranged during the summer.

Trial Courses.

Every candidate is given a trial period of two months beginning immediately at the close of the school in June, and if he likes the work and shows aptitude for the trade, he takes the course, otherwise he drops out and if he chooses, takes up some other course in the high school. If he decides that he wants to learn the trade, his parents agree that he shall remain for three years and the manufacturer on his part agrees to teach him the various branches of the trade designated in this agreement.

While this course was intended for those who want to become mechanics, upon the completion of the course they have an excellent foundation for a technical school graduate. By devoting another year at the high school to the study of a foreign language and to a few other college required subjects, he is not only well prepared, but exceptionally so. The plan also aids the manufacturer, by giving him a better class of apprentices, boys who will make thinking mechanics not mere machines.

The Course.

The Co-operative Industrial course is as follows:

First Year.

All School Work.

English.

Mathematics, tables and simple shop problems.

Mechanics—simple machines.

Freehand and Mechanical Drawing.

Current Events.

Second Year.

School and Shop Work.

English.

Shop Mathematics.

Physics.

Mechanism of Machines.

Freehand and Mechanical Drawing.

Third Year.

School and Shop Work.

English.

Shop Mathematics.

Physics—Chemistry.
 Mechanism of Machines.
 Commercial Geography and Business Methods.
 Freehand and Mechanical Drawing.

Fourth Year.

School and Shop Work.
 English.
 Civics and American History.
 Shop Mathematics.
 Mechanism of Machines.
 Electricity and Heat.
 Freehand and Mechanical Drawing.

The Industrial Society.

In addition to the regular school work, an "Industrial Society" has been organized for mental and social advancement. The society meets once a month and is conducted by the boys themselves.

Is An Economical Plan.

The fact that no expenditure is required for apparatus commends itself to favor in view of the fact that school expenses are increasing year by year. The "shop end" must be taken care of by the employers. The school authorities must care for the "school end" of the system.

IV. SYNOPSIS OF TYPICAL STATE LAWS REGARDING INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION.

Forms of Vocational Education Supported by all States.

The only forms of vocational education offered in practically all states at public expense and regarded as integral parts of the school system are the State normal and training schools for teachers and the State agricultural colleges established under the Morrill Act. In a large number of States the State colleges or Universities have established various courses that lead very directly into certain professions and occupations. In very few of these States have the courses mentioned been extended so as to influence directly the courses of the lower schools.

Most States Recognize Drawing and Manual Training as School Subjects.

In a majority of the States there is permissive legislation relative to the introduction of the manual arts including drawing in the elementary schools. In many States instruction in these branches is required in all towns having above a certain specified population.

Twenty-four States Encourage Industrial Education.

In twenty-four States legal provision has already been made for the encouragement or support of some forms of industrial education beyond these general and somewhat rudimentary provisions. The following is an outline of typical legislation having reference to the support or encouragement of industrial education.

Massachusetts:—Has a deputy commissioner of education whose duty it is to supervise forms of industrial education supported by the State. Grants permission to towns and cities "to provide independent industrial schools for instruction in the principles of agriculture and the domestic and mechanic arts," and to provide for evening courses for persons already employed in the trades; permits two or more cities to join for the purpose of maintaining industrial courses or schools; aids towns and cities in the support of industrial schools and courses, such aid being graded proportionately to the wealth of the municipalities. Establishment and support of all industrial courses depends upon their approval by State authorities. The State authorizes establishment in the Massachusetts Agricultural College of a normal training course for teachers of agriculture. Such course must enroll fifteen students. State appropriates five thousand dollars for the maintenance of this course.

Vermont:—Gives state aid for manual training courses to the limit of \$250.00 annually.

Connecticut:—State aids in the support of two schools giving instruction in the principles and practices of trades. The limit of total aid to both schools is fifty thousand dollars.

New York:—Has a State director of trade schools. Gives annually to each State approved industrial school aid to the amount of five hundred dollars provided such school is main-

tained for forty weeks, employs one teacher and enrolls at least twenty-five pupils. Grants two hundred dollars for each additional teacher. Requirements are made relative to age limits and the completion of elementary school courses.

New Jersey:—Gives State aid to any town making a minimum expenditure of two hundred fifty dollars for the support of industrial or manual training courses in the public schools. Such State aid equals the local expenditure; also provides that local boards of education may establish industrial schools and receive State aid therefor to a maximum of \$10,000 for any school.

Pennsylvania:—Aids by direct appropriation established industrial schools.

Georgia:—Aids district agricultural high schools to the limit each of two thousand dollars.

Maryland:—Gives State aid to the limit each of fifteen hundred dollars to county manual training schools, or manual training departments. Also gives aid amounting to one thousand dollars each to approved high schools having commercial courses.

Michigan:—Aids county schools of agriculture, manual training and domestic economy on the basis of two thirds of the local expenditure. The maximum aid to any school is four thousand dollars.

Minnesota:—Gives State aid to departments of agriculture, manual training and domestic science in State high, graded and consolidated schools. Maximum aid to any school two thousand five hundred dollars. Limits the number of schools to be so aided to ten new schools in each biennium. This State also gives aid to consolidated rural schools.

Kansas:—Authorizes local boards to levy tax of one-half mill for the equipment of industrial training schools or departments. State aids such schools to the limit of two hundred fifty dollars annually.

Wisconsin:—Aids county schools of agriculture and domestic economy on the basis of two-thirds the local expenditure to the limit of four thousand dollars to any one school; aids manual training departments in upper grades and high schools to the maximum of three hundred fifty dollars when offered both in grades and in high school.

Texas:—Gives aid, minimum one hundred dollars, maximum five hundred dollars to school districts establishing instruction in manual training.

Alabama:—Provides for the establishment and maintenance of a branch agricultural experiment station in each congressional district. The annual appropriation for each school is \$4,500.

Arkansas:—Has four state public schools of agriculture, appropriating annually \$160,000 for their support.

Other states having provision similar to some of those already mentioned are Kentucky, Mississippi, Nevada, Oklahoma, Oregon, North Dakota, South Dakota, Michigan and Kansas.

V. PRESENT STATUS OF INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION IN MAINE.

In the following summary of the present scope of industrial education in Maine the term is used broadly to include all courses whose aim is to produce manual efficiency.

Laws Relating to Drawing, Manual Training, Domestic Science and Agriculture.

DRAWING.

Sec. 23, Chap. 15, R. S. Any city or town may annually make provision for free instruction in industrial or mechanical drawing, to persons over fifteen years of age, either in day or evening schools, under direction of the superintending school committee.

MANUAL TRAINING.

Sec. 24. Any city or town may, in addition to the sum raised for the support of the common schools, raise and appropriate money for the support of manual training and may receive gifts and bequests for the use, maintenance and support of such schools.

Sec. 25. Such schools shall be under the control, direction and supervision of the superintending school committee and shall admit such persons between the ages of six and twenty-

one year, and shall give such courses of instruction as said committee may determine. Pupils in such schools shall be subject to the same conditions, rules and regulations as provided for public schools.

MANUAL TRAINING, DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND AGRICULTURE IN ACADEMIES.

Sect. 1, Chap. 102, P. L. 1909. Any incorporated academy in the state maintaining a course in manual training, domestic science or agriculture, approved by the state superintendent of schools, shall be entitled to receive annually from the state, in addition to the state aid, if any, now provided by law, and to be paid in the same manner, a sum equal to the amount expended by said academy for instruction in such course, not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars for each of said courses.

Special Institutions.

The State School for Boys in Portland and the Industrial School for Girls at Hallowell are State supported institutions of a reformatory character. Like other schools of this character they pay very large attention to various forms of manual and industrial training, including preparation for trades.

Other institutions supported or aided by the State are those for defective classes such as the School for the Deaf and the Institution for the Adult Blind. While all institutions of these kinds pay very great attention to hand work they are not properly to be included as parts of a State system of industrial education.

Drawing in the Public Schools.

In twenty-eight cities and towns free hand and mechanical drawing is taught under the direction of special teachers. Students of all state normal schools are required to take courses in this subject. Hence in many towns not having special teachers individual schools are to be found in which drawing is taught.

Manual Training in Public Schools.

Eleven cities and towns offer, in their public schools, courses in manual training under special teachers. All state normal schools likewise offer such courses.

Domestic Science in Public Schools.

Five cities have public school courses in domestic science.

Commercial Courses in Secondary Schools.

Twenty-two public high schools and five academies offer courses in commercial branches, enrolling during the school year 1909-1910 a total of 1,233 students.

Industrial Course in the Westbrook High School.

The city of Westbrook, which was a pioneer in the establishment of manual training and domestic science courses, has lately established in its high school an industrial course, which it is proposed to connect with the main industries of the city, paper and silk making.

Since this course represents a serious effort of a Maine city to connect the public high school with local industries the circular of information issued by the school committee of Westbrook is herewith given in full:

"INDUSTRIAL COURSE IN WESTBROOK HIGH SCHOOL.

"This course, established by S. D. Warren & Co., is open to boys who have completed the ninth grade of the grammar school. Its purpose, briefly stated, is three-fold; to make the pupil a more efficient workman; to instruct him in the principles of good citizenship; and to lead him to a liking for good reading and an appreciation of the best literature.

"The following course has been adopted:

First Year.

"Arithmetic, 4; English, 5; Physics, 3; Natural Science, 2; Mechanical Drawing, 4; Shop Work, 3; Penmanship, 1.

Second Year.

"Chemistry, 3; Civil Government, 2; Mechanical Drawing, Design, 4; Practice of Textile Manufacture, 5; Practice of Paper-Making, 5; Shop Work, 3.

"The figures after a subject refer to the number of recitation periods a week.

"Arithmetic. This course will include commercial arithmetic, business forms and problems of the industrial world, and is

intended to give the pupil a thorough knowledge of such arithmetical processes as will be of practical value to him.

“English. The study of composition and rhetoric, and the reading and study of some of the best of English and American authors will constitute the course in English.

“Physics. This will be an elementary course including the principles of simple machines, with a study of the phenomena of steam, water, wind and electricity.

“Chemistry. The elementary principles of chemistry will be studied the first half year. The last half will be given to the study of the separation of cellulose from plant fibres, and the subsequent recovery of the chemical. A course in the chemistry of dyeing will also be given.

“Natural Science. In addition to the general information to be given in this subject, this course will aim to give the pupils practice in taking notes, and in looking up references in current scientific books and magazines.

“Civil Government. Pupils will be taught the principles of clean, sound government, with the purpose of preparing them to take an active, interested and intelligent part in civil affairs.

“Mechanical Drawing. The course of the first year will consist of geometrical constructions essential to the advanced work in design of the second year.

“Shop Work. The work of the first year will include forging in iron and steel, and lathe work in iron, steel and brass. The second year will be given to pattern making and casting.

“Textile Manufacture. This will be a lecture course supplemented by visits to the mills. In this way the pupils will be given practical illustrations of the different processes of textile manufacture which he studies. Notes will be taken in the class-room and at the mills.

“Paper Manufacture. This course will be similar in plan and method to the course in Textile Manufacture.”

Special Courses in Academies.

Under the special provisions of the act of 1909 for the encouragement of teaching manual training, domestic science and agriculture it became possible for any academy to draw from the State Treasury \$250 annually for the support of each course, or a total of \$750 in case three courses should be offered.

Terms of Approval.

In order for any academy to become eligible for State aid under this act the approval of the State Superintendent is necessary. In manual training and domestic science the requirement is that each subject shall be offered for at least ninety minutes a week for the entire four years of the academy course. The equipment for teaching the courses must be shown to be reasonably full and the instruction must likewise be given under a teacher specially trained for the branches offered.

The Agricultural Course.

The course of study in agriculture prepared under the direction of the State Superintendent of Schools by the College of Agriculture of the University of Maine shows the minimum requirement that must be met for the approval of this course. The following is an outline of this course.

OUTLINE OF COURSE OF STUDY IN AGRICULTURE.

ADAPTION OF THE STANDARD ENGLISH COURSE OF STUDY FOR
MAINE SCHOOLS.

First Year:

English	3 hrs.
Algebra	5 hrs.
Chemistry	5 hrs.
Soils, Plant Life, Fertilizers	3 hrs.
Practicums, two afternoon periods of 2 hrs. each.	
School Gardening.	

Second Year:

English	3 hrs.
Geometry	5 hrs.
History and Civil Government	5 hrs.
Live stock, Dairying, Poultry	3 hrs.
Practicums, two afternoon periods of 2 hrs. each.	
School Gardening.	

Third Year:

English	3 hrs.
Physics	5 hrs.
History	5 hrs.

Field crops, Fruit growing, Vegetable gardening, 3 hrs.
 Practicums, two afternoon periods of 2 hrs. each.
 School gardening.

Fourth Year :

English 3 hrs.
 Reviews 5 hrs.
 Commercial Arithmetic, Bookkeeping, etc., 3 hrs.
 Agricultural Engineering, Farm Mechanics,
 Farm Management, Plant Diseases, Economic
 Entomology, 5 hrs.
 School gardening.

Note—That the number of hours per week in the above course of study is not so large as to prevent the election of other studies in the high school courses.

This course is given in full detail in a pamphlet issued by the Maine State School Department and entitled "Course in Agriculture for High Schools and Academies in Maine."

Other Conditions.

The academy offering a course in agriculture must arrange for practical work on school or home farms and the work must be offered under a teacher trained in that branch.

Schools Adopting the Courses.

During the school year closing July 1, 1910, the following academies met the conditions and offered courses in manual training: Anson Academy, Fryeburg Academy, Parsonsfield Seminary.

The total number of students enrolled was 105.

For the same year courses in domestic science were offered in Parsonsfield Seminary; East Corinth Academy, Fryeburg Academy, Leavitt Institute and Parsonsfield Seminary, offering during that year courses in agriculture. The total number of students enrolled in these courses was 31.

The Madawaska Training School.

The courses of the Madawaska Training School at Fort Kent have recently been extended so as to include courses in

manual training, domestic science and agriculture. This school is a State institution situated in a rich agricultural section. The youth who attend the school generally return to their home farms. An unusually favorable opportunity is, therefore, offered for correlating these practical courses with the literary courses which had been previously given. The courses are under the direction of specially trained teachers. About one hundred students are enrolled in the several courses.

College of Agriculture, University of Maine.

The aim of the College of Agriculture of the University of Maine is to prepare young men to become farmers, teachers of agriculture and allied sciences, investigators of agricultural subjects, experiment station workers, foresters and practical men; to prepare young women to teach domestic science and art and to understand thoroughly the problems arising in the administration of the housekeeping of institutions or of a home. In addition to the regular four year courses of the college are special courses covering shorter periods designed to train young men and women who cannot devote time to the complete course of training. The department of agricultural extension offers correspondence courses, lecture courses, demonstration work and co-operation experiments.

The instruction is arranged with a view to emphasize fundamental principles and to give the student the largest amount of technical knowledge consistent therewith. To this end the theoretical instruction is associated with practical work and observation on the farm, the dairy, in the orchard and garden, poultry plant, wood lot and in the various laboratories of the University of Maine. Time is not consumed in purely manual operations.

Evening Schools.

Eleven cities and towns maintain evening schools. These schools enrolled during the year 1909-1910 approximately fourteen hundred pupils. The subjects offered are those of the common schools. They are attended, for the most part, by foreign speaking persons desirous of learning the English language and by boys and girls excused from day classes on the condition that they attend evening schools.

Offer Opportunity for Continuation Courses.

These night schools are not to be classed as industrial schools. The persons who attend them are, however, generally employed during the day in mills and factories. The schools offer opportunity for extension into industrial lines by supplementing the present courses with work in drawing and manual training.

Maine Charitable Mechanics Association.

Among evening schools reference should be made to the evening school of drawing maintained for many years by the Maine Charitable Mechanics Association of Portland.

This school was established in 1876. It has been conducted each year for a period of three months. Courses have been offered in architectural and mechanical drawing. The expense has been borne by the Association. Students provide their own drawing instruments. The average attendance for each year is estimated at fifty.

Lewiston Evening School for Textile Workers.

During the winter of 1910 a course was maintained in the city of Lewiston for the benefit of textile workers of that city. The rooms for the school were made available by action of the school committee which placed one of the school buildings at the disposal of the evening school. The instructors gave their services. Courses were offered in carding, spinning and twisting, designing and analysis. About fifty students enrolled in these courses. The managers of the school reported that the interest was strong and well maintained throughout the three months during which the school was maintained.

Correspondence Courses.

Large numbers of students in Maine towns are enrolled in correspondence schools. The majority of these are in the schools established for the profit of their organizers. It is not possible to give any figures as to the number of students who are enrolled in courses of this kind. The estimate of six hundred correspondence students was offered in one Maine city of ten thousand population. Whatever the exact figures the correspondence schools point directly to the large demand for further preparation on the part of those who have already entered the industries.

VI. THE NEEDS OF THE INDUSTRIES.

Following are abstracts of opinions expressed by persons connected as employers or employees with various typical industries of the State.

It would be impossible to present within the limits of this report the detailed testimony that has been collected. The effort has been made to reduce to few words the opinions of which record was made.

AGRICULTURE.

[80,000 (estimated) males employed in Maine as bread winners.]

Summary of Opinions Expressed.

Farmers are rapidly appreciating that agriculture can be made more profitable and attractive by the adoption of scientific methods. Good common schools in the country are most essential to the development of agriculture since men will leave their farms if it is necessary to do so in order to procure superior educational advantages for their children.

The country school should emphasize the advantages of country life. This school should offer a curriculum that will help to train the brain and fit for work with the hands. There should be manual training for the boys, domestic science for the girls and school gardens for both. The common school subjects should be taught thoroughly. In higher schools there should be a chance to study so-called cultural subjects, there should also be much wider opportunity to elect subjects of practical application to farm life and experience.

In the secondary schools the courses in science should be made to bear more directly upon agriculture. Very definite application could be made in chemistry, physics and the natural sciences. All rural high schools should do this kind of work and the colleges should recognize it in their entrance requirements.

In rural schools special emphasis should be placed upon practical arithmetic with problems of application to the daily experience of the pupils. Home geography should be taught, local history would aid to magnify the importance of the home town, elementary civil government including instruction in methods of town government and purposes of taxation and

duties of officers, should be taught to all pupils. The teaching of simple methods of accounting, but not intricate bookkeeping, would have practical application to the farm.

In elementary schools the grounds should be used for school gardens whenever space will permit. Pupils should be encouraged to have home gardens of their own. Exhibitions of crops grown by children would prove incentives to further effort. Contests under proper restrictions would likewise prove effectual in arousing the interest of pupils and in showing the possibility of the development of different varieties of fruit or vegetables.

Normal and teachers' training schools should emphasize the special needs and opportunities of country schools. Graduates of these schools should understand how to teach elementary forms of manual training and domestic science and they should have received instruction that will enable them to carry on garden work.

Rural schools everywhere should have available the highest quality of teaching skill. Greater permanence of position is necessary in country schools. These schools should have equipment adapted to their needs.

A rural school system of proven efficiency would not only tend to hold our present rural population, it would also encourage immigration to the country. A widespread interest in the movement to the farms exists among town people. A hindrance to its more rapid development lies in the generally held opinion that the educational advantages of the country are inferior to those of the larger town or city.

TEXTILE INDUSTRIES.

(Employing in Maine, 1900, 23,000, estimated.)

Summary of Opinions Expressed.

These industries employ large numbers of foreigners. A foremost need is that the English language be taught as speedily as possible. Evening schools for this purpose are essential in towns wherein many recently arrived foreigners are employed.

At present the overseers and superintendents of these industries "grow up" in the industries or are trained in technical

or trade schools of other states; the majority of these higher paid employees work up through the mills. A very small proportion of expert designers is employed—in one mill of 1800 workmen, two persons are so employed. These two were trained abroad. Persons entering the textile industries would be more efficient and skillful, if their preliminary training could include manual training and practice in the use of tools and machinery.

Evening textile schools would be attended by the more ambitious; at first there might be an enrollment of forty or fifty out of a mill employing two thousand. The number would increase as the worth of the instruction should be proven, as shown in the promotion of those taking these courses.

The present method of learning all parts of an industry can hardly be called a method. The quick and ambitious will constantly seek wider information regarding their work. One man will learn from another. Systematized instruction would make the process easier and would make it available to a larger number.

As a textile industry develops and introduces finer grades of work the requirements on many classes of workmen are increased. Textile schools and courses would aid an industry undergoing this development.

In the cases of young people coming into these industries from six weeks to two months are required for learning one part of the work; the time depending on the aptitude of the individual and upon the work assigned him. The chief office of a textile school in Maine should be to promote efficiency among the rank and file of the workers rather than to produce overseers. The latter will develop from the ranks.

Workers in the textile industry would enroll in special courses if these were so taught as to show at once their practical value in the day's work.

Women as a rule do not expect to remain in the mills and would be less likely than men to take outside trade courses. Both employers and employees believe that a small tuition fee would be desirable since it would tend to keep out of the schools persons without serious purpose.

The following is quoted from the testimony of a man who had learned the cotton industry by the "working up" plan.

"I have entered the manufacturing business. From the start I was handicapped by the lack of industrial school training, having had none of it in my course at school. I was obliged to go into the mills as a worker and get the experience from hard knocks instead of having people at my elbow to give me their experiences. There is a great drop in the public school attendance between the fifth and sixth grades. It seems that these children in this city drop out of school. Where do they go? Do they loaf around the streets or go into the mills to work? They go into the mills to work. The industrial schools of Massachusetts and the other states neighboring Maine, are the ones who are sending the skilled workers here and compelling those who are filling the lower places to stay where they are and not move up. Most of the overseers and higher paid men in the mills come from other places, and are not the men who have been educated in this State. They keep grinding away at the same job and not making much increase. An industrial course in the schools would interest the boys and girls between the ages of thirteen and sixteen and also their parents would find interest in such a course and by the education received would see the good of it and encourage their children to take up that branch and on the whole would help everybody. It would make the State of Maine people hold the best positions in the State of Maine industries. The educated fellows would stay here more. Our young people would go into the different industries as trained men and advance faster than those who now go in with no training along these lines."

SHOE MANUFACTURING.

(Employing in Maine 9,000, estimated.)

Summary of Opinions Expressed.

This industry is among the first established of factory forms in this State. Its earlier employees were largely drawn from the farms. Now nearly all come from cities and villages. Farm bred boys show greater resourcefulness, village and city life do not offer substitutes for the varied employments of the farm. The shoe workers as a rule are graduates of common schools. Those who enter with less education drop out of the trade or, as a rule, remain in the poorer paying places. Man-

ual training in schools would help shoe workers by giving manual dexterity and practice with tools. A trade school for shoe workers would be less practicable than for some other industries. There is danger that such a school would be theoretical.

This industry offers unusually good opportunity for part time schools correlating the courses of the schools with the work of the shop. Some forms of industrial education must be early introduced if the shoe making industry is to be maintained at a high stage of productiveness and of profit to employer and employee. Men who are familiar with the rise of industrial education in England and Germany and of the growth of shoe manufacturing in those countries believe that within twenty or even ten years a serious question of competition will arise from the results of English and German schools.

Towns in which the shoe industry predominates could probably arrange co-operative courses outside the factory. Continuation courses outside the factory would probably be patronized at the beginning by not over one percent of the workers. The percentage would rapidly increase as evidence of the value of these courses should be shown.

GARMENT MAKING INDUSTRY.

(Employing in Maine 2,500, estimated)

Summary of Opinions Expressed.

The employees of this industry are recruited from well educated classes of girls. Practically all have completed the seventh grade, the majority have finished the elementary school course. Nearly all require instruction in the use of the sewing machine and in simple forms of sewing. It is implied that instruction in these is offered in comparatively few homes and schools. Girls often enter these industries from the high school proficient in algebra, Latin and other secondary branches, but ignorant of sewing.

These industries employ women and girls who are less likely to regard their employment as permanent. A very small proportion would attend continuation or part time schools. Whatever school courses are offered of value to these industries will necessarily be given prior to employment. The courses

that would aid in them are such as should be taken by all girls in preparation for life. Courses in plain sewing could be made available in the upper grades. Such courses are especially essential to girls who will have no other chance to learn the fundamentals of home making.

IRON WORKING.

(Including iron ship building, locomotive works, foundries, etc., employing in Maine, 3,500, estimated.)

Summary of Opinions Expressed.

The employees of these industries are more permanent than those of many other industries. The boys and young men entering these industries are largely of Maine parentage. They are well educated, nearly all have completed common school courses, many are high school graduates and a few are graduates of college and technical schools.

Overseers and superintendents as a rule have learned the trades in the shops having worked up through the departments. Recently there is a tendency to employ technical school graduates for these higher places after giving them some experience in the business.

Mechanical drawing including instruction in the making of prints would assist workers in these industries in lines in which the shops themselves cannot easily provide instruction.

Evening and part time schools would make workmen more efficient and enable the ambitious to rise more quickly. Separate trade schools are not necessary, but high schools should extend manual training courses so as to include instructions in the use of machinery. Shop arithmetic should also be offered in the secondary schools.

DIVERSIFIED TRADES.

(Plumbing, Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Machinists, etc. No estimate of number employed available.)

Summary.

These industries do not appear to be sufficiently centralized to warrant the establishment of special schools. Only a large center of population would promise a reasonable patron-

age. The opinion was nowhere expressed to the committee that any city in Maine would be likely at present to afford a wide enough field for the establishment of a school of trades. It may be noted in this connection that the Milwaukee School of Trades for Boys enrolled during the year 1909-1910 123 students in the regular day classes and 126 in the night classes. The Milwaukee School of Trades for Girls enrolled during the same period 143 students. The population of Milwaukee is 325,811 (estimated in 1909). On the basis of these figures an estimate can be made as to the probable enrollment that might be made in a school of diversified trades in any Maine city.

In all these trades, however, it should be noted that a majority of the workers acquire at least a complete common school education. Many are graduates of high schools. Courses in mechanical and freehand drawing, with practice in the reading of prints and the various phases of manual training afford superior fundamental preparation for all these trades and make for greater proficiency in them.

PAPER MAKING.

(Employs in Maine 9,000, estimated.)

This industry employs a large proportion of unskilled labor. School instruction in manual training would have slight value, although it would tend to dexterity in handling tools.

The industry offers unusual opportunity for development of supplementary lines. In these lines special courses would aid materially as, for example, drawing and designing in the making of wall paper. Part time or co-operative courses (see Fitchburg plan) would be practicable in towns having paper and pulp mills.

FISHERIES.

(Employing in Maine, estimated, 16,000.)

Only two definite suggestions have come to the committee in relation to the schools as related to the fisheries' industry. One suggestion was to the effect that in all high schools of coast towns short courses of instruction on the mechanism, care and handling of the gasoline engine would have prac-

tical and immediate application. Another suggestion was that bulletins prepared for the purpose under the direction of State or national fisheries' bureaus should be studied in high schools whose students come largely from coast towns. Both these suggestions would appear to have value. The former would appear to be reasonably easy to adopt by any local committee desiring to discover the extent of interest in the matter.

LUMBERING.

(Employing in Maine 12,000.)

There is apparently no important contact with special school courses with this industry and no demand for specific forms of education to aid them. Individual opinions were expressed that boys of advanced grades, especially of lumber towns, be given instruction in measuring and surveying lumber. The view was also often presented that all Maine schools should give attention to a study of Maine trees and to the general subject of forest conservation.

VII. RECOMMENDATIONS.

A.—PREPARATION OF SPECIAL TEACHERS.

Throughout the country, in all States where efforts are being made to increase the proportion of attention given to industrial education, it has been clearly shown that the most serious obstacle is the difficulty of securing properly trained teachers. This difficulty obtains even in those States in which liberal wages are paid. Maine schools are likely to encounter this obstacle in an extreme form. It will not be easy to induce teachers trained in other States to come into Maine at the lower salary scale which prevails here. Immediate provision should be made for increasing the number of teachers available for teaching the manual arts and agriculture.

To accomplish this result the following definite recommendations are offered.

First, that the course in manual training now offered in all the Maine normal schools be so extended in one of them as to provide opportunity for training to those young men and women who may wish to qualify as directors or teachers of this branch.

Second, that domestic science be introduced into all the normal schools.

Third, that in one of them this domestic science course be sufficiently extensive to provide a training course similar to that suggested for manual training.

Fourth, that the College of Agriculture of the University of Maine make specific provision for training teachers of agriculture.

B.—THE ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

The committee desires to emphasize that the essential part of the school system is the elementary school, that no forms of industrial or higher education will be satisfactorily conducted unless the fundamental work of the common school is well and thoroughly done and that industrial education, interpreted as preparation for life, begins by the proper adaptation of the elementary schools to other forms of educational effort.

The committee does not recommend any radical change in the organization of the elementary schools or in the courses offered in them. There are four specific points, however, in relation to the elementary schools which it believes are closely related to the problem under its consideration. These points are as follows:

1. The instruction of the elementary schools should be strengthened by means of the more just remuneration and the more secure tenure of office of the teaching force to the end that the standard of instruction available to the youth shall be raised.

2. The schools of all towns should be placed as speedily as possible under the expert direction of trained superintendents.

3. The amount of hand work in all elementary schools should be greatly increased. From the first grade, various forms of construction work should be employed. In all grades and all types of schools free hand drawing should be taught. In higher grades and in secondary schools attention should be given to mechanical drawing. Manual training should be added to all school courses as rapidly as teachers can be prepared for teaching it. Domestic science should be made available to girls, beginning with sewing in the middle grades and continuing with various departments of the subject through the secondary schools.

4. Greater emphasis should be placed in the elementary schools upon courses in local history and local geography. The

industries of the community and the State should be studied in relation to their origin, development and possibilities of future growth. All the branches of the common schools should be related as closely as possible to the daily life and experiences of the pupils. This recommendation does not call for changes in the subjects offered nor for the devotion of greater time to them. It seeks rather their re-direction.

C.—AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION.

The committee believes that upon the public school system of the rural sections of Maine depends the future development of her agricultural interests. It does not find, however, that there is a demand for the teaching of scientific agriculture in country elementary schools, nor that there is any probability that the subject in this form could with profit be added to the rural elementary school program.

Agriculture itself cannot be developed, however, unless there is available to country children thoroughly good country schools, and at this point the committee finds a close contact of the school system of the State with a leading industry. If good schools are not thus available the country cannot retain its best and most progressive, citizenship. The following points in the development of more efficient rural schools are to be emphasized.

First:—Better equipped and more permanently employed teachers are essential to the improvement of rural schools. Elsewhere the committee has called attention to this need of elementary schools generally. It is especially to be noted of rural schools because of their greater disadvantage in securing and holding trained and experienced teachers. The committee recommends that the State fix minimum qualifications for entrance to the teaching profession and that a minimum salary for teachers of rural and of other schools be named.

Second:—Expert school supervision elsewhere mentioned is especially necessary to the better administration of rural schools. Rural towns should, as rapidly as possible, take advantage of the law already enacted for the encouragement of such supervision.

Third:—The committee believes it would be neither practicable nor desirable to attempt to abolish all of the twenty-five hundred one-room country schools of the State. It is impera-

tive that very greatly increased attention be given everywhere to the improvement of one-room rural schools of mixed grades. It should be definitely accepted that such schools are to form permanently an important element in the public school system of the State and they should be given by the public and by school authorities the same careful study and attention that are devoted to other classes of schools.

Fourth:—It is no doubt true that there are numerous cases throughout the State where several rural schools could, with advantage to the pupils, be consolidated. Better school equipment, better classification of pupils and improved teaching would result. Many rural towns could, in many cases, increase the efficiency of their schools by consolidation. Wherever it is employed careful attention must be given to the details of the transportation service in order that it may be safe and comfortable. Oversight of the children while away from their homes during the noon intermission and at other times should be constantly provided.

Fifth:—The course of study in all rural schools should give greater attention to the various forms of handwork as recommended for all classes of elementary schools. In country schools particularly, school and home gardens should be encouraged. Increased attention should be paid to the various phases of nature study. Clubs organized among the pupils for experiments in the growing of crops are to be encouraged. Contests under the proper restrictions will increase the interest in those home employments of children which are related to agricultural pursuits. By such means the country school will be brought in closer relation to agriculture and will thereby increase its importance in the minds of country children as compared with other occupations.

D.—SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

In the secondary school system of the State is to be found an unusually good opportunity for the introduction of forms of educational endeavor which will lead to greater industrial efficiency.

It is not at all probable, however, that the training offered by these schools will take the direction of preparation for the separate trades. These institutions have neither the organization

nor the equipment which would make it possible for them to discharge successfully so diversified a task. There may be introduced, however, into the public high schools those courses which will develop manual skill and assist in giving industrial direction to students. In manufacturing towns the high schools should give increased attention to the manual arts. Co-operative courses (see Fitchburg and Westbrook plans) are to be recommended for manufacturing towns, especially those wherein a single type of industry predominates.

Rural high schools should give greater consideration to the study of agriculture. Extended courses in scientific agriculture should not, however, be expected of these schools. These are already provided by the University of Maine.

The laws of the State now provide for encouragement to various classes of secondary schools. In the case of academies this aid for the ordinary academic courses together with the teachers' training course may, under certain conditions of endowment, yield an income of one thousand dollars. By the addition of supplementary courses in agriculture, manual training and domestic science this aid to an academy may amount to \$1,750. It is believed by the committee that the conditions of State aid should be so modified as to encourage the introduction of the proposed courses and should place both high schools and academies on the same basis. The committee would bring to the attention of the legislature the following suggestions, either of which might be employed to the desired end.

First. The academies and free high schools might well be placed upon the same basis as to fundamental courses of State aid so that both would be entitled to the present maximum allowed to free high schools. Supplementary to this aid there might then be given, to both classes of schools, a certain sum annually for the encouragement of such industrial courses as would meet the need of the local communities. These supplementary courses should include domestic science with manual arts courses for towns where manufacturing predominates or with courses in agriculture for schools located in rural communities.

Such additional aid should be granted only in those cases in which the communities or the institutions have themselves taken the initiative in providing for their support.

Second. If the State aid to academies is continued on the

present basis the public high school should be given by the State equal recognition to that now accorded the academies in respect to special courses.

In either case there should be restrictions as to the number of students to be enrolled in a course before State aid is to be allowed, as to the qualifications of teachers employed for them and as to the equipment provided.

For the better assimilation of this work into the school system provision might be made for the adoption of a stated maximum of schools to be approved in each year as in the case of Minnesota, elsewhere noted.

E.—CONTINUATION COURSES.

It is clearly apparent that an important phase of industrial education is that which provides opportunity to persons already engaged in the industries to secure further training in them. For the present the committee believes that these continuation courses should be provided chiefly through evening classes.

The committee recommends that in all towns where evening schools are already established the courses of these schools be extended so as to include drawing, free hand and mechanical, manual training and studies of the special industries in which the students are engaged.

In the larger towns, in which a single type of industry predominates, evening classes similar to those elsewhere mentioned for the textile workers of Lewiston should be organized. The committee believes that such schools should depend for their support mainly upon the localities where they are established. It recommends, however, that a limited proportion of State aid be granted to every town starting such courses and that legislation to that end be enacted.

F.—SEPARATE TRADE SCHOOLS.

The committee desires to express its emphatic approval of the work of distinct trade schools and to express its belief that these are ultimately to be recognized as a legitimate part of the educational system of the State. It notes, however, that only very large centers of population have thus far secured a large enough patronage of such schools to warrant their establishment and support. It appears to the committee that the value

of these schools is not yet widely enough recognized to justify the belief that the more limited population of Maine cities as compared with those cities wherein schools have been started would provide a large enough body of students to justify their establishment at present. Hence the committee believes that any legislation regarding separate trade schools should be limited for the present to that of a permissive character, outlining the conditions of their support and control.

G.—THE CONTROL OF INDUSTRIAL COURSES.

For all those forms of industrial training whose establishment the committee recommends at once the present school organization would appear adequately to provide. The committee believes that for any schools which may be established for the separate industries there should be a separate form of control, not independent of the public school authorities, but connecting with these authorities persons intimately familiar with the condition and needs of the industry in whose interest the separate school is to be conducted.

SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS.

1. The fixing by the State of minimum requirements regarding the salary and qualifications of common school teachers.
2. The extension of expert school supervision.
3. The introduction of hand work, including drawing, manual training and domestic science, into all grades of elementary schools.
4. Greater emphasis in all elementary schools upon home geography, local history and local industries and the direction of all school work toward the experiences of the child.
5. School and home gardens, especially for rural towns.
6. Emphasis upon the one-room rural school as a type which will permanently continue a part of the school system.
7. The encouragement of consolidation of rural schools wherever practicable.
8. Courses for training teachers in agriculture, manual training and domestic science.
9. Encouragement by the State of courses in agriculture, manual training and domestic science in public high schools and academies with minimum requirements as to number of students, qualifications of teachers and equipment.

10. The adaptation of courses under No. 9 to the needs of local industries in manufacturing towns, with shop co-operation wherever possible.

11. Continuation courses, through evening classes, in manufacturing and industrial centers.

12. Permissive legislation for the establishment of separate trade schools.

In submitting this report the committee desires to state that the recommendations are made solely with reference to the present conditions and needs of Maine. It has endeavored to outline only those steps which it believes are immediately practicable, believing that by their adoption the way may be opened to the more extensive industrial education system whose necessity the future may reveal.

It desires especially to emphasize that the introduction of practical courses into the schools is not to be accomplished alone nor even chiefly by legislation and that they must not depend for their continuance upon any financial inducements the State may offer.

It has become the established policy of all progressive states and countries to give financial encouragement to new educational movements. This policy has long been recognized and frequently adopted by Maine. Its wisdom appears in the extension of educational opportunity among the people. It should not be forgotten, however, that any educational policy will not succeed in practice unless it has the intelligent support and co-operation of the people into whose schools it is introduced.

Comparatively few of the recommendations that are here offered demand legislation for their fulfillment. Substantial progress in industrial as well as in other forms of education must ultimately depend upon the public and especially upon the educational leadership of the State as embodied in its teaching force, in its higher institutions and in its school authorities.

PAYSON SMITH,
FRANCIS R. NORTH,
GEORGE E. FELLOWS,
C. S. STETSON,
W. E. SARGENT,
E. M. BLANDING,
CHARLES O. BEALS,

Committee on the Investigation of Industrial Education.

VIII. BIBLIOGRAPHY.

The following pamphlets relating to industrial education are filed in the library of the State Educational Department and are available to members of the legislature or to others interested in making studies of the subjects mentioned.

LIBRARY NUMBER

- 312 "Adaptation of the Schools to Industry and Efficiency," Draper, New York State Educational Department.
- 854 Annals of American Academy of Political and Social Science, 1909.
- 1672 Announcement of Technical Education, Teachers' College Bulletin, 1910.
- 310 "Apprenticeship System and Its Relation to Industrial Education," Wright, U. S. Bureau of Education, 1908.
- 852 Bradford-Durfee Textile School, Fall River, Catalog of, 1909-1910.
- 629 Course in Agriculture for High Schools and Academies, Maine State Educational Department.
- 1462 Courses of Instruction in Industrial Arts, Domestic Science and Manual Training, Columbus, Ohio.
- 1948 Courses in Trades, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.
- 836 David Rankin, Jr. School, St. Louis, Mo., Announcement of.
- 843 Description of Rochester Factory Schools, New York State Educational Department.
- 862 Division of Trades Schools, New York State Educational Department.
- 1629 Domestic Science for Nebraska Schools, Nebraska Department of Public Instruction, 1910.
- 1603 "Drawing in High Schools," Bailey, Mass. Board of Education.
- 841 Evening Industrial Improvement Schools, New York State Educational Department.
- 1520 Fitchburg, Mass., School Report, 1909.
- 800-823 Free School of Mechanical Trades, Williamson, Pa., 1907-1909.
- 1523 General Industrial and Trades Schools, New York State Educational Department.
- 1993-6 Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, Catalogs.
- 849 "Improvement of Rural Conditions," Robertson, Canada, 1907-1908.
- 1158 "Industrial Education and the Public Schools," Martin, Mass. State Board of Education.
- 863 "Industrial Training," Draper, New York State Educational Department.
- 831 Industrial School Exhibition at Chicago, Report of, Mass. 1908.
- 301 "Industrial Training for Women," N. S. P. I. E. Bulletin 4.
- 307 Industrial and Trades Schools, New York State Educational Department.

LIBRARY NUMBER

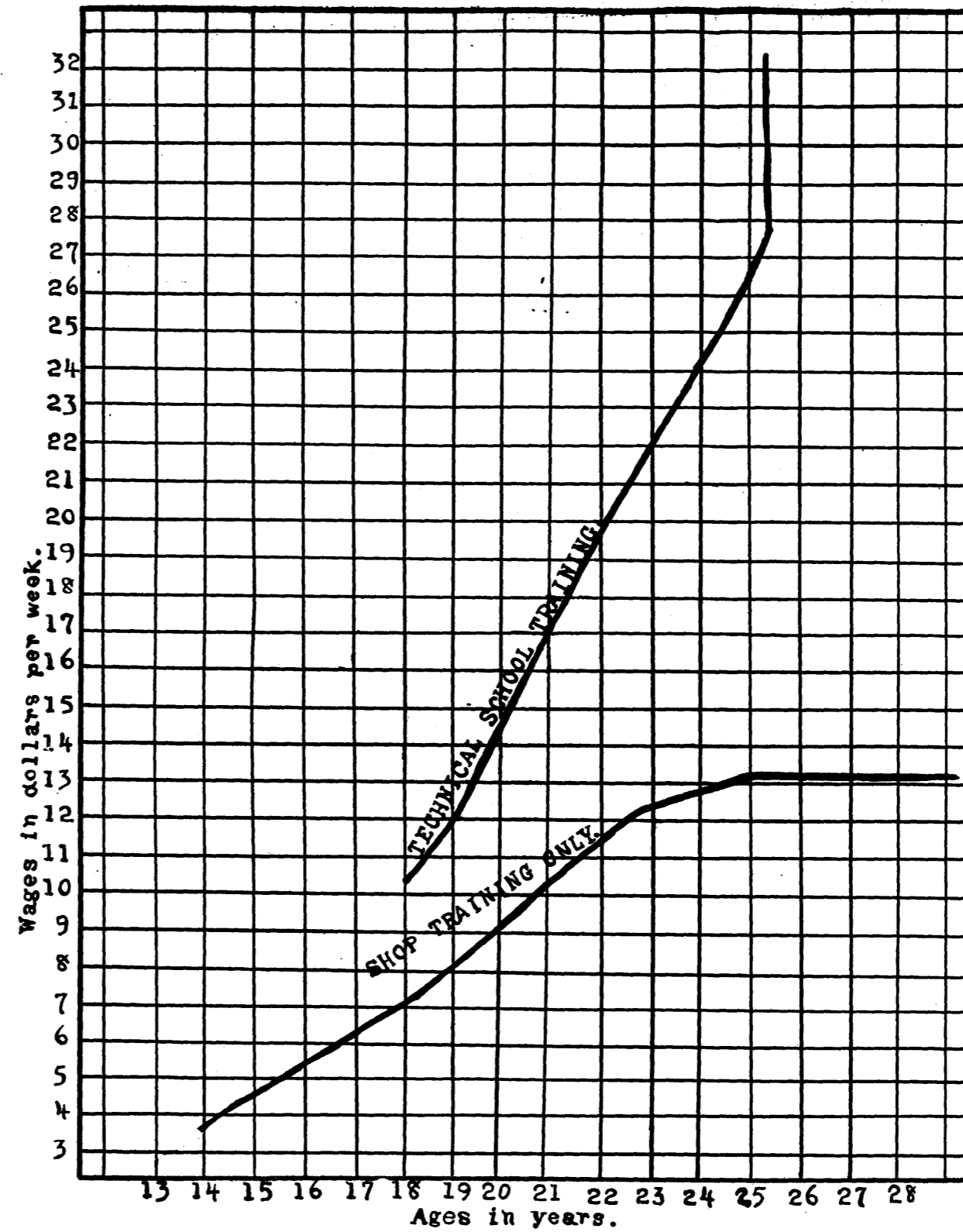
- 1298 "Instruction in the Fine and Manual Arts," Bailey, U. S. Bureau of Education, 1909.
- 1241 "Industries and Methods Conducive to Success in a Girl's Industrial School," Morse, Portland, Maine.
- 1521 Investigation and Report of Committee, American Federation of Labor, 1910.
- 1988 "Legislation upon Industrial Education in the United States," N. S. P. I. E. Bulletin 12.
- 830 Lewis Institute, Chicago, Report of.
Lowell Textile School, Reports and Bulletins.
- 851 Macdonald College, Canada, Announcement, 1909-1910.
- 849 "Macdonald Movement for Rural Education," Robertson, Canada, 1906-7.
- 827 Maryland Institute for the Promotion of Mechanic Arts, Announcement of, 1910.
- 859 Milwaukee, Board of School Directors, Report, 1908.
- 829 Milwaukee School of Trades, Prospectus, 1909-1910.
- 1854 Minimum Requirements for Approval for Free High Schools and Academies, Maine State Educational Department.
- 1591 "Opportunity of the High School," Hyatt, California Educational Department, 1910.
- 317 "Organization and Management of Trade Schools," Shrigley, Atlanta, Ga., 1908.
- 855 Penn Normal Industrial and Agricultural School, Report, South Carolina, 1909-1910.
- 839 Preliminary Report of the Committee of Seven, North Dakota Educational Association.
- 352 Reports of Industrial Education Commission, Mass.
- 1592 Report of the Committee on the Plan of Industries in Public Education, National Educational Association, 1910.
- 1593 Report of the Committee of Ten. N. S. P. I. E.
- 845 Report of Industrial Education Commission, New Jersey.
- 1243 Report American Foundrymens' Association.
- 844 Report of the Committee of Industrial Education, Wisconsin, 1901.
- 305 School of Industrial Art, Circular Philadelphia, Pa., 1908-1909.
- 314 "Shoe Industry," N. S. P. I. E. Bulletin 8.
- 1522 Summary of Legislation Concerning Industrial Education, Elliott, American Association for Labor Legislation, 1909.
- 1602 "Supervision and the Teaching of the Manual Arts in the High School," Burnham, Mass., State Board of Education.
- 301 Symposium, N. S. P. I. E. Bulletin B.
- 824 The Murray State School of Agriculture, Announcement, Tishomingo, Oklahoma, 1909.
- 857 "The Next Step in Agricultural Education," Davenport, Ill., 1908.
- 304 "To what Extent May Commercial and Industrial Training be Properly Included in the Grammar Course?" Rowe, Baltimore, Md., 1908.

LIBRARY NUMBER

- 315 "Vocational Training and Trade Teaching in the Public Schools," Haney, American Academy of Political and Social Science, 1909.
- 842 Vocational School, Albany, New York State Educational Department.
- 320 "What the Industrial Education Bill Does," N. E. Homestead, 1909.
- 861 William Penn High School for Girls, Philadelphia, Announcement, 1909.
- 828 Winona Technical Institute, Report of, 1909, Indianapolis, Ind.
- 866 "Work in Secondary Schools having Industrial Courses," N. H. Dept. of Public Instruction, 1908.

Chart Showing the Difference in Wages Earned by Boys Having Shop Training Only and Those Having Technical High School Training.

Prepared by George E. Fellows.



The line representing the shop trained boy begins at the bottom of the chart at the age of fourteen years a little below the line representing four dollars per week. It rises regularly toward the line showing twelve dollars per week opposite the column showing the age of twenty-five years. It then slants off reaching a maximum of about thirteen dollars per week at a little over the age of twenty-five years and continues indefinitely at that level.

The line representing the technically trained boy does not begin until the age of eighteen. It rises rapidly and steadily reaching thirty-one dollars per week at the age between twenty-five and twenty-six years and is still pointing upward.

CHAPTER II.

REPORT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

Statistics.

The municipal and school officers of the several towns have made the returns required by law. These are reported in full in the several tables of the appendix, which is a part of this report. The following is a summary of statistics for common schools, together with a similar summary for 1909, repeated here for purposes of comparison:

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY—COMMON SCHOOLS.

I. OF SCHOLARS AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

	1909.	1910.	Increase.	Decrease.
Whole number of persons in the state between the ages of five and twenty-one	212,329	213,123	794	-
Whole number of different scholars attending school	132,948	132,592	-	356
Average registered attendance per term	112,818	113,960	1,142	-
Average daily attendance per term	97,132	96,798	-	334

II. LENGTH OF SCHOOLS.

Average length for year	29w 1d	31w 2d	2w 1d	-
Aggregate number of weeks for year ..	134,456	147,147	12,691	-

III. TEACHERS.

Number of different teachers employed during year	6,792	6,005	113	-
Number continued in same school during year.....	2,613	2,767	154	-
Number who had had previous experience	5,757	5,795	38	-
Number who were graduates of normal schools	1,678	1,683	5	-
Number holding state certificates.....	1,194	1,508	314	-
Number who attended teachers' meetings	3,202	3,295	33	-
Number who attended summer schools for teachers	551	568	17	-

Average wages of male teachers per month	\$12.19	\$43.25	\$1.06	-
Average wages of female teachers per week	\$7.93	\$8.31	\$.38	-
Amount paid for teachers' services and board and janitors' services	\$1,400,458	\$1,587,628	\$97,170	-

IV. TEXT-BOOKS, SCHOOL LIBRARIES AND SCHOOL APPLIANCES.

Amount expended for free text-books ..	\$111,283	\$118,541	\$7,258	-
Number of schools having libraries	761	831	120	-
Amount expended for new buildings, repairs, insurance and school appliances	\$430,668	\$480,407	\$49,799	-
Value of schoolroom and schoolyard improvements not paid for by towns ..	\$6,898	\$7,030	\$132	-

V. NUMBER AND CHARACTER OF SCHOOLS.

Whole number of schools in state.....	4,624	4,602	38	-
Number of graded schools	2,253	2,222	-	31
Number of ungraded schools	2,371	2,440	69	-
Number of schools located in rural communities	2,613	2,644	31	-
Number of different pupils registered in rural schools	51,853	52,114	261	-
Number of schools located in villages ..	1,202	1,183	-	19
Number of different pupils registered in village schools	45,543	44,763	-	780
Number of schools located in cities	809	833	24	-
Number of different pupils registered in city schools	35,552	35,715	163	-
Number of schools having active School Improvement Leagues	527	507	70	-

VI. NUMBER AND CONDITION OF SCHOOLHOUSES.

Number of schoolhouses in state.....	3,827	3,822	-	5
Number reported in good condition ...	3,331	3,196	-	135
Number supplied with flags	2,658	2,806	148	-
Number built during the year	41	39	-	2
Cost of same	\$326,997	\$278,162	-	\$48,835
Estimated value of all school property ..	\$6,725,337	\$7,309,494	\$584,157	-

VII. RESOURCES AND EXPENDITURES.

Amounts available from town treasuries	\$1,175,948	\$1,105,323	-	\$70,625
Amounts available from state treasury ..	\$840,128	\$876,249	\$36,121	-
Amounts derived from local funds	\$41,891	\$39,725	-	\$2,166
Total school resources (school fund proper)	\$2,060,028	\$2,021,397	-	\$38,631
Amount expended for new schoolhouses	\$326,997	\$278,162	-	\$48,835
Amount expended for insurance, repairs, apparatus, etc.	\$103,611	\$229,297	\$125,686	-
Amount expended for free text-books ..	\$111,283	\$118,541	\$7,258	-
Amount expended for local superintendence	\$70,171	\$72,940	\$2,769	-
Total expenditures for common schools ..	\$2,368,899	\$2,547,493	\$178,693	-
Amount of common school fund voted by towns	\$1,108,448	\$962,633	-	\$145,765
Amount raised per scholar	\$5.17	\$4.51	-	\$0.66

For tuition in secondary schools
\$23,479

For instruction in academies under
contract with towns \$37,541.

For superintendence \$72,940.

For free text-books \$118,541.

For repairs, insurance, apparatus and
appliances \$229,297.

For new buildings \$251,110.

For instruction in high schools
\$353,540.

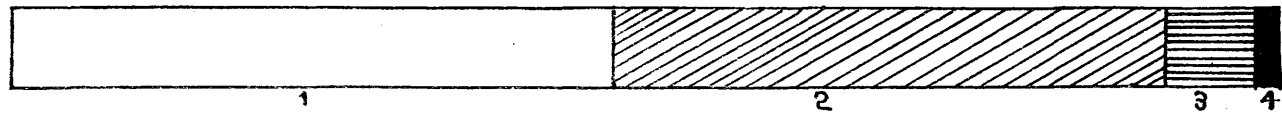
For common schools \$1,875,605.

CHART showing total expenditures of
state and towns for maintenance of ele-
mentary and secondary schools for the
year ending July 1, 1910.
Total, \$3,028,931.

FIGURE I.

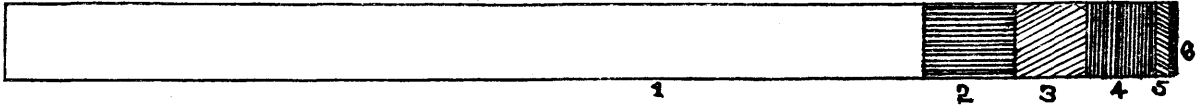
COMMON SCHOOL FUND.

CHART showing proportions of items under resources and expenditures.



Resources \$2,021,297.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. From amounts raised by towns. | 3. From unexpended balances 1909. |
| 2. From state funds. | 4. From other sources. |



Expenditures \$1,875,605.

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. For wages and board. | 4. For conveyance of pupils. |
| 2. For fuel. | 5. For tuition and board of pupils. |
| 3. For janitors' services. | 6. For overdrafts of 1909. |

FIGURE II.

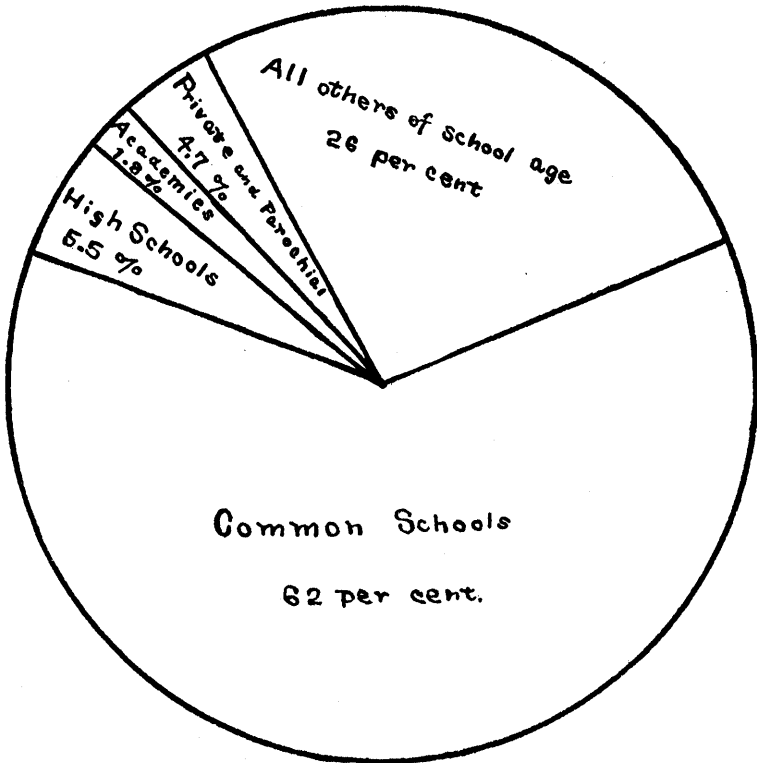


CHART showing proportionate distribution of persons of school age (5-21 years) for the year ending July 1, 1910.

Rural Schools	Village Schools	City Schools
39.2 %	32.8 %	26.8 %

CHART showing proportionate distribution of common school pupils.

FIGURE III.

CHART showing distribution of pupils by grades in graded elementary schools and by classes in secondary schools. Total enrollment in graded elementary schools as indicated 78,379; enrollment in ungraded schools not indicated 47,271.

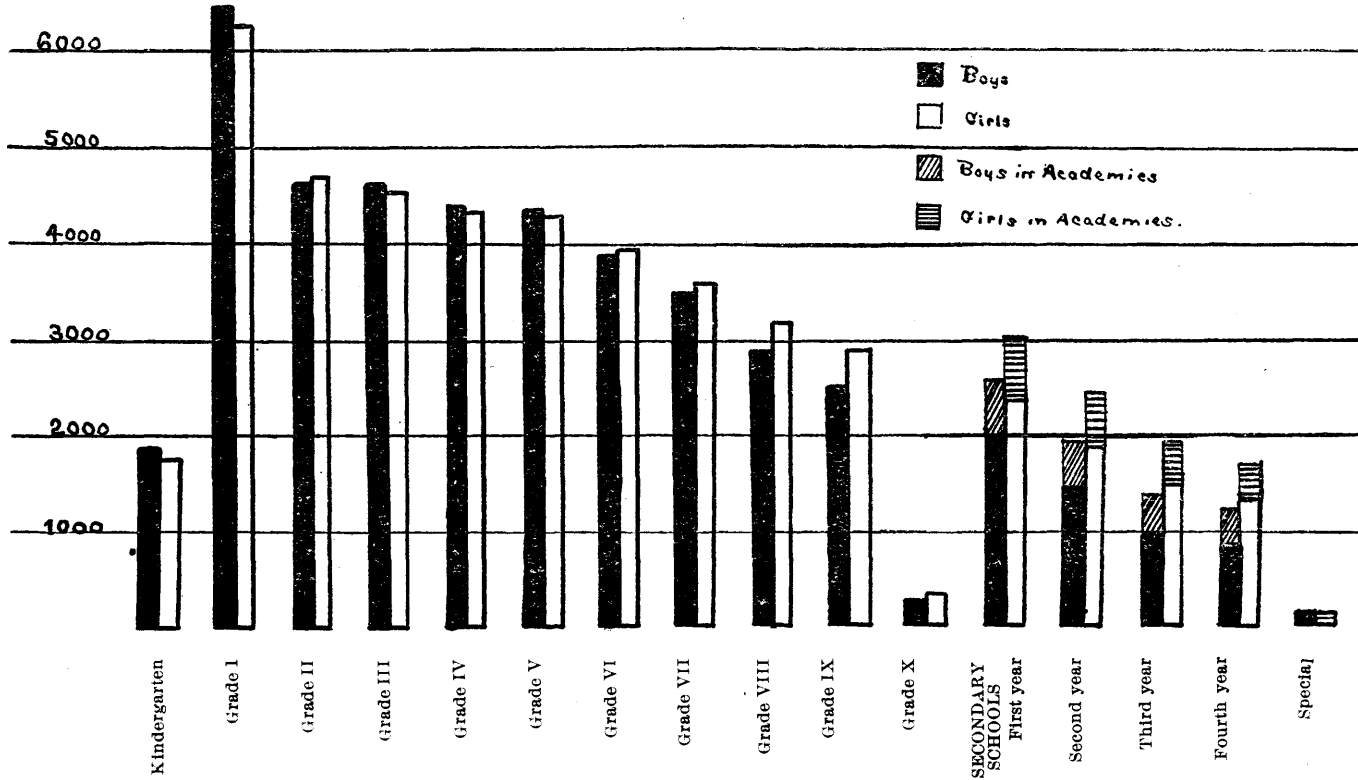


FIGURE IV.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

Statistics.

A detailed statement of the high school and academy returns may be found in tables no. IX to XVIII of the appendix. The following summary of the statistics is given in comparison with similar figures for the preceding year:

* SUMMARIES AND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS.

I. NUMBER AND LENGTH.

	1909.		1910.		Increase.	Decrease.
Number of free high schools receiving State aid	219		178		-	41
Number established by towns	217		178		-	39
Number established by precincts	2		-		-	2
Total number of weeks	7,119		6,121		-	998
Average number of weeks to each school	32w 4d		35w 1d		2w 2d	-

II. ATTENDANCE.

Number of scholars registered	13,862		11,686		-	2,176
Average attendance	11,889		10,157		-	1,732
Per cent of average attendance .....	.86		.86		-	-
Number attending from town in which school is located	12,524		10,577		-	1,947
Number attending from other towns ..	1,338		1,109		-	229
Number of boys enrolled	5,982		4,990		-	992
Number of girls enrolled	7,880		6,704		-	1,176

III. TEACHERS.

Number of male teachers employed..	270		216		-	54
Number of female teachers employed ..	339		336		-	53
Average wages of male teachers per month	\$86.75		\$91.06		\$4.31	-
Average wages of female teachers per week	\$12.13		\$12.03		-	\$0.10

*The 1909 statistics included secondary school statistics of towns contracting with academies within the towns. In the statistics for the current year a separate tabulation (see table XI) has been made for these towns and the figures shown in this summary for 1910 include only those of free high schools maintained under the provisions of the Act for the Improvement of Free High Schools.

ACADEMIES, INSTITUTES AND SEMINARIES.

I. NUMBER AND LENGTH.

	1909.	1910.	Increase.	Decrease.
Whole number of schools reporting ..	41	45	4	-
Total number of weeks	1,404	1,676	272	-
Average number of weeks to each school	35 $\frac{1}{2}$	37	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	-

II. ATTENDANCE.

Number of pupils enrolled	3,624	3,998	374	-
Average attendance	3,079	3,399	320	-
Whole number in English course	1,761	1,875	114	-
Average number in English course	1,570	1,648	78	-
Whole number in college preparatory course	1,438	1,670	232	-
Average number in college preparatory course	1,334	1,513	179	-
Whole number in training course for teachers	197	195	-	2
Average number in training course for teachers	162	176	14	-
Whole number in manual training course	-	105	-	-
Whole number in domestic science course	-	8	-	-
Whole number in agricultural course ..	-	24	-	-
Number pursuing secondary school studies	3,356	3,646	290	-
Average number pursuing secondary school studies	2,932	3,166	234	-
Number resident pupils pursuing secondary school studies	1,780	1,957	177	-
Number non-resident pupils pursuing secondary school studies	1,576	1,689	113	-
Whole number graduated present year ..	540	578	38	-
Number intending to enter Maine colleges	142	186	44	-
Number intending to enter other colleges	41	50	9	-
Number intending to enter technical schools	15	15	-	-
Number intending to enter institutions not heretofore mentioned	71	106	35	-
Number who do not intend entering any higher institution of learning	221	221	-	-

III. TEACHERS.

Number of teachers including principal ..	188	219	31	-
Average wages of male teachers per month	-	\$99.53	-	-
Average wages of female teachers per week	-	\$13.02	-	-

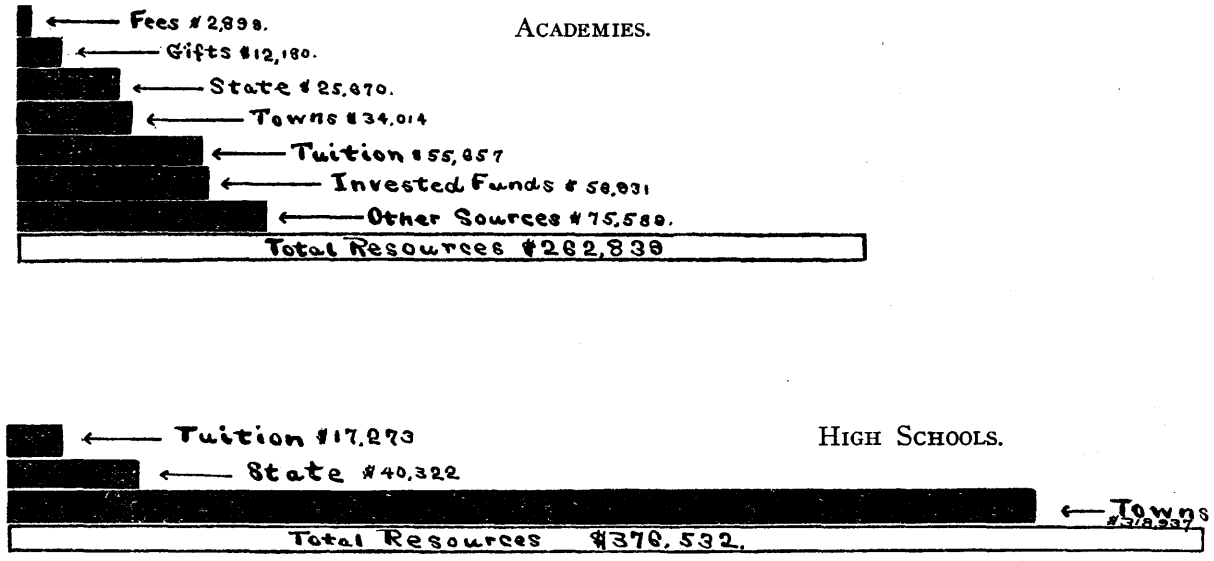


CHART showing resources of high schools and academies with proportionate parts of each.

FIGURE V.

ACADEMIES.

CHART showing distribution of secondary school pupils by courses and proportionate number in each course.

● Boys
○ Girls

HIGH SCHOOLS.

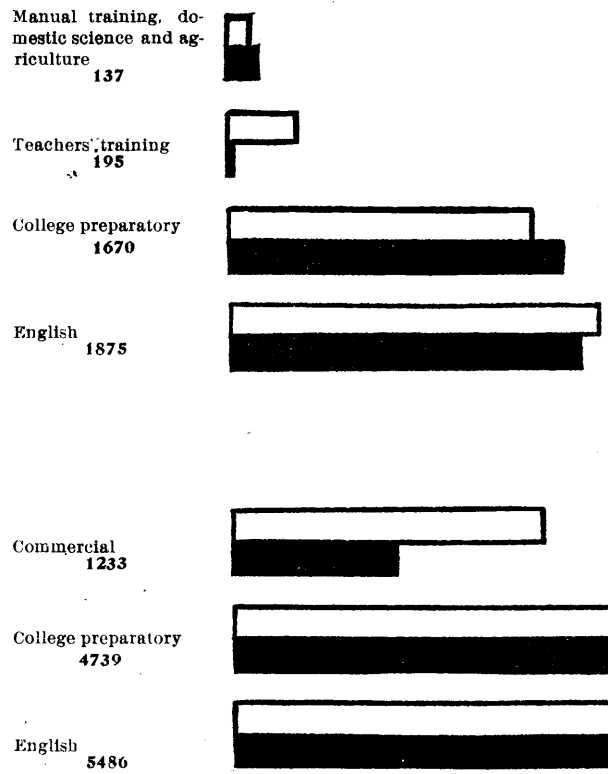


FIGURE VI.

Approval of Secondary School Courses.

The legislation affecting secondary schools necessitated certain specific modifications in the plan and method of approval of schools of this grade. The law provides for three classes of high schools. The classification is based upon the fulfilling of four general conditions:

1. A minimum expenditure for instruction.
2. The maintenance of a minimum teaching force.
3. A minimum length of school year.
4. The adoption of an approved course of study.

Legal Requirements of Each Class.

To meet the legal requirements of Class A a school must maintain at least one approved course of study through four years of thirty-six weeks each and of standard grade. It must provide an approved laboratory equipment. At least two teachers must give their full time to the teaching of secondary school subjects and the town maintaining such a school must appropriate and expend for instruction therein at least eight hundred and fifty dollars annually, exclusive of tuition.

To meet the legal requirements of Class B one approved course of study must be maintained through at least two years of thirty-six weeks each of standard grade, together with approved equipment. The town maintaining such a school must appropriate and expend annually at least five hundred dollars for instruction exclusive of tuition.

To meet the legal requirements of Class C a school must maintain at least one approved course of study through four years of thirty weeks each. The town maintaining such a school must appropriate and expend at least four hundred and fifty dollars annually exclusive of tuition.

Tuition Provisions and Reimbursements.

The tuition liabilities of towns in which high schools are maintained are determined by the law as follows:

(1) A town maintaining a high school approved in Class A shall not be obliged to pay tuition of scholars attending school elsewhere.

(2) A town maintaining a high school approved in Class

B shall not be obliged to pay tuition for any pupil until he has completed the first two years of the course and for only two years of subsequent work.

(3) A town maintaining a Class C school shall be obliged to pay tuition for such portion of a four years' course as may be determined by the state superintendent of public schools.

The reimbursement to the towns maintaining an approved school under these conditions is on the basis of two-thirds of the amount paid for instruction therein, but in no case may more than five hundred dollars be paid to a town in one year. The same proportion of reimbursement is made in cases of tuition.

The law further provides that all schools of a secondary grade receiving state aid shall be inspected annually under the direction of the state superintendent of public schools.

The enactment of the legislature in 1903, providing for the payment of tuition in secondary schools of those students who reside in towns that do not support standard grade secondary schools, was the final step in making school instruction absolutely free to all youth of the state up to the point of entrance to college. Notwithstanding the fact that this legislation created certain problems affecting the relationships between towns, the effect of the law has been most wholesome and has resulted in the marked extension of educational opportunity.

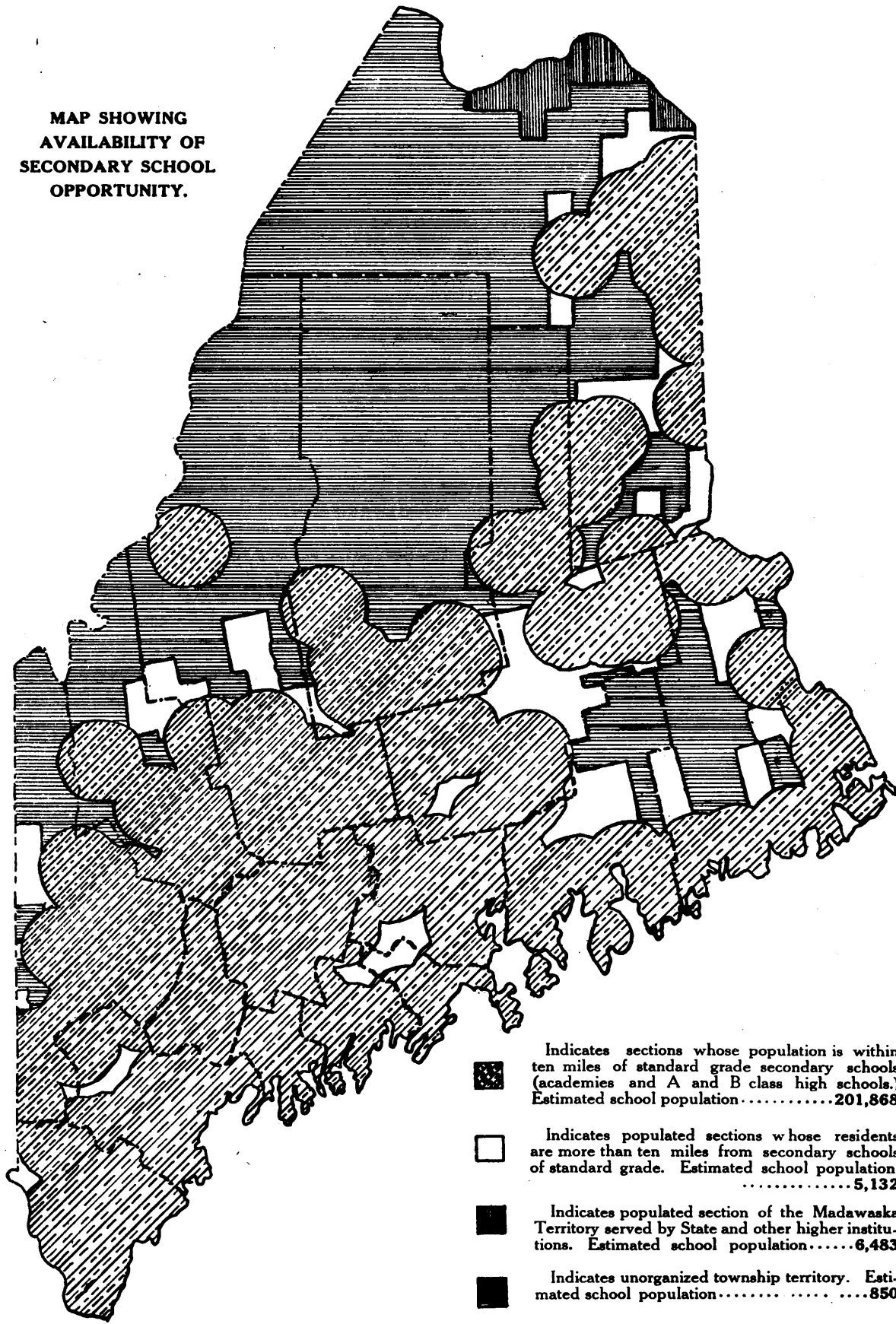
Under the amendments made by the legislature of 1909 and with inspection of the schools it is believed that the causes of dissatisfaction, which have been chiefly local, will disappear.

It is of interest to note that secondary school courses of standard grade are now within comparatively easy accessibility of nearly all the youth of the state. The map presented herewith (Fig. VIII) indicates the distribution of such secondary school privileges with respect to the school population.

Courses of Study.

The conditions of approval under the various classes necessitated the determination of certain specific requirements relative to the course of study and equipment. These requirements were formulated after carefully considering the courses of study which seemed best suited to meet the needs of the pupils

**MAP SHOWING
AVAILABILITY OF
SECONDARY SCHOOL
OPPORTUNITY.**



of the secondary schools and at the same time disturb as little as possible the arrangement of courses in well established schools. Two basal courses, English and college preparatory, were arranged. Upon the adoption of either, secondary schools are classified for purposes of tuition or of state aid.

It should be noted that a school may offer for approval either the English or the college preparatory course, or both. In the case of the college preparatory course the requirements of the Maine colleges have been carefully considered. The certification privilege is determined by the individual college or by agreement of several colleges. State approval of a college preparatory course does not imply this privilege.

The courses issued allow reasonable latitude to school authorities in making adjustments to meet local conditions, yet demand that there shall be a reasonable degree of unity in the four years' work.

Supplementary to these basal courses several courses designed to meet special needs, primarily the vocational or industrial demands, were prepared.

Science Equipment.

Specific requirements are made for the equipment of science departments where the major sciences, physics and chemistry, are to be taught.

It should be noted that the law frees a town maintaining a Class B school from tuition liabilities for the first two years' work thus placing the work of those years upon the same grade as that of the Class A schools. The course of study, the standard of work and the equipment for the sciences offered must be, for the first two years, equal in all respects to that of the Class A school. A Class B school is, therefore, a school of standard grade for the first two years.

The detailed requirements both for courses of study and for science equipment are printed in a pamphlet entitled "Minimum Requirements for Approval."

The work of approval necessitated a careful consideration of courses submitted and provision for equipment. In the majority of cases both could be accepted with slight changes or additions. In a limited number of cases provisional approval, depending upon the completion of equipment, adjust-

ment of course, or other specific conditions was granted. In each of these cases it seemed incompatible with the spirit of the law absolutely to refuse approval. The inspectory reports and other returns from these schools show that an earnest effort was made on the part of the school authorities to meet all the requirements of the state department. In all 157 high schools were approved, 99 in Class A, 25 in Class B and 33 in Class C.

Approval of Academies.

Earlier legislation provided that incorporated academies should receive state aid on condition that certain courses approved by the state superintendent of public schools were maintained. Furthermore the law providing for the tuition of pupils in secondary schools requires that the school wherein a tuition pupil attends shall maintain at least one approved course four years in length. Hence the same conditions of approval were demanded of academies as of high schools with this exception. The academy in order to become a recipient of state aid must maintain one four years' course. The academy, therefore, when approved corresponds to the Class A high school as to course of study, minimum teaching force and equipment. By thus meeting the requirements of the law relating to state aid to academies and of that relating to the tuition of pupils a uniform standard was determined for all secondary schools seeking aid from the state.

On the same general basis, approval was granted to academies seeking state aid for additional courses or for the special courses provided in Section 102, P. L. 1909. For this purpose there were arranged suggested courses in manual training, domestic science, agriculture and teachers' training. These courses it should be observed, are given only as supplementary to a basal course which may be the English or the college preparatory course.

Under this general method of approval forty-eight academies were accepted. Of these twelve receive no aid from the State, but are approved for tuition purposes.

The Inspection of Secondary Schools.

The legal provision for the inspection of secondary schools receiving state aid placed at the disposal of the state superintendent of schools means of obtaining information regarding these schools which will be of great value to the progress of secondary schools in the state. The purpose of the inspection was made two-fold, (a) to investigate conditions under which the pupils were working and (b) to confer with school officials and teachers for the purpose of giving suggestions and help. The former provision was determined by the spirit of the law providing for inspection, the latter was felt to be a natural and important part of the work of the visiting official.

The report made to the state superintendent of public schools by the inspector included data upon the following items:

1. Physical condition: building, heating system, ventilation.
2. Equipment: library, science laboratory and apparatus.
3. Organization: mode of admission, faculty organization.
4. Attendance.
5. Courses of study.
6. Recitations observed.
7. Internal relations: spirit of school, management and discipline, spirit of community.

Data from Inspectory Report.

The approval of courses and the inspectory reports made it clear that a large number of schools were fully meeting the requirements of the state. The equipment and the quality of the teaching observed were satisfactory. Every reasonable effort was being made to maintain a high standard of work. Attention was being given in the administration of the schools to meet the local needs of the communities. The schools in which deficiencies appeared may be divided into two groups. In one group may be included schools which were established after the law went into effect. In several instances the school authorities in making financial provision had failed to provide for adequate equipment owing to absence of the specific requirements at the time of the annual town meeting. In the second group the deficiencies arose through irregularities in the course of study, especially the inclusion of common school

subjects, and through insufficient teaching force. Each case of apparent deficiency was considered on its own merits and was decided with a view to the highest welfare of the school. In a few instances the schools were approved in a lower class where less was demanded for equipment or expenditure for instruction. In several of these cases it is the intention of the school authorities to advance the school during the ensuing year.

Needs of Secondary Schools.

The results of approval and inspection revealed certain fundamental needs not common to all the secondary schools, but occurring with such frequency as to affect the system in general. These deficiencies may be summarized as follows:

Preparation of pupils:—The preparation of pupils for high schools is seriously complicated in many towns by local conditions. The problem of the rural school enters very largely into this matter. The difficulties encountered are those of the work of inadequately trained teachers, of a tendency on the part of parents to desire pupils to be hurried into the high schools before they are well prepared to take up the work offered there and the lack of carefully systematized work in the last years of the common school course.

Preparation of teachers:—It is evident that increasing recognition is being given collegiate training as a necessary qualification for secondary school teachers. That such a qualification, or its equivalent, should become universal is most desirable. Proper allowance would necessarily be made for those teachers who by reason of long experience and continued effort for self improvement have the breadth of view and the scholastic attainments which the college course should provide. As the secondary school curriculum is becoming broader in its scope and is giving greater attention to the needs of the individual, increasing demands are placed upon the instructor especially in power to adapt the subject matter to needs of the student. Such power can come only through a thorough knowledge of the subject and a breadth of view.

Immediately associated with this matter is the need of professional training on the part of teachers in secondary schools. Comparatively few of the secondary school teachers have had training which corresponds to that so generally demanded of

common school teachers. This circumstance arises from several conditions. It has been felt that a college course, or its equivalent, should adequately equip the secondary school teacher for his work. Until within a very few years no opportunity has been offered for securing any courses in college that considered this phase of the teacher's preparation. The teaching profession has been regarded by a large majority of those who enter it as a stepping stone or a temporary bridge across a financial gap.

The need of some attention to the training of teachers is felt keenly by those who have followed carefully the methods employed in the class room. An opportunity is now provided in the colleges and the summer schools of the state for securing a measure of professional training. A teacher may at least become acquainted with the fundamental principles which underlie the methods of instruction and the psychology of adolescence.

The frequent changes in the teaching force constitute a serious hindrance to a high standard of work. Increase in salary and more favorable conditions under which to work are probably the chief reasons for changes. In most instances the salary advance is comparatively slight and would be offset by the greater worth of the teacher to the school.

A broader curriculum:—A fuller recognition must be given by the curriculum to the needs of the individual students. If the curriculum is now overcrowded those subjects must give place which benefit the fewest number and which are least concerned in the preparation of the boy or girl for life. Not only must the courses directly minister to the pupil's probable vocation, the subject matter taught must be selected with thoughtful regard for the student's needs. For the administration of such courses the teaching profession will be required to do much original and constructive thinking and must work not too greatly trammled by precedent or specific requirements.

The following is a summary of facts relating to courses, recitation periods and teaching force of secondary schools:

SUMMARY.

	Class A.	Class B.	Class C.	Acade- mies.
Number of boys in college preparatory course	1,879	96	27	877
Number of girls in college preparatory course	2,472	189	58	793
Number of boys in English course ----	2,157	141	327	914
Number of girls in English course ----	2,413	179	435	961
Number of boys in other courses.....	419	9	8	87
Number of girls in other courses.....	786	3	15	245
Number of schools with one teacher --	-	14	24	-
Number of schools with two teachers ..	61	12	8	11
Number of schools with three teachers	17	-	2	6
Number of schools with four teachers	14	-	-	10
Number of schools with five to seven teachers	18	-	-	11
Number of schools with eight or more teachers	8	-	-	8
Number of schools with aver. recitation period 25m. or less.....	-	-	13	-
Number of schools with aver. recitation period of 30m.	22	16	15	4
Number of schools with aver. recitation period of 35m.	15	2	-	6
Number of schools with aver. recitation period of 40m.	54	7	4	13
Number of schools with aver. recitation period of 45m.	27	1	2	25
Number of principals who are college graduates	112	16	15	45
Number of principals who have partial college course	3	0	5	2
Number of principals who are normal school graduates	-	-	7	-
Number of principals who are high school or academy graduates	3	2	16	1

SCHOOLS IN UNORGANIZED TOWNSHIPS.

In table XXI of the appendix will be found the usual detailed statistics of schools in unorganized townships showing their location by counties, the school population and attendance of each township, and the expenses incurred in each.

In the following statement are given summaries of those statistics and also of others compiled from school registers and other reports, and comparison thereof is made with those of the preceding year.

STATISTICAL SUMMARIES.

I. NUMBER, SCHOOL POPULATION, ETC., OF TOWNSHIPS.

	1909.	1910.
Number of townships reported	58	58
Number of children of school age	972	814
Number of townships in which schools were maintained ..	42	47
Number in which children were schooled in other townships or towns	11	11
Number of different schools maintained	54	59

II. SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND ATTENDANCE.

Number of children schooled	562	641
Number in home schools	527	599
Number schooled elsewhere	35	42
Average daily attendance	400	583

III. OF TEACHERS.

Number of different teachers employed	60	78
Number who had previously taught	50	60
Number who had not taught before	10	18
Average number of terms previously taught	10	7
Average weekly wages including board	\$8.11	\$6.70

IV. OF SPECIAL SCHOOL CONDITIONS.

Number of pupils not absent one-half day	130	305
Number of cases of tardiness	885	1,350
Number of citizens visiting schools	230	499
Number of pupils pursuing secondary studies	15	15
Number studying algebra	14	15
Number studying botany	1	1
Number studying civil government	-	2
Number studying Latin	3	2

V. FISCAL.

Amount paid for wages and board of teachers	\$8,013	\$11,050
Amount paid for transportation of scholars	420	782
Amount paid for tuition	384	402
Amount paid for board of children	684	947
Amount paid for fuel, janitors, etc.	511	794
Total paid for instruction	\$10,012	\$18,955
Amount paid agents, services, etc.	709	1,208
Amount paid for books and supplies	466	1,450
Total expenditures for year	\$10,694	\$16,613

Comments.

It will be noticed that the number of townships the children in which received schooling at public expense, was five more than for the preceding year; that the number of children of school age was 142 more, and that the number of townships in which schools were maintained, and the number of dif-

ferent schools maintained, were five more. These increases are due in part to the establishing of schools in townships in which none had heretofore been maintained, and in part to the re-establishing of schools in townships in which, for local reasons, no schools had been maintained the preceding year. In both respects the increases shown are in the nature of permanent gains

The number of children schooled was 79 more than in the preceding year, the number in home schools 72 more, and in the schools of adjoining townships or towns, 7 more, and the average daily attendance was 78 more. These facts indicate that the five newly established or re-established schools were larger than the average of those of the preceding year and of the year reported. They were schools averaging 15 pupils enrolled and 12 in daily attendance, while the averages in these respects of all these schools were 10 and 8 respectively. Evidently the growth of the system shown, was by increase of schools of the better class.

The number of different teachers employed during the year in the 59 schools maintained, was 18 more than in the schools of the preceding year, the number of those who had previously taught was but 10 more, and their average experience was three terms less, while the average of weekly wages paid was 59 cents more. Evidently comparatively fewer teachers than in the preceding year, continued in charge of the same schools through the year, and a somewhat larger percentage of those employed were inexperienced. Such conditions were doubtless due in considerable part to the fact that the length of the school year was increased by six weeks, and the number of terms of school was three instead of two as had been the case heretofore. The natural tendency of these changes would be to increase the number of changes in teachers from term to term. These same changes would also naturally lead to employment of a larger number of inexperienced teachers, because of the difficulty found in getting fit teachers for these schools by reason of their location, and the isolated character of the communities among which they are located. The same causes would, also, conduce to increase of average wages paid.

That the schools did not suffer from the conditions just noted, in the quality of work done, is more than indicated by

the facts showing those school conditions which are specially indicative of the quality of their instruction and management, and of the measure of local interest in their work. That there were 305 cases of pupils in constant daily attendance during the year—an average of 100 per term, or of one of every six pupils in the schools, speaks well of both the work of teachers and the interest of parents. That there were 500 visits of citizens during the year, an average of 166 per term is strong evidence of the local interest in their work, existing in the communities for whose benefit they are maintained; nor are these evidences lessened in their significance by the records of tardiness shown, when that record is viewed in the light of local conditions of travel existing in most of these townships. As to the scope of the instruction given much is indicated by the statistics showing the number of pupils pursuing secondary school studies, and the studies pursued. That 15 pupils pursued such studies in their home schools, while six others, taking advantage of the law providing for free tuition pursued these studies in academies is very strong evidence that these schools are ceasing to be specially elementary in scope of instruction, and that some of them are already on equal footing in this respect with the better of the rural schools of the towns.

The notable increase shown in the total cost of instruction \$3,943, is readily accounted for by the increases in number and length of schools maintained and in average wages paid teachers. The same is true of the increase in amounts paid for agents' services and expenses. The larger increase in the amounts paid for books and supplies is in part due to increase in number of schools, but in larger part to provisions made for furnishing all these schools, hereafter, with school libraries, wall maps, supplementary reading matter, and appliances for better primary teaching. As the funds available at the close of the last fiscal year were sufficient for this purpose, it was deemed wise to make these provisions.

Taken in their entirety, all the facts shown in the foregoing statistics, give evidence of a satisfactory year's work in giving the children in these unorganized townships, so far as practicable, equality of educational privileges with those of the towns, and when it is remembered that the year's work reported is only the eleventh during which these schools have been in

operation, the showing made, both of actual and comparative conditions, ought to be more than satisfactory.

Suggested Improvements.

The present requirements regarding payment of per capita taxes may well be repealed. These taxes are often difficult of collection, often burdensome and inequitable. If a local tax is to be required as a condition to the establishing and maintenance of schools in any township, it should be a poll tax assessed upon all male inhabitants of the township, and some effective means of collection should be provided.

Special efficient skilled supervision of the schools is needed. To bring them to that degree of excellence which their character as state schools would seem to demand, such supervision is necessary, and it can not be given under present provisions of law. Through such supervision only can better teachers be secured, more permanently employed, and more skillfully directed in their work. Through it only can the schools be properly supplied with necessary helps to teaching, and practical uniform courses of study be put into operation. In fine there is pressing need of putting these schools as a system under the charge of a competent special superintendent.

STATE EXAMINATIONS.

This report of state examinations given and certificates granted is for the year ending July 1, 1910. These examinations have been as follows:

1. Those given, as heretofore, at the summer schools of 1909 at Castine, Farmington, Fort Kent, Gorham and Presque Isle.
2. The regular annual examination of candidates for superintendence grade and for teachers' certificates, given August 27, 1909 at Auburn, Augusta, Bangor, Bath, Belfast, Bluehill, Biddeford, Calais, Canaan, Cherryfield, Deer Isle, Eastport, Ellsworth, Foxcroft, Fort Fairfield, Houlton, Milbridge, Portland, South Paris, Skowhegan, and Van Buren.
3. A semi-annual examination for certificates of superintendence grade given January 28, 1910, at Augusta.
4. A semi-annual examination of candidates for teachers'

certificates given February 25, 1910, at Ashland, Augusta, Bangor, Bluehill, Bridgton, Houlton, Madison, Southwest Harbor and Portland.

For these examinations 537 candidates registered, of whom 465 appeared for examination and 390 passed successfully the tests given and received certificates. In addition to these 170 certificates were regularly issued to the members of the graduating classes of the state normal schools, and special certificates have been granted to 277 former graduates whose certificates regularly granted at graduation had ceased to be valid, or who had graduated prior to the issuing of state certificates. The aggregate number of certificates, therefore, issued during the year to teachers and superintendents was 838.

In accordance with the provisions of law made by the last legislature that superintendents of unions of towns and of cities and towns having fifty or more schools, must hold certificates of superintendence grade, in addition to those granted as results of examinations as above, 57 certificates of said grade were issued to those who had already served as superintendents for one year or more and who were in possession of state teachers' certificates previously granted. The grand total of certificates issued during the year, therefore, is 895.

The statistical facts above stated are shown more in detail in the following tables in which are given in addition to those facts, the numbers examined and certificated in the several counties and normal schools together with the grades of certificates granted and the periods for which granted.

STATE TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES.

Counties and Normal Schools.	No. registered for examination.	No. taking examination.	Number passed.	Grades of certificates.				Period for which certificates were granted.			
				Public School.	Grammar or Common School.	Common School.	Primary or Common School.	Life.	Five years.	Three years.	One year.
Androscoggin -----	23	19	19	6	8	2	3	10	4	4	1
Aroostook -----	109	94	57	1	11	17	23	15	10	14	18
Cumberland -----	25	21	20	1	11	5	3	4	5	6	5
Franklin -----	6	6	5	-	2	1	2	2	2	-	1
Hancock -----	97	87	70	1	12	32	25	9	17	20	24
Kennebec -----	26	20	20	-	5	5	10	5	5	3	7
Knox -----	19	17	16	1	11	2	2	8	4	2	2
Lincoln -----	6	6	6	-	2	4	-	-	2	2	2
Oxford -----	24	22	19	-	4	10	5	5	5	2	7
Penobscot -----	39	33	32	1	5	15	11	7	3	5	17
Piscataquis -----	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	1
Sagadahoc -----	13	12	11	-	6	5	-	4	7	-	-
Somerset -----	26	33	29	2	5	12	10	7	6	5	11
Waldo -----	20	16	14	2	7	1	4	3	7	1	3
Washington -----	39	33	28	1	9	12	6	7	5	6	10
York -----	15	14	13	-	6	4	3	7	1	3	2
Castine Normal -----	111	111	111	4	93	12	2	58	32	16	5
Farmington Normal -----	154	154	154	6	135	13	-	73	32	31	18
Gorham Normal -----	143	143	143	1	79	45	18	38	36	29	40
Presque Isle Normal -----	29	29	29	2	12	10	5	5	12	5	7
Madawaska Training -----	11	11	11	-	2	8	7	-	-	-	11
	948	884	809	29	425	217	13	267	195	155	192

STATE SUPERINTENDENCE GRADE CERTIFICATES.

Examination.	No. registering.	No. taking exam.	No. passed.	Period for which certificates were granted.			
				Life.	5 years.	3 years.	1 year.
Aug. 27, 1909 -----	29	21	21	4	17	-	-
Jan. 23, 1910 -----	8	8	8	2	6	-	-
Specials -----	57	57	57	-	17	24	16
	94	86	86	6	40	24	16

As shown in the report of last year, the number of state teachers' certificates in force July 1, 1909, was 2,112, of these 297 ceased to be valid Jan. 1, 1910, by reason of term for which granted, but 60 of them were reissued and continued in force. The whole number in force, therefore, July 1, 1910, was 1,875, adding those issued this year, 809, the grand total of teachers' certificates now in force is 2,694. Adding the number of certificates of superintendence grade this year issued, 86, makes the total of 2,770 state certificates of all grades in force at the end of the year of which this is the report.

STATE SUMMER SCHOOLS.

As for the past three years the state summer schools have been held at the seats of the state normal schools. The courses of the schools included reviews of the branches taught in the common schools together with brief courses in the essentials of school methods, school management and school law. The work was especially planned to help teachers of limited training and experience and to be of practical service to teachers of rural schools.

In Aroostook County the summer school was expanded into a summer term of the normal school of six weeks with credit, to those attending, on the regular normal course.

The reports of the several summer schools follow :

FARMINGTON, MAINE, AUG. 1, 1910.

*Hon. Payson Smith, State Superintendent of Public Schools,
Augusta, Maine:*

DEAR SIR:—The summer school for teachers at the Farmington Normal School for the year 1910 opened Monday, July 11 and continued three weeks. The following teachers conducted classes:

W. G. Mallett, School Management.

Virginia A. Porter, Advanced English, History with Methods, Geography with Methods.

L. Eleanor Cloudman, Drawing, Manual Training, Primary Reading.

Matilda B. Doland, Elementary and Advanced Arithmetic, Elementary English.

Maude Andrews, Elocution (for one week).

The number registered was sixty-two. Fifty-nine certificates of attendance were issued for regular attendance upon at least three courses. The number taking the state examination was twenty-seven. Among the teachers in attendance the three largest groups were: first, those wishing to prepare for the state examination which was given the last day of the term; second, teachers of several years' experience who wanted to review some subjects; and, third, young secondary school graduates wanting to make some preparation before entering upon their first term of school in the fall. The attendance was 25% less than the previous summer.

The following statistics were gathered:

Number registered	62
Average age	22.4 yrs.
Average teaching experience	92.7 weeks
Graduates of secondary schools	36
Graduates of normal schools	6
Number without teaching experience...	13

Respectfully submitted,

W. G. MALLETT, *Director.*

CASTINE, MAINE, JULY 30, 1910.

*Hon. Payson Smith, State Superintendent of Public Schools,
Augusta, Maine:*

DEAR SIR:—The summer school for teachers held at Eastern State Normal School opened July 11th, 1910, and continued three weeks. The school was under the instruction of the following teachers: Albert F. Richardson, School Management; Edward E. Philbrook, Geography and History; Miss Hattie A. Wiggin, Manual Training and Drawing; Mrs. Jennie C. Sweetser, Elementary and Advance English Grammar; Miss Elizabeth E. Thompson, Elementary and Advance Arithmetic; Miss Maude Andrews, Expression and Reading in Advance Grades (one week).

The total enrollment was 62. Forty-five of these have had experience in teaching, seven of them having taught fifteen years or more each. The average experience of the 45 has been more than seven years. At the close of the session 21 took the

state examination for teachers. The afternoons were devoted to recreation, consisting of walks and drives, and boating on the bay. Saturday, July 15, an excursion to the cottages of the Castine Alumni Association at Sandy Point was enjoyed by all who went. The location of Castine is especially fine for such a school, giving the students the benefit of an outing at a summer resort in connection with their study.

Respectfully submitted,

ALBERT F. RICHARDSON, *Director.*

GORHAM, MAINE, NOV. 1, 1910.

Hon. Payson Smith, State Superintendent of Schools, Augusta, Maine:

DEAR SIR:—The third session of the state summer school held at Gorham began July 11th and continued for three weeks. The instructors and the courses which they conducted were as follows: School Management with School Laws, Walter E. Russell; Geography with Methods, M. D. Carroll; History with Methods, M. D. Carroll; Methods in Primary Reading, Harriet F. Huson; Manual Training, John A. Backus; Drawing, Agnes C. Burr; Elementary English Grammar with Methods, M. Grace Fickett; Advanced English Grammar with Methods, M. Grace Fickett; Elementary Arithmetic with Methods, Gertrude L. Stone; Advanced Arithmetic with Methods, Gertrude L. Stone; Elocution (one week), Maude Andrews.

The total enrollment for the summer school was seventy and of this number fifty-seven took from one to five courses during the entire three weeks. Certificates were given for one hundred eighty-three courses distributed as follows:

School management and school laws	49
Geography	16
History	14
Primary reading	20
Manual training	14
Drawing	14
Elementary arithmetic	18
Advanced arithmetic	12
Elementary grammar	5
Advanced grammar	21

Of the total number enrolled fifty-three had taught, three were college graduates, fifteen were normal school graduates, and fifty-nine were high school graduates.

As has been the custom at the preceding sessions of the summer school here several instructive and recreative afternoon excursions were made. Those of especially instructive nature consisted of a trip to the Haskell Silk Mills at Westbrook, another to the Gorham Tannery, and another to the Portland Iron and Steel Works. One delightful evening entertainment was provided by the summer school, it consisted of vocal and instrumental music and an address upon school life at the Sarbonne by Miss Bertha Phillips Marvel. A social evening was spent at the home of the Principal of the normal school.

On the closing day of the summer school the state examination was taken by twenty-six teachers.

Respectfully submitted,

W. E. RUSSELL, *Director.*

EDUCATIONAL MEETINGS.

Teachers' Conventions.

In accordance with section 89 of Chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes, teachers' institutes have been held in all counties except Androscoggin, the state meeting in Lewiston taking the place of the meeting for that county. The statistics of attendance at these meetings are given in the twenty-third table of the appendix. Addresses on the subjects indicated were given at the several county meetings by persons from outside the counties as follows:

Principal W. E. Russell, Gorham:

"The Need of Variety in Expression."

"Individual Differences."

"Quiet Work for Primary Children in a Rural School."

Principal W. G. Mallett, Farmington:

"Uses of the Imagination."

"The Use of the Margin."

Principal A. F. Richardson, Castine:

"The Essentials of a Good School."

"Practical Psychology."

"The School."

- Superintendent J. A. McDougall, Portsmouth, N. H. :
 "English in the Common Schools."
- Superintendent Ernest C. Witham, Conway, N. H. :
 "How to Make Geography a Live Wire."
- Superintendent F. E. Spaulding, Newton, Mass. :
 "Industrial Education."
 "Securing Public Support for Public Schools."
- State Superintendent H. C. Morrison, Concord, N. H. :
 "Essentials in Public Schools."
 "High School Aims in New Hampshire."
- Superintendent George H. Whitcher, Berlin, N. H. :
 "A Practical System of Industrial Training."
- Superintendent C. A. Record, Haverhill, Mass. :
 "Successful Teaching."
- Professor Paul H. Hanus, Harvard University :
 "Industrial Education."
- Professor Frank D. Tubbs, Bates College :
 "Sights and Insights of Old Mexico."
 "Among the Stars."
- Professor Charles Davidson, University of Maine :
 "A Course of Study for Rural Schools."
- Professor Alfred W. Anthony, Bates College :
 "The Ends and Aims of Education."
- Professor R. J. Sprague, University of Maine :
 "Public School System and Social Problems."
- Professor W. T. Foster, Bowdoin College :
 "The Teacher's Compensation."
- Superintendent Prescott Keyes, Westbrook-Gorham :
 "What Constitutes a Good Grammar School."
- Superintendent Charles E. Tilton, Bangor :
 "Manual Training."
- Superintendent G. A. Stuart, Rockland-South Thomaston :
 "Industrial Education."
 "Reading in the Schools."
- Superintendent D. H. Perkins, Madison-Skowhegan :
 "Duties of Teachers Prescribed by Law."
- Superintendent John A. Cone, Brunswick-Topsham :
 "The Child of Today."
- Principal L. E. Moulton, Auburn :
 "Purpose of Public High Schools."

- Mr. A. W. Clark, Boston, Mass. :
 "The Common-place in Teaching Penmanship."
 "The Best Things for Beginners in Penmanship."
- Miss Katherine Aagerson, Gorham :
 "A Talk on Phonetics," with demonstration and discussion.
 "Aids in Primary Reading."
- Miss Jane Wilson Harris, Augusta :
 "Theory and Practice of School Gardening."
- Miss Lillian I. Lincoln, Farmington :
 "School Play."
 "Some Modern Methods of Teaching Reading."
 "Practical Suggestions for Rural Teachers."
 "Fitness for Teaching."
 "The Recitation."
- Miss Mary B. Bills, Castine :
 "Some Modern Methods of Teaching Reading."
 "Modern Systems of Reading."
- Doctor E. E. Philbrook, Castine :
 "Teaching Geography."
- Miss Nellie W. Harvey, Castine :
 "Fall Nature Study."
- Miss Maude Andrews, Augusta :
 "What Have We a Right to Expect in Oral Reading
 From Those Entering High Schools."
 "The Art of Expression."
- Miss Edith M. Patten, Quincy, Mass. :
 "Art."
- Principal Adelaide V. Finch, Lewiston :
 "Teaching Pupils How to Study."
- Clara M. Burleigh, Vassalboro :
 "English Grammar."
- Mr. Harry M. Wheeler, Augusta :
 "State Regulations and Restrictions on High Schools."
- Mr. Josiah W. Taylor, Augusta :
 "Principals and Parents."
- State Superintendent Payson Smith, Augusta :
 "The Efficient School."
 "The Obligations of a Community."
 "Education for Efficiency."

"The Next Forward Steps."

"Modern Rural Schools."

"A Practical Education."

The following persons from outside the state gave addresses before the Maine State Teachers' Association and the Maine Association of Preparatory Schools and Colleges at Lewiston, Oct. 28-29-30, 1909:

Superintendent William E. Chancellor, South Norwalk, Conn.:

"Limits of Democracy in Education."

Reverend Frank DeWitt Talmage, D. D., Philadelphia, Penn.:

"Is the World Growing Better?"

Doctor Frank E. Spaulding, Newton, Mass.:

"System and Individuality."

Professor Myron T. Scudder, New Brunswick, N. J.:

"Manual Arts in the Lower Grades."

Mr. Ossian Lang, New York City:

"The Common School as a Social Center."

Mrs. E. Graeme Graves, State Normal School, North Adams, Mass.:

"Creative Kindergarten Work."

Miss Helen E. Cleaves, Boston, Mass.:

"Relation of Design to Manual Training."

Frederick Whitney, State Normal School, Salem, Mass.:

"The Use of the Blackboard by the Grade Teacher."

Miss Lucy C. Bedlow, Supervisor of Drawing, New Bedford, Mass.:

"The Language Without Words."

Superintendent O. J. Kern, Winnebago County, Ill.:

"The Front Line of Country School Improvement."

President W. H. P. Faunce, Brown University, Providence, R. I.:

"General or Specific Training?"

Doctor D. O. S. Lowell, Head Master of Roxbury Latin School:

"The Teaching of the Classics."

Superintendents' Conference.

The second annual conference of school superintendents was held at Castine during the week of July 11. Nearly all the professional superintendents were in attendance throughout the session. The following program was carried out:

MONDAY EVENING, 7.30 TO 9.

General Topic, Business Aspects of School Supervision.

Opening Remarks, State Superintendent, Payson Smith.

The Superintendent as a Business Manager, Supt. Prescott Keyes, Westbrook-Gorham.

Securing Funds for School Support, Supt. H. M. Moore, Cumberland-Yarmouth-Falmouth-North Yarmouth.

Taking and Using the School Census, Supt. C. N. Perkins, Brewer-Hampden-Veazie.

Making and Preserving Attendance and Scholarship Records, Supt. Frances C. Jewett, Beddington-Cherryfield-Columbia Falls.

TUESDAY MORNING, 9 TO 12.

General Topic, Business Aspects of School Supervision (Continued.)

The Annual School Report for a Rural Town, Supt. I. A. Smith, Buckfield-Hartford-Summer.

Teachers' Reports for Rural Schools, Supt. F. E. McGouldrick, Bluehill-Brooklin-Sedgwick.

Teachers' Reports for Village and City Schools, Supt. J. M. Pike, Calais-Baring-Baileyville.

The Care of School Property, Supt. L. W. Gerrish, Caribou-Limestone; Supt. P. Therriault, Grand Isle-Frenchville-Madawaska-St. Agatha.

Question Box.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 1 TO 4.

General Topic, The Physical Welfare of the Child.

Medical Inspection of Schools—Its Objects, Supt. J. W. Lambert, Kennebunk-Kennebunkport.

Medical Inspection,—Its Results, Supt. H. H. Randall, Auburn.

The School's Place in the Fight Against Tuberculosis, Supt. B. E. Packard, Camden-Thomaston.

Secondary School Athletics, Their Place and Regulation, Supt. J. A. Cone, Brunswick-Topsham.

The Place of Play in Education, Supt. Agnes E. Steward, Abbot-Blanchard-Monson.

Cleanliness—The Duties of the Janitor, Supt. C. E. Ball, Bingham-Caratunk-Concord-Moscow-The Forks-West Forks.

TUESDAY EVENING—SOCIAL MEETING.

WEDNESDAY FORENOON, 8.30 TO 12.

General Topic, The Betterment of Rural Schools.

The School a Social Center, Supt. C. N. Flood, Winslow-Benton.

The Care of the Building, Supt. R. W. Martin, Frankfort-Winterport.

Good School Grounds, Supt. W. M. Teague, Union-Warren.

The Rural School Library, Supt. W. C. McCue, Cornish-Parsonsfield-Porter.

Rural School Grading, Supt. C. A. Stetson, Albion-Thorn-dike-Unity; Supt. G. E. Paine, Anson-Embden-New Vineyard.

Agriculture in Rural Schools, Supt. I. C. Phillips, Farmington-Wilton.

The Opportunity of the School Improvement League, Supt. Blanche K. Blake, Holden-Eddington-Orrington.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, 7.30 TO 9.

General Topic, Child Labor.

The Responsibility for Child Labor, Rev. Henry Blanchard, D. D., Chairman Maine Child Labor Committee.

The Maine Child Labor Law, Charles P. Barnes, Assistant Attorney General of Maine.

Child Labor in the New England States, Everett W. Lord, Secretary National Child Labor Committee.

TUESDAY FORENOON, 9 TO 12.

General Topic, Retarded Pupils.

The Causes, Supt. E. L. Palmer, Bar Harbor.

Discussion by Supt. W. S. Adams, Bowdoinham-Richmond; Supt. O. M. Holman, Hallowell-Winthrop.

The Cost to the Individual and the Community, Supt. F. G. Wadsworth, Dixfield-Mexico.

Discussion by Supt. Fred Benson, Eastport-Lubec.

Prevention and Correction, Supt. G. A. Stuart, Rockland-South Thomaston.

Discussion by Supt. W. H. Sturtevant, Dover-Foxcroft.

Question Box.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, 2 TO 4.

Exceptional Children, Supt. D. H. Perkins, Madison-Skowhegan.

Discussion by Supt. W. O. Hersey, Fairfield-Oakland.

The Superintendent's Visit, Supt. F. W. Burrill, Benedicta-Crystal-Island Falls-Sherman-Staceyville.

The Conveyance Problem, Supt. W. H. S. Ellingwood, Hanover-Rumford; Supt. Charles O. Turner, Gardiner-Farmingdale.

The Limitations of School Consolidation, Supt. R. J. Libby, Castle Hill-Mapleton-Wade-Washburn; Supt. G. M. D. Grant, Harrington-Milbridge.

The Superintendent and Educational Reforms, Supt. W. F. Coan, Houlton-Littleton.

FRIDAY MORNING, 8.30 TO 12.

General Topic, The Superintendent and the Teacher.

The Teachers' Meeting, Supt. Glenn W. Starkey, China-Vassalboro.

The Certification of Teachers, Supt. L. M. Felch, Norway-Waterford.

Professional Ethics, Supt. M. L. T. White, Presque Isle.

Reading Circles, Supt. L. W. Robbins, Blaine-Mars Hill-Bridgewater.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, 2 TO 4.

Teachers' Salaries, The Merit System vs. a Salary Schedule, Supt. Tyler M. Coombs, Isle au Haut-Hurricane Isle-Vinalhaven.

The Relation of Superintendent and Committee in the Employment of Teachers, Supt. Ernest F. Clason, Paris-Woodstock.

Greater Public Service From the Public High School, Supt. C. H. Morss, Portland; Supt. A. J. Knowlton, Belfast-Searsport.

Student Self Government, Supt. L. E. Williams, Lisbon-Webster.

Question Box.

Other Meetings.

In addition to the usual county and state teachers' and superintendents' meetings the state superintendent attended and gave addresses before various local and state educational societies, clubs and other organizations. Seventy-four meetings of this kind were thus attended.

UNION SCHOOL SUPERVISION.

Marked growth in the system of superintendence of schools through the union of towns is shown by table XXII of the appendix. This supervision may properly be termed professional since all superintendents of school unions are now required to hold state certificates of superintendence grade and to devote their entire time to the work of supervision. In 1910 a total of 66 such unions is shown comprising 174 towns with 2,028 schools and embracing a school population of 92,919. It is interesting to note that 44% of the entire school population of the state is under union supervision. Excluding the larger cities which employ professional superintendents independently of other towns or cities, the statistics show that 57% of the remaining school population is under union supervision. Including both the superintendence unions and the cities which employ superintendents who give their entire time to school supervision there are now 2,708 schools under whole time supervision, leaving 1,954 schools on part time supervision.

MEDICAL INSPECTION.

The enactment of the seventy-fourth legislature in relation to the appointment of school physicians went into effect July 1, 1909. In accordance with the terms of this act the state superintendent of schools after consultation with the state board of health caused to be prepared test cards and forms for the use of teachers of the public schools.

The following circular letter was sent to all superintendents of schools in August:

STATE OF MAINE.
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

AUGUSTA, MAINE, AUGUST 10, 1909.

To the Superintendent of Schools:

Your attention is called to Chapter 73 of the Public Laws of 1909, entitled "An Act Relative to the Appointment of School Physicians."

EYE AND EAR TESTS REQUIRED IN ALL TOWNS.

You will note that section six of this Act provides that in all towns of the state, except those having a population of forty thousand or more, eye and ear tests are required.

There is no expense to the towns in making this examination. The material with directions for making the tests will be supplied on requisition to the state superintendent of schools. The teachers will conduct the examinations. The directions and material will be ready for distribution on or about September 1, 1909.

APPOINTMENT OF SCHOOL PHYSICIAN OPTIONAL WITH TOWNS.

The portions of this Act relating to general medical inspection, including the appointment of school physicians, are operative only in those towns which make special provision therefor. The material, to be used in general medical inspection, will also be provided without expense to the towns.

Superintendents of towns authorizing the appointment of school physicians should make requisition for this additional material which will be ready for distribution on or about September 1, 1909.

Very truly yours,

PAYSON SMITH,

State Superintendent of Public Schools.

The material supplied to towns included Snellen cards for testing the eyesight, circulars of instruction for their use together with directions for their use, cards for notifying parents of defects discovered, with forms for recording the results of the tests in each school. Following are reprints of these several forms.

STATE OF MAINE
CHAPTER 12 P. L. 1900
SNELLEN'S TEST LETTERS FOR MEASURING THE ACUTENESS OF VISION

50 FEET

L R E P

40 FEET

F Z B D E

30 FEET

O E L Z T G

20 FEET

A P O R F D Z

Snellen test card (reduced).

FORM 6, MED. INS.



State of Maine.

Chapter 73, Public Laws of 1909.

Directions for Testing Sight and Hearing.

TO TEST THE EYESIGHT.

Hang the Snellen test letters in a good clear light (side light preferred), on a level with the head.

Place the child 20 feet from the letters, one eye being covered with a card held firmly against the nose, without pressing on the covered eye and have him read aloud, from left to right, the smallest letters he can see on the card.

Make a record of the result.

Children who have not learned their letters, obviously, cannot be given this eyesight test until after they have learned them.

[NOTE. When not in use, the chart of test letters and the reading test card should be placed in the envelope in which they are sent, to keep them from becoming soiled and illegible. When they are damaged, a requisition should be made on the State Superintendent of Public Schools for a new set.]

TO RECORD THE ACUTENESS OF EYESIGHT.

There is a number over each line of the test letters, which shows the distance in feet at which these letters should be read by a normal eye.

From top to bottom, the lines on the card are numbered respectively, 50, 40, 30 and 20.

At a distance of 20 feet, the average normal eye should read the letters on the 20-foot line, and if this is done correctly, or with a mistake of one or two letters, the vision may be noted as 20-20, or normal.

In this fraction the numerator is the distance in feet at which the letters are read, and the denominator is the number over the smallest line of letters read.

If the smallest letters which can be read are on the 30-foot line, the vision will be noted as 20-30; if the letters on the 40-foot line are the smallest that can be read, the record will be

20-40; if the letters on the 50-foot line are the smallest that can be read, the record will be 20-50.

If the child cannot see the largest letters, the 50-foot line, have him approach slowly until a distance is found where they can be seen.

If 5 feet is the greatest distance at which they can be read, the record will be 5-50 (1-10 of normal).

Test the second eye, the first being covered with the card, and note the result, as before.

With the second eye, have the child read the letters from right to left to avoid memorizing.

To prevent reading from memory, a hole $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches square may be cut in a piece of cardboard, which may be held against the test letters, so as to show only one letter at a time, and may be moved about so as to show the letters in irregular order.

A mistake of two letters on the 20 or on the 30-foot lines, and of one letter on the 40 or 50-foot lines may be allowed.

NOTIFICATION OF PARENTS.

The teacher will notify the parent or guardian on one of the notice cards, as required by law, whenever the vision in either eye falls below 20-30. No notice will be sent when the vision is 20-20 in one eye and 20-30 in the other, or 20-30 in both eyes. A notice card will also be sent when the teacher finds that the eyes or eyelids are habitually red and inflamed; when there is complaint of pain in the eyes or head after reading or writing, especially toward the end of school hours; when one or both eyes deviate from the normal position, squinting; when the book is habitually held at less than one foot from the eyes, and there is scowling and evident effort in using the eyes.

TO TEST THE HEARING.

If it is possible, one person should make the examinations for an entire school in order to insure an even method. The person selected should be one possessed of normal hearing, and preferably one who is acquainted with all of the children, the announcement of an examination often tending to inspire fear.

The examinations should be conducted in a room not less than 25 or 30 feet long, and situated in as quiet a place as possible. ●

The floor should be marked off with parallel lines one foot apart. The child should sit in a revolving chair on the first space.

The examination should be made with the whispered or spoken voice; the child should repeat what he hears, and the distances at which words can be heard distinctly should be noted.

The examiner should attempt to form standards by testing persons of normal hearing at normal distances.

In a still room the standard whisper can be heard easily at 25 feet; the whisper of a low voice can be heard from 35 to 45 feet and of a loud voice from 45 to 60 feet.

The two ears should be tested separately.

The test words should consist of numbers, 1 to 100, and short sentences.

It is best that but one pupil at a time be allowed in the room, to avoid imitation.

For very young children, a fair idea of the hearing may be obtained by picking out the backward or inattentive pupils and those that seem to watch the teacher's lips, placing them with their backs to the examiner, and asking them to perform some unusual movement of the hand, or other act.

Form No. 3. Med. Ins.

State of Maine.

Chap. 73, P. L. 1909.

REPORT OF SIGHT AND HEARING TESTS.

To the Superintendent of Schools:

Town } School,
 or }
 City } 19

Number of pupils enrolled in the school

- " found defective in eyesight
- " found defective in hearing
- " of parents or guardians notified

.....
Teacher or Principal.

Form No. 1, Med. Ins.



State of Maine.

NOTICE TO PARENT OR GUARDIAN.

In accordance with Chapter 73 of the Public Laws of 1909 you are hereby notified that

.....
has been examined by me as school physician and found to have symptoms of

.....
You are advised to secure competent medical advice at once.

..... School Physician.

..... 19

Form No. 2, Med. Ins.



State of Maine.

NOTICE TO PARENT OR GUARDIAN.

In accordance with Chapter 73 of the Public Laws of 1909 you are hereby notified that the school

examination of

shows that there is some trouble with the ears which should receive competent medical attention. eyes

..... Teacher
 19

Form 4—Med. Ins.



State of Maine.

Chapter 73, P. L. 1909.

RECORD OF SIGHT AND HEARING TESTS.

[For Permanent Filing.]

19.....

City or Town..... School.....

Grade.....

NAME. <small>[[If notice is sent to parent or guardian, state name]]</small>	EXAMINATION OF EYES		HEARING		REMARKS.
	Eyesight		Whisper heard (Distance in feet).		
	Right Eye	Left Eye	Right Ear	Left Ear	

The results of the eyesight and hearing tests given in the schools for the year ending April 1, 1910, are to be found in table XIX of the appendix.

Very marked interest in measures looking to the more careful consideration of the physical welfare of school children is apparent. It is being more clearly recognized that the public is under obligation to provide every possible precaution against any school conditions that may aggravate physical defects and to safeguard children, as far as possible, from the dangers of contagion, as well as to insure the proper sanitary condition of school buildings.

Emphasis should continually be placed by teachers and school authorities upon the fact that the law ends with providing measures for the discovery of physical defects. It does not provide treatment. This, if provided, must be obtained by parents. A single notice is often inadequate to secure the attention of parents. Supplementary notices and personal visits to the homes will often be necessary to secure action.

By adequate medical inspection, properly followed, individual progress will be greatly promoted, and general school efficiency will be increased.

Several cities and large towns have already taken action towards the appointment of school physicians beginning with the school year of 1910-1911.

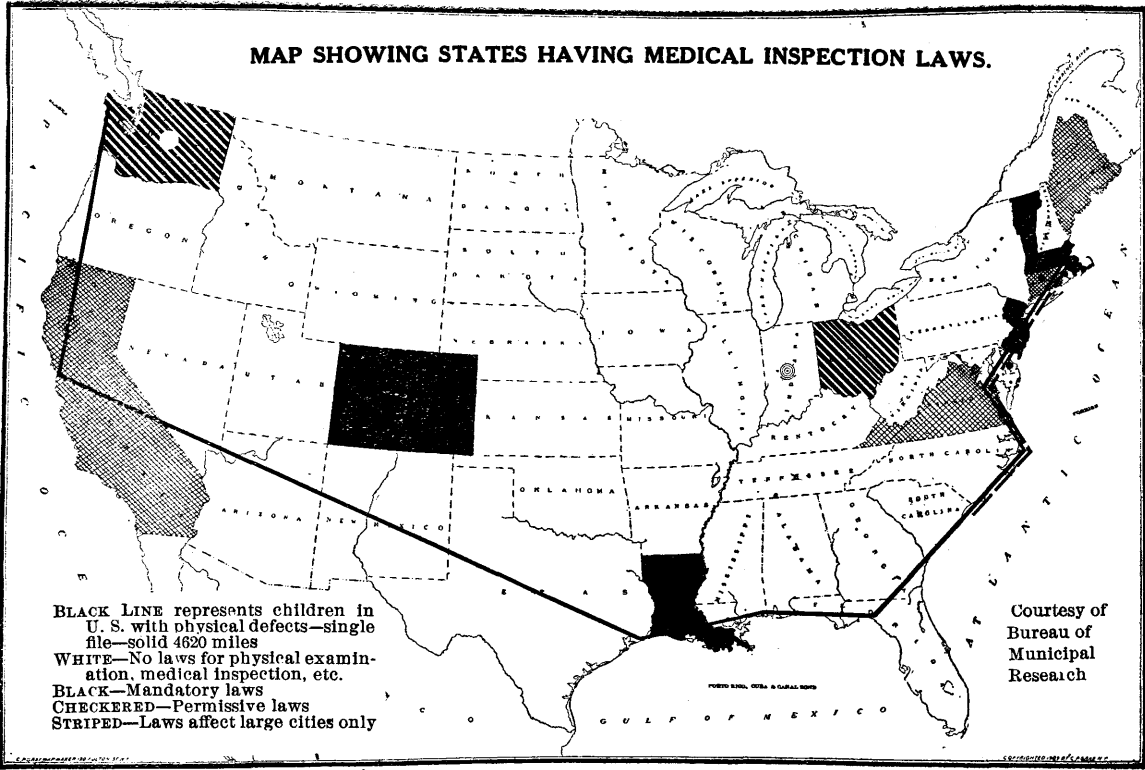


FIGURE VIII.

STATE NORMAL AND TRAINING SCHOOLS---UNIVERSITY OF MAINE.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 82 of Chapter 15 of the revised statutes there are printed in another part of this report (Chapter IV) the reports of the principals of the state normal schools and a financial report of the University of Maine.

Washington Normal School.

In accordance with the "Act for the Establishment of the Washington State Normal School" the trustees visited Machias early in July when the act became effective. After careful inspection of the several sites offered by that town for the use of the school selection was made of the so called O'Brien lot, an extensive tract of thirteen acres favorably located for the normal school and conveniently situated in respect to the training facilities necessary to such an institution. Upon the fulfilment of the several conditions between the state and the town of Machias contracts for the construction of the normal school building were made and work begun. A reproduction of the architects' drawing of the building appears elsewhere in this report. The normal school building will be completed, without furnishings, within the amount appropriated for the purpose and will be ready for occupancy January 1, 1911.

The town of Machias, besides providing the site for the school, as specified in the act of establishment, has further shown its generous interest in the institution by appropriating \$12,000 beyond the amount required by the act, for building a model school. This school, while under the same roof as the normal school, is to be otherwise entirely separate from it, and has been planned especially for the use of the model and practice departments.

By further action of the town, Libby Hall has been placed at the disposal of the trustees in order that sessions of the school may begin at the opening of the school year of 1910-1911. Mr. Wm. L. Powers, superintendent of schools of Fort Fairfield and Easton has been employed as principal of the Washington Normal School.

Dormitory at Castine.

Work was begun on the new dormitory for the Eastern State

Normal School at Castine, as soon as the act authorizing its construction was effective.

This dormitory, a picture of which appears elsewhere in this report, will afford accommodations for about one hundred students. It is attractive and homelike in its arrangement.

The building will be completed, exclusive of furnishings, within the appropriation made for the purpose and will be ready for occupancy January 1, 1911.

Entrance Requirements.

By vote of the trustees of the state normal schools, students admitted after the opening of the school year of 1912-1913 must have graduated from a secondary school or must be able to pass an examination in the secondary school branches.

The proportion of high school and academy graduates attending the normal schools is already very large, amounting in some cases to more than ninety per cent. With the rapid extension of secondary school opportunities, with the provision of free tuition in secondary schools to the youth of the entire state and with the reasonable proximity of such secondary school opportunity (see Fig. VII) there would appear to be small reason for the continued reduplication of secondary school work in the state normal schools. From the more than fifteen thousand students of secondary schools the professional training schools for teachers should find their natural source of supply of persons fundamentally qualified for the work of teaching.

The new requirements should make unnecessary the continuance of so large attention to secondary school subjects and should make possible a still larger amount of professional work than has hitherto been given.

Courses.

With the increase in the number of normal schools it would appear that economy both of money and effort would require that there be adopted a policy whereby certain special courses should be restricted to individual schools. There is a constant demand for teachers of kindergarten, for special teachers of drawing, music, manual training, domestic science and for higher schools. This demand is certain to increase. It would be

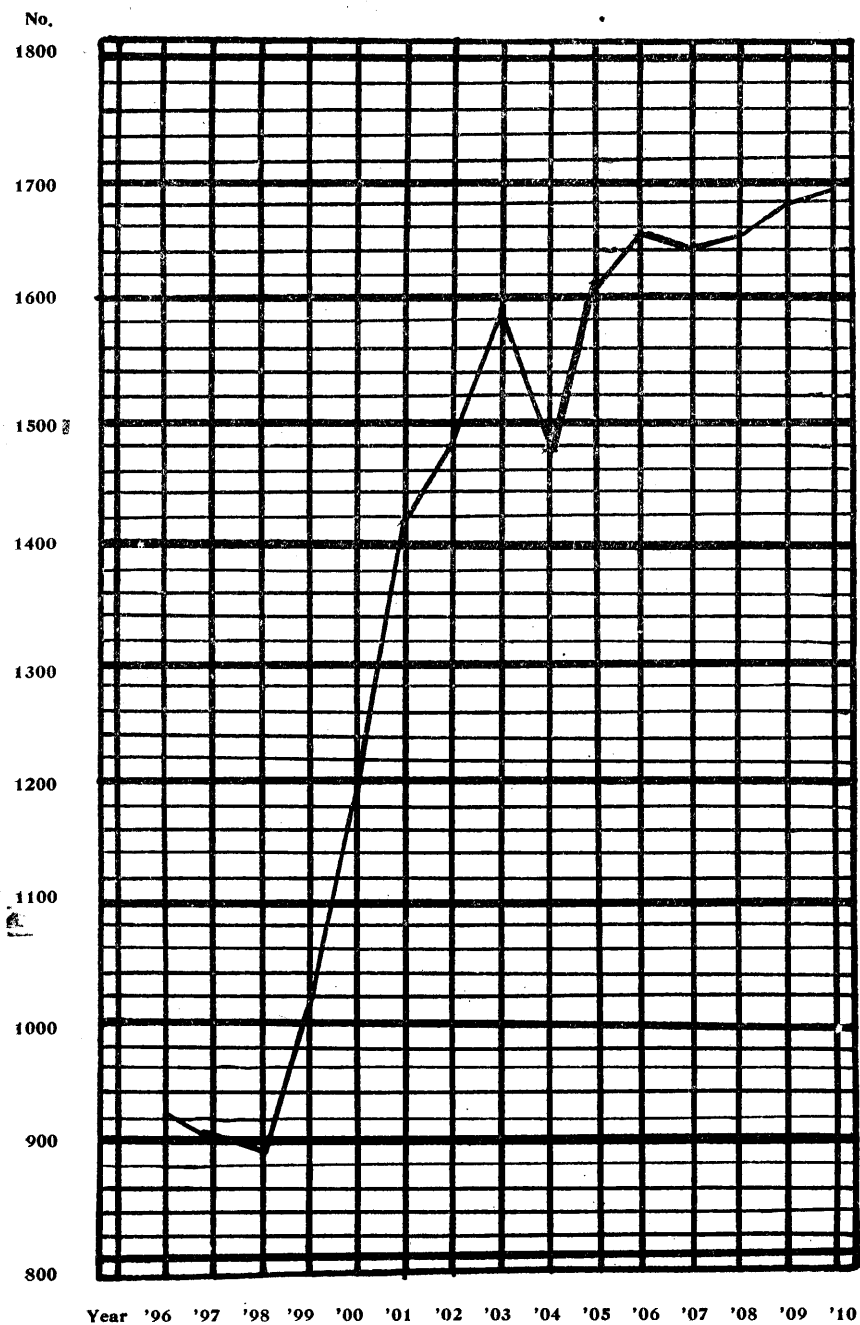


CHART showing increase by years of number of normal school graduates teaching in Maine.

FIGURE IX.

impossible for each school to offer all the courses that would fit for these places. However, there might be assigned to each school one such special course. By this plan the courses could be economically administered, and the interests of the state served.

By this plan all the schools would offer general courses for teachers of rural and grade schools, while each would do its part of the special service which the welfare of the public school system demands should somewhere be done.

CHAPTER III.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

In accordance with paragraph XI, section 100, Chapter 15 of the Public Laws of Maine the following recommendations regarding legislation are made by the superintendent.

The school census:—With the annual distribution of a very large amount of state funds based upon the number of scholars resident of the several towns there is hardly a more important responsibility upon the local school authorities than that of taking the annual enumeration of scholars, nor upon the state authorities of seeing that returns are carefully and accurately made.

At present the only requirement made by the state is that each town shall return the "number" of persons of school age. On the basis of this return the distribution is made. The present method does not appear to the superintendent to safeguard properly the distribution of the state school funds.

He, therefore, recommends that the law be so amended as to require the return not only of the number of scholars, but a certified list of the names and ages of the persons found. He recommends further, when evidence appears that the census has been carelessly or inaccurately taken, that the Governor and Council have authority to order a new enumeration to be made.

Amendments to the Law for the Schooling of Children in Unorganized Townships:—Since the first enactment of law in relation to the schooling of children in unorganized townships there has been great annoyance and difficulty in collecting the per capita assessment of forty cents. The delays incident to this collection have caused consequent delays in opening schools. Not infrequently individuals have borne more than their own assessment in order to facilitate such opening. The entire sum available from such assessments amounts annually to about \$950 or less than seven percent of the cost of the conduct of the schools. In view of the law creating the tax for the support of

the common schools enacted by the legislature of 1909, by which towns were relieved, in part, from local tax and in view of the recognized fact that the law mentioned derives increased revenue from the wild land area wherein the unorganized townships are for the most part located, the superintendent suggests the propriety of omitting entirely from the "schooling of children in unorganized townships act" the provision whereby a local assessment is necessary. If this omission is not practicable some means more effective than the present should be provided for the collection of this per capita assessment of forty cents.

The superintendent also recommends that the clause respecting the employment of agents be so amended as to permit the placing of all these schools under the expert supervision of a single agent instead of the numerous local agents as now provided.

State Normal and Training Schools.—In the Maine school report of 1908 the following statement was made relative to the financial needs of the state normal and training schools.

"It is imperative that the annual appropriation for the support of the normal schools be increased. The following are specific needs of the schools which cannot be met upon the present appropriation.

"a. Reasonable increases in the salaries of instructors.

"b. The institution of rural model schools for the better training of teachers for country schools.

"c. The continuance and further development of courses in manual training, domestic science and elementary agriculture.

"d. The institution of model schools in connection with the Fort Kent Training School.

"That the request for such an increase of appropriation is not unreasonable is shown by the following figures giving the cost of the support of similar institutions in other states.

"These figures state only the regular appropriations for current expenses. Special appropriations for new buildings are not included.

State.	Regular appropriation.	Number of schools.	Average for each school.
Maine	* \$43,000	5	\$8,600
New Hampshire	25,000	1	25,000
Massachusetts	322,504	10	32,250
Rhode Island	64,000	1	64,000
Connecticut	69,884	4	17,721

* Includes support of 4 State Normal Schools and Madawaska Training School.

The general appropriation for the support of these schools was increased to \$62,500 in 1910 and to \$65,000 in 1911, while certain supplementary appropriations formerly made for repairs were omitted with the understanding that these are matters of annual expense and should be paid for out of the general appropriation.

The annual income provided by the legislature of 1909 would doubtless have been adequate to meet the needs of the schools for a number of years, however, an additional school was created and the expense for its support had not been estimated in the recommendation made to the legislature of 1909. It is therefore imperative, if the schools already established are not to suffer by the creation of the new one and if the new one is to be maintained at the same standard, that the general appropriation be again increased at the coming session.

Provision has already been made for the purchase of a site for a dormitory at the Farmington Normal School. Serious loss to this institution must result if provision is not at once made for the construction of this building.

The growth of the Western State Normal School will soon demand attention to the necessity of increased school rooms as well as of dormitory accommodation, while the dormitory housing of the students of the Washington State Normal School will likewise call for early consideration.

State Certification of Teachers:—In the first chapter of this report appears a summary of statistics relative to state certification under our present law. By the provisions of this law the holding of state certificates is not compulsory. It is a striking evidence of the professional zeal of the Maine teaching force, as a body, that so large a proportion has voluntarily met the conditions of state examination.

All teachers who do not hold state certificates are required by present laws to be examined by the local school authorities of the towns in which they teach. The requirements made by these local authorities are extremely variable and, in many instances, represent very low standards. The results of the varying requirements of town committees and of the depressed standards of some communities are easily to be observed. The entire system of local examination is held in contempt by the more professional teachers. They know that certificates are often granted upon the merest form of examination and without any serious attempt to discover whether or not the persons taking it are prepared to teach. Persons without any preparation for teaching have little difficulty in securing employment under a system of local certification like that now followed in Maine. No matter how low the salary paid in any school some person may be found who will measure down to it. Wages of teachers are everywhere depressed because a certain proportion of the communities accepts a low standard of service. Very many schools are served by persons who themselves have had no more than common school education, while complaints are not infrequent that the persons employed as teachers lack reasonable maturity of judgment and discretion.

Three chief objections have been urged against a system of required state certification. First, it is held that such a system would serve to prevent young men and women from earning their way through school by means of teaching. This form of objection is based upon a wrong idea of the purpose of the schools. The school exists for the child and not for the teacher. Money raised for the payment of teachers' salaries should yield a dollar's worth of value for every dollar of expenditure. Motives of philanthropy that subvert such funds are misdirected.

Worthy young persons who have the qualities necessary to successful teaching are certain to find opportunities to make use of them and no system of certification is at all likely to be devised that would result in the loss of those opportunities. On the other hand justice to children who are to be taught requires that reasonable evidence of the existence of such qualities be forthcoming before the task of instruction be committed to these persons.

A second objection to a system of required state certification is that it would result in a scarcity of teachers. There can be no denial that this objection is, in part, well founded. Such a system would not reduce the number of competent teachers, it would no doubt result in a shortage of incompetents. That would appear, however, to be the main object of any good system of regulating entrance to the teaching or any other profession. With this objection there is coupled of course the one that higher wages would become necessary. Again this objection is true to the fact, but in view of the unenviable position of Maine among the states in respect to teachers' salaries, this objection does not have force unless we grant that it is desirable that the low standard of wages should continue.

A third objection raised is that the certification of teachers by the state would be unwarranted interference with the rights of local communities.

It is true that the state should not go too far in its attempts to regulate local educational standards, that communities should bear their own measure of responsibility for their educational condition.

However, it should be noted that Maine, in common with the majority of states, has decreed through its compulsory education law that children of certain ages must attend school. Neither children, nor parents have any option in this matter, and severe penalties are imposed for the violation of the law. Having assumed a responsibility so great, that of compelling school attendance, it would appear that the state is under an obligation of its own, that of insuring a reasonable minimum of educational opportunity to the children whose attendance it enforces. That such a minimum is not and cannot be insured through local certification is already proven not only by the experience of Maine, but by that of the other states, all but three of which prescribe regulations for the required state certification of teachers.

Legislation looking to the required state certification of teachers is recommended. In such legislation the following points should be considered.

A. The enactment should be made affective in full after a stated interval, one or two years. This provision would al-

low time for the proper understanding and adjustment of the conditions.

B. The law should permit the granting of state certificates to teachers who could prove by their records their fitness for teaching. This condition would provide for the immediate certification of teachers of proven efficiency, in service at the time of the enactment of the law.

C. Provision should be made for granting state certificates, without examination, to graduates of training schools or courses for teachers under conditions to be prescribed by the state examining authorities.

D. There should be provision for recognition of state certificates granted by other states.

E. Provision should be made for granting temporary non-renewable teaching permits on application to local committees. This would allow for cases occurring between the intervals of state examination.

F. Provision should be made for revoking state certificates in cases where, after investigation, cause is found.

CHAPTER IV.

REPORTS OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MAINE AND THE PRINCIPALS OF THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS AND TRAINING SCHOOL.

The following are the reports of the president of the University of Maine and the principals of the state normal schools and training school:

SPECIAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MAINE

ORONO, MAINE, November 22, 1910.

*Honorable Payson Smith, State Superintendent of Public
Schools, Augusta, Maine.*

DEAR SIR:—I am enclosing a copy of the Treasurer's report and the other statistics asked for for your Annual Report.

Yours very truly,

J. N. HART.
Acting President.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER, UNIVERSITY OF MAINE, FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1910.

ASSETS.

Trust Fund Investment:

Coburn Trust Fund	\$100,000 00
U. S. Land Scrip Fund	118,300 00
Nehemiah Kittredge Loan Fund	1,248 37
Kidder Scholarship Fund	1,166 89
	<hr/>
	\$220,715 26
Land & Buildings	461,606 31
Inventories	176,891 80
Accounts Receivable	25,952 13
General Appropriation, State of Maine	33,856 38
Bills Receivable	4,979 17
Cash on hand June 30, 1910	1,389 16

\$915,339 77

LIABILITIES.

Trust Funds:	
Coburn Trust Fund	\$100,000 00
Nehemiah Kittredge Loan Fund	1,250 73
Kidder Scholarship Fund	750 00
	\$220,300 73
Bills Payable	59,500 00
Accounts Payable	18,569 45
Surplus	617,019 59
	\$915,389 77

STATEMENT SHOWING INCOME FROM ALL SOURCES:

Income from students:	
Registration fees	\$5,710 00
Tuition fees, General	\$17,422 50
Tuition fees, Law School	4,651 50
Incidental fees	11,340 00
Special fees for Libraries, Laboratories, degrees, etc.	1,100 50
For Dormitories	1,253 35
	\$41,477 85
Income from investments:	
Endowments for general purposes (Coburn)	\$4,000 00
Rents	1,941 50
	\$5,941 50
Income from grants by State and Nation:	
State:	
*Appropriation for current expenses and buildings	\$133,000 00
Federal Aid:	
Income from Land Grant—Act of July 2nd, 1862 ..	5,915 00
Additional endowments—Acts of August 30, 1890 and March 4, 1907	40,000 00
	\$178,915 00
Income from other sources:	
Profit and loss account	\$81 16
College of Agriculture, Sales	10,590 42
Board of Students, Summer Term	123 70
	\$ 10,775 28
	\$287,109 63

*The provisions of Chapter 269 of the Resolves of the State of Maine for the year 1909, making a general appropriation for the benefit of the University, were not effective, because of the amendment to Article Four of the Constitution of the State, until July 3rd of that year. In April, 1909, before said resolve became operative, but in anticipation thereof, the sum of twenty thousand dollars was paid or advanced by the State of Maine to the University, which payment or advancement (the fiscal year of the State and that of the University differing) is charged by the latter among its receipts for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1909. This report, therefore, comprises only the remainder of said appropriation for the calendar year 1909, or eighty thousand dollars, plus the amount to which, under said resolve, the University was entitled between the dates of January 1st and June 30th, 1910, both inclusive, or fifty thousand dollars, making a total income from this source, for the fiscal year of the University which ended June 30th, 1910, of one hundred and thirty thousand dollars to which is added the sum of three thousand dollars, being amount of appropriation for printing and binding reports for the years 1909-10.

STATEMENT SHOWING TOTAL EXPENDITURES:

Salaries:		
Salaries, Officers	\$8,762 30	
Salaries, Instructors	82,310 45	
		\$91,072 75
Administration Expenses:		
Advertising	\$1,193 24	
Clerk Hire	2,167 73	
U. S. Land Scrip Fund	118,300 00	
Commencement	558 59	
Freight & Express	506 98	
Office Supplies	1,224 65	
Printing and Binding	34 18	
Telephone & Telegraph	230 32	
Travelling Expenses	944.06	
Interest & Discount	684 88	
Miscellaneous	830 37	
School Inspections	126 60	
Printing Reports & Bulletins	2,143 62	
		\$10,645 22
Maintenance of Property:		
Repairs to Buildings	\$4,637 39	
Care of Buildings	4,602 74	
Furnishings & Fixtures	1,199 63	
Insurance	360 10	
Grounds	2,027 59	
Athletic Field	21 60	
		\$12,848 95
Heat, Light & Power:		
Labor	\$3,212 48	
Repairs	211 14	
Supplies	3,825 45	
Electricity	2,271 40	
Coal	3,387 58	
Miscellaneous	139 14	
Freight & Express	27 71	
Oak Hall Steam Line	93 06	
		\$18,167 96
Department Expenses:		
Civil Engineering	\$2,005 60	
Electrical Engineering	597 96	
Forestry	66 34	
Law School	8,517 43	
Law Library	835 18	
Library	4,628 18	
Mathematical Science	18 64	
Mechanical Engineering	824 53	
Mechanics & Drawing	166 58	
Military Science	39 92	
Museum	981 18	
Physical Training	126 60	
English Language	122 22	
Romance Language	26 37	
Bacteriology	408 64	
Biology	1,085 77	
Biological & Age. Chemistry	231 81	
Chemistry	961 89	
Pharmacy	27 72	
Physics	499 59	
		\$22,173 10

House Charges:	
University Inn -----	\$5,635 23
Commons -----	1,504 16
	\$ 7,139 39
Sundry Accounts:	
Summer Term, 1909 -----	537 54
Prizes -----	70 00
Water supply -----	1,893 94
College of Agriculture:	
Farmers' Week -----	\$387 78
Salaries of Instructors -----	10,318 50
Pay of Employees -----	9,327 12
Equipment -----	1,412 40
Horses -----	475 00
Cows -----	50 00
Feed -----	3,724 47
Hay and Straw -----	69 07
Fertilizer, seeds, etc. -----	1,035 36
Heating -----	97 25
Sundry Supplies & Miscellaneous -----	1,273 37
Repairs -----	269 04
Traveling Expenses -----	743 88
Postage, Printing & Stationery -----	357 83
Freight & Express -----	496 02
Advertising -----	33 20
Forest Experiment Station -----	80 94
Domestic Science -----	1,254 81
	\$31,906 04
	\$196,453 89
Surplus -----	\$40,655 74
	\$337,109 63

NOTE: The figures shown in the foregoing statement may not show the net cost of the several departments. This is explained by the fact that no inventories were available at the beginning of the year and it is likely that figures shown thereon may include charges for fixtures, supplies, etc., included in inventories taken at end of the year.

STATEMENT SHOWING HOW SURPLUS WAS EMPLOYED: INCREASED ASSETS.

Plant.	
Agricultural Building -----	\$1,083 96
Heating Plant -----	500 00
Farm Buildings -----	723 98
Faculty Houses -----	13,035 65
New Dormitory -----	7,583 59
New Waiting Room -----	212 67
	\$23,144 85
Accounts Receivable:	
Maine Agricultural Experiment Station --	\$6,643 71
Other Accounts -----	972 82
	\$7,616 53

Due from State of Maine:		
Account of Appropriations -----		\$33,856 88
Inventories:		
University Inn -----	\$2,191 65	
Domestic Science -----	425 22	
		\$2,616 87
Cash -----		\$1,384 85
		<u>\$68,618 96</u>
	LESS.	
Bills Payable, Increased -----		\$10,500 00
Accounts Payable, Increased -----		17,413 30
Bills Receivable, Decreased -----		49 71
Trust Fund Investment, Decreased -----		23
		<u>\$27,963 24</u>
Net Increase in Surplus -----		\$40,655 74

MAINE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1910.

ASSETS.

Highmoor Farm -----	\$10,000 00
Holmes Hall -----	18,500 00
Incubator House -----	1,800 00
Poultry Houses -----	3,350 00
Due from State of Maine Appropriation for Analysis of Food, Seeds, etc. -----	9,000 00
Due from State of Maine Appropriation for Printing Reports -----	3,473 72
Inventory—Highmoor Farm -----	5,087 68
Inventory—Furnishings, Fixtures & Appliances -----	29,948 91
	<u>\$81,160 31</u>

LIABILITIES.

Appropriation, 1910, Analysis of Food, Seeds, etc., Unexpended -----	\$4,500 00
Appropriation, 1910, Printing Reports, Unexpended -----	3,473 72
Amount due University of Maine -----	7,150 94
Surplus -----	66,035 65
	<u>\$81,160 31</u>

STATEMENT SHOWING INCOME AND EXPENDITURES.

Income:	
Adams Fund -----	\$13,000 00
Hatch Fund -----	15,000 00
General Fund -----	1,428 72
Appropriation for Food, Seeds, etc. -----	13,500 00
Appropriation for Printing Reports, etc. -----	5,526 28
Inspection Receipts -----	2,144 77
Highmoor Farm -----	1,100 71
Appropriation for purchase Highmoor Farm -----	10,000 00
General Fund balance from 1909 account -----	1,137 83
	<u>\$62,838 31</u>
Expenditures:	
Salaries, Labor, Traveling Expenses, Chemical Supplies, etc., Adams Fund -----	\$13,000 00
9	

Salaries, Labor, Traveling Expenses, Chemical Supplies, etc., etc., Hatch Fund	15,000 00
Salaries, Labor, Traveling Expenses, Chemical Supplies, etc., etc., General Fund	1,802 36
Salaries, Traveling Expenses, Chemical Supplies, etc., etc., In- spections, 1909 and 1909-1910.....	15,597 98
Printing Reports, etc.	5,526 28
	<hr/>
	\$50,926 62
Surplus	11,911 69
	<hr/>
	\$62,838 31

STATEMENT SHOWING HOW SURPLUS WAS EMPLOYED: INCREASED
ASSETS.

Highmoor Farm.....New Purchase.....	\$10,000 00
Highmoor Farm.....Receipts and Inventory in excess of expen- ditures	1,100 71
Inspections.....Receipts in excess of expenditures.....	46 79
General Fund.....Receipts in excess of expenditures.....	764 19
	<hr/>
	\$11,911 69

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLES J. DUNN,

Treasurer.

To the Trustees, University of Maine.

Approved,

CHARLES P. HATCH,

State Auditor.

Faculty of Instruction and Investigation..... 93

Number and Length of Terms

Regular college course of two semesters of 18 weeks each.

College of Law of three terms, 11, 10 and 11 weeks respectively.

Summer Term of 6 weeks.

Winter course in Agriculture and Dairying, 4 weeks.

Short Poultry course, 3 weeks.

Farmers' week, 5 days.

Attendance

Graduate students (1 year)	7
Four Year Course	562
College of Law (3 years)	101
Short Pharmacy (2 years)	19
School Course in Agriculture (2 years)	19
Summer Term (6 weeks)	125
Winter Course in Agriculture (8 weeks)	15
Winter Course in Poultry (3 weeks)	40

FARMINGTON NORMAL SCHOOL.

FARMINGTON, MAINE, June 20, 1910.

To the Trustees of the State Normal Schools:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to submit the following annual report of the Farmington Normal School. The attendance for the year has been as follows:

Number entering	95
Number registered in the fall term	114
Number registered in the winter term	158
Number registered in the spring term	133
Number of different pupils registered	203
Number in graduating class	52

The teachers for the year have been Principal, Wilbert G. Mallett, A. B., assistant principal, Arthur M. Thomas, A. M. Assistants: Hortense M. Merrill, Katherine E. Abbott, Carolyn A. Stone, Virginia A. Porter, Florence A. Walker, A. B., Mary E. Andrews. Principal of the training school and critic teacher, Lillian I. Lincoln. Assistants: Louise W. Richards, Bernice G. Oliver, Fannie K. Putman, Gertrude E. Folley, Mildred M. Burbank. Secretary, Mildred S. Gay.

The class recommended for graduation numbered fifty-two members as follows:

Edith R. Adams, Oquonquit; Winnifred A. Ball, Rockland; Della M. Bedell, Springvale; Edna M. Bedell, Auburn; Nina E. Buzzell, Athens; Ethel M. Chase, Monroe; Sarah E. Coombs, Bath; Celia Dearing, Kennebunkport; Gertrude E. Emerson, Jonesport; Grace L. Forbus, Brighton; Clara B. Foss, Harmony; Edith H. Gilmore, Brewer; Emma C. Gooch, Biddeford; Katherine T. Gregory, Thomaston; Ada I. Hackett, Readfield; Effie M. Hanson, Orr's Island; Vergn E. Hewes, Saco; Florence L. Hinds, Livermore Falls; Myrtie A. Holman, Jay; Grace M. Jones, South China; Muriel Judkins, Pulpit Harbor; Josephine H. Lamb, Lisbon Falls; Jessie W. Lunt, Biddeford; A. Lillian McCormack, Wytopotlock; Fannie V. Merry, Madison; Ruth H. Nowell, York Corner; Florence G. Packard, Monmouth; Hilda M. Packard, Norridgewock; Alice M. Parkman, Newport; Nettie B. Pollard, Athens; Marion Porter, Bangor; Minnie E. Porter, Mount Vernon; Mary T. Purinton, Bowdoinham; Ella B. Quinn, Lubec; Edith

B. Randall, Pembroke; Grace M. Robinson, Appleton; Myra J. Rogers, Owl's Head; June E. Simmons, Lynn, Mass.; Martha S. Steele, Madison; Emma C. Taylor, Sidney; Elmeda E. Thompson, Houlton; Bertha J. Weare, York Beach; Alise S. Wilcox, New Vineyard; Emmeline E. Wilson, Cherryfield; Nathalie S. Withington, Buckfield; Mary I. Woodbury, Monmouth; Emma J. Young, Thomaston; Edward N. Deane, Temple; Carroll E. Farrington, No. Waterford; Harry R. Mitchell, Appleton; Harry E. Morrill, Sebec; Roscoe L. West, Millis, Mass.

During the past year the site for the new dormitory has been purchased and we are awaiting the action of the next legislature to provide for this school a dormitory home for the pupils similar to what the state has already provided for its other schools. This is our imperative need. The increased cost of living has made it so far unprofitable for residents of the village to take the normal students that it is difficult to place them all comfortably and respectably. Furthermore, the improved standards of living throughout the state have resulted in the nurture and education of the children of the state in so much better homes than formerly that it is no longer possible to satisfy their wants under the same conditions which were perfectly satisfactory two decades ago. Prospective pupils repeatedly turn away from this school because of the want of a good dormitory.

The efficiency of this school along with the other normal schools of the state might be greatly increased in my judgment if high school principals and school superintendents would lend their influence more widely and more directly to encourage young teachers and prospective teachers to enter upon special training for their work.

The gratifying rise in teachers' wages in this state during the past five years has made more attractive the profession of teaching and while I would not disparage the high value of a college education for all who can afford the time and expense I would emphasize the great advantage which normal schools offer to our young people who have ability and taste for teaching. In no state in New England, and I do not know how much wider the area might be which I could include, is the social position of the public teacher so high as in Maine.

Added to this the higher wages granted, and which are still rising, we have the two chief reasons why teaching school should be attractive to young people entering upon a career.

The present standards of requirements in this school together with other causes have resulted in the graduation for the past ten years of but 45% of those who have entered the school. For the previous ten years 37% graduated. This shows a gratifying improvement in the preparation of those who have entered upon the course. It is greatly to be desired that school superintendents will cooperate with us to greatly increase the percentage already obtained.

The only change in the teaching force for the past year has been the selection of Mr. Thomas as assistant principal and Miss Andrews as assistant teacher. Both of these have performed their work with ability and fidelity and the school has enjoyed a year of profitable work though the membership has been slightly less than the average.

Respectfully submitted,
W. G. MALLETT.

EASTERN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

CASTINE, MAINE, June 7, 1910.

To the Trustees of the State Normal Schools:

GENTLEMEN:—I respectfully submit my 22nd annual report of the Eastern State Normal School.

ATTENDANCE.

Number entering the school	96
Number attending fall term	102
Number attending the winter term	115
Number attending the spring term	114
Total enrollment	331
Number of different pupils	190

TEACHERS.

The teachers have been Albert F. Richardson, A. M., principal. Assistants: Edward E. Philbrook, M. D., Nellie F. Harvey, Kate S. Russell, Mabel P. Ridley, Mary C. Richard-

son, A. B., Hattie A. Wiggin, who has had charge of the manual training department, Mary L. Hastings, critic teacher, Mary B. Bills and Beth M. Jellison, who have had charge of the model training schools, and Nellie M. Douglas, who taught the village grammar school. Miss Jellison was obliged to leave at the beginning of the spring term, on account of sickness and Miss Jennie M. Ferguson, of Webster, Mass., a graduate of the Aroostook County Normal School, has filled the vacancy for the term.

MODEL TRAINING SCHOOLS.

The greatest need of this school now is the making of two grades in a room in these schools instead of three, as now. These training schools may well be called "model" so far as the teachers can make them but they can never be truly such until we have this change in the grades. I hope that the next good thing the trustees do for this school will be the making of this change. There would be very little if any expense connected with it except the employment of another model training teacher.

AGRICULTURE.

We have used a text-book and planted a garden. We have tried to correlate with this our botany, geology and chemistry. This work has been done by the 31 members of the graduating class. The garden has been regularly plotted in rectangles ten feet by twelve with a border three feet wide, and walks between the plots two feet wide, the whole garden being sixty feet by forty-four. Thirty-two children from the model school have assisted in the work and have greatly enjoyed it as also have the class. I think this work can be greatly improved another year, but it has been far from a failure this year.

MANUAL TRAINING.

With an energetic teacher and a fine room this department has been successful. The pupils have enjoyed it and more practical work has been done than last year. All the pupils in the normal school and the children from seven different grades of the training schools have participated in this work.

THE LIBRARY.

No greater improvement has ever been made in this school than the cataloguing of the school library, using the Dewey system with Cutter tables, and putting it into a fine large room, well lighted and supplied with chairs and tables so that it can be used by the students. It has been in constant use. The pupils have made great improvement in learning where and how to find necessary information, which is no small part of one's education. Each member of the class of 1909 has contributed a good book during the year and donations have also been made by others.

THE DORMITORY.

No school ever needed a dormitory more and we are all to be congratulated that such a fine building has been erected. The location is as beautiful as that of any school in New England, and the building itself is all we could ask. The pupils are looking forward with pleasure to the time when they may occupy it.

NEEDS OF THE SCHOOL.

Besides the need already mentioned for the model rooms we need some different system of bells for calling classes. We have always felt this need but now that we have recitations in two buildings instead of one the need is more apparent. We hope to be furnished with electric clocks, or with one clock and bells.

We also need apparatus for the gymnasium, four additional benches for the manual training room, and some little repairs in the corridors and ceilings in the teachers' rooms. Our janitor wants the basement floor cemented, and as no better public servant can be found in a similar position, and as the expense would be but little, I recommend that this be done.

CONCLUSION.

We have enjoyed the utmost harmony in all our school relations during the year. The teachers have done good honest work, and have done it cheerfully and the pupils have been quiet and studious.

Our relations with the other normal schools have been most pleasant. The number attending the school has been greater than last year by 38, and the number entering 27 greater.

I recommend that diplomas be granted to the 31 persons named below. All have had experience in teaching with one exception, the average being nearly two years.

Annie E. F. Bodge, Garland; Gladys C. Bridges, Brooklin; Sadie F. Burgess, Union; Ethel M. Crook, Brewer; Myra A. Fitch, Rockland; Martha C. Harmon, Castine; Blanche E. Howes, Union; Inez M. Jackson, Morrill; Ida M. Kelley, Tremont; Lena King, Ellsworth; Eva F. Leighton, Milbridge; Nellie F. Marr, Belfast; Maude H. Morse, Franklin; Georgia A. Robertson, Weston; Velma M. Stanley, Cranberry Isles; Carrie I. Witham, Castine; Florence N. Brawn, Lubec; Annie R. Buck, Princeton; Pearl A. Costelow, Richmond; Leone F. Dunham, Penobscot; Ida M. Folsom, Foxcroft; Amy B. Hatch, Penobscot; Alta M. Hunter, Houlton; Helen N. Jewett, Amherst; G. Beulah Kenniston, Amherst; Beulah S. Leach, Penobscot; Alice M. Mack, Rockland; Louise M. Miller, Lincolnville; Mial L. Perkins, Castine; Caddie B. Silsby, Amherst; Ida M. Winchenbaugh, Waldoboro.

Respectfully yours,

ALBERT L. RICHARDSON.

WESTERN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

GORHAM, MAINE, June 22, 1910.

To the Trustees of the State Normal Schools:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to submit the following report of the Western State Normal School for the year ending June 23rd, 1910.

ENROLLMENT.

The attendance this year both in respect to the total number of pupils, the average attendance, the number entering, and the number graduating has been larger than during any previous year. A detailed statement of attendance is as follows:

Whole number during the year	214
Number entered	125
Number attending during the fall term	179

Number attending during the winter term	188
Number attending during the spring term	168
Number of graduates	64

FACULTY.

The teachers for the past year were as follows:

Walter E. Russell, A. B., Principal; Daniel R. Hodgdon, A. B.; Viola M. White; Katherine Halliday; Gertrude L. Stone, A. M.; M. Grace Fickett, A. B.; Carol M. Holland; Agnes C. Burr; Jessie L. Keene, Ph. B.; John A. Backus, B. S.; Cora B. Dillingham; Katherine C. Aageson; Maud G. Parsons; Edith M. Pitts.

CANDIDATES FOR GRADUATION.

Mildred E. Allen, Springvale; Ada M. Anderson, Gorham; Marion H. Andrews, Cumberland Mills; Bessie G. Atwood, Lisbon; Jennie E. Bean, Ridlonville; Marion E. Boothby, Gorham; Geneva A. Brown, Hampden Corner; Winnifred E. Brown, Patten; Mattie L. Buzzell, Standish; Hope Caswell, North Edgecomb; Annie M. Chapman, Danville, Virginia; Inez L. Clark, Woodfords; Edith M. Congdon, Woodfords; Maude M. Cunningham, E. Newcastle; Pauline C. Day, Trevett; Cecile G. Denham, Bowdoinham; Emma M. Dunn, Hallowell; Myrtle H. Edwards, So. Windham; Ethel M. Farwell, Bethel; Delia E. Files, Gorham; Ina F. Geele, Waldoboro; Pronell D. Gilkey, Searsport; Margaret M. Gilmore, Portland; Sara L. Grinnell, Searsport; Edith M. Hall, Alfred; Alitha F. Hanna, New Harbor; Nellie D. Harmon, Bar Mills; Kemis L. Haskell, So. Windham; Elizabeth K. Hession, Portland; Jeanette Hill, Machias; Helen I. Hopkins, Portland; Belle L. Ingersoll, Woodfords; Edith S. Jackson, Wiscasset; Janice E. Jefferds, Gorham; Maud M. Johnson, So. Portland; Edith B. Jordan, No. Bridgton; Grace L. Kateon, Bath; Agnes E. Kelly, Portland; Natalie N. Knight, Wescott; Clara A. Knights, W. Buxton; Elizabeth A. Laroche, Portland; Sarah E. Larrabee, Portland; Grace L. Maddocks, Stillwater; Anna W. McCafferty, Portland; Miranda C. Merrill, Portland; Marion L. Moses, No. Gorham; Leila G. Moulton, Kittery Depot; Dorothy B. Murray, E. Boothbay; Amy L. Nash, Bremen; Charlotte G. Nash, Mil-

bridge; Margaret C. Nickels, Cherryfield; Marion Patrick, Gorham; Effie M. Reed, Dixfield; Eva M. Roberts, Woodfords; Florence E. Sanborn, Saco; Barbara D. Sawyer, Hallowell; Mildred R. Sherman, Gorham; Maude I. Smith, Searsport; Georgia E. Strout, Gorham; Katherine F. Sullivan, Portland; Sarah F. Taylor, Albion; Rebecca I. Towne, Waterboro; Alice M. Williams, Alfred; Edith M. Wiley, Biddeford.

MODEL RURAL SCHOOL.

During the past year the plan which was inaugurated a year ago of establishing a model rural school was begun to be put into effect. This school is located in a little hamlet at West Gorham, a little more than two miles from the Gorham Normal School. Here the state secured a beautifully situated, well drained lot of land of area sufficient to give ample school grounds. Onto this the school building was moved and placed over a basement inclosed by a stone and brick wall. The school building was remodeled in relation to lighting, heating, ventilation, entrances, and to provide a small room for manual training and a stairway to the basement. The school is giving promise of fulfilling its purpose and so demonstrating the possibility of giving at reasonable expense for equipment and teaching desirable educational privileges to the children in rural communities.

Respectfully submitted ,

WALTER E. RUSSELL.

AROOSTOOK STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

PRESQUE ISLE, MAINE, May 26, 1910.

To the Trustees of the State Normal Schools:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor of presenting to you the following report of the Aroostook State Normal School for the year ending May 26, 1910.

Number registered in the fall term	46
Number entering in the fall term	24
Number registered in the winter term	67

Number entering in the winter term	19
Number registered in the spring term	55
Number entering in the spring term	6
Average enrollment for the year	56
Whole number of different pupils registered	84

We are pleased to report the largest average enrollment since the opening of the school. The average enrollment for this year is 56; while that of last year was 42. This is an increase of 33 1-3% over last year.

The teachers have been the same as last year with the addition of Miss Alzie E. Lane. This addition placed the teaching force on a stronger basis and gave the teachers more time for rest and preparation.

Their names are as follows:

S. Lorenzo Merriman, A. B., Principal, William D. Hall, A. B., Ardelle M. Tozier, Nellie Woodbury Jordan, Mary H. Gussman, Alzie E. Lane, A. B., Florence M. Hale, Principal of the Training Department, Elizabeth Jenkins.

The following students have completed the regular course and are recommended for graduation:

Jennie C. Allingham, Phoebe A. Bell, Lula A. Buck, James Franklin Carter, Mena Coady, Constance Cross, Kit Beulah Flanagan, Theresa V. Gould, Zippora Hodgedon, Gladys M. Huckins, Erwin Lewis Lane, Bernice M. Mahaney, Marguerite A. Mahaney, Fern R. Price, Kate M. Welts.

REPORT OF THE SUMMER TERM, AUGUST 19, 1910.

The summer term opened July 12, and continued six weeks, closing August 19. The total registration was 35. The term was a success in every way and we urge that a summer term of six weeks be offered next year.

We recommend that a room be provided for a studio because the present quarters are not large enough to accommodate the larger classes. Another room is also needed for the ninth grade in the training department.

Respectfully submitted,

S. L. MERRIMAN.

MADAWASKA TRAINING SCHOOL.

FORT KENT, MAINE, May 27, 1910.

To the Trustees of the State Normal Schools:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to submit the annual report of the Madawaska Training School for the year ending May 27, 1910.

ATTENDANCE.

Number entering the school	36
Number attending the autumn term	118
Number attending the winter term	120
Number attending the spring term	89
Number of different pupils	127
Number graduating	11

The teachers for the year have been Mary P. Nowland, Principal; Assistants, May Brown, Katherine L. Lawlis, Ethel I. Duffey, Mary E. Sterritt, L. B. Boston, Martha D. Chase.

The position left vacant by the resignation of Miss Sweeney, teacher of French, remained unfilled until Christmas, when it was taken by Mrs. Martha D. Chase of Portland who has remained with us until now.

Much has been done by the state for the Madawaska Training School during the past year.

Mr. L. B. Boston from the University of Maine has had charge of the work in Agriculture introduced this year, and in recitations and practical work has accomplished much.

Up to this time only a beginning has been made, however. The three acres of land adjoining the school grounds which have been purchased during the year for this purpose, have been ploughed, harrowed, laid off into plots and scaled on paper by the older boys, assisted by and under the direction of Mr. Boston.

These have built also a granary and have begun the erection of a henhouse. Eighty-five chickens have been hatched. A hot bed has been built in which lettuce and radishes are already up.

The work in Household Science which is under the direction of Miss Sterritt of Yarmouth, N. S., has awakened a keen interest among all the girls in school.

To accommodate the work of the classes in this department a large room on the ground floor of the dormitory has been enlarged by the removal of partitions, the walls sheathed with hard pine, a steel ceiling added and the room supplied with the furniture and utensils necessary for the work to be done.

The work done in Manual Training during this year has been very successful—fifty-four boys taking a never-flagging interest in it. The work done has been distinctly practical—most of the articles needed in the various departments being made by the boys, many of whom have remained over hours to finish work which they were not required to do and have completed during the year several very useful and creditably made articles.

During the summer the room devoted to Manual Training has been enlarged by opening into it two small rooms. It is well lighted, has a magnificent view and is altogether a very attractive and charming room.

I have one regret—that Manual Training was not introduced into the Training School a quarter of a century ago.

The Model School which was opened last September has won golden opinions from parents and scholars. Until the Model School building, which was not completed until Christmas, was ready, the teachers worked under great disadvantages, as the rooms which they occupied were battered, dark and cold.

In the new building which is situated within the Training School grounds, the rooms are very bright and pleasant, each room being large enough to accommodate forty pupils.

The school is in charge of Miss Teed and Miss Bucknam who are very hard-working and enthusiastic teachers, such teachers as cannot fail to obtain good results.

Of these Training School pupils who have had this year the privilege of observing in the Model School, much better work than formerly will be expected.

In addition to the improvements made in the Manual Training and Household Science rooms, the store rooms below stairs have been enlarged and improved. In these and the wash-room, new floors have been laid, the walls of the store-rooms sheathed with hard pine and new ceilings put in.

Roomy drawers and lockers for individual scholars make these rooms much more convenient and desirable.

GRADUATING CLASS OF 1910.

Ambrose Albert, Madawaska; Hedwidge Bourgoin, New Canada; Annie M. Cyr, St. David; Evina M. Daigle, Catherine Ouellette, Augusta E. Pinkham, Isabel M. Pratt, Robert P. Sweezey, Fort Kent; William Levesque, Emile Ouellette, Frenchville; Delia S. Savage, St. Francis:

Respectfully submitted,

MARY P. NOWLAND.

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF NORMAL SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

The following tabulation shows the statistics of attendance of the State Normal Schools at Farmington, Castine, Gorham and Presque Isle and the Madawaska Training School.

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY.

SCHOOL.	YEAR ENDING.	Number entering.	Number graduated.	Average attendance per year.	LARGEST ATTENDANCE.	
					Number.	TERM.
Farmington Normal School.....	June 10, 1909	96	87	156	177	Winter.
Eastern State Normal School....	June 8, 1909	69	36	98	116	Winter.
Western State Normal School....	June 17, 1909	113	42	149	166	Winter.
Aroostook State Normal School..	May 27, 1909	31	17	45	50	Spring.
Madawaska Training School.....	May 26, 1909	54	17	107	130	Winter.
Totals.....		363	179	555	639	
Farmington Normal School.....	June 16, 1910	95	52	135	158	Winter.
Eastern State Normal School....	June 7, 1910	96	31	110	115	Winter.
Western State Normal School....	June 23, 1910	125	64	178	188	Winter.
Aroostook State Normal School..	May 26, 1910	49	15	56	67	Winter.
Madawaska Training School.....	May 27, 1910	36	11	109	120	Winter.
Totals.....		401	173	588	648	

NORMAL SCHOOLS AND TRAINING SCHOOL---FISCAL STATEMENT.

Resources, 1910.

Annual appropriation for normal schools and training school	\$65,000 00
By credit to same	898 94

Special appropriation Farmington Normal School	11,800 00
Balance from special appropriation 1909 Farmington Normal School (building site)	542 66
Special appropriation Eastern State Normal School	700 00
Special appropriation Eastern State Normal School (dormitory)	20,000 00
Balance from 1909 appropriation for the same...	13,190 18
Special appropriation Western State Normal School	3,000 00
Special appropriation Aroostook State Normal School	1,000 00
Special appropriation Madawaska Training School	600 00
Balance from special appropriation 1909 Washington State Normal School	24,988 57
Total resources	\$131,720 35

Expenditures January 1, 1910 to Nov. 30, 1910.

For salaries	\$45,528 90	
For fuel, lights and water	4,611 53	
For repairs	2,837 14	
For miscellaneous	6,681 10	\$59,658 67
For Farmington Normal School special appropriation	337 46	
For Farmington Normal School (building site) ..	000 00	
For Eastern State Normal School (special appropriation)	363 64	
For Eastern State Normal School (dormitory) ..	26,755 46	
For Western State Normal School (special appropriation)	2,873 15	
For Aroostook State Normal School (special appropriation)	955 79	
For Madawaska Training School (special appropriation)	600 00	
For Washington State Normal School (special appropriation)	16,945 46	
Total expenditures		\$108,489 63

Balances unexpended Nov. 30, 1910.

On annual appropriation	\$6,240 27
On special appropriation Farmington Normal School	1,462 54
On special appropriation Farmington Normal School (building site)	542 66
On special appropriation Eastern State Normal School	336 36
On special appropriation Eastern State Normal School (dormitory)	6,434 72
On special appropriation Western State Normal School	126 85
On special appropriation Aroostook State Normal School	44 21
On special appropriation Madawaska Training School	00 00
On special appropriation Washington State Normal School	8,043 11
Total balance unexpended November 30, 1910	<hr/> \$23,230 72

APPENDIX

TABLE No. I.
COMMON SCHOOL STATISTICS.
Showing School Enrollment for Year Ending April 1, 1910.
 ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number of children in town between the ages of five and twenty-one years.	NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				Per cent of average attendance.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF				Aggregate number of weeks.	NUMBER REGISTERED										
		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.	Number of pupils conveyed.		
Auburn.....	4,842	1,625	-	1,767	1,759	1,467	-	-	1,601	1,582	.32	12	-	14	10	2,082	1,781	349	-	1,432	92	425	35	-	-	58
Durham.....	500	313	-	315	302	280	-	-	275	223	.51	9	-	10	10	455	355	355	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
East Livermore.....	785	430	-	448	453	383	-	-	390	393	.37	11	-	14	11	540	477	105	372	-	-	24	-	-	4	19
Greene.....	166	95	-	99	86	81	-	-	83	69	.46	10	-	11	11	160	114	114	-	-	-	-	5	-	25	
Leeds.....	307	199	-	211	188	181	-	-	173	156	.55	9	-	11	10	290	239	239	-	-	-	-	1	-	19	
Lewiston.....	8,704	2,085	-	2,288	2,125	1,813	-	-	1,908	1,784	.21	10	-	14	11	2,516	2,637	311	-	2,326	301	2,046	112	9	37	
Lisbon.....	1,311	765	-	884	876	711	-	-	828	830	.60	12	-	14	10	1,008	940	110	-	-	-	-	12	12	5	
Livermore.....	290	163	-	170	186	142	-	-	146	153	.50	10	-	10	10	232	214	86	-	-	-	-	1	1	26	
Mechanic Falls.....	438	234	-	241	238	207	-	-	212	212	.45	12	-	12	12	144	241	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	33	
Minot.....	219	120	-	120	117	100	-	-	104	93	.45	10	-	11	11	231	143	143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Poland.....	386	249	-	239	233	212	-	-	200	198	.52	10	-	11	11	480	298	298	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Turner.....	427	255	-	245	263	228	-	-	222	222	.52	10	-	10	9	388	283	148	135	-	-	-	-	-	32	
Wales.....	143	-	87	76	76	-	75	-	65	63	.46	10	-	9	8	169	101	101	-	-	-	5	1	1	1	
Webster.....	274	180	-	204	193	169	-	-	190	183	.65	12	-	14	10	252	209	56	-	-	-	-	6	6	19	
Total.....	18,792	6,713	87	7,307	7,095	5,974	75	6,397	6,161	.33	10	9	11	10	9,007	8,032	2,415	1,859	3,758	393	2,501	175	33	6	272	

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number of children in town between the ages of five and twenty-one years.	NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				Per cent. of average attendance.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF				Aggregate number of weeks.	NUMBER REGISTERED.						Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.	Number of pupils conveyed.	
		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.				
Scarboro.....	400	324		316	300	290			270	280	.70	12	12	10	408	350	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6
Sebago.....	126	100		96	104	84			87	90	.69	9	10	8	189	105	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
South Portland.....	2,122	1,399		1,470	1,440	1,279			1,361	1,293	.61	12	14	10	1,548	1,470	38	-	-	1,432	-	-	-	8	30
Standish.....	408	234		226	213	200			197	175	.46	10	10	11	379	275	178	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3
Westbrook.....	2,636	966		1,042	996	889			932	865	.33	10	14	12	1,152	1,137	87	-	-	1,050	-	-	-	5	3
Windham.....	465	319		313	292	279			267	249	.56	12	11	11	456	401	282	-	-	-	-	-	1	41	
Yarmouth.....	636	419		452	437	368			399	392	.60	11	13	9	264	391	18	-	-	-	-	-	7	5	
Total.....	30,137	16,657	137	16,422	16,333	13,717	121	13,920	13,434	.45	10	10	11	10	18,730	20,100	3,560	2,878	13,662	374	1,960	275	98	443	

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Avon	115	72	-	67	-	60	-	54	-	.49	9	-	10	-	100	80	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Carthage	86	-	36	45	50	-	30	35	38	39	-	8	9	8	96	66	66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Chesterville	189	113	-	111	-	86	-	97	-	.47	9	-	15	-	168	133	66	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5		
Eustis	139	115	-	105	103	102	-	91	83	.66	10	-	10	9	176	136	39	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8		
Farmington	854	-	363	357	340	-	43	305	307	.36	-	10	14	9	560	445	207	238	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46		
Freeman	82	50	-	55	-	-	-	45	-	.53	8	-	11	-	100	63	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Industry	147	95	-	100	89	90	-	82	76	.53	10	-	8	8	158	107	59	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15		
Jay	920	424	-	485	427	368	-	426	361	.41	10	-	12	10	674	492	165	327	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6		
Kingfield	248	171	-	166	158	156	-	150	137	.59	12	-	11	11	140	201	18	183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Madrid	74	57	-	53	53	50	-	45	45	.63	9	-	9	8	104	63	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2		
New Sharon	224	156	-	154	153	139	-	141	134	.61	9	-	9	8	234	162	107	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17		
New Vineyard	150	90	-	98	99	80	-	86	86	.54	9	-	9	7	146	106	63	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21		
Phillips	430	229	-	217	208	198	-	183	180	.43	12	-	10	9	327	239	95	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19		
Rangeley	282	225	-	249	202	200	-	218	186	.71	10	-	11	11	253	262	59	203	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Salem	62	46	-	40	30	38	-	33	23	.50	10	-	12	8	60	51	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		
Strong	192	130	-	137	125	117	-	110	103	.57	10	-	11	12	134	150	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	
Temple	108	52	-	54	-	43	-	45	-	.40	8	-	11	-	60	58	33	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14		
Weld	182	109	-	98	34	93	-	80	29	.37	9	-	12	10	171	117	71	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14		
Wilton	506	-	317	320	285	-	277	276	248	.52	-	11	15	8	434	376	178	198	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25		
PLANTATIONS.																																			
Coplin	27	14	-	12	11	13	-	11	11	.43	10	-	10	10	30	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dallas	66	53	-	44	-	43	-	41	-	.63	13	-	13	-	52	55	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lang	35	28	-	23	-	21	-	17	-	.54	20	-	20	-	52	28	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rangeley	28	24	-	22	18	17	-	16	14	.55	10	-	12	10	62	24	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Sandy River	17	10	-	12	12	7	-	9	9	.49	10	-	10	15	35	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Total	5,168	2,263	716	3,024	2,397	1,964	632	2,597	2,070	.46	10	9	11	9	4,326	3,442	1,566	1,876	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	234	

APPENDIX.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	NUMBER OF CHILDREN IN TOWN BETWEEN THE AGES OF FIVE AND TWENTY-ONE YEARS.				NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF				NUMBER REGISTERED.							
	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Per cent of average attendance.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Aggregate number of weeks.	Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.	Number of pupils conveyed.	
Amherst.....	80	60	-	46	40	18	-	20	16	.22	10	-	10	14	88	65	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	1
Aurora.....	32	24	-	24	3	20	-	21	3	.45	10	-	10	6	46	26	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bluehill.....	452	254	-	232	218	236	-	217	190	.47	10	-	10	9	541	265	169	96	-	-	-	10	-	1
Brooklin.....	285	149	-	145	142	130	-	128	129	.54	10	-	10	10	180	155	58	97	-	-	-	1	-	2
Brooksville.....	384	237	-	232	225	210	-	202	189	.52	10	-	10	10	270	285	285	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bucksport.....	564	372	-	370	339	330	-	323	292	.55	10	-	10	10	394	397	164	233	-	-	1	-	-	1
Castine.....	228	109	-	102	94	93	-	91	83	.89	12	-	12	12	204	135	31	104	-	-	-	-	-	20
Cranberry Isles.....	110	73	-	68	73	67	-	58	63	.56	10	-	10	10	120	75	-	75	-	-	-	2	-	2
Dedham.....	99	56	-	61	16	50	-	50	14	.38	9	-	10	6	107	67	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Deer Isle.....	640	360	-	351	365	341	-	338	327	.61	10	-	10	10	310	379	261	118	-	-	-	-	-	6
Eastbrook.....	68	54	-	55	-	33	-	35	-	.50	12	-	14	-	104	55	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Eden.....	1,233	795	-	780	761	635	-	712	694	.55	10	-	13	10	810	807	188	619	-	-	28	-	-	27
Ellsworth.....	972	507	-	504	464	420	-	445	391	.43	10	-	10	10	680	530	153	-	12	-	-	8	-	4
Franklin.....	377	248	-	245	180	225	-	219	139	.51	10	-	11	6	254	298	46	252	-	-	-	-	-	16
Gouldsboro.....	328	222	-	212	189	-	-	191	155	.54	8	-	8	9	294	237	237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hancock.....	238	170	-	170	138	143	-	142	107	.54	9	-	10	8	200	194	194	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Isle au Haut.....	54	28	-	23	27	26	-	20	25	.43	10	-	8	11	87	32	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lamoine.....	134	72	-	74	72	63	-	65	60	.46	13	-	11	10	136	83	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Marlville.....	49	27	-	24	-	21	-	18	-	.39	10	-	10	-	50	31	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Mt. Desert.....	523	331	-	354	318	233	-	293	267	.53	10	-	12	10	480	371	78	293	-	-	-	-	-	6
Orland.....	331	199	-	185	186	168	-	159	159	.48	9	-	9	8	311	223	146	77	-	-	-	-	-	1
Otis.....	27	17	-	12	-	14	-	9	-	.41	10	-	16	-	26	17	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Penobscot.....	292	197	-	197	187	172	-	175	168	.58	9	-	10	10	290	213	213	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Sedgwick.....	254	159	-	154	146	143	-	135	123	.52	10	-	10	9	261	166	102	64	-	-	-	-	-	1
Sorrento.....	38	22	-	24	18	19	-	20	17	.49	11	-	7	8	54	25	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Southwest Harbor.....	268	121	-	119	156	103	-	120	111	.41	11	-12	10	198	169	38	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	
Stonington.....	570	402	-	377	550	385	-	360	324	.62	11	-11	11	363	412	95	317	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sullivan.....	304	189	-	161	147	164	-	157	117	.48	10	-11	10	279	201	100	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Surry.....	228	155	-	140	137	135	-	124	118	.55	9	-8	8	200	163	108	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Swan's Island.....	219	145	-	153	144	145	-	153	145	.67	10	-10	10	180	153	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	6	
Tremont.....	398	212	-	212	231	177	-	186	191	.46	9	-9	9	297	231	138	93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	6	
Trenton.....	92	59	-	57	47	48	-	47	36	.47	10	-10	10	110	70	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Verona.....	56	33	-	25	-	30	-	23	-	.47	10	-11	-	63	32	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Waltham.....	58	42	-	40	-	36	-	34	-	.60	12	-12	-	48	44	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	8	
Winter Harbor.....	182	118	-	86	84	102	-	71	77	.45	9	-10	10	96	130	8	122	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	
PLANTATIONS.																													
Long Island.....	74	47	-	42	42	32	-	37	27	.43	-8	-8	12	28	53	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 8.....	10	7	-	7	-	7	-	7	-	.70	10	-10	-	20	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Moose Hill formerly																													
No. 21.....	12	11	-	-	11	11	-	-	11	.91	10	-	-13	26	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Great Pond formerly																													
No. 33.....	23	15	-	13	-	12	-	11	-	.50	9	-10	-	19	16	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals.....	10,236	6,298	-	6,091	5,573	5,436	-	5,416	4,768	.50	10	-10	9	8,224	6,823	3,573	2,873	377	-	17	47	23	138	-	-	-	-	-	-

APPENDIX.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Albion.....	261	179	-	175	169	149	-	148	137	.55	10	-10	10	240	199	132	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Augusta.....	3,442	1,448	-	1,456	1,469	1,235	-	1,283	1,238	.36	12	-14	12	1,786	1,549	188	-	1,361	143	550	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	128	
Belgrade.....	301	155	-	145	144	131	-	123	124	.41	9	-9	9	259	183	183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
Benton.....	383	194	-	179	189	175	-	152	161	.42	10	-12	11	315	205	135	70	-	-	5	-	5	-	-	-	5	-	20	
Chelsea.....	254	163	-	159	148	128	-	127	110	.47	11	-12	10	272	191	191	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
China.....	307	194	-	186	161	162	-	149	122	.47	10	-10	10	300	232	83	149	-	-	1	-	8	-	-	-	3	-	38	
Clinton.....	310	187	-	175	161	154	-	143	131	.46	10	-10	10	363	195	133	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farmingdale.....	235	133	-	121	106	117	-	107	92	.44	12	-14	10	144	145	46	99	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fayette.....	150	89	-	87	73	73	-	77	68	.48	9	-9	8	156	99	99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gardiner.....	1,509	803	-	864	801	732	-	744	700	.48	12	-14	10	720	1,038	45	161	832	-	3	-	22	-	-	-	13	-	21	-
Hallowell.....	760	393	-	395	382	368	-	367	364	.48	11	-14	11	540	405	78	-	327	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	12	-
Litchfield.....	227	159	-	144	123	137	-	119	102	.52	10	-10	9	281	163	163	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manchester.....	132	92	-	95	93	81	-	80	80	.60	12	-12	10	136	95	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KENNEBEC COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number of children in town between the ages of five and twenty-one years.	NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				Per cent of average attendance.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF			Aggregate number of weeks.	NUMBER REGISTERED.						Number of pupils conveyed.					
		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.		Winter terms.	Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.		In private or parochial schools.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.		
Monmouth	326	171	-	165	157	151	-	146	137	.44	10	-	11	11	288	198	67	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Mt. Vernon	234	170	-	144	128	141	-	111	107	.51	8	-	10	8	232	175	175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Oakland	521	299	-	322	311	247	-	279	261	.50	11	-	14	11	396	357	51	306	-	-	1	-	-	5	3	
Pittston	288	142	-	155	134	121	-	131	112	.42	10	-	11	7	255	167	140	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
Randolph	266	171	-	192	179	153	-	163	157	.59	12	-	14	10	180	266	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Readfield	243	175	-	176	150	121	-	116	99	.46	10	-	10	10	240	181	98	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	
Rome	121	91	-	86	-	62	-	67	-	.52	9	-	15	15	129	105	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Sidney	223	167	-	152	135	138	-	116	114	.55	8	-	10	8	234	176	176	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	
Vassalboro	502	251	-	262	232	210	-	214	192	.40	10	-	13	9	370	303	120	183	-	-	7	-	-	5	56	
Vienna	103	78	-	75	65	70	-	65	55	.61	9	-	9	9	108	87	48	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
Waterville	3,487	1,420	-	1,452	1,420	1,299	-	1,819	1,255	.37	11	-	14	11	1,548	1,860	-	-	-	-	164	-	630	-	71	
Wayne	144	87	-	91	81	72	-	73	67	.49	10	-	12	10	132	102	39	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
West Gardiner	155	101	-	100	84	88	-	90	72	.53	10	-	10	8	170	116	116	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	
Windsor	195	118	111	96	89	93	88	74	70	.43	9	7	8	7	197	125	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	
Winslow	923	398	-	389	393	365	-	341	347	.38	10	-	13	12	490	421	114	307	-	-	40	117	20	16	59	
Winthrop	515	324	-	303	291	292	-	252	260	.52	10	-	13	8	433	340	128	212	-	-	-	-	5	-	28	
Unity Pl.	22	12	-	12	11	9	-	9	11	.43	9	-	8	9	26	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	16,539	8,352	111	8,353	7,884	7,274	88	7,185	6,745	.42	10	7	11	9	10,940	9,690	3,085	2,225	4,380	354	1,316	94	107	740	-	

KNOX COUNTY.

Appleton	282	199	-	194	203	177	-	166	170	.60	8	-	9	10	270	231	176	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14		
Camden	714	370	-	380	374	332	-	346	333	.47	11	-	13	12	396	429	24	405	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	32	
Cushing	153	79	-	89	89	72	-	75	70	.47	6	-	9	10	161	98	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Friendship	195	118	-	114	123	37	-	39	38	.19	9	-	9	10	138	135	68	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11		
Hope	112	76	-	68	57	62	-	54	44	.47	10	-	10	9	136	87	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3		
Hurricane Isle	82	55	-	64	61	49	-	61	56	.67	10	-	10	10	60	73	-	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
North Haven	148	60	-	66	56	51	-	54	48	.34	10	-	10	10	110	72	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	1		
Rockland	1,904	-	1,308	1,263	1,258	-	1,242	1,197	1,260	.64	-	11	14	11	1,080	1,534	36	-	1,498	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	
Rockport	525	347	-	351	319	313	-	306	281	.57	11	-	13	10	406	397	70	327	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	2	19	
South Thomaston	424	-	242	241	229	-	219	215	202	.50	-	11	11	12	340	240	172	68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
St. George	591	328	-	339	329	278	-	288	272	.41	11	-	11	11	489	409	297	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Thomaston	537	307	-	312	294	285	-	281	259	.51	11	-	13	12	371	333	22	311	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	17	
Union	305	194	-	185	183	160	-	161	155	.52	9	-	9	9	251	223	145	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	
Vinalhaven	698	451	-	442	425	408	-	410	370	.56	10	-	11	11	448	471	158	313	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Warren	412	235	-	241	219	199	-	210	182	.47	10	-	10	10	440	269	162	107	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	15	
Washington	233	126	-	124	114	100	-	104	95	.42	10	-	10	9	208	153	133	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	
Criehaven Pl.	11	8	-26	7	4	2	-	1	1	.12	8	-	10	8	26	9	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mattineus Isle Pl.	50	26	-	-	28	26	19	-	17	.41	10	-	10	12	32	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Muscle Ridge Pl.		No re	turns.																									
Total	7,376	2,979	1,576	4,480	4,365	2,551	1,480	3,968	3,853	.40	9	11	10	10	5,362	5,203	1,760	1,945	1,498	-	-	-	-	2	13	6	188	

APPENDIX.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

TOWNS.	Number of children in town between the ages of five and twenty-one years.	NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				Per cent of average attendance.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF				Aggregate number of weeks.	NUMBER REGISTERED																					
		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.	Number of pupils conveyed.													
Alna.....	116	86		88	89	87	80		81	82	80	.69	10	10	10	10	142	106	106	-																	
Boothbay.....	520	317			335	314	292			308	277	.56	8	11	11	11	403	352	259																		
Boothbay Harbor.....	600	376			390	361	341			340	308	.54	10	12	12	12	442	437	64	373																	
Bremen.....	153	92			93	88	75			78	72	.48	9	10	6	130	103	103																			
Bristol.....	600	394			347	360	344			309	203	.47	10	14	10	558	394	98	296																		
Damariscotta.....	151	87			93	85	62			77	65	.45	12	11	12	12	108	104	22	82																	
Dresden.....	221	120			124	107	113			103	84	.45	11	13	8	192	124	124																			
Edgcomb.....	136	86			80	85	67			64	66	.48	10	10	10	120	92	92																			
Jefferson.....	298	155			154	143	132			134	124	.43	9	11	10	300	161	161																			
Newcastle.....	251	167			143	151	131			115	123	.48	10	12	302	185	134	51																			
Nobleboro.....	191	98			102	97	84			90	74	.43	10	11	10	246	126	91	35																		
Somerville.....	96	57			50	48	49			46	42	.47	7		8	8	72	61	61																		
Southport.....	116	55			56	59	52			51	53	.44	10	10	10	134	61	61																			
Waldoboro.....	741	426			417	382	367			346	317	.46	10	10	10	690	492	372	120																		
Westport.....	84	44			45	45	29			36	35	.39	8	10	9	81	49	49																			
Whitefield.....	276	176			181	168	140			151	136	.51	7	9	8	222	215	215																			
Wiscasset.....	296	180			177	161	150			144	132	.47	12	14	10	288	203	78	125																		
Monhegan Pl.....	33	23			24	22	18			17	18	.53	10	10	9	29	30																				
Total.....	4,879	2,989	88	2,900	2,763	2,526		81	2,491	2,209	.49		9	10	9	4,459	3,295	2,090	1,205						18				6			7	173				

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

TOWNS.	NUMBER OF CHILDREN IN TOWN BETWEEN THE AGES OF FIVE AND TWENTY-ONE				NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				PER CENT OF AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF				AGGREGATE NUMBER OF WEEKS.	NUMBER REGISTERED.						NUMBER BETWEEN SEVEN AND FIFTEEN YEARS OF AGE NOT ATTENDING SCHOOL.	NUMBER BETWEEN SEVEN AND FIFTEEN YEARS OF AGE EXCLUDED FROM SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.	NUMBER OF PUPILS CONVEYED.
	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.			
Alton	83	49	-	50	40	44	-	44	35	.49	8	-	10	8	78	62	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Argyle	75	52	-	57	26	45	-	37	24	.47	12	-	10	10	97	52	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Bangor	6,485	-	3,285	3,305	3,200	-	-	2,882	2,935	2,834	.44	-	-	-	3,528	3,421	253	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	
Bradford	286	161	-	161	119	136	-	124	106	.42	10	-	11	14	111	177	177	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	
Bradley	172	113	-	114	109	102	-	95	89	.55	10	-	10	10	150	128	26	-	-	102	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Brewer	1,635	1,117	-	1,156	1,076	978	-	1,009	923	.59	11	-	14	11	1,089	1,277	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	
Burlington	95	70	-	63	54	53	-	49	46	.51	10	-	9	7	100	85	85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Carmel	245	179	-	161	160	129	-	120	130	.51	10	-	9	10	261	190	118	-	-	72	-	-	-	-	-	23	
Carroll	164	111	103	96	-	111	-	76	72	-	52	9	7	8	182	125	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Charleston	227	147	-	137	131	.128	-	127	121	.55	10	-	10	10	270	147	147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Chester	120	78	-	80	-	59	-	65	-	.51	11	-	10	-	126	86	86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Clifton	59	25	-	26	-	21	-	22	-	.36	11	-	10	-	530	33	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	
Corinna	308	203	-	176	168	179	-	149	144	.51	10	-	10	9	344	204	151	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Corinth	238	135	-	127	126	123	-	104	115	.45	9	-	8	10	165	162	129	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	
Dexter	933	560	-	548	534	509	-	487	436	.51	10	-	13	11	782	596	130	466	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	
Dixmont	183	122	-	126	116	100	-	94	94	.52	8	-	10	10	221	153	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	15	
East Millinocket	275	155	-	182	172	127	-	135	126	.47	10	-	14	12	180	187	-	187	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
Eddington	193	113	-	109	102	99	-	91	81	.46	10	-	10	10	150	127	-	67	60	-	-	-	-	3	-	16	
Edinburg	16	7	8	9	-	7	-	8	-	.47	10	-	8	10	-	28	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Enfield	362	188	-	175	246	162	-	152	208	.47	10	-	10	10	240	203	36	167	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	
Etna	133	-	80	84	87	-	-	65	64	71	.50	-	8	8	190	104	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exeter	218	147	147	135	130	129	129	112	109	.54	9	-	9	8	279	159	141	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Garland	233	136	-	126	123	119	-	109	104	.47	10	-	9	8	229	140	109	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	
Glenburn	119	66	-	69	52	53	-	45	47	.40	9	-	10	9	84	70	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	
Greenbush	134	96	-	85	-	77	-	64	-	.52	12	-	14	-	104	100	61	-	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	8	

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number of children in town between the ages of five and twenty-one years.	NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				Per cent of average attendance.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF				Aggregate number of weeks.	NUMBER REGISTERED									
		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.	Number of pupils conveyed.	
Abbot	202	155	-	148	118	127	-	114	97	.55	9	-	11	9	232	164	73	91	-	-	-	-	3	-	12
Atkinson	149	98	-	89	-	90	-	80	20	.57	10	10	8	-	140	98	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Blanchard	48	33	-	36	31	28	-	32	20	.55	9	-	11	8	56	38	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bowerbank	18	16	-	15	15	15	-	14	12	.75	11	-	10	15	36	17	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Brownville	572	427	-	437	400	350	-	389	354	.63	10	-	14	12	468	452	75	377	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dover	469	318	-	343	300	274	-	287	260	.57	11	-	14	10	360	388	139	249	-	-	-	-	6	56	
Foxcroft	488	281	-	304	286	241	-	244	237	.49	11	-	14	11	395	354	73	281	-	-	-	1	7	11	
Greenville	414	236	-	270	249	207	-	223	213	.51	11	-	14	10	245	305	-	305	-	-	-	8	1	25	
Gulldorf	412	275	-	264	257	253	-	229	220	.56	10	-	13	10	340	296	103	193	-	-	-	-	6	6	
Medford	72	44	45	43	-	38	-	28	.46	9	8	3	-	75	52	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	
Milo	716	501	-	543	538	450	-	488	448	.64	10	-	14	12	504	562	96	466	-	-	-	9	1	3	
Monson	373	245	-	274	238	222	-	252	195	.59	9	-	11	9	287	283	52	231	-	-	-	-	-	7	
Orneville	84	61	-	54	-	48	-	39	.51	11	-	14	-	78	67	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	
Parkman	169	105	-	108	102	89	-	91	82	.51	9	-	8	8	150	113	113	-	-	-	-	1	1	25	
Sangerville	330	196	-	200	172	174	-	171	138	.48	11	-	14	7	341	227	124	103	-	-	2	1	-	16	
Sebec	181	107	-	100	107	94	-	86	88	.49	10	-	10	10	190	127	94	33	-	-	-	-	-	13	
Shirley	105	70	-	67	61	58	-	54	49	.51	12	-	12	10	90	79	38	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wellington	112	72	-	69	-	66	-	46	.50	8	-	13	-	131	76	63	13	-	-	-	-	1	-	11	
Williamsburg	47	31	27	24	24	26	-	17	17	.43	10	10	10	10	60	31	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Willimantic	85	58	-	51	39	45	-	41	30	.45	10	-	12	12	99	64	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Barnard Pl.	30	18	-	19	14	15	-	16	13	.48	10	-	9	10	29	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Elliottsville Pl.	22	6	-	12	-	6	-	11	.38	10	-	24	-	34	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kingsbury Pl.	39	17	-	28	-	15	-	20	.44	8	-	12	-	20	28	28	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lake View Pl.	49	44	-	34	32	41	-	30	27	.66	10	-	10	12	64	51	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	5,186	3,414	166	3,533	2,983	2,972	144	3,002	2,500	.55	9	9	12	10	4,424	3,905	1,433	2,472	-	-	11	30	22	214	

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

Arrowsic	35	14	-	14	-	12	-	11	-	30	10	-	12	-	22	16	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Bath	2,816	1,911	-	1,978	1,877	1,668	-	1,712	1,674	.59	10	-	12	11	1,449	2,026	66	-	1,960	-	2	-	-	-	5
Bowdoin	273	196	-	190	160	175	-	153	133	.56	9	-	9	9	324	180	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Bowdoinham	338	207	-	211	211	179	-	190	176	.53	11	-	13	11	280	211	67	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Georgetown	188	122	-	128	104	96	-	103	86	.39	11	-	10	8	182	143	143	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	1
Perkins	14	10	-	9	5	7	-	6	5	.42	9	-	10	8	27	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Phippsburg	343	211	-	213	199	172	-	177	164	.49	12	-	11	11	306	277	-	277	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Richmond	525	309	-	335	309	258	-	282	260	.50	11	-	13	11	481	335	92	243	-	-	4	-	-	-	31
Topsham	698	303	-	299	298	279	-	267	265	.38	11	-	14	11	504	438	219	219	-	-	8	3	3	3	26
West Bath	67	38	-	36	27	28	-	28	21	.38	12	-	12	10	100	46	46	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	4
Woolwich	185	93	-	102	96	72	-	83	76	.41	10	-	10	8	196	110	110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Total	5,471	3,414	-	3,515	3,286	2,946	-	3,012	2,860	.53	10	-	11	10	3,871	3,792	949	883	1,960	-	16	7	7	7	98

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Anson	618	357	-	364	331	323	-	300	270	.48	9	-	10	8	400	430	91	339	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	60	
Athens	268	151	-	142	142	132	-	118	112	.45	10	-	10	9	261	174	103	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	
Bingham	290	238	-	236	240	225	-	228	220	.77	11	-	11	10	223	252	98	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
Cambridge	78	45	-	40	34	38	-	32	28	.41	10	-	10	10	60	49	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
Canaan	234	152	-	143	129	126	-	115	105	.49	10	-	10	10	300	152	117	35	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	16	
Concord	72	45	-	43	-	40	-	39	-	.54	10	-	12	-	66	48	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	
Cornville	156	123	-	111	87	103	-	90	71	.56	9	-	12	7	174	143	143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
Detroit	103	79	-	71	75	70	-	66	66	.65	9	-	9	9	108	85	35	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
Embden	159	97	-	103	77	82	-	85	63	.48	9	-	8	8	151	117	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	
Fairfield	1,246	682	-	747	667	592	-	630	562	.47	11	-	14	9	774	783	259	524	-	-	159	5	5	5	62		
Harmony	194	123	-	114	113	105	-	100	94	.51	8	-	8	7	191	128	88	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Hartland	300	196	-	184	185	186	-	161	161	.56	10	-	10	10	210	212	80	132	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	24	
Madison	849	534	-	612	584	493	-	584	540	.55	12	-	12	12	643	639	137	502	-	-	-	15	15	15	15	47	
Mercer	114	75	-	85	80	64	-	75	61	.58	9	-	9	9	135	97	75	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	
Moscow	148	75	-	77	67	70	-	68	60	.44	10	-	10	4	96	83	83	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	6	
New Portland	271	148	-	127	121	130	-	111	99	.41	9	-	10	9	648	152	54	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	
Norridgewock	494	265	-	286	273	232	-	252	231	.54	11	-	11	11	363	295	123	172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	
Palmyra	260	132	-	137	132	115	-	106	105	.41	10	-	10	10	270	153	136	17	-	-	-	4	3	3	3	8	
Pittsfield	682	394	-	413	392	351	-	366	329	.51	10	-	11	11	451	472	100	372	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	34

SOMERSET COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number of children in town between the ages of five and twenty-one years.	NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				Per cent of average attendance.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF				Aggregate number of weeks.	NUMBER REGISTERED							Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.	Number of pupils conveyed.					
		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.									
Ripley.....	75	38	-	44	33	34	-	33	27	41	10	-	10	6	94	49	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	10
Skowhegan.....	1,637	657	-	923	938	638	-	898	888	49	12	-	12	12	936	1,098	121	977	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	55	
Smithfield.....	114	70	-	63	67	15	-	13	11	11	10	-	10	8	112	76	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	14	
Solon.....	293	160	-	150	133	138	-	113	112	41	10	-	11	9	288	174	75	99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	36	
St. Albans.....	302	184	-	178	164	159	-	153	138	48	9	-	9	9	117	192	125	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	35	
Starks.....	157	99	-	94	90	86	-	72	70	48	8	-	9	10	189	102	57	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	28	
PLANTATIONS.																														
Bigelow.....	24	14	-	15	-	13	-	14	-	56	9	-	11	-	31	16	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Brighton.....	96	36	33	33	-	29	28	28	-	29	9	9	9	-	88	42	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Caratunk.....	65	35	-	33	26	30	-	30	24	43	12	-	12	6	92	39	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Dead River.....	30	19	-	14	-	16	-	13	-	48	10	-	10	-	20	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Dennistown.....	35	21	-	16	-	14	-	14	-	40	13	-	9	-	44	22	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Flagstaff.....	55	26	-	28	25	23	-	25	21	41	10	-	12	14	36	28	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Highland.....	24	16	16	14	-	13	14	12	-	50	11	8	7	-	25	17	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Jackman.....	185	40	-	30	27	34	-	24	23	14	9	-	12	7	56	48	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	28	8
Lexington.....	58	37	-	42	-	33	-	33	-	56	9	-	12	-	63	43	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Mayfield.....	18	14	-	4	-	14	-	4	-	50	18	-	18	-	36	18	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Moose River.....	81	54	8	38	20	48	-	31	23	44	10	8	12	10	94	57	12	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Pleasant Ridge.....	20	20	-	18	-	14	-	14	-	70	20	-	12	-	64	18	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
The Forks.....	55	33	-	34	-	31	-	31	-	56	12	-	12	-	72	35	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Forks.....	54	30	-	32	28	27	-	28	24	48	10	-	10	10	60	36	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19
Total.....	9,854	5,514	57	5,838	5,280	4,886	47	5,109	4,538	49	10	7	10	9	8,052	6,593	2,756	3,837	-	65	327	115	84	627						

WALDO COUNTY.

Belfast.....	1,247	650	-	697	682	601	-	622	583	.48	11	-	14	11	900	713	160	-	-	553	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	76
Belmont.....	85	53	-	53	46	46	-	41	35	.47	8	-	9	9	104	62	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Brooks.....	185	103	-	101	106	92	-	83	83	.46	10	-	10	10	123	120	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	12
Burnham.....	219	153	-	137	113	128	-	100	96	.49	9	-	10	9	228	153	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Frankfort.....	285	172	-	166	170	148	-	144	147	.50	10	-	10	10	210	183	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Freedom.....	126	80	-	77	-	64	-	59	-	.48	10	-	10	-	140	87	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Islesboro.....	271	136	-	133	123	105	-	112	94	.38	11	-	10	10	197	151	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Jackson.....	118	60	-	57	-	59	-	57	-	.49	10	-	10	-	80	117	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Knox.....	128	68	-	71	76	59	-	54	60	.45	9	-	9	11	147	76	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Liberty.....	176	120	-	126	122	110	-	108	98	.59	9	-	9	8	182	130	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Lincolnton.....	303	179	-	162	159	151	-	133	123	.44	8	-	9	9	278	189	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Monroe.....	200	116	-	106	99	102	-	87	73	.43	8	-	10	10	224	120	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Montville.....	240	122	-	132	118	109	-	103	93	.40	8	-	8	8	192	146	146	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
Morrill.....	109	63	-	60	59	54	-	50	49	.46	10	-	7	13	60	60	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Northport.....	105	55	-	53	42	48	-	42	35	.39	9	-	11	9	88	58	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
Palermo.....	177	-	120	110	115	-	103	102	92	.55	-	10	9	8	189	124	124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Prospect.....	162	107	-	101	90	91	-	87	78	.52	8	-	10	8	146	111	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Searsmont.....	224	137	-	140	132	121	-	127	118	.54	9	-	10	9	196	161	102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Searsport.....	378	191	-	217	199	167	-	184	156	.44	10	-	12	12	306	222	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Stockton Springs.....	250	176	-	168	164	148	-	140	129	.55	10	-	7	10	222	198	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Swanville.....	134	73	-	76	77	60	-	59	60	.44	10	-	10	10	150	85	85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Thorndike.....	163	92	-	94	89	79	-	82	77	.48	8	-	10	10	168	103	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Troy.....	183	123	-	116	103	102	-	98	82	.51	6	-	9	9	225	123	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Unity.....	199	108	-	101	98	93	-	88	84	.44	10	-	10	10	210	126	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Waldo.....	121	83	-	79	74	73	-	69	61	.55	10	-	10	6	131	94	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Winterport.....	385	221	-	219	200	186	-	184	170	.46	10	-	10	10	300	232	102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Total.....	6,173	3,441	120	3,552	3,256	2,997	103	3,015	2,676	.47	9	10	9	9	5,396	3,944	2,353	1,038	553	-	-	-	-	-	1	35	11	397

APPENDIX.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

TOWNS.	NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				Per cent of average attendance.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF			aggregate number of weeks.	NUMBER REGISTERED.						Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.	Number of pupils conveyed.							
	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Winter terms.		Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.										
Addison	267	209	-	-	175	174	171	-	-	168	148	.60	10	-	8	6	294	221	194	27	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	
Alexander	142	74	-	-	62	55	56	-	-	44	44	.33	9	-	8	10	112	77	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	
Baileyville	312	190	-	-	194	157	160	-	-	209	131	.53	10	-	12	12	240	208	35	173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
Baring	76	32	-	-	32	30	28	-	-	26	25	.34	10	-	12	12	32	32	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Beddington	14	8	-	-	8	7	7	-	-	7	-	.7	12	-	14	-	26	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Brookton	72	51	-	-	37	43	44	-	-	28	36	.50	10	-	8	9	56	51	14	37	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	1	
Calais	2,344	1,249	-	-	1,249	1,187	1,020	-	-	1,091	1,037	.45	9	-	13	11	965	1,385	101	1,284	-	-	-	-	100	50	-	16	
Centerville	39	25	-	-	26	18	22	-	-	20	13	.47	10	-	10	8	28	27	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Charlotte	81	53	-	-	49	49	42	-	-	40	-	.50	10	-	12	-	88	56	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Cherryfield	470	255	-	-	284	236	232	-	-	263	215	.51	11	-	11	11	341	313	121	192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	
Columbia	169	129	-	-	116	97	110	-	-	108	84	.59	10	-	10	10	180	133	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Columbia Falls	216	120	-	-	119	103	104	-	-	95	91	.44	10	-	10	10	120	130	63	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
Cooper	66	51	-	-	49	-	43	-	-	35	-	.59	10	-	11	-	64	55	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Crawford	34	20	-	-	21	-	16	-	-	14	-	.44	10	-	21	-	41	25	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Cutter	223	147	-	-	138	138	112	-	-	105	105	.48	10	-	17	17	162	159	90	69	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	
Danforth	409	316	-	-	301	280	247	-	-	215	236	.56	13	-	10	12	275	299	101	198	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	
Deblois	22	18	-	-	19	17	16	-	-	17	15	.72	10	-	10	6	26	20	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dennysville	156	88	-	-	88	93	72	-	-	65	63	.42	10	-	12	12	80	104	46	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
East Machias	499	319	-	-	285	252	270	-	-	260	238	.51	10	-	10	10	300	354	194	160	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	8	
Eastport	1,839	892	-	-	899	853	762	-	-	756	729	.40	12	-	14	12	798	1,060	45	1,015	-	-	-	-	-	135	-	-	
Edmunds	208	129	-	-	131	-	108	-	-	104	-	.50	11	-	13	-	120	131	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Forest City	29	21	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	16	-	.55	12	-	14	-	26	21	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Harrington	281	172	-	-	176	156	147	-	-	153	130	.51	10	-	10	10	210	177	120	57	-	-	-	-	6	1	-	2	
Jonesboro	180	126	-	-	82	76	106	-	-	75	63	.45	10	-	10	11	124	134	102	102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Jonesport	807	515	-	-	504	465	437	-	-	427	400	.52	10	-	11	8	503	585	226	359	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1

Lubec.....	1,282	746	-	746	729	625	-	633	587	.47	10	-	15	13	760	907	518	389	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	
Machias.....	606	464	-	461	442	420	-	399	385	.66	10	-	13	12	455	522	67	455	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	
Machiasport.....	422	230	-	228	223	204	-	204	192	.47	10	-	10	10	270	277	194	83	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	
Marion.....	28	18	-	19	-	15	-	14	-	.50	12	-	12	-	24	21	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Marshfield.....	41	32	-	29	16	26	-	25	15	.53	11	-	10	8	40	29	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Meddybemps.....	47	26	-	26	26	23	-	23	23	.48	10	-	10	7	27	31	-	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Milbridge.....	536	325	-	301	287	285	-	277	280	.52	10	-	10	9	373	337	177	160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Northfield.....	28	-	24	22	23	-	23	16	21	.71	-	-	12	12	9	33	24	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pembroke.....	482	308	-	279	263	261	-	230	215	.48	11	-	12	11	379	313	159	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Perry.....	317	196	-	195	186	164	-	154	139	.48	9	-	8	9	234	225	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Princeton.....	368	242	-	242	238	219	-	214	218	.58	10	-	15	11	216	276	67	209	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Robbinston.....	235	132	-	108	127	99	-	81	96	.39	8	-	13	10	190	172	172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Roque Bluffs.....	30	24	-	20	20	22	-	18	15	.61	10	-	12	8	30	24	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Steuben.....	229	157	-	159	-	185	-	136	-	.59	11	-	12	-	251	159	123	36	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Talmadge.....	27	18	-	24	-	17	-	15	-	.59	11	-	14	-	25	24	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Topsfield.....	87	57	-	52	58	52	-	48	49	.57	9	-	10	8	81	65	51	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Trescott.....	176	85	-	93	88	71	-	74	68	.40	12	-	12	12	150	96	96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vanceboro.....	219	130	-	136	116	106	-	113	92	.47	11	-	13	12	165	153	19	134	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Waite.....	52	31	-	27	-	23	-	23	-	.47	12	-	12	-	50	31	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wesley.....	70	56	-	44	33	47	-	38	30	.54	10	-	10	8	96	58	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Whiting.....	120	79	-	78	-	67	-	61	-	.53	12	-	13	-	129	79	46	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Whitneyville.....	72	51	-	46	44	41	-	42	41	.57	10	-	12	9	62	57	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PLANTATIONS.																																				
Codyville.....	24	16	-	17	-	16	-	16	-	.65	13	-	15	-	28	18	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Grand Lake Stream...	128	79	-	72	78	45	-	57	67	.43	10	-	12	10	64	98	6	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
No. 14.....	30	16	-	17	-	13	-	13	-	.43	8	-	11	-	39	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 21.....	41	25	-	24	16	20	-	19	14	.43	12	-	16	6	34	26	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	14,652	8,603	24	8,530	7,443	7,367	23	7,284	6,350	.47	10	12	12	9	9,416	9,808	4,180	3,329	2,299	-	-	-	121	258	10	179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

YORK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	NO. REGISTERED IN				AVERAGE ATTENDANCE IN				Per cent of average attendance.	AVERAGE LENGTH IN WEEKS OF				Aggregate number of weeks.	NUMBER REGISTERED.											
	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.	Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Spring terms.	Summer terms.	Fall terms.	Winter terms.		Different pupils.	In rural schools.	In village schools.	In city schools.	In evening schools.	In private or parochial schools.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age not attending school.	Number between seven and fifteen years of age excused from school attendance.	Number of pupils conveyed.			
Acton.....	165	87	-	91	-	73	-	72	-	43	11	12	-	189	101	78	23	-	-	-	-	-	5	11	3	15
Alfred.....	202	103	-	106	97	88	-	91	74	37	11	15	10	173	146	31	115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Berwick.....	524	300	-	295	280	289	-	286	239	49	11	14	10	422	325	64	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
Biddeford.....	6,136	937	-	986	917	802	-	834	744	13	11	12	13	1,343	1,240	212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Buxton.....	461	273	-	258	221	224	-	226	205	64	11	11	11	428	300	245	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Cornish.....	219	156	-	172	135	136	-	152	121	64	11	14	11	268	179	56	128	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Dayton.....	86	47	46	45	40	39	-	34	43	11	11	-	10	32	50	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Eliot.....	401	211	-	202	168	187	-	165	135	40	12	16	8	324	228	101	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Hollis.....	283	172	-	177	155	144	-	144	127	37	10	10	10	300	194	99	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1
Kennebunk.....	750	443	-	417	432	397	-	407	370	52	12	12	12	438	447	56	391	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31
Kennebunkport.....	493	333	-	318	293	292	-	280	240	54	11	12	11	482	399	167	232	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	15
Kittery.....	713	445	-	433	395	388	-	378	343	51	12	14	10	432	508	54	454	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
Lebanon.....	309	220	-	224	217	185	-	191	182	60	10	8	8	328	259	259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Limerick.....	263	162	162	162	144	127	127	127	106	46	10	14	10	170	162	75	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Limington.....	252	152	-	137	118	122	-	112	87	42	10	10	10	240	161	161	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Lyman.....	144	73	-	63	69	55	-	46	50	34	10	10	8	161	85	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
Newfield.....	131	91	-	88	65	69	-	68	52	48	10	10	8	112	104	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
North Berwick.....	468	262	-	272	257	226	-	243	227	49	11	11	10	367	285	84	201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
Old Orchard.....	213	119	-	122	97	98	-	94	72	41	10	14	12	144	152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
Parsonsfield.....	224	118	-	138	126	91	-	117	102	46	11	10	8	240	159	159	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Saco.....	1,932	821	-	882	785	721	-	754	713	37	11	14	12	1,036	974	118	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	84	-	74
Sanford.....	2,875	938	-	1,010	917	840	-	895	786	29	12	14	10	908	1,186	127	1,059	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Shapleigh.....	187	135	-	140	123	117	-	119	97	59	9	9	10	226	169	160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

South Berwick ..	949	556	-	519	380	492	-	431	324	.43	11	-14	8	503	598	94	504	-	-	153	-	-	15	
Waterboro.....	273	171	-	158	145	144	-	136	116	.49	10	-10	9	317	193	85	108	-	-	-	1	-	8	
Wells.....	665	325	-	397	350	250	-	300	225	.39	11	-14	11	612	397	200	197	-	-	-	100	-	25	
York.....	644	408	-	441	409	366	-	375	331	.53	10	-14	11	572	483	241	242	-	-	-	4	-	30	
Total	19,662	8,058	208	8,208	7,340	6,943	166	7,023	6,102	.34	10	11	12	10	10,765	9,475	3,150	4,441	1,884	73	2,328	393	29	455

SUMMARY.

Androscoggin...	18,792	6,713	87	7,307	7,095	5,974	75	6,397	6,161	.33	10	9	11	10	9,007	8,032	2,415	1,859	3,758	393	2,501	175	33	272
Aroostook	26,033	14,271	4,652	13,608	12,166	11,546	3,604	10,996	9,811	.34	10	10	10	10	18,074	16,620	10,976	5,644	-	-	361	673	71	759
Cumberland	30,137	16,657	137	16,422	16,383	13,717	121	13,920	13,434	.45	10	10	11	10	18,730	20,100	3,560	2,878	13,662	374	1,960	275	98	443
Franklin	5,168	2,263	716	3,024	2,397	1,964	632	2,597	2,070	.46	10	9	11	9	4,326	3,442	1,566	1,876	-	-	62	13	18	234
Hancock	10,236	6,298	-	6,091	5,573	5,436	-	5,416	4,768	.50	10	-10	9	8,224	6,823	3,573	2,873	377	-	-	17	47	23	138
Kennebec	16,539	8,352	111	8,353	7,894	7,274	88	7,185	6,745	.42	10	7	11	9	10,940	9,690	3,085	2,225	4,380	354	1,316	94	107	740
Knox	7,376	2,979	1,576	4,480	4,365	2,551	1,480	3,968	3,853	.40	9	11	10	10	5,362	5,203	1,760	1,945	1,498	-	2	13	6	188
Lincoln	4,879	2,939	89	2,900	2,763	2,526	81	2,491	2,209	.49	9	10	10	9	4,459	3,295	2,090	1,205	-	-	18	6	7	173
Oxford	8,994	5,727	27	5,895	5,491	4,918	20	5,083	4,662	.54	9	12	10	9	9,030	6,779	2,983	3,796	-	70	35	36	23	541
Penobscot	23,971	10,202	3,903	13,644	12,554	8,825	3,397	11,686	10,650	.36	10	9	10	9	17,071	15,091	5,285	4,462	5,344	-	1,063	76	51	593
Piscataquis	5,186	3,414	166	3,533	2,933	2,972	144	3,002	2,500	.55	9	9	12	10	4,424	3,905	1,433	2,472	-	-	11	30	22	214
Sagadahoc	5,471	3,414	-	3,515	3,286	2,946	-	3,012	2,860	.53	10	-11	10	9	3,871	3,792	949	883	1,960	-	16	7	7	98
Somerset	9,854	5,514	57	5,833	5,230	4,886	47	5,109	4,538	.49	10	7	10	9	8,062	6,593	2,756	3,837	-	65	327	115	84	627
Waldo	6,173	3,441	120	3,552	3,256	2,997	103	3,015	2,676	.47	9	10	9	9	5,396	3,944	2,353	1,038	553	-	1	35	11	397
Washington	14,652	8,603	24	8,530	7,443	7,367	23	7,284	6,350	.47	10	12	12	9	9,416	9,808	4,180	3,329	2,299	-	121	258	10	179
York	19,662	8,058	208	8,208	7,340	6,943	166	7,023	6,102	.34	10	11	12	10	10,765	9,475	3,150	4,441	1,844	73	2,328	393	29	455
Total	213,123	108,845	11,877	114,900	106,259	92,342	9,981	98,184	89,389	.34	9	9	10	9	147,147	132,592	52,114	44,763	35,715	1,329	10,139	2,246	600	6,051

TABLE No. II. COMMON SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Character of Schools and School Property for the Year Ending April 1, 1910.

ANDROSOGGIN COUNTY.

	SCHOOLHOUSES					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS												
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so failing continued by vote of town.	Number not using course of study.	Number having S. I. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.	Value of improvements paid for by town.
TOWNS.																			
Auburn.....	28	27	28	—	—	\$150,000	58	20	—	—	38	—	—	—	4	—	—	6	—
Durham.....	11	10	10	—	—	5,000	16	11	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Livermore.....	8	8	8	—	—	\$1,200	15	6	5	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Greene.....	8	7	3	—	—	2,500	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Leeds.....	10	10	7	—	—	6,000	10	10	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lewisiston.....	20	20	20	—	—	291,200	68	12	—	—	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lisbon.....	17	17	17	—	—	50,000	28	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Livermore.....	9	8	4	—	—	5,000	9	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mechanic Falls.....	4	8	2	—	—	10,000	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Minor.....	7	7	7	—	—	4,000	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Poland.....	16	15	14	—	—	12,000	13	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Turner.....	15	12	10	—	—	11,500	13	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wales.....	7	7	5	—	—	5,850	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Webster.....	8	4	4	—	—	20,000	8	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	168	151	139	—	—	\$894,250	262	117	5	46	94	170	1	4	7	22	14	29	138

AROOFOOK COUNTY.

Amity.....	5	3	3	-	-	\$1,050	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	\$15
Ashland.....	12	11	10	-	-	11,100	14	8	-	2	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	4	25
Bancroft.....	4	4	4	-	-	800	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benedicta.....	4	-	2	-	-	1,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blaine.....	7	5	-	-	-	2,500	8	3	-	-	3	-	5	-	1	1	-	1	10
Bridgewater.....	9	9	-	-	-	4,500	8	5	-	-	3	-	3	-	2	-	-	1	-
Caribou.....	28	27	26	1	42,000	92,500	37	23	-	14	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	6	38
Castle Hill.....	7	6	6	-	-	6,500	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	15
Crystal.....	5	-	3	-	-	1,700	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dyer Brook.....	4	4	2	-	-	1,200	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Easton.....	10	6	3	-	-	14,000	11	8	-	-	3	-	6	-	-	-	-	5	25
Fort Fairfield.....	27	19	6	1	1,250	63,050	45	21	-	4	20	-	45	-	2	-	-	15	200
Fort Kent.....	23	23	22	1	600	8,730	22	21	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Frenchville.....	12	6	4	-	-	2,500	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Isle.....	8	8	4	-	-	3,000	10	6	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Haynesville.....	3	3	2	-	-	5,000	3	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hersey.....	3	3	2	-	-	800	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hersey.....	3	3	2	-	-	4,000	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	6	4
Hodgdon.....	10	9	10	-	-	4,000	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	87
Houlton.....	13	10	10	-	-	72,500	24	5	-	-	19	-	19	-	1	-	-	14	175
Island Falls.....	3	3	1	-	-	11,000	8	5	-	-	6	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	15
Limestone.....	4	5	2	-	-	13,200	13	8	-	-	5	-	13	-	-	-	-	3	-
Linneus.....	10	9	10	-	-	5,000	10	9	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Littleton.....	10	9	9	-	-	5,425	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3
Ludlow.....	5	4	4	-	-	2,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Madawaska.....	17	15	10	1	440	4,600	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-
Mapleton.....	10	9	10	-	-	25,000	10	8	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	15
Mars Hill.....	13	11	10	-	-	34,000	13	9	-	-	4	-	4	-	1	-	-	4	50
Masardis.....	4	4	4	-	-	9,000	5	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	2	4	10
Monticello.....	9	7	9	-	-	7,000	9	7	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Limerick.....	6	6	4	-	-	3,500	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40
New Sweden.....	9	9	7	1	816	5,500	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oakfield.....	8	3	2	-	-	2,800	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	10
Orient.....	2	2	2	-	-	1,500	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
Perham.....	6	6	2	-	-	4,200	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	1	25
Portage.....	2	1	2	-	-	3,000	3	1	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-
Presque Isle.....	23	20	16	1	3,000	6,100	31	18	-	2	11	-	31	-	-	-	10	16	100
Sherman.....	7	5	7	-	-	4,000	8	6	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	25
Smyrna.....	4	4	3	-	-	4,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
St. Agata.....	11	11	7	-	-	2,400	13	10	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Van Buren.....	12	9	5	-	-	10,500	21	9	-	3	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

APPENDIX.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	SCHOOLHOUSES					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS										Value of improvements not paid for by town.				
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so failing continued by vote of town.		Number not using course of study.	Number having S. I. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.	
Washburn.....	11	8	11	1	\$22,000	\$32,000	13	10	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Westfield.....	6	4	2	2	1,800	5,000	6	4	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	
Weston.....	5	5	3	-	-	3,500	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Woodland.....	11	11	9	-	-	4,000	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PLANTATIONS.																					
Allagash.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cary.....	3	3	2	-	-	1,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Caswell.....	4	4	4	-	-	4,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Chapman.....	5	2	5	-	-	2,000	5	5	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Connor.....	6	1	2	-	-	200	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	
Cyr.....	5	5	-	1	250	1,300	5	5	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E.....	2	2	-	-	-	600	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Eagle Lake.....	5	5	2	-	-	2,600	8	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Garfield.....	2	1	1	-	-	900	1	1	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	
Glenwood.....	3	3	3	-	-	800	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	
Hamlin.....	6	4	-	-	-	1,200	6	6	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hammond.....	1	1	-	-	-	500	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	
Macwahoc.....	1	1	1	-	-	800	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Merrill.....	3	2	-	1	3,021	3,821	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	
Moro.....	3	2	3	-	-	700	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	
Nashville.....	2	2	1	-	-	475	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
New Canada.....	4	4	1	-	-	900	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

Towns.	SCHOOLHOUSES					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS											Value of improvements not paid for by town.		
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so failing continued by vote of town.	Number not using course of study.		Number having S. I. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.
Scarboro.....	11	11	11	-	-	\$10,000	12	10	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	11	-	
Sebago.....	8	7	7	-	-	3,000	7	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South Portland.....	14	14	12	1	\$59,000	137,500	43	-	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	
Standish.....	11	11	10	1	1,865	9,100	12	2	4	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	5	5	\$25	
Westbrook.....	10	10	10	-	-	100,000	30	-	-	27	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	
Windham.....	15	11	11	-	-	10,000	14	3	5	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
Yarmouth.....	9	9	8	-	-	19,000	10	2	7	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	
Total.....	297	264	253	4	\$63,892	\$1,543,890	538	164	8	80	286	356	1	2	4	15	94	22	99	\$157

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Avon	5	5	-	-	-	\$2,000	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
Carthage.....	6	4	-	-	-	2,000	5	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
Chesterville.....	10	9	6	-	-	4,250	7	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	5	-	-	-	-
Eustis.....	5	4	5	-	-	4,600	6	2	-	4	-	3	1	-	-	2	-	3	1	1	-
Farmington.....	15	12	8	-	-	45,000	17	7	-	4	6	6	1	-	1	-	-	3	3	3	\$30
Freeman.....	6	5	5	-	-	1,698	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industry.....	8	6	5	-	-	2,200	6	4	-	2	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jay.....	14	12	14	-	-	16,600	21	10	-	11	-	14	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	6	-
Kingfield.....	3	3	3	-	-	12,000	6	1	-	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	31
Madrid.....	4	4	4	-	-	1,500	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
New Sharon.....	8	7	7	1	650	8,000	9	7	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	1	-
New Vineyard.....	7	5	3	-	-	2,300	6	4	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	61
Phillips.....	9	9	8	-	-	15,912	10	6	-	4	-	6	-	-	2	2	-	6	-	2	-
Rangeley.....	5	5	4	-	-	14,800	9	4	-	5	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-
Salem.....	1	1	1	-	-	1,500	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Strong.....	5	1	1	-	-	7,500	4	-	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Temple.....	4	2	4	-	-	2,500	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	10
Weld.....	11	8	11	-	-	3,000	7	5	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	-
Wilton.....	14	12	3	-	-	25,000	13	9	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	4	20
PLANTATIONS.																					
Coplin.....	1	1	1	-	-	300	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Dallas.....	2	2	2	-	-	1,000	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lang.....	2	2	2	-	-	800	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rangeley.....	2	2	2	-	-	1,200	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sandy River.....	1	1	1	-	-	1,700	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	148	122	100	1	\$650	\$177,360	153	91	5	57	-	61	6	1	5	10	34	14	25	\$152	

APPENDIX.

Southwest Harbor.....	4	4	2	-	-	11,000	6	2	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
Stonington.....	5	5	5	-	-	29,000	11	4	-	7	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Sullivan.....	7	7	6	1	6,500	12,000	9	4	2	3	-	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	2
Surry.....	7	7	4	-	-	5,000	8	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Swan's Island.....	3	3	3	-	-	7,500	6	-	6	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	2
Tremont.....	3	3	7	-	-	12,000	11	7	-	4	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trenton.....	2	4	4	-	-	3,400	3	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	11	-	-	-
Verona.....	4	3	2	-	-	1,200	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Verona.....	2	2	1	-	-	1,600	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	1	1
Waltham.....	2	2	2	-	-	8,300	4	1	-	3	-	3	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	2
Winter Harbor.....	2	2	2	1	6,385	8,300	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PLANTATIONS.																				
Long Island.....	1	1	1	-	-	1,500	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
No. 8.....	1	1	1	-	-	500	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Moose Hill formerly No. 21.....	1	1	1	-	-	500	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Great Pond formerly No. 33.....	1	1	-	-	-	500	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	259	227	201	4	\$44,885	\$520,300	295	168	22	90	15	152	4	9	12	24	86	56	60	\$249

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Albion.....	9	8	7	-	-	\$3,500	8	6	-	2	-	8	-	-	1	1	-	-	8	7	\$45
Augusta.....	24	22	17	1	\$45,964	216,500	46	10	-	-	36	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	18	3
Belgrade.....	11	10	8	-	-	6,000	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	15
Benton.....	8	8	8	-	-	7,500	9	5	-	4	-	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	7	2	92
Chelsea.....	9	9	9	-	-	4,000	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	9	5	1	3	-
China.....	11	8	9	-	-	6,500	10	5	-	5	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	125
Clinton.....	10	10	10	-	-	12,000	11	9	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	6	3	-
Farmingdale.....	3	3	3	-	-	5,000	4	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	25
Fayette.....	8	8	6	-	-	4,000	6	6	-	-	-	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	6	3	40
Gardiner.....	13	11	11	-	-	102,832	20	2	-	3	15	18	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	11	75
Hallowell.....	9	8	8	-	-	29,000	12	2	-	-	10	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	25
Litchfield.....	10	10	10	-	-	6,000	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	7	10	35
Manchester.....	7	6	4	-	-	3,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	20

KENNEBEC COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	SCHOOLHOUSES.					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS.											Value of improvements not paid for by town.		
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so falling continued by vote of town.	Number not using course of study.		Number having S. I. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.
Monmouth.....	10	8	8	-	-	\$10,000	9	5	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	5	-	4		
Mt. Vernon.....	11	11	11	-	-	8,000	12	10	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	9	-	-		
Oakland.....	8	8	8	-	-	18,500	11	3	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	4		
Pittston.....	12	9	9	-	-	5,000	10	9	-	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	15		
Randolph.....	12	12	12	1	\$3,317	8,000	4	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	10	-	2		
Readfield.....	8	7	7	-	-	6,000	8	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4		
Rome.....	6	4	-	-	-	600	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Sidney.....	10	6	6	-	-	7,000	9	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	5	-	-		
Vassalboro.....	9	9	9	-	-	11,000	11	7	4	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	9	65		
Vienna.....	4	4	3	-	-	1,400	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	5		
Waterville.....	7	7	7	-	-	96,000	43	-	-	43	43	-	1	1	-	-	-	3		
Wayne.....	7	7	5	-	-	5,000	4	2	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40		
West Gardiner.....	8	8	6	1	850	5,000	8	6	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	100		
Windsor.....	8	12	4	-	-	4,000	6	6	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	11		
Winstow.....	16	9	8	1	5,000	2,800	14	5	9	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	2		
Winthrop.....	10	9	7	-	-	12,000	13	6	5	-	7	-	-	-	1	-	-	9		
Unity Pl.....	1	1	1	-	-	400	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total.....	268	238	211	4	\$55,131	\$607,532	329	161	4	56	108	171	8	7	13	12	47	69	122	\$973

KNOX COUNTY.

Appleton.....	10	10	10	-	-	\$6,000	10	8	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	
Camden.....	3	3	3	-	-	30,000	11	1	-	10	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cushing.....	6	6	6	-	-	1,500	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Friendship.....	7	7	7	-	-	4,500	5	3	2	-	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	1	\$5	
Hope.....	7	5	4	-	-	2,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	35	
Hurricane Isle.....	1	1	1	-	-	350	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
North Haven.....	3	3	3	-	-	5,000	4	1	3	-	-	2	-	1	-	4	2	-	500	
Rockland.....	9	8	9	-	-	88,000	29	2	-	-	27	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rockport.....	7	6	6	-	-	10,000	11	2	2	7	-	11	1	-	-	-	7	8	35	
South Thomaston.....	10	5	5	-	-	4,600	10	8	-	2	-	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	
St. George.....	13	11	8	-	-	9,500	15	11	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Thomaston.....	8	8	8	-	-	20,000	10	1	-	9	-	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	125	
Union.....	13	12	5	-	-	6,000	9	7	-	2	-	2	-	1	1	-	2	9	34	
Vinalhaven.....	10	10	10	-	-	20,000	14	6	-	8	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	
Warren.....	18	18	17	-	-	7,000	17	12	-	5	-	4	1	2	2	1	-	15	4	
Washington.....	11	10	6	-	-	3,500	7	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	
Crielhaven Pl.....	1	1	1	-	-	500	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Matinicus Isle Pl.....	1	1	1	-	-	700	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Muscle Ridge Pl.....	-	No returns	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total.....	138	125	110	-	-	\$219,150	166	79	7	53	27	84	4	9	7	5	14	36	24	\$759

LINCOLN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	SCHOOLHOUSES.					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS.												Value of improvements not paid for by town.								
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so failing continued by vote of town.	Number not using course of study.	Number having S. I. L. M. branches.		Number having libraries.							
Alna.....	6	5	4	-	-	\$3,500	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boothbay.....	12	11	10	-	-	11,000	13	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boothbay Harbor.....	5	5	5	-	-	13,000	13	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bremen.....	5	5	2	-	-	3,000	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bristol.....	17	13	13	-	-	18,000	17	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Damariscotta.....	5	4	3	-	-	5,000	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dresden.....	6	6	6	-	-	1,600	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Edgecomb.....	5	4	4	-	-	2,500	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jefferson.....	14	10	10	-	-	3,600	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newcastle.....	9	9	9	-	-	7,500	10	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nobleboro.....	9	7	7	-	-	6,000	8	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Somerville.....	5	4	2	-	-	700	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Southport.....	4	4	4	-	-	3,500	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waldoboro.....	24	24	-	-	-	12,000	23	17	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Westport.....	3	2	2	-	-	1,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Whitefield.....	11	11	10	-	-	4,000	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wiscasset.....	6	5	6	1	\$8,934	14,000	8	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monhegan Pl.....	1	1	1	-	-	500	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	147	130	98	1	\$8,934	\$110,400	144	99	5	40	-	46	4	-	-	9	64	11	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$169

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

OXFORD COUNTY.

Albany.....	7	7	7	-	-	\$2,500	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-
Andover.....	5	4	3	-	-	3,500	8	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Bethel.....	12	11	9	-	-	17,250	12	8	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	7	6
Brownfield.....	11	9	8	-	-	6,000	7	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Buckfield.....	10	8	6	-	-	8,800	9	7	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Byron.....	4	3	2	-	-	2,000	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Canton.....	7	5	6	-	1	\$416	6	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
Denmark.....	7	7	5	-	-	5,000	6	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dixfield.....	9	4	9	-	1	14,000	9	6	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	6	4	2
Fryeburg.....	12	10	9	-	-	10,000	11	7	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Gilead.....	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grafton.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greenwood.....	10	8	10	-	-	4,500	11	9	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hanover.....	2	2	2	-	-	1,600	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hartford.....	8	8	5	-	-	4,000	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	7	-	10
Hebron.....	7	6	7	-	-	3,000	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hiram.....	7	6	5	-	-	4,000	6	3	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	3
Lovell.....	7	5	5	-	-	3,000	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mason.....	1	1	1	-	-	700	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico.....	4	3	4	-	-	35,000	15	2	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	10
Newry.....	4	4	4	-	-	2,500	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norway.....	18	12	16	-	-	21,570	21	10	-	11	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	4	2	-
Oxford.....	8	6	6	-	-	6,000	9	4	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4
Paris.....	21	20	19	-	-	20,000	25	10	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	10	12
Peru.....	7	6	6	-	-	5,200	8	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	4
Porter.....	9	9	8	-	-	4,100	7	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1
Roxbury.....	4	4	2	-	-	2,700	4	3	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	2
Rumford.....	19	18	17	-	-	60,000	33	9	-	24	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	25	13
Stoneham.....	3	2	3	-	-	1,300	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stow.....	5	3	3	-	-	3,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sumner.....	8	7	4	-	-	6,000	8	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Sweden.....	7	5	4	-	-	1,000	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Upton.....	1	1	1	-	-	4,000	3	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Waterford.....	11	10	10	-	-	3,000	8	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	5
Woodstock.....	8	8	8	-	-	5,000	10	7	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	5
PLANTATIONS.																				
Lincoln.....	1	1	-	-	-	1,200	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Magalloway.....	1	-	1	-	-	500	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milton.....	1	1	1	-	-	400	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	270	226	219	2	\$10,416	\$286,620	288	174	4	110	-	118	10	5	8	24	89	87	75	\$373

APPENDIX.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

TOWNS.	SCHOOLHOUSES.					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS.											Value of improvements not paid for by town.	
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so failing continued by vote of town.	Number not using course of study.		Number having S. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.
Alton	4	1	-	-	-	\$2,600	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	\$20
Argyle	4	3	4	-	-	1,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	75
Bangor	30	27	30	-	-	400,000	122	10	-	112	88	3	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Bradford	10	5	1	-	-	4,000	10	10	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	2	10
Bradley	3	3	1	-	-	3,500	5	5	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-
Brewer	11	10	11	-	-	56,000	25	3	-	22	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Burlington	4	-	-	-	-	1,500	4	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	-	1	5
Carmel	9	7	4	-	-	3,500	9	7	2	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	10
Carroll	7	5	4	-	-	4,200	9	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	3	-
Charleston	10	10	10	-	-	8,000	10	10	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Chester	6	5	3	-	-	3,000	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Clifton	5	4	3	-	-	1,500	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	5	5
Corinna	12	11	11	-	-	10,000	11	9	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	23
Corinth	6	6	6	-	-	35,000	6	5	1	-	11	-	-	-	2	-	3	6	-
Dexter	14	12	12	-	-	45,000	23	7	16	-	23	-	-	-	2	-	-	6	73
Dixmont	12	8	4	-	-	4,500	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	10
East Millinocket	1	1	-	-	-	30,000	4	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Eddington	7	6	5	-	-	3,500	5	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5
Edinburg	1	1	1	-	-	450	1	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Enfield	4	4	4	-	-	4,475	7	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	60
Etna	7	7	7	-	-	2,800	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Exeter	11	10	6	-	-	3,000	8	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	4	-	-
Garland	8	7	7	-	-	4,200	7	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Glenburn	6	3	3	-	-	2,200	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Greenbush	5	5	5	-	-	2,500	4	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Greenfield	2	2	-	-	-	1,400	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	
Hampden	14	14	13	-	-	10,000	15	10	-	-	5	-	-	15	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11		
Herron	14	9	13	-	-	3,500	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Holden	7	6	5	-	-	2,500	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Howland	1	1	1	-	-	10,000	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Hudson	5	5	2	-	-	3,000	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Kenduskeag	1	1	-	-	-	1,200	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Kingman	5	4	4	-	-	7,000	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Lagrange	5	5	4	-	-	3,000	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Lee	8	8	6	-	-	4,000	8	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Levant	8	6	6	-	-	3,500	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Lincoln	11	9	11	-	-	20,000	12	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Lowell	4	3	3	1	500	1,400	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Mattawamkeag	4	4	1	-	-	3,500	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Maxfield	3	2	2	-	-	500	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Medway	6	4	6	-	-	2,600	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Milford	2	1	2	-	-	4,000	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Millinocket	2	2	2	-	-	38,000	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mt. Chase	4	3	2	-	-	1,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Newburg	9	9	9	-	-	5,000	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Newport	6	6	5	-	-	12,500	9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Old Town	10	10	9	-	-	110,000	25	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Orono	10	8	10	1	6,466	50,000	17	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Orrington	11	11	11	-	-	6,000	10	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Passadumkeag	4	2	2	-	-	3,500	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Patten	6	6	5	-	-	25,000	9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Plymouth	8	8	8	-	-	4,000	7	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Prentiss	6	5	4	-	-	2,500	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Springfield	5	3	3	-	-	5,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stetson	7	6	5	-	-	2,500	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Veazie	1	1	1	-	-	2,000	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Winn	5	5	4	-	-	4,600	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Woodland	2	2	-	-	-	1,800	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PLANTATIONS.																																			
Drew	4	4	4	-	-	3,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Grand Falls	1	1	1	-	-	400	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lakeville	2	2	2	-	-	1,100	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seboeis	1	1	1	-	-	300	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stacyville	5	4	5	-	-	3,000	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Webster	2	2	1	-	-	650	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	408	346	322	2	\$6,966	\$998,875	547	275	3	114	155	267	16	13	18	27	109	71	93															\$636	

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

TOWNS.	SCHOOLHOUSES.				Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS.												Value of improvements not paid for by town.		
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.		Cost of same.	Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of villages.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so falling continued by vote of town.	Number not using course of study.		Number having S. I. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.
Abbot.....	2	6	2	-	-	\$3,600	2	4	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	3	\$20
Atkinson.....	5	5	3	-	-	1,800	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Blanchard.....	1	1	1	-	-	400	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bowerbank.....	1	1	1	-	-	600	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brownville.....	9	6	7	-	-	6,000	13	5	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	40
Dover.....	11	9	3	-	-	15,000	12	4	6	-	7	-	-	-	1	-	-	5	25	
Foxcroft.....	7	6	4	-	-	16,500	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	
Greenville.....	4	3	1	-	-	20,500	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Medford.....	3	3	3	-	-	18,000	10	5	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Medford.....	3	3	3	-	-	2,500	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Milo.....	9	9	9	-	-	34,500	14	5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Monson.....	9	7	6	-	-	9,250	10	4	6	-	6	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	
Orneville.....	4	4	2	-	-	2,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	
Parkman.....	9	6	6	-	-	3,500	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	-	6	15	
Sangerville.....	9	9	9	-	-	12,500	11	7	-	4	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Sebec.....	10	7	7	-	-	3,500	7	6	1	1	7	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	
Shirley.....	3	-	3	-	-	1,500	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	
Wellington.....	2	6	1	-	-	1,400	6	5	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	6	-	-	-	
Williamsburg.....	2	1	1	-	-	300	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	
Willimantic.....	3	3	2	-	-	2,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Barnard Pl.....	1	1	1	-	-	500	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Elliottsville Pl.....	2	2	-	-	-	1,000	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	
Kingsbury Pl.....	3	3	-	-	-	1,200	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	
Lake View Pl.....	1	1	1	-	-	3,000	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total.....	132	107	88	-	-	\$161,050	145	82	-	63	-	65	1	2	5	15	21	17	28	\$177

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

Arrowsic.....	2	1	1	-	-	\$500	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bath.....	15	15	7	-	-	175,000	42	2	-	-	40	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Bowdoin.....	13	10	12	-	-	10,800	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	\$50
Bowdoinham.....	11	6	6	-	-	11,500	10	5	-	5	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	12	10	-	4	6	25
Georgetown.....	7	4	6	-	-	2,500	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	25
Perkins.....	1	1	-	-	-	800	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
Phippsburg.....	12	10	3	1	\$700	3,500	9	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
Richmond.....	13	10	8	-	-	17,200	13	6	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	6	3	10
Topsham.....	12	11	11	-	-	15,000	14	9	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
West Bath.....	4	4	2	-	-	2,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	10
Woolwich.....	8	8	8	-	-	5,000	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	98	80	64	1	\$700	\$243,800	119	53	2	24	40	54	1	-	-	5	28	17	24				\$120

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Anson.....	8	8	8	-	-	\$20,000	14	6	-	8	-	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	3	\$40
Athens.....	11	8	7	-	-	4,700	9	6	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	5
Bingham.....	8	2	5	-	-	9,000	7	4	-	8	-	3	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
Cambridge.....	3	3	1	-	-	1,800	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Canaan.....	12	10	10	-	-	2,500	10	8	-	2	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Concord.....	3	-	1	-	-	1,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Cornville.....	12	8	-	-	-	7,500	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Detroit.....	4	3	3	-	-	1,750	4	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Embden.....	6	5	4	-	-	2,000	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	30
Fairfield.....	20	18	12	-	-	100,000	23	10	2	11	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	-
Harmony.....	9	7	9	-	-	4,700	8	7	-	1	-	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	80
Hartland.....	8	8	7	-	-	3,000	7	4	-	3	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	25
Madison.....	13	6	13	-	-	40,000	18	8	-	10	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Mercer.....	6	6	3	-	-	2,000	5	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	15
Moscow.....	5	-	5	-	-	2,500	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Portland.....	10	10	1	-	-	5,000	10	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	4	-	-
Norrigewock.....	13	13	2	-	-	4,000	12	8	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41
Palmyra.....	12	10	10	-	-	4,000	9	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	25
Pittsfield.....	9	9	9	-	-	35,000	15	5	-	10	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	25

SOMERSET COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	SCHOOLHOUSES					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS											Value of improvements not paid for by town.		
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so failing continued by vote of town.	Number not using course of study.		Number having S. I. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.
Ripley	5	5	2	-	-	\$2,400	4	4	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Skowhegan	19	10	16	-	-	50,000	26	8	18	-	26	4	1	-	-	4	-	-	4	
Smithfield	4	4	2	-	-	1,500	4	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Solon	7	5	7	-	-	8,000	9	5	4	-	8	-	-	1	-	-	4	-	3	
St. Albans	14	13	9	-	-	4,000	13	11	2	-	2	-	4	4	-	-	2	-	1	
Starks	8	4	1	-	-	1,300	7	6	1	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	
PLANTATIONS.																				
Bigelow	1	1	1	-	-	800	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Brighton	9	2	2	-	-	1,000	4	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	4	-	-	-	
Caratunk	2	1	1	-	-	2,500	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	
Dead River	2	1	1	-	-	225	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Dennistown	2	1	2	-	-	300	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	
Flagstaff	1	1	1	-	-	1,800	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Highland	1	1	1	-	-	1,000	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Jackman	1	1	1	-	-	2,000	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Lexington	3	2	2	-	-	400	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	
Mayfield	2	2	1	-	-	500	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	
Moose River	2	2	2	-	-	3,500	3	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	
Pleasant Ridge	2	2	2	-	-	700	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	15	
The Forks	3	-	3	-	\$214	1,600	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	
West Forks	1	1	1	-	-	2,000	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Total	261	193	167	1	\$214	\$335,475	266	166	6	94	-	124	13	11	18	20	27	49	36	\$356

WALDO COUNTY.

Belfast.....	13	12	12	-	-	\$30,000	25	7	2	-	16	25	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	-
Belmont.....	5	4	-	-	-	1,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brooks.....	4	2	2	-	-	2,000	4	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	\$75
Burnham.....	9	7	5	-	-	3,500	8	8	-	-	-	8	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Frankfort.....	6	3	3	-	-	3,000	7	4	-	3	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	30
Freedom.....	7	6	1	-	-	1,700	7	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	7	-	-	-
Islesboro.....	5	5	5	-	-	10,000	7	-	-	7	-	7	1	-	-	-	-	7	1	100
Jackson.....	6	4	4	-	-	500	4	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	11
Knox.....	7	6	2	-	-	2,500	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-
Liberty.....	8	5	7	-	-	3,500	7	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	10
Lincolnton.....	12	11	4	-	-	4,000	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	1	-
Monroe.....	10	6	6	-	-	2,000	8	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	50
Montville.....	8	5	8	1	\$362	2,000	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morrill.....	2	2	2	-	-	2,000	3	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Northport.....	7	6	3	-	-	2,000	3	3	-	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Palermo.....	9	9	7	-	-	3,250	7	7	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Prospect.....	6	4	5	1	700	3,000	6	5	-	1	-	9	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	7
Searsmont.....	9	7	6	-	-	3,000	7	5	-	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	7	-	-
Searsport.....	6	4	6	-	-	30,950	9	5	-	4	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
Stockton Springs.....	8	6	6	-	-	5,200	8	5	-	3	-	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	10
Swanville.....	6	6	5	-	-	3,000	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	20
Thorndike.....	6	6	5	-	-	2,800	6	5	-	1	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	20
Troy.....	11	-	8	-	-	3,000	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	-
Unity.....	9	6	5	-	-	3,600	7	5	-	2	-	7	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	25
Waldo.....	6	5	5	-	-	2,000	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
Winterport.....	10	6	6	-	-	7,000	10	7	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	60
Total.....	195	143	128	2	\$1,062	\$136,500	192	137	2	37	16	80	8	2	8	7	44	55	29	\$433

APPENDIX.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

TOWNS.	SCHOOLHOUSES					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS										Number of improvements not paid for by town.		
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so failing continued by vote of town.		Number not using course of study.	Number having S. I. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.
Addison.....	11	11	8	-	-	\$7,500	12	9	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	6	1
Alexander.....	4	3	4	-	-	1,800	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
Baileyville.....	5	-	2	-	-	1,500	8	4	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	-	-
Baring.....	1	1	1	-	-	1,500	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beddington.....	2	2	2	-	-	1,100	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Brookton.....	2	-	1	-	-	1,200	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Calais.....	13	6	13	-	-	30,000	3	4	1	23	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	4	25
Centerville.....	1	1	1	-	-	350	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charlotte.....	4	4	4	-	-	1,200	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cherryfield.....	9	8	7	-	-	15,800	11	4	2	5	-	11	2	2	-	-	5	4	160
Columbia.....	6	4	1	-	-	4,000	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Columbia Falls.....	4	3	3	-	-	5,000	5	2	3	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
Cooper.....	2	2	2	-	-	2,000	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crawford.....	2	4	4	-	-	3,500	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cutler.....	5	5	4	-	-	5,000	6	4	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	6	-	-	-
Danforth.....	7	5	2	-	-	8,000	8	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	2
Deblois.....	1	1	1	-	-	450	1	1	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
Dennysville.....	2	2	2	-	-	2,400	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
East Machias.....	8	7	4	-	-	5,000	10	4	2	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eastport.....	7	5	6	-	-	26,000	21	1	2	4	-	4	1	-	-	6	2	2	-
Edmunds.....	6	6	5	-	-	3,000	6	5	-	20	-	21	-	-	-	-	2	1	25
Forest.....	1	1	1	-	-	600	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harrington.....	8	8	8	-	-	3,000	7	5	2	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jonesboro.....	5	4	2	-	-	4,500	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jonesport.....	12	12	8	-	-	20,000	17	9	2	6	-	17	-	-	-	4	5	5	35

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Lubec.....	13	13	10	-	-	25,000	20	10	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1	200
Machias.....	9	9	6	-	-	11,500	13	-	2	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	6	25
Machiasport.....	7	5	3	-	-	4,500	9	5	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
Marion.....	1	1	1	-	-	500	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Marshfield.....	1	1	2	-	-	500	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Meddybemps.....	1	1	1	-	-	3,000	1	-	-	5	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Millbridge.....	10	7	8	-	-	8,000	14	7	2	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Northfield.....	1	1	1	-	-	350	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pembroke.....	12	10	8	-	-	10,000	11	7	-	4	-	1	1	1	1	-	10	1	-	10
Perry.....	9	9	9	-	-	10,000	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	1
Princeton.....	5	5	5	-	-	9,500	6	3	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Robbinston.....	6	4	4	-	-	4,000	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Roque Bluffs.....	2	1	-	-	-	450	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Steuben.....	11	10	11	-	-	4,750	11	9	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Talmadge.....	1	1	1	-	-	500	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Topsfield.....	3	3	3	-	-	1,200	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	10
Trescott.....	5	4	5	-	-	2,500	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vanceboro.....	3	3	2	-	-	6,000	4	1	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waite.....	2	1	1	-	-	400	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wesley.....	4	4	3	-	-	2,500	4	4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	1
Whiting.....	5	5	5	-	-	3,000	5	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	5
Whitneyville.....	1	1	1	-	-	2,500	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PLANTATIONS.																				
Codyville.....	1	1	1	-	-	100	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Lake Stream.....	2	2	2	-	-	2,500	3	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 14.....	2	-	2	-	-	500	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
No. 21.....	1	1	1	-	-	700	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Total.....	249	209	192	-	-	\$278,850	309	169	17	80	43	142	5	4	9	6	82	40	34	500

APPENDIX.

YORK COUNTY.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Towns.	SCHOOLHOUSES.					Estimated value of all school property in town.	SCHOOLS.													
	Number in town.	Number in good condition.	Number supplied with flags.	Number built during year.	Cost of same.		Number in town.	Number of one-room rural.	Number of rural having more than one room.	Number of village.	Number of city.	Number of graded.	Number suspended.	Number discontinued.	Number discontinued by failure to maintain an average of eight.	Number so failing continued by vote of town.	Number not using course of study.	Number having S. I. L. M. branches.	Number having libraries.	Value of improvements not paid for by town.
Acton.....	9	9	6	-	-	\$3,425	5	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alfred.....	5	5	4	-	-	10,000	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Berwick.....	14	12	9	-	-	12,000	12	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Biddeford.....	20	16	12	-	-	165,000	38	12	6	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buxton.....	15	6	13	-	-	8,500	10	10	1	26	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cornish.....	6	6	3	-	-	7,000	13	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dayton.....	4	4	4	-	-	3,000	4	4	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ellot.....	8	8	6	-	-	5,000	8	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
Hollis.....	11	6	4	-	-	3,400	10	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kennebunk.....	8	6	7	-	-	25,000	17	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	25
Kennebunkport.....	11	8	7	2	\$2,800	11,800	14	6	7	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Kittery.....	8	8	8	1	5,000	35,000	13	3	10	11	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	250
Lebanon.....	15	14	5	1	1,000	13,000	13	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	4
Limerick.....	9	3	4	-	-	5,000	7	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	10
Limington.....	9	9	5	-	-	4,000	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Lyman.....	10	9	9	-	-	5,900	6	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Newfield.....	4	4	4	-	-	5,000	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Berwick.....	15	5	1	-	-	25,000	11	6	5	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Old Orchard.....	2	2	2	-	-	6,500	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125
Parsonfield.....	12	8	8	-	-	8,600	8	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saco.....	13	13	13	-	-	65,000	29	6	-	23	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanford.....	16	12	11	-	-	60,000	29	-	7	22	22	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	15

Shapleigh.....	7	7	7	1	1,000	5,000	7	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	1	-
South Berwick.....	14	13	12	-	-	10,000	15	6	-	9	-	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
Waterboro.....	12	12	12	-	-	4,000	12	8	-	4	-	-	2	-	6	-	-	-	1	-
Wells.....	18	15	17	-	-	15,000	17	12	-	5	-	5	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	25
York.....	13	9	12	-	-	22,000	16	10	-	6	-	6	-	1	1	-	10	-	6	-
Total.....	288	229	207	5	\$9,800	\$543,125	335	162	14	110	49	141	7	7	23	18	75	13	70	\$615

SUMMARY.

COUNTIES.																					
Androscoggin.....	168	151	139	-	-	\$604,250	262	117	5	46	94	170	1	4	4	7	22	14	29	\$148	
Aroostook.....	496	406	307	12	\$75,512	542,317	572	423	20	129	-	191	8	14	14	10	141	26	104	903	
Cumberland.....	297	264	253	4	63,892	1,543,890	538	164	8	80	286	356	1	2	4	15	94	22	99	157	
Franklin.....	148	122	100	1	650	177,360	153	91	5	57	-	61	6	1	5	10	34	14	25	152	
Hancock.....	259	227	201	4	44,885	520,300	295	168	22	90	15	152	4	9	12	24	86	56	60	249	
Kennebec.....	268	238	211	4	55,131	607,532	329	161	4	56	108	171	8	7	13	12	47	69	122	973	
Knox.....	138	125	110	-	-	219,150	166	79	7	53	27	84	4	9	7	5	14	36	24	759	
Lincoln.....	147	130	98	1	8,934	110,400	144	99	5	40	-	46	4	-	-	9	64	11	29	169	
Oxford.....	270	226	219	2	10,416	286,620	288	174	4	110	-	118	10	5	8	24	89	87	75	673	
Penobscot.....	408	346	322	2	6,966	998,875	547	275	3	114	155	267	16	13	18	27	109	71	93	636	
Piscataquis.....	132	107	88	-	-	161,050	145	82	-	63	-	65	1	2	5	15	21	17	28	177	
Sagadahoc.....	98	80	64	1	700	243,800	119	53	2	24	40	54	1	-	-	5	28	17	24	120	
Somerset.....	261	193	167	1	214	335,475	266	166	6	94	-	124	13	11	18	20	27	49	36	356	
Waldo.....	195	143	128	2	1,062	186,500	192	137	2	37	16	80	8	2	8	7	44	55	29	433	
Washington.....	249	209	192	-	-	278,850	309	169	17	80	43	142	5	4	9	6	82	40	34	500	
York.....	288	229	207	5	9,800	543,125	335	162	14	110	49	141	7	7	23	18	75	13	70	615	
Total.....	3,822	3,196	2,806	39	\$278,162	\$7,309,494	4,662	2,520	124	1,183	833	2,222	97	90	148	214	977	597	881	\$7,030	

APPENDIX.

TABLE No. III.
COMMON SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Facts Regarding Teachers in Common Schools for Year Ending April 1, 1910.
ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates or normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers' meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Auburn.....	3	68	\$108 00	\$10 41	50	63	.88	36	50	63	15
Durham.....	3	18	30 00	7 33	3	20	.95	4	3	-	-
East Livermore.....	1	18	62 77	10 21	12	15	.78	12	1	10	1
Greene.....	1	7	28 00	6 70	2	7	.87	1	2	3	-
Leeds.....	-	15	-	6 46	2	13	.86	-	2	11	-
Lewiston.....	16	105	113 33	12 74	58	73	.60	55	2	76	-
Lisbon.....	4	30	80 00	9 50	27	32	.94	6	2	33	6
Livermore.....	-	18	-	7 98	2	13	.72	-	1	7	-
Mechanic Falls.....	-	7	-	9 25	1	7	1.00	-	3	7	-
Minot.....	1	12	31 00	7 77	1	12	.92	1	2	5	3
Poland.....	6	13	34 90	8 56	6	13	.81	1	2	-	-
Turner.....	3	22	30 64	7 64	5	20	.80	2	3	18	2
Wales.....	-	12	-	6 86	2	10	.83	2	2	2	-
Webster.....	-	7	-	8 50	7	7	1.00	2	1	8	2
Total.....	38	355	\$57 63	\$8 52	184	310	.77	123	79	243	29

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers' meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Van Buren.....	-	21	-	\$6 87	15	20	.95	12	18	2	15
Washburn.....	1	19	\$32 00	8 64	4	15	.75	5	10	20	-
Westfield.....	-	10	-	8 23	3	8	.80	1	4	6	2
Weston.....	1	7	30 00	7 61	-	8	1.00	-	-	-	-
Woodland.....	5	10	40 30	8 43	4	15	1.00	2	4	4	3
PLANTATIONS.											
Allagash.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cary.....	-	5	-	8 00	2	5	1.00	-	-	-	-
Caswell.....	1	9	36 00	8 00	-	2	.20	3	2	2	-
Chapman.....	1	4	24 00	7 81	5	5	1.00	1	-	-	-
Connor.....	2	6	33 50	7 95	3	6	.75	1	-	-	1
Cyr.....	-	5	-	6 20	5	4	.80	-	-	-	2
E.....	-	2	-	8 00	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eagle Lake.....	1	3	33 00	8 10	3	8	1.00	3	2	-	7
Garfield.....	-	3	-	10 50	-	3	1.00	1	-	-	1
Glenwood.....	-	1	-	7 50	1	2	.65	-	-	-	-
Hamlin.....	1	7	36 34	6 21	4	5	.62	2	3	-	2
Hammond.....	-	2	-	8 50	-	2	1.00	-	1	-	1
Macwahoc.....	-	2	-	8 00	-	2	1.00	-	-	-	-
Merrill.....	1	3	52 00	13 00	-	6	1.00	-	-	-	-
Moro.....	-	1	-	9 00	2	7	1.00	-	-	-	-
Nashville.....	-	4	-	9 00	1	7	1.00	-	-	-	2
New Canada.....	1	5	30 00	6 50	2	4	.68	3	3	3	4

Oxbow.....	1	4	46 80	10 48	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2
Reed.....	1	9	32 00	8 40	-	1	9	3	4	3	-	-
Silver Ridge.....	-	2	-	10 00	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
St. Francis.....	-	6	-	9 58	6	6	6	3	3	6	6	6
St. John.....	3	4	40 00	7 50	1	3	4	3	-	5	5	5
Stockholm.....	1	4	60 00	12 46	-	4	80	1	1	2	1	1
Wade.....	1	6	40 00	7 88	1	5	71	1	1	7	-	-
Wallgrass.....	-	6	-	7 25	6	6	1.00	-	-	6	6	6
Westman/and.....	-	2	-	10 33	-	2	1.00	-	-	-	-	-
Winterville.....	-	1	-	6 75	1	1	1.00	-	-	-	-	1
Total.....	94	779	\$37 00	\$8 19	272	731	.83	210	258	331	182	

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Baldwin.....	-	7	-	\$8 00	3	6	.85	-	2	-	-	1
Bridgton.....	-	19	-	9 45	8	16	.84	5	8	-	16	2
Brunswick.....	3	34	\$32 00	9 50	27	36	.97	4	2	-	33	1
Cape Elizabeth.....	-	4	-	9 50	3	4	1.00	4	-	-	2	-
Casco.....	-	12	-	6 81	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumberland.....	-	12	-	9 25	4	12	1.00	3	3	-	8	1
Falmouth.....	4	19	48 00	8 40	6	22	.95	3	4	-	15	1
Freeport.....	2	21	60 00	8 00	17	18	.73	5	1	-	20	1
Gorham.....	-	22	-	10 00	9	14	.63	12	8	-	5	3
Gray.....	-	11	-	7 48	4	11	1.00	-	3	-	3	3
Harpswell.....	7	25	35 00	7 25	2	25	.78	3	6	-	3	1
Harrison.....	-	16	-	7 41	3	13	.81	1	2	-	9	3
Naples.....	2	11	40 00	6 86	2	9	.69	1	-	-	-	-
New Gloucester.....	1	14	40 00	8 24	4	12	.80	3	4	-	5	-
North Yarmouth.....	-	10	-	9 25	2	10	1.00	3	2	-	7	-
Otisfield.....	1	10	26 00	6 75	4	9	.81	-	-	-	4	-
Portland.....	12	271	188 00	13 65	246	261	.92	179	40	-	-	27
Pownal.....	1	8	30 00	7 50	5	8	.88	-	-	-	4	1
Raymond.....	-	9	-	8 12	-	7	.77	1	1	-	5	-

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers' meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Scarboro.....	1	14	-	\$8 19	10	9	.64	5	3	12	-
Sebago.....		8	-	8 25	6	8	1.00		3	-	-
South Portland.....	1	50	\$88 44	10 87	43	51	1.00	21	16	44	7
Standish.....	1	16	44 00	8 61	4	15	.88	7	9	7	-
Westbrook.....	4	33	124 07	12 14	37	37	1.00	34	15	15	3
Windham.....	4	23	36 00	8 88	7	17	.62	6	10	5	1
Yarmouth.....	1	20	17 00	8 64	9	19	.90	5	6	14	-
Total.....	44	699	\$54 17	\$8 65	474	649	.87	308	148	233	56

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Avon	-	8	-	\$7 00	1	6	.75	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carthage	-	8	-	7 18	-	5	.62	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chesterville	-	12	-	7 57	2	11	.91	-	3	5	4	2	1
Eustis	1	7	\$33 00	10 00	3	8	1.00	2	2	3	4	4	1
Farmington	2	19	62 00	10 08	13	17	.80	10	1	1	21	2	2
Freeman	-	7	-	6 50	3	4	.57	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industry	1	9	23 33	7 57	4	9	.90	3	1	1	2	1	1
Jay	4	33	44 75	9 16	5	30	.81	12	2	2	18	1	1
Kingfield	-	8	-	8 25	4	7	.87	1	1	1	6	-	-
Madrid	-	9	-	7 20	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
New Sharon	1	8	40 00	7 33	4	9	1.00	2	-	-	4	-	-
New Vineyard	2	8	30 00	7 88	3	7	.70	2	2	2	3	-	-
Phillips	-	20	-	9 10	1	19	.95	10	-	-	14	3	-
Rangeley	2	14	38 40	9 85	4	11	.65	6	2	2	8	-	-
Salem	-	2	-	7 33	2	2	1.00	-	-	-	2	-	-
Strong	1	6	60 00	8 70	1	5	.71	3	-	-	5	-	-
Temple	1	5	28 00	8 00	-	4	.66	1	-	-	4	-	-
Weld	5	9	32 00	6 77	13	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1
Wilton	3	16	34 00	9 90	8	16	.84	6	1	1	19	1	1
PLANTATIONS.													
Coplin	-	3	-	7 66	-	2	.66	1	-	-	-	-	-
Dallas	-	4	-	9 00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lang	-	3	-	9 00	1	3	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rangeley	-	3	-	10 00	2	2	1.00	1	-	-	-	-	-
Sandy River	-	2	-	9 82	-	3	1.00	-	-	-	1	-	-
Total	23	223	\$39 58	\$8 36	80	180	.73	64	18	115	13		

APPENDIX.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number contained in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding state certificates.	Number who have attended teachers meeting.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Amherst.....	-	4	-	\$8 25	-	4	1.00	2	1	-	-
Aurora.....	1	3	\$32 00	7 00	-	3	.75	-	-	-	-
Bluehill.....	2	23	41 66	7 32	7	24	.77	4	15	-	8
Brooklin.....	2	11	40 00	9 40	2	12	.92	2	10	-	4
Brooksville.....	1	14	32 00	8 00	3	15	1.00	4	6	-	-
Bucksport.....	-	18	-	9 90	10	18	1.00	1	1	-	-
Castine.....	-	5	-	11 32	5	5	1.00	1	3	-	3
Cranberry Isles.....	3	8	42 67	8 62	-	11	1.00	-	-	-	-
Dedham.....	-	7	-	6 75	2	6	.85	3	2	-	4
Deer Isle.....	3	16	40 00	9 05	12	19	1.00	1	9	-	17
Eastbrook.....	-	7	-	7 00	1	7	1.00	-	1	-	1
Eden.....	2	29	91 75	13 00	27	31	1.00	26	17	-	24
Ellsworth.....	3	24	38 00	8 45	19	27	1.00	1	24	-	4
Franklin.....	3	12	48 00	8 50	6	15	1.00	4	8	-	10
Gouldsboro.....	1	14	47 00	8 28	3	14	.93	2	2	-	3
Hancock.....	2	10	44 50	7 95	4	11	.91	1	2	-	8
Isle au Haut.....	-	6	-	9 00	-	5	.83	-	-	-	6
Lamoine.....	-	5	-	8 00	2	5	1.00	-	1	-	4
Mariaville.....	-	5	-	5 80	-	3	.60	-	-	-	-
Mt. Desert.....	1	20	36 00	10 50	10	17	.80	8	4	-	-
Oriand.....	-	20	-	7 39	6	16	.80	2	1	-	3
Otis.....	-	2	-	8 00	-	2	.50	-	1	-	1
Penobscot.....	-	16	-	8 25	2	13	.81	4	8	-	6
Sedgwick.....	2	15	87 00	9 28	3	15	.88	5	12	-	5
Sorrento.....	1	3	40 00	8 25	-	3	.75	-	-	-	-

Southwest Harbor.....	-	10	-	9 00	5	9	.90	-	-	18	-
Stonington.....	1	11	40 00	10 00	8	12	1.00	4	4	11	2
Sullivan.....	3	9	45 00	8 65	3	9	.75	1	3	-	4
Surry.....	3	9	42 00	7 52	-	9	.75	-	-	2	-
Swan's Island.....	4	8	40 00	8 50	3	11	.91	4	5	3	-
Trenton.....	1	17	40 00	8 25	1	14	.77	3	2	10	-
Verona.....	-	7	-	8 98	1	6	.85	-	2	-	-
Verona.....	-	5	-	6 50	1	4	.80	-	-	1	-
Waltham.....	-	4	-	8 12	-	3	.75	2	2	2	-
Winter Harbor.....	-	8	-	9 50	-	7	.87	3	-	-	-
PLANTATIONS.											
Long Island.....	1	1	42 00	9 00	-	1	.50	-	-	-	-
No. 8.....	-	2	-	8 50	-	2	1.00	-	2	2	-
Moose Hill formerly No. 21.....	-	1	-	7 50	1	1	1.00	-	-	-	-
Great Pond formerly No. 33.....	-	2	-	8 52	-	2	1.00	1	1	-	-
Totals.....	41	396	\$42 72	\$8 49	147	390	.89	91	148	156	23

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Albion.....	-	14	-	\$8 50	4	14	1.00	2	2	8	-
Augusta.....	3	44	\$105 00	11 57	45	44	.93	31	20	47	1
Belgrade.....	-	14	-	7 50	4	9	.64	-	1	3	-
Benton.....	-	12	-	7 45	5	9	.75	1	2	10	1
Chelsea.....	1	13	32 00	7 65	1	14	1.00	-	2	6	-
China.....	1	19	40 00	7 25	3	16	.80	-	1	10	-
Clinton.....	-	21	-	6 81	1	17	.80	3	2	2	-
Farmingdale.....	-	7	-	8 92	5	7	1.00	2	4	5	3
Fayette.....	2	8	32 00	8 00	3	10	1.00	-	-	1	-
Gardiner.....	1	33	111 11	11 68	19	34	1.00	17	12	26	7
Hallowell.....	-	16	-	9 66	-	16	1.00	7	2	15	1
Litchfield.....	5	9	30 00	7 50	6	12	.87	1	5	14	-
Manchester.....	1	7	44 00	9 00	1	8	1.00	3	2	8	2

APPENDIX.

KENNEBEC COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Monmouth.....	-	11		\$7 87	7	11	1.00	2	1	5	-
Mt. Vernon.....	1	16	\$28 00	6 84	2	13	.76	1	2	-	-
Oakland.....	-	14		8 68	9	10	.71	2	2	9	-
Pittston.....	1	15	30 00	7 55	2	16	1.00	4	2	5	-
Randolph.....	-	11		10 65	1	11	1.00	1	3	5	-
Readfield.....	1	12	36 00	8 13	4	10	.76	2	1	1	-
Rome.....	-	10		5 91	-	8	.80	-	-	-	-
Sidney.....	4	8	27 29	6 71	4	8	.66	1	2	-	-
Vassalboro.....	1	14	65 00	9 01	6	14	.93	5	8	1	-
Vienna.....	-	6		6 66	2	5	.83	4	-	11	-
Waterville.....	-	50		13 33	38	49	.98	13	9	47	-
Wayne.....	-	7		9 12	2	7	1.00	1	-	5	-
West Gardiner.....	-	10		7 77	3	10	1.00	-	-	6	-
Windsor.....	-	7		8 33	6	6	.85	2	3	4	-
Winslow.....	4	21	34 00	8 00	8	21	.84	3	1	16	-
Winthrop.....	5	18	44 00	8 16	7	19	.82	6	4	15	2
Unity Pl.....	-	2		6 00	1	-	-	-	-	2	-
Total.....	31	449	\$47 02	\$8 34	201	428	.89	120	93	287	17

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

KNOX COUNTY.

Appleton	4	12	\$30 00	\$7 00	5	14	.87	2	2	4	-
Camden	1	16	75 00	9 50	6	17	1.00	6	9	17	7
Cushing	1	10	29 00	6 83	2	10	.90	2	1	-	-
Friendship	1	7	40 00	7 40	2	8	1.00	-	-	5	-
Hope	-	10	-	6 82	1	9	.90	3	-	5	-
Hurricane Isle	-	3	-	12 75	1	3	1.00	3	3	3	-
North Haven	1	5	54 00	8 80	1	6	1.00	2	3	5	-
Rockland	-	29	-	11 56	29	29	1.00	9	6	31	-
Rockport	1	16	62 66	7 05	8	15	.88	2	2	15	2
South Thomaston	-	11	-	7 75	8	10	.90	-	-	10	-
St. George	4	13	38 00	7 67	3	15	.88	7	-	11	-
Thomaston	1	12	80 00	8 80	6	13	1.00	2	4	11	2
Union	-	12	-	7 36	6	10	.83	1	3	6	-
Vinalhaven	-	25	-	10 60	6	24	.96	9	9	25	2
Warren	1	21	26 00	6 84	5	20	.90	3	9	15	-
Washington	3	11	31 00	6 85	1	10	.71	2	1	-	-
Criehaven Pl.	-	1	-	7 50	1	1	1.00	1	1	-	-
Matinicus Isle Pl.	1	2	46 00	11 25	-	3	1.00	1	-	-	-
Muscle Ridge Pl.	-	No re	turns.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	19	216	\$46 51	\$8 43	91	217	.92	55	53	163	13

APPENDIX.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Alna.....	1	5	\$32 00	\$7 50	2	6	1.00	3	1	5	2
Boothbay.....	8	13	40 00	8 95	2	19	.90	-	1	13	-
Boothbay Harbor.....	2	19	38 32	8 58	2	21	1.00	3	5	14	-
Bremen.....	2	7	29 50	7 30	-	5	.55	3	-	3	-
Bristol.....	5	26	48 00	7 71	3	15	.80	3	1	5	-
Damariscotta.....	-	5	-	8 80	2	4	.80	-	1	2	-
Dresden.....	-	7	-	7 50	5	5	.71	-	1	6	-
Edgecomb.....	1	3	32 00	8 00	1	4	1.00	1	1	1	-
Jefferson.....	5	14	32 00	7 50	4	12	.63	4	4	5	1
Newcastle.....	-	19	-	7 38	2	15	.78	1	3	12	-
Nobleboro.....	2	10	28 00	6 50	3	11	.91	3	5	6	-
Somerville.....	1	5	36 00	6 78	-	5	.83	5	-	-	-
Southport.....	1	4	40 00	10 00	3	4	.80	2	2	-	-
Waldoboro.....	1	25	27 00	6 25	7	23	.88	1	1	18	-
Westport.....	1	4	30 60	4 83	2	4	.80	1	-	-	-
Whitefield.....	2	4	39 00	7 14	1	13	.81	-	1	-	-
Wiscasset.....	-	11	-	7 68	5	8	.72	-	2	7	-
Monhegan Pl.....	1	2	40 00	9 79	-	3	1.00	2	-	-	-
Total.....	33	187	\$35 17	\$7 67	54	177	.80	37	23	97	3

OXFORD COUNTY.

Albany.....	-	9	-	\$6 25	3	6	.66	1	2	5	-
Andover.....	-	13	-	7 57	2	10	.76	5	4	4	-
Bethel.....	-	15	-	7 55	8	14	.93	2	-	-	-
Brownfield.....	2	9	\$28 00	7 84	3	9	.81	1	3	-	1
Buckfield.....	5	13	27 20	7 00	4	18	1.00	3	1	7	2
Byron.....	-	4	-	8 00	1	4	1.00	-	-	-	-
Canton.....	-	10	-	8 56	3	10	1.00	3	1	7	1
Denmark.....	1	8	24 00	7 30	1	6	.66	-	1	-	-
Dixfield.....	-	20	-	8 66	1	15	.75	3	1	17	-
Fryeburg.....	-	18	-	8 00	4	15	.83	6	7	6	-
Gilead.....	-	1	-	8 50	1	1	1.00	-	-	1	-
Grafton.....	-	3	-	7 50	-	2	.66	1	-	-	-
Greenwood.....	-	12	-	7 37	8	11	.90	3	2	4	3
Hanover.....	-	4	-	7 75	-	3	.75	1	1	2	-
Hartford.....	1	10	30 00	7 09	3	9	.81	1	1	8	1
Hebron.....	-	13	-	8 07	1	11	.84	3	-	6	2
Hiram.....	-	7	-	8 00	5	6	.85	2	4	3	2
Lovell.....	1	8	48 00	6 87	1	5	.55	-	-	-	-
Mason.....	-	1	-	7 00	1	1	1.00	-	-	-	2
Mexico.....	-	25	-	10 60	5	23	.92	10	10	25	1
Newry.....	-	6	-	8 75	2	4	.66	-	-	4	-
Norway.....	-	31	-	8 30	6	26	.83	8	7	12	-
Oxford.....	2	9	28 00	8 00	5	11	1.00	2	4	6	2
Paris.....	6	31	26 00	8 89	12	30	.81	4	5	25	4
Peru.....	-	15	-	7 50	2	15	1.00	1	1	3	-
Porter.....	3	7	26 84	7 50	4	7	.70	1	-	6	-
Roxbury.....	-	10	-	10 00	-	8	.80	1	2	2	2
Rumford.....	3	48	88 88	11 44	23	43	.84	30	35	46	6
Stoneham.....	-	4	-	6 83	1	4	1.00	-	-	-	-
Stow.....	2	5	57 00	9 50	-	4	.57	-	-	-	-
Sumner.....	3	9	29 00	7 15	3	10	.83	1	-	7	-
Sweden.....	2	9	28 00	6 00	1	5	.45	-	-	-	-
Upton.....	1	4	40 00	7 71	-	5	1.00	-	-	-	-
Waterford.....	1	10	28 00	7 37	5	10	.90	-	2	3	-
Woodstock.....	2	13	26 32	6 58	5	11	.73	1	2	4	1
Lincoln Pl.....	-	1	-	10 00	1	1	1.00	-	-	-	-
Magalloway Pl.....	1	1	54 00	8 00	2	1	.50	-	-	-	-
Milton Pl.....	1	1	33 00	7 00	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	37	417	\$36 89	\$8 20	129	374	.82	96	96	206	30

APPENDIX.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers' meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Alton.....	-	5	-	\$6 94	1	3	.60	-	-	3	-
Argyle.....	-	4	-	8 00	3	4	1.00	1	1	-	-
Bangor.....	2	102	\$166 00	11 33	103	103	.99	65	27	70	1
Bradford.....	2	7	44 00	9 25	3	9	1.00	1	1	4	-
Bradley.....	-	8	-	8 60	3	7	.87	2	2	7	-
Brewer.....	-	43	-	10 05	43	-	-	19	14	37	5
Burlington.....	2	6	32 00	7 00	-	5	.62	1	-	-	-
Carmel.....	2	12	34 00	7 00	2	9	.64	1	1	-	-
Carroll.....	2	7	30 00	6 08	2	5	.55	-	-	-	-
Charleston.....	2	14	29 00	6 90	6	9	.56	-	1	4	-
Chester.....	-	10	-	6 54	-	10	1.00	-	-	-	-
Clifton.....	-	5	34 00	7 85	-	4	.66	-	-	-	-
Corinna.....	1	20	28 00	7 51	2	20	.95	3	10	12	1
Corinth.....	-	7	-	8 33	5	7	1.00	-	5	-	-
Dexter.....	1	35	28 00	9 67	10	22	.61	8	12	24	2
Dixmont.....	3	13	32 33	7 00	2	13	.81	-	3	-	-
East Millinocket.....	1	3	60 00	12 00	4	4	1.00	2	1	-	-
Eddington.....	-	11	-	7 00	-	10	.90	6	2	10	6
Edinburg.....	-	1	-	7 00	1	1	1.00	-	2	-	-
Enfield.....	4	5	44 00	9 60	2	8	.88	-	-	-	-
Etna.....	2	9	35 00	7 50	-	10	.90	-	-	7	6
Exeter.....	1	9	28 00	6 50	3	10	1.00	-	-	-	-
Garland.....	1	14	28 00	7 12	2	14	.90	-	1	3	-
Glenburn.....	2	6	40 00	8 50	1	8	1.00	1	3	-	-
Greenbush.....	-	5	-	8 00	3	5	1.00	3	2	3	-

Greenfield.....	-	2	-	7 50	2	2	1.00	1	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden.....	-	22	-	8 73	8	20	.90	4	-	4	-	22	-
Hermon.....	1	19	30 00	6 70	4	17	.85	2	-	1	-	13	1
Holden.....	1	8	40 00	8 60	9	-	-	3	-	2	-	8	2
Howland.....	3	3	60 00	9 50	1	6	1.00	2	-	1	-	1	-
Hudson.....	-	8	-	7 00	2	8	1.00	2	-	2	-	3	-
Kenduskeag.....	1	1	64 00	11 00	2	2	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kingman.....	1	8	40 00	8 45	4	9	1.00	1	-	2	-	5	-
Lagrange.....	1	9	34 50	9 00	1	6	.60	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lee.....	1	10	34 00	7 25	3	11	1.00	1	-	-	-	2	-
Levant.....	-	9	-	8 90	3	8	.88	1	-	-	-	5	-
Lincoln.....	2	17	14 25	9 00	5	17	.89	8	-	3	-	6	-
Lowell.....	-	7	-	7 30	-	5	.71	-	-	-	-	1	-
Mattawankeag.....	-	5	-	8 00	4	4	.80	1	-	-	-	-	-
Maxfield.....	-	2	-	6 50	2	2	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medway.....	2	3	40 00	8 62	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milford.....	-	7	-	11 00	1	7	1.00	3	-	2	-	3	1
Millinocket.....	-	14	-	12 00	11	14	1.00	10	-	9	-	2	-
Mt. Chase.....	-	7	-	7 83	1	6	.85	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newburg.....	1	13	44 00	7 12	3	12	.85	2	-	1	-	-	-
Newport.....	-	11	-	9 56	6	10	.90	3	-	3	-	-	-
Old Town.....	-	32	-	10 93	17	32	1.00	10	-	11	-	29	1
Orono.....	2	20	62 00	10 00	10	22	1.00	2	-	6	-	22	4
Orrington.....	-	15	-	7 49	5	15	1.00	2	-	5	-	11	4
Passadumkeag.....	-	5	-	8 75	3	5	1.00	4	-	1	-	1	-
Patten.....	-	14	-	10 66	4	13	.92	5	-	4	-	1	-
Plymouth.....	-	12	-	6 50	-	9	.75	1	-	1	-	-	-
Prentiss.....	1	6	26 50	7 50	5	5	.71	1	-	-	-	-	-
Springfield.....	-	4	-	7 42	2	4	1.00	1	-	1	-	1	-
Stetson.....	1	7	28 00	7 85	1	7	.87	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veazie.....	-	5	-	9 33	1	5	1.00	3	-	1	-	5	-
Winn.....	3	7	48 83	8 62	2	10	1.00	3	-	3	-	4	2
Woodville.....	1	4	36 00	9 00	-	5	1.00	1	-	-	-	-	-
PLANTATIONS.													
Drew.....	1	6	32 00	7 50	1	7	1.00	-	-	2	-	2	1
Grand Falls.....	1	1	28 00	7 00	-	2	1.00	1	-	-	-	1	-
Lakeville.....	-	4	-	7 00	2	4	1.00	1	-	-	-	-	-
Seboeis.....	-	2	-	9 66	-	2	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	1
Stacyville.....	2	8	36 00	8 84	1	7	.70	1	-	2	-	1	-
Webster.....	-	3	-	6 56	1	3	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	55	701	\$40 89	\$8 30	333	623	.82	190	155	385	40		

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers' meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Abbot	-	14	-	\$8 31	3	14	1.00	3	3	14	-
Atkinson	-	8	-	7 50	1	6	.75	1	1	-	-
Blanchard	-	4	-	9 50	-	4	1.00	1	1	4	-
Bowerbank	-	1	-	8 55	-	1	1.00	-	-	-	-
Brownville	4	28	\$30 00	9 25	2	19	.59	11	15	-	-
Dover	-	18	-	9 50	6	12	.66	6	6	-	4
Foxcroft	-	12	56 00	9 55	11	10	.76	5	5	-	-
Greenville	1	10	-	12 00	4	10	1.00	3	10	5	-
Guilford	-	17	-	10 00	6	13	.76	3	3	-	-
Medford	-	5	-	7 00	2	4	.80	-	1	-	-
Milo	2	28	60 00	9 93	8	24	.80	10	13	20	-
Monson	5	12	54 00	8 21	7	16	.94	2	3	16	-
Orneville	1	6	40 00	8 02	-	6	1.00	-	1	-	-
Parkman	-	7	-	7 33	4	6	.85	1	-	3	-
Sangerville	1	19	28 00	9 33	6	15	.75	-	10	12	-
Sebec	3	11	33 41	8 05	1	14	1.00	4	-	4	-
Shirley	2	4	50 00	7 25	3	3	.50	-	-	2	-
Wellington	-	11	-	6 20	4	10	.99	-	-	-	-
Williamsburg	-	2	-	7 37	-	2	1.00	-	2	1	-
Willimantic	1	8	36 00	7 61	-	6	.95	-	2	-	-
Barnard Pl	-	1	-	9 00	1	1	1.00	1	1	-	-
Elliottsville Pl	-	3	-	6 67	1	3	1.00	-	-	-	-
Kingsbury Pl	-	3	-	6 33	3	3	1.00	1	-	-	-
Lake View Pl	1	1	52 00	10 00	2	2	1.00	-	1	-	-
Total	21	232	\$43 94	\$8 43	75	204	.80	57	82	133	4

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

Arrowsic.....	-	2	-	\$7 50	-	2	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bath.....	5	55	\$115 76	10 94	43	60	1.00	10	5	53	-	1	
Bowdoin.....	-	20	-	6 00	3	11	.55	2	2	12	-	10	
Bowdoinham.....	-	12	-	7 60	4	12	1.00	1	-	10	-	-	
Georgetown.....	1	7	51 00	8 28	3	6	.75	1	2	5	-	-	
Perkins.....	-	2	-	6 00	-	1	.50	-	1	-	-	-	
Phippsburg.....	3	8	36 00	9 00	3	11	1.00	3	3	2	-	-	
Richmond.....	4	11	43 00	7 80	9	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	
Topsham.....	1	18	48 00	8 00	14	16	.89	3	1	16	-	-	
West Bath.....	1	6	28 00	7 00	1	6	.85	-	-	7	-	-	
Woolwich.....	-	8	-	7 50	6	6	.75	-	-	1	-	-	
Total.....	15	149	\$53 62	\$7 75	86	131	.79	20	14	119	-	11	

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Anson.....	4	20	\$42 50	\$7 52	6	20	.83	1	2	20	-	7
Athens.....	2	10	28 00	7 10	6	10	.83	-	3	8	-	1
Bingham.....	-	10	-	8 94	4	10	1.00	2	2	10	-	2
Cambridge.....	-	2	-	7 50	2	2	1.00	-	1	2	-	-
Canaan.....	-	15	-	6 66	2	14	.93	1	8	14	-	10
Concord.....	-	5	-	7 45	1	4	.80	-	1	5	-	4
Cornville.....	1	12	28 00	7 00	2	12	.92	-	-	-	-	5
Detroit.....	1	5	36 00	7 16	1	6	1.00	1	2	2	-	-
Embden.....	1	11	28 00	8 11	1	11	.91	3	1	6	-	-
Fairfield.....	2	32	38 00	9 30	12	28	.83	5	8	15	-	-
Harmony.....	1	11	28 00	6 75	4	10	.83	1	1	10	-	5
Hartland.....	-	15	-	8 46	5	13	.86	1	7	15	-	2
Madison.....	-	28	-	8 99	7	24	.85	7	18	28	-	8
Mercer.....	3	8	28 66	7 66	1	8	.72	1	1	2	-	-
Moscow.....	-	5	-	8 39	3	5	1.00	1	1	5	-	2
New Portland.....	2	11	36 00	6 43	6	4	.30	-	-	4	-	-
Norridgewock.....	-	18	-	7 33	6	15	.88	5	4	18	-	3
Palmyra.....	2	13	35 00	7 78	4	13	.86	2	8	15	-	1
Pittsfield.....	-	20	-	10 28	9	20	1.00	11	2	14	-	5

SOMERSET COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Ripley	1	6	30 00	6 50	1	5	.71	1	1	3	-
Skowhegan	-	32	-	10 13	16	29	.90	17	21	32	12
Smithfield	1	6	32 00	7 00	1	7	1.00	1	-	4	-
Solon	1	15	28 00	7 81	2	15	.98	1	1	8	6
St. Albans	1	17	26 00	7 47	7	14	.77	4	6	18	1
Starks	-	14	-	6 93	2	10	.71	-	-	2	-
PLANTATIONS.											
Bigelow	-	3	-	7 11	-	3	1.00	-	1	1	1
Brighton	-	7	-	7 00	2	7	1.00	-	-	2	1
Caratunk	1	4	23 00	8 10	1	2	.40	1	2	4	3
Dead River	1	-	53 50	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Dennistown	-	4	-	7 37	-	3	.75	-	2	1	-
Flagstaff	-	1	-	10 75	1	1	1.00	-	-	-	-
Highland	-	1	-	9 00	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Jackman	3	1	62 37	9 00	1	4	1.00	2	1	1	1
Lexington	2	2	28 85	6 62	2	1	.25	-	-	1	-
Mayfield	-	3	-	6 00	-	1	.33	-	-	1	-
Moose River	1	3	24 00	8 58	2	3	.75	2	-	2	-
Pleasant Ridge	1	2	28 00	7 00	2	1	.33	-	-	2	-
The Forks	-	5	-	8 30	2	4	.80	1	1	3	3
West Forks	-	3	-	6 95	1	3	1.00	1	1	3	1
Total	32	380	\$32 12	\$8 97	126	342	.83	75	110	280	87

WALDO COUNTY.

Belfast	3	31	\$59 66	\$9 60	27	34	1.00	7	5	30	8
Belmont	-	7	-	6 45	1	5	.71	-	-	-	-
Brooks	1	4	26 00	6 50	3	5	1.00	1	3	4	-
Burnham	-	14	-	7 72	4	14	1.00	4	4	-	-
Frankfort	-	10	-	7 75	4	8	.80	3	1	2	-
Freedom	-	10	-	6 07	4	9	.90	1	1	2	-
Isleboro	-	7	-	8 37	-	7	1.00	2	3	10	2
Jackson	-	4	-	6 50	3	4	1.00	1	2	4	-
Knox	-	8	-	6 78	2	8	1.00	2	2	5	-
Liberty	1	8	26 00	5 78	4	8	.88	1	2	-	-
Lincolntonville	3	15	33 33	6 87	4	15	.83	4	4	5	-
Monroe	2	11	28 00	6 09	2	5	.38	-	2	-	1
Montville	4	12	36 62	5 75	2	12	.75	-	-	-	-
Morrill	1	3	48 00	7 50	-	4	1.00	-	-	1	-
Northport	1	5	40 00	8 66	1	6	1.00	-	-	2	-
Palermo	1	9	33 00	7 00	-	7	.70	-	-	-	-
Prospect	-	8	-	7 75	4	4	.50	1	1	-	1
Searsmont	2	10	42 00	6 29	1	12	1.00	2	2	-	-
Searsport	-	11	-	8 77	9	11	1.00	3	3	10	-
Stockton Springs	-	14	-	7 76	2	13	.92	2	5	-	-
Swanville	4	5	36 00	7 66	2	9	1.00	3	1	6	2
Thorndike	-	11	-	6 75	2	9	.81	-	-	6	-
Troy	-	13	-	6 57	3	13	1.00	-	1	-	-
Unity	2	10	30 00	7 25	1	12	1.00	-	-	7	-
Waldo	1	8	30 00	6 42	1	9	1.00	6	-	6	-
Winterport	-	13	-	7 90	5	10	.76	4	2	-	-
Total	26	261	\$36 04	\$7 17	92	253	.88	49	46	100	24

APPENDIX.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers' meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Addison.....	2	20	\$38 00	\$6 90	5	19	.86	1	1	2	-
Alexander.....	1	4	32 00	6 67	2	4	.80	-	-	1	-
Baileyville.....	-	15	-	8 20	1	9	.60	-	-	1	-
Baring.....	-	1	-	8 06	1	1	1.00	-	-	1	-
Beddington.....	-	1	-	8 00	1	1	1.00	-	1	-	-
Brookton.....	-	1	-	8 00	1	1	1.00	-	-	-	-
Brookton.....	1	2	59 00	7 50	1	3	1.00	1	-	-	-
Calais.....	-	39	55 55	9 06	33	39	.92	-	21	31	-
Centerville.....	3	1	-	9 00	1	1	1.00	7	-	1	-
Charlotte.....	-	7	-	6 38	1	2	.28	-	-	-	-
Cherryfield.....	-	19	-	8 27	6	17	.89	5	-	8	-
Columbia.....	6	5	37 72	7 56	3	9	.81	-	1	3	-
Columbia Falls.....	-	7	-	8 75	2	6	.85	3	-	4	-
Cooper.....	3	1	33 33	7 50	2	4	1.00	3	-	1	-
Crawford.....	-	3	-	6 10	-	3	1.00	-	-	4	-
Cutler.....	2	6	44 00	6 50	2	8	1.00	-	-	4	-
Danforth.....	5	16	44 00	9 00	1	11	.52	1	-	1	-
Deblois.....	-	1	-	8 00	1	1	1.00	-	1	1	-
Dennysville.....	1	2	56 00	9 00	2	3	1.00	-	-	3	-
East Machias.....	-	11	-	7 47	8	10	.90	1	4	10	-
Eastport.....	-	30	-	8 68	21	28	.93	9	5	26	-
Edmunds.....	1	7	40 00	8 25	2	5	.62	-	-	-	-
Forest City.....	-	2	-	8 00	-	2	1.00	2	1	-	-
Harrington.....	6	8	39 00	8 00	2	11	.78	7	2	12	-
Jonesboro.....	-	7	-	8 66	3	5	.71	2	-	4	-
Jonesport.....	-	31	-	7 74	10	24	.77	5	10	5	-

Lubec.....	-	35	-	8 67	18	83	.94	5	6	23	-
Machias.....	3	18	33 44	8 36	11	21	1.00	4	3	21	-
Machiasport.....	3	12	48 00	8 22	4	14	.98	3	4	5	1
Marion.....	-	2	-	7 75	-	2	1.00	-	1	1	-
Marshfield.....	-	2	-	9 17	1	1	.50	-	1	-	-
Meddybemps.....	1	1	50 00	9 00	-	2	1.00	-	-	1	1
Milbridge.....	4	13	46 00	7 60	8	13	.76	2	8	18	-
Northfield.....	1	2	42 00	10 00	-	2	.66	-	-	-	-
Pembroke.....	6	13	36 50	7 65	4	17	.84	-	-	6	-
Perry.....	-	10	-	7 45	5	9	.90	-	3	4	-
Princeton.....	7	9	55 00	8 40	5	7	.43	-	-	-	-
Robbinston.....	2	6	40 00	7 91	4	8	1.00	2	4	4	-
Roque Bluffs.....	-	2	-	8 00	-	1	.50	-	-	2	-
Steuben.....	1	16	24 00	7 00	5	12	.70	2	-	-	-
Talmadge.....	-	1	-	7 37	1	1	1.00	-	-	-	-
Topsfield.....	1	5	44 00	10 00	1	6	1.00	4	2	2	2
Trescott.....	1	7	38 00	7 08	3	7	.99	-	-	-	-
Vanceboro.....	-	4	-	10 31	4	4	1.00	1	2	4	-
Waite.....	-	2	-	6 62	2	2	1.00	1	-	-	-
Wesley.....	2	4	46 05	6 86	1	6	1.00	-	-	-	-
Whiting.....	-	5	-	7 00	4	-	-	1	1	2	-
Whitneyville.....	1	1	45 00	8 50	2	1	.50	-	-	-	-
PLANTATIONS.											
Codyville.....	-	2	-	7 00	-	2	1 00	-	-	-	-
Grand Lake Stream.....	2	3	60 00	5 75	1	5	1.00	2	-	-	-
No. 14.....	-	2	-	7 48	2	1	.50	-	-	1	-
No. 21.....	-	2	-	8 53	-	2	1.00	-	-	-	-
Total.....	66	425	\$43 46	\$8 33	197	405	.82	75	94	198	7

YORK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number male teachers employed.	Number female teachers employed.	Average wages male teachers per month.	Average wages female teachers per week.	Number continued in same school for year.	Number having previous experience.	Per cent of experienced teachers to whole number.	Number graduates of normal or training school.	Number holding State certificates.	Number who have attended teachers meetings.	Number who have attended summer schools.
Acton	2	14	\$33 75	\$7 46	2	2	.50	2	2	2	2
Alfred	2	8	4 50	4 50	2	16	.57	1	1	7	7
Berwick	2	14	77 00	8 50	2	39	1.00	2	2	38	3
Biddeford	5	36	77 50	10 43	32	18	.35	2	2	16	7
Buxton	1	19	94 00	7 96	1	6	.35	2	2	7	4
Cornish	-	7	-	2 43	3	4	.80	2	2	1	2
Dayton	-	5	-	2 00	3	9	.81	2	2	2	2
Elliot	1	10	40 00	9 38	5	11	.78	1	1	9	9
Hollis	3	11	33 33	7 17	6	16	.84	3	3	18	18
Kennebunk	1	18	77 76	9 97	17	14	.73	11	11	9	9
Kennebunkport	-	19	-	8 95	6	18	.94	3	3	14	14
Kittery	3	16	45 00	9 40	5	16	.94	2	2	5	5
Lebanon	-	17	-	7 96	9	16	.94	2	2	6	6
Limerick	2	9	48 00	8 80	3	6	.54	2	2	3	3
Limington	3	11	28 00	7 00	3	10	.71	3	3	6	6
Lyman	2	7	30 00	7 50	3	6	.66	1	1	2	2
Newfield	2	3	23 00	8 80	3	3	.60	1	1	1	1
North Berwick	-	18	-	8 90	5	13	.72	6	6	8	1
Old Orchard	1	5	48 00	9 33	2	4	.66	1	1	4	1
Parsonsfeld	-	10	-	7 56	6	8	.80	1	1	7	7
Saco	3	35	92 50	10 29	31	27	.71	4	4	28	2
Sanford	-	47	-	13 42	15	47	1.00	31	29	27	3
Shapleigh	5	6	30 00	7 50	3	9	.81	1	1	1	1

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

South Berwick	1	18	72 00	10 10	9	19	1.00	5	4	15	-
Waterboro	-	12	-	6 92	9	11	.90	-	1	4	-
Wells	3	22	40 00	8 75	15	15	.60	15	2	19	2
York	1	23	40 00	10 00	8	21	.87	7	10	8	-
Total	41	420	\$45 36	\$8 70	226	381	.82	113	91	249	29

SUMMARY.

COUNTIES.											
Androscoggin	38	355	\$57 63	\$8 52	184	310	.77	123	79	243	29
Aroostook	94	779	37 00	8 79	272	751	.83	210	258	381	182
Cumberland	44	639	54 17	8 65	474	649	.87	308	148	235	55
Franklin	23	222	39 58	8 36	90	180	.73	64	18	115	13
Hancock	41	396	42 72	8 49	147	390	.89	91	148	156	23
Kennebec	31	449	47 02	8 34	201	428	.89	120	93	287	17
Knox	19	216	46 51	8 43	91	217	.92	55	53	163	13
Lincoln	33	187	35 17	7 67	54	177	.80	37	23	97	3
Oxford	37	417	36 89	8 20	129	374	.82	96	96	206	30
Penobscot	55	701	40 89	8 30	333	623	.82	190	155	335	40
Piscataquis	21	232	43 94	8 43	75	204	.80	57	82	133	4
Sagadahoc	15	149	53 62	7 75	86	131	.79	20	14	119	11
Somerset	32	380	32 12	8 97	126	342	.83	75	110	280	87
Waldo	26	261	36 04	7 17	92	253	.88	49	46	100	24
Washington	66	425	43 46	8 33	197	405	.82	75	94	198	7
York	41	420	45 36	8 70	226	381	.82	113	91	249	29
Total	616	6,289	\$43 25	\$8 31	2,767	5,795	.83	1,683	1,508	3,295	568

APPENDIX.

TABLE NO. IV.
COMMON SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Appropriations and Expenditures of the Common School Fund for Year Ending April 1, 1910.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.		
Auburn.....	\$16,500	-	\$19,616	\$432	\$36,548	-	\$27,093	\$2,136	\$2,665	\$2,066	-	\$33,960	\$2,588	-	\$9,377	-	\$3 40	.002 1-10
Durham.....	1,500	139	1,965	60	3,664	-	3,337	144	32	87	\$48	3,648	16	-	824	-	3 00	.003 8-10
East Livermore..	2,000	1,041	3,152	1,570	7,763	-	5,854	1,319	415	-	-	7,588	175	-	829	-	2 54	.001 2-10
Greene.....	1,000	37	720	-	1,757	-	1,079	70	20	389	53	1,611	146	-	546	-	6 02	.003 1-10
Leeds.....	795	165	1,228	72	2,260	-	1,875	-	-	280	4	2,159	101	-	209	-	2 58	.002 5-10
Lewiston.....	15,474	-	\$5,089	119	50,682	-	38,363	3,004	3,446	182	140	45,135	5,547	-	2,405	-	1 77	.002 4-10
Lisbon.....	5,900	-	5,191	31	11,122	-	8,768	1,331	870	102	54	11,125	-	\$3	3,918	-	4 50	.002 4-15
Livermore.....	1,800	378	1,184	173	3,535	-	1,875	134	66	372	-	2,447	1,088	-	1,181	-	6 20	.003 7-10
Mechanic Falls..	1,500	789	1,649	45	3,983	-	2,056	291	360	667	-	3,374	609	-	572	-	3 42	.001 7-10
Minot.....	1,100	405	876	115	2,496	-	1,982	104	55	-	444	2,585	-	89	656	-	5 02	.002 9-10
Poland.....	3,000	-	1,605	303	4,987	-	4,334	368	122	150	-	4,974	13	-	2,094	-	7 77	.003 1-10
Turner.....	2,800	-	1,731	78	4,409	\$43	2,955	251	95	853	68	4,275	134	-	1,587	-	6 09	.002 7-10
Wales.....	700	163	548	50	1,461	-	1,175	68	19	-	-	1,307	154	-	460	-	4 89	.003
Webster.....	2,000	1,155	1,175	111	4,441	-	2,144	205	193	296	37	2,875	1,566	-	1,378	-	7 29	.003 6-19
Total.....	\$55,869	\$4,351	\$75,729	\$3,159	\$139,108	\$43	\$102,890	\$9,425	\$8,358	\$5,454	\$893	\$127,063	\$12,137	\$92	\$26,086	-	\$2 97	.001 7-10

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

Amity.....	\$300	\$555	\$516	\$307	\$1,678	-	\$1,097	\$35	\$32	-	-	\$1,164	\$514	-	\$78	-	\$2 50	.003
Ashland.....	3,000	475	2,595	396	6,466	-	4,738	486	349	\$335	\$68	5,976	490	-	2,168	-	4 15	.005 3-10
Bancroft.....	250	331	655	182	1,418	-	1,042	53	18	9	-	1,122	296	-	75	-	1 57	.004 5-10
Benedicta.....	307	37	520	50	914	-	844	13	28	-	-	885	29	-	114	-	2 61	.004
Blaine.....	1,000	238	1,580	18	2,836	-	2,362	321	136	361	25	3,205	-	369	475	-	2 57	.003 9-10
Bridgewater.....	1,800	1,346	1,707	122	4,975	-	2,820	263	218	176	-	3,477	1,498	-	1,152	-	4 11	.004 5-10
Caribou.....	6,500	566	7,868	21	14,955	-	10,589	2,140	1,306	801	32	14,868	87	-	3,883	-	3 23	.003 1-10
Castle Hill.....	500	370	864	153	1,887	-	1,203	87	38	65	-	1,393	494	-	188	-	2 46	.004 4-10
Crystal.....	600	463	716	-	1,779	-	1,102	85	41	221	75	1,524	255	-	396	-	3 33	.004 2-10
Dyer Brook.....	800	-	364	241	1,405	47	1,019	42	9	80	-	1,197	208	-	646	-	9 19	.006 4-10
Easton.....	3,500	1,648	1,912	121	7,181	-	5,480	545	541	-	-	6,566	615	-	2,832	-	7 48	.007 1-10
Fort Fairfield.....	12,000	3,215	5,596	115	20,926	-	12,056	2,098	2,098	2,136	-	18,388	2,538	-	9,700	-	7 20	.004 7-10
Fort Kent.....	350	-	6,239	104	6,693	-	5,890	622	68	-	19	6,599	94	-	-	-	2 28	.000 6-10
Frenchville.....	375	205	2,386	42	3,008	-	2,636	229	-	-	-	2,865	143	-	-	-	64	.002 8-10
Grand Isle.....	250	373	2,431	40	3,094	-	2,249	211	37	-	-	2,497	597	-	-	-	42	.004 8-10
Haynesville.....	303	-	417	125	845	64	758	18	9	49	-	898	-	53	129	-	2 97	.003 9-10
Hersey.....	300	224	295	58	877	-	573	22	21	-	143	759	118	-	191	-	4 68	.004 3-10
Hodgdon.....	1,800	96	1,514	58	3,468	-	2,745	258	112	153	72	3,340	128	-	1,178	-	4 77	.005 4-10
Houlton.....	10,000	160	6,795	24	16,979	-	9,316	1,147	2,015	2,447	-	14,925	2,054	-	7,423	-	5 38	.002 8-10
Island Falls.....	1,375	268	2,059	157	3,859	-	3,006	294	264	373	-	3,937	-	78	790	-	2 63	.003 5-10
Limestone.....	2,500	343	2,082	248	5,133	-	3,607	382	254	39	-	4,282	901	-	1,878	-	4 84	.004 9-10
Linneus.....	1,200	328	1,072	148	2,748	-	2,602	48	32	-	60	2,742	6	-	741	-	4 61	.004
Littleton.....	1,600	50	1,367	-	3,017	-	2,615	175	75	68	-	2,933	84	-	1,074	-	4 81	.003 9-10
Ludlow.....	700	71	471	50	1,292	-	1,069	113	44	11	11	1,248	44	-	483	-	6 36	.005 8-10
Madawaska.....	325	114	3,096	91	3,491	-	2,075	165	52	-	7	3,686	-	70	631	-	3 09	.003 7-10
Mapleton.....	1,100	768	1,293	49	3,210	333	3,606	297	201	60	-	4,497	-	349	1,349	-	3 53	.003 9-10
Mars Hill.....	2,000	-	2,083	65	4,148	-	1,333	159	57	-	60	1,549	475	-	659	-	4 14	.005 7-10
Masardis.....	900	199	896	29	2,024	-	1,537	212	110	44	-	2,903	358	-	333	-	2 59	.002 5-10
Monticello.....	1,065	378	1,756	61	3,261	-	1,110	107	47	280	-	1,544	101	-	470	-	4 81	.004 9-10
New Limerick.....	800	47	692	106	1,645	-	1,942	77	50	-	-	2,268	656	-	323	-	2 51	.004
New Sweden.....	800	52	1,236	424	2,512	-	493	29	14	215	-	2,069	244	-	227	-	2 09	.005 6-10
Oakfield.....	700	232	1,367	426	2,725	-	1,895	108	49	98	-	751	24	-	186	-	4 28	.004
Orient.....	300	113	217	145	775	-	1,189	139	20	27	-	2,177	53	-	136	-	1 62	.002 1-10
Perham.....	400	595	921	314	2,230	-	1,814	2095	1,089	396	-	14,894	1,260	-	467	-	3 09	.003 6-10
Portage.....	600	1	740	400	1,741	-	2,223	138	71	90	53	2,575	46	-	6,308	-	5 31	.003 4-10
Presque Isle.....	8,400	932	6,611	211	16,154	-	11,314	2,095	1,089	396	-	14,894	1,260	-	467	-	1 60	.001 8-10
Sherman.....	589	488	1,330	264	2,621	-	2,223	138	71	90	53	2,575	46	-	6,308	-	5 47	.005 8-10
Smryna.....	800	68	626	30	1,524	-	941	56	27	210	-	1,234	290	-	574	-	6 21	.003 2-10
St. Agatha.....	375	500	2,554	38	3,467	-	2,966	51	-	160	-	3,197	270	-	-	-	-	-

AROOSTOOK COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.								BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.			
Van Buren.....	\$2,000	\$722	\$3,909	\$85	\$6,716	-	\$5,173	\$602	\$80	-	-	\$5,855	\$861	-	-	-	\$2 07	.002 6-10	
Washburn.....	1,500	39	1,904	111	3,554	-	2,775	317	212	-	\$ 18	3,322	232	-	\$826	-	3 06	.004 7-10	
Westfield.....	400	211	751	418	1,785	-	705	97	33	-	69	911	874	-	1 87	.002 3-10	1 87	.002 3-10	
Weston.....	500	-	520	56	1,076	31	913	58	15	-	34	1,051	25	-	298	-	3 39	.007 6-10	
Woodland.....	1,200	1,394	1,719	211	4,524	-	3,251	269	94	-	-	\$,614	910	-	597	-	2 85	.004 4-10	
PLANTATIONS.																			
Allagash.....	-	No re-	turns.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cary.....	220	17	532	90	859	-	747	19	41	-	-	831	28	-	-	-	1 58	.005 9-10	
Caswell.....	294	755	531	16	1,596	-	1,032	65	49	-	-	1,156	440	-	92	-	1 83	.004 5-10	
Chapman.....	400	-	574	-	974	4	721	34	39	-	-	898	76	-	248	-	2 68	.004 5-10	
Connor.....	350	85	990	28	1,453	-	1,302	82	45	-	20	1,449	4	-	101	-	1 84	.005 5-10	
Cyr.....	75	570	1,003	915	2,563	-	1,381	110	-	-	12	1,503	1,060	-	-	-	29	.001 2-10	
E.....	150	201	304	364	1,019	-	360	45	28	-	35	468	551	-	126	-	3 06	.001 9-10	
Eagle Lake.....	400	210	1,923	19	2,552	-	2,867	100	21	-	53	2,541	11	-	177	-	82	.001 5-10	
Garfield.....	135	32	324	-	491	-	280	35	5	-	80	442	49	-	74	-	3 37	.001 3-10	
Glenwood.....	201	-	172	19	392	18	360	20	17	-	-	415	-	23	103	-	5 02	.002 6-10	
Hamlin.....	300	126	1,082	30	1,538	-	1,219	86	9	-	20	1,334	204	-	-	-	1 13	.003 1-10	
Hammond.....	100	136	155	226	617	-	272	22	9	-	135	438	179	-	86	-	2 70	.000 4-10	
Macwahoc.....	150	56	205	157	568	-	274	30	5	-	84	467	101	-	66	-	3 00	.002 7-10	
Merrill.....	300	194	598	251	1,343	-	620	67	25	-	40	918	425	-	136	-	2 02	.002 3-10	

Moro	198	-	310	215	723	258	697	16	20	-	-	991	-	268	79	-	2.53	.002	6-10	
Nashville	200	146	33	330	709	-	615	24	14	-	-	653	56	-	182	-	25.00	.002	-	
New Canada	100	15	1,598	93	1,806	-	1,200	91	18	-	-	1,309	497	-	-	-	.40	.001	8-10	
Oxbow	175	143	466	30	814	-	644	34	33	-	-	791	23	-	91	-	3.12	.001	9-10	
Reed	500	122	1,033	7	1,662	-	1,231	137	60	8	80	1,502	160	-	281	-	3.18	.003	4-10	
Silver Ridge	130	33	101	169	433	-	300	15	22	182	66	459	-	-	38	-	2.95	.003	4-10	
St. Francis	150	139	1,318	14	1,621	-	1,488	51	7	-	-	1,546	75	-	-	-	.45	.001	5-10	
St. John	150	96	802	-	1,048	-	888	40	49	-	-	977	71	-	-	-	.76	.002	1-10	
Stockholm	800	739	1,186	-	2,725	-	1,095	54	85	159	-	1,393	1,332	-	-	-	695	3.17	.004	5-10
Wade	400	11	446	-	857	-	723	47	29	-	-	822	35	-	-	-	251	3.47	.004	3-10
Wallgrass	100	138	1,543	16	1,797	-	1,566	102	11	88	-	1,767	30	-	-	-	.25	.001	4-10	
Westmanland	99	46	225	15	385	-	310	12	17	-	-	339	46	-	44	-	2.20	.000	8-10	
Winterville	300	60	475	-	835	-	640	55	10	-	-	705	130	-	232	-	2.70	.002	7-10	
Total	\$82,392	\$22,285	\$104,181	\$9,313	\$218,171	\$755	\$155,733	\$16,369	\$10,738	\$9,804	\$1,363	\$194,762	\$24,655	\$1,246	\$52,283	-	\$3.16	.003	6-10	

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Baldwin	\$1,200	\$7	\$700	\$72	\$1,979	-	\$1,284	\$86	\$23	\$450	\$25	\$1,868	\$111	-	\$748	-	\$6	52	.003	2-10
Bridgton	5,000	2,187	2,972	207	10,366	-	4,971	723	540	1,243	29	7,506	2,860	-	3,423	-	7	59	.003	1-10
Brunswick	6,200	-	8,498	228	14,926	-	10,530	1,174	1,366	342	-	13,412	1,514	-	2,457	-	2	95	.001	5-10
Cape Elizabeth	1,500	-	892	-	2,392	305	1,273	167	76	-	702	2,523	-	131	1,012	-	6	17	.001	4-10
Casco	800	168	684	130	1,782	-	1,588	88	28	-	-	1,704	78	-	369	-	4	65	.002	6-10
Cumberland	1,404	457	1,486	108	3,455	-	2,523	175	96	274	18	3,086	369	-	632	-	3	94	.001	3-10
Falmouth	2,500	270	2,002	-	4,772	-	3,548	335	77	342	-	4,302	470	-	1,669	-	5	53	.001	6-10
Freeport	3,500	255	2,902	-	6,657	-	5,185	503	249	593	-	6,530	127	-	2,214	-	4	97	.002	5-10
Gorham	4,300	-	2,808	62	7,170	-	5,925	381	486	369	-	7,161	9	-	2,903	-	6	31	.002	7-10
Gray	1,100	-	1,326	80	2,506	-	2,080	155	85	302	-	2,622	-	116	1,337	-	3	63	.002	-
Harpwell	2,800	41	1,912	-	4,753	-	4,118	320	39	258	-	4,735	18	-	1,837	-	5	63	.002	9-10
Harrison	1,400	576	975	151	3,102	-	2,212	123	47	-	-	2,382	720	-	867	-	5	82	.003	-
Naples	900	71	762	-	1,733	-	1,559	77	28	113	-	1,777	-	44	463	-	4	10	.002	9-10
New Gloucester	800	2,415	1,379	194	4,788	-	2,380	181	101	316	52	3,030	1,758	-	161	-	2	33	.002	7-10
North Yarmouth	1,000	99	724	181	2,004	-	1,381	94	31	330	96	1,932	72	-	647	-	5	23	.002	9-10
Otisfield	1,200	292	614	91	2,197	-	1,587	70	26	100	-	1,783	414	-	800	-	7	94	.004	5-10
Portland	122,274	-	61,819	38	184,131	-	149,229	12,498	21,500	909	-	184,131	-	-	94,694	-	7	90	.002	-
Pownal	1,300	115	668	88	2,170	-	1,888	147	80	-	-	2,115	55	-	974	-	7	42	.004	7-10
Raymond	900	480	884	222	2,486	-	1,383	73	44	536	10	2,046	440	-	447	-	4	32	.003	1-10

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.								BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.	Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.	Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.	
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by state.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.					Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.
Scarboro	\$2,500	\$229	\$1,578	-	\$4,907	-	\$3,465	\$420	\$237	\$201	-	\$4,523	\$284	-	\$1,474	-	\$6 25	.001 9-10
Sebago	860	191	530	\$25	1,525	-	1,188	64	21	40	-	1,313	13	-	248	-	4 44	.002 4-10
South Portland	9,000	-	8,338	10	17,398	-	18,316	2,040	1,110	-	-	22,967	-	-	6,542	-	4 24	.002 6-10
Standish	3,525	950	1,905	93	6,173	-	2,985	228	11	434	-	4,658	1,515	-	2,698	-	8 63	.003 9-10
Westbrook	8,888	-	11,110	42	20,040	-	15,004	1,701	2,224	108	-	19,087	1,003	-	4,882	-	8 37	.001 7-10
Windham	3,000	92	2,084	146	5,272	-	4,633	364	188	922	-	6,117	-	-	1,939	-	6 45	.002 5-10
Yarmouth	2,300	955	2,659	96	6,080	-	4,340	327	346	65	\$72	5,150	880	845	1,049	-	3 61	.001 3-10
Total.....	\$189,851	\$9,850	\$122,210	\$2,294	\$324,185	\$306	\$255,575	\$23,080	\$29,959	\$8,277	\$1,004	\$318,210	\$12,710	\$5,735	\$134,471	-	\$6 29	.002 1-10

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Avon	\$400	\$1	\$446	-	\$847	-	\$700	\$15	\$12	\$109	\$7	\$843	\$4	-	\$154	-	\$3 47	.002 3-10
Carthage.....	184	631	372	\$45	1,232	-	670	31	6	39	16	762	470	-	-	-	2 13	.001 1-10
Chesterville.....	1,000	-	769	373	2,142	\$431	1,606	86	39	162	294	2,608	-	\$466	610	-	5 29	.003 6-10
Eustis	700	188	618	247	1,753	-	1,271	190	31	28	-	1,520	233	-	460	-	5 03	.002 4-10
Farmington.....	9,800	-	3,418	864	8,082	-	6,042	436	503	1,101	-	8,082	-	-	1,992	-	4 44	.001
Freeman	325	23	348	45	741	-	651	17	11	-	28	707	34	-	107	-	3 96	.003 1-10
Industry	800	2	606	-	1,408	-	1,080	25	36	252	-	1,398	15	-	496	-	5 44	.007
Jay	4,400	-	3,573	50	8,023	-	7,011	633	373	150	46	8,213	-	190	2,883	-	4 78	.002 2-10
Kingfield.....	900	82	1,011	222	2,215	-	1,659	360	249	2	-	2,270	-	55	519	-	3 62	.002 4-10
Madrid.....	500	136	348	35	1,019	-	755	48	23	30	42	898	121	-	321	-	6 75	.005 3-10
New Sharon.....	1,300	18	806	74	2,198	-	1,608	114	83	236	150	2,191	7	-	778	-	5 80	.003 2-10
New Vineyard...	800	22	577	-	1,399	-	1,130	44	34	315	-	1,523	-	124	479	-	5 16	.003 2-10
Phillips.....	2,000	343	1,641	136	4,120	-	3,363	387	-	93	-	3,843	277	-	1,231	-	4 65	.003 1-10
Rangeley.....	1,800	-	1,220	65	3,085	72	2,214	539	257	-	-	3,082	3	-	1,271	-	6 34	.002
Salem	200	50	254	6	510	-	373	18	7	-	44	442	68	-	93	-	3 22	.002 9-10
Strong	1,000	-	773	98	1,871	147	1,110	7	110	265	25	1,664	207	-	650	-	5 20	.003 3-10
Temple.....	361	15	389	-	765	-	469	34	12	233	11	759	6	-	144	-	3 34	.002 5-10
Weld	750	215	782	1	1,748	-	1,255	85	66	305	-	1,711	37	-	344	-	4 12	.003 1-10
Wilton	3,000	1	2,083	442	5,526	-	4,177	273	460	500	111	5,521	5	-	2,094	-	5 92	.002 9-10
PLANTATIONS.																		
Coplin	175	162	127	70	534	-	235	-	12	-	135	382	152	-	136	-	6 48	.001 5-10
Dallas	100	203	274	27	604	-	445	27	3	-	24	499	105	-	5	-	1 51	.001
Lang	55	235	222	135	647	-	476	23	10	-	-	509	138	-	7	-	1 56	.000 6-10
Rangeley.....	1,207	974	130	-	2,311	-	624	4	15	40	20	703	1,608	-	1,153	-	43 10	.003 5-10
Sandy River.....	50	267	895	-	1,212	-	329	47	34	19	130	559	653	-	19	-	2 94	.000 4-10
Total	\$25,807	\$3,568	\$21,682	\$2,935	\$53,992	\$650	\$39,253	\$3,443	\$2,386	\$3,879	\$1,073	\$50,684	\$4,143	\$885	\$15,946	-	\$4 99	.002 4-10

APPENDIX.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.	
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.			
Amherst.....	\$300	\$32	\$367	\$104	\$803	-	\$699	\$22	-	\$19	-	\$740	\$63	-	\$100	-	\$3 75	.008 6-10	
Aurora.....	100	233	168	75	576	-	323	17	\$7	-	-	352	224	6	3 12	.002	3 12	.002	
Bluehill.....	2,500	-	1,993	184	4,677	\$5	4,063	201	106	-	\$45	4,420	257	-	1,495	5 53	.004	5 53	.004
Brooklin.....	750	259	966	26	2,001	-	1,700	121	43	-	-	1,864	137	-	3 19	.003	3 19	.003	
Brooksville.....	644	219	1,527	-	2,390	-	2,145	131	78	-	32	2,386	4	-	1 66	.002	1 66	.002	
Bucksport.....	3,103	231	2,337	81	5,749	-	4,353	334	170	548	5	5,470	279	-	1,814	5 49	.003	5 49	.003
Castine.....	1,500	160	1,047	75	2,782	-	1,736	231	179	306	-	2,501	281	-	6 58	.002	6 58	.002	
Cranberry Isles.....	900	483	405	-	1,788	-	1,101	174	56	-	-	1,331	457	-	8 18	.003	8 18	.003	
Dedham.....	400	-	401	82	883	-	715	33	-	141	11	900	-	-	4 04	.004	4 04	.004	
Deer Isle.....	2,600	71	2,579	-	5,250	-	4,835	511	157	105	-	5,608	-	\$17	1,474	4 06	.006	4 06	
Eastbrook.....	300	42	315	24	691	-	728	32	-	-	-	760	79	-	4 41	.005	4 41	.005	
Eden.....	11,500	2,093	4,991	109	18,691	-	10,961	2,209	1,077	1,141	223	15,388	3,303	-	9,092	9 32	.001	9 32	
Ellsworth.....	4,500	38	3,806	25	8,369	-	5,743	788	641	114	-	7,509	860	-	2,137	4 62	.002	4 62	
Franklin.....	1,300	-	1,559	-	2,859	71	2,336	94	87	213	65	2,916	-	57	3 44	.003	3 44	.003	
Gouldsboro.....	1,900	-	1,424	73	3,397	-	2,736	256	110	134	267	3,503	-	106	1,308	5 79	.005	5 79	
Hancock.....	800	-	1,039	10	1,849	105	1,610	93	13	-	-	1,821	28	-	3 05	3 86	.002	3 86	
Isle au Haut.....	700	88	258	-	1,046	-	770	106	29	-	-	905	141	-	6 00	12 96	.008	12 96	
Lamoine.....	580	189	520	-	1,269	-	1,091	87	6	-	10	1,194	75	-	253	4 32	.003	4 32	
Mariaville.....	250	41	225	50	596	-	291	11	5	40	3	350	216	-	130	5 10	.004	5 10	
Mt. Desert.....	4,000	1,054	2,092	-	7,146	-	4,663	752	571	80	-	6,063	1,083	-	3,120	7 64	.002	7 64	
Orland.....	900	325	1,326	135	2,637	-	2,439	141	76	37	20	2,713	-	26	2 71	.003	2 71	.003	
Otis.....	100	409	135	33	677	-	214	4	3	129	47	397	280	-	16	3 70	.002	3 70	

Penobscot	1,125	275	1,207	46	2,653	-	2,263	119	7	10	9	2,408	245	-	489	-	3 81	.004 2-10	
Sedgwick	1,600	356	1,086	104	3,146	-	2,405	123	1	-	135	2,664	482	-	1,104	-	6 29	.007	
Sorrento	350	61	147	-	558	-	497	37	36	-	-	570	-	12	286	-	9 21	.001 2-10	
Southwest Harb.	1,200	253	1,069	-	2,522	-	1,708	375	121	20	72	2,291	281	-	-	-	4 47	.002 7-10	
Stonington	2,570	130	2,722	-	5,422	-	3,940	752	485	-	-	5,177	245	-	1,664	-	4 50	.004 7-10	
Sullivan	1,500	44	1,273	242	3,059	-	2,562	180	185	-	-	2,927	132	-	931	-	4 93	.004	
Surry	700	-	908	96	1,704	70	1,496	55	79	58	8	1,766	-	62	205	-	3 06	.003 6-10	
Swan's Island...	1,000	135	876	-	2,011	-	1,685	121	23	-	-	1,829	182	-	588	-	4 56	.006 5-10	
Tremont	1,200	207	1,563	72	3,042	-	1,939	400	121	117	-	2,577	465	-	-	-	3 01	.004 6-10	
Trenton	800	61	438	-	1,299	-	920	58	10	-	183	1,197	102	-	548	-	8 69	.005 8-10	
Verona	250	62	229	-	541	-	389	21	-	126	-	536	5	-	121	-	4 46	.003 5-10	
Waltham	153	78	239	46	516	-	391	12	7	-	-	410	106	-	47	-	2 63	.001 9-10	
Winter Harbor..	500	56	720	-	1,276	-	978	79	100	-	59	1,216	60	-	186	-	2 74	.000 9-10	
PLANTATIONS.																			
Long Island	300	1,260	338	-	1,898	-	345	26	-	-	-	371	1,527	-	204	-	4 05	.010	
No. 8	90	68	37	20	215	-	145	14	4	-	-	163	52	-	81	-	9 00	.003 1-10	
Moose Hill, formerly No. 21...	75	62	37	-	174	-	182	6	8	-	-	196	-	22	43	-	6 25	.001 3-10	
Great Pond, formerly No. 33...	100	32	98	-	230	-	173	7	5	-	-	185	45	-	55	-	4 34	.001 5-10	
Total	\$53,137	\$9,083	\$42,470	\$1,712	\$106,402	\$251	\$77,327	\$8,833	\$4,606	\$3,520	\$1,037	\$95,574	\$11,567	\$739	\$31,452	-	\$5 19	.002 7-10	

APPENDIX.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Albion	\$1,500	\$45	\$1,109	-	\$2,654	-	\$1,918	-	\$26	\$230	-	\$2,174	\$490	-	\$1,017	-	\$5 74	.003 9-10
Augusta	19,782	-	13,910	-	33,692	-	27,125	\$2,524	2,204	1,839	-	33,692	-	-	13,356	-	5 74	.002 5-10
Belgrade	1,500	71	1,158	\$68	2,797	-	1,943	170	58	344	-	2,515	282	-	902	-	4 98	.002 9-10
Benton	1,400	11	1,490	15	2,916	-	1,431	145	50	258	-	1,884	1,032	-	797	-	3 65	.002 6-10
Chelsea	1,200	566	1,032	-	2,798	-	2,547	144	62	-	6	2,759	39	-	-	-	4 72	.004 9-10
China	2,000	-	1,306	36	3,342	\$400	2,195	137	7	885	-	3,624	-	\$282	1,241	-	6 51	.003 5-10
Clinton	1,900	-	1,302	-	3,202	-	2,334	317	100	210	24	2,985	217	-	1,131	-	6 12	.003 1-10
Farmingdale	1,400	-	982	-	2,382	-	1,902	160	143	28	86	2,319	63	-	934	-	5 95	.002 5-10
Fayette	900	13	614	-	1,527	-	1,248	62	36	4	145	1,495	52	-	592	-	6 00	.003 8-10
Gardiner	8,765	-	6,373	-	15,138	-	11,788	1,470	876	173	36	14,343	795	-	5,739	-	5 80	.002 3-10
Hallowell	2,600	562	3,099	124	6,385	-	4,077	792	569	315	-	5,753	632	-	1,107	-	3 42	.001 6-10

75

KENNEBEC COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.
	Amount raised by townl.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.		
Litchfield	\$900	\$79	\$929	\$28	\$1,936	-	\$1,673	\$78	\$25	\$136	\$22	\$1,934	-	\$2	\$319	-	\$3 96	.002 4-10
Manchester	800	391	540	4	1,735	-	1,324	99	64	115	133	1,735	-	-	515	-	6 06	.002 6-10
Monmouth	1,500	20	1,301	7	2,828	-	2,267	194	69	259	36	2,825	-	3	820	-	4 60	.002 1-10
Mt. Vernon	1,000	58	954	-	2,012	-	1,597	135	57	239	35	2,063	-	-	502	-	4 27	.002 7-10
Oakland	3,500	-	2,153	319	5,972	\$964	3,582	637	509	1,281	10	6,983	-	-	2,448	-	6 71	.003 3-10
Pittston	1,200	-	1,023	28	2,251	-	1,926	151	-	174	-	2,251	-	-	553	-	4 16	.002 4-10
Randolph	1,200	-	1,072	46	2,318	-	2,246	200	209	-	-	2,655	-	-	608	-	4 51	.003 8-10
Readfield	1,500	198	1,085	16	2,799	-	1,906	137	94	215	-	2,352	447	-	953	-	6 17	.002 8-10
Rome	400	75	544	-	1,019	-	769	14	12	68	-	913	106	-	169	-	3 30	.003 3-10
Sidney	1,500	285	990	-	2,775	-	1,610	105	64	884	-	2,663	112	-	913	-	6 72	.003 5-10
Vassalboro	4,000	165	1,977	189	6,331	-	3,548	201	250	1,577	-	5,576	755	-	2,866	-	7 96	.003 6-10
Vienna	400	113	438	-	951	-	718	50	21	122	-	911	40	-	177	-	3 88	.002 7-10
Waterville	18,383	-	13,615	87	32,085	-	23,860	3,129	2,814	1,726	-	31,529	556	-	13,171	-	5 27	.002 8-10
Wayne	800	113	622	56	1,590	-	1,062	109	42	131	-	1,344	246	-	411	-	5 55	.003 2-10
West Gardiner	1,200	-	626	-	1,826	7	1,436	88	49	199	-	1,779	47	-	819	-	7 74	.003 6-10
Windsor	1,500	42	749	-	2,291	-	1,674	66	46	526	-	2,312	-	21	1,070	-	7 68	.005 9-10
Winslow	2,000	2,219	3,610	-	7,829	-	3,985	224	301	1,188	-	5,698	2,131	-	748	-	2 16	.000 8-10
Winthrop	2,000	525	2,173	170	4,868	-	3,731	443	386	371	-	4,931	-	63	852	-	3 88	.001 3-10
Unity Pl.	75	31	58	11	170	-	156	9	3	-	-	168	2	-	47	-	3 40	.004 4-10
Total	\$86,805	\$5,582	\$66,829	\$1,208	\$160,419	\$771	\$117,578	\$11,990	\$9,146	\$13,497	\$583	\$153,565	\$8,019	\$1,165	\$54,777	-	\$5 24	.002 5-10

KNOX COUNTY.

Appleton	\$750	\$351	\$1,220	\$24	\$2,345	-	\$1,975	\$107	\$29	\$112	\$10	\$2,233	\$112	-	\$214	-	\$2 65	.002 9-10
Camden	4,000	678	3,541	-	8,219	-	4,536	1,139	757	989	-	7,421	798	-	2,446	-	5 60	.001 5-10
Cushing	600	70	634	-	1,804	-	1,061	77	10	-	22	1,170	134	-	268	-	3 92	.004 5-10
Friendship	800	10	774	16	1,600	-	1,106	59	-	390	-	1,555	45	-	352	-	4 10	.003 3-10
Hope	500	162	475	32	1,169	-	926	51	4	91	-	1,072	97	-	171	-	4 46	.002 3-10
Hurricane Isle..	675	-	294	-	969	-	765	174	31	-	-	970	-	\$1	534	-	8 23	.011
North Haven ...	500	235	610	2	1,347	-	1,015	75	50	-	-	1,140	207	-	197	-	3 37	.001 7-10
Rockland	11,500	1,668	7,659	-	20,827	-	13,848	1,295	2,120	357	-	17,620	3,207	-	7,017	-	6 03	.001 9-10
Rockport	2,400	1,645	2,178	16	6,239	-	3,586	559	418	52	-	4,615	1,624	-	1,127	-	4 57	.001 7-10
So. Thomaston..	1,500	397	1,650	217	3,764	-	2,851	222	135	-	-	3,208	556	-	716	-	3 53	.003 5-10
St. George	1,500	1,700	2,906	-	6,106	-	4,061	182	242	67	-	4,562	1,554	-	287	-	2 53	.003 6-10
Thomaston	3,000	242	2,194	2	5,438	-	3,936	450	461	239	10	5,096	342	-	1,522	-	5 58	.002 4-10
Union	1,400	-	1,285	3	2,688	\$316	1,931	145	35	452	55	2,934	-	246	714	-	4 59	.002 6-10
Vinalhaven	2,800	970	3,009	-	6,779	-	4,632	917	607	64	-	6,250	529	-	1,481	-	4 01	.003 8-10
Warren	1,800	1,437	1,678	374	5,289	-	3,260	278	134	307	-	3,979	1,310	-	662	-	4 36	.002 1-10
Washington	320	164	892	67	1,943	-	1,544	50	-	303	50	1,947	-	-	260	-	3 51	.003
Crichaven Pl. ...	140	42	49	-	231	-	195	14	-	-	-	209	22	-	114	-	12 72	.007
Matinicus Isle Pl.	200	137	176	-	513	-	363	29	34	-	-	426	87	-	99	-	4 00	.004 9-10
Muscle Ridge Pl.	180	-	85	-	265	-	100	20	40	-	-	160	105	-	140	-	-	.007 2-10
Total	\$35,065	\$9,908	\$31,309	\$753	\$77,035	\$316	\$51,721	\$5,843	\$5,107	\$3,423	\$147	\$66,557	\$10,729	\$251	\$18,321	-	\$4 75	.002 2-10

APPENDIX.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' service.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.		
Alna.....	\$600	\$295	\$458	\$15	\$1,368	-	\$1,108	\$34	\$40	\$98	-	\$1,275	\$93	-	\$356	-	\$5 16	.003 5-10
Boothbay.....	2,250	760	1,998	28	5,036	-	3,065	404	163	188	-	3,824	1,212	-	1,279	-	4 32	.003 5-10
Boothbay Harbor.....	2,700	2,346	2,378	19	7,443	-	4,236	458	478	-	39	5,271	2,172	-	1,641	-	4 50	.002 7-10
Bremen.....	400	452	618	-	1,522	-	1,292	64	-	122	23	1,501	-	-	89	-	2 61	.002 8-10
Bristol.....	4,000	265	2,680	-	6,925	-	5,082	419	-	957	-	6,458	-	-	467	-	6 66	.004 2-10
Damariscotta.....	800	248	682	18	1,728	-	1,008	128	103	213	-	1,452	-	-	276	-	5 29	.001 7-10
Dresden.....	600	463	900	-	1,963	-	1,434	83	51	-	12	1,580	-	-	383	-	2 71	.001 6-10
Edgecomb.....	700	50	564	10	1,324	-	971	56	-	235	-	1,262	-	-	62	-	866	.003 7-10
Jefferson.....	1,500	18	1,265	10	2,793	-	2,180	180	130	213	136	2,659	-	-	134	-	865	.003 5-10
Newcastle.....	1,700	281	1,015	-	2,996	-	2,282	252	119	141	38	2,832	-	-	164	-	1,109	.003 5-10
Nobleboro.....	1,150	110	774	9	2,043	-	1,582	150	130	130	-	1,862	-	-	181	-	705	.002 5-10
Somerville.....	345	-	433	-	778	-	527	22	-	202	33	784	-	\$6	189	-	6 62	.003 8-10
Southport.....	500	-	438	-	938	\$40	900	79	32	-	-	1,051	-	113	210	-	3 59	.005 8-10
Waldoboro.....	2,300	777	3,082	36	6,195	-	4,688	410	34	269	123	5,524	-	-	671	-	4 31	.001 2-10
Westport.....	350	10	340	-	700	-	606	44	9	-	-	659	-	-	41	-	3 10	.002
Whitefield.....	1,200	199	1,056	25	2,480	-	1,424	88	28	596	7	2,143	-	-	337	-	168	.003 7-10
Wiscasset.....	1,500	-	1,543	-	3,043	392	2,183	211	147	-	-	2,933	-	-	800	-	4 34	.002 8-10
Monhegan Pl....	200	59	115	-	374	-	286	27	10	-	-	323	-	-	148	-	6 06	.004 2-10
Total.....	\$22,795	\$6,333	\$20,299	\$222	\$49,649	\$432	\$34,909	\$3,059	\$1,214	\$3,364	\$415	\$43,393	\$6,375	\$119	\$11,977	-	\$4 67	.002 8-10

OXFORD COUNTY.

Albany.....	\$600	\$31	\$524	\$38	\$1,193	-	\$1,124	\$36	\$13	\$204	\$6	\$1,383	-	\$190	\$304	\$5 40	.003 6-10
Andover.....	1,100	131	818	21	2,070	-	1,533	98	71	339	16	2,057	\$13	-	700	5 97	.003 2-10
Bethel.....	2,000	100	1,731	270	4,101	-	3,051	335	264	582	78	4,310	-	209	991	4 77	.002
Brownfield.....	1,230	724	962	-	2,916	-	1,850	110	5	558	81	2,604	312	-	670	4 98	.003 8-10
Buckfield.....	1,200	7	1,073	216	2,496	-	1,919	169	77	32	95	2,292	204	-	574	4 58	.002 7-10
Byron.....	396	173	164	21	754	-	442	15	3	95	35	590	164	-	284	9 90	.003 5-10
Canton.....	1,600	572	1,257	67	3,496	-	1,813	239	219	680	-	2,951	545	-	1,080	5 19	.004 5-10
Denmark.....	933	344	544	40	1,861	-	1,188	48	68	411	5	1,720	141	-	584	6 76	.002 4-10
Dixfield.....	1,315	-	1,118	136	2,564	-	2,082	-	323	127	-	2,532	32	-	736	4 90	.002 9-10
Fryeburg.....	3,200	1	1,273	17	4,491	-	3,274	336	232	619	-	4,461	30	-	2,543	10 38	.003 8-10
Gilead.....	187	31	201	15	434	-	221	6	13	52	117	409	25	-	-	4 06	.001 4-10
Grafton.....	175	43	86	98	402	-	200	-	7	100	40	347	55	-	130	7 29	.001
Greenwood.....	1,200	54	860	101	2,215	-	2,114	95	21	19	-	2,249	-	34	792	5 85	.006 2-10
Hanover.....	300	-	172	12	484	\$10	443	22	8	-	-	483	1	-	182	7 69	.003 4-10
Hartford.....	800	319	650	114	1,883	-	1,300	64	26	218	107	1,715	168	-	437	5 19	.002 6-10
Hebron.....	1,000	94	585	189	1,868	-	1,409	55	45	138	64	1,711	157	-	728	6 99	.004 3-10
Hiram.....	1,200	169	890	-	2,259	-	1,624	103	40	301	11	2,079	180	-	642	5 60	.002 8-10
Lovell.....	1,000	79	561	164	1,804	-	1,036	37	22	604	-	1,699	105	-	619	7 24	.002
Mason.....	100	41	102	9	252	-	207	8	-	-	-	215	37	-	63	4 16	.001 8-10
Mexico.....	5,300	-	2,824	2	8,125	-	5,493	863	1,005	457	61	7,379	247	-	4,851	7 76	.007 7-10
Newry.....	700	132	266	94	1,192	-	929	34	8	84	-	1,055	137	-	543	10 14	.003 3-10
Norway.....	3,000	2,443	3,119	-	8,562	-	5,101	634	405	341	91	6,622	1,940	-	1,404	3 83	.002 1-10
Oxford.....	1,700	302	1,314	-	3,316	-	1,800	164	112	657	39	2,772	544	-	968	5 46	.003 3-10
Paris.....	5,000	1,949	3,221	235	10,405	-	6,533	650	422	1,331	37	8,973	1,432	-	3,226	6 56	.003 3-10
Peru.....	1,300	17	892	45	2,254	-	1,856	95	46	270	-	2,267	-	13	875	6 04	.004 8-10
Porter.....	1,100	233	917	24	2,274	-	1,516	71	67	308	24	1,886	288	-	613	5 11	.004 1-10
Roxbury.....	750	81	466	30	1,327	-	1,021	39	9	-	-	1,069	258	-	619	6 63	.006 1-10
Rumford.....	8,500	3,016	7,262	204	18,982	-	14,488	2,263	1,413	513	15	18,692	290	-	6,426	5 52	.002 4-70
Stoneham.....	350	12	266	-	628	-	587	22	5	-	-	614	14	-	194	5 00	.003 1-10
Stow.....	500	7	209	-	716	-	656	12	5	18	21	712	4	-	851	8 77	.003 6-10
Sumner.....	1,200	45	765	116	2,126	-	1,499	61	28	434	14	2,036	90	-	759	6 52	.004
Sweden.....	500	95	319	66	980	-	798	30	-	123	-	951	29	-	345	6 75	.003
Upton.....	400	145	291	150	986	-	626	19	9	230	-	884	102	-	267	5 63	.002 9-10
Waterford.....	1,800	5	839	18	2,632	-	1,817	96	69	353	143	2,478	184	-	1,296	7 22	.003 4-10
Woodstock.....	1,200	54	810	12	2,076	-	1,575	75	33	322	-	2,005	71	-	751	6 24	.004 1-10
Lincoln Pl.....	65	2,372	70	-	2,507	-	281	12	7	187	-	487	2,020	-	25	2 82	.000 4-10
Magalloway Pl.....	100	-	2,636	112	2,848	-	729	32	10	211	12	994	1,854	-	58	3 44	.000 4-10
Milton Pl.....	250	10	319	-	579	-	140	16	4	60	-	448	131	-	139	3 04	.003 3-10
Total.....	\$53,251	\$13,831	\$40,371	\$2,636	\$110,089	\$10	\$74,275	\$7,014	\$5,114	\$10,978	\$1,340	\$98,731	\$11,804	\$446	\$35,769	\$5 92	.003 1-10

PENOBSCOT COUNTY

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.		
Alton.....	\$300	\$65	\$291	-	\$656	-	\$541	\$39	\$7	\$90	\$78	\$755	-	\$99	\$127	-	\$3 61	.008 8-10
Argyle.....	529	31	332	\$12	904	-	767	46	8	75	-	896	\$8	-	353	-	7 12	.008 9-10
Bangor.....	44,000	-	26,361	251	70,612	-	57,398	7,305	6,112	540	-	71,355	-	743	31,983	-	6 76	.002
Bradford.....	1,000	25	1,191	105	2,321	-	1,462	116	26	684	-	2,288	33	-	475	-	3 49	.003 5-10
Bradley.....	649	-	704	77	1,430	-	1,290	114	82	-	-	1,486	-	56	274	-	3 77	.003 3-10
Brewer.....	7,000	10	6,365	146	13,521	-	9,452	1,713	1,095	592	-	12,852	669	-	4,341	-	4 23	.003 1-10
Burlington.....	213	33	422	165	833	-	715	32	14	54	30	845	-	12	6	-	2 24	.001 3-10
Carmel.....	1,500	-	997	64	2,561	20	1,905	133	82	386	-	2,526	35	-	987	-	6 12	.004 3-10
Carroll.....	300	105	712	71	1,188	-	1,135	42	-	-	-	1,177	11	-	49	-	1 82	.002
Charleston.....	1,200	99	908	128	2,335	-	1,985	142	98	50	37	2,312	23	-	737	-	5 23	.003 7-10
Chester.....	400	221	487	83	1,191	-	821	22	22	-	-	865	326	-	200	-	3 33	.005
Clifton.....	245	195	205	-	645	-	418	21	5	73	35	552	93	-	115	-	4 15	.003 9-10
Corinna.....	1,600	80	1,269	147	3,096	-	2,515	172	108	155	24	2,974	122	-	957	-	5 19	.003 2-10
Corinth.....	1,150	-	953	63	2,166	67	1,368	54	41	589	-	2,119	47	-	577	-	4 33	.002 6-10
Dexter.....	5,250	-	3,598	132	8,980	-	368	6,718	997	680	410	9,173	-	193	3,632	-	5 62	.003 7-10
Dixmont.....	1,000	26	765	98	1,889	-	1,473	101	-	326	-	1,900	11	-	536	-	5 46	.003 9-10
East Millinocket	2,700	693	1,150	33	4,576	-	3,057	326	430	121	-	3,934	642	-	-	-	9 81	.005 3-10
Eddington.....	1,150	-	732	1	1,883	124	1,375	85	77	300	29	1,990	-	107	785	-	5 95	.506 4-10
Edinburg.....	100	26	49	21	196	-	201	9	4	31	12	257	-	61	64	-	6 25	.003 1-10
Enfield.....	1,000	350	1,461	56	2,867	-	2,132	131	41	205	60	2,569	298	-	416	-	2 76	.003 6-10
Etna.....	700	31	44	44	1,315	-	1,243	89	65	-	-	1,397	-	82	410	-	5 26	.004 7-10
Exceter.....	700	-	179	179	1,837	3	1,289	117	26	337	7	1,779	58	-	217	-	3 21	.002 2-10
Garland.....	1,200	-	101	101	2,222	32	1,391	96	70	596	140	2,325	-	103	729	-	5 15	.004
Glenburn.....	500	442	-	180	1,675	-	766	56	29	289	70	1,210	465	-	246	-	4 20	.002 7-10

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Greenbush	530	52	577	-	1,159	-	842	57	13	150	45	1,107	52	-	208	-	3 95	.006 3-10	
Greenfield	400	-	290	-	690	-	368	11	10	100	-	489	201	-	312	-	6 55	.007 8-10	
Hampden	3,000	432	2,427	-	5,859	-	3,780	260	178	573	-	4,791	1,068	-	1,800	-	4 84	.003 7-10	
Hermon	1,200	123	1,412	38	2,773	-	2,279	232	81	59	-	2,651	122	-	549	-	3 53	.002 7-10	
O Holden	1,100	65	757	60	1,982	-	1,338	78	42	488	-	1,951	31	-	769	-	5 09	.006 6-10	
Howland	1,000	109	626	2	1,737	-	1,167	222	125	44	5	1,563	174	-	715	-	7 04	.003 3-10	
Hudson	400	402	458	142	1,402	-	900	95	18	311	-	1,324	78	-	164	-	3 84	.003 4-10	
Kenduskeag.....	650	27	429	86	1,192	-	783	9	29	341	-	1,162	30	-	417	-	5 75	.003 4-10	
Kingman	800	-	1,170	104	2,074	379	1,747	92	74	-	-	2,292	-	218	285	-	3 06	.004 6-10	
Lagrange	1,500	44	655	60	2,259	-	1,677	109	102	-	-	1,888	371	-	1,184	-	9 14	.005 5-10	
Lee	441	2	1,126	160	1,729	-	1,616	76	28	5	-	1,725	4	-	-	-	1 58	.003 4-10	
Levant	1,100	84	749	89	2,022	-	1,380	69	44	410	-	1,903	119	-	666	-	5 94	.004 3-10	
Lincoln	2,500	447	2,546	200	5,693	-	3,914	230	461	487	11	5,103	590	-	1,548	-	3 99	.003 9-10	
Lowell	300	35	291	74	700	-	647	10	2	12	-	671	29	-	185	-	3 37	.003 7-10	
Mattawamkeag..	850	-	659	8	1,517	-	1,175	102	58	109	186	1,630	-	113	560	-	5 48	.005 7-10	
Maxfield	200	112	106	29	447	-	313	16	15	-	-	344	103	-	137	-	6 89	.005 3-10	
Medway	162	-	724	79	965	-	1,056	12	48	-	-	1,116	-	151	-	1	84	.001 6-10	
Millford	600	239	1,199	234	2,272	-	1,596	133	112	269	98	2,208	64	-	139	-	2 11	.001	
Millinocket.....	3,200	381	3,897	400	7,878	-	5,158	1,040	1,089	-	-	7,287	591	-	2,571	-	3 22	.002 6-10	
Mt. Chase	350	80	377	80	887	-	815	38	4	108	-	965	-	78	186	-	3 88	.004 6-10	
Newburg	900	-	659	-	1,559	-	1,485	76	-	166	30	1,757	-	198	496	-	5 42	.002 9-10	
Newport	2,500	109	1,764	149	4,522	-	2,783	328	330	811	-	4,252	270	-	1,657	-	5 65	.003	
Old Town	8,000	-	7,753	45	15,798	-	9,894	2,256	1,804	501	-	14,455	1,343	-	4,830	-	4 08	.002 9-10	
Orono	4,500	99	4,335	25	8,959	-	6,593	1,084	862	513	-	9,002	-	43	2,709	-	4 09	.003 5-10	
Orrington	1,200	150	1,404	69	2,823	-	2,351	126	90	234	-	2,801	22	-	504	-	3 45	.002 6-10	
Passadumkeag..	700	-	561	-	1,261	-	1,015	57	38	40	-	1,150	111	-	475	-	5 14	.007 4-10	
Patten	2,400	-	1,932	204	4,586	-	3,361	282	339	586	36	4,604	-	68	1,755	-	5 13	.003 8-10	
Plymouth	700	-	745	16	1,461	-	1,261	49	23	17	8	1,398	63	-	338	-	3 85	.003 8-10	
Prentiss	400	43	769	119	1,331	-	1,233	18	18	-	1	1,337	-	6	124	-	2 10	.003 3-10	
Springfield	400	25	614	72	1,111	-	930	54	9	84	18	1,155	-	44	107	-	2 56	.003 1-10	
Stetson	900	15	503	162	1,480	-	930	78	35	360	-	1,403	77	-	523	-	6 40	.003 8-10	
Stacyville	700	159	515	-	1,374	-	993	90	188	-	-	1,271	103	-	395	-	5 26	.002 1-10	
Veazie	600	423	333	92	2,048	-	1,655	71	50	205	-	1,981	67	-	222	-	2 77	.008 5-10	
Winn	128	178	176	280	762	-	690	-	-	-	-	690	72	-	40	-	3 28	.001 7-10	
PLANTATIONS.																			
Drew	700	-	315	-	1,015	11	918	41	8	1	7	986	29	-	634	-	9 33	.005 8-10	
Grand Falls	23	22	64	57	166	-	147	1	-	-	-	148	18	-	-	6	1 43	.000 2-10	
Lakeville	103	13	442	-	558	-	464	9	4	-	25	502	56	-	32	-	3 21	.000 7-10	
Seboels	100	89	102	75	366	-	295	11	14	-	-	320	46	-	47	-	3 33	.001	
Stacyville	500	139	921	217	1,777	-	1,347	175	58	-	-	1,580	197	-	309	-	2 67	.004 3-10	
Webster	70	223	366	-	659	-	342	20	7	-	-	369	290	-	2	-	1 62	.001 1-10	
Total	\$120,093	\$6,753	\$97,272	\$5,584	\$229,702	\$637	\$166,425	\$25,346	\$15,849	\$13,157	\$1,453	\$222,867	\$9,221	\$2,386	\$75,760	\$7	\$5 00	.002 7-10	

APPENDIX.

PISCATAQUI COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.		
Abbot	\$1,200	\$105	\$896	\$101	\$2,302	-	\$1,636	\$106	\$93	\$256	\$41	\$2,122	\$180	-	\$806	-	\$5 94	.006 5-10
Atkinson	1,000	21	601	104	1,726	-	1,060	99	36	522	4	1,721	5	-	728	-	6 71	.006
Blanchard	500	24	229	49	802	-	530	16	25	32	-	603	199	-	364	-	10 41	.005 2-10
Bowerbank	50	108	77	178	413	-	307	4	21	-	23	355	58	-	14	-	2 77	.000 3-10
Brownville	2,400	1,291	2,255	123	6,069	-	4,114	262	227	-	-	4,603	1,466	-	1,536	-	4 19	.004
Dover	3,500	128	1,842	272	5,742	-	2,963	298	254	1,084	-	4,549	1,193	-	2,461	-	7 45	.003 4-10
Foxcroft	3,000	717	1,916	104	5,737	-	3,852	528	397	331	14	5,122	615	-	2,104	-	6 14	.002 2-10
Greenville	2,300	675	1,592	222	4,789	-	2,790	326	586	555	-	4,257	532	-	1,686	-	5 55	.004 2-10
Gullford	2,650	329	1,707	80	4,766	-	3,245	367	370	-	-	3,982	784	-	1,801	-	6 43	.003 6-10
Medford	500	2	245	8	755	-	517	12	26	294	-	789	-	\$34	345	-	6 94	.003 8-10
Milo	3,500	237	2,828	94	6,659	-	5,085	532	831	118	45	6,606	53	-	2,867	-	4 88	.003
Monson	1,200	197	1,588	35	3,020	-	1,955	362	138	177	26	2,658	362	-	586	-	3 21	.004 5-10
Orneville	500	19	380	40	939	-	604	25	11	199	5	844	95	-	321	-	5 95	.004 1-10
Parkman	700	94	749	27	1,570	-	1,088	47	25	390	37	1,557	13	-	305	-	4 13	.002 9-10
Sangerville	2,500	-	1,359	58	3,917	\$335	2,776	259	251	286	18	3,875	42	-	1,788	-	7 57	.004 6-10
Sebec	1,000	308	696	100	2,099	-	1,530	81	20	184	75	1,890	209	-	674	-	5 52	.005
Shirley	650	17	370	144	1,181	-	1,170	58	16	-	-	1,239	-	58	514	-	6 19	.006 7-10
Wellington	600	32	467	20	1,119	-	814	25	-	215	-	1,054	65	-	373	-	5 35	.004 3-10
Williamsburg	250	95	213	-	558	-	572	15	40	-	-	627	-	69	186	-	5 31	.004 6-10
Willimantic	400	5	335	100	840	-	770	39	30	-	-	839	1	-	170	-	4 70	.004 4-10
Barnard Pl.	150	72	114	-	336	-	254	4	-	-	-	258	78	-	96	-	5 00	.002 9-10
Elliottsville Pl.	80	59	78	-	217	-	227	12	4	-	-	243	-	26	33	-	3 63	.000 6-10
Kingsbury Pl.	225	-	135	120	480	-	372	21	15	-	23	431	49	-	167	-	5 76	.002 3-10
Lake View Pl.	150	238	1,023	-	1,411	-	848	78	39	-	36	1,001	410	-	55	-	3 06	.000 8-10
Total	\$29,005	\$4,768	\$21,695	\$1,979	\$57,447	\$335	\$39,079	\$3,571	\$3,445	\$4,448	\$347	\$51,225	\$6,409	\$187	\$19,980	-	\$5 59	.003 6-10

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

Arrowsic	\$175	\$87	\$140	-	\$402	-	\$165	\$8	-	\$94	-	\$265	\$137	-	\$76	-	\$5 00	.002	3-10
Bath	13,000	-	13,148	\$105	26,253	-	20,936	2,387	\$2,930	-	-	26,253	-	-	7,238	-	4 61	.001	7 10
Bowdoin	1,000	24	1,310	1	2,335	-	2,132	134	-	65	-	2,331	-	-	485	-	3 66	.002	9-10
Bowdoinham	1,900	306	1,285	-	3,491	-	2,085	207	171	490	-	2,953	538	-	1,182	-	5 62	.003	3-10
Georgetown	1,200	34	765	-	1,999	-	1,610	81	2	248	-	1,941	58	-	66	-	6 38	.004	1-10
Perkins	100	-	57	10	167	-	162	5	-	-	-	167	-	-	66	-	7 14	.002	4-10
Phippsburg	1,800	129	1,375	-	3,304	-	2,711	208	48	-	-	2,967	337	-	1,110	-	5 24	.004	1-10
Richmond	2,500	1,123	2,006	-	5,629	-	3,036	353	215	395	-	3,999	1,630	-	1,373	-	4 76	.002	5-10
Topsham	3,500	1,537	2,869	33	7,939	-	4,606	457	281	279	-	5,623	2,316	-	2,347	-	5 05	.002	-
West Bath	600	68	307	-	975	-	703	40	11	172	-	926	49	-	440	-	8 95	.003	5-10
Woolwich	950	291	696	-	1,937	-	1,714	91	3	105	-	1,913	24	-	466	-	5 13	.002	7-10
Total	\$26,725	\$3,599	\$23,958	\$149	\$54,431	-	\$39,860	\$3,969	\$3,661	\$848	-	\$49,338	\$5,093	-	\$15,544	-	\$4 88	.002	2-10

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Anson	\$2,744	\$57	\$2,468	\$11	\$5,280	-	\$3,452	\$466	\$304	\$875	\$50	\$5,147	\$133	-	\$1,737	-	\$4 44	.003	6-10
Athens	1,000	167	1,080	125	2,372	-	1,939	66	15	296	-	2,316	56	-	507	-	3 73	.003	2-10
Bingham	1,200	3	1,232	139	2,574	-	2,038	174	139	80	-	2,431	143	-	737	-	4 13	.003	5-10
Cambridge	364	96	319	60	839	-	443	24	14	297	-	778	61	-	164	-	4 66	.002	8-10
Canaan	1,292	159	1,105	-	2,556	-	2,000	118	60	400	-	2,578	-	\$22	755	-	5 52	.004	1-10
Concord	450	5	376	4	835	-	492	19	-	279	23	813	22	-	290	-	6 25	.005	1-10
Cornville	1,500	-	737	95	2,332	-	1,402	59	53	557	-	2,071	261	-	1,121	-	9 61	.004	6-10
Detroit	600	23	470	80	1,173	-	859	34	19	248	-	1,160	13	-	310	-	5 82	.003	5-10
Embsen	700	38	651	19	1,408	-	1,199	55	1	55	4	1,314	94	-	388	-	4 40	.002	6-10
Fairfield	5,000	131	5,076	59	10,266	-	8,195	1,023	959	1,359	-	11,536	-	1,270	2,867	-	4 01	.002	8-10
Harmony	500	71	822	67	1,460	-	1,296	82	47	24	-	1,449	11	-	186	-	2 57	.002	-
Hartland	1,525	57	1,302	239	3,123	-	2,067	156	163	571	-	2,957	166	-	912	-	5 08	.003	-
Madison	6,000	59	3,246	297	9,602	-	5,988	1,250	810	1,482	55	9,585	17	-	4,480	-	7 06	.003	1-10
Mercer	600	51	479	72	1,202	-	1,015	47	14	81	-	1,157	45	-	329	-	5 26	.003	5-10
Moscow	500	231	655	36	805	-	805	24	-	282	36	1,147	275	-	292	-	3 37	.003	1-10
New Portland	1,250	174	1,081	39	2,457	-	1,738	132	78	319	87	2,354	190	-	748	-	4 61	.004	3-10
Norridgewock	1,900	404	1,850	3	4,157	-	2,930	272	84	477	25	3,788	369	-	1,078	-	4 37	.002	7-10
Palmyra	1,200	418	1,068	81	2,767	-	2,083	138	58	130	-	2,409	358	-	697	-	4 61	.003	4-10
Pittsfield	4,200	283	2,857	37	7,377	-	4,651	650	941	750	32	7,024	353	-	2,610	-	6 15	.002	6-10
Ripley	450	101	319	32	902	-	627	31	20	229	135	1,042	-	-	203	-	6 00	.002	9-10
Skowhegan	7,500	1,726	6,525	65	15,816	-	9,485	1,301	1,378	1,461	42	13,667	2,149	-	4,651	-	4 58	.001	9-10

SOMERSET COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.	
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.			
Smithfield	\$600	\$101	\$528	\$10	\$1,239	-	\$656	\$67	\$15	\$224	\$30	\$1,192	\$47	-	\$353	-	\$5 26	.008 4-10	
Solon	1,400	347	1,089	76	2,912	-	1,966	218	68	582	20	2,854	58	-	852	-	4 77	.008 6-10	
St. Albans	1,800	-	1,253	61	3,114	-	2,458	148	68	354	31	3,059	55	-	1,230	-	5 96	.004 3-10	
Starks	1,000	70	634	-	1,704	-	1,309	57	12	232	25	1,635	69	-	650	-	6 37	.004 9-10	
PLANTATIONS.																			
Bigelow	60	82	217	-	359	-	222	7	-	53	-	282	77	-	29	-	2 50	.000 7-10	
Brighton	294	437	401	50	1,182	-	623	23	68	124	68	838	344	-	92	-	3 06	.008 5-10	
Caratunk	120	29	551	8	708	-	716	47	21	-	-	784	-	\$76	-	-	1 84	.001 1-10	
Dead River	80	32	96	186	394	-	268	5	2	80	-	355	39	-	30	-	2 66	.000 9-10	
Dennistown	200	114	151	7	472	-	346	6	8	-	9	369	103	-	147	-	5 71	.001 6-10	
Flagstaff	100	15	213	156	484	-	386	35	14	33	-	468	16	-	37	-	1 81	.001 1-10	
Highland	37	2	99	109	247	-	234	4	1	-	-	239	8	-	-	-	1 54	.000 4-10	
Jackman	400	636	643	165	1,844	-	707	17	31	-	164	1,000	844	-	206	-	2 16	.002 2-10	
Lexington	225	53	234	20	532	-	430	10	-	55	-	495	37	-	98	-	3 87	.002 5-10	
Mayfield	100	91	48	84	323	-	232	10	5	-	44	291	32	-	51	-	5 55	.000 9-10	
Moose River	350	57	348	328	1,083	-	813	20	10	64	-	907	176	-	219	-	4 32	.002 2-10	
Pleasant Ridge	150	79	82	108	419	-	374	13	-	-	-	387	32	-	87	-	7 50	.002 2-10	
The Forks	400	292	321	-	923	-	721	31	1	-	-	809	114	-	314	-	7 27	.004 6-10	
West Forks	200	301	278	20	799	-	417	16	16	343	-	792	7	-	112	-	3 70	.001 9-10	
Total	\$47,991	\$6,902	\$40,904	\$2,948	\$98,745	-	\$67,782	\$6,856	\$5,429	\$12,477	\$936	\$98,479	\$6,774	\$1,508	\$29,569	-	\$4 87	.002 8-10	

WALDO COUNTY.

Belfast.....	\$5,610	\$1,559	\$5,080	\$150	\$12,399	-	\$8,690	\$776	\$646	\$1,605	-	\$11,717	\$682	-	\$3,072	-	\$4 49	.001 9-10
Belmont.....	400	74	368	22	864	-	741	37	24	83	-	885	-	\$21	206	-	4 70	.003 6-10
Brooks.....	500	24	851	-	1,375	-	787	100	60	196	12	1,155	220	-	132	-	2 70	.001 7-10
Burnham.....	774	182	884	49	1,889	-	1,761	91	37	-	-	1,889	-	-	353	-	3 53	.003 2-10
Frankfort.....	1,000	64	1,400	-	2,464	-	1,580	188	111	233	-	2,112	352	-	334	-	3 50	.003 2-10
Freedom.....	400	-	504	9	918	-	858	26	14	75	-	973	-	60	137	-	3 17	.002 3-10
Islesboro.....	800	-	1,121	-	1,921	78	1,695	150	39	-	-	1,962	-	41	292	-	2 95	.000 8-10
Jackson.....	400	-	479	-	879	46	540	46	27	264	-	923	-	44	159	-	3 37	.002 6-10
Knox.....	500	99	524	-	1,123	-	986	52	-	71	13	1,122	1	-	193	-	3 90	.002 5-10
Liberty.....	450	-	745	72	1,267	55	1,060	71	9	141	24	1,360	-	93	45	-	2 55	.002
Lincolnville.....	1,200	16	1,236	-	2,452	-	2,011	130	15	281	-	2,437	15	-	527	-	3 76	.003 7-10
Monroe.....	1,000	222	827	12	2,061	-	1,377	93	-	391	40	1,901	160	-	478	-	5 00	.003 5-10
Montville.....	540	74	852	-	1,466	-	1,133	50	6	281	136	1,606	-	140	-	-	2 25	.001 8-10
Morrill.....	231	143	446	-	820	-	604	41	-	150	-	795	25	-	-	-	2 11	.001 7-10
Northport.....	1,000	57	359	-	1,416	-	682	72	8	469	38	1,269	147	-	700	-	9 52	.002 9 10
Palermo.....	757	40	814	-	1,611	-	1,215	75	-	220	104	1,614	-	3	341	-	4 27	.003 3-10
Prospect.....	500	56	655	97	1,308	-	1,085	98	17	126	-	1,326	-	18	144	-	3 08	.002 8-10
Searsmont.....	522	216	892	188	1,768	-	1,313	68	44	279	-	1,704	64	-	-	-	2 33	.001 5-10
Searsport.....	1,500	-	1,404	6	2,910	-	2,130	158	149	513	38	2,988	-	78	758	-	3 97	.002
Stockton Springs	1,500	-	982	-	2,482	684	1,725	142	72	294	-	2,917	-	435	1,020	-	6 00	.002 9-10
Swanville.....	750	97	540	-	1,387	-	1,154	71	10	-	-	1,235	152	-	474	-	5 59	.004 9-10
Thorndike.....	530	86	647	12	1,275	-	1,088	78	-	67	-	1,233	42	-	257	-	3 25	.002 4-10
Troy.....	1,000	209	737	49	1,995	-	1,311	82	1	365	-	1,759	236	-	579	-	5 46	.003 6-10
Unity.....	1,000	69	826	5	1,900	-	1,486	222	69	288	11	2,076	-	176	518	-	5 02	.002 8-10
Waldo.....	450	140	483	12	1,085	-	848	57	18	136	-	1,059	26	-	193	-	3 71	.003
Winterport.....	1,600	332	1,887	104	3,923	-	2,615	210	270	926	-	4,021	-	98	697	-	4 15	.002 8-10
Total.....	\$24,914	\$3,759	\$25,543	\$737	\$54,953	\$863	\$40,475	\$3,184	\$1,646	\$7,454	\$416	\$54,038	\$2,122	\$1,207	\$11,604	-	\$4 08	.002 3-10

APPENDIX.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPEDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.
	Amount raised by townl.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.		
Addison	\$1,000	\$215	\$1,134	-	\$2,349	-	\$1,845	\$100	\$63	\$60	-	\$2,068	\$281	-	\$418	-	\$3 74	.004 9-10
Alexander	266	76	585	\$80	1,007	-	775	41	16	-	94	926	81	-	83	-	1 87	.004 4-10
Baileyville	2,000	-	1,293	87	3,380	-	1,968	181	270	324	-	2,743	637	-	1,882	-	6 41	.002 3-10
Baring	250	118	302	63	733	-	367	20	11	67	15	480	253	-	123	-	3 28	.002 6-10
Beddington	70	82	58	86	296	-	195	6	10	-	-	211	85	-	23	-	5 00	.002 3-10
Brookton	225	123	324	92	764	-	630	33	20	-	-	683	81	-	68	-	3 12	.003 2-10
Calais	4,295	375	9,480	20	14,170	-	11,005	1,407	1,131	420	-	13,963	207	-	85	-	1 83	.001 6-10
Centerville	125	71	176	40	412	-	252	10	7	89	30	388	24	-	75	-	3 20	.002 2-10
Charlotte	252	27	811	71	661	-	567	28	9	10	-	614	47	-	79	-	3 11	.003
Cherryfield	1,999	273	1,903	306	4,481	-	2,957	169	115	328	-	3,569	912	-	977	-	4 25	.004 2-10
Columbia	800	32	712	110	1,654	-	1,471	61	64	-	-	1,596	58	-	516	-	4 73	.007 2-10
Columbia Falls	400	-	819	30	1,249	-	1,108	62	81	-	46	1,297	-	48	87	-	1 85	.002 3-10
Cooper	250	4	262	78	594	-	524	13	63	-	-	600	-	6	136	-	3 78	.004 4-10
Crawford	160	4	156	34	354	-	256	20	-	77	-	353	1	-	98	-	4 70	.003 7-10
Cutler	500	40	826	56	1,422	-	1,234	118	43	-	-	1,395	27	-	189	-	2 24	.005 2-10
Danforth	1,245	370	1,715	24	3,354	-	2,322	222	132	285	-	2,961	393	-	644	-	3 04	.003 8-10
Deblois	75	59	94	27	255	-	212	16	5	-	-	233	22	-	35	-	3 40	.003 3-10
Dennysville	265	61	647	64	1,037	-	912	52	57	-	-	1,021	16	-	-	-	1 63	.001 6-10
East Machias	1,000	-	1,977	20	2,997	-	2,256	231	85	235	-	2,807	190	-	163	-	2 00	.002 3-10
Eastport	3,999	-	7,426	10	11,435	-	8,582	1,339	1,133	-	-	11,054	381	-	1,078	-	2 17	.002 2-10
Edmunds	270	4	835	80	1,189	-	1,082	34	33	86	-	1,185	4	-	-	-	1 29	.002 7-10

Forest City.....	125	47	119	-	291	-	216	14	13	20	-	263	-	28	-	42	-	4 31	.008 8-10
Harrington.....	825	-	1,151	-	1,976	-	1,751	75	63	168	28	2,085	-	-	109	184	-	2 93	.008 4-10
Jonesboro.....	700	-	802	25	1,527	-	1,159	91	16	93	22	1,881	146	-	-	367	-	3 88	.006 5-10
Jonesport.....	1,600	985	3,357	78	6,020	-	4,307	516	252	-	-	5,075	945	-	-	432	-	1 98	.003
Lubec.....	3,300	291	5,113	79	8,783	-	7,499	774	343	-	-	8,616	167	-	-	1,647	-	2 57	.003 8-10
Machias.....	2,200	-	2,460	75	4,735	-	4,422	615	542	190	-	5,769	-	1,034	-	1,055	-	3 63	.002 5-10
Machiasport.....	773	177	1,719	250	2,919	-	2,492	233	79	20	234	3,058	-	-	139	103	-	1 83	.004
Marion.....	125	-	159	13	297	-	186	4	4	15	12	221	-	76	-	73	-	4 46	.003 1-10
Marshfield.....	300	7	188	-	495	-	367	13	12	45	18	455	40	-	-	175	-	7 31	.005 1-10
Meddybemps.....	125	-	208	50	383	11	306	30	5	-	12	364	19	-	-	40	-	2 65	.003 9-10
Milbridge.....	1,500	-	2,009	2	3,511	174	2,793	152	181	101	84	3,485	26	-	-	443	-	2 79	.003 3-10
Northfield.....	250	-	115	34	399	-	349	11	7	33	5	405	-	-	6	181	-	8 92	.005 4-10
Pembroke.....	1,500	149	1,932	20	3,601	-	3,169	331	127	2	-	3,629	-	-	28	591	-	3 11	.004 3-10
Perry.....	550	50	1,301	81	1,982	-	1,719	108	34	36	-	1,897	85	-	-	591	-	1 73	.002 7-10
Princeton.....	1,200	262	1,564	96	3,122	-	2,446	190	126	46	46	2,854	268	-	-	598	-	3 26	.003 8-10
Robbinston.....	700	13	884	101	1,698	-	1,543	89	40	-	-	1,672	26	-	-	236	-	2 97	.004 4-10
Roque Bluffs.....	200	19	143	-	362	-	224	17	7	104	-	352	10	-	-	108	-	6 66	.007 1-10
Steuben.....	1,100	2	843	57	2,002	-	1,777	93	39	129	-	2,038	-	-	36	604	-	4 75	.005 5-10
Talmadge.....	60	69	119	81	329	-	185	3	2	53	-	243	86	-	-	9	-	2 22	.000 7-10
Topsfield.....	400	-	376	120	896	-	802	36	24	20	-	882	14	-	-	245	-	4 58	.003 8-10
Trescott.....	425	10	741	-	1,176	-	1,062	79	30	-	-	1,171	5	-	-	170	-	2 41	.006 6-10
Vanceboro.....	700	534	819	65	2,118	-	1,332	139	151	-	-	1,622	496	-	-	397	-	3 19	.003 8-10
Waite.....	200	43	204	106	553	-	331	28	4	101	-	464	89	-	-	126	-	3 84	.005 2-10
Wesley.....	550	36	282	78	946	-	835	16	2	80	-	933	13	-	-	441	-	7 85	.010
Whiting.....	420	81	552	60	1,113	-	960	31	31	-	-	1,022	91	-	-	201	-	3 50	.004 1-10
Whitneyville.....	300	-	364	13	677	-	613	45	20	-	-	693	-	-	16	67	-	4 16	.005
PLANTATIONS.																			
Codyville.....	75	74	102	38	289	-	196	3	11	-	-	210	79	-	-	38	-	3 12	.000 9-10
Grand Lake Stream.....	300	439	531	-	1,270	-	788	35	-	-	-	823	447	-	-	178	-	2 34	.002 6-10
No. 14.....	125	60	119	207	511	-	292	18	4	94	23	431	80	-	-	83	-	4 16	.002
No. 21.....	75	21	221	-	317	-	290	10	17	-	-	317	-	-	-	28	-	1 80	.001 2-10
Total.....	\$40,149	\$5,303	\$50,532	\$3,107	\$108,091	\$185	\$84,881	\$7,962	\$5,471	\$3,394	\$684	\$102,577	\$6,936	\$1,422	\$15,621	-	\$2 74	.002 9-10	

APPENDIX.

YORK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.							BALANCE OR OVERDRAFT.		Not less than 55 cts. for each inhabitant.		Amount raised per scholar.	Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools.
	Amount raised by town.	Unexpended balance from 1909.	Amount payable by State.	Received from other sources.	Total school resources.	Overdraft from 1909.	Amount expended for teachers' wages and board.	Amount expended for fuel.	Amount expended for janitors' services.	Amount expended for conveyance.	Amount expended for tuition and board.	Total school expenditures.	Balance unexpended 1910.	Overdraft 1910.	Excess raised over amount required by law.	Less than amount required by law.		
Acton	\$900	\$678	\$630	\$31	\$2,234	-	\$1,415	\$43	\$47	\$40	\$39	\$1,587	\$647	-	\$472	-	\$5 45	.003 2-10
Alfred	1,500	669	757	46	2,972	-	1,907	239	225	638	-	3,009	-	\$37	985	-	7 42	.004 4-10
Berwick	2,800	419	2,333	12	5,564	-	3,859	498	374	549	112	5,392	172	-	1,546	-	5 34	.002 7-10
Biddeford	8,879	6,080	25,752	39	40,750	-	19,030	5,663	2,616	823	-	27,391	13,359	-	-	-	1 44	.001
Buxton	2,500	768	1,887	-	5,155	-	2,993	193	33	36	37	3,292	1,863	-	1,489	-	5 42	.001 9-10
Cornish	1,100	182	905	26	2,213	-	1,586	259	129	77	45	2,096	117	-	559	-	5 02	.002 9-10
Dayton	700	71	401	-	1,196	-	1,024	50	18	-	127	1,219	-	23	440	-	8 13	.003 1-10
Elliot	1,500	1,430	1,523	-	4,453	-	2,725	138	147	-	-	3,010	1,443	-	698	-	3 74	.002 7-10
Hollis	1,250	249	1,113	-	2,612	-	2,354	107	54	27	-	2,542	70	-	549	-	4 41	.001 9-10
Kennebunk	5,200	1,229	3,078	86	9,583	-	6,859	618	621	725	-	8,823	770	-	3,425	-	6 93	.002 1-10
Kennebunkport	3,200	-	2,468	-	5,668	-	4,960	784	398	455	-	6,597	-	929	2,032	-	6 49	.002
Kittery	3,700	1,162	2,980	-	7,792	-	4,105	767	569	712	-	6,213	1,579	-	2,120	-	5 18	.003 9-10
Lebanon	1,900	17	1,379	97	3,393	-	2,616	138	-	362	-	3,116	277	-	1,166	-	6 14	.004 2-10
Limerick	700	135	1,056	-	1,891	-	1,458	107	39	129	54	1,787	104	-	219	-	2 26	.001 5-10
Limington	1,000	273	1,015	-	2,293	-	1,715	102	-	137	-	1,954	339	-	449	-	3 96	.002 7-10
Lyman	1,000	399	573	-	1,972	-	1,308	67	4	529	25	1,833	139	-	622	-	6 94	.002 5-10
Newfield	700	-	475	-	1,175	\$27	844	73	24	188	35	1,191	-	16	328	-	5 34	.002 9-10
North Berwick	3,200	149	1,920	3	5,272	-	3,328	859	512	903	-	5,199	73	-	2,239	-	6 63	.004 1-10
Old Orchard	1,200	9	909	1	2,119	-	1,474	201	234	237	97	2,146	-	27	670	-	5 63	.001
Parsonsfield	1,500	251	843	120	2,714	-	1,795	90	58	502	-	2,445	-	27	878	-	6 69	.003 2-10
Saco	8,427	-	7,978	178	16,583	-	13,111	1,092	1,129	1,265	-	16,597	269	-	5,060	-	4 36	.001 9-10
Sanford	3,343	7,399	11,519	36	22,297	-	16,883	2,389	1,623	851	-	21,746	551	14	-	-	1 16	.000 8-10

Shapleigh	966	26	708	133	1,833	-	1,460	109	-	217	-	1,785	48	-	500	-	5 16	.003 9-10
South Berwick ..	2,000	1,786	3,823	120	7,729	-	5,419	334	253	475	-	6,481	1,248	-	247	-	2 10	.001 5-10
Waterboro.....	1,169	280	1,080	72	2,601	-	2,194	-	20	165	45	2,424	177	-	526	-	4 27	.002 6-10
Wells.....	3,000	1,197	2,738	-	6,935	-	5,476	406	99	173	-	6,154	781	-	1,896	-	4 51	.002 8-10
York.....	5,500	1,897	2,472	-	9,869	-	6,339	524	303	347	-	7,513	2,356	-	4,033	-	8 54	.002
Total	\$68,834	\$26,755	\$32,265	\$1,024	\$178,878	\$27	\$118,197	\$15,952	\$9,529	\$9,821	\$616	\$153,542	\$26,382	\$1,046	\$33,148	-	\$3 50	.001 8-10

SUMMARY.

COUNTIES.																			
Androscoggin...	\$55,869	\$4,351	\$75,729	\$3,159	\$139,103	\$43	\$102,890	\$9,425	\$3,358	\$5,454	\$893	\$127,063	\$12,137	\$92	\$26,036	-	\$2 97	.001 7-10	
Aroostook	82,392	22,285	104,181	9,313	218,171	755	155,733	16,369	10,738	9,804	1,363	194,762	24,655	1,246	52,283	-	3 16	.003 6-10	
Cumberland	189,851	9,860	122,210	2,264	324,185	305	255,575	23,030	29,969	8,277	1,004	318,210	12,710	6,735	134,471	-	6 29	.002 1-10	
Franklin	25,807	3,563	21,692	2,935	53,992	630	39,253	3,443	2,386	3,879	1,073	50,634	4,143	835	15,946	-	4 99	.002 4-10	
Hancock	53,137	9,083	42,470	1,712	106,402	251	77,327	8,833	4,606	3,520	1,037	95,574	11,567	739	31,452	-	5 19	.002 7-10	
Kennebec	86,805	5,532	66,829	1,203	160,419	771	117,578	11,990	9,140	13,497	539	153,565	9,019	1,165	54,777	-	5 24	.002 5-10	
Knox	35,065	9,903	31,309	753	77,035	316	51,721	5,843	5,107	3,423	147	66,557	10,729	251	18,321	-	4 75	.002 2-10	
Lincoln	22,795	6,333	20,239	222	49,619	432	34,939	3,059	1,214	3,364	415	43,393	6,375	119	11,977	-	4 67	.002 8-10	
Oxford	53,251	13,831	40,371	2,635	110,039	10	74,275	7,014	5,114	10,978	1,340	93,731	11,804	446	35,769	-	5 92	.003 1-10	
Penobscot	120,093	6,753	97,272	5,584	229,702	637	166,425	25,346	15,849	13,157	1,453	222,467	9,221	2,386	75,760	\$7	5 00	.002 7-10	
Piscataquis.....	29,005	4,768	21,695	1,979	57,447	335	39,079	3,571	3,445	4,448	347	51,225	6,409	187	19,980	-	5 59	.003 6-10	
Sagadahoc	26,725	3,599	23,953	149	54,431	-	39,860	3,969	3,661	1,848	-	49,338	5,093	-	15,544	-	4 88	.002 2-10	
Somerset	47,991	6,902	40,904	2,943	93,745	-	67,782	6,855	5,429	12,477	936	93,479	6,774	1,508	29,569	-	4 87	.002 8-10	
Waldo	24,914	3,759	25,543	737	54,953	863	40,475	3,184	1,646	7,454	416	54,038	2,122	1,207	11,604	-	4 03	.002 3-10	
Washington.....	40,149	5,303	59,532	3,107	103,091	185	84,881	7,962	5,471	3,394	634	102,577	6,936	1,422	15,621	-	2 74	.002 9-10	
York.....	63,834	26,755	82,265	1,024	178,873	27	118,197	15,352	9,529	9,821	616	153,542	26,382	1,046	33,148	-	3 50	.001 9-10	
Total	\$962,683	\$142,640	\$376,249	\$39,725	\$2,021,297	\$5,530	\$1,465,960	\$155,295	\$121,668	\$114,795	\$12,307	\$1,875,605	\$165,076	\$19,384	\$582,258	\$7	\$4 51	.002 4-10	

APPENDIX.

TABLE No. V.
COMMON SCHOOL STATISTICS.
Showing General School Appropriations and Expenditures for Year Ending April 1, 1910.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.						APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.				
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Auburn.....	\$36,548	-	-	\$1,500	\$38,048	\$33,960	\$1,900	\$1,825	-	\$2,550	\$40,235	\$7,875	-	\$1,500	\$2,000	\$11,375
Durham.....	3,664	\$100	-	200	3,964	3,648	110	258	-	218	4,234	800	\$300	-	200	1,300
East Livermore..	7,763	545	-	500	8,808	7,588	281	551	-	763	9,183	2,000	700	-	500	3,300
Greene.....	1,757	100	-	50	1,907	1,611	50	113	-	96	1,870	500	100	-	-	600
Leeds.....	2,260	150	-	150	2,560	2,159	89	141	-	129	2,518	645	150	-	150	945
Lewiston.....	50,682	-	-	2,630	53,312	45,135	1,700	1,602	-	2,628	51,065	4,700	-	-	2,000	6,700
Lisbon.....	11,122	800	-	2,087	14,009	11,125	400	763	-	2,090	14,378	1,000	1,000	-	2,000	4,000
Livermore.....	3,535	200	-	400	4,135	2,447	100	141	-	432	3,120	700	200	-	200	1,100
Mechanic Falls..	3,983	150	-	645	4,778	3,374	100	288	-	682	4,444	500	300	-	910	1,710
Minot.....	2,496	125	-	200	2,821	2,585	85	122	-	185	2,977	700	100	-	200	1,000
Poland.....	4,987	300	-	500	5,787	4,974	196	227	-	413	5,810	2,250	400	-	500	3,150
Turner.....	4,409	250	-	300	4,959	4,275	266	247	-	434	5,222	2,000	250	-	500	2,750
Wales.....	1,461	75	-	50	1,586	1,307	40	68	-	28	1,443	400	75	-	65	540
Webster.....	4,441	250	-	350	5,041	2,875	100	202	-	376	3,553	1,300	250	-	350	1,900
Total.....	\$139,108	\$3,045	-	\$9,562	\$151,715	\$127,063	\$5,417	\$6,548	-	\$11,024	\$150,052	\$25,370	\$3,825	\$1,500	\$9,575	\$40,270

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

Amity.....	\$1,678	\$75	-	\$40	\$1,793	\$1,164	\$40	\$130	-	\$46	\$1,380	\$100	\$100	-	\$50	\$250
Ashland.....	6,466	300	-	750	7,516	5,976	225	294	-	1,014	7,509	2,500	275	\$600	1,100	4,475
Bancroft.....	1,418	50	-	100	1,568	1,122	25	86	-	18	1,251	175	75	-	-	250
Benedicta.....	914	125	-	150	1,189	885	53	127	-	90	1,155	307	50	-	150	507
Blaine.....	2,836	300	\$25	600	3,761	3,205	115	375	\$25	377	4,097	1,050	300	-	500	1,850
Bridgewater.....	4,975	300	-	250	5,525	3,477	135	258	-	85	3,955	1,600	300	-	100	2,000
Caribou.....	14,953	950	11,000	1,000	27,905	14,868	440	946	29,245	1,000	46,499	6,000	1,000	3,384	1,700	12,084
Castle Hill.....	1,887	84	-	113	2,084	1,393	60	116	-	55	1,624	500	100	-	50	650
Crystal.....	1,779	100	-	125	2,004	1,524	67	100	-	-	1,691	500	-	-	50	550
Dyer Brook.....	1,405	25	-	200	1,630	1,197	50	84	-	23	1,354	800	50	-	50	900
Easton.....	7,181	500	-	1,405	9,086	6,566	300	363	-	1,816	9,045	2,500	500	-	1,045	4,045
Fort Fairfield.....	20,925	1,200	511	3,354	25,991	18,388	700	1,009	511	3,342	23,950	12,000	1,000	-	3,300	16,300
Fort Kent.....	6,633	1,000	500	1,000	9,193	6,599	150	1,440	600	1,448	10,237	400	1,000	500	1,000	2,900
Frenchville.....	3,038	250	-	-	3,258	2,865	100	203	-	15	3,183	375	250	-	-	625
Grand Isle.....	3,094	200	260	200	3,754	2,497	100	235	-	181	3,013	250	200	400	200	1,050
Haynesville.....	845	40	-	48	933	898	15	26	-	29	968	300	50	-	50	400
Hersey.....	877	40	-	60	977	759	-	21	-	133	913	150	-	-	150	300
Hodgdon.....	3,468	175	-	400	4,043	3,340	125	236	-	494	4,195	1,200	200	-	400	1,800
Houlton.....	16,979	1,000	-	2,300	20,279	14,925	575	996	-	3,075	19,571	4,000	1,000	1,846	2,600	9,446
Island Falls.....	3,859	450	-	350	4,659	3,937	107	294	-	514	4,852	1,200	350	-	950	2,500
Limestone.....	5,183	200	-	800	6,183	4,282	200	218	-	824	5,524	1,800	200	2,000	1,000	5,000
Linneus.....	2,748	177	-	233	3,158	2,742	100	274	-	75	3,191	1,200	100	-	370	1,670
Littleton.....	3,017	100	-	300	3,417	2,933	150	89	-	316	3,488	1,100	150	-	350	1,600
Littleton.....	1,292	40	-	50	1,382	1,248	45	31	-	37	1,361	700	75	-	25	800
Madawaska.....	3,616	-	400	-	4,016	3,686	100	242	440	92	4,560	325	200	550	500	1,575
Mapleton.....	3,210	250	-	500	3,960	2,299	62	236	-	442	3,039	1,000	250	1,000	300	2,550
Mars Hill.....	4,148	500	-	300	4,948	4,497	150	679	-	437	5,763	2,000	650	-	1,000	3,650
Masardis.....	2,024	100	-	150	2,274	1,549	50	119	-	88	1,806	700	125	-	-	825
Monticello.....	3,261	200	-	250	3,711	2,903	100	280	-	233	3,516	400	250	-	300	950
New Limerick.....	1,645	75	-	300	2,020	1,544	85	34	-	286	1,949	800	150	-	200	1,150
New Sweden.....	2,512	150	500	25	3,187	2,268	50	164	816	8	3,306	400	200	-	200	800
Oakfield.....	2,725	100	-	100	2,925	2,069	80	106	-	27	2,282	700	200	-	-	900
Orient.....	775	24	-	60	859	751	25	13	-	104	893	200	20	-	-	280
Perham.....	2,230	100	-	-	2,330	2,177	60	95	-	365	2,697	400	75	-	-	775
Portage.....	1,741	50	-	-	1,791	1,452	35	74	-	-	1,561	300	75	-	-	375
Presque Isle.....	16,154	1,000	2,200	3,400	22,754	14,894	612	832	2,200	5,059	23,597	5,000	1,200	30,000	3,000	39,200
Sherman.....	2,621	200	-	250	3,071	2,575	106	160	-	189	3,030	400	250	-	250	900
Smyrna.....	1,524	-	500	-	2,024	1,234	45	123	-	105	1,507	300	150	-	150	600
St. Agatha.....	3,467	250	-	50	3,767	3,197	100	231	-	25	3,553	375	250	-	50	675

AROOSTOOK COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.					APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.					
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Van Buren.....	\$6,716	\$250	-	\$200	\$7,166	\$5,855	\$60	\$269	-	\$102	\$6,286	\$1,000	\$200	-	\$200	\$1,400
Washburn.....	3,554	300	-	100	3,454	3,322	156	386	9,208	275	13,347	1,500	250	1,000	9,750	
Westfield.....	1,785	100	\$4,500	205	4,440	911	50	161	2,665	2	3,789	-	300	300	600	
Weston.....	1,076	100	-	40	1,216	1,051	30	88	-	20	1,189	500	60	-	560	
Woodland.....	4,524	150	-	100	4,774	3,614	130	216	-	35	3,995	1,200	150	25	1,375	
PLANTATIONS.																
Allagash.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cary.....	859	30	-	75	964	891	20	40	-	82	973	320	30	-	370	
Caswell.....	1,596	-	-	263	1,859	1,156	40	51	-	57	1,304	284	-	-	294	
Chapman.....	974	50	-	200	1,224	898	44	60	-	30	1,052	400	75	3	478	
Connor.....	1,453	60	-	100	1,613	1,449	75	51	-	48	1,623	350	75	-	425	
Cyr.....	2,563	40	-	-	2,603	1,503	30	91	-	60	1,684	200	80	-	472	
E.....	1,019	76	-	-	1,095	468	5	26	-	-	499	150	50	150	200	
Eagle Lake.....	2,552	100	-	200	2,852	2,541	60	245	-	222	3,068	200	200	-	700	
Garfield.....	491	25	-	-	516	442	10	5	-	-	457	50	20	-	270	
Glenwood.....	392	25	30	50	497	415	19	30	-	-	464	140	50	30	245	
Hamlin.....	1,538	60	-	75	1,673	1,334	26	72	-	97	1,529	300	80	-	365	
Hammond.....	617	10	-	20	647	438	12	38	-	10	498	-	10	20	30	
Macwahoc.....	568	25	122	-	715	467	13	16	118	-	614	50	31	-	81	
Merrill.....	1,343	75	400	-	1,818	918	37	85	3,021	72	4,133	300	75	660	1,035	
Moro.....	723	-	-	-	723	991	25	45	-	-	1,061	450	75	-	525	
Nashville.....	709	10	-	-	719	653	5	13	-	7	678	100	10	-	115	

New Canada	1,806	75	100	-	1,981	1,309	20	74	11	-	1,414	100	100	-	-	200
Oxbow	814	25	-	75	914	791	-	48	-	62	901	175	30	-	-	205
Reed	1,662	75	-	-	1,737	1,502	38	45	-	-	1,585	300	-	400	100	800
Silver Ridge	433	75	-	-	508	469	10	60	-	-	589	70	-	-	-	70
St. Francis	1,621	150	-	-	1,771	1,546	50	126	-	-	1,722	200	125	-	150	475
St. John	1,048	75	-	-	1,123	977	25	77	-	-	1,079	275	75	-	-	350
Stockholm	2,725	125	-	50	2,900	1,393	50	102	-	26	1,571	562	125	-	75	762
Wade	957	75	-	150	1,082	822	60	46	-	358	1,286	100	50	300	175	625
Wallgrass	1,797	80	-	80	1,957	1,767	37	109	-	159	2,072	100	150	-	150	400
Westmanland	385	20	-	58	463	339	6	20	-	58	423	95	15	-	3	113
Winterville	835	50	300	-	1,185	705	6	-	330	-	1,041	300	50	-	150	500
Total	\$218,171	\$12,991	\$23,698	\$21,254	\$276,114	\$194,762	\$6,686	\$14,034	\$49,190	\$24,249	\$288,921	\$63,788	\$13,911	\$48,820	\$24,398	\$150,917

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Baldwin	\$1,979	\$100	-	\$200	\$2,279	\$1,868	\$50	\$119	-	\$99	\$2,136	\$700	-	-	\$50	\$750
Bridgton	10,366	600	-	700	11,666	7,506	400	314	-	788	9,008	3,000	\$600	-	1,999	5,599
Brunswick	14,926	1,200	-	1,000	17,126	13,412	500	1,315	-	2,260	17,487	-	1,000	-	500	1,500
Cape Elizabeth	2,392	25	-	250	2,667	2,523	100	36	-	162	2,821	500	25	-	200	725
Casco	1,782	125	-	100	2,007	1,704	75	78	-	40	1,897	600	125	-	100	825
Cumberland	3,455	325	\$1,600	150	5,590	3,086	150	321	\$1,727	416	5,700	-	450	-	150	600
Falmouth	4,772	250	-	300	5,322	4,302	150	289	-	373	6,114	-	250	-	500	750
Freeport	6,657	650	-	300	7,607	6,530	254	421	-	302	7,507	2,950	600	-	4,000	4,550
Gorham	7,170	500	-	1,250	8,920	7,161	400	342	-	1,281	9,194	2,300	500	\$500	1,250	4,500
Gray	2,506	200	-	-	2,706	2,622	112	184	-	106	3,027	750	200	-	50	1,000
Harpwell	4,753	300	-	500	5,553	4,735	236	271	-	383	6,625	1,800	500	1,700	601	4,601
Harrison	3,102	300	-	175	3,577	2,382	80	241	-	246	2,949	1,200	300	-	450	1,950
Naples	1,733	75	-	100	1,908	1,777	75	83	-	139	2,074	650	100	-	150	900
New Gloucester	4,788	350	-	50	5,188	3,040	125	363	-	162	3,680	-	300	-	300	600
North Yarmouth	2,004	50	1,000	25	3,079	1,932	100	89	1,527	64	3,712	300	75	-	75	450
Otisfield	2,197	75	-	200	2,472	1,783	67	45	-	240	2,135	500	50	-	150	700
Portland	184,131	5,554	57,490	34,669	281,844	184,131	2,645	5,554	46,893	34,669	273,892	192,678	7,000	-	10,700	210,378
Pownal	2,170	100	270	275	2,815	2,115	66	137	274	262	2,854	1,000	100	260	200	1,560
Raymond	2,486	136	-	100	2,722	2,046	65	170	-	188	2,469	500	-	-	175	675

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.						APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.				
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Scarboro.....	\$4,607	\$200	-	\$400	\$5,207	\$4,323	\$50	\$259	-	\$382	\$5,014	\$1,000	\$400	-	\$400	\$1,800
Sebago.....	1,326	40	-	100	1,466	1,313	76	95	-	95	1,579	500	80	-	100	680
South Portland..	17,368	500	\$50,000	2,900	70,768	22,967	1,000	726	\$37,790	4,462	66,945	5,500	800	-	2,600	8,900
Standish.....	6,173	250	2,000	300	8,723	4,658	175	297	1,865	304	7,299	1,200	300	\$1,000	600	3,100
Westbrook.....	20,040	1,000	-	2,500	23,540	19,037	800	993	-	2,470	23,300	-	1,000	-	2,500	3,500
Windham.....	5,272	350	-	200	5,822	6,117	163	309	-	493	7,082	1,800	350	2,000	300	4,450
Yarmouth.....	6,030	300	-	800	7,730	5,150	150	391	-	944	6,635	-	300	-	1,300	1,600
Total.....	\$324,185	\$13,555	\$112,360	\$47,544	\$497,644	\$318,210	\$8,064	\$13,442	\$90,076	\$51,343	\$481,135	\$219,428	\$15,405	\$5,460	\$25,850	\$266,143

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Avon	\$847	\$50	-	\$25	\$922	\$843	\$40	\$34	-	\$15	\$932	\$425	\$50	-	\$30	\$505
Carthage.....	1,232	50	-	100	1,382	762	51	61	-	62	936	56	50	-	-	106
Chesterville.....	2,142	-	-	-	2,142	2,608	76	130	-	103	2,917	1,200	-	-	-	1,200
Eustis.....	1,753	50	77	150	2,030	1,520	100	129	-	250	1,999	700	130	40	350	1,220
Farmington.....	8,082	500	-	1,181	9,763	8,082	350	688	-	1,200	10,320	1,000	700	-	1,000	2,700
Freeman.....	741	29	-	185	955	707	32	7	-	188	934	400	-	-	175	575
Industry.....	1,408	100	-	25	1,533	1,393	38	100	-	16	1,547	800	50	-	50	900
Jay.....	8,023	600	-	800	9,423	8,213	319	473	-	463	9,468	2,500	600	1,000	800	4,900
Kingfield.....	2,215	150	-	665	3,030	2,270	116	149	-	886	3,421	555	150	-	404	1,109
Madrid.....	1,019	35	-	50	1,104	898	32	2	-	49	981	400	50	-	50	500
New Sharon.....	2,198	200	700	150	3,248	2,191	104	302	599	505	3,701	800	300	-	200	1,300
New Vineyard.....	1,399	75	600	150	2,224	1,523	75	119	-	95	1,812	950	75	-	125	1,150
Phillips.....	4,120	250	-	650	5,020	3,843	200	271	-	584	4,898	1,200	250	-	850	2,300
Rangeley.....	3,085	50	5,000	250	8,385	3,082	115	57	4,684	678	8,616	1,200	350	557	795	2,902
Salem.....	510	35	-	-	545	442	6	45	-	14	507	100	35	-	-	135
Strong.....	1,871	150	-	150	2,171	1,664	75	128	-	87	1,954	500	150	-	150	800
Temple.....	765	50	-	-	815	759	32	52	-	22	865	361	50	-	-	411
Weld.....	1,748	100	-	125	1,973	1,711	81	113	-	135	2,040	700	100	-	125	925
Wilton.....	5,526	1,000	-	-	6,526	5,521	350	255	-	656	6,782	1,500	-	-	600	2,100
PLANTATIONS.																
Coplin.....	534	10	-	-	544	382	2	1	-	-	385	55	15	-	-	70
Dallas.....	604	40	-	100	744	499	25	55	-	155	734	50	75	-	75	200
Lang.....	647	15	-	20	682	509	10	-	-	30	549	75	15	-	-	90
Rangeley.....	2,311	15	-	-	2,326	703	35	15	-	300	1,053	58	15	-	-	73
Sandy River.....	1,212	-	-	100	1,312	559	10	11	-	1	581	-	10	-	10	20
Total.....	\$53,992	\$3,554	\$6,377	\$4,876	\$68,799	\$50,684	\$2,274	\$3,197	\$5,283	\$6,494	\$67,932	\$15,585	\$3,220	\$1,597	\$5,789	\$26,191

APPENDIX.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.					APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.					
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Amherst.....	\$803	\$50	-	-	\$853	\$740	\$24	\$48	-	\$9	\$821	\$291	\$30	-	-	\$321
Aurora.....	576	25	-	-	601	352	10	17	-	30	409	25	-	-	\$25	50
Bluehill.....	4,677	400	-	\$500	5,577	4,420	250	405	-	576	5,651	1,500	400	-	400	2,300
Brooklin.....	2,001	175	-	135	2,311	1,864	125	171	-	109	2,269	500	175	75	750	750
Brooksville.....	2,390	100	-	250	2,740	2,386	75	100	-	116	2,677	500	100	\$1,500	200	2,300
Bucksport.....	5,749	350	-	700	6,799	5,470	300	344	-	831	6,945	1,600	400	-	800	2,800
Castine.....	2,782	100	-	600	3,482	2,501	80	136	-	640	3,357	600	150	-	150	900
Cranberry Isles.....	1,788	75	-	165	2,028	1,331	60	73	-	176	1,640	800	50	-	120	970
Dedham.....	883	25	-	100	1,008	900	48	35	-	161	1,144	400	40	-	100	540
Deer Isle.....	5,250	500	-	800	6,550	5,608	240	523	-	882	7,253	2,400	450	-	500	3,350
Eastbrook.....	681	50	-	20	751	760	32	53	-	13	858	300	25	-	25	350
Eden.....	18,691	2,400	\$30,000	2,500	53,591	15,388	1,450	2,567	\$31,546	2,450	53,401	3,550	2,200	-	3,500	9,250
Ellsworth.....	8,369	600	-	500	9,469	7,509	500	707	-	495	9,211	1,000	400	-	400	1,800
Franklin.....	2,359	150	800	150	3,969	2,916	90	140	3,050	186	6,382	704	300	-	150	1,154
Gouldsboro.....	3,397	150	-	300	3,847	3,503	94	6	-	299	3,902	1,200	150	-	300	1,650
Hancock.....	1,849	75	-	250	2,174	1,821	68	101	-	316	2,306	500	250	-	300	1,050
Isle au Haut.....	1,046	50	-	100	1,196	905	75	14	-	83	1,077	600	25	500	75	1,200
Lamoine.....	1,269	97	-	193	1,559	1,194	50	123	-	177	1,549	450	100	-	150	700
Mariaville.....	566	25	-	50	641	350	15	11	-	12	388	100	10	-	110	110
Mt. Desert.....	7,146	300	-	750	8,196	6,063	325	358	-	619	7,365	2,400	400	4,000	750	7,550
Orland.....	2,687	75	-	200	2,962	2,713	140	282	-	180	3,315	800	200	-	500	1,500
Otis.....	677	-	-	-	677	397	5	14	-	-	416	200	15	-	10	225
Penobscot.....	2,653	150	-	300	3,103	2,408	115	145	-	380	3,048	600	200	-	275	1,075
Sedgwick.....	3,146	150	-	300	3,596	2,664	125	135	-	301	3,225	1,600	180	-	300	2,080
Sorrento.....	558	25	-	50	633	570	25	20	-	81	696	250	25	-	75	350

Southwest Har...	2,522	150	-	160	2,882	2,291	80	90	-	151	2,612	684	150	-	220	1,054
Stonington.....	5,422	400	-	575	6,397	5,177	160	343	-	685	6,365	1,700	600	-	400	2,700
Sullivan.....	3,059	300	-	200	3,559	2,927	87	421	3,950	206	7,591	1,000	350	1,150	250	2,750
Surry.....	1,704	100	-	100	1,904	1,766	98	91	-	121	2,076	596	100	-	100	796
Swan's Island....	2,011	69	-	177	2,257	1,829	75	48	-	133	2,085	700	50	-	400	1,150
Tremont.....	3,042	200	-	150	3,392	2,577	175	255	-	132	3,139	800	200	-	200	1,200
Trenton.....	1,299	50	-	100	1,449	1,197	42	58	-	110	1,407	400	50	-	50	500
Verona.....	541	-	-	100	641	536	12	34	-	76	658	140	25	-	165	165
Waltham.....	516	25	-	125	666	410	11	-	-	124	545	154	-	-	25	179
Winter Harbor..	1,276	100	6,000	128	7,504	1,216	50	174	6,885	110	7,935	500	200	-	125	825
PLANTATIONS.																
Long Island.....	1,898	10	142	-	2,050	371	12	23	270	69	745	200	10	136	-	346
No. 8.....	215	-	-	-	215	163	10	10	-	-	183	150	-	-	-	150
Moose Hill former No. 21.....	174	5	-	25	204	196	5	1	-	22	224	150	5	-	-	155
Great Pond, former No. 33.....	230	5	-	10	245	185	5	6	-	8	204	50	5	-	-	55
Total.....	\$106,402	\$7,511	\$36,942	\$10,763	\$161,618	\$95,574	\$5,143	\$8,087	\$45,201	\$11,069	\$165,074	\$30,094	\$8,020	\$7,286	\$10,950	\$56,350

APPENDIX.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Albion.....	\$2,654	\$200	-	\$55	\$2,909	\$2,174	\$108	\$200	-	\$67	\$2,549	\$1,000	\$250	-	\$150	\$1,400
Augusta.....	33,692	2,700	-	3,325	39,717	33,692	2,000	2,910	-	3,630	42,232	17,954	2,000	-	1,050	21,004
Belgrade.....	2,797	100	-	250	3,147	2,515	110	125	-	249	2,999	700	100	-	100	900
Benton.....	2,916	125	-	200	3,241	1,884	133	90	-	243	2,350	700	150	-	300	1,150
Chelsea.....	2,798	150	-	300	3,248	2,759	57	152	-	312	3,280	900	300	-	300	1,500
China.....	3,342	175	-	225	3,742	3,624	111	200	-	154	4,089	1,300	150	-	180	1,630
Clinton.....	3,202	300	-	250	3,752	2,985	125	315	-	145	3,570	1,500	200	-	200	1,900
Farmingdale.....	2,382	150	-	200	2,732	2,319	100	153	-	318	2,890	600	150	-	275	1,025
Fayette.....	1,527	75	-	60	1,662	1,495	70	87	-	58	1,710	900	100	-	150	1,150
Gardiner.....	15,138	700	-	1,075	16,913	14,343	400	620	-	2,812	18,175	3,000	700	-	2,650	6,350
Hallowell.....	6,385	400	-	400	7,185	5,753	250	550	-	600	7,153	150	500	-	600	1,250
Litchfield.....	1,936	90	-	250	2,276	1,934	93	83	-	236	2,346	1,000	90	-	150	1,240
Manchester.....	1,735	72	-	174	1,981	1,735	64	32	-	215	2,046	800	75	-	50	925

KENNEBEC COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.						APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.				
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Monmouth	\$2,828	\$200	-	\$450	\$3,478	\$2,825	\$100	\$208	-	\$395	\$3,523	\$1,000	\$200	-	\$450	\$1,650
Mt. Vernon	2,012	150	-	255	2,417	2,063	85	59	-	126	2,333	750	200	-	950	950
Oakland	5,972	300	-	750	7,022	6,383	300	253	-	857	7,693	3,300	250	-	700	4,250
Pittston	2,251	100	-	-	2,351	2,251	100	100	-	-	2,451	1,250	50	-	125	1,425
Randolph	2,318	100	\$500	-	2,993	2,655	50	121	-	273	6,416	900	125	-	75	1,100
Readfield	2,799	250	-	200	3,249	2,352	90	257	-	215	2,914	800	300	-	250	1,350
Rome	1,019	40	-	-	1,059	913	40	89	-	-	1,042	500	50	-	-	550
Sidney	2,775	150	-	200	3,125	2,663	125	182	-	190	3,140	1,200	160	\$300	-	1,680
Vassalboro	6,331	400	-	500	7,231	5,576	222	365	-	445	6,608	2,000	400	-	500	2,900
Vienna	951	25	-	75	1,051	911	30	25	-	66	1,092	200	75	-	50	325
Waterville	32,085	-	-	-	32,085	31,529	1,603	1,119	-	3,998	38,252	12,500	-	-	-	12,500
Wayne	1,590	50	-	150	1,790	1,344	60	42	-	140	1,586	500	75	-	375	950
West Gardiner	1,826	75	900	25	2,826	1,779	60	40	894	93	2,866	1,100	100	-	75	1,275
Windsor	2,291	-	-	50	2,341	2,312	65	93	-	70	2,540	1,000	50	-	50	1,100
Winslow	7,829	400	4,000	1,600	13,829	5,698	267	471	4,535	1,383	12,354	-	500	800	2,000	3,300
Winthrop	4,868	400	-	600	5,868	4,931	250	418	-	505	6,104	1,000	400	5,000	900	7,900
Unity Pl.	170	-	-	-	170	168	-	12	-	-	180	85	10	-	-	95
Total	\$160,419	\$7,877	\$5,400	\$11,694	\$185,390	\$153,565	\$6,971	\$9,346	\$8,746	\$17,795	\$196,423	\$58,589	\$7,710	\$6,100	\$11,705	\$84,104

KNOX COUNTY.

Appleton	\$2,345	\$125	-	\$150	\$2,620	\$2,233	577	\$124	-	\$136	\$2,570	\$750	\$150	-	\$100	\$1,000
Camden	8,219	938	-	917	10,074	7,421	250	977	-	2,313	10,961	2,500	1,500	-	1,200	5,200
Cushing	1,304	85	\$115	100	1,604	1,170	60	70	\$115	98	1,513	500	70	\$110	100	780
Friendship	1,600	100	-	150	1,850	1,555	75	103	-	148	1,881	800	150	-	150	1,100
Hope	1,169	-	-	50	1,219	1,072	30	18	-	115	1,235	500	-	-	40	540
Hurricane Isle...	969	50	-	150	1,169	970	7	50	-	150	1,245	775	200	-	150	1,125
North Haven.....	1,347	-	-	208	1,555	1,140	60	75	-	298	1,573	-	50	-	200	250
Rockland	20,827	1,000	-	3,440	25,267	17,620	1,000	888	-	-	19,508	22,000	1,000	-	-	23,000
Rockport	6,239	500	-	500	7,239	4,615	300	521	-	898	5,834	1,852	500	-	500	2,852
South Thomaston	3,764	250	-	200	4,214	3,208	100	287	-	292	3,887	1,100	300	-	500	1,900
St. George	6,106	200	-	100	6,406	4,552	135	33	-	205	4,925	750	225	-	300	1,275
Thomaston.....	5,438	455	-	1,661	7,554	5,096	250	463	-	2,048	7,857	-	-	-	-	-
Union	2,688	150	-	300	3,138	2,934	150	137	-	199	3,420	800	300	-	450	1,550
Vinalhaven.....	6,779	600	-	500	7,879	6,250	250	601	-	938	8,039	2,000	600	-	500	3,100
Warren.....	5,239	317	-	454	6,060	3,979	200	307	-	486	4,972	1,000	300	-	400	1,700
Washington.....	1,943	88	-	200	2,231	1,947	52	77	-	205	2,281	304	25	-	40	369
Crlehaven Pl.	231	5	-	10	246	209	-	12	-	11	232	170	5	-	-	175
Matineus Isle Pl	513	35	-	75	623	426	10	13	-	41	490	150	20	-	25	195
Muscle Ridge Pl.	265	-	-	-	265	160	-	-	-	-	160	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	\$77,035	\$4,898	\$115	\$9,165	\$91,213	\$66,557	\$3,074	\$4,756	\$115	\$8,081	\$82,583	\$35,951	\$5,395	\$110	\$4,655	\$46,111

APPENDIX.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.					APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.					
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Alna	\$1,368	\$50	-	\$50	\$1,468	\$1,275	\$45	\$78	-	\$58	\$1,456	\$600	\$50	-	\$50	\$700
Boothbay	5,036	250	-	550	5,836	3,824	200	276	-	615	4,915	600	500	-	650	1,750
Boothbay Harbor	7,443	400	-	950	8,793	5,271	200	365	-	883	6,719	1,200	350	-	800	2,350
Bremen	1,522	40	-	125	1,687	1,501	40	49	-	139	1,729	200	25	-	70	295
Bristol	6,925	600	-	750	8,275	6,458	200	647	-	782	8,087	2,100	400	\$4,000	400	6,900
Damariscotta	1,728	100	-	150	1,978	1,452	40	62	-	207	1,761	400	50	-	50	500
Dresden	1,963	75	-	150	2,188	1,580	55	90	-	224	1,949	200	125	-	300	625
Edgecomb	1,324	60	-	155	1,539	1,262	60	73	-	100	1,495	500	70	-	100	670
Jefferson	2,793	100	-	375	3,268	2,659	100	105	-	373	3,237	1,000	100	-	350	1,450
Newcastle	2,996	150	-	300	3,446	2,832	100	180	-	203	3,265	1,000	150	-	1,150	1,150
Nobleboro	2,043	79	-	296	2,418	1,862	75	-	-	163	2,100	900	75	-	150	1,125
Somerville	778	-	-	-	778	784	28	15	-	9	836	250	-	-	100	350
Southport	938	175	-	100	1,213	1,051	75	236	-	86	1,448	175	100	-	125	400
Waldoboro	6,195	350	-	250	6,795	5,524	311	262	-	145	6,242	2,300	250	-	150	2,700
Westport	700	20	-	75	795	659	20	16	-	46	741	100	20	-	265	385
Whitefield	2,480	50	-	75	2,605	2,143	75	109	-	53	2,380	600	75	-	175	850
Wiscasset	3,043	125	\$1,500	100	4,768	2,933	90	287	\$7,059	233	10,602	1,300	200	500	200	2,200
Monhegan Pl.	374	15	-	25	414	323	3	9	-	-	335	150	15	-	25	190
Total	\$49,649	\$2,639	\$1,500	\$4,476	\$58,264	\$43,393	\$1,717	\$2,809	\$7,059	\$4,319	\$59,297	\$13,575	\$2,555	\$4,500	\$3,960	\$24,590

OXFORD COUNTY.

Albany.....	\$1,193	\$50	-	\$70	\$1,313	\$1,383	\$60	\$44	-	\$54	\$1,541	\$600	\$65	-	\$200	\$865
Andover.....	2,070	175	-	350	2,595	2,057	60	177	-	188	2,482	600	125	-	225	950
Bethel.....	4,101	200	-	250	4,551	4,310	125	473	-	304	5,212	1,000	350	-	200	1,550
Brownfield.....	2,916	150	-	225	3,291	2,604	90	261	-	206	3,161	1,230	250	-	255	1,735
Buckfield.....	2,496	200	-	225	2,921	2,292	150	286	-	205	2,883	600	350	-	300	1,250
Byron.....	754	25	-	-	779	590	30	13	-	-	633	165	15	-	-	180
Canton.....	3,496	200	\$400	350	4,446	2,951	133	300	\$416	409	4,209	1,200	250	-	375	1,825
Denmark.....	1,861	75	-	-	1,986	1,720	75	117	-	190	2,102	800	100	-	200	1,100
Dixfield.....	2,564	200	10,000	400	13,164	2,532	150	143	11,378	429	14,632	400	429	\$2,000	300	3,129
Fryeburg.....	4,491	200	-	430	5,121	4,461	150	118	-	377	5,106	2,400	200	-	350	2,950
Gilead.....	434	18	-	-	452	409	20	18	-	-	447	130	15	-	-	145
Grafton.....	402	30	-	-	432	347	-	10	-	-	357	125	30	-	75	230
Greenwood.....	2,215	150	-	200	2,565	2,249	72	126	-	201	2,648	1,200	150	500	200	2,050
Hanover.....	484	25	-	-	509	483	7	16	-	-	506	250	25	-	25	300
Hartford.....	1,883	112	-	75	2,070	1,715	125	81	-	94	2,015	600	50	-	125	775
Hebron.....	1,868	80	-	75	2,023	1,711	50	64	-	83	1,908	800	80	100	50	1,030
Hiram.....	2,259	100	-	200	2,559	2,079	80	110	-	197	2,466	800	100	-	200	1,100
Lovell.....	1,804	100	-	50	1,954	1,699	50	55	-	37	1,841	600	100	-	100	800
Mason.....	252	10	-	-	262	215	4	10	-	11	240	50	10	-	60	60
Mexico.....	8,126	500	-	710	9,336	7,879	250	484	-	590	9,203	4,000	600	-	1,800	6,400
Newry.....	1,192	50	-	100	1,342	1,055	31	42	-	155	1,283	500	50	-	50	550
Norway.....	8,562	500	-	1,525	10,587	6,622	300	519	-	1,618	9,059	2,000	700	-	1,498	4,198
Oxford.....	3,316	250	-	300	3,866	2,772	142	184	-	280	3,378	1,200	175	-	700	2,075
Paris.....	10,405	500	-	1,129	12,034	8,973	300	648	-	1,050	10,971	3,500	500	2,500	850	7,350
Peru.....	2,254	75	-	200	2,529	2,267	120	106	-	200	2,693	1,100	100	-	225	1,425
Porter.....	2,274	125	-	150	2,549	1,986	75	129	-	222	2,412	500	200	-	100	800
Roxbury.....	1,827	50	-	-	1,377	1,069	24	58	-	-	1,151	750	75	-	800	1,125
Rumford.....	18,982	1,000	4,500	2,000	26,482	18,692	1,093	798	417	2,056	23,056	7,500	800	-	2,800	11,100
Stoneham.....	628	53	-	48	729	614	23	35	-	37	709	280	35	-	50	285
Stow.....	716	20	-	30	766	712	25	20	-	-	757	400	35	-	75	510
Sumner.....	2,126	-	-	50	2,176	2,036	125	117	-	182	2,460	700	50	-	100	850
Sweden.....	980	25	-	110	1,115	951	35	30	-	33	1,049	400	25	-	10	435
Upton.....	986	100	-	-	1,086	884	20	61	-	49	1,034	200	40	-	-	240
Waterford.....	2,662	275	-	200	3,137	2,478	150	134	-	336	3,098	1,500	150	-	825	2,475
Woodstock.....	2,076	100	-	150	2,326	2,005	100	136	-	155	2,396	900	150	-	150	1,200
PLANTATIONS.																
Lincoln.....	2,507	50	-	-	2,557	487	6	44	-	-	537	65	50	-	-	115
Magalloway.....	2,848	50	-	200	3,098	994	32	64	-	132	1,222	40	60	-	-	100
Milton.....	579	45	-	10	634	448	10	48	-	7	513	150	25	-	50	225
Total.....	\$110,089	\$5,868	\$14,900	\$9,812	\$140,669	\$98,731	\$4,292	\$6,049	\$12,211	\$10,087	\$131,370	\$39,155	\$6,514	\$5,100	\$12,413	\$68,182

APPENDIX.

101

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.					APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.					
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Alton.....	\$656	\$40	-	\$100	\$796	\$755	\$25	\$40	-	\$120	\$940	\$900	\$50	-	\$100	\$450
Argyle.....	904	20	-	25	949	896	20	31	3	950	429	25	-	125	579	
Bangor.....	70,612	2,500	-	7,500	80,612	71,355	1,800	2,342	7,948	83,445	41,500	2,500	-	9,500	53,500	
Bradford.....	2,321	150	-	60	2,531	2,288	75	146	102	2,611	500	-	-	100	600	
Bradley.....	1,430	150	-	75	1,655	1,486	56	149	92	1,783	649	75	-	200	924	
Brewer.....	13,521	1,200	-	1,900	16,621	12,852	500	1,234	1,931	16,517	3,500	-	-	1,900	5,400	
Burlington.....	833	60	-	35	928	845	35	53	25	958	250	50	-	150	400	
Carmel.....	2,561	250	-	250	3,061	2,526	90	141	200	2,957	800	100	-	150	1,050	
Carroll.....	1,188	25	-	-	1,213	1,177	-	88	-	1,215	300	25	-	140	465	
Charleston.....	2,335	150	-	150	2,635	2,312	108	178	166	2,764	1,200	200	-	100	1,500	
Chester.....	1,191	30	-	18	1,239	885	42	27	63	997	200	50	-	300	550	
Clifton.....	645	15	-	-	660	552	25	-	14	591	200	50	-	250	500	
Corinna.....	3,096	200	-	450	3,746	2,974	111	206	450	3,741	1,100	250	-	450	1,800	
Corinth.....	2,166	100	-	125	2,391	2,119	100	161	119	2,499	650	220	-	200	1,070	
Dexter.....	8,980	500	-	-	9,480	9,173	425	431	500	10,529	3,500	500	-	700	4,700	
Dixmont.....	1,889	-	-	250	2,139	1,900	75	70	165	2,210	700	50	-	-	750	
East Millinocket..	4,578	-	-	525	5,101	3,934	100	277	874	5,185	1,500	300	-	525	2,325	
Eddington.....	1,883	-	-	-	1,883	1,980	50	132	111	2,303	800	200	-	150	1,150	
Edinburg.....	196	-	-	-	196	257	10	-	-	267	100	-	-	-	100	
Enfield.....	2,867	100	-	205	3,172	2,569	50	164	174	2,957	750	250	-	1,000	2,000	
Etna.....	1,315	156	-	150	1,615	1,397	64	85	164	1,710	400	100	-	100	600	
Exeter.....	1,837	125	-	340	2,302	1,779	65	124	345	2,313	300	125	-	280	705	
Garland.....	2,222	100	-	150	2,472	2,325	100	126	156	2,707	750	100	-	250	1,100	
Glenburn.....	1,675	50	-	125	1,850	1,210	50	98	120	1,478	500	75	-	100	675	
Greenbush.....	1,159	50	\$50	75	1,334	1,107	58	85	\$58	1,363	650	25	-	500	1,175	

Greenfield.....	690	-	-	15	705	489	15	-	-	15	519	160	100	-	200	460
Hampden.....	5,859	400	-	500	6,759	4,791	200	429	-	673	6,093	1,800	400	-	1,200	3,400
Hermon.....	2,773	100	-	325	3,198	2,651	125	99	-	396	3,211	1,000	150	-	400	1,550
Holden.....	1,982	100	-	100	2,182	1,951	50	99	-	123	2,223	800	150	-	100	1,050
Howland.....	1,437	100	-	50	1,887	1,563	45	48	-	50	1,706	550	100	-	50	700
Hudson.....	1,702	75	-	-	1,477	1,324	33	193	-	43	1,593	500	125	-	50	675
Kenduskeag.....	1,192	60	-	75	1,327	1,162	25	17	-	8	1,212	425	-	-	-	425
Kingman.....	2,074	100	-	225	2,399	2,292	80	138	-	217	2,727	600	125	-	100	825
Lagrange.....	2,259	50	-	100	2,409	1,888	79	84	-	153	2,204	600	100	-	150	850
Lee.....	1,729	100	-	50	1,879	1,725	65	120	-	77	1,987	350	75	-	100	525
Levant.....	2,022	100	-	100	2,222	1,903	83	86	-	86	2,158	600	150	-	100	850
Lincoln.....	5,693	300	-	600	6,593	5,103	165	305	-	613	6,186	1,250	450	-	500	2,200
Lowell.....	700	-	300	-	1,000	671	20	24	708	-	1,423	200	-	\$200	-	400
Mattawamkeag...	1,517	100	-	-	1,617	1,630	40	90	-	49	1,809	600	-	-	1,000	1,600
Maxfield.....	447	10	-	30	487	344	4	6	-	80	434	150	-	-	50	200
Medway.....	965	50	-	-	1,015	1,116	40	155	-	-	1,311	600	100	-	-	600
Milford.....	2,272	150	-	-	2,422	2,208	50	160	-	-	2,418	-	200	-	-	200
Millinocket.....	7,878	400	-	1,300	9,578	7,287	200	434	-	1,142	9,063	3,000	400	-	1,300	4,700
Mt. Chase.....	887	-	-	25	912	965	40	-	-	209	1,214	400	50	-	150	600
Newburg.....	1,559	200	-	75	1,834	1,757	60	193	-	30	2,040	800	100	-	50	950
Newport.....	4,522	100	-	300	4,922	4,252	102	406	-	137	4,897	1,250	400	18,000	250	19,900
Old Town.....	15,798	800	9,000	1,400	26,998	14,455	650	1,240	10,409	1,535	28,239	3,500	1,000	-	2,000	6,500
Orono.....	8,959	613	6,000	1,837	17,459	9,002	250	613	6,466	1,872	18,203	2,500	700	2,000	2,300	7,500
Orrington.....	2,823	200	-	250	3,273	2,801	150	199	-	276	3,426	800	200	-	350	1,350
Passadunkeag.....	1,261	75	-	75	1,411	1,150	35	69	-	36	1,290	400	75	-	150	625
Patten.....	4,536	600	-	100	5,236	4,604	200	567	-	342	5,713	1,400	630	-	400	2,400
Plymouth.....	1,461	100	-	125	1,686	1,398	60	55	-	58	1,571	350	100	-	125	575
Prentiss.....	1,331	100	-	-	1,431	1,337	30	128	-	-	1,495	400	100	-	54	554
Springfield.....	1,111	100	-	85	1,296	1,155	27	100	-	42	1,324	133	100	-	150	383
Stetson.....	1,480	100	-	275	1,855	1,403	60	77	-	203	1,743	500	100	-	50	650
Veazie.....	1,374	75	-	325	1,774	1,271	50	80	-	297	1,698	300	75	-	200	575
Winn.....	2,048	125	-	325	2,498	1,981	75	118	-	382	2,556	500	75	-	150	725
Woodville.....	762	-	-	-	762	690	35	-	-	-	725	25	-	-	-	25
PLANTATIONS.																
Drew.....	1,015	50	-	-	1,065	986	25	43	-	22	1,076	650	-	25	-	675
Grand Falls.....	166	15	-	-	181	148	7	5	-	-	160	100	-	-	-	100
Lakeville.....	558	15	-	-	573	502	18	11	-	14	545	103	25	-	-	128
Seboels.....	366	-	-	50	416	320	10	16	-	3	349	100	25	-	50	175
Stacyville.....	1,777	200	-	100	2,077	1,580	66	203	-	178	2,027	400	100	2,000	100	2,600
Webster.....	659	12	-	-	671	369	5	8	-	-	382	-	10	-	-	10
Total.....	\$229,702	\$11,640	\$15,350	\$21,375	\$278,067	\$222,867	\$7,308	\$12,976	\$17,641	\$23,198	\$283,090	\$89,224	\$11,805	\$22,200	\$29,049	\$152,278

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.					APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.					
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Abbot	\$2,302	\$191	-	\$150	\$2,643	\$2,122	\$100	\$190	-	\$216	\$2,628	\$1,000	\$150	-	\$100	\$1,250
Atkinson	1,726	50	-	150	1,925	1,721	50	38	-	195	2,004	850	50	-	150	1,050
Blanchard	802	50	-	20	872	603	30	-	-	19	652	300	65	-	210	575
Bowerbank	413	10	-	30	453	355	15	17	-	40	427	55	25	-	85	165
Brownville	6,069	350	-	375	6,794	4,603	375	308	-	360	5,646	800	700	-	100	1,600
Dover	5,742	369	-	758	6,869	4,549	166	373	-	791	5,879	2,000	400	-	750	3,150
Foxcroft	5,737	350	-	975	7,062	5,122	166	426	-	999	6,713	1,700	400	-	859	2,959
Greenville	4,789	350	-	1,200	6,339	4,257	200	307	-	1,346	6,110	1,900	350	-	400	2,650
Gulford	4,766	300	-	950	6,016	3,982	276	286	-	764	5,308	1,000	300	-	850	2,150
Medford	755	25	-	780	789	789	25	17	-	10	841	500	20	-	105	625
Milo	6,659	500	-	750	7,909	6,606	375	467	-	723	8,171	1,800	850	-	1,150	3,800
Monson	3,020	225	-	400	3,645	2,658	100	225	-	755	3,738	600	300	-	750	1,650
Orneville	939	25	-	50	1,014	844	40	44	-	15	943	350	50	-	400	400
Parkman	1,570	50	-	250	1,870	1,557	50	85	-	268	1,960	600	75	-	150	825
Sangerville	3,917	200	-	350	4,467	3,875	200	200	-	264	4,539	2,200	200	-	375	2,775
Sebec	2,099	50	-	300	2,449	1,890	80	125	-	311	2,406	900	150	-	300	1,350
Shirley	1,181	-	-	-	1,181	1,239	25	61	-	-	1,325	650	-	-	25	675
Wellington	1,119	50	-	100	1,269	1,054	35	28	-	3	1,120	750	50	-	10	900
Williamsburg	558	25	-	96	679	627	11	41	-	95	774	200	25	-	25	250
Willimantic	840	50	-	50	940	839	30	64	-	57	990	220	40	-	125	385
Barnard Pl	336	16	-	35	387	258	10	24	-	24	316	150	30	-	5	185
Elliottsville Pl	217	10	-	-	227	243	12	16	-	-	271	80	10	-	-	90
Kingsbury Pl	480	10	-	30	520	431	21	14	-	10	476	225	15	-	25	285
Lake View Pl	1,411	200	-	-	1,611	1,001	20	134	-	-	1,155	200	-	\$200	-	400
Total	\$51,447	\$3,456	-	\$7,019	\$67,922	\$51,225	\$2,412	\$3,490	-	\$7,265	\$64,392	\$19,030	\$4,255	\$200	\$6,639	\$80,124

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

Arrowsic.....	\$402	\$10	-	\$10	\$422	\$265	\$12	\$1	-	\$8	\$286	\$50	\$10	-	\$10	\$70
Bath.....	26,253	1,800	-	2,600	30,653	26,253	1,500	1,802	-	29	29,584	26,386	1,800	-	2,600	30,786
Bowdoin.....	2,335	100	-	100	2,535	2,331	90	101	-	74	2,596	744	150	-	150	1,044
Bowdoinham.....	3,491	300	-	100	3,891	2,953	160	327	-	107	3,547	650	300	-	125	1,075
Georgetown.....	1,999	100	-	150	2,249	1,941	60	79	-	135	2,215	1,000	100	-	300	1,400
Perkins.....	167	5	-	-	172	167	5	5	-	-	177	75	5	-	18	98
Phippsburg.....	3,304	250	\$650	100	4,304	2,967	75	178	\$753	197	4,170	1,000	100	-	150	1,250
Richmond.....	5,629	350	-	250	6,229	3,999	240	341	-	466	5,046	100	350	-	350	800
Topsham.....	7,939	400	-	500	8,839	5,623	250	516	-	662	7,051	1,000	500	-	900	2,400
West Bath.....	975	20	-	20	1,015	926	30	43	-	40	1,039	650	40	-	75	765
Woolwich.....	1,937	50	-	50	2,037	1,913	65	101	-	40	2,119	800	50	-	150	1,000
Total.....	\$54,431	\$3,385	\$650	\$3,880	\$62,346	\$49,338	\$2,487	\$3,494	\$753	\$1,758	\$57,830	\$32,455	\$3,405	-	\$4,828	\$40,688

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Anson.....	\$5,280	\$250	-	\$1,000	\$6,530	\$5,147	\$200	\$378	\$1,561	\$1,483	\$8,769	\$2,744	\$250	-	\$1,400	\$4,894
Athens.....	2,372	175	-	125	2,672	2,316	100	160	-	134	2,710	600	-	-	-	600
Bingham.....	2,574	223	-	412	3,209	2,431	148	231	-	343	3,153	1,200	-	-	-	1,500
Cambridge.....	839	30	-	-	869	778	25	27	-	-	830	364	25	-	-	389
Canaan.....	2,556	50	-	100	2,706	2,578	117	94	-	42	2,831	842	150	-	25	1,017
Concord.....	835	25	-	-	860	813	44	24	-	9	890	450	30	-	150	630
Cornville.....	2,332	100	-	150	2,582	2,071	65	110	-	171	2,417	1,000	100	-	150	1,250
Detroit.....	1,173	50	-	60	1,283	1,160	50	60	-	86	1,356	400	75	-	80	535
Embden.....	1,408	100	-	25	1,533	1,314	75	122	-	140	1,651	500	100	\$500	50	1,150
Fairfield.....	10,266	2,000	-	-	12,266	11,536	400	484	-	1,269	13,089	3,500	2,500	-	-	6,000
Harmony.....	1,460	200	-	200	1,860	1,449	100	172	-	177	1,898	400	150	1,000	150	1,700
Hartland.....	3,123	150	-	300	3,573	2,957	133	155	-	311	3,556	1,000	200	-	-	1,200
Madison.....	9,602	600	-	2,200	12,402	9,585	320	696	-	2,905	13,506	4,500	700	12,500	1,875	19,575
Mercer.....	1,202	150	-	25	1,377	1,157	45	132	-	40	1,374	600	50	-	200	850
Moscow.....	1,422	50	-	151	1,623	1,147	89	44	-	67	1,347	500	57	-	234	791
New Portland.....	2,544	400	-	-	2,944	2,354	100	257	-	122	2,833	700	350	275	-	1,325
Norridgewock.....	4,157	300	-	400	4,857	3,788	100	316	-	334	4,538	1,300	30	-	400	1,730
Palmyra.....	2,767	150	-	340	3,257	2,409	133	197	-	235	2,974	700	175	-	600	1,475
Pittsfield.....	7,377	300	-	1,250	8,927	7,024	300	300	-	1,321	8,945	2,200	300	-	900	3,400

SOMERSET COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.					APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.					
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Ripley	\$902	\$15	-	\$60	\$977	\$1,042	\$40	\$31	-	\$20	\$1,133	\$500	\$75	-	\$100	\$675
Skowhegan	15,816	1,500	-	1,590	18,906	13,667	500	2,470	-	2,686	19,303	3,000	1,500	-	1,000	5,500
Smithfield	1,239	50	-	100	1,389	1,192	40	47	-	96	1,375	408	50	-	175	628
Solon	2,912	300	-	275	3,487	2,854	100	311	-	354	3,619	1,100	300	-	250	1,650
St. Albans	3,114	150	-	450	3,714	3,059	133	185	-	487	3,864	1,200	175	-	350	1,725
Starks	1,704	200	-	117	2,021	1,635	50	200	-	58	1,943	675	25	-	25	725
PLANTATIONS.																
Bigelow	359	10	-	-	369	282	8	6	-	-	296	-	10	\$50	-	60
Brighton	1,182	-	-	50	1,232	838	20	-	69	927	200	30	500	-	50	780
Caratunk	708	30	-	30	768	784	44	28	-	48	904	175	35	-	169	379
Dead River	394	20	-	10	424	355	6	22	-	2	385	125	20	-	5	150
Dennistown	472	20	-	10	502	369	8	12	-	10	399	100	20	-	5	125
Flagstaff	484	35	-	60	579	468	15	50	-	50	583	100	65	-	-	165
Highland	247	-	-	-	247	239	5	8	-	8	260	67	15	-	60	142
Jackman	1,844	30	-	-	1,874	1,000	15	47	-	-	1,062	100	30	-	400	590
Lexington	532	-	-	-	532	495	25	19	-	2	541	225	50	-	-	275
Mayfield	323	100	-	300	723	291	10	43	-	-	344	100	-	-	-	100
Moose River	1,083	35	-	25	1,143	907	32	27	-	37	1,003	25	-	-	-	25
Pleasant Ridge ..	419	-	-	-	419	387	5	10	-	-	402	175	-	-	-	175
The Forks	923	35	\$200	25	1,183	809	44	37	-	10	1,114	450	40	-	-	490
West Forks	799	40	-	99	938	792	30	60	\$214	104	986	100	50	-	50	200
Total	\$98,745	\$7,873	\$200	\$9,939	\$116,757	\$93,479	\$3,674	\$7,572	\$1,775	\$13,210	\$119,710	\$32,320	\$8,032	\$14,825	\$8,833	\$64,010

WALDO COUNTY

Belfast	\$12,399	\$650	-	\$2,250	\$15,299	\$11,717	\$500	\$654	-	\$2,272	\$15,143	\$1,040	\$650	-	\$1,500	\$3,190
Belmont	864	-	-	-	864	885	15	38	-	-	938	200	40	-	25	265
Brooks	1,375	100	-	50	1,525	1,155	52	106	-	14	1,327	100	100	-	50	250
Burnham	1,889	50	-	-	1,939	1,889	75	114	-	174	2,252	774	75	-	-	849
Frankfort	2,464	225	-	350	3,039	2,112	135	152	-	404	2,803	450	200	-	550	1,200
Freedom	913	-	-	-	913	973	36	11	-	109	1,129	900	30	-	250	1,180
Isleboro	1,921	250	-	200	2,371	1,962	129	265	-	201	2,557	200	250	-	200	650
Jackson	879	125	-	60	1,064	923	54	120	-	48	1,145	500	75	-	150	725
Knox	1,123	50	-	-	1,173	1,122	42	73	-	-	1,237	446	50	-	250	746
Liberty	1,267	100	-	-	1,367	1,360	50	227	-	100	1,737	200	100	-	100	400
Lincolnton	2,452	50	-	200	2,702	2,437	70	67	-	333	2,907	1,000	50	-	25	1,075
Monroe	2,061	150	-	-	2,211	1,901	60	157	-	12	2,130	-	150	-	-	150
Montville	1,466	25	\$350	250	2,091	1,606	53	25	\$362	408	2,454	300	-	\$425	200	925
Morrill	820	50	-	50	920	795	25	16	-	29	865	95	50	-	25	170
Northport	1,416	50	-	100	1,566	1,269	32	55	-	9	1,365	800	25	-	160	975
Palermo	1,611	85	-	256	1,952	1,614	61	92	-	175	1,942	757	100	-	250	1,107
Prospect	1,308	75	500	550	2,433	1,326	72	70	678	765	2,911	300	75	-	750	1,125
Searsmont	1,768	137	-	158	2,063	1,704	68	77	-	110	1,959	172	50	-	50	272
Searsport	2,910	150	-	450	3,510	2,988	200	163	-	401	3,752	1,500	200	-	450	2,150
Stockton Springs	2,482	200	-	500	3,182	2,917	97	153	-	478	3,645	800	150	-	250	1,200
Swanville	1,387	75	-	100	1,562	1,235	50	67	-	107	1,459	400	75	-	100	575
Thorndike	1,275	100	-	50	1,425	1,233	72	77	-	107	1,489	400	50	-	50	380
Troy	1,945	125	-	300	2,420	1,759	80	20	-	77	1,938	615	50	-	100	765
Troy	1,900	100	-	50	2,050	2,076	95	39	-	171	2,381	1,000	100	-	250	1,350
Unity	1,085	50	-	75	1,210	1,059	-	90	-	88	1,237	400	100	-	100	600
Waldo	1,085	50	-	75	1,210	1,059	-	90	-	88	1,237	400	100	-	100	600
Winterport	3,923	376	-	265	4,564	4,021	175	674	-	323	5,193	1,000	1,000	-	400	2,400
Total	\$54,953	\$3,348	\$850	\$6,264	\$65,415	\$54,038	\$2,298	\$3,602	\$1,040	\$6,915	\$67,893	\$14,179	\$3,795	\$425	\$6,225	\$24,624

APPENDIX.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Towns.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.					APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.					
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Addison.....	\$2,349	\$100	-	-	\$2,449	\$2,063	\$100	\$119	-	\$175	\$2,462	\$1,200	\$125	-	\$225	\$1,550
Alexander.....	1,007	25	-	-	1,032	926	28	15	-	5	974	266	25	-	50	341
Baileyville.....	3,380	100	-	\$200	3,680	2,743	150	99	-	529	3,521	200	150	150	5,500	
Baring.....	733	60	-	100	893	480	50	78	-	121	729	10	60	200	270	
Beddington.....	296	10	-	25	331	211	5	2	-	21	239	70	-	-	70	
Brookton.....	764	50	-	25	839	683	15	70	-	6	774	100	25	25	150	
Calais.....	14,170	700	-	1,700	16,570	13,963	400	1,196	-	2,129	17,688	900	1,500	3,000	5,400	
Centerville.....	412	10	-	15	437	388	12	22	-	-	422	125	15	-	140	
Charlotte.....	661	5	-	204	870	614	25	9	-	7	655	150	20	50	220	
Cherryfield.....	4,481	200	-	400	5,081	3,569	175	292	-	510	4,546	-	325	500	825	
Columbia.....	1,654	75	\$25	90	1,844	1,596	50	100	\$25	131	1,902	300	100	160	560	
Columbia Falls..	1,249	275	-	250	1,774	1,297	88	268	-	347	2,000	75	150	150	375	
Cooper.....	594	30	-	40	664	600	15	41	-	2	658	260	18	-	278	
Crawford.....	354	-	-	-	354	353	15	9	-	2	379	140	-	-	140	
Cutler.....	1,422	150	-	100	1,672	1,395	35	147	-	100	1,677	500	150	100	750	
Danforth.....	3,354	400	-	500	4,254	2,961	100	423	-	329	3,813	645	300	300	1,245	
Deblois.....	255	10	-	-	265	233	10	10	-	1	254	75	10	-	85	
Dennysville.....	1,037	75	-	75	1,187	1,021	45	130	-	40	1,236	99	125	50	274	
East Machias....	2,997	125	-	225	3,347	2,807	100	118	-	226	3,251	300	175	350	825	
Eastport.....	11,435	800	-	2,297	14,532	11,054	200	737	-	2,297	14,288	1,500	800	1,875	4,175	
Edmunds.....	1,189	89	-	100	1,378	1,185	35	92	-	100	1,412	400	100	50	550	
Forest City.....	291	-	-	30	321	263	600	6	-	30	899	125	-	15	140	
Harrington.....	1,976	125	-	150	2,251	2,085	85	117	-	144	2,431	920	100	100	1,120	
Jonesboro.....	1,527	100	-	104	1,731	1,381	40	180	-	71	1,672	200	150	77	427	
Jonesport.....	6,020	275	-	525	6,820	5,075	186	290	-	795	6,346	600	300	500	1,400	
Lubec.....	8,783	817	-	450	10,050	8,616	200	817	-	486	10,119	2,500	700	1,500	5,200	

Machias	4,735	300	-	450	5,485	5,769	100	362	-	385	6,616	500	360	-	200	1,060
Machiasport.....	2,919	169	-	250	3,338	3,058	75	155	-	244	3,512	750	135	-	150	1,085
Marion	297	20	-	30	347	221	10	8	-	8	247	50	-	-	25	75
Marshfield	495	-	-	-	495	455	10	6	-	-	471	300	25	-	-	325
Meddybemps.....	383	-	-	-	383	364	7	9	-	94	474	125	40	-	-	165
Millbridge	3,511	225	-	275	4,011	3,485	100	223	-	260	4,088	700	200	-	295	1,195
Northfield	399	15	-	-	414	405	10	47	-	-	462	250	20	-	15	285
Pembroke	3,601	200	-	400	4,201	3,629	75	214	-	409	4,327	800	200	-	550	1,550
Perry	1,982	100	-	175	2,257	1,897	80	100	-	127	2,204	500	200	-	100	800
Princeton.....	3,122	300	-	850	4,272	2,854	100	809	-	823	4,086	700	300	-	1,125	2,125
Robbinston.....	1,698	75	-	185	1,908	1,672	60	42	-	40	1,814	700	50	-	75	825
Roque Bluffs.....	362	10	-	60	432	352	5	13	-	55	425	200	10	-	-	210
Stetben	2,002	100	-	-	2,102	2,038	100	90	-	150	2,378	1,000	125	-	250	1,375
Talmadge.....	329	-	-	25	354	243	7	13	-	25	288	60	-	-	-	60
Topsfield.....	896	50	-	50	996	882	43	32	-	66	1,023	200	50	-	150	400
Trescott.....	1,176	60	-	75	1,311	1,171	30	70	-	25	1,296	372	70	-	75	517
Vanceboro.....	2,118	125	-	285	2,528	1,622	50	108	-	284	2,064	440	125	-	300	865
Waite.....	553	-	-	50	603	464	16	8	-	59	547	200	25	-	-	225
Wesley.....	946	15	-	30	991	933	14	5	-	6	958	300	30	-	2	332
Whiting.....	1,113	60	-	250	1,423	1,022	25	65	-	378	1,490	320	-	-	225	545
Whitneyville.....	677	50	-	15	742	693	20	60	-	49	822	200	25	-	-	225
PLANTATIONS.																
Codyville	289	-	-	-	289	210	10	1	-	-	221	-	-20	-	5	25
Grand Lake Stream	1,270	100	-	225	1,595	823	15	128	-	297	1,263	150	124	-	450	724
No. 14	511	-	-	-	511	431	18	10	-	12	471	100	25	-	-	125
No. 21.....	317	10	-	150	477	317	800	17	-	267	1,401	75	10	-	50	135
Total.....	\$108,091	\$6,590	\$25	\$11,385	\$126,091	\$102,577	\$4,544	\$7,462	\$25	\$12,667	\$127,275	\$20,652	\$7,592	\$6,500	\$12,469	\$47,213

YORK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	RESOURCES.					EXPENDITURES.						APPROPRIATIONS, 1910.				
	Total resources of common school fund.	Raised for free text-books.	Raised for new buildings.	Raised for repairs insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	Total expenditures of common school fund.	For superintendence.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.	For common schools.	For free text-books.	For new buildings.	For repairs, insurance, apparatus and appliances.	Total.
Acton	\$2,234	\$50	-	-	\$2,284	\$1,587	\$59	\$53	-	-	\$1,699	\$900	\$100	-	\$100	\$1,100
Alfred	2,972	300	-	\$415	3,687	3,009	100	498	-	\$503	4,110	1,200	400	\$1,900	300	3,800
Berwick	5,564	300	-	300	6,164	5,392	125	531	-	470	6,518	1,500	450	-	400	2,350
Biddeford	40,750	700	-	1,000	42,450	27,391	1,550	553	-	959	30,453	12,916	700	-	1,000	14,616
Buxton	5,135	350	-	400	5,905	3,292	150	289	-	426	4,107	1,000	350	-	900	2,250
Cornish	2,213	200	-	100	2,513	2,096	100	182	-	96	2,474	1,000	250	-	100	1,250
Dayton	1,196	25	-	100	1,321	1,219	21	37	-	75	1,352	400	75	-	100	575
Eliot	4,453	450	-	550	5,453	3,010	125	430	-	225	3,780	1,350	350	-	600	2,300
Hollis	2,612	200	-	50	3,425	2,542	109	200	-	119	3,100	300	200	-	100	1,037
Kennebunk	9,593	550	\$563	1,700	11,843	8,823	250	527	\$130	1,415	11,015	5,200	650	1,700	7,550	
Kennebunkport	5,668	450	2,300	500	8,918	6,597	160	392	2,677	736	10,562	2,500	200	-	250	2,950
Kittery	7,792	500	5,375	2,700	16,367	6,213	195	555	4,772	2,902	14,637	2,500	500	-	2,000	5,000
Lebanon	3,393	200	300	300	4,693	3,116	114	218	1,099	286	4,833	1,200	200	-	300	1,700
Limerick	1,891	150	-	200	2,241	1,787	90	223	-	224	2,324	300	150	-	250	700
Limington	2,293	200	-	225	2,718	1,954	95	200	-	325	2,574	600	200	-	525	1,325
Lyman	1,972	-	-	100	2,072	1,833	60	20	-	15	1,928	600	-	-	600	600
Newfield	1,175	50	-	25	1,250	1,191	50	59	-	23	1,323	586	50	-	150	786
North Berwick	5,272	300	-	300	5,872	5,199	200	362	-	479	6,240	2,600	300	-	400	3,300
Old Orchard	2,119	304	-	350	2,773	2,146	51	291	-	350	2,838	250	200	-	600	1,050
Parsonsfield	2,714	150	-	150	3,014	2,445	100	147	-	301	2,993	1,000	150	-	400	1,550
Saco	16,583	500	-	800	17,883	16,597	1,000	919	-	844	19,360	5,000	1,000	-	2,000	8,000

Sanford.....	22,297	1,751	1,537	6,657	32,242	21,746	600	2,497	1,537	6,657	33,087	12,000	-	-	-	12,000
Shapleigh.....	1,833	75	1,000	100	3,008	1,785	50	119	1,000	106	3,060	677	100	-	50	827
South Berwick...	7,729	750	-	400	8,879	6,481	250	775	-	450	7,956	400	700	-	500	2,000
Waterboro.....	2,601	270	-	300	3,171	2,424	75	379	-	530	3,408	600	160	-	300	1,060
Wells.....	6,935	450	700	400	8,485	6,154	250	455	780	597	8,336	2,000	500	-	400	2,900
York.....	9,869	700	-	700	11,269	7,513	650	825	-	710	9,699	1,500	800	-	800	3,100
Total.....	\$178,878	\$9,925	\$12,275	\$18,822	\$219,900	\$153,542	\$6,579	\$11,677	\$11,995	\$19,823	\$203,616	\$60,079	\$8,735	\$2,337	\$14,625	\$85,776

SUMMARY.

COUNTIES.																	
Androscoggin....	\$139,108	\$3,045	-	\$9,562	\$151,715	\$127,063	\$5,417	\$6,548	-	\$11,024	\$150,052	\$25,370	\$3,825	\$1,500	\$9,575	\$40,270	
Aroostook.....	218,171	12,991	\$23,698	21,254	276,114	194,762	6,686	14,034	\$49,190	24,249	288,921	63,788	13,911	48,820	24,398	150,917	
Cumberland.....	324,185	13,555	112,360	47,544	497,644	318,210	8,064	13,442	90,076	51,343	481,135	219,428	15,405	5,460	25,850	266,143	
Franklin.....	53,992	3,554	6,377	4,876	68,799	50,684	2,274	3,197	5,283	6,494	67,932	15,585	3,220	1,597	5,789	26,191	
Hancock.....	106,402	7,511	36,942	10,763	161,618	95,574	5,143	8,087	45,201	11,069	165,074	30,094	8,020	7,286	10,950	56,350	
Kennebec.....	160,419	7,877	5,400	11,694	185,390	153,565	6,971	9,346	8,746	17,795	196,423	58,589	7,710	6,100	11,705	84,104	
Knox.....	77,035	4,898	115	9,165	91,213	66,557	3,074	4,756	115	8,081	82,583	35,951	5,395	110	4,655	46,111	
Lincoln.....	49,649	2,639	1,500	4,476	58,264	43,393	1,717	2,809	7,059	4,319	59,297	13,575	2,555	4,500	3,960	24,590	
Oxford.....	110,089	5,868	14,900	9,812	140,669	98,731	4,292	6,049	12,211	10,087	131,370	39,155	6,514	5,100	12,413	63,182	
Penobscot.....	229,702	11,640	15,350	21,375	278,067	222,867	7,308	12,976	17,641	23,198	283,990	89,224	11,805	22,200	29,049	152,278	
Piscataquis.....	57,447	3,456	-	7,019	67,922	51,225	2,412	3,490	-	7,265	64,392	19,030	4,255	200	6,639	30,124	
Sagadahoc.....	54,431	3,385	650	3,880	62,346	49,338	2,487	3,494	753	1,758	57,830	32,455	3,405	-	4,828	40,688	
Somerset.....	98,745	7,873	200	9,939	116,757	93,479	3,674	7,572	1,775	13,210	119,710	32,320	8,032	14,825	8,833	64,010	
Waldo.....	54,953	3,348	850	6,264	65,415	54,038	2,298	3,602	1,040	6,915	67,893	14,179	3,795	425	6,225	24,624	
Washington.....	108,091	6,590	25	11,385	126,091	102,577	4,544	7,462	25	12,667	127,275	20,652	7,592	6,500	12,469	47,213	
York.....	178,878	9,925	12,275	18,822	219,900	153,542	6,579	11,677	11,995	19,823	203,616	60,079	8,735	2,337	14,625	85,776	
Total.....	\$2,021,297	\$108,155	\$230,642	\$207,830	\$2,567,924	\$1,875,605	\$72,940	\$118,541	\$251,110	\$229,297	\$2,547,493	\$785,967	\$114,174	\$126,960	\$199,538	\$1,231,466	

TABLE NO. VI.
COMMON SCHOOL STATISTICS.
Showing Distribution of Pupils in Common Schools.
ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDER-GARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Auburn.....	154	178	17	22	114	108	97	82	98	77	70	84	107	110	93	90	93	98	75	81	78	82	-	-	80
Durham.....	166	189	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
East Livermore.....	51	54	-	-	37	33	29	24	23	22	25	25	21	24	17	21	10	14	7	15	10	15	-	-	35
Greene.....	56	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leeds.....	-	-	-	-	21	16	10	9	12	6	12	17	13	9	12	8	9	15	11	9	-	-	-	-	33
Lewiston.....	144	124	124	120	117	90	78	84	126	95	102	87	92	92	90	89	88	44	68	64	43	43	-	-	170
Lisbon.....	53	57	51	37	32	43	43	40	34	44	50	30	21	27	29	29	19	24	25	20	21	26	-	-	29
Livermore.....	-	-	-	-	20	18	11	11	16	8	11	8	5	9	6	11	9	9	5	6	1	2	-	-	2
Mechanic Falls.....	-	-	-	-	18	18	13	16	7	4	14	14	20	14	17	17	20	9	9	13	8	10	-	-	13
Minot.....	74	69	-	-	16	12	2	5	4	4	3	4	8	6	3	4	12	15	7	5	8	5	-	-	-
Poland.....	147	151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Turner.....	-	-	-	-	15	17	16	15	14	18	8	8	14	12	13	12	18	19	10	8	10	18	-	-	6
Wales.....	51	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Webster.....	26	17	5	4	5	1	6	9	8	11	7	5	5	6	9	6	7	8	7	9	7	8	-	-	7
Total.....	922	947	197	183	895	856	80	295	342	289	302	282	306	309	295	287	285	255	224	230	186	209	-	-	375

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDER-GARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Scarboro	160	190	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sebago	52	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Portland	22	16	-	-	110	123	86	79	97	104	95	78	100	87	69	80	68	68	49	69	49	59	-	-	11
Standish	86	92	-	-	5	4	6	5	5	4	3	4	5	3	6	5	4	4	8	9	9	8	-	-	-
Westbrook	45	42	-	-	64	73	64	74	56	62	49	48	67	46	58	63	56	52	62	59	47	43	-	-	86
Windham	-	-	-	-	39	30	19	10	17	28	15	18	23	15	13	7	14	17	5	6	19	11	-	-	-
Yarmouth	1	7	-	-	33	38	14	17	15	17	16	20	11	13	18	23	19	19	20	8	9	18	12	18	5
Total	1,562	1,621	278	278	1,155	1,055	876	815	862	847	884	812	841	779	701	715	603	647	508	608	464	499	32	45	983

Southwest Harbor...	19	20	-	-	16	8	7	8	7	7	1	6	8	3	-	-	3	6	6	6	5	3	-	-	-	6	
Stonington.....	-	-	-	-	35	28	23	29	26	37	35	22	35	21	22	20	14	16	10	7	12	20	-	-	-	27	
Sullivan.....	32	68	-	-	9	18	11	7	6	3	10	6	4	5	3	-	1	2	3	4	5	4	-	-	-	10	
Surry.....	68	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Swan's Island.....	-	-	-	-	9	11	10	8	12	9	10	7	6	10	9	6	6	7	4	7	5	8	3	6	5		
Tremont.....	65	73	-	-	7	8	5	6	5	6	6	7	6	7	5	6	5	6	4	4	-	-	-	-	-		
Trenton.....	43	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Verona.....	14	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Waltham.....	23	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Winter Harbor.....	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PLANTATIONS.																											
Long Island.....	21	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
No. 8.....	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Moose Hill, formerly	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
No. 21.....	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Great Pond, formerly	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
No. 33.....	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total.....	1,331	1,439	-	-	295	299	221	236	198	207	207	187	188	184	188	163	184	209	136	166	151	147	147	155	215		

APPENDIX.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Albion.....	-	-	6	8	17	11	10	13	6	12	8	9	8	14	6	9	11	9	7	14	8	11	-	-	-	-	80
Augusta.....	96	92	65	74	96	107	75	81	72	70	91	54	66	65	72	65	56	72	51	44	42	43	-	-	-	-	8
Belgrade.....	94	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Benton.....	57	78	5	6	15	11	13	19	12	11	9	12	14	8	12	7	10	12	9	8	6	7	-	-	-	-	6
Chelsea.....	91	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
China.....	102	88	-	-	2	2	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	4	-	5	4	5	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	6
Clinton.....	84	111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Farmingdale.....	21	25	5	6	4	6	5	3	5	2	4	7	3	4	6	8	5	2	1	6	3	3	-	-	-	-	6
Fayette.....	-	-	-	-	5	10	7	3	6	4	4	6	8	7	7	7	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Gardiner.....	19	16	59	61	42	41	33	42	45	52	36	47	43	47	37	38	34	32	29	30	20	29	29	-	-	-	56
Hallowell.....	-	-	50	55	22	14	11	28	16	17	16	15	10	20	22	9	19	17	10	10	7	5	-	-	-	-	6

119

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDER-GARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Litchfield	91	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manchester	43	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monmouth	31	36	-	-	6	9	4	8	4	7	13	5	13	6	16	6	3	3	7	10	4	7	-	-	17
Mt. Vernon	88	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oakland	-	-	-	-	19	12	12	22	14	15	14	16	18	15	15	21	8	15	8	12	14	9	-	-	20
Pittston	88	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Randolph	-	-	18	4	14	9	7	5	22	16	22	7	7	16	12	11	4	6	4	7	5	6	-	-	-
Readfield	84	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rome	48	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sidney	79	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vassalboro	66	54	-	-	10	12	10	16	9	6	12	10	5	5	8	4	7	5	4	4	6	10	-	-	4
Vienna	47	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waterville	-	-	40	50	124	112	108	97	89	78	77	79	73	67	68	54	62	56	52	66	49	51	-	-	38
Wayne	-	-	3	2	10	10	2	7	3	1	3	6	3	1	4	7	4	4	6	6	4	5	-	-	4
West Gardiner	54	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Windsor	72	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Winslow	54	60	21	27	28	29	34	31	30	29	22	30	18	27	15	19	16	9	9	13	6	8	-	-	10
Winthrop	41	37	-	-	20	22	15	17	9	13	12	10	11	13	8	11	8	10	10	7	3	2	-	-	4
Unity Pl.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,450	1,482	272	293	434	417	349	392	343	333	343	313	303	319	310	283	258	267	210	239	183	203	-	-	259

LINCOLN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDER-GARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Alna.....	43	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boothbay.....	-	-	-	-	36	29	22	18	19	17	6	14	36	25	13	8	25	27	-	2	-	7	-	-	-
Boothbay Harbor.....	-	-	-	-	24	34	18	24	27	20	14	22	25	17	22	17	14	8	10	14	8	10	14	9	34
Bremen.....	51	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bristol.....	46	52	-	-	18	21	17	11	16	8	10	9	12	11	21	14	22	13	16	13	6	9	-	-	3
Damariscotta.....	8	14	-	-	3	4	4	4	5	8	5	3	4	3	9	4	9	6	1	5	-	-	-	-	-
Dresden.....	64	69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Edgecomb.....	45	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jefferson.....	89	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newcastle.....	91	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nobleboro.....	60	66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Somerville.....	37	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Southport.....	28	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waldoboro.....	164	208	-	-	5	8	9	6	6	7	5	7	8	5	4	6	4	6	5	7	5	3	8	6	18
Westport.....	25	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Whitefield.....	111	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wiscasset.....	45	33	-	-	-	-	22	15	-	-	13	13	-	-	17	14	-	-	18	13	-	-	-	-	6
Monhegan Pl.....	6	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	913	970	-	-	86	96	92	78	73	60	53	68	85	61	86	63	74	60	52	59	19	27	8	6	61

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDER-GARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.		
Alton	32	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Argyle	21	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bangor	127	126	156	136	257	272	170	172	182	165	145	172	144	154	139	145	117	122	89	121	86	108	-	-	185	
Bradford	82	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Bradley	15	11	13	7	8	7	8	4	6	7	10	4	5	2	2	3	2	4	-	-	6	4	-	-	5	
Brewer	-	-	-	-	110	120	97	111	59	59	53	65	72	56	61	59	50	40	36	34	-	-	-	-	146	
Burlington	41	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Carmel	70	74	-	-	2	3	4	1	6	5	3	4	8	7	2	5	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Carroll	71	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charleston	89	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chester	46	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clifton	19	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corinna	-	-	-	-	11	6	6	6	7	11	8	7	12	8	12	12	12	16	15	13	14	15	5	8	-	4
Corinth	83	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dexter	55	69	26	35	25	33	38	39	24	39	25	22	18	17	21	20	27	12	13	19	8	20	-	-	-	
Dixmont	80	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
East Millinocket	-	-	-	-	41	33	16	2	5	11	11	9	3	8	4	6	1	4	7	4	2	4	4	-	-	16
Eddington	30	37	-	-	5	3	3	2	-	-	6	4	8	5	3	3	-	-	-	-	5	5	4	-	-	4
Edinburg	3	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enfield	91	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Etna	62	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exeter	81	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Garland	65	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Glenburn	38	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greenbush	52	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDER-GARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Abbot	38	35	7	3	7	2	2	2	4	4	3	3	4	3	4	6	6	3	3	8	1	-	-	-	
Atkinson	45	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Blanchard	-	-	3	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	4	-	-	-	-	4	2	3	4	3	3	3	4	1	
Bowerbank	-	-	-	-	34	30	14	20	26	23	27	29	19	22	16	17	18	13	17	14	29	4	4	20	
Brownville	37	38	-	-	20	23	11	12	14	10	12	9	11	9	7	11	12	7	7	9	8	5	9	27	
Dover	64	75	19	23	20	23	11	12	14	10	12	9	11	9	7	11	15	6	4	11	15	6	4	6	
Foxcroft	34	39	-	-	13	24	20	21	19	19	17	26	13	17	15	19	8	11	12	9	9	9	9	21	
Greenville	-	-	17	26	15	21	11	15	11	16	21	15	11	9	7	6	4	11	15	6	4	6	6	8	
Gulford	41	62	8	6	10	11	12	5	11	7	9	12	11	7	9	13	10	12	13	10	6	11	-	8	
Medford	29	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Milo	49	47	6	5	55	40	29	18	26	16	23	29	23	21	12	21	19	30	22	28	16	15	-	23	
Monson	31	21	11	18	8	18	10	11	9	5	4	5	10	14	6	7	3	14	8	8	7	8	-	3	
Orneville	30	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parkman	64	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sangerville	-	-	14	16	14	10	13	8	10	12	10	12	11	13	14	8	10	8	6	7	9	4	-	-	
Sebec	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Shirley	35	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wellington	34	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Williamsburg	20	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Willimantic	36	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Barnard Pl.	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Elliotsville Pl.	5	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kingsbury Pl.	9	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lake View Pl.	-	-	-	-	2	4	3	2	1	1	-	4	2	3	-	-	-	1	3	2	1	-	1	-	
Total	609	643	85	98	183	184	127	119	127	114	128	146	118	119	89	106	95	117	108	99	102	68	-	4	

SOMERSET COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDERGARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.		
Skowhegan.....	-	-	32	31	91	102	83	96	51	55	38	44	40	53	35	33	24	30	21	33	18	20	-	-	87	
Smithfield.....	36	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Solon.....	-	-	-	-	15	10	5	6	13	16	6	4	8	4	11	12	8	12	17	9	7	11	-	-	8	
St. Albans.....	45	80	-	-	12	14	9	12	7	11	10	12	5	12	12	15	18	10	18	13	6	16	-	-	8	
Starks.....	54	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PLANTATIONS.																										
Bigelow.....	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brighton.....	18	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caratunk.....	18	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dead River.....	11	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dennistown.....	4	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Flagstaff.....	15	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highland.....	9	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jackman.....	-	-	-	-	7	1	3	1	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	5	2	-	-	4	2	1	-	-	-
Lexington.....	24	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mayfield.....	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Moose River.....	8	4	-	-	5	4	3	1	3	5	1	-	3	2	-	-	4	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pleasant Ridge.....	8	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
The Forks.....	16	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Forks.....	17	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	1,023	1,154	120	128	343	299	244	264	216	265	204	212	195	238	169	203	180	209	149	184	112	166	27	26	206	

WALDO COUNTY.

Belfast.....	-	-	-	-	40	42	37	21	29	30	32	25	28	34	36	32	26	34	39	37	34	31	-	-	48
Belmont.....	34	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brooks.....	23	17	-	-	8	5	9	6	12	7	-	-	7	2	7	4	-	-	4	5	2	4	-	-	-
Burnham.....	78	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Frankfort.....	39	11	6	1	2	10	3	6	5	10	8	7	5	4	5	6	8	7	4	2	2	6	-	-	5
Freedom.....	52	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Islesboro.....	-	-	14	10	10	16	2	6	5	6	5	1	8	8	12	6	6	9	6	5	10	6	-	-	5
Jackson.....	56	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Knox.....	41	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liberty.....	71	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lincolnville.....	106	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monroe.....	60	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montville.....	76	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morrill.....	38	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Northport.....	-	-	-	-	3	5	4	1	3	5	4	5	3	5	4	2	3	2	1	3	5	-	-	-	-
Palermo.....	63	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prospect.....	42	45	-	4	1	2	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	3	4	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Searsmont.....	83	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Searsport.....	-	-	-	11	16	7	10	7	6	13	4	4	6	16	15	18	13	7	9	8	4	-	-	-	9
Stockton Springs....	25	34	-	16	16	4	3	4	8	5	2	4	2	5	8	9	15	8	8	5	8	3	6	-	12
Swanville.....	51	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thorndike.....	-	-	-	9	4	9	4	9	7	7	4	9	11	2	2	6	3	9	6	-	3	-	-	-	-
Troy.....	69	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unity.....	-	-	-	9	7	5	9	9	4	9	8	8	5	8	7	7	2	6	8	8	7	-	-	-	-
Waldo.....	45	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Winterport.....	59	43	-	-	8	8	5	7	10	9	7	7	8	10	8	9	5	5	6	7	5	7	-	-	-
Total.....	1,111	954	20	11	117	128	88	78	91	90	94	62	86	85	106	96	91	93	91	89	77	81	3	6	79

APPENDIX.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDER-GARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Addison.....	122	99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alexander.....	36	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baileyville.....	15	20	-	-	20	25	15	20	10	11	8	5	12	7	8	11	10	15	7	9	6	-	-	15	
Baring.....	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	1	2	3	3	2	1	3	4	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	2
Beddington.....	6	4	-	-	1	2	-	1	1	-	3	-	2	1	-	4	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Brookton.....	25	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Calais.....	-	-	-	-	100	118	70	90	70	74	70	87	50	109	100	110	66	90	40	57	40	44	-	-	179
Centerville.....	8	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charlotte.....	30	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cherryfield.....	-	-	-	-	25	23	16	14	16	8	13	12	14	20	13	9	17	14	19	16	14	12	-	-	17
Columbia.....	69	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Columbia Falls.....	-	-	-	-	14	11	12	13	4	3	4	2	10	5	5	7	4	1	5	8	9	13	-	-	10
Cooper.....	29	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crawford.....	9	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cutler.....	65	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Danforth.....	43	58	-	-	21	14	11	9	6	10	6	7	3	6	3	2	12	9	6	2	3	14	-	-	4
Deblois.....	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dennysville.....	21	25	-	-	5	1	5	5	4	1	5	5	1	3	-	-	2	6	6	4	5	-	-	-	-
East Machias.....	88	106	-	-	13	24	9	8	9	7	4	3	2	7	5	4	7	5	7	8	7	8	-	-	1
Eastport.....	-	-	-	-	183	177	64	56	61	53	59	64	74	38	44	46	33	25	23	28	11	21	-	-	84
Edmunds.....	73	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forest City.....	12	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harrington.....	-	-	-	-	9	11	5	5	27	10	3	4	19	17	10	5	7	7	9	6	10	10	-	-	1
Jonesboro.....	51	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jonesport.....	-	-	30	36	32	44	28	32	30	28	28	34	80	20	36	28	36	24	32	22	16	19	-	-	12

Lubec.....	153	162	-	-	84	73	41	30	90	37	29	23	37	25	22	27	22	19	19	20	22	32	-	-	54	
Machias.....	-	-	-	-	29	28	36	23	31	22	24	26	25	18	28	14	16	12	7	16	15	22	-	-	23	
Machiasport.....	102	111	-	-	3	10	1	3	4	5	7	2	4	3	5	2	3	3	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	
Marion.....	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	5	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	
Marshfield.....	19	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Meddybemps.....	19	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Milbridge.....	60	77	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Northfield.....	14	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pembroke.....	135	114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	9	12	6	14	11	-	-	-	-	
Perry.....	105	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	14	11	-	-	-	
Princeton.....	36	31	14	12	14	6	8	6	8	11	6	16	14	8	5	3	5	4	9	10	5	15	-	-	7	
Robbinston.....	77	95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Roque Bluffs.....	15	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stauben.....	83	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Talmadge.....	14	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Topsfield.....	30	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tresecott.....	40	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vanceboro.....	7	12	-	-	20	17	9	9	4	11	5	10	6	1	5	3	7	9	4	6	3	8	-	-	5	
Waite.....	15	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wesley.....	29	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Whiting.....	39	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Whitneyville.....	31	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PLANTATIONS.																										
Codyville.....	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Lake Stream..	54	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 14.....	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. 21.....	14	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	1,819	1,904	46	49	575	587	332	324	315	293	272	305	299	306	279	285	266	247	228	229	183	241	1	2	414	

YORK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	UNGRADED.		KINDER-GARTENS.		GRADE I.		GRADE II.		GRADE III.		GRADE IV.		GRADE V.		GRADE VI.		GRADE VII.		GRADE VIII.		GRADE IX.		GRADE X.		Number enrolled for more than one year in same grade.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Acton.....	46	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alfred.....	14	17	-	-	5	7	-	-	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Berwick.....	90	84	16	21	-	-	12	17	16	14	14	18	10	11	16	14	-	-	11	14	10	15	16	8	
Biddeford.....	108	104	32	28	140	131	50	46	56	44	54	59	50	49	48	50	28	38	10	14	10	12	16	8	
Buxton.....	163	137	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92
Cornish.....	31	25	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	4	6	4	9	3	10	3	7	4	3	4	8	-	8	
Dayton.....	25	25	-	-	6	2	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Eliot.....	116	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hollis.....	80	114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kennebunk.....	25	31	14	18	19	21	20	18	20	21	17	14	24	24	21	22	20	21	20	22	16	19	-	-	
Kennebunkport.....	72	36	-	-	15	18	12	7	17	14	3	9	6	12	15	7	12	13	3	8	7	13	-	4	
Kittery.....	21	15	-	-	31	30	29	25	20	20	26	25	27	32	20	23	15	21	20	17	14	16	-	35	
Lebanon.....	135	124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Limerick.....	94	68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Limington.....	82	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lyman.....	52	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Newfield.....	46	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
North Berwick.....	41	43	-	-	23	21	14	11	10	11	11	9	9	16	6	9	5	13	3	5	9	19	-	32	
Old Orchard.....	-	-	-	-	12	6	6	4	4	4	14	9	5	12	6	6	-	11	11	16	-	-	-	1	
Parsonsfield.....	67	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Saco.....	73	45	14	16	69	81	33	42	37	42	32	41	35	33	33	33	30	36	26	20	31	29	5	22	

Sanford	58	69	-	-	88	86	53	64	65	61	73	76	80	76	48	35	51	41	32	32	52	46	-	-	80
Shapleigh	82	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Berwick	45	49	-	-	31	30	34	31	37	35	32	24	27	37	25	23	26	21	27	23	18	23	-	-	13
Waterboro	76	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wells	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
York	-	-	-	-	49	49	26	20	16	11	41	26	29	27	30	24	16	13	12	15	-	-	-	-	46
Total	1,682	1,660	76	83	488	482	293	286	304	294	321	317	319	338	277	260	212	234	211	214	200	238	5	20	356

SUMMARY.

COUNTIES.																										
Androscoggin	922	947	197	183	395	356	305	295	342	289	302	282	306	309	295	287	285	255	224	290	186	209	-	-	-	375
Aroostook	4,839	5,174	155	169	697	633	442	441	433	440	375	436	423	424	287	328	248	263	199	192	137	190	-	-	-	487
Cumberland	1,562	1,621	278	278	1,155	1,055	876	815	862	847	884	812	841	779	701	715	603	647	508	608	464	499	32	45	983	
Franklin	785	746	10	14	165	148	97	107	119	108	96	100	90	96	72	75	81	76	80	70	54	64	-	-	70	
Hancock	1,331	1,439	-	-	295	299	221	236	193	207	207	187	188	184	188	163	184	209	136	166	151	147	147	155	215	
Kennebec	1,450	1,482	272	295	434	417	349	392	343	333	343	313	303	319	310	283	258	267	210	239	183	203	-	-	259	
Knox	786	729	62	44	207	173	155	146	136	153	169	164	156	138	150	149	110	135	108	136	117	124	-	-	39	
Lincoln	913	970	-	-	86	96	92	78	73	60	53	68	85	61	86	63	74	60	52	59	19	27	8	6	61	
Oxford	1,299	1,333	115	112	264	245	223	231	228	217	171	145	171	186	179	166	142	136	125	139	103	126	2	1	117	
Penobscot	2,562	2,532	407	351	797	862	593	623	527	520	477	530	511	471	446	456	381	385	312	331	244	297	5	8	499	
Piscataquis	609	643	85	93	183	184	127	119	127	114	128	146	118	119	89	105	95	117	108	99	102	68	-	4	111	
Sagadahoc	636	654	-	-	259	259	205	221	231	256	255	213	212	202	191	223	195	201	146	167	146	166	8	20	255	
Somerset	1,023	1,154	120	123	343	299	244	264	216	265	204	212	195	238	169	203	180	209	149	184	112	166	27	26	206	
Waldo	1,111	954	20	11	117	123	88	78	91	90	94	62	85	85	106	96	91	93	91	89	77	81	3	6	79	
Washington	1,819	1,904	46	49	575	587	332	324	315	293	272	305	299	306	279	285	266	247	228	229	183	241	1	2	414	
York	1,682	1,660	76	83	488	482	293	286	304	294	321	317	319	338	277	260	212	234	211	214	200	238	5	20	356	
Total	23,329	23,942	1,814	1,785	6,450	6,223	4,643	4,656	4,595	4,491	4,351	4,292	4,303	4,255	3,825	3,863	3,405	3,534	2,887	3,152	2,478	2,846	238	293	4,526	

TABLE No. VII
COMMON SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Comparison of Items in School Reports Between the
Years 1910 and 1909.

ITEMS.	1910.	1909.	Increase.	Decrease.
Whole number of persons of school age	213,123	212,329	794	
Number registered in spring terms	108,845	110,643		1,798
Number registered in summer terms	11,877	9,205	2,672	
Number registered in fall terms	114,900	114,764		136
Number registered in winter terms	106,259	108,842	2,417	
Average number in spring terms	92,842	96,369		3,527
Average number in summer terms	9,981	7,334	2,647	
Average number in fall terms	98,184	99,046		862
Average number in winter terms	89,389	88,648	741	
Percent of average attendance .....	.45	.45		
Number of different pupils registered	132,592	132,948		356
Number registered in rural schools	52,114	51,853	261	
Number registered in village schools	44,763	45,543		780
Number registered in city schools	35,715	35,552	163	
Number registered in evening schools	1,329			
Number registered in private or parochial schools	10,139	10,503		364
Number of pupils conveyed	6,051	6,080		29
Number of schoolhouses in State	3,822	3,827		5
Number in good condition	3,196	3,331		135
Number supplied with flags	2,806	2,658	148	
Number built during year	39	41		2
Cost of same	\$278,162	\$326,997		\$48,835
Estimated value of all school property	\$7,309,494	\$6,725,337	\$584,157	
Number of schools	4,662	4,624	38	
Number of different teachers employed	6,905	6,792	113	
Average wages male teachers per month	\$43.25	\$42.19	\$1.06	
Average wages female teachers per week	\$8.31	\$7.93	\$0.38	
Number continued in same school for the year	2,767	2,613	154	
Number having previous experience	5,795	5,757		38
Percent of experienced teachers to whole no. ....	.83	.85		.02
Graduates of normal or training schools	1,638	1,678	5	
Number holding State certificates	1,508	1,194	314	
Number who have attended teachers' meetings	3,295	3,262	33	
Number attending summer schools	598	551	17	
Amount common school money raised by towns	\$962,633	\$1,108,448		\$145,765
Excess raised over amount required by law	\$582,258	\$727,320		\$145,062
Amount raised per scholar	\$4.51	\$5.17		\$0.66
Percentage of valuation assessed for common schools .....	.002 4-10	.002 5-10		.000 1-10
Total school resources common school fund	\$2,021,297	\$2,060,623		\$39,331
Total school expenditures common school fund proper	\$1,875,605	\$1,771,666	\$103,939	
Balance unexpended	\$184,460	\$289,183		\$104,723
Total expenditures all common school purposes	\$2,547,493	\$2,368,896	\$178,597	

TABLE No. VIII.
COMMON SCHOOL STATISTICS.
 Showing Comparison of Items in School Reports Between
 the Years 1910 and 1900.

Items.	1910.	1900.
Whole number of persons of school age	*213,123	*211,085
Number registered in spring terms.....	108,845	113,878
Average attendance in spring terms.....	92,842	97,841
Number registered in summer terms	11,877	†
Average attendance in summer terms.....	9,981	
Number registered in fall terms	114,900	
Average attendance in fall terms.....	98,184	
Number registered in winter terms.....	106,259	
Average attendance in winter terms.....	89,389	
Per cent of average attendance of whole number of persons of school age .....	.45	.46
Whole number of different scholars registered during the year ..	132,592	130,918
Number of schoolhouses in the State	3,822	3,995
Number reported in good condition	3,196	3,135
Number supplied with flags.....	2,806	1,862
Number built during the year	39	72
Cost of same	\$278,162	\$110,995
Estimated value of all school property.....	\$7,309,494	\$4,699,475
Number of different teachers employed	6,905	6,445
Number of teachers graduates of normal schools.....	1,683	1,184
Average wages of male teachers per month	\$43 25	\$39 30
Average wages of female teachers per week	8 31	6 63
Amount of school fund proper raised by towns.....	\$962,638	\$749,251
Excess above amount required by law	\$582,258	\$214,882
Average amount per scholar.....	\$4 51	\$3 55
Average per cent of valuation assessed by towns for common schools .....	.002 4-10	.002 3-10
Amount of common school fund received from State	\$876,249	\$520,019
Amount of common school fund received from local funds.....	\$39,725	\$36,989
Amount paid for superintendence	\$72,940	\$55,981

* Between the ages of 5 and 21 years in 1910 and 4 and 21 years in 1900.

† The statement for 1900 did not give averages for four terms.

TABLE No. IX.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.
Showing Expenditures, Receipts and General Registration in Free High Schools for the Year Ending
July 1, 1910.

Towns.	Total amount expended for instruction.	Amount provided by town.	Amount received from tuition.	Amount from State treasury during year July 1, 1909-10.	Total amount of resources.	Amount of State aid payable for year ending July 1, 1910.	Whole number of weeks.	Total registration.	Average attendance.	Number of resident pupils.	Number of non-resident pupils.	Number of male teachers employed.	Number of female teachers employed.	Average wages of male teachers per month.	Average wages of female teachers per week.
Abbot	\$700	\$880	-	\$250	\$1,180	\$466 66	36	18	12	18	-	-	1	-	\$19 44
Addison	457	200	- \$10	84	294	305 00	30	20	12	16	4	1	-	-	-
Albion	880	510	-	250	760	500 00	36	21	19	19	2	1	1	66 65	8 00
Alfred	1,071	784	58	250	1,087	500 00	34	32	28	24	8	1	1	77 76	9 00
Andover	720	350	8	117	475	480 00	36	20	17	20	-	1	2	60 00	11 50
Ashland	1,296	1,200	35	250	1,485	500 00	36	30	30	31	2	1	1	100 00	11 00
Auburn	10,450	12,000	1,168	250	13,418	500 00	38	340	250	290	50	5	5	138 95	16 54
Augusta	8,725	12,000	360	250	12,610	500 00	38	251	227	225	26	6	6	106 56	16 89
Bangor	18,723	18,000	317	250	18,567	500 00	36	646	590	630	16	9	18	120 87	18 98
Baring	450	510	6	164	680	300 00	34	20	17	19	1	1	-	50 00	-
Bath	6,125	6,500	630	250	7,380	500 00	38	299	272	113	186	3	3	99 21	17 59
Belfast	2,600	2,400	143	250	2,793	500 00	36	97	87	87	10	1	3	122 22	13 88
Belgrade	864	500	54	250	604	500 00	36	25	26	22	1	1	1	60 00	9 00
Berwick	1,900	1,500	-	250	1,750	500 00	36	56	45	56	3	1	2	122 00	11 00
Biddeford	5,263	4,750	138	250	5,183	500 00	36	146	135	139	-	3	3	108 66	19 11
Bingham	960	500	101	107	708	500 00	36	24	20	18	-	2	2	-	13 33
Boothbay	1,260	800	-	250	1,050	500 00	36	46	39	46	-	2	-	70 00	-
Boothbay Harbor	1,447	1,300	60	250	1,610	500 00	36	45	39	43	2	1	2	94 44	13 50
Bowdoinham	1,080	600	100	250	950	500 00	36	52	43	47	5	1	1	80 00	10 00
Bradford	500	200	-	164	864	333 33	30	30	26	30	-	1	-	60 00	-

Brewer	2,782	2,850	348	250	3,448	500 00	36	120	105	103	17	1	4	133 33	13 15
Bridgton	2,403	2,000	192	250	2,442	500 00	36	72	66	67	5	2	3	83 16	11 00
Bristol	1,093	850	-	250	1,100	500 00	36	36	34	36	-	2	1	80 00	10 00
Brooks	540	300	8	250	558	360 00	36	23	11	21	2	1	-	60 00	-
Brooklin	576	750	23	147	920	384 00	36	34	26	32	2	-	1	-	16 00
Brownfield	528	250	-	250	500	500 00	31	19	14	19	-	1	-	68 00	-
Brownville	1,656	1,782	90	250	2,123	500 00	36	57	46	49	-	2	1	72 22	10 41
Brunswick	3,400	3,600	54	250	3,904	500 00	36	104	87	94	10	1	4	188 88	14 00
Buckfield	878	450	282	250	982	500 00	36	51	44	33	18	1	1	88 88	10 00
Buxton	1,116	850	24	250	1,124	500 00	36	45	39	44	1	1	1	80 00	11 00
Calais	4,080	3,250	320	250	3,820	500 00	36	159	140	146	13	2	5	83 33	16 18
Camden	3,027	2,400	385	250	3,035	500 00	36	118	100	98	20	1	4	133 33	12 31
Canaan	1,648	250	-	250	500	482 00	36	14	12	14	-	1	-	72 00	-
Canton	654	200	37	250	487	436 32	36	20	18	16	-	1	1	-	18 18
Cape Elizabeth	1,196	900	-	250	1,150	500 00	36	26	22	26	-	1	1	88 88	11 00
Caratunk	450	450	7	41	498	300 00	36	10	8	9	1	-	2	-	12 50
Carthage	450	150	-	226	376	300 00	30	80	18	30	-	1	-	60 00	-
Caribou	2,560	2,500	569	250	3,319	500 00	36	188	116	117	21	1	5	111 11	13 33
Castine	1,555	1,300	70	250	1,620	500 00	36	45	42	42	3	1	1	89 00	10 00
Clinton	1,020	500	20	250	770	500 00	36	40	35	38	2	1	1	80 00	10 00
Columbia Falls	864	375	30	227	632	500 00	36	32	18	27	5	1	1	64 00	8 00
Cornish	885	850	139	250	1,239	500 00	36	33	30	17	16	1	1	76 66	10 00
Cumberland (Che- beague Island)	513	600	-	250	850	341 88	33	21	19	21	-	-	1	-	12 50
Danforth	1,144	725	216	250	1,191	500 00	36	63	48	47	16	1	1	75 00	12 50
Deer Isle	1,200	850	-	250	1,100	500 00	36	55	49	55	-	1	1	83 33	12 50
Denmark	540	250	-	217	467	360 00	30	15	11	15	-	-	-	72 00	-
Dennysville	628	174	140	91	405	418 66	35	27	24	21	-	1	-	72 00	-
Dexter	2,600	1,700	208	250	2,158	500 00	36	106	104	93	13	1	3	144 44	12 04
Dixfield	961	550	90	250	880	500 00	36	17	15	11	6	1	1	72 00	11 50
East Livermore	2,334	2,500	448	250	3,198	500 00	36	89	78	67	22	1	3	111 11	16 50
East Millnocket	724	250	-	250	500	482 66	36	11	9	9	2	1	1	88 88	12 00
Easton	1,764	1,500	-	250	1,750	500 00	36	33	30	33	-	1	2	100 00	12 00
Eastport	3,065	2,700	80	250	3,030	500 00	38	90	78	87	3	2	3	97 36	12 00
Eden	6,820	6,000	40	250	6,290	500 00	36	147	137	141	6	2	5	122 22	16 53
Eliot	1,110	860	-	250	1,110	500 00	36	43	32	43	-	1	1	83 33	10 00
Ellsworth	2,405	2,300	229	250	2,779	500 00	36	88	67	81	7	2	2	80 55	10 00
Eustis	638	459	-	250	709	425 66	32	20	10	17	3	1	2	70 00	8 37
Exeter	856	300	-	250	550	500 00	36	26	22	23	3	1	1	62 00	8 00
Fairfield	2,872	2,265	630	250	3,145	500 00	36	64	52	43	21	1	3	166 66	12 95
Farmington	3,222	3,100	684	250	4,034	500 00	36	147	135	118	29	2	3	102 77	12 97
Flagstaff	558	250	-	250	500	372 10	36	12	9	10	2	1	1	61 00	-
Fort Fairfield	2,800	2,500	-	250	2,750	500 00	36	66	57	66	-	1	3	133 33	14 88

Expenditures, Receipts and General Registration—Continued.

138

TOWNS.	Total amount expended for Instruction.	Amount provided by town.	Amount received from tuition.	Amount from State treasury during year July 1, 1909-10.	Total amount of resources.	Amount of State aid payable for year ending July 1, 1910.	Whole number of weeks.	Total registration	Average attendance.	Number of resident pupils.	Number of non-resident pupils.	Number of male teachers employed.	Number of female teachers employed.	Average wages of male teachers per month.	Average wages of female teachers per week.
Frankfort.....	\$1,044	\$580	\$120	\$250	\$950	\$500 00	36	21	19	16	5	1	1	\$84 00	\$8 00
Franklin.....	900	450	-	250	700	500 00	30	46	37	46	-	1	1	78 66	10 33
Freeport.....	2,205	1,850	72	250	2,172	500 00	36	56	53	55	1	1	1	100 00	13 75
Gardiner.....	6,402	5,300	1,065	250	6,615	500 00	36	137	122	98	39	2	5	133 33	14 02
Garland.....	576	450	-	250	700	384 00	36	26	24	26	-	1	-	64 00	-
Gorham.....	2,450	2,150	118	250	2,518	500 00	36	68	61	59	9	1	3	115 78	11 84
Gray.....	763	1,850	113	250	2,213	500 00	35	53	49	45	8	1	2	111 11	11 11
Greenville.....	1,270	1,000	23	250	1,273	500 00	36	35	31	33	2	2	2	-	17 86
Guilford.....	1,875	1,400	140	250	1,790	500 00	36	60	55	45	15	1	2	122 22	13 50
Hallowell.....	2,250	1,903	63	250	2,216	500 00	36	78	73	75	3	1	2	133 33	14 59
Harmony.....	450	167	-	130	317	300 00	30	16	10	15	1	1	-	60 00	-
Hartland.....	1,110	750	90	250	1,090	500 00	36	48	37	44	4	1	1	83 33	10 00
Hollis.....	820	400	20	250	670	500 00	36	36	29	34	2	1	1	60 00	8 00
Houlton.....	3,667	2,700	27	250	2,977	500 00	36	98	93	97	2	2	2	87 50	13 89
Island Falls.....	1,368	1,200	169	250	1,619	500 00	36	46	35	34	12	1	1	100 00	13 00
Islesboro.....	1,801	1,200	21	250	1,471	500 00	36	31	26	28	3	1	1	100 00	11 16
Jackson.....	540	454	8	213	675	360 00	36	15	12	14	1	1	-	60 00	-
Jay.....	1,620	1,400	-	250	1,650	500 00	36	39	33	39	-	1	2	90 00	11 25
Jonesboro.....	525	650	-	77	727	349 69	32	52	44	52	-	1	1	64 00	-
Jonesport.....	1,276	850	5	250	1,105	500 00	36	61	58	60	1	1	1	97 22	11 00
Kennebunk.....	2,375	1,825	-	250	2,075	500 00	36	93	90	86	1	1	2	111 11	13 54
Kennebunkport.....	1,625	1,500	6	250	1,756	500 00	36	37	30	36	7	2	2	100 00	10 07
Kingfield.....	933	350	63	250	663	500 00	36	22	20	19	2	1	2	55 23	-
Kingman.....	750	250	-	184	484	500 00	36	15	11	15	-	1	1	83 33	-
Lewiston.....	9,300	16,658	300	250	17,208	500 00	97	295	285	285	10	2	10	152 50	16 89
Liberty.....	450	450	22	175	647	300 00	30	20	16	17	3	1	1	60 00	-
Limestone.....	1,607	1,300	10	250	1,560	500 00	36	31	29	30	1	1	2	88 89	11 21
Lisbon.....	3,076	2,700	92	250	3,042	500 00	36	80	76	74	6	2	3	97 50	12 75

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Lubec.....	1,155	1,200	-	250	1,450	500 00	38	58	54	58	-	-	2	-	15 13
Machias.....	1,850	1,400	100	250	1,750	500 00	86	63	57	55	8	1	2	111 12	11 80
Madison.....	2,355	1,950	343	250	2,543	500 00	36	86	81	71	15	3	3	122 22	11 80
Mattawamkeag.....	500	250	-	240	490	333 52	33	15	7	15	-	2	-	64 00	-
Mechanic Falls.....	1,232	1,000	45	250	1,295	500 00	36	55	44	41	14	1	1	88 88	12 00
Mexico.....	1,310	700	100	250	1,050	500 00	36	35	31	29	6	2	2	100 00	13 04
Milbridge.....	1,284	900	-	250	1,150	500 00	36	50	47	50	-	1	1	100 00	10 66
Millinocket.....	2,136	1,700	-	250	1,950	500 00	36	32	26	32	-	1	2	133 33	13 00
Milo.....	2,192	1,857	183	250	2,290	500 00	36	91	81	76	15	3	3	100 00	11 04
Monroe.....	872	500	80	-	580	500 00	34	37	32	30	7	1	1	70 59	8 00
Moose River.....	540	167	211	88	466	360 00	36	15	11	7	8	1	-	60 00	-
Mt. Desert.....	1,872	1,600	30	250	1,880	500 00	36	33	26	31	2	2	1	80 00	12 00
Mt. Vernon.....	1,038	389	205	185	779	500 00	36	42	34	35	7	1	1	75 36	10 00
New Gloucester.....	1,567	1,250	45	250	1,545	500 00	36	42	36	33	9	1	2	111 11	10 00
Newport.....	1,260	750	6	250	1,006	500 00	36	27	21	27	-	1	1	94 44	11 39
New Portland.....	900	500	12	250	762	500 00	30	68	57	67	1	2	3	52 00	2 00
New Sharon.....	1,148	750	126	250	1,126	500 00	36	47	35	47	-	1	1	88 88	8 00
Norridgewock.....	1,182	1,100	105	250	1,455	500 00	36	36	30	26	10	1	1	83 33	12 00
North Berwick.....	1,268	1,300	8	250	1,558	500 00	36	47	43	44	3	1	1	88 88	13 00
North Haven.....	720	350	-	250	600	480 00	36	19	17	19	-	1	-	80 00	-
Norway.....	2,810	2,450	221	250	2,921	500 00	36	127	120	112	15	2	2	105 00	13 88
Oakland.....	1,396	1,200	-	250	1,450	500 00	36	34	29	32	2	1	1	111 11	11 03
Old Orchard.....	1,063	850	-	250	1,100	500 00	36	8	7	8	-	1	1	77 77	12 00
Old Town.....	4,875	3,500	676	250	4,426	500 00	36	146	141	149	-	2	4	136 11	16 84
Orono.....	3,165	3,050	300	250	3,600	500 00	36	112	105	101	11	1	1	122 22	14 34
Oxford.....	1,195	800	72	250	1,122	500 00	36	32	29	27	5	1	1	100 00	6 00
Paris.....	2,136	1,800	74	250	2,124	500 00	36	81	67	76	5	2	2	89 66	12 50
Pembroke.....	714	350	-	250	600	476 00	36	47	39	47	-	1	2	70 00	8 50
Phillips.....	1,740	1,200	166	250	1,616	500 00	36	61	51	56	5	1	3	83 33	13 75
Plymouth.....	465	165	-	225	390	310 00	31	30	16	30	-	1	-	60 00	-
Porter.....	687	850	57	250	1,157	-	29	26	22	17	9	-	-	-	12 83
Portland.....	34,252	41,996	146	250	42,392	500 00	37	1,131	992	1,115	16	10	30	150 00	18 50
Presque Isle.....	3,000	2,500	500	250	3,250	500 00	36	133	104	113	20	1	4	133 33	14 45
Princeton.....	1,172	875	23	250	1,148	500 00	36	37	32	35	2	1	1	88 25	10 25
Rangeley.....	1,351	1,055	160	250	1,365	500 00	36	33	29	26	7	1	2	22 22	11 50
Reed.....	450	200	54	-	254	300 00	30	12	9	9	3	1	1	-	15 00
Richmond.....	1,188	750	40	250	1,040	500 00	36	57	48	50	7	1	1	80 00	13 00
Rockland.....	4,665	450	200	250	900	500 00	36	286	210	222	14	2	6	107 22	14 58
Rockport.....	1,066	800	-	250	1,050	500 00	36	38	33	38	-	1	1	77 77	10 00
Rumford.....	3,475	3,630	160	250	4,040	500 00	36	80	65	72	8	2	2	118 00	13 00
Sanford.....	5,836	4,591	145	250	4,986	500 00	36	72	65	63	9	1	4	144 44	17 01
Sangerville.....	1,295	1,000	30	250	1,280	500 00	36	30	27	28	2	-	2	-	17 97
Scarboro.....	1,050	750	-	250	1,000	500 00	36	22	21	22	-	1	1	78 88	9 75
Searsport.....	1,260	800	-	250	1,050	500 00	36	37	30	37	-	1	1	100 00	10 00

• Expenditures, Receipts and General Registration—Concluded.

Towns.	Total amount expended for instruction.	Amount provided by town.	Amount received from tuition.	Amount from State treasury during year July 1, 1909-10.	Total amount of resources.	Amount of State aid payable for year ending July 1, 1910.	Whole number of weeks.	Total registration.	Average attendance.	Number of resident pupils.	Number of non-resident pupils.	Number of male teachers employed.	Number of female teachers employed.	Average wages of male teachers per month.	Average wages of female teachers per week.
Shapleigh	\$702	\$300	\$10	\$250	\$560	\$468 00	36	23	12	21	2	1	1	\$70 00	\$6 00
Skowhegan	3,625	3,850	156	250	4,256	500 00	36	115	109	100	15	2	3	122 22	12 73
Solon	900	500	118	250	868	500 00	36	42	36	34	8	1	1	73 16	10 00
Southport	540	150	-	225	375	360 00	36	17	14	17	-	1	-	60 00	-
South Portland	5,634	5,140	50	250	5,440	500 00	36	205	188	201	4	3	3	103 70	18 05
South Thomaston	545	600	-	242	842	360 00	36	23	14	23	-	1	-	65 00	-
Southwest Harbor	997	500	-	250	750	500 00	36	27	22	27	-	1	-	77 76	3 50
St. Agatha	750	250	-	250	500	500 00	40	32	28	28	4	-	3	-	6 25
St. Albans	450	150	-	125	275	300 00	30	32	27	32	-	-	2	-	10 00
St. George	1,071	850	-	250	1,100	500 00	36	30	25	30	-	1	-	75 00	11 00
Standish	1,080	750	6	250	1,006	500 00	36	28	22	27	1	1	1	70 00	12 50
Stonington	1,300	1,000	-	250	1,250	500 00	36	34	30	34	-	1	1	94 00	12 50
Strong	852	400	18	250	668	500 00	36	27	19	26	1	1	1	66 66	7 00
Sullivan	984	500	60	250	810	500 00	36	44	36	38	6	1	1	80 00	11 50
Thomaston	1,900	1,600	42	250	1,892	500 00	36	72	69	70	2	2	2	105 55	13 19
Topsham	1,306	1,000	-	250	1,250	500 00	36	71	45	71	-	1	1	111 10	10 00
Union	600	300	-	250	550	400 00	30	16	13	15	1	1	1	80 00	-
Unity	988	512	-	250	762	500 00	36	16	13	15	1	1	1	77 77	8 00
Vanceboro	750	650	6	250	906	500 00	35	13	13	12	1	1	-	87 50	-
Vinalhaven	960	900	7	250	1,037	500 00	36	48	47	47	1	1	1	80 00	12 00
Waldoboro	1,152	800	-	250	1,150	500 00	32	51	42	51	-	1	1	80 00	10 00
Warren	960	900	-	250	900	500 00	36	34	28	34	-	1	1	80 00	10 00
Washburn	1,080	650	-	250	1,040	500 00	36	35	21	33	2	1	1	80 00	10 00
Waterboro	1,080	750	40	250	1,222	500 00	33	29	20	29	-	1	-	60 00	-
Waterville	495	1,000	-	222	330	330 00	33	29	20	29	-	1	-	60 00	-
Waterville	6,598	7,000	115	250	7,365	500 00	36	211	196	203	8	2	6	111 11	15 80

Wayne.....	500	175	-	150	325	333 33	36	13	10	13	-	-	1	-	13 24
Webster.....	756	500	-	250	750	500 00	36	18	18	18	-	1	1	64 00	8 00
Weld.....	600	233	-	250	483	400 00	30	40	32	40	-	1	1	80 00	-
Wells.....	1,825	1,400	29	250	1,679	500 00	30	78	70	76	2	2	2	111 11	10 50
Westbrook.....	6,857	7,766	549	250	8,565	500 00	36	179	165	159	20	3	3	137 03	18 05
West Forks.....	450	166	20	165	351	300 00	36	7	5	4	3	2	2	50 00	-
Windham.....	1,400	1,000	24	250	1,274	500 00	36	43	36	39	4	1	1	94 44	12 00
Winterport.....	900	380	30	250	860	500 00	36	43	37	41	2	1	1	68 00	8 00
Winslow.....	1,778	1,500	-	250	1,750	500 00	36	36	32	36	-	2	2	100 00	15 00
Winter Harbor.....	450	400	-	71	471	300 00	30	38	28	32	6	1	1	60 00	-
Winthrop.....	1,500	1,519	18	250	1,787	500 00	36	38	35	37	1	1	1	111 11	13 89
Woodstock.....	974	500	44	250	794	500 00	36	27	23	22	5	1	1	72 66	9 00
Yarmouth.....	1,960	1,750	225	250	2,225	500 00	36	68	64	57	11	1	2	127 77	11 25
York.....	2,750	2,459	-	250	2,709	500 00	36	61	56	61	-	1	3	133 33	14 35
Total.....	\$353,540	\$318,937	\$17,273	\$40,322	\$376,532	\$80,854 81	6,121	11,686	10,157	10,577	1,109	216	336	\$91 06	\$12 03

APPENDIX.

TABLE No. X.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Enrollment by Classes and Courses in Free High Schools for the Year Ending July 1, 1910.

TOWNS.	FIRST YEAR.		SECOND YEAR.		THIRD YEAR.		FOURTH YEAR.		SPECIAL CLASSES.		TOTAL ENROLLMENT.		*ENGLISH COURSE.		†COLLEGE PREPARATORY.		COMMER- CIAL.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Abbot	1	2	5	7	-	-	1	2	-	-	7	11	6	6	1	5	-	-
Addison	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	-	-	-	-
Albion	2	5	5	1	-	5	-	3	-	-	12	9	7	7	-	-	-	-
Alfred	5	8	6	7	-	-	2	4	-	-	13	19	7	7	6	18	-	-
Andover	1	-	2	2	2	6	2	6	-	-	6	14	6	14	-	-	-	-
Ashland	3	4	4	14	1	1	2	4	-	-	10	23	8	21	2	2	-	-
Auburn	64	70	34	47	31	30	22	42	-	-	151	189	46	18	53	84	44	95
Augusta	26	19	19	33	26	24	49	55	-	-	120	131	31	57	55	28	35	46
Bangor	92	134	74	83	56	99	31	77	-	-	253	393	43	73	166	177	41	141
Baring	5	1	5	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	11	9	11	9	-	-	-	-
Bath	56	66	21	53	23	39	13	23	-	-	113	186	37	67	39	65	37	54
Belfast	20	10	14	19	4	9	8	13	-	-	46	51	20	26	26	25	-	-
Belgrade	4	7	3	3	1	4	1	2	-	-	9	16	1	4	8	12	-	-
Berwick	8	18	6	7	2	8	-	7	-	-	16	40	8	16	8	24	-	-
Biddeford	12	19	18	16	8	23	23	27	-	-	61	85	35	41	26	44	-	-
Bingham	3	2	2	9	1	2	4	1	-	-	10	14	2	7	4	10	-	-
Boothbay	8	23	4	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	34	4	6	8	28	-	-
Boothbay Harbor	10	14	3	5	1	8	-	4	-	-	14	31	7	15	14	9	-	-
Bowdoinham	10	6	4	11	3	4	10	4	-	-	27	25	20	8	7	17	-	-
Bradford	10	8	4	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	16	14	16	-	-	-	-
Brewer	18	23	15	25	7	20	5	7	-	-	45	75	21	33	19	26	5	16

Bridgton	7	9	8	15	6	11	6	10	-	-	27	45	16	27	11	18	-	-
Bristol	9	11	5	5	2	2	1	1	-	-	17	19	15	19	2	-	-	-
Brooks	1	3	2	4	2	5	-	-	-	-	5	12	3	6	-	-	-	-
Brooklin	9	8	6	4	3	4	-	-	-	-	18	16	10	10	8	6	-	-
Brownfield	-	3	1	-	-	3	4	2	5	1	10	9	10	9	-	-	-	-
Brownville	5	17	7	7	4	6	3	8	-	-	19	38	14	13	5	25	-	-
Brunswick	21	13	12	10	16	12	7	13	-	-	55	48	54	48	-	-	-	-
Buckfield	9	6	5	9	5	7	2	8	-	-	21	30	15	18	6	12	-	-
Buxton	3	6	4	7	10	10	2	3	-	-	19	26	13	16	6	10	-	-
Calais	27	33	19	32	9	25	6	8	-	-	61	98	29	40	32	58	-	-
Camden	20	17	13	16	15	11	14	12	-	-	62	56	15	16	20	15	27	25
Canaan	1	6	-	2	-	-	-	5	-	-	1	13	1	6	-	7	-	-
Canton	-	-	9	4	2	5	-	-	-	-	11	9	11	9	-	-	-	-
Cape Elizabeth	2	3	2	6	4	-	4	5	-	-	12	14	13	9	2	7	-	-
Caratunk	2	-	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	4	6	-	-	-	-
Carthage	5	1	4	6	9	5	-	5	-	-	18	12	18	12	-	-	-	-
Caribou	14	39	12	19	8	20	5	21	-	-	39	99	11	38	27	49	1	12
Castine	4	4	4	1	5	5	8	14	-	-	21	24	8	11	15	11	-	-
Clinton	3	11	2	9	2	4	2	7	-	-	9	31	5	23	4	9	-	-
Columbia Falls	7	11	2	7	2	3	-	-	-	-	11	21	6	2	5	19	-	-
Cornish	5	7	4	7	2	6	1	1	-	-	12	21	8	5	4	16	-	-
Cumberland (Che- beague Island)	-	7	3	5	-	3	1	2	-	-	4	17	4	17	-	-	-	-
Danforth	16	16	3	9	4	8	2	5	-	-	25	33	14	19	5	13	-	-
Deer Isle	7	4	10	13	4	7	7	3	-	-	23	27	15	15	13	12	-	-
Denmark	3	4	2	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	5	10	5	10	-	-	-	-
Dennysville	5	10	5	2	-	-	2	3	-	-	12	15	12	15	-	-	-	-
Dexter	8	11	12	10	19	9	15	22	-	-	54	52	34	27	20	25	-	-
Dixfield	3	3	4	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	7	10	2	6	5	4	-	-
East Livermore	10	17	11	9	11	18	4	9	-	-	36	53	25	31	11	22	-	-
East Millinocket	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6	-	-	3	3	2	3
Easton	4	9	3	1	7	3	2	2	2	-	18	15	1	9	5	5	4	4
Eastport	8	18	9	17	8	15	5	10	-	-	30	60	2	3	12	35	16	22
Eden	30	21	22	25	14	17	5	11	1	1	72	75	10	7	37	43	23	25
Elliot	10	10	5	6	-	4	4	4	-	-	19	24	19	24	-	-	-	-
Ellsworth	14	16	10	15	4	10	8	11	-	-	35	52	17	18	19	34	-	-
Eustis	2	5	3	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	7	13	5	12	-	-	2	1
Exeter	4	4	7	5	3	-	1	2	-	-	15	11	14	9	1	2	-	-
Fairfield	8	13	14	14	-	-	9	13	-	-	24	40	10	5	14	20	1	14
Farmington	22	29	12	30	11	20	9	14	-	-	54	93	25	27	32	63	-	-
Flagstaff	-	1	2	4	-	-	2	1	-	-	4	8	4	8	-	-	-	-
Fort Fairfield	6	15	5	22	4	5	4	5	-	-	19	47	10	31	8	12	-	4

* Includes courses designated as English Scientific and General.

† Includes courses designated as Latin Scientific and Classical.

Showing Enrollment by Classes and Courses—Continued.

Towns.	FIRST YEAR.		SECOND YEAR.		THIRD YEAR.		FOURTH YEAR.		SPECIAL CLASSES.		TOTAL ENROLLMENT.		*ENGLISH COURSE.		†COLLEGE PREPARATORY.		COMMER-CIAL.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
	Frankfort	3	4	1	1	1	6	5	-	-	-	10	11	6	1	4	10	-
Franklin	6	10	2	14	5	11	-	1	-	-	10	36	10	21	4	15	-	-
Freeport	6	12	4	12	2	7	-	5	-	-	20	36	10	8	13	25	-	-
Gardiner	29	35	8	22	13	13	3	14	-	-	53	84	17	2	29	50	7	32
Garland	3	3	5	3	3	1	-	5	-	-	15	12	14	12	-	-	-	-
Gorham	11	5	5	14	9	11	4	4	-	-	29	39	13	23	16	16	-	-
Gray	7	10	6	11	4	12	1	1	-	-	18	35	11	23	5	14	-	-
Greenville	5	7	5	5	4	4	-	2	-	-	14	21	12	14	5	4	-	-
Gulford	9	8	7	7	4	11	2	12	-	-	22	38	21	17	16	20	-	-
Hallowell	12	16	10	9	14	11	9	7	-	-	45	43	26	26	9	17	-	-
Harmony	7	7	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	9	4	9	3	20	-	-
Hartland	7	13	9	5	3	7	2	2	-	-	21	27	10	14	12	12	-	-
Hollis	2	3	6	6	4	8	4	3	-	-	16	20	16	20	14	41	-	-
Houlton	12	17	21	10	5	13	10	10	-	-	48	50	17	14	7	86	-	-
Island Falls	8	13	4	9	1	2	5	4	-	-	18	28	11	12	7	16	-	-
Islesboro	5	6	3	3	3	5	2	7	-	-	10	21	6	4	4	15	-	-
Jackson	-	1	3	4	-	3	-	2	-	-	3	10	3	3	4	3	-	-
Jay	16	3	4	4	4	2	3	3	-	-	27	12	14	6	12	7	-	-
Jonesboro	10	15	15	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	27	25	27	10	3	-	-
Jonesport	10	15	3	8	10	5	4	6	-	-	27	34	23	10	2	22	-	-
Kennebunk	10	17	18	18	9	7	6	8	-	-	43	50	32	32	11	18	-	-
Kennebunkport	8	5	3	9	2	10	-	8	-	-	13	24	7	15	6	9	-	-
Kingfield	6	5	5	12	-	2	2	-	-	-	13	9	5	5	8	8	-	-
Kingman	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	7	4	3	3	5	-	-
Lewiston	58	49	41	42	33	34	13	25	-	-	145	150	223	25	90	75	30	52
Liberty	7	7	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	11	9	11	-	-	-	-
Limestone	2	1	9	7	3	4	1	4	-	-	15	16	3	2	12	14	-	-

Lisbon.....	14	20	* 10	10	5	10	15	6	-	-	44	46	25	20	19	26	-	-
Lubec.....	14	11	11	7	7	6	2	6	-	-	28	30	11	12	17	18	-	-
Machias.....	11	21	4	9	4	8	-	6	-	-	19	44	6	24	13	20	-	-
Madison.....	13	12	3	16	4	14	10	14	-	-	30	56	9	21	11	17	10	18
Mattawamkeag.....	4	3	-	1	3	4	-	3	-	-	7	8	-	-	2	2	5	6
Mechanic Falls.....	1	15	7	6	4	8	3	10	1	-	16	39	10	18	7	20	-	-
Mexico.....	9	1	5	7	6	5	1	1	-	-	21	14	7	7	14	7	-	-
Milbridge.....	6	15	3	12	8	3	3	-	-	-	20	30	12	10	8	20	-	-
Millinocket.....	6	12	1	2	1	1	4	5	-	-	12	20	1	2	4	8	-	-
Milo.....	7	20	12	11	10	7	11	13	-	-	40	51	10	8	11	19	7	10
Monroe.....	7	7	6	5	4	4	3	4	-	-	19	18	19	18	19	19	19	24
Moose River.....	6	6	-	3	-	4	-	-	-	-	6	9	-	-	6	9	-	-
Mt. Desert.....	3	5	2	7	3	6	1	6	-	-	9	24	1	4	8	20	-	-
Mt. Vernon.....	8	14	-	-	5	5	5	5	-	-	18	24	8	4	10	20	-	-
New Gloucester.....	5	8	2	5	3	6	3	7	3	-	16	26	8	20	8	6	-	-
Newport.....	6	9	4	5	-	1	1	1	-	-	11	16	4	6	8	9	-	-
New Portland.....	6	13	8	12	11	13	-	5	-	-	25	43	19	19	8	22	-	-
New Sharon.....	7	6	8	6	5	13	-	-	2	-	20	27	13	13	7	14	-	-
Norridgewock.....	7	6	2	4	4	6	1	6	-	-	14	22	13	14	1	8	-	-
North Berwick.....	1	9	2	9	3	7	7	9	-	-	13	34	10	24	3	10	-	-
North Haven.....	-	-	5	6	-	-	4	4	-	-	9	10	5	7	4	3	-	-
Norway.....	12	18	17	20	6	18	12	24	-	-	47	80	35	35	12	45	-	-
Oakland.....	6	9	3	5	2	4	3	2	-	-	14	20	9	7	5	13	-	-
Old Orchard.....	2	4	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	5	3	2	3	3	-	-
Old Town.....	18	31	16	25	14	13	14	15	-	-	62	84	20	8	29	38	13	38
Orono.....	20	21	11	19	10	9	10	12	-	-	51	61	11	16	25	18	13	29
Oxford.....	12	10	-	3	4	1	2	2	-	-	16	16	10	5	6	11	-	-
Paris.....	22	14	6	11	4	8	8	8	-	-	40	41	30	18	10	23	-	-
Pembroke.....	13	12	-	2	4	8	4	4	-	-	21	26	21	24	1	1	-	-
Phillips.....	13	13	6	8	3	7	5	6	-	-	27	34	27	34	5	9	-	-
Plymouth.....	11	9	3	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	16	14	16	-	-	-	-
Porter.....	6	3	3	5	2	7	-	-	-	-	11	15	7	10	4	5	-	-
Portland.....	198	220	178	161	97	123	66	88	-	-	539	592	194	339	201	78	-	-
Presque Isle.....	25	33	12	17	14	18	8	6	-	-	59	74	24	37	29	28	6	9
Princeton.....	4	5	3	7	-	8	4	1	-	-	11	21	1	6	10	15	-	-
Rangeley.....	4	15	3	5	-	3	2	-	1	-	10	23	7	12	3	11	-	-
Reed Pl.....	2	9	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	10	2	10	-	-	-	-
Richmond.....	6	11	7	15	4	8	3	3	-	-	20	37	14	20	6	17	-	-
Rockland.....	33	47	25	35	15	37	16	28	-	-	89	147	58	91	31	56	-	-
Rockport.....	12	9	2	2	5	3	1	4	-	-	20	18	3	2	17	16	-	-

*Includes courses designated as English Scientific and General.

†Includes courses designated as Latin Scientific and Classical.

Showing Enrollment by Classes and Courses—Concluded.

TOWNS.	FIRST YEAR.		SECOND YEAR.		THIRD YEAR.		FOURTH YEAR.		SPECIAL CLASSES.		TOTAL ENROLLMENT.		*ENGLISH COURSE.		†COLLEGE PREPARATORY.		COMMER-CIAL.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
	Rumford.....	16	19	14	9	4	6	5	7	-	-	39	41	20	21	19	20	-
Sanford.....	3	14	7	6	5	15	11	11	-	-	26	46	8	2	5	18	13	26
Sangerville.....	5	4	5	8	2	1	4	1	-	-	16	14	12	2	4	12	-	-
Scarboro.....	4	6	2	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	8	14	8	14	-	-	-	-
Searsport.....	10	6	5	4	2	10	-	-	-	-	17	20	9	10	8	10	-	-
Shapleigh.....	7	8	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	12	11	12	-	-	-	-
Skowhegan.....	10	19	17	16	14	16	7	16	-	-	48	67	23	25	17	16	7	14
Solon.....	6	5	6	9	2	8	3	3	-	-	17	25	8	12	9	13	-	-
Southport.....	8	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	6	11	6	-	-	-	-
South Portland.....	43	32	21	33	17	23	11	25	-	-	92	113	88	117	39	61	18	19
South Thomaston.....	-	5	7	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	16	7	2	-	14	-	-
Southwest Harbor.....	-	-	13	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	14	13	11	-	3	-	-
St. Agatha.....	5	5	-	7	2	6	1	6	-	-	8	8	8	24	-	-	-	-
St. Albans.....	14	18	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	18	15	16	1	2	-	-
St. George.....	6	3	7	9	2	1	-	2	-	-	15	15	11	6	4	4	-	-
Standish.....	2	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	-	-	11	17	9	13	2	2	-	-
Stonington.....	8	4	3	1	-	8	3	3	-	-	19	25	11	19	1	6	-	-
Strong.....	5	6	4	3	-	-	3	4	-	-	16	11	9	4	7	7	-	-
Sullivan.....	6	8	7	5	5	4	5	4	-	-	23	21	20	16	3	5	-	-
Thomaston.....	7	17	3	5	5	8	5	13	-	-	23	49	12	27	11	22	-	-
Topsham.....	9	8	3	9	8	5	10	19	-	-	30	41	12	14	8	8	-	-
Union.....	7	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	7	-	-	9	7	-	-
Unity.....	4	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	3	1	5	7	-	-
Vanceboro.....	3	4	-	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	10	-	-	3	10	-	-
Vinalhaven.....	7	13	5	3	3	10	4	3	-	-	19	29	9	12	10	17	-	-
Waldoboro.....	6	12	6	9	1	9	1	7	-	-	14	37	10	20	3	9	1	8
Warren.....	6	5	5	9	3	1	2	3	-	-	16	18	8	6	7	13	-	-

Washburn.....	2	8	10	5	-	2	2	6	-	-	14	21	12	12	2	9	-	-
Waterboro.....	5	5	3	9	3	3	-	1	-	-	11	18	11	18	-	-	-	-
Waterville.....	57	48	19	27	9	24	11	16	-	-	96	115	8	4	50	54	38	57
Wayne.....	5	5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	8	5	-	-	8	5	-	-
Webster.....	6	2	2	4	-	-	2	2	-	-	10	8	4	6	6	2	-	-
Weld.....	6	7	6	8	4	4	3	2	-	-	19	21	19	21	-	-	-	-
Wells.....	6	15	17	15	6	8	6	5	-	-	35	43	25	30	10	13	-	-
Westbrook.....	35	28	22	32	10	19	14	15	1	3	82	92	42	47	40	50	-	-
West Forks.....	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	5	2	5	-	-	-	-
Windham.....	3	5	7	10	4	4	5	5	-	-	19	24	13	14	6	10	-	-
Winterport.....	2	9	7	5	3	3	11	3	-	-	23	20	4	12	12	15	-	-
Winslow.....	12	8	3	3	1	6	9	4	-	-	15	21	8	8	7	13	-	-
Winter Harbor.....	2	9	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	23	15	23	-	-	-	-
Winthrop.....	19	11	4	4	4	3	-	3	-	-	17	21	3	5	14	16	-	-
Woodstock.....	10	8	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	14	13	10	8	4	5	-	-
Yarmouth.....	10	7	5	8	10	12	6	10	-	-	31	37	19	29	8	12	-	-
York.....	5	11	9	8	5	7	3	3	-	-	32	29	17	2	15	27	-	-
Total.....	1,907	2,303	1,373	1,824	915	1,395	781	1,172	14	10	4,490	6,704	2,436	3,050	2,007	2,732	429	804

*Includes courses designated as English Scientific and General.

†Includes courses designated as Latin Scientific and Classical.

TABLE No. XI.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Amounts Expended by Towns Contracting with Academies and Attendance of Resident Pupils for the Year Ending July 1, 1910.

TOWNS.	NAME OF ACADEMY WITH WHICH CONTRACT IS MADE.	Amount expended by town.	Amount provided by town.	Amount from State treasury during year July 1, 1909-10.	Total amount of resources.	Whole Number of Resident Pupils.		Average attendance resident pupils.	Enrollment Resident Pupils.				Amount of State aid payable for year ending July 1, 1910.
						Boys.	Girls.		First year.	Second year.	Third year.	Fourth year.	
Anson	Anson Academy	\$750	\$250	\$250	\$500	14	14	25	10	8	3	7	\$500
Athens	Somerset Academy	750	250	250	500	12	16	24	5	11	7	5	500
Bluehill	Bluehill-George Stevens Academy	500	250	250	500	20	31	38	18	15	10	8	333
Bridgewater	Bridgewater Classical Academy	788	750	250	1,000	10	24	31	11	9	8	6	500
Bucksport	East Maine Conference Seminary	1,792	1,400	250	1,650	22	38	59	18	16	19	7	500
Calais	Calais Academy	4,030	3,672	250	3,922	56	90	135	56	48	30	12	500
Cherryfield	Cherryfield Academy	933	683	250	933	18	32	45	18	11	14	7	500
China	Erskine Academy	375	125	250	375	6	6	14	7	3	4	4	250
Corinna	Corinna Union Academy	750	850	250	1,100	8	22	27	17	3	-	-	500
Corinth	East Corinth Academy	900	900	250	1,150	16	13	22	4	7	11	4	500
East Machias	Washington Academy	750	500	250	750	20	25	42	14	10	12	9	500
Foxcroft	Foxcroft Academy	1,500	1,250	250	1,500	26	26	39	10	9	20	13	500
Freedom	Freedom Academy	500	250	250	500	11	13	21	9	6	3	6	333
Hampden	Hampden Academy	750	500	250	750	31	59	75	44	21	10	15	500
Kittery	Trail Academy	1,500	1,500	250	1,750	31	37	58	27	16	12	13	500
Limington	Limington Academy	750	250	250	500	18	16	31	7	12	6	9	500
Limerick	Limerick Academy	750	500	250	750	13	16	21	-	6	10	13	500

Lincoln	Mattanawcook Academy.....	1,300	800	250	1,050	26	46	42	21	23	14	14	500
Litchfield.....	Litchfield Academy.....	545	200	176	376	16	22	33	13	12	5	8	363
Mars Hill.....	Aroostook Central Institute.....	1,175	750	250	1,000	16	29	41	23	12	7	3	500
Monmouth.....	Monmouth Academy.....	750	500	250	750	15	24	30	10	11	12	6	500
Monson.....	Monson Academy.....	1,360	800	250	1,050	18	20	32	12	13	6	7	500
Parsonsfield.....	Parsonsfield Seminary.....	875	375	250	625	10	19	27	5	3	17	4	500
Patten.....	Patten Academy.....	1,550	1,300	250	1,550	41	40	90	23	25	21	12	500
Pittsfield.....	Maine Central Institute.....	1,464	1,050	250	1,300	27	40	61	22	29	10	6	500
Saco.....	Thornton Academy.....	2,965	2,900	250	3,150	60	62	117	41	35	17	29	500
South Berwick.....	Berwick Academy.....	2,506	1,550	250	1,800	34	36	69	23	16	21	10	500
Springfield.....	Springfield Normal School.....	450	450	250	700	9	15	22	10	5	3	6	300
Turner.....	Leavitt Institute.....	1,000	2,800	250	3,050	22	22	40	14	11	10	9	500
Vassalboro.....	Oak Grove Seminary.....	783	350	250	600	16	15	26	13	8	6	4	500
Wilton.....	Wilton Academy.....	2,000	1,500	250	1,750	27	35	57	22	14	13	13	500
Wiscasset.....	Wiscasset Academy.....	750	500	250	750	12	29	41	11	18	7	5	500
Total.....		\$37,541	\$29,705	\$7,926	\$37,631	687	932	1,435	538	445	362	274	\$15,079

TABLE No. XII.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Payments Made by Towns not Supporting Approved
Free High Schools for the Tuition of Pupils for the Year
Ending July 1, 1910. *

TOWNS.	Whole amount expended.	Amount payable from State Treasury.	NUMBER OF PUPILS IN				Whole number of pupils.
			First year.	Second year.	Third year.	Fourth year.	
Alna.....	\$261 60	\$174 40	- 4	- 3	1	1	9
Argyle.....	81 00	54 00	-	-	-	1	3
Atkinson.....	310 50	207 00	2	8	3	3	16
Avon.....	50 25	33 50	2	-	-	-	2
Benton.....	524 00	349 34	10	11	1	4	26
Bethel.....	1,607 50	500 00	13	19	21	13	66
Blanchard.....	48 00	32 00	-	2	-	-	2
Boothbay.....	54 50	36 34	-	-	-	3	3
Bowdoin.....	347 33	231 55	9	5	1	5	20
Bradley.....	210 00	140 00	2	1	3	-	7
Bremen.....	51 60	34 40	-	1	1	-	2
Brighton Pl.....	51 00	34 00	-	-	2	-	2
Brookton.....	12 00	8 00	1	-	-	-	1
Brownfield.....	120 00	80 00	-	2	2	-	4
Cambridge.....	78 00	52 00	-	-	1	2	3
Canaan.....	9 00	6 00	-	-	1	-	1
Canton.....	21 00	14 00	-	-	1	-	1
Carmel.....	148 50	99 00	4	2	1	1	8
Charleston.....	702 50	468 34	11	5	6	5	27
Chelsea.....	280 00	186 67	6	3	-	1	10
Chester.....	9 00	6 00	-	1	-	-	1
Coplin Pl.....	42 00	28 00	-	1	-	-	1
Crystal.....	124 88	82 92	1	3	-	-	7
Dallas Pl.....	100 00	66 67	3	1	-	2	4
Dayton.....	78 60	52 40	2	3	-	-	5
Denmark.....	211 00	140 67	3	4	1	-	8
Detroit.....	53 00	35 34	4	1	-	1	6
Dyer Brook.....	30 00	20 00	1	-	-	-	1
Edgecomb.....	204 80	136 54	5	5	2	2	14
Emblen.....	97 50	65 00	1	-	1	3	5
Enfield.....	284 00	189 34	3	6	2	2	13
Etna.....	157 90	105 27	1	4	1	-	6
Farmingdale.....	372 50	248 34	9	3	1	3	16
Fayette.....	203 00	135 34	2	2	3	1	8
Fryeburg.....	985 00	500 00	20	6	4	8	38
Gilead.....	54 00	36 00	1	1	-	-	2
Glenburn.....	90 00	60 00	1	2	-	-	3
Gouldsboro.....	73 00	48 67	2	1	-	2	5
Greene.....	518 23	345 48	14	6	3	4	27
Greenwood.....	172 00	114 67	7	1	2	-	10
Hamlin Pl.....	30 00	20 00	-	-	1	-	1
Harmony.....	122 00	81 34	1	1	3	-	5
Harrington.....	124 40	82 94	1	2	-	1	6
Harrison.....	486 00	324 00	7	3	3	6	19
Hartford.....	90 00	60 00	1	2	1	2	6
Hebron.....	320 00	213 34	5	2	2	2	11
Hodgdon.....	451 50	301 00	8	7	1	-	16
Holden.....	154 00	106 00	6	1	1	-	8
Hurricane Isle.....	59 50	39 67	2	1	-	-	3
Isle au Haut.....	73 50	49 00	2	1	-	-	3
Jackman.....	274 50	183 00	7	1	1	1	10
Lakeville Pl.....	3 00	2 00	1	-	-	-	1
Leeds.....	409 50	273 00	6	9	3	3	21
Levant.....	72 00	48 00	-	1	-	-	3
Lincolnton.....	324 75	216 50	10	1	1	1	13
Linnets.....	301 50	201 00	5	4	-	1	11
Littleton.....	375 25	250 17	7	4	-	2	13

Tuition of Pupils in Secondary Schools—Concluded.

TOWNS.	Whole amount expended.	Amount payable from State Treasury.	NUMBER OF PUPILS IN				Whole number of pupils.
			First year.	Second year.	Third year.	Fourth year.	
Lovell	\$314 00	\$209 34	8	3	2	-	13
Ludlow	105 50	70 34	3	1	1	-	6
Machiasport	166 00	110 67	2	2	3	1	9
Macwahoc Pl.	19 50	13 00	-	1	-	-	2
Madrid	42 50	28 34	1	1	-	1	2
Marshfield	10 84	7 22	2	2	-	-	4
Masardis	145 56	97 04	2	2	3	-	7
Milford	492 50	328 34	7	5	3	4	19
Milton	78 00	52 00	4	-	1	-	5
Minot	220 00	146 67	3	3	1	1	8
Monticello	363 25	242 16	4	4	6	1	15
Morrill	90 50	60 34	-	1	1	2	4
Newcastle	994 60	500 00	13	8	8	9	38
New Portland	135 00	90 00	1	2	-	3	6
New Sweden	189 00	126 00	2	3	2	-	7
New Vineyard	96 25	64 17	-	2	1	1	4
Nobleboro	481 60	321 07	9	3	3	3	18
Northport	129 75	86 50	2	1	1	2	6
Oriand	374 00	249 34	7	2	-	5	14
Otis	10 00	6 67	1	-	-	-	1
Palmyra	483 50	322 34	10	-	3	7	20
Parkman	122 50	81 67	2	1	4	1	8
Pembroke	30 00	20 00	-	-	1	-	1
Perham	25 00	16 67	1	1	-	-	2
Peru	162 00	108 00	1	4	3	-	8
Randolph	396 00	264 00	4	5	1	1	11
Raymond	114 35	76 24	4	1	1	-	6
Ripley	64 00	42 67	1	1	1	-	3
Robbinston	192 00	128 00	4	5	-	1	10
Salem	27 00	18 00	2	-	-	-	2
Sebec	372 00	248 00	7	9	1	-	17
Searsmont	70 00	46 67	3	-	-	-	3
Sherman	178 22	118 81	7	5	4	6	22
Sidney	362 00	241 33	3	6	4	-	13
Smithfield	162 00	108 00	3	3	1	4	8
Smyrna	178 28	118 85	4	2	2	1	7
Sorrento	67 13	44 75	-	1	2	-	3
Stacyville	107 77	71 84	2	2	1	2	7
Starks	64 50	43 00	2	2	2	-	6
Sumner	264 00	176 00	5	3	4	2	14
Sweden	30 00	20 00	-	-	1	-	1
Trenton	28 00	18 67	-	-	-	1	1
Troy	138 00	92 00	-	2	1	2	5
Unity Pl.	24 00	16 00	-	-	-	1	1
Upton	78 00	52 00	-	-	1	2	3
Veazie	425 00	283 34	5	6	2	3	16
Verona	150 00	100 00	1	-	2	2	5
Wade Pl.	18 00	12 00	1	-	-	-	1
Wales	245 70	163 80	6	5	-	1	12
Washington	30 00	20 00	-	1	-	2	3
Wayne	97 00	64 66	-	-	2	2	4
Waterford	464 25	309 50	5	4	2	7	18
Wellington	27 00	18 00	-	-	-	1	1
Westmanland Pl.	27 00	18 00	-	1	-	-	1
Westport	60 00	40 00	-	-	1	1	2
Whitneyville	15 00	10 00	-	-	1	-	1
Williamsburg	54 00	36 00	1	1	1	1	4
Windsor	226 00	150 67	10	2	1	4	17
Winn	137 00	45 67	7	2	3	-	12
Woodland	327 00	218 00	6	1	3	1	13
Woolwich	477 80	318 54	8	3	5	4	18
Total	\$23,478 94	\$14,719 05	399	276	182	184	1,041

*This list includes towns making application on this account previous to September 1, 1910.

TABLE No. XIII.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing General Statistics of Academies for the Year Ending July 1, 1910.

NAMES.	LOCATION.	Date of incorporation.	Date of establishment.	Number of weeks.	Total registration.	Total average attendance.	Average attendance English Course.	Average attendance College Preparatory Course.	Average attendance Teachers' Training Course.	Number pursuing secondary school studies.	Average number pursuing secondary school studies.	Number resident pupils pursuing secondary school studies.	Number non-resident pupils pursuing secondary school studies.	Number of male teachers employed.	Number of female teachers employed.	Average wages of male teachers per month.	Average wages of female teachers per week.
Anson Academy.....	Anson.....	1823	1823	36	36	31	25	5	-	36	24	24	12	1	2	\$96 16	\$11 55
Aroostook Central Institute.....	Mars Hill.....	1906	1906	36	77	72	44	30	-	77	74	45	32	1	2	122 22	13 50
Berwick Academy.....	South Berwick.....	1791	1791	37	94	76	67	19	-	94	37	76	18	2	2	100 00	15 54
Bluehill-George Stevens Academy.....	Bluehill.....	1898	1898	36	72	50	34	20	-	72	50	50	22	1	2	100 00	12 50
Bridge Academy.....	Dresden.....	1891	1891	36	34	32	10	10	-	28	26	17	11	1	1	116 66	13 88
Bridgewater Classical Academy.....	Bridgewater.....	1906	1901	36	37	34	22	12	1	37	37	34	3	1	1	66 66	10 00
Bridgton Academy.....	Bridgton.....	1808	1808	36	98	83	39	44	-	90	77	7	83	2	3	83 33	14 58
Calais Academy.....	Calais.....	1850	1850	36	135	120	40	80	-	135	120	128	7	1	4	76 38	13 46
Cherryfield Academy.....	Cherryfield.....	1829	1829	36	58	52	27	25	-	58	52	50	8	1	2	100 00	9 05
Coburn Classical Institute.....	Waterville.....	1842	1829	35	135	120	-	120	-	135	120	50	85	3	5	125 92	14 74
Corinna Union Academy.....	Corinna.....	1852	1851	36	44	40	25	19	-	44	44	33	11	1	2	83 33	12 55
East Corinth Academy.....	Corinth.....	1840	1843	36	41	34	25	9	-	41	34	29	12	1	2	88 88	10 00
East Maine Conference Seminary.....	Bucksport.....	1848	1848	37	138	120	16	70	-	131	131	59	72	5	4	80 00	9 12
Erskine Academy.....	China.....	1883	1891	36	37	28	18	10	-	34	27	16	18	1	1	68 00	13 00
Foxcroft Academy.....	Foxcroft.....	1823	1822	36	158	123	72	50	-	158	128	128	61	2	4	52 04	19 09
Freedom Academy.....	Freedom.....	1836	1836	36	75	63	30	21	16	75	63	25	50	1	2	105 55	10 90
Fryeburg Academy.....	Fryeburg.....	1792	1792	38	122	108	71	37	-	122	108	33	89	3	6	94 44	13 15
Gould's Academy.....	Bethel.....	1836	1836	36	125	112	38	37	37	125	112	66	59	2	4	125 00	10 41
Greeley Institute.....	Cumberland.....			36	39	35	20	16	-	39	35	30	9	1	1	111 11	12 00

Hampden Academy.....	Hampden	1803	1800	36	104	80	42	19	15	101	77	89	12	1	3	122	22	12	8
Hebron Academy.....	Hebron	1804	1837	38	232	196	116	104	-	99	99	12	87	6	5	-	-	-	-
Higgins Classical Institute.....	Charleston.....	1891	1837	36	106	86	56	30	-	100	83	34	66	3	3	79	63	13	19
Lee Normal Academy.....	Lee	1845	1845	36	80	61	11	5	11	30	27	21	9	1	3	94	44	11	66
Limerick Academy.....	Limerick.....	1808	1808	36	43	29	26	6	-	13	11	13	-	1	1	88	88	10	00
Limington Academy.....	Limington.....	1848	1848	36	40	34	24	10	-	40	34	34	6	2	-	69	44	-	-
Lincoln Academy.....	Newcastle.....	1801	1805	38	127	110	34	45	15	127	110	35	92	1	4	161	11	13	48
Leavitt Institute.....	Turner	1901	1897	37	75	66	40	29	-	75	66	49	26	2	2	108	33	14	86
Litchfield Academy.....	Litchfield.....	1845	1839	36	39	38	38	-	-	39	38	27	12	1	2	77	77	10	41
Maine Central Institute.....	Pittsfield.....	1866	1866	37	197	170	76	65	25	194	169	60	134	2	8	133	33	13	51
Maine Wesleyan Seminary.....	Readfield.....	1821	1821	38	186	149	-	115	-	120	120	25	95	6	8	119	07	13	46
Mattanawcook Academy.....	Lincoln.....	1847	1847	36	96	63	22	20	22	96	63	72	24	1	3	100	00	13	00
Monmouth Academy.....	Monmouth.....	1809	1803	36	58	46	40	6	-	58	46	39	19	1	1	111	11	38	88
Monson Academy.....	Monson.....	1847	1847	36	45	34	13	26	-	45	39	38	7	1	1	111	11	10	00
North Yarmouth Academy.....	Yarmouth.....	1814	1814	37	85	74	50	24	-	85	74	6	79	3	1	88	81	10	81
Oak Grove Seminary.....	Vassalboro.....	1854	1849	36	80	75	43	22	-	78	75	31	47	3	5	75	00	13	36
Parsonsfield Seminary.....	Parsonsfield.....	1893	1892	38	45	39	39	6	6	45	45	30	15	2	5	97	22	12	17
Patten Academy.....	Patten.....	1847	1847	36	91	90	34	54	-	91	90	67	24	1	3	100	00	11	00
Pennell Institute.....	Gray.....	1886	1886	35	68	59	34	28	-	44	40	38	6	1	2	122	22	11	42
Ricker Classical Institute.....	Houlton.....	1847	1848	38	146	120	25	93	17	135	115	20	115	3	4	85	18	14	03
Somerset Academy.....	Athens	1846	1846	36	29	24	15	5	-	29	24	24	5	1	1	88	88	12	00
Springfield Normal School.....	Springfield.....	1901	1885	36	54	38	31	6	11	54	50	22	32	1	3	66	66	11	25
Thornton Academy.....	Saco.....	1811	1813	37	147	141	59	68	-	147	132	122	25	3	8	144	44	14	35
Trail Academy.....	Kittery.....	1900	1905	38	72	61	47	21	-	72	61	68	4	1	2	111	11	13	16
Washington Academy.....	East Machias.....	1792	1792	38	62	56	30	26	-	62	56	45	17	2	2	116	66	13	15
Wilton Academy.....	Wilton.....	1866	1867	36	86	83	52	31	-	86	83	62	24	2	2	99	16	18	00
Wiscasset Academy.....	Wiscasset.....	1899	1899	36	50	45	28	15	-	50	45	41	9	1	3	80	00	9	17
Total.....	.....	.....	.....	1676	3998	3,399	1,648	1,513	176	3,646	3,166	1,957	1,689	84	135	899	53	813	02

APPENDIX.

TABLE No. XIV.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Permanent Assets, Current Income and Expenditures of Academics for the Year Ending July 1, 1910.

NAMES.	ASSETS—PERMANENT.				INCOME—CURRENT.							
	Endowment.	Grounds and buildings.	Other property.	Total.	Invested funds.	Town appropriation.	State appropriation.	Tuition.	Fees.	Gifts.	Other sources.	Total.
Anson Academy	\$4,500	\$2,500	-	\$7,000	\$349	\$750	\$500	\$115	-	-	\$718	\$2,432
Aroostook Central Institute.....	-	30,000	-	30,000	-	1,175	800	1,040	-	-	-	3,015
Berwick Academy.....	42,055	70,000	-	112,055	1,999	3,286	-	606	-	\$1,000	8,547	15,438
Bluehill-George Stevens Academy.....	14,000	5,000	\$175	19,175	700	500	500	120	-	-	-	1,820
Bridge Academy.....	60,000	15,000	500	75,500	2,231	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,231
Bridgewater Classical Academy.....	-	8,000	200	8,200	-	788	500	10	-	-	500	1,798
Bridgton Academy.....	15,800	23,000	8,000	46,800	862	-	750	1,600	-	1,051	734	4,997
Calais Academy.....	4,974	10,000	-	14,974	177	2,785	750	289	-	-	-	4,001
Cherryfield Academy.....	3,000	10,000	462	13,462	120	933	500	118	-	-	820	2,491
Coburn Classical Institute.....	36,175	65,000	13,400	114,575	1,674	-	500	3,956	\$248	4,510	5,191	16,079
Corinna Union Academy.....	500	2,500	-	3,000	28	750	500	60	-	-	250	1,588
East Corinth Academy.....	5,000	4,500	-	9,500	175	900	500	-	-	534	150	2,259
East Maine Conference Seminary.....	56,017	23,500	26,472	105,989	1,404	-	750	4,585	-	613	2,214	9,566
Erskine Academy.....	8,000	4,000	500	12,500	800	-	375	500	-	-	-	1,275
Foxcroft Academy.....	-	20,000	1,000	21,000	-	1,500	750	1,500	-	-	845	4,655
Freedom Academy.....	-	3,500	500	4,000	-	500	500	1,004	-	-	-	2,004
Fryeburg Academy.....	-	10,400	4,700	15,100	115	-	750	3,573	-	576	171	5,185
Gould's Academy.....	1,000	21,000	6,000	28,000	95	-	1,000	2,650	-	220	-	3,965
Greeley Institute.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden Academy.....	10,800	5,000	500	16,300	548	1,250	1,000	200	-	300	-	3,298
Hebron Academy.....	210,228	185,000	2,200	397,428	9,754	-	-	5,768	-	-	31,989	47,511
Higgins Classical Institute.....	19,000	130,000	1,800	150,800	588	-	750	1,829	1,336	906	155	5,564

Lee Normal Academy.....	-	3,500	3,200	6,700	-	-	1,000	920	-	14	1,954	3,888
Limerick Academy.....	1,000	3,500	-	4,500	50	750	500	-	-	-	36	1,336
Limington Academy.....	-	3,000	800	3,800	-	850	500	-	-	269	50	1,669
Lincoln Academy.....	12,728	8,500	1,000	22,228	770	-	1,000	3,347	8	-	-	5,125
Leavitt Institute.....	72,000	25,000	-	97,000	2,800	1,000	500	250	-	-	-	4,550
Litchfield Academy.....	150	2,000	850	3,000	-	-	500	585	-	35	104	1,224
Maine Central Institute.....	18,559	48,000	600	67,159	989	1,492	1,000	2,622	295	-	673	7,071
Maine Wesleyan Seminary.....	190,000	200,000	22,000	412,000	8,585	-	-	7,081	725	-	777	17,068
Mattanawcook Academy.....	2,200	2,000	-	4,200	132	1,150	500	250	-	-	1,209	3,241
Monmouth Academy.....	3,200	3,000	500	6,700	117	750	500	250	-	8	-	1,625
Monson Academy.....	3,925	3,000	175	7,100	157	900	500	-	-	-	50	1,607
North Yarmouth Academy.....	12,700	13,800	2,100	28,600	493	-	750	2,110	-	47	982	4,382
Oak Grove Seminary.....	18,000	33,750	6,250	58,000	910	783	750	1,846	-	1,200	9,108	14,597
Parsonfield Seminary.....	190,856	44,865	7,583	243,304	2,618	375	1,250	150	27	-	-	4,420
Patten Academy.....	7,200	1,000	400	8,600	364	1,550	750	145	-	-	256	3,065
Pennell Institute.....	31,670	17,000	800	49,470	1,600	762	-	113	-	-	-	2,475
Ricker Classical Institute.....	23,000	60,000	-	83,000	910	-	870	4,298	170	873	1,613	8,734
Somerset Academy.....	7,569	5,000	200	12,769	264	250	500	147	-	-	500	1,661
Springfield Normal School.....	750	2,000	100	2,850	-	450	750	184	29	24	449	1,886
Thornton Academy.....	146,233	75,000	-	221,233	11,940	2,440	-	740	-	-	4,000	19,120
Traip Academy.....	22,583	45,114	6,473	74,170	786	1,770	500	55	-	-	1,342	4,453
Washington Academy.....	47,249	10,000	2,000	59,249	2,377	750	-	452	-	-	143	3,722
Wilton Academy.....	-	21,000	650	21,650	-	2,000	750	621	-	-	-	3,371
Wiscasset Academy.....	-	8,994	500	9,494	-	500	500	418	-	-	59	1,477
Total.....	\$1,302,619	\$1,286,863	\$122,500	\$2,712,072	\$56,931	\$34,014	\$25,670	\$55,657	\$2,898	\$12,180	\$75,589	\$262,939

APPENDIX.

Permanent Assets, etc. of Academies,—Concluded.

NAMES.	EXPENDITURES—CURRENT.						Balance on hand July 1, 1910.	Deficiency.	Amount of State aid payable for year ending July 1, 1910.
	Teachers' salaries.	Janitors' services.	Books, appliances, etc.	Repairs.	Other purposes.	Total.			
Anson Academy.....	\$1,822	\$57	\$214	\$90	\$17	\$2,200	\$232		\$750
Aroostook Central Institute.....	2,232	180	340	65	182	2,999	16		750
Berwick Academy.....	2,950	550	-	4,173	1,425	9,098	6,340		
Bluehill-George Stevens Academy.....	1,800	135	75	75	260	2,345	-	\$525	500
Bridge Academy.....	1,450	100	118	27	267	1,962	269		
Bridgewater Classical Academy.....	960	164	265	50	-	1,439	359		500
Bridgton Academy.....	2,550	270	20	418	1,708	4,966	31		750
Calais Academy.....	4,030	198	250	25	-	4,503	-	502	750
Cherryfield Academy.....	1,552	81	-	24	372	2,029	462		500
Coburn Classical Institute.....	6,042	460	396	780	8,896	16,574	-	495	
Corinna Union Academy.....	1,207	38	-	-	190	1,435	153		500
East Corinth Academy.....	1,520	36	348	223	88	2,215	44		750
East Maine Conference Seminary.....	6,513	-	461	1,079	1,760	9,813	-	247	500
Erskine Academy.....	1,080	40	20	100	100	1,340	-	65	500
Foxcroft Academy.....	3,870	216	140	125	300	4,651	4		750
Freedom Academy.....	1,725	75	75	-	185	2,060	-	56	1,000
Fryeburg Academy.....	4,200	95	153	615	994	6,057	-	872	1,250
Gould's Academy.....	3,375	200	40	204	506	4,325	-	360	1,000
Greeley Institute.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden Academy.....	2,490	54	100	186	-	2,830	468		1,000
Hebron Academy.....	11,572	1,344	382	965	35,273	49,536	-	2,025	
Higgins Classical Institute.....	2,434	166	86	407	2,461	5,554	10		750
Lee Normal Academy.....	1,827	35	-	680	1,422	3,944	-	56	
Limerick Academy.....	1,160	75	-	69	250	1,554	-	218	

Limington Academy.....	1,250	-	317	54	-	1,621	48	-	500
Lincoln Academy.....	3,500	250	208	845	814	5,617	-	492	1,000
Leavitt Institute.....	3,400	350	200	-	-	3,950	600	-	250
Litchfield Academy.....	1,025	21	-	-	178	1,224	-	-	500
Maine Central Institute.....	4,976	350	447	377	894	7,044	27	-	1,000
Maine Wesleyan Seminary.....	10,976	211	842	1,650	3,876	17,555	-	487	-
Mattanawcook Academy.....	2,094	66	143	77	861	3,241	-	-	1,000
Monmouth Academy.....	1,350	38	69	26	76	1,559	66	-	500
Monson Academy.....	1,360	54	100	29	65	1,608	-	1	500
North Yarmouth Academy.....	2,550	125	69	91	1,547	4,382	-	-	750
Oak Grove Seminary.....	3,425	2,101	423	726	7,710	14,385	212	-	750
Parsonfield Seminary.....	3,735	389	296	-	-	4,420	-	-	750
Patten Academy.....	2,099	214	125	211	325	2,974	91	-	750
Pennell Institute.....	1,800	190	350	75	15	2,430	45	-	-
Ricker Classical Institute.....	3,900	525	-	1,351	2,873	8,649	85	-	1,000
Somerset Academy.....	1,232	36	68	81	106	1,523	138	-	500
Springfield Normal School.....	1,483	47	75	98	122	1,825	61	-	500
Thornton Academy.....	7,905	700	600	1,497	1,014	11,716	7,404	-	-
Traip Academy.....	2,004	525	149	844	1,202	4,724	-	271	750
Wilmington Academy.....	3,100	225	-	-	623	3,948	-	226	-
Wilton Academy.....	2,721	160	113	-	377	3,371	-	-	500
Wiscasset Academy.....	1,278	-	143	-	5	1,426	51	-	500
Total.....	\$135,524	\$11,146	\$8,220	\$18,392	\$79,339	\$252,621	\$17,216	\$6,898	\$24,750

APPENDIX.

TABLE No. XV.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.

Showing Enrollment by Courses in Academies for the Year Ending July 1, 1910.

NAMES.	English Course.		College Preparatory Course.		Teachers' Training Course.		Manual Training Course.		Domestic Science Course.		Agricultural Course.		Number graduated.		Number intending to enter Maine colleges.		Number intending to enter other colleges.		Number intending to enter technical schools.		Number intending to enter other institutions.		Number not intending to enter any higher institution of learning.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Anson Academy	10	17	2	5	-	-	18	18	-	-	1	-	2	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5
Aroostook Central Institute	19	28	13	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	17	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Berwick Academy	26	45	16	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	3
Bluehill-Geo. Stevens Academy	27	15	2	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	9	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Bridge Academy	7	8	10	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Bridgewater Classical Academy	7	17	4	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3
Bridgton Academy	26	21	28	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	6	10	1	2	1	-	1	-	1	1	1
Calais Academy	20	25	32	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	4
Cherryfield Academy	15	17	6	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	3	13	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Coburn Classical Institute	1	-	65	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	17	13	12	1	1	-	-	-	3	1	1
Corinna Union Academy	7	18	5	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
East Corinth Academy	17	14	3	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
East Maine Conference Seminary	6	10	28	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	12	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	8	8
Erskine Academy	10	9	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	3
Foxcroft Academy	35	55	41	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	10	8	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	3
Freedom Academy	29	15	6	16	-	2	14	-	-	-	-	-	13	9	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
Fryeburg Academy	43	41	13	26	-	-	27	26	-	-	-	-	11	11	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	3
Gould's Academy	28	20	29	9	5	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	12	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	5
Greeley Institute	9	14	5	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	6

Hampden Academy	28	37	9	12	1	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	10	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
Hebron Academy	87	29	77	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	13	19	4	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	3
Higgins Classical Institute	42	32	19	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	9	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Lee Normal Academy	9	3	5	1	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Limerick Academy	19	13	2	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Limington Academy	11	19	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lincoln Academy	18	20	20	31	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	4	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	3	2	-	5
Leavitt Institute	23	20	14	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	12	13	7	1	1	-	4	-	3	-	-	-	5	2	-	4
Litchfield Academy	11	21	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	4	3	5
Maine Central Institute	53	28	40	30	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	18	6	6	2	2	-	2	-	4	-	-	8	-	-	-
Maine Wesleyan Seminary	-	-	90	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	16	6	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	11
Mattanawcook Academy	9	18	25	14	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monmouth Academy	21	30	1	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monson Academy	8	8	16	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Yarmouth Academy	47	12	21	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	4	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oak Grove Seminary	25	21	12	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parsonsfield Seminary	12	24	2	5	-	6	5	11	-	8	4	-	1	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Patten Academy	10	24	26	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennell Institute	16	20	10	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ricker Classical Institute	9	18	56	47	1	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	12	5	5	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Somerset Academy	9	15	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Springfield Normal School	15	18	4	4	3	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thornton Academy	27	47	47	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	18	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5	3	-	-	8
Traip Academy	23	28	12	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	7
Washington Academy	11	23	17	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	7	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	6
Wilton Academy	26	29	13	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	9	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Wiscasset Academy	14	15	2	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Total	914	961	877	793	13	182	50	55	-	8	24	-	264	314	131	55	27	23	14	1	24	82	90	131				

APPENDIX.

TABLE No. XVI.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.
Showing Financial Statement of Academies, Seminaries and
Institutes for Year Ending July 1, 1910.

I. ASSETS—PERMANENT :	
Amount of endowment	\$1,802,619
Value of grounds, buildings, etc.	1,286,863
Value of other property	122,590
Total assets	\$2,712,072
 II. INCOME—CURRENT :	
From invested funds	\$56,931
Received from towns	34,014
Received from State (appropriation)	25,670
Received from tuition	55,657
Received from fees	2,498
Received from gifts	12,180
Received from other sources	75,589
Total income—current	\$262,939
 III. EXPENDITURES—CURRENT :	
For teachers' salaries	\$135,524
For janitors' services	11,146
For books, appliances, etc.	8,220
For repairs	18,392
For all other purposes	79,339
Total expenditures—current	\$252,621
Balance—total credit balances	\$17,216
Deficiency—total balances over expended	6,898
Net balance unexpended	10,318

TABLE No. XVII.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.
Showing High Schools Having Approved Courses of Study.

SCHOOLS.	Class.	Address.	Number of Teachers.	Number pupils fall term, 1909.
Abbot	B	Abbot	2	16
Addison	C	Addison	1	13
Albion	A	Albion	2	18
Alfred	A	Alfred	2	35
Andover	B	Andover	2	20
Ashland	A	Ashland	2	33
Auburn	A	Auburn	13	335
Augusta	A	Augusta	10	246
Bangor	A	Bangor	25	639
Baring	C	Baring	1	23
Bath	A	Bath	8	299
Belfast	A	Belfast	4	97
Belgrade	A	Belgrade	2	25
Berwick	A	Berwick	3	52
Biddeford	A	Biddeford	6	146
Bingham	A	Bingham	2	29
Boothbay	B	Boothbay	1	21
Boothbay	B	East Boothbay	1	21
Boothbay Harbor	A	Boothbay Harbor	2	45
Bowdoinham	A	Bowdoinham	2	52
Bradford	C	Bradford	1	18
Brewer	A	Brewer	6	121
Bridgton	A	Bridgton	4	72
Bristol	A	Bristol	2	41
Brooks	B	Brooks	1	14
Brooklin	B	Brooklin	1	30
Brownfield	C	Brownfield	1	17
Brownville	A	Brownville	2	38
Brownville Junction	C	Brownville	1	19
Brunswick	A	Brunswick	5	101
Buckfield	A	Buckfield	2	51
Buxton	A	Buxton Center	2	45
Calais-Red Beach	B	Calais	2	29
Camden	A	Camden	5	118
Canaan	B	Canaan	1	12
Canton	B	Canton	1	20
Cape Elizabeth	A	Cape Elizabeth	2	26
Caratunk	C	Caratunk	1	10
Carthage	C	Berry Mills	1	21
Caribou	A	Caribou	6	137
Castine	A	Castine	2	45
Clinton	B	Clinton	2	35
Columbia Falls	A	Columbia Falls	2	23
Cornish	A	Cornish	2	33
Cumberland	C	Chebeague Island	1	21
Danforth	A	Danforth	2	57
Deer Isle	A	Deer Isle	2	52
Denmark	C	Denmark	1	14
Dennysville	B	Dennysville	1	28
Dexter	A	Dexter	4	106
Dixfield	A	Dixfield	2	15
East Livermore	A	Livermore Falls	5	89
East Millinocket	B	East Millinocket	2	12
Easton	A	Easton	4	28
Eastport	A	Eastport	5	90
Eden	A	Bar Harbor	7	145
Eliot	A	Eliot	2	43
Ellsworth	A	Ellsworth	4	84
Eustis	C	Stratton	2	14
Exeter	A	Exeter	2	18
Fairfield	A	Fairfield	3	64
Farmington	A	Farmington	5	143
Flagstaff	C	Flagstaff	1	11

Secondary Schools—Continued.

SCHOOLS.	Class.	Address.	Number of teachers.	Number pupils fall term, 1909.
Fort Fairfield	A	Fort Fairfield	5	66
Frankfort	A	Frankfort	2	21
Franklin	C	Franklin	2	46
Freeport	A	Freeport	3	61
Gardiner	A	Gardiner	7	136
Garland	A	Garland	4	25
Gorham	A	Gorham	2	67
Greenville	A	Greenville	2	35
Gulford	A	Gulford	2	59
Hallowell	A	Hallowell	3	72
Hartland	A	Hartland	2	44
Hollis	C	Hollis Center	2	34
Houlton	A	Houlton	4	97
Harmony	C	Harmony	1	11
Island Falls	A	Island Falls	2	40
Islesboro	A	Islesboro	2	32
Jackson	B	Jackson	1	15
Jay	A	Jay	14	37
Jonesboro	C	Jonesboro	1	44
Jonesport	A	Jonesport	2	58
Kennebunk	A	Kennebunk	4	88
Kennebunkport	-	Kennebunkport	3	44
Kingfield	-	Kingfield	2	22
Kingman	B	Kingman	1	12
Lewiston	A	Lewiston	12	289
Liberty	C	Liberty	1	19
Limestone	A	Limestone	3	29
Lisbon Falls	A	Lisbon Falls	3	77
Lisbon	B	Lisbon	2	23
Lubec	A	Lubec	2	58
Machias	A	Machias	3	61
Madison	A	Madison	4	86
Mattawamkeag	A	Mattawamkeag	1	15
Mechanic Falls	A	Mechanic Falls	2	53
Mexico	A	Mexico	3	44
Milbridge	A	Milbridge	2	52
Millinocket	A	Millinocket	3	32
Milo	A	Milo	4	91
Monroe	C	Monroe	2	37
Moose River	B	Moose River	1	15
Mt. Desert	A	Northeast Harbor	2	23
Mt. Vernon	A	Mt. Vernon	2	41
New Gloucester	A	New Gloucester	3	48
Newport	A	Newport	2	28
New Portland	C	New Portland	2	21
New Portland (North)	C	North New Portland	2	48
New Sharon	A	New Sharon	2	40
Norridgewock	A	Norridgewock	2	36
North Berwick	A	North Berwick	2	40
North Haven	B	North Haven	1	19
Norway	A	Norway	4	126
Oakland	A	Oakland	2	34
Old Orchard	A	Old Orchard	2	14
Old Town	A	Old Town	5	146
Orono	A	Orono	5	110
Oxford	B	Oxford	3	32
Paris	A	South Paris	3	69
Paris (West)	B	West Paris	2	15
Pembroke	C	Pembroke	2	46
Phillips	A	Phillips	3	61
Plymouth	C	Plymouth	1	10
Porter	A	Kezar Falls	2	27
Portland	A	Portland	26	806
Portland (Deering)	A	Portland	11	317
Presque Isle	A	Presque Isle	5	131
Princeton	A	Princeton	2	32
Rangeley	A	Rangeley	2	33
Reed Plantation	C	Wytopitlock	1	12
Richmond	A	Richmond	2	57

Secondary Schools—Concluded.

SCHOOLS.	Class.	Address.	Number of teachers.	Number Pupils Fall term 1908.
Rockland.....	A	Rockland	7	238
Rockport	A	Rockport	2	37
Rumford	A	Rumford	4	76
Sanford	A	Sanford	5	72
Sanford (Springvale).....	A	Springvale.....	3	42
Sangerville	A	Sangerville	3	29
Scarboro	A	Scarboro.....	2	25
Searsport	A	Searsport.....	2	37
Shapleigh	C	Shapleigh	1	15
Skowhegan	A	Skowhegan	5	117
Solon	A	Solon	1	42
Southport.....	B	West Southport.....	1	13
South Portland	A	South Portland	6	203
South Thomaston	B	South Thomaston	1	22
Southwest Harbor.....	A	Southwest Harbor.....	2	30
St. Agatha	C	St. Agatha	3	32
St. Albans	C	St. Albans	1	27
St. George	A	Tenant's Harbor.....	2	28
Standish	A	Standish	1	28
Stetson*.....	C	Stetson.....	1	7
Stonington	A	Stonington.....	2	33
Strong	A	Strong	2	27
Sullivan	A	West Sullivan	2	41
Thomaston	A	Thomaston	3	83
Topsham	A	Topsham	2	50
Unity	A	Unity	2	15
Union	C	Union	1	15
Vanceboro	B	Vanceboro.....	1	13
Vinalhaven.....	A	Vinalhaven.....	2	48
Waldoboro	C	Waldoboro.....	2	50
Warren	A	Warren	2	33
Washburn	A	Washburn	1	35
Waterboro	C	Waterboro.....	2	25
Waterville	A	Waterville	6	211
Wayne	B	Wayne	1	12
Webster	B	Sabattus	2	18
Weld	C	Weld	1	35
Wells	A	Wells	3	78
Westbrook	A	Westbrook	8	177
West Forks	C	West Forks	1	6
Windham	A	South Windham.....	2	51
Winterport	A	Winterport	2	42
Winslow	A	Winslow	2	36
Winter Harbor	C	Winter Harbor	1	32
Winthrop	A	Winthrop	2	39
Woodstock	B	Bryant Pond	2	24
Yarmouth	A	Yarmouth	3	63
York	A	York Village.....	4	60

* Discontinued by action of town.

TABLE No. XVIII.
SECONDARY SCHOOL STATISTICS.
Showing Academies Having Approved Courses of Standard Grade.

SCHOOLS.	ADDRESS.	Number of teachers.	Enrollment fall term 1909.
Anson Academy.....	North Anson.....	4	36
Aroostook Central Institute.....	Mars Hill.....	3	65
Berwick Academy.....	South Berwick.....	4	91
Bridge Academy.....	Dresden Mills.....	2	34
Bridgewater Classical Academy.....	Bridgewater.....	2	41
Bridgton Academy.....	North Bridgton.....	4	75
Calais Academy.....	Calais.....	5	133
Cherryfield Academy.....	Cherryfield.....	3	58
Coburn Classical Institute.....	Waterville.....	7	128
Corinna Union Academy.....	Corinna.....	2	45
East Corinth Academy.....	East Corinth.....	3	40
East Maine Conference Seminary.....	Bucksport.....	9	121
Erskine Academy.....	South China.....	2	31
Foxcroft Academy.....	Foxcroft.....	7	155
Freedom Academy.....	Freedom.....	3	69
Fryeburg Academy.....	Fryeburg.....	8	116
Bluehill-George Stevens Academy.....	Bluehill.....	3	38
Gould's Academy.....	Bethel.....	6	123
Greeley Institute.....	Cumberland Center.....	2	38
Hampden Academy.....	Hampden.....	4	105
Hebron Academy.....	Hebron.....	12	212
Higgins Classical Institute.....	Charleston.....	5	90
Leavitt Institute.....	Turner Center.....	5	74
Lee Normal Academy.....	Lee.....	4	51
Limerick Academy.....	Limerick.....	2	36
Limington Academy.....	Limington.....	2	38
Lincoln Academy.....	Newcastle.....	5	126
Litchfield Academy.....	Litchfield.....	2	38
Maine Central Institute.....	Pittsfield.....	9	178
Maine Wesleyan Seminary.....	Kent's Hill.....	14	162
Mattanawcook Academy.....	Lincoln.....	4	84
Monmouth Academy.....	Monmouth.....	2	58
Monson Academy.....	Monson.....	2	44
North Yarmouth Academy.....	Yarmouth.....	4	77
Oak Grove Seminary.....	Vassalboro.....	8	74
Parsonsfield Seminary.....	Parsonsfield.....	7	44
Patten Academy.....	Patten.....	4	97
Pennell Institute.....	Gray.....	3	69
Ricker Classical Institute.....	Houlton.....	7	140
Somerset Academy.....	Athens.....	2	27
Springfield Normal School.....	Springfield.....	4	39
St. Joseph's Academy.....	Portland.....	5	48
Thornton Academy.....	Saco.....	10	143
Traip Academy.....	Kittery.....	3	70
Washington Academy.....	East Machias.....	5	59
Westbrook Seminary.....	Portland.....	11	97
Wilton Academy.....	Wilton.....	4	85
Wiscasset Academy.....	Wiscasset.....	3	51

TABLE No. XIX.

Showing Statistics on Examination of Eyes and Ears in
Public Schools for the Year Ending April 1, 1910.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Auburn	1,653	234	.14	73	.04
Durham	355	37	.10	17	.04
East Livermore	400	84	.21	45	.11
Greene	75	17	.22	8	.10
Leeds	175	20	.11	7	.04
Lewiston	1,735	248	.14	109	.06
Lisbon	884	112	.12	53	.05
Livermore	60	3	.05	4	.06
Mechanic Falls	236	15	.06	6	.02
Minot	130	7	.05	-	-
Poland	179	16	.09	3	.01
Turner	227	23	.09	6	.02
Wales	71	18	.25	3	.04
Webster	183	29	.15	14	.07
Total	6,363	863	.13	348	.05

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

Amity	-	-	-	-	-
Ashland	119	13	.10	4	.03
Bancroft	70	3	.04	1	.01
Benedicta	73	5	.06	-	-
Blaine	175	18	.50	6	.03
Bridgewater	250	15	.06	20	.08
Caribou	1,127	138	.12	47	.03
Castle Hill	121	6	.04	3	.02
Crystal	87	11	.12	5	.05
Dyer Brook	-	-	-	-	-
Easton	250	11	.04	7	.02
Fort Fairfield	670	54	.08	47	.06
Fort Kent	-	-	-	-	-
Frenchville	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Isle	-	-	-	-	-
Haynesville	-	-	-	-	-
Hersey	-	-	-	-	-
Hodgdon	-	-	-	-	-
Houlton	991	75	.07	43	.04
Island Falls	249	37	.14	13	.05
Limestone	284	51	.17	23	.08
Linneus	170	12	.07	1	-
Littleton	91	19	.20	9	.09
Ludlow	-	-	-	-	-
Madawaska	-	-	-	-	-
Mapleton	167	19	.11	4	.02
Mars Hill	300	32	.10	3	.10
Masardis	-	-	-	-	-
Monticello	90	4	.04	-	-
New Limerick	93	2	.02	20	.21
New Sweden	115	19	.16	2	.01
Oakfield	-	-	-	-	-
Orient	22	5	.22	2	.09
Perham	112	21	.18	15	.13

ARROSTOOK COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Portage	73	2	.02	1	.01
Presque Isle.....	759	124	.16	48	.06
Sherman	90	13	.14	2	.02
Smyrna.....	-	-	-	-	-
St. Agatha.....	-	-	-	-	-
Van Buren.....	-	-	-	-	-
Washburn.....	247	12	.04	7	.02
Westfield.....	120	12	.10	8	.06
Weston.....	-	-	-	-	-
Woodland.....	-	-	-	-	-
PLANTATIONS.					
Allagash	-	-	-	-	-
Cary.....	-	-	-	-	-
Caswell.....	16	-	-	-	-
Chapman.....	-	-	-	-	-
Connor.....	-	-	-	-	-
Cyr.....	-	-	-	-	-
E.....	15	1	.06	-	-
Eagle Lake.....	-	-	-	-	-
Garfield.....	-	-	-	-	-
Glenwood.....	-	-	-	-	-
Hamlin.....	-	-	-	-	-
Hammond.....	22	3	.13	-	-
Macwahoc.....	31	-	-	-	-
Merrill.....	-	-	-	-	-
Moro.....	-	-	-	-	-
Nashville.....	7	3	.42	-	-
New Canada.....	-	-	-	-	-
Oxbw.....	-	-	-	-	-
Reed.....	90	8	.08	9	.10
Silver Ridge.....	21	7	.33	3	.14
St. Francis.....	-	-	-	-	-
St. John.....	-	-	-	-	-
Stockholm.....	104	21	.20	18	.02
Wade.....	67	6	.17	2	.03
Wallagrass.....	-	-	-	-	-
Westmanland.....	26	7	.26	-	-
Winterville.....	25	-	-	-	-
Total.....	7,339	789	.10	373	.05

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Baldwin.....	119	8	.06	-	-
Bridgton.....	-	-	-	-	-
Brunswick.....	721	99	.13	60	.08
Cape Elizabeth.....	125	11	.08	7	.05
Casco.....	83	10	.12	4	.04
Cumberland.....	163	3	.01	4	.02
Falmouth.....	236	8	.03	4	.01
Freeport.....	421	51	.12	13	.03
Gorham.....	372	14	.03	3	.008
Gray.....	155	18	.11	3	.01
Harpwell.....	7	3	.42	4	.57
Harrison.....	-	-	-	-	-
Naples.....	120	11	.08	2	.01
New Gloucester.....	185	18	.09	8	.04
North Yarmouth.....	94	4	.04	2	.02
Outsfield.....	75	15	.20	-	-
Portland.....	-	-	-	-	-
Pownal.....	125	3	.02	4	.03

CUMBERLAND COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	No. given tests in sight and hearing.	No. defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	No. defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Raymond	113	11	.09	12	.10
Scarboro.....	270	11	.04	2	.007
Sebago.....	105	12	.11	3	.02
South Portland.....	—	—	—	—	—
Standish.....	232	21	.09	20	.08
Westbrook.....	846	78	.09	7	.008
Windham.....	279	29	.10	10	.03
Yarmouth.....	320	12	.03	5	.01
Total.....	5,166	450	.08	177	.03

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Avon.....	—	—	—	—	—
Carthage.....	—	—	—	—	—
Chesterville.....	111	9	.08	6	.05
Eustis.....	89	14	.15	4	.04
Farmington.....	340	56	.16	27	.07
Freeman.....	55	5	.09	—	—
Industry.....	95	20	.20	6	.06
Jay.....	460	37	.08	15	.03
Kingfield.....	—	—	—	—	—
Madrid.....	63	6	.09	2	.03
New Sharon.....	155	—	—	—	—
New Vineyard.....	94	9	.09	4	.04
Phillips.....	225	21	.09	1	.004
Rangeley.....	188	35	.18	3	.01
Salem.....	40	2	.05	—	—
Strong.....	—	—	—	—	—
Temple.....	58	—	—	1	.01
Weld.....	—	—	—	—	—
Wilton.....	256	32	.12	6	.02
PLANTATIONS.					
Coplin.....	11	4	.36	—	—
Dallas.....	43	1	.02	—	—
Lang.....	28	1	.03	—	—
Rangeley.....	18	4	.22	—	—
Sandy River.....	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	2,329	256	.10	75	.03

HANCOCK COUNTY.

Amherst.....	50	14	.28	6	.12
Aurora.....	—	—	—	—	—
Bluehill.....	265	20	.07	6	.02
Brooklin.....	155	9	.05	4	.02
Brooksville.....	200	20	.10	2	.01
Bucksport.....	311	82	.26	12	.03
Castine.....	94	19	.20	8	.08
Cranberry Isles.....	—	—	—	—	—
Dedham.....	54	7	.12	—	—
Deer Isle.....	391	34	.08	12	.03
Eastbrook.....	—	—	—	—	—

HANCOCK COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	No. given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Eden.....	576	-	-	-	-
Ellsworth.....	315	45	.14	4	.01
Franklin.....	673	15	.02	6	.008
Gouldsboro.....	203	28	.13	6	.02
Hancock.....	115	16	.13	4	.03
Isle au Haut.....	32	1	.03	-	-
Lamoine.....	68	15	.22	2	.02
Mariaville.....	22	-	-	1	.04
Mt. Desert.....	-	-	-	-	-
Orland.....	-	-	-	-	-
Otis.....	17	-	-	-	-
Penobscot.....	168	14	.08	6	.03
Sedgwick.....	166	10	.06	3	.01
Sorrento.....	-	-	-	-	-
Southwest Harbor.....	162	29	.17	1	.006
Stonington.....	347	41	.11	13	.03
Sullivan.....	95	7	.07	4	.04
Surry.....	155	18	.11	15	.09
Swan's Island.....	145	3	.02	5	.03
Tremont.....	200	72	.36	21	.10
Trenton.....	147	1	.007	-	-
Verona.....	17	6	.35	-	-
Waltham.....	32	1	.03	1	.03
Winter Harbor.....	86	7	.08	-	-
PLANTATIONS.					
Long Island.....	-	-	-	-	-
No. 8.....	7	2	.28	-	-
Moose Hill formerly No. 21.....	7	-	-	-	-
Great Pond formerly No. 33.....	13	5	.38	-	-
Total.....	5,288	541	.10	142	.02

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Albion.....	171	9	.05	7	.04
Augusta.....	1,255	144	.11	62	.04
Belgrade.....	147	3	.02	-	-
Benton.....	193	44	.22	10	.05
Chelsea.....	111	9	.08	1	.009
China.....	162	20	.12	5	.03
Clinton.....	155	26	.16	6	.03
Farmingdale.....	116	9	.07	5	.04
Payette.....	78	10	.12	1	.01
Gardiner.....	609	61	.10	26	.04
Hallowell.....	395	49	.12	22	.05
Litchfield.....	163	4	.02	1	.006
Manchester.....	95	7	.07	12	.12
Monmouth.....	157	31	.19	18	.11
Mt. Vernon.....	52	-	-	-	-
Oakland.....	277	39	.14	17	.06
Pittston.....	151	31	.20	18	.11
Randolph.....	163	22	.13	11	.07
Readfield.....	128	11	.08	2	.01
Rome.....	105	-	-	-	-
Sidney.....	73	5	.06	7	.09
Vassalboro.....	244	37	.15	19	.07
Vienna.....	-	-	-	-	-
Waterville.....	-	-	-	-	-

KENNEBEC COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Wayne	-	-	-	-	-
West Gardiner	74	7	.09	5	.06
Windsor	70	7	.07	1	.01
Winslow	358	94	.26	35	.09
Winthrop	250	60	.24	32	.12
Unity Pl.	11	-	-	-	-
Total	5,763	739	.12	323	.05

KNOX COUNTY.

Appleton	184	17	.09	8	.04
Camden	499	55	.11	27	.05
Cushing	-	-	-	-	-
Friendship	50	6	.12	2	.04
Hope	75	6	.08	-	-
Hurricane Isle	73	3	.04	-	-
North Haven	55	16	.29	12	.21
Rockland	1,250	112	.08	16	.01
Rockport	339	57	.16	17	.05
South Thomaston	189	19	.10	6	.03
St. George	-	-	-	-	-
Thomaston	381	30	.07	7	.01
Union	198	19	.09	7	.03
Vinalhaven	442	30	.06	16	.03
Warren	221	14	.06	5	.02
Washington	-	-	-	-	-
Criehaven Pl.	8	-	-	-	-
Matinicus Isle Pl.	50	1	.02	-	-
Muscle Ridge Pl.	-	No return	rus.	-	-
Total	4,014	385	.09	123	.03

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Alna	-	-	-	-	-
Boothbay	331	37	.11	7	.02
Boothbay Harbor	366	27	.07	11	.03
Bremen	78	10	.12	6	.07
Bristol	350	33	.08	21	.06
Damariscotta	67	15	.22	5	.07
Dresden	124	17	.13	12	.09
Edgecomb	80	8	.10	6	.07
Jefferson	50	7	.14	4	.08
Newcastle	128	7	.05	2	.01
Nobleboro	97	8	.08	2	.02
Somerville	45	9	.20	5	.11
Southport	57	10	.17	2	.03
Waldoboro	-	-	-	-	-
Westport	49	13	.26	4	.08
Whitefield	-	-	-	-	-
Wiscasset	179	16	.08	5	.02
Monhegan Pl.	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,001	217	.10	92	.04

OXFORD COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Albany.....	112	14	.12	-	-
Andover.....	-	-	-	-	-
Bethel.....	238	10	.04	6	.02
Brownfield.....	141	15	.10	-	-
Buckfield.....	132	20	.15	5	.03
Byron.....	32	3	.09	2	.06
Canton.....	144	23	.15	9	.06
Denmark.....	96	13	.13	2	.02
Dixfield.....	125	25	.20	9	.07
Fryeburg.....	185	24	.12	1	.06
Gilead.....	17	6	.35	-	-
Grafton.....	-	-	-	-	-
Greenwood.....	171	20	.11	5	.02
Hanover.....	-	-	-	-	-
Hartford.....	69	7	.10	1	.01
Hebron.....	-	-	-	-	-
Hiram.....	113	20	.17	18	.15
Lovell.....	15	1	.06	-	-
Mason.....	359	96	.26	46	.12
Mexico.....	-	-	-	-	-
Newry.....	462	28	.06	9	.01
Norway.....	168	32	.19	4	.02
Oxford.....	463	52	.11	16	.03
Paris.....	130	13	.10	2	.01
Peru.....	62	6	.09	-	-
Porter.....	56	15	.26	11	.18
Roxbury.....	767	103	.13	94	.12
Rumford.....	-	-	-	-	-
Stoneham.....	33	6	.18	2	.06
Stow.....	119	22	.18	6	.05
Sumner.....	40	10	.25	-	-
Sweden.....	38	12	.30	1	.02
Upton.....	143	12	.08	5	.03
Waterford.....	137	27	.12	4	.02
Woodstock.....	-	-	-	-	-
Lincoln Pl.....	-	-	-	-	-
Magalloway Pl.....	-	-	-	-	-
Milton Pl.....	28	1	.04	-	-
Total.....	4,595	636	.13	258	.05

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Alton.....	62	22	.35	-	-
Argyle.....	32	3	.09	-	-
Bangor.....	3,305	191	.05	56	.01
Bradford.....	160	5	.03	-	-
Bradley.....	103	20	.19	6	.05
Brewer.....	1,143	134	.11	73	.06
Burlington.....	-	-	-	-	-
Carmel.....	150	25	.16	6	.04
Carroll.....	76	8	.10	2	.02
Charleston.....	-	-	-	-	-
Chester.....	-	-	-	-	-
Clifton.....	8	2	.25	1	.12
Corinna.....	168	38	.22	13	.08
Corinth.....	137	4	.02	-	-
Dexter.....	459	76	.16	16	.03
Dixmont.....	-	-	-	-	-
East Millinocket.....	108	24	.22	11	.09
Eddington.....	102	34	.33	17	.16
Edinburg.....	-	-	-	-	-

PENOBSCOT COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Enfield.....	138	33	.23	9	.06
Etna.....	-	-	-	-	-
Exeter.....	-	-	-	-	-
Garland.....	-	-	-	-	-
Glenburn.....	52	2	.03	1	.01
Greenbush.....	68	12	.17	2	.02
Greenfield.....	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden.....	361	30	.08	11	.02
Heron.....	216	27	.12	24	.11
Holden.....	146	16	.10	23	.15
Howland.....	88	8	.09	2	.02
Hudson.....	80	5	.06	-	-
Kenduskeag.....	92	13	.14	2	.02
Kingman.....	155	8	.05	2	.02
Lagrange.....	92	7	.06	2	.02
Lee.....	150	24	.16	12	.08
Levant.....	117	18	.15	3	.02
Lincoln.....	300	72	.24	12	.04
Lowell.....	-	-	-	-	-
Mattawamkeag.....	-	-	-	-	-
Maxfield.....	12	2	.16	-	-
Medway.....	237	-	-	-	-
Milford.....	125	8	.06	2	.01
Millinocket.....	416	9	.02	38	.09
Mt. Chase.....	-	-	-	-	-
Newburg.....	87	6	.06	8	.09
Newport.....	-	-	-	-	-
Old Town.....	620	85	.12	20	.03
Orono.....	415	57	.13	10	.02
Orrington.....	146	21	.14	34	.23
Passadumkeag.....	-	-	-	-	-
Patten.....	244	36	.14	19	.07
Plymouth.....	87	18	.02	-	-
Prentiss.....	-	-	-	-	-
Springfield.....	-	-	-	-	-
Stetson.....	77	12	.15	11	.14
Veazie.....	76	9	.11	4	.05
Winn.....	44	4	.09	4	.09
Woodville.....	-	-	-	-	-
PLANTATIONS.					
Drew.....	60	4	.06	2	.03
Grand Falls.....	-	-	-	-	-
Lakeville.....	20	-	-	-	-
Sebouis.....	19	2	.10	1	.05
Stacyville.....	123	25	.20	6	.04
Webster.....	31	1	.03	-	-
Total.....	10,907	1,160	.10	463	.04

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Abbot	131	13	.09	6	.04
Atkinson	85	1	.01	-	-
Blanchard	30	8	.26	1	.03
Bowerbank	12	-	-	-	-
Brownville	427	59	.13	33	.07
Dover	241	55	.22	11	.04
Foxcroft	294	50	.16	8	.02
Greenville	248	100	.40	33	.13
Guilford	-	-	-	-	-
Medford	-	-	-	-	-
Milo	402	43	.10	7	.01
Monson	233	31	.13	15	.06
Orneville	20	8	.40	1	.05
Parkman	113	17	.15	5	.04
Sangerville	180	58	.32	11	.06
Sebec	106	17	.16	5	.04
Shirley	36	1	.02	-	-
Wellington	-	-	-	-	-
Williamsburg	-	-	-	-	-
Willimantic	39	17	.43	2	.05
Barnard Pl.	18	2	.11	-	-
Elliotsville Pl.	-	-	-	-	-
Kingsbury Pl.	18	-	-	-	-
Lake View Pl.	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,633	480	.18	138	.05

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

Arrowsic	14	-	-	-	-
Bath	1,900	346	.18	145	.07
Bowdoin	172	36	.20	10	.05
Bowdoinham	205	17	.08	3	.01
Georgetown	128	15	.12	7	.05
Perkins	-	-	-	-	-
Phippsburg	44	3	.06	5	.11
Richmond	330	40	.12	9	.02
Topsham	402	34	.08	9	.02
West Bath	32	1	.03	-	-
Woolwich	110	5	.04	3	.02
Total	3,337	497	.14	191	.05

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Anson	291	35	.12	13	.04
Athens	128	18	.13	2	.01
Bingham	209	23	.11	7	.02
Cambridge	37	8	.21	1	.02
Canaan	152	10	.06	6	.03
Concord	34	7	.20	3	.08
Cornville	143	11	.07	-	-
Detroit	75	16	.21	3	.04
Embsden	77	4	.05	3	.03
Fairfield	755	101	.13	45	.05
Harmony	107	18	.16	4	.03
Hartland	184	12	.06	5	.02

SOMERSET COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Madison.....	579	132	.02	112	.01
Mercer.....	72	6	.08	4	.05
Moscow.....	76	4	.05	2	.02
New Portland.....	117	12	.10	5	.04
Norridgewock.....	268	51	.18	27	.10
Palmyra.....	134	8	.06	3	.02
Pittsfield.....	390	43	.11	13	.03
Ripley.....	44	5	.11	-	-
Skowhegan.....	1,068	260	.24	312	.28
Smithfield.....	64	5	.07	8	.12
Solon.....	134	11	.08	2	.01
St. Albans.....	178	8	.04	6	.03
Starks.....	90	9	.10	-	-
PLANTATIONS.					
Bigelow.....	-	-	-	-	-
Brighton.....	-	-	-	-	-
Caratunk.....	30	3	.10	1	.03
Dead River.....	17	2	.11	6	.35
Dennistown.....	-	-	-	-	-
Flagstaff.....	28	-	-	-	-
Highland.....	14	4	.28	4	.28
Jackman.....	23	2	.08	4	.17
Lexington.....	-	-	-	-	-
Mayfield.....	18	-	-	1	.05
Moose River.....	21	-	-	6	.25
Pleasant Ridge.....	18	2	.11	-	-
The Forks.....	35	2	.05	2	.05
West Forks.....	25	3	.12	2	.08
Total.....	5,635	835	.14	612	.10

WALDO COUNTY.

Belfast.....	687	83	.12	25	.03
Belmont.....	-	-	-	-	-
Brooks.....	-	-	-	-	-
Burnham.....	-	-	-	-	-
Frankfort.....	188	38	.20	2	.01
Freedom.....	66	6	.09	3	.04
Islesboro.....	105	2	.01	1	.009
Jackson.....	-	-	-	-	-
Knox.....	76	3	.03	7	.09
Liberty.....	120	10	.08	2	.01
Lincolnton.....	165	7	.04	17	.10
Monroe.....	104	12	.11	2	.01
Montville.....	-	-	-	-	-
Morrill.....	-	-	-	-	-
Northport.....	-	-	-	-	-
Palermo.....	124	2	.01	-	-
Prospect.....	-	-	-	-	-
Searsmont.....	-	-	-	-	-
Searsport.....	191	21	.10	9	.04
Stockton Springs.....	-	-	-	-	-
Swanville.....	77	11	.14	4	.05
Thorndike.....	91	6	.06	3	.03
Troy.....	-	-	-	-	-
Unity.....	99	8	.08	3	.03
Waldo.....	72	-	-	-	-
Winterport.....	250	34	.13	2	.008
Total.....	2,429	243	.10	80	.03

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Addison	200	7	.03	2	.01
Alexander	43	10	.26	-	-
Baileyville	150	12	.08	-	-
Barling	29	-	-	-	-
Beddington	10	-	-	-	-
Brookton	-	-	-	-	-
Calais	1,000	150	.15	-	-
Centerville	22	2	.09	-	-
Charlotte	56	1	.01	-	-
Cherryfield	258	22	.08	6	.02
Columbia	102	8	.07	-	-
Columbia Falls	115	9	.07	3	.02
Cooper	36	2	.05	-	-
Crawford	-	-	-	-	-
Cutler	-	-	-	-	-
Dauforth	-	-	-	-	-
Deblois	-	-	-	-	-
Dennysville	104	7	.06	3	.02
East Machias	230	54	.26	8	.03
Eastport	654	115	.17	50	.06
Edmunds	-	-	-	-	-
Forest City	-	-	-	-	-
Harrington	176	5	.02	3	.01
Jonesboro	134	16	.11	6	.04
Jonesport	223	10	.04	12	.05
Lubec	621	111	.17	26	.04
Machias	431	32	.07	18	.04
Machiasport	223	32	.14	13	.06
Marion	19	2	.10	-	-
Marshfield	16	1	.06	-	-
Meddybemps	26	3	.11	-	-
Milbridge	323	10	.03	5	.01
Northfield	-	-	-	-	-
Pembroke	238	21	.09	13	.05
Perry	195	15	.07	4	.02
Princeton	202	33	.16	8	.03
Robbinston	67	7	.10	3	.04
Roque Bluffs	20	1	.05	5	.25
Steuben	-	-	-	-	-
Talmadge	15	1	.06	-	-
Topsfield	-	-	-	-	-
Trescott	90	13	.14	5	.05
Vanceboro	116	17	.14	6	.05
Waite	31	10	.31	7	.22
Wesley	-	-	-	-	-
Whiting	71	3	.04	-	-
Whitneyville	44	3	.06	6	.13
PLANTATIONS.					
Codyville	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Lake Stream	80	18	.22	4	.05
No. 14	-	-	-	-	-
No. 21	18	4	.22	1	.05
Total	6,388	767	.12	217	.03

YORK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number given tests in sight and hearing.	Number defective in vision.	Percentage defective.	Number defective in hearing.	Percentage defective.
Acton.....	-	-	-	-	-
Alfred.....	130	22	.16	5	.03
Berwick.....	-	-	-	-	-
Biddeford.....	960	179	.18	53	.05
Buxton.....	228	26	.11	7	.03
Cornish.....	142	34	.23	3	.02
Dayton.....	47	2	.04	-	-
Ellot.....	-	-	-	-	-
Hollis.....	120	25	.20	2	.01
Kennebunk.....	447	33	.07	22	.04
Kennebunkport.....	238	29	.12	4	.01
Kittery.....	400	41	.10	12	.03
Lebanon.....	136	15	.11	6	.04
Limerick.....	95	10	.10	8	.08
Limington.....	112	8	.07	2	.01
Lyman.....	85	1	.01	1	.01
Newfield.....	21	2	.09	-	-
North Berwick.....	190	23	.12	18	.09
Old Orchard.....	152	-	-	-	-
Parsonsfield.....	71	10	.14	9	.12
Saco.....	756	173	.22	80	.10
Sanford.....	874	114	.13	70	.06
Shapleigh.....	181	14	.10	5	.03
South Berwick.....	307	42	.13	14	.04
Waterboro.....	142	22	.15	4	.03
Wells.....	350	15	.04	8	.02
York.....	376	42	.11	9	.02
Total.....	6,510	882	.13	342	.05

SUMMARY.

COUNTIES.					
Androscoggin.....	6,363	863	.13	348	.05
Aroostook.....	7,339	789	.10	373	.05
Cumberland.....	5,166	450	.08	177	.03
Franklin.....	2,329	256	.10	75	.03
Hancock.....	5,288	541	.10	142	.02
Kennebec.....	5,763	795	.12	323	.05
Knox.....	4,014	385	.09	123	.03
Lincoln.....	2,001	217	.10	92	.04
Oxford.....	4,595	636	.13	258	.05
Penobscot.....	10,907	1,160	.10	463	.04
Piscataquis.....	2,633	480	.18	138	.05
Sagadahoc.....	3,337	497	.14	191	.05
Somerset.....	5,635	835	.14	612	.10
Waldo.....	2,429	243	.10	80	.03
Washington.....	6,388	767	.12	217	.03
York.....	6,510	882	.13	342	.05
Total.....	80,697	9,740	.12	3,954	.04

TABLE No. XX.

Showing Amounts Due Towns in Aid of Common Schools out of the School and Mill Fund, Common School Fund, and Equalization Fund for the Year 1910, and Payable January 1, 1911.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Auburn	4,842	\$19,208 46	\$13,322 83	-	\$32,531 29
Durham	500	1,983 53	923 38	-	2,906 91
East Livermore	785	3,114 14	2,517 92	-	5,632 06
Greene	166	658 53	514 92	-	1,173 45
Leeds	307	1,217 89	672 19	-	1,890 08
Lewiston	8,704	34,529 24	25,619 17	-	60,148 41
Lisbon	1,311	5,200 81	3,938 56	-	9,139 37
Livermore	290	1,150 44	813 67	-	1,964 11
Mechanic Falls	438	1,737 57	1,355 80	-	3,093 37
Minot	219	868 78	629 38	-	1,498 16
Poland	386	1,531 28	1,414 86	-	2,946 14
Turner	427	1,693 93	1,448 70	-	3,142 63
Wales	143	567 29	392 58	-	959 87
Webster	274	1,086 97	877 97	-	1,964 94
Total	18,792	\$74,548 86	\$54,441 93	-	\$128,990 79

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

TOWNS.					
Amity	120	\$476 05	\$228 63	-	\$704 68
Ashland	722	2,864 21	1,339 19	\$259 53	4,462 93
Bancroft	158	626 80	218 41	65 50	910 71
Benedicta	117	464 15	109 81	51 99	715 95
Blaine	380	1,543 18	667 01	-	2,210 19
Bridgewater	437	1,733 62	874 78	170 70	2,779 10
Caribou	2,011	7,977 74	4,293 73	-	12,271 47
Castle Hill	203	805 31	325 80	86 37	1,217 48
Crystal	180	714 07	336 61	71 64	1,122 32
Dyer Brook	87	345 13	223 32	36 43	604 88
Easton	467	1,852 61	1,004 22	191 16	3,047 99
Fort Fairfield	1,665	6,605 14	4,416 17	559 53	11,580 89
Fort Kent	1,530	6,069 59	2,099 01	-	8,168 60
Frenchville	578	2,292 96	721 94	-	3,014 90
Grand Isle	587	2,328 66	738 30	-	3,066 96
Haynesville	102	404 64	186 63	-	591 27
Hershey	64	253 89	138 79	29 47	422 15
Hodgdon	377	1,495 58	741 09	151 46	2,388 13
Houlton	1,856	7,362 84	5,737 36	-	13,100 20
Island Falls	521	2,066 84	946 50	-	3,013 34
Limestone	516	2,047 00	1,069 73	209 18	3,325 91
Linneus	260	1,031 43	555 26	107 25	1,693 94
Littleton	332	1,317 06	778 58	-	2,095 64
Ludlow	110	436 38	238 76	47 07	722 21
Madawaska	781	3,008 27	1,002 10	-	4,100 37

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Mapleton.....	355	\$1,408 81	\$675 13	-	\$2,083 44
Mars Hill.....	566	2,245 35	1,084 11	\$208 36	3,537 82
Masardis.....	217	860 85	388 76	89 65	1,339 26
Monticello.....	420	1,666 16	885 79	-	2,551 95
New Limerick.....	166	658 53	343 39	69 18	1,071 10
New Sweden.....	318	1,261 53	536 63	123 62	1,921 78
Oakfield.....	335	1,328 97	470 14	186 72	1,935 83
Orient.....	70	277 69	150 53	21 69	449 91
Perham.....	246	975 89	452 40	-	1,428 29
Portage.....	194	769 61	375 54	-	1,145 15
Presque Isle.....	1,580	6,267 94	4,260 12	-	10,528 06
St. Agatha.....	596	2,864 36	724 91	-	3,089 27
Sherman.....	335	1,328 97	657 14	-	1,986 11
Smyrna.....	146	579 19	296 60	62 63	938 42
Van Buren.....	964	3,824 24	1,800 32	-	5,624 56
Washburn.....	486	1,927 98	832 41	190 35	2,950 74
Westfield.....	213	844 98	404 13	-	1,249 11
Weston.....	127	503 82	199 27	51 99	755 08
Woodland.....	421	1,670 07	719 75	171 93	2,561 75
PLANTATIONS.					
Allagash.....	41	162 66	290 11	-	452 77
Cary.....	139	551 43	180 13	53 21	784 77
Caswell.....	160	634 73	231 71	71 64	938 08
Chapman.....	149	591 09	257 02	54 03	902 14
Connor.....	260	1,031 43	329 31	99 06	1,459 80
Cyr.....	258	1,023 50	324 62	-	1,348 12
E.....	49	194 38	132 82	-	327 20
Eagle Lake.....	487	1,931 96	777 88	-	2,709 79
Garfield.....	40	158 68	146 39	-	305 07
Glenwood.....	40	158 68	124 52	-	283 20
Hamlin.....	264	1,047 30	368 31	-	1,415 61
Hammond.....	37	146 78	169 98	-	316 76
Macwahoc.....	50	198 36	109 84	-	308 20
Merrill.....	148	587 13	286 65	-	873 78
Moro.....	78	309 43	158 96	-	468 39
Nashville.....	8	31 74	116 73	-	148 47
New Canada.....	248	983 83	308 33	-	1,292 16
Oxbow.....	56	222 15	154 81	-	376 96
Reed.....	157	622 83	317 39	-	940 22
St. Francis.....	328	1,301 20	435 20	-	1,736 40
St. John.....	195	773 58	272 44	-	1,046 02
Silver Ridge.....	44	174 55	86 02	-	260 57
Stockholm.....	252	999 69	445 98	93 74	1,539 41
Wade.....	115	456 22	216 73	44 62	717 57
Wallagrass.....	390	1,547 15	466 67	-	2,013 82
Westmanland.....	45	178 52	178 00	-	356 52
Winterville.....	111	440 35	232 34	-	672 69
Total.....	26,074	\$103,436 94	\$51,465 64	\$3,579 75	\$158,472 33

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Towns.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Baldwin.....	184	\$729 95	\$595 35	-	\$1,325 30
Bridgton.....	666	2,642 05	2,384 89	-	5,026 94
Brunswick.....	2,100	8,330 81	6,415 23	-	14,746 04
Cape Elizabeth.....	243	963 99	1,481 01	-	2,395 00
Casco.....	172	682 34	498 88	-	1,181 22
Cumberland.....	356	1,412 27	1,536 35	-	2,948 62
Falmouth.....	452	1,793 10	2,159 60	-	3,952 70
Freeport.....	704	2,792 81	2,209 51	-	5,002 32
Gorham.....	681	2,701 56	2,432 87	-	5,134 43
Gray.....	303	1,202 02	887 68	-	2,089 70
Harpswell.....	497	1,971 62	1,525 42	-	3,497 04
Harrison.....	240	952 09	747 10	-	1,699 19
Naples.....	219	868 78	555 54	-	1,424 32
New Gloucester.....	342	1,356 73	1,648 34	-	3,005 07
North Yarmouth.....	191	757 71	570 11	-	1,327 82
Otisfield.....	151	599 04	443 39	\$61 40	1,103 83
Portland.....	15,460	61,330 64	80,760 82	-	142,091 46
Pownal.....	175	694 25	477 07	66 72	1,238 04
Raymond.....	208	825 15	517 50	-	1,342 65
Scarboro.....	400	1,586 82	1,782 46	-	3,369 28
Sebago.....	126	499 86	377 80	-	877 66
South Portland.....	2,122	8,418 08	5,691 73	-	14,109 81
Standish.....	408	1,618 56	1,385 59	-	3,004 15
Westbrook.....	2,636	10,457 14	8,061 09	-	18,518 23
Windham.....	465	1,844 68	1,742 17	-	3,586 85
Yarmouth.....	636	2,523 04	2,454 10	-	4,977 14
Total.....	30,137	\$119,555 09	\$129,291 60	\$128 12	\$248,974 81

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Avon.....	115	\$456 22	\$303 83	-	\$760 05
Carthage.....	86	341 16	265 43	-	606 59
Chesterville.....	189	749 77	493 49	-	1,243 26
Eustis.....	139	551 42	449 12	-	1,000 54
Farmington.....	854	3,387 86	2,994 12	-	6,381 98
Freeman.....	82	325 29	195 31	-	520 60
Industry.....	147	583 16	271 91	\$60 58	915 65
Jay.....	920	3,649 69	3,085 71	-	6,735 40
Kingfield.....	248	983 83	658 08	-	1,641 91
Madrid.....	74	293 56	177 23	34 79	505 58
New Sharon.....	224	888 62	669 54	-	1,558 16
New Vineyard.....	155	614 90	361 42	57 72	1,034 04
Phillips.....	430	1,705 83	1,122 91	-	2,828 74
Rangeley.....	282	1,118 70	1,263 37	-	2,382 07
Salem.....	62	245 95	136 07	-	382 02
Strong.....	192	761 67	519 29	-	1,280 96
Temple.....	108	428 45	265 46	-	693 91
Weld.....	182	722 00	443 41	-	1,165 41
Wilton.....	506	2,007 33	1,626 43	-	3,633 76
PLANTATIONS.					
Coplin.....	27	107 12	147 86	-	254 98
Dallas.....	66	261 83	174 90	-	436 73
Lang.....	35	138 86	131 74	-	270 60
Rangeley.....	28	111 09	397 73	-	508 82
Sandy River.....	17	67 44	143 31	-	210 75
Total.....	5,168	\$20,501 75	\$16,297 67	\$153 09	\$36,952 51

HANCOCK COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Amherst	80	\$317 36	\$170 19	-	\$487 55
Aurora	32	126 94	86 39	-	213 33
Bluehill	462	1,798 10	1,131 41	\$199 35	3,123 86
Brooklin	235	932 26	476 17	-	1,408 43
Brooksville	384	1,523 35	722 23	-	2,245 58
Bucksport	564	2,237 42	1,582 96	-	3,819 78
Castine	228	904 49	876 01	-	1,780 50
Cranberry Isles	110	436 38	371 83	-	808 21
Dedham	99	392 73	205 76	40 12	638 61
Deer Isle	640	2,538 91	1,105 30	257 89	3,902 10
Eastbrook	68	269 76	133 53	31 52	434 81
Eden	1,233	4,891 37	8,462 62	-	13,353 99
Ellsworth	972	3,855 97	3,811 03	-	7,167 00
Franklin	377	1,495 58	760 37	-	2,255 95
Gouldsboro	328	1,301 20	712 39	142 45	2,156 04
Hancock	238	944 16	592 19	-	1,536 35
Isle au Haut	54	214 23	148 07	25 79	388 09
Lamoine	134	531 59	335 85	-	867 44
Mariaville	49	194 38	105 11	22 51	322 00
Mount Desert	523	2,074 77	2,671 60	-	4,746 37
Orland	331	1,313 10	660 68	-	1,973 78
Otis	27	107 11	78 41	-	185 52
Penobscot	292	1,158 37	584 65	120 76	1,863 78
Sedgwick	254	1,007 63	502 76	100 29	1,610 68
Sorrento	38	150 75	344 18	-	494 93
Southwest Harbor	268	1,063 17	744 57	-	1,807 74
Stonington	570	2,261 22	1,160 22	272 22	3,693 66
Sullivan	304	1,205 99	708 88	127 31	2,042 18
Surry	228	904 49	440 58	-	1,345 07
Swan's Island	219	868 78	386 66	87 60	1,343 04
Tremont	398	1,578 89	681 68	156 37	2,416 94
Trenton	92	364 96	242 34	43 80	651 10
Verona	56	222 15	133 32	-	355 47
Waltham	58	230 09	143 83	-	373 92
Winter Harbor	182	722 00	745 91	-	1,467 91
PLANTATIONS.					
Long Island	74	293 57	106 79	33 98	434 34
No. 8	10	39 68	41 60	-	81 28
Moose Hill, formerly No. 21	12	47 61	60 44	-	108 05
Great Pond, formerly No. 33	23	91 25	95 67	-	186 92
Total	10,236	\$40,606 76	\$31,823 58	\$1,661 96	\$74,092 30

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Albion	261	\$1,035 40	\$678 55	-	\$1,713 95
Augusta	3,442	13,654 58	11,938 81	-	25,593 39
Belgrade	301	1,194 09	861 13	-	2,055 22
Benton	383	1,519 38	974 79	-	2,494 17
Chelsea	254	1,007 63	520 19	\$103 16	1,630 98
China	307	1,217 89	921 41	-	2,139 30
Clinton	310	1,229 81	964 65	-	2,194 46
Farmingdale	235	932 26	840 35	-	1,772 61
Fayette	150	595 06	408 60	-	1,003 66
Gardiner	1,509	5,986 28	5,626 49	-	11,612 77
Hallowell	760	3,014 96	2,452 79	-	5,467 75

KENNEBEC COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Litchfield.....	227	\$900 52	\$633 98	-	\$1,534 50
Manchester.....	132	523 66	457 26	-	980 92
Monmouth.....	325	1,293 26	1,080 37	-	2,373 63
Mount Vernon.....	244	928 29	623 69	-	1,554 98
Oakland.....	521	2,066 78	1,656 88	-	3,723 66
Pittston.....	288	1,142 51	815 17	-	1,957 68
Randolph.....	266	1,055 24	606 06	-	1,661 30
Readfield.....	243	963 99	815 11	-	1,779 10
Rome.....	121	480 03	251 43	-	731 46
Sidney.....	223	884 66	685 51	-	1,570 17
Vassalboro.....	502	1,991 46	1,711 70	-	3,703 16
Vienna.....	103	408 61	260 58	-	669 19
Waterville.....	3,487	13,833 10	10,635 51	-	24,468 61
Wayne.....	144	571 26	412 97	-	984 23
West Gardiner.....	155	614 90	512 75	-	1,127 65
Windsor.....	195	773 58	469 81	\$74 91	1,318 30
Winslow.....	923	3,661 59	3,581 80	-	7,243 39
Winthrop.....	515	2,043 04	2,083 90	-	4,126 94
Unity Pl.....	22	87 27	40 58	5 32	133 17
Total.....	16,539	\$65,611 09	\$53,525 82	\$183 39	\$119,320 30

KNOX COUNTY.

Appleton.....	282	\$1,118 70	\$560 84	-	\$1,679 54
Camden.....	714	2,832 48	3,458 26	-	6,290 74
Cushing.....	153	606 96	299 47	\$63 45	969 88
Friendship.....	195	773 58	476 54	-	1,250 12
Hope.....	112	444 31	344 55	-	788 86
Hurricane Isle.....	82	325 29	147 99	29 47	502 75
North Haven.....	148	587 13	458 08	-	1,045 21
Rockland.....	1,904	7,553 27	8,439 20	-	15,992 47
Rockport.....	525	2,082 71	2,012 45	-	4,095 16
St. George.....	591	2,344 53	1,040 86	-	3,385 39
South Thomaston.....	424	1,682 03	883 61	-	2,565 64
Thomaston.....	537	2,130 31	1,869 37	-	3,999 68
Union.....	305	1,209 96	889 66	-	2,099 62
Vinalhaven.....	698	2,769 00	1,489 20	-	4,258 20
Warren.....	412	1,634 42	1,337 69	-	2,972 11
Washington.....	233	924 32	531 42	-	1,455 74
PLANTATIONS.					
Criehaven.....	11	43 64	32 08	4 91	80 63
Matineus Isle.....	50	198 36	94 49	17 60	310 45
Muscle Ridge.....	19	75 37	46 46	8 60	130 43
Total.....	7,395	\$29,336 37	\$24,412 22	\$124 03	\$53,872 62

LINCOLN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Ina	116	\$460 18	\$328 44	-	\$788 62
oothbay.....	520	2,062 87	1,221 95	-	3,284 82
oothbay Harbor.....	600	2,380 23	1,697 44	-	4,077 67
remen	153	606 96	308 33	-	915 29
ristol.....	600	2,380 23	1,636 52	\$266 08	4,282 83
amariscotta	151	599 03	688 72	-	1,287 75
resden	221	876 72	615 85	-	1,492 57
dgecomb	136	539 52	341 06	-	880 58
dferson	298	1,182 18	767 15	-	1,949 33
ewcastle	251	995 73	975 27	-	1,971 00
obleboro.....	191	757 71	522 45	-	1,280 16
ermerville.....	96	380 83	161 12	43 39	585 34
uthport	116	460 18	564 31	-	1,024 49
aldoboro	741	2,939 59	1,974 78	-	4,914 37
estport	84	333 23	187 85	-	521 08
hitefield	276	1,094 90	757 46	-	1,852 36
iscasset	295	1,174 24	864 77	-	2,039 01
onhegan Pl.....	33	130 92	85 05	11 46	227 43
Total.....	4,879	\$19,355 25	\$13,698 52	\$320 93	\$33,374 70

OXFORD COUNTY.

bany.....	111	\$440 36	\$291 24	-	\$731 60
idover.....	184	729 94	554 56	-	1,284 50
thel.....	419	1,662 19	1,489 62	-	3,151 81
ownfield	249	987 79	600 94	-	1,588 73
ckfield	262	1,089 36	738 49	-	1,777 85
ron.....	40	158 68	162 52	-	321 20
nton.....	308	1,221 86	694 01	\$125 67	2,041 54
nmark	138	547 46	555 24	-	1,102 70
kfield	268	1,063 17	750 54	-	1,813 71
yeburg.....	308	1,221 86	1,211 13	-	2,432 99
lead.....	46	182 48	186 07	-	368 55
afton.....	24	95 21	211 03	-	306 24
enwood	205	813 26	415 97	85 96	1,315 19
nover.....	39	154 71	133 35	-	288 06
rtford	154	610 93	490 89	-	1,101 82
bron.....	143	567 29	395 43	58 54	1,021 26
am.....	214	848 95	678 24	-	1,527 19
vell.....	138	547 46	661 17	-	1,208 63
son.....	24	95 21	84 20	-	179 41
xico.....	683	2,709 49	1,429 17	282 45	4,421 11
wry.....	69	273 72	295 39	-	569 11
rway.....	783	3,106 20	2,283 86	-	5,390 06
ford.....	311	1,233 76	873 87	-	2,107 63
is.....	762	3,022 89	2,392 57	-	5,415 46
u.....	215	852 92	509 66	89 24	1,451 82
ter.....	215	852 92	503 02	91 69	1,447 63
isbury.....	113	448 28	247 11	46 66	742 05
nford.....	1,538	6,101 33	5,422 75	-	11,524 08
eham.....	70	277 69	192 52	-	470 21
w.....	57	226 12	209 83	-	435 95
ner.....	184	729 94	513 18	76 55	1,319 67
den.....	74	298 56	252 41	-	545 97
on.....	71	281 66	223 22	-	504 88
erford.....	249	987 79	610 89	83 92	1,682 60
dstock.....	192	761 67	506 36	81 05	1,349 08

OXFORD COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
PLANTATIONS.					
Lincoln.....	23	\$91 24	\$199 42	-	\$290 66
Magalloway.....	29	115 04	264 86	-	379 90
Milton.....	82	325 29	163 08	-	488 37
Total.....	8,994	\$35,679 68	\$27,997 81	\$1,021 73	\$64,099 22

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Alton.....	83	\$329 26	\$170 10	-	\$499 36
Argyle.....	75	297 53	140 19	\$33 16	470 88
Bangor.....	6,485	25,726 34	30,590 31	-	56,316 65
Bradford.....	286	1,134 57	595 82	-	1,730 39
Bradley.....	172	682 33	387 80	-	1,070 13
Brewer.....	1,635	6,486 13	4,089 57	-	10,575 70
Burlington.....	95	376 87	264 08	-	640 95
Carmel.....	245	971 93	599 39	102 34	1,673 66
Carroll.....	164	650 60	326 73	-	977 33
Charleston.....	227	900 52	575 36	-	1,475 88
Chester.....	120	476 05	207 74	48 71	732 50
Clifton.....	59	234 05	127 44	-	361 49
Corinna.....	308	1,221 86	848 09	-	2,069 95
Corinth.....	238	944 16	723 52	-	1,667 68
Dexter.....	933	3,701 26	2,459 41	-	6,160 67
Dixmont.....	183	725 97	459 20	-	1,185 17
East Millinocket.....	275	1,090 94	785 71	115 03	1,991 68
Eddington.....	193	765 64	390 23	73 27	1,229 14
Edinburg.....	16	63 47	50 52	-	113 99
Enfield.....	362	1,436 07	663 83	-	2,099 90
Etna.....	133	527 62	296 79	54 03	878 44
Exeter.....	218	864 82	554 28	-	1,419 10
Garland.....	233	924 32	560 08	92 10	1,576 50
Glenburn.....	119	472 08	315 81	-	787 89
Greenbush.....	134	531 59	225 81	57 72	815 12
Greenfield.....	61	241 99	116 70	29 06	387 75
Hampden.....	619	2,455 60	1,499 07	-	3,954 67
Hermont.....	339	1,344 83	810 34	-	2,155 17
Holden.....	216	856 88	396 54	75 73	1,329 15
Howland.....	142	563 32	467 01	-	1,030 33
Hudson.....	104	412 58	230 27	-	642 85
Kenduskeag.....	113	448 28	312 50	-	760 78
Kingman.....	261	1,035 40	449 20	117 07	1,601 67
Lagrange.....	164	650 60	461 66	65 50	1,177 76
Lee.....	279	1,106 80	419 61	-	1,526 41
Levant.....	185	733 91	460 56	74 91	1,269 38
Lincoln.....	626	2,483 37	1,327 09	-	3,810 46
Lowell.....	89	353 06	177 47	-	530 53
Mattawamkeag.....	155	614 90	315 83	65 90	996 63
Maxfield.....	29	115 04	69 96	10 64	195 64
Medway.....	191	757 71	302 44	-	1,060 15
Millford.....	284	1,126 64	913 09	-	2,039 73
Millinocket.....	993	3,939 28	2,328 35	-	6,267 63
Mount Chase.....	90	357 03	173 23	37 66	567 92
Newburg.....	166	658 53	496 55	-	1,155 08
Newport.....	442	1,753 43	1,331 96	-	3,085 39
Old Town.....	1,959	7,771 45	4,930 69	-	12,702 14
Orono.....	1,100	4,363 76	2,459 07	-	6,822 83
Orrington.....	347	1,376 57	840 64	-	2,217 21
Passadumkeag.....	136	539 52	240 08	56 08	835 68

PENOBSCOT COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Patten	468	\$1,856 58	\$1,154 05	-	\$3,010 63
Plymouth	180	714 07	380 76	-	1,094 83
Prentiss	190	753 74	322 07	-	1,075 81
Springfield	156	618 86	297 32	-	916 18
Stetson	125	495 89	350 32	-	846 21
Veazle	133	527 62	494 11	-	1,021 73
Winn	216	856 88	401 90	-	1,258 78
Woodville	39	154 71	120 82	-	275 53
PLANTATIONS.					
Drew	75	297 53	207 01	31 52	536 06
Grand Falls	16	63 48	112 85	-	176 33
Lakeville	32	126 95	194 31	-	321 26
Seboeis	30	119 02	138 66	-	257 68
Stacyville	187	741 84	314 15	92 10	1,148 09
Webster	43	170 59	112 18	-	282 77
Total	23,971	\$95,094 22	\$72,538 23	\$1,232 53	\$168,864 98

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

Abbot	202	\$801 34	\$403 50	\$89 65	\$1,294 49
Atkinson	149	591 09	329 56	60 17	980 82
Blanchard	48	190 43	153 18	22 92	366 53
Bowerbank	18	71 41	163 58	-	234 99
Brownville	572	2,269 16	1,225 88	225 55	3,720 59
Dover	469	1,860 54	1,598 04	-	3,458 58
Foxcroft	488	1,935 93	1,505 76	-	3,441 69
Greenville	414	1,642 36	1,015 05	159 24	2,816 65
Guilford	412	1,634 42	1,218 18	-	2,852 60
Medford	72	285 62	214 12	-	499 74
Milo	716	2,840 41	1,982 86	-	4,823 27
Monson	373	1,479 71	665 26	158 83	2,303 80
Orneville	84	333 23	216 12	38 07	587 42
Parkman	169	670 43	430 51	-	1,100 94
Sangerville	330	1,309 13	922 65	135 90	2,367 68
Sebec	181	718 04	400 69	69 59	1,188 32
Shirley	105	416 56	210 80	40 12	667 48
Wellington	112	444 31	261 90	46 66	752 87
Williamsburg	47	186 46	105 56	21 29	313 31
Willimantic	85	337 20	183 80	33 57	554 57
PLANTATIONS.					
Barnard	30	119 01	86 04	-	205 05
Elliottsville	22	87 27	160 83	-	248 10
Kingsbury	39	154 71	144 34	-	299 05
Lake View	49	194 38	236 30	-	430 68
Total	5,186	\$20,573 15	\$13,834 51	\$1,101 56	\$35,509 22

SAGADAHOC COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Arrowsc	35	\$188 85	\$117 85	-	\$256 70
Bath	2,816	11,171 21	10,873 21	-	22,044 42
Bowdoin	273	1,083 00	647 04	-	1,730 04
Bowdoinham	338	1,340 87	961 65	-	2,302 52
Georgetown	188	745 81	504 12	\$76 55	1,326 48
Perkins	8	81 74	52 82	-	84 56
Phippsburg	343	1,360 70	821 78	137 54	2,319 97
Richmond	525	2,082 71	1,616 58	-	3,699 29
Topsham	693	2,749 16	2,061 94	-	4,811 10
West Bath	67	265 79	251 84	-	517 63
Woolwich	185	733 91	567 76	-	1,301 67
Total	5,471	\$21,703 75	\$18,476 34	\$214 09	\$40,394 38

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Anson	618	\$2,451 64	\$1,447 53	-	\$3,899 17
Athens	268	1,063 17	602 22	-	1,665 39
Bingham	290	1,150 44	657 18	-	1,807 62
Cambridge	78	309 43	220 36	-	529 79
Canaan	234	928 29	578 74	\$110 52	1,617 55
Concord	72	285 62	169 37	37 66	492 65
Cornville	156	618 86	511 17	73 68	1,203 71
Detroit	103	408 61	290 72	-	699 33
Emden	159	630 76	454 95	-	1,085 71
Fairfield	1,246	4,942 94	3,151 50	-	8,094 44
Harmony	194	769 61	461 82	-	1,231 43
Hartland	300	1,190 12	841 18	-	2,031 30
Madison	849	3,368 02	2,934 91	-	6,302 93
Mercer	114	452 25	298 97	-	751 22
Moscow	148	587 13	319 95	-	907 08
New Portland	271	1,075 07	584 17	108 07	1,767 31
Norritgewock	434	1,721 70	1,184 76	-	2,906 46
Palmyra	260	1,081 43	647 03	-	1,678 46
Pittsfield	682	2,705 52	2,407 52	-	5,113 04
Ripley	75	297 53	244 39	-	541 92
St Albans	302	1,198 05	760 19	125 26	2,083 50
Skowhegan	1,637	6,494 06	5,812 74	-	12,306 80
Smithfield	114	452 25	310 93	-	763 18
Solon	293	1,162 34	718 03	-	1,880 37
Starks	157	622 83	381 04	63 45	1,067 32
PLANTATIONS.					
Bigelow	24	95 22	109 57	-	204 79
Brighton	96	380 83	187 59	-	568 42
Caratunk	65	257 86	180 45	-	438 31
Dead River	30	119 01	126 72	-	245 73
Dennistown	35	138 86	167 98	-	306 84
Flagstaff	55	218 19	153 81	-	372 00
Highland	24	95 21	120 70	-	215 91
Jackman	185	733 91	378 81	-	1,112 72
Lexington	58	230 09	154 80	-	384 89
Mayfield	18	71 41	133 13	-	204 54
Moose River	81	321 33	255 21	-	576 54
Pleasant Ridge	20	79 34	93 69	-	173 08
The Forks	55	218 19	151 80	26 61	396 60
West Forks	54	214 22	169 05	-	383 27
Total	9,854	\$39,091 34	\$28,374 68	\$545 25	\$68,011 27

WALDO COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Belfast.....	1,247	\$4,946 91	\$4,445 51	-	\$9,392 42
Belmont.....	85	337 20	203 99	-	541 19
Brooks.....	185	733 91	500 64	-	1,234 55
Burnham.....	219	868 78	483 49	-	1,352 27
Frankfort.....	285	1,130 61	622 52	-	1,753 13
Freedom.....	126	499 86	311 51	-	811 37
Islesboro.....	271	1,075 01	1,288 40	-	2,363 41
Jackson.....	118	468 12	281 90	-	750 02
Knox.....	128	507 79	345 75	-	853 54
Liberty.....	176	698 20	419 18	-	1,117 38
Lincolnvile.....	303	1,202 02	653 12	-	1,855 14
Monroe.....	200	793 41	506 67	-	1,300 08
Montville.....	240	952 09	565 52	-	1,517 61
Morrill.....	109	432 41	249 94	-	682 35
Northport.....	105	416 56	478 18	-	894 74
Palermo.....	177	702 17	424 76	-	1,126 93
Prospect.....	162	642 66	352 89	-	995 55
Searsmont.....	224	888 62	591 74	-	1,480 36
Searsport.....	378	1,499 56	1,195 29	-	2,694 85
Stockton Springs.....	250	991 76	807 35	-	1,799 11
Swanville.....	134	531 59	301 35	54 03	886 97
Thorndike.....	163	646 63	401 04	-	1,047 67
Troy.....	183	725 97	486 73	-	1,212 70
Unity.....	199	789 44	579 57	-	1,369 01
Waldo.....	121	480 02	280 58	-	760 60
Winterport.....	385	1,527 32	1,010 35	-	2,537 67
Total.....	6,173	\$24,488 62	\$17,787 97	\$54 03	\$42,330 62

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Addison.....	267	\$1,059 20	\$489 47	\$113 39	\$1,662 06
Alexander.....	142	563 32	208 57	58 54	830 43
Baileyville.....	312	1,237 72	1,232 57	-	2,470 29
Baring.....	76	301 49	178 85	-	480 34
Beddington.....	14	55 54	47 04	-	102 58
Brookton.....	72	285 62	147 13	-	432 75
Calais.....	2,344	9,298 77	5,302 04	-	14,600 81
Centerville.....	39	154 72	100 48	-	255 20
Charlotte.....	81	321 33	173 00	-	494 33
Cherryfield.....	470	1,864 52	981 37	190 35	3,036 24
Columbia.....	169	670 43	290 95	71 23	1,032 61
Columbia Falls.....	216	856 88	400 03	-	1,256 91
Cooper.....	66	261 82	127 74	26 20	415 76
Crawford.....	34	134 88	80 65	-	215 53
Cutler.....	223	884 65	327 54	82 69	1,294 88
Danforth.....	409	1,622 52	765 75	-	2,388 27
Deblois.....	22	87 27	46 48	-	133 75
Dennysville.....	156	618 86	333 78	-	952 64
East Machias.....	499	1,979 55	958 45	-	2,938 00
Eastport.....	1,839	7,295 40	3,763 63	-	11,059 03
Edmunds.....	208	825 15	315 64	-	1,140 79
Forest City.....	29	115 04	44 58	11 87	171 49
Harrington.....	281	1,114 74	542 25	-	1,656 99
Jonesboro.....	180	714 07	298 24	80 23	1,092 54
Jonesport.....	807	3,201 42	1,389 22	-	4,590 64
Lubec.....	1,282	5,085 75	2,222 50	-	7,308 25
Machias.....	606	2,404 03	1,555 25	-	3,959 28
Machiasport.....	422	1,674 09	631 73	171 93	2,477 75
Marion.....	28	111 08	72 26	-	183 34
Marshfield.....	41	162 65	105 29	18 83	286 77
Meddybemps.....	47	186 45	82 04	-	268 49
Milbridge.....	536	2,126 34	1,026 67	-	3,153 01

WASHINGTON COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Northfield.....	28	111 08	78 25	12 28	201 61
Pembroke.....	482	1,912 12	860 36	193 21	2,965 69
Perry.....	317	1,257 56	590 32	-	1,787 88
Princeton.....	368	1,459 88	712 43	-	2,172 31
Robbinston.....	235	932 26	408 53	88 42	1,429 21
Roque Bluffs.....	90	119 02	60 56	14 33	193 91
Steuben.....	229	908 46	448 23	84 33	1,441 02
Talmadge.....	27	107 12	117 39	-	224 51
Topsfield.....	87	345 13	202 00	-	547 13
Trescott.....	176	698 20	246 74	74 09	1,019 03
Vanceboro.....	219	868 78	420 13	-	1,288 91
Waite.....	52	206 28	93 65	20 47	320 40
Wesley.....	70	277 69	125 85	28 24	431 78
Whiting.....	120	476 06	230 75	55 26	762 07
Whitneyville.....	72	285 62	136 88	36 43	458 93
PLANTATIONS.					
Codyville.....	24	95 22	109 13	-	204 35
Grand Lake Stream.....	128	507 79	250 74	-	758 53
No. 14.....	30	119 02	96 65	-	215 67
No. 21.....	41	162 66	107 68	-	270 34
Total.....	14,652	\$58,125 25	\$29,477 46	\$1,432 32	\$89,035 03

YORK COUNTY.

Acton.....	165	\$654 58	\$472 81	-	\$1,127 39
Alfred.....	202	801 34	572 29	\$75 73	1,449 36
Berwick.....	524	2,078 74	1,627 05	-	3,705 79
Biddeford.....	6,136	24,341 84	15,313 73	-	39,655 57
Buxton.....	461	1,828 81	1,843 59	-	3,672 40
Cornish.....	219	868 78	630 88	-	1,499 66
Dayton.....	86	341 17	332 23	-	673 40
Elliot.....	401	1,590 79	1,008 80	-	2,599 59
Hollis.....	283	1,122 67	972 36	-	2,065 03
Kennebunk.....	750	2,975 29	3,416 95	-	6,392 24
Kennebunkport.....	493	1,955 75	2,230 60	-	4,186 35
Kittery.....	713	2,828 51	1,746 79	-	4,575 30
Lebanon.....	309	1,225 82	800 73	137 95	2,164 50
Limerick.....	263	1,043 33	759 21	-	1,802 54
Limington.....	252	999 69	647 10	-	1,646 79
Lyman.....	144	571 27	571 57	-	1,142 84
Newfield.....	131	509 70	392 37	-	902 07
North Berwick.....	468	1,856 58	1,309 63	191 98	3,358 19
Old Orchard.....	213	844 98	1,422 18	-	2,267 16
Parsonsfield.....	224	888 62	730 31	-	1,618 93
Saco.....	1,932	7,664 34	6,647 68	-	14,312 02
Sanford.....	2,875	11,405 27	7,075 30	-	18,480 57
Shapleigh.....	187	741 84	456 32	-	1,198 16
South Berwick.....	949	3,774 73	2,330 93	-	6,105 66
Waterboro.....	273	1,083 00	750 16	-	1,833 16
Wells.....	665	2,638 09	1,827 93	-	4,466 02
York.....	644	2,554 78	3,655 01	-	6,209 79
Total.....	19,962	\$79,190 31	\$59,544 51	\$405 66	\$139,140 48

RECAPITULATION BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	Number of scholars.	School and Mill Fund.	Common School Fund.	Equalization Fund.	Total.
Androscoggin	18,792	\$74,548 86	\$54,441 93	-	\$128,990 79
Aroostook	26,074	103,436 94	51,455 64	\$3,579 75	158,472 33
Cumberland	30,137	119,555 09	129,291 60	128 12	248,974 81
Franklin	5,168	20,501 75	16,297 67	153 09	36,952 51
Hancock	10,236	40,606 76	31,823 58	1,661 96	74,092 30
Kennebec	16,539	65,611 09	53,525 82	183 39	119,320 30
Knox	7,395	29,336 37	24,412 22	124 03	53,872 62
Lincoln	4,879	19,355 25	13,698 52	320 93	33,374 70
Oxford	8,994	35,679 68	27,397 81	1,021 73	64,099 22
Penobscot	23,971	95,094 22	72,538 23	1,232 53	168,864 98
Piscataquis	5,186	20,573 15	13,834 51	1,101 56	35,509 22
Sagadahoc	5,471	21,703 75	18,476 54	214 09	40,394 38
Somerset	9,854	39,091 34	28,374 68	545 25	68,011 27
Waldo	6,173	24,488 62	17,787 97	54 03	42,330 62
Washington	14,652	58,125 25	29,477 46	1,432 32	89,035 03
York	19,962	79,190 31	59,544 51	405 66	139,140 48
Total	213,483	\$846,898 43	\$642,378 69	\$12,158 44	\$1,501,435 56

TABLE No. XXI.
Showing School Statistics, Unorganized Townships, Year Ending April 1, 1910.

DESIGNATION OF TOWNSHIPS.	COUNTIES.	Number of children of school age.	Number attending school.	Average attendance.	ACCOUNTS EXPENDED FOR					
					Wages and board of teachers.	Transportation of children.	Board of children.	Tuition of children.	Fuel, janitors, etc.	Totals.
No. 8, R. 3, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	18	15	14	\$127 00	-	-	-	\$42 00	\$169 00
No. 7, R. 4, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	34	29	18	198 00	-	-	-	74 00	272 00
No. 9, R. 4, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	25	23	17	231 50	-	-	\$41 00	-	272 50
No. 11, R. 4, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	3	3	3	147 50	-	\$27 00	4 60	-	179 10
No. 16, R. 4, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	5	3	3	204 00	-	-	-	3 00	207 00
No. 17, R. 4, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	108	65	57	520 00	-	156 00	-	10 00	686 00
A, R. 5, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	27	19	17	318 00	\$29 00	-	8 00	19 00	374 00
No. 1, R. 5, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	10	9	8	144 00	-	-	-	8 30	152 30
No. 8, R. 5, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	2	2	2	-	-	116 00	26 25	-	142 25
No. 17, R. 5, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	29	27	23	268 00	-	-	-	4 00	272 00
No. 15, R. 6, W. E. L. S.	Aroostook	26	23	17	196 00	-	-	-	10 40	206 40
No. 3, R. 2, (Jerusalem)	Franklin	11	10	7	155 00	-	-	-	3 00	158 00
No. 4, R. 2, B. K. P.	Franklin	26	18	15	195 00	-	-	-	6 50	201 50
No. 4, R. 3, B. K. P.	Franklin	11	9	7	208 00	53 65	-	-	9 00	270 65
No. 1, R. 8, (Skinner)	Franklin	18	18	15	234 00	-	-	-	7 50	241 50
No. 2, R. 8, (Lowelltown)	Franklin	7	5	4	156 00	-	-	-	-	156 00
No. 7, (Lowelltown)	Hancock	3	3	2	-	-	-	16 50	-	16 50
No. 10, (Lowelltown)	Hancock	9	5	4	124 92	91 50	-	-	15 00	231 42
No. 28, (Lowelltown)	Hancock	6	5	4	-	-	144 25	40 00	-	184 25
No. 32, (Lowelltown)	Hancock	4	4	4	224 00	26 00	-	-	55 00	305 00
Eagle Island	Hancock	16	14	12	167 25	-	-	-	9 50	186 75
Great Duck Island	Hancock	9	8	7	215 35	-	-	-	23 00	238 35
Muscovus Island	Lincoln	31	23	21	249 00	-	-	21 60	27 00	297 60
Andover N. Surplus	Oxford	7	5	5	208 00	-	-	-	22 00	230 00
Fryeburg Academy Grant	Oxford	2	2	2	-	-	103 50	11 50	-	115 00

Letter C.....	Oxford	2	2	2	126 00	-	-	-	-	-	126 00
Riley.....	Oxford	10	7	6	208 00	-	-	-	-	4 00	212 00
West Surplus.....	Oxford	4	4	3	-	-	75 00	-	-	-	75 00
Nos. 1, R. 6, and 2, R. 7.....	Penobscot	16	13	12	344 00	130 00	-	20 00	-	43 00	537 00
No. 11 (Summit).....	Penobscot	4	4	4	187 50	96 00	-	-	-	11 00	294 50
No. 2, R. 6, (E. District).....	Penobscot	10	7	6	234 00	-	-	-	-	38 50	272 50
No. 2, R. 6, (W. District).....	Penobscot	32	14	12	208 00	-	-	-	-	8 50	216 50
No. 6, R. 7.....	Penobscot	3	3	3	-	23 00	125 00	-	15 00	-	163 00
A. R. 8 and 9, (W. Seboeis).....	Penobscot	18	15	10	214 00	-	-	-	-	24 50	238 50
Mattamiscontis.....	Penobscot	4	2	2	156 00	-	-	-	-	21 25	177 25
No. 3, R. 5, (Little Squaw Mt.).....	Piscataquis	10	7	6	-	-	-	52 75	-	-	52 75
No. 2, R. 6, E. K. R., (Squaw Mt.).....	Piscataquis	12	12	10	450 00	-	-	-	-	-	450 00
Day's Academy Grant.....	Piscataquis	8	8	5	66 00	-	-	-	-	6 00	72 00
No. 5, R. 9.....	Piscataquis	5	4	4	-	105 00	-	-	15 75	-	120 75
No. 6, R. 9, (K. I. Works).....	Piscataquis	8	5	5	304 00	-	-	-	-	25 00	329 00
No. 6, R. 9, (Mooreville).....	Piscataquis	2	3	3	167 50	-	-	-	-	-	167 50
No. 7, R. 9.....	Piscataquis	4	4	3	-	-	140 00	-	67 00	-	207 00
A. R. 12.....	Piscataquis	4	2	2	147 00	-	-	-	-	-	147 00
No. 5, R. 13 (Chesuncook).....	Piscataquis	19	17	12	640 30	-	-	-	-	68 50	708 80
No. 3, R. 15, (N. E. Carry).....	Piscataquis	5	5	5	327 00	-	-	-	-	-	327 00
Malaga Island.....	Sagadahoc	14	13	12	239 00	-	-	-	-	26 05	265 05
No. 1, R. 1, (Rockwood Strip).....	Somerset	30	28	24	394 75	-	-	-	-	9 00	403 75
No. 3, R. 1, (Long Pond).....	Somerset	38	22	20	316 50	-	-	-	-	15 00	331 50
No. 6, R. 1, (Holeb).....	Somerset	10	9	8	201 50	-	-	-	-	17 00	218 50
No. 1, R. 4, (Bowtown).....	Somerset	15	8	6	198 00	-	-	-	3 00	-	205 50
No. 2, R. 4, (E. Moxie).....	Somerset	3	3	3	112 00	-	-	-	-	-	112 00
No. 2, R. 4, (Pierce Pond).....	Somerset	2	1	1	-	-	60 00	-	10 00	-	70 00
No. 1, R. 5, (Moxie Gore).....	Somerset	8	4	3	-	189 00	-	-	31 30	-	220 30
No. 2, R. 5, (Squaretown).....	Somerset	3	3	3	-	18 36	-	-	-	-	18 36
No. 1, R. 6, (Indiantown).....	Somerset	14	10	8	168 00	-	-	-	-	-	168 00
Gore North of Nos. 1 and 2, R. 7.....	Somerset	2	2	2	243 00	-	-	-	-	5 00	248 00
Lambert Lake.....	Washington	18	21	18	236 00	-	-	-	-	27 00	263 00
No. 10, R. 3, (Forest Station).....	Washington	10	12	11	257 85	-	-	-	-	41 15	299 55
Kossuth.....	Washington	20	20	17	414 00	-	-	-	17 50	51 24	482 74
		814	641	538	\$11,050 42	\$761 51	\$946 75	\$401 75	\$794 39		\$13,954 82

TABLE No. XXII.

Showing Statistics on Union Supervision of Schools for the Year Ending July 1, 1910.

TOWNS.	Year of formation.	Number of schools.	School population.	Name of Superintendent.	Address.	Term of office.	Total annual salary.	Apportionment of town.	Apportionment of State.
Bowdoinham and Richmond.....	1909	24	863	Walton S. Adams.....	Richmond.....	2 years	\$1,200	\$400	\$800
Bingham, Caratunk, Concord, Moscow, The Forks and West Forks.....	1908	27	684	Charles E. Ball.....	Bingham.....	3 years	1,200	400	800
Eastport and Lubec.....	1908	41	3,121	Fred Benson.....	Eastport.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Eddington, Holden and Orrington.....	1909	20	756	Mrs. Blanche K. Blake.....	South Orrington.....	2 years	900	300	600
Benedicta, Crystal, Island Falls, Sherman and Stacyville.....	1910	32	1,340	Fred W. Burrill.....	Island Falls.....	1 year.	1,300	500	800
Paris and Woodstock.....	1909	36	954	Ernest F. Clason.....	South Paris.....	1 year.	1,300	500	800
Buxton and Standish.....	1908	27	869	Charles L. Clement.....	Buxton.....	1 year.	1,050	350	700
Houlton and Littleton.....	1909	34	2,188	William F. Coan.....	Houlton.....	1 year.	1,800	1,000	800
Alfred and Sanford.....	1908	38	3,077	D. W. Colby.....	Sanford.....	1 year.	1,500	700	800
Brunswick and Topsham.....	1909	36	2,793	John A. Cone.....	Brunswick.....	1 year.	1,550	750	800
Hurricane Isle, Isle au Haut and Vinalhaven.....	1908	20	894	Tyler M. Coombs.....	Vinalhaven.....	3 years	1,200	400	800
Fort Kent, New Canada, St. Francis, St. John and Wallagrass.....	1910	41	2,691	Joseph F. Cyr.....	Fort Kent.....	1 year.	1,050	350	700
East Livermore and Jay.....	1907	38	1,705	W. H. Dresser.....	Livermore Falls.....	1 year.	1,400	600	800
Hanover and Rumford.....	1909	41	1,577	W. H. S. Ellingwood.....	Rumford.....	1 year.	1,600	800	800
Norway and Waterford.....	1909	29	1,092	L. M. Feleh.....	Norway.....	2 years	1,250	450	800
Benton and Winslow.....	1909	24	1,206	Clarence N. Flood.....	Waterville.....	2 years	1,200	400	800
Caribou and Limestone.....	1908	50	2,527	L. W. Gerrish.....	Caribou.....	1 year.	1,500	700	800
Gouldsboro, Sorrento, Sullivan and Winter Harbor.....	1910	27	852	A. W. Gordon.....	West Gouldsboro.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Harrington, Milbridge and Steuben.....	1910	32	1,046	G. M. D. Grant.....	Milbridge.....	1 year.	900	300	600
Fairfield and Oakland.....	1907	36	1,767	W. O. Hersey.....	Fairfield.....	1 year.	1,400	600	800
Athens, Harmony, Solon and Wellington.....	1910	36	867	George C. Hight.....	Athens.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Hallowell and Winthrop.....	1908	31	1,275	Orin M. Holman.....	Hallowell.....	1 year.	1,800	500	800
Beddington, Cherryfield and Columbia Falls.....	1910	21	700	Frances C. Jewett.....	Cherryfield.....	1 year.	861	287	574
Corham and Westbrook.....	1908	47	3,317	Prescott Keyes.....	Westbrook.....	1 year.	2,000	1,200	800

Belfast and Searsport.....	1909	34	1,625	Alonzo J. Knowlton.....	Belfast.....	2 years.	1,500	700	800
Gray, New Gloucester and Windham.....	1908	32	1,110	Charles B. Lamb.....	Gray.....	3 years.	1,200	400	800
Kennebunk and Kennebunkport.....	1910	30	1,243	J. W. Lambert.....	Kennebunk.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Castle Hill, Mapleton, Wade and Washburn.....	1910	34	1,159	Richard J. Libby.....	Washburn.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Cumberland and Falmouth.....	1910	21	808	D. W. Lunt.....	Portland, R. F. D. No. 41.....	1 year.	900	300	600
East Millinocket, Millinocket and Patten.....	1908	26	1,736	William M. Marr.....	Millinocket.....	1 year.	1,300	500	800
Frankfort, Monroe and Winterport.....	1910	29	870	R. W. Martin.....	Winterport.....	1 1/2 years.	1,200	400	800
Cornish, Limington, Parsonsfield and Porter.....	1909	32	910	William C. McCue.....	Cornish.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Bluehill, Brooklin and Sedgwick.....	1907	35	941	Frank E. McGouldrick.....	Bluehill.....	1 1/2 years.	1,300	500	800
Freeport, North Yarmouth and Yarmouth.....	1910	31	1,531	H. M. Moore.....	Yarmouthville.....	1 year.	1,800	500	800
New Sweden, Stockholm and Woodland.....	1910	25	991	James S. Norton.....	Stockholm.....	1 year.	1,050	350	700
Camden and Thomaston.....	1909	21	1,251	Bertran E. Packard.....	Camden.....	2 years.	1,500	700	800
Anson, Embden and New Vineyard.....	1908	27	932	George E. Paine.....	North Anson.....	2 years.	1,050	350	700
Deer Isle and Stonington.....	1908	29	1,210	William H. Patten.....	Deer Isle.....	3 years.	1,200	400	800
Brewer, Hampden and Veazie.....	1909	42	2,387	Charles N. Perkins.....	Brewer.....	1 year.	1,600	800	800
Madison and Skowhegan.....	1908	45	2,486	DeForest H. Perkins.....	Skowhegan.....	3 years.	1,650	850	800
Bradford, Charleston, Hudson and Kenduskeag.....	1910	24	730	Charles C. Phillips.....	Charleston.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Farmington and Wilton.....	1907	34	1,360	I. C. Phillips.....	Farmington.....	1 year.	1,500	700	800
Baileyville, Baring and Calais.....	1909	35	2,732	J. M. Pike.....	Calais.....	1 year.	1,400	600	800
Easton and Fort Fairfield.....	1908	45	2,132	William L. Powers.....	Fort Fairfield.....	1 year.	1,800	1,000	800
Corinna and Newport.....	1910	23	750	Horace D. Ridlon.....	Corinna.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Blaine, Bridgewater and Mars Hill.....	1909	29	1,392	L. W. Robbins.....	Mars Hill.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Dexter and Garland.....	1910	32	1,166	Leland A. Ross.....	Dexter.....	3 years.	1,400	600	800
Hartland, Palmyra and St. Albans.....	1908	26	862	F. L. Rowell.....	Hartland.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Brownville and Milo.....	1910	27	1,288	F. E. Russell.....	Milo.....	1 1/2 years.	1,550	750	800
Boothbay and Boothbay Harbor.....	1908	26	1,120	H. I. Smith.....	Boothbay Harbor.....	2 years.	1,200	400	800
Buckfield, Hartford and Sumner.....	1908	25	600	Isaac A. Smith.....	Buckfield.....	3 years.	1,200	400	800
China and Vassalboro.....	1908	21	809	Glen W. Starkey.....	N. Vassalboro.....	2 years.	1,000	333	667
Albion, Unity and Thorndike.....	1909	23	623	Chandler A. Stetson.....	Albion.....	2 years.	897	299	598
Abbot, Blanchard and Monson.....	1908	21	623	Agnes E. Steward.....	Guilford, R. F. D. No. 2.....	1 year.	690	230	460
Rockland and South Thomaston.....	1908	39	2,328	Giles A. Stuart.....	Rockland.....	1 year.	1,800	1,000	800
Dover and Foxcroft.....	1903	24	957	W. H. Sturtevant.....	Dover.....	1 year.	1,000	333	667
Union and Warren.....	1909	26	717	W. M. Teague.....	Warren.....	2 years.	1,050	350	700
Frenchville, Grand Isle, Madawaska and St. Agatha.....	1908	50	2,542	Patrick Therriault.....	Lower Grand Isle.....	1 1/2 years.	1,200	400	800
Farmingdale and Gardiner.....	1907	24	1,744	Charles O. Turner.....	Gardiner.....	3 years.	1,300	500	800
Dixfield and Mexico.....	1908	23	951	Frank G. Wadsworth.....	Ridlonville.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Bridgton and Harrison.....	1909	25	906	Charles S. Walker.....	Bridgton.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Greenville and Sangerville.....	1910	22	744	Clifton F. Wass.....	Sangerville.....	3 years.	1,200	400	800
Ashland, Masardis and Portage.....	1910	22	1,133	Florent Whitmore.....	Ashland.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Lisbon and Webster.....	1908	36	1,535	L. E. Williams.....	Lisbon Falls.....	2 years.	1,300	500	800
Canton and Turner.....	1908	21	735	W. B. Woodbury.....	Turner.....	1 year.	1,200	400	800
Old Town and Orono.....	1910	44	3,059	D. Lyman Wormwood.....	Old Town.....	1 year.	1,750	950	800
Total.....			2,028	92,919			\$84,248	\$33,582	\$50,666

INDEX.

(A appearing before numbers indicates that the pages are to be found in the appendix.)

A.		PAGE
Academies, approval of.....		84
chart showing distribution by courses in.....		80
comparative summary of.....		78
having approved courses of standard grade....	A	164
manual training, domestic science and agricul- ture in		46
statistics of.....	A	152-160
under contract with towns for secondary school tuition		A 148-149
and high schools, chart showing resources of..		79
Addresses of union superintendents.....	A	190-191
Aggregate number of weeks in academies.....	A	152-153
common schools	A	2-23
high schools.....	A	136-141
Agriculture courses in academies, enrollment in.....	A	157-159
Agriculture, needs of—summary of opinion.....		53-54
schools adopting courses in.....		50
America, industrial education in.....		21-42
Amount raised per scholar for common school purposes..	A	68-89
Amounts provided by town for free high school purposes..	A	136-141
raised by towns for common school purposes....	A	68-89
Androscoggin county		
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in..	A	176
Character of schools and school property in.....	A	24
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A	68
Distribution of pupils in.....	A	112
Facts regarding common school teachers in.....	A	46
General school appropriations and expenditures in..	A	90
School enrollment of.....	A	2
State examination in.....		94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in.....	A	165
Apparatus, amounts raised and expended for.....	A	90-III
Appliances, amounts raised and expended for.....	A	90-III
Appropriation for common school purposes.....	A	68-89

	PAGE
Appropriations and expenditures for general school purposes	A 90-111
high school purposes..	A 136-141
for normal schools.....	142-143
Approval of academies	84
secondary school courses.....	81
Approved courses of study, secondary schools having.....	A 161-164
Aroostook county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in..	A 176-177
Character of schools and school property in.....	A 25-27
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 69-71
Distribution of pupils in.....	A 113-115
Facts regarding common school teachers in.....	A 47-49
General school appropriations and expenditures in..	A 91-93
Schools in unorganized townships in.....	A 188
School enrollment of.....	A 3-5
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in.....	A 165-166
Aroostook State Normal School, report of.....	138-139
summer term at.....	139
Assessment for common schools, percentage of valuation of	A 68-89
Assets of academies.....	A 154-155-160
Attendance and enrollment, schools in unorganized town-	
ships, comparative summary of.....	89
at normal schools.....	131-142
state summer schools.....	96-98
comparative summary of common schools.....	71
free high schools and academies, comparative	
summary of.....	77-78
in academies, total average.....	A 152-153
common schools.....	A 2-23
free high schools, average.....	A 136-141
unorganized township schools.....	A 188-189
of resident pupils in academies under contract	
with towns, average.....	A 148-149
teachers at conventions.....	A 192
Average attendance in academies, total.....	A 152-153
common schools.....	A 2-23
free high schools.....	A 136-141
of resident pupils in academies under	
contract with towns.....	A 148-149
length in weeks of common schools.....	A 2-23
monthly wages, male teachers, in common schools	A 46-67
academies	A 152-153
high schools ...	A 136-141
weekly wages, female teachers, in common schools	A 46-67
academies	A 152-153
high schools ..	A 136-141

B.

	PAGE
Baron de Hirsch school	24-26
Basal courses of study secondary schools.....	83
Belgium, industrial education in.....	17-20
Bibliography of industrial education.....	68-70
Board of pupils in unorganized townships, expenditures for teachers and pupils, amount expended for.....	A 188-189 A 68-89
Books and appliances in academies, amounts expended for	A 156-157-160
Buildings and grounds, value of academy.....	A 154-155-160

C.

Castine, dormitory at.....	115-116
report of summer school at.....	96-97
state normal school, report of.....	133-136
superintendents' conference at.....	101-104
Certification of teachers, state.....	92-95
recommendations regarding.....	121-124
Character of schools, comparative summary of.....	72
Character of schools and school property.....	A 24-45
Chart comparing wages of technical school-trained and shop- trained boys	opp. 70
relating to normal school graduates.....	117
Charts showing comparisons in elementary and secondary school statistics	73-74-75-76-79-80
City schools, number of.....	A 24-45
registered in	A 2-23
Classes in free high schools, enrollment by.....	A 142-147
secondary schools, chart showing distribution of pupils by.....	76
Classification of free high schools.....	A 161-163
secondary schools.....	81
College of Agriculture, University of Maine.....	51
preparatory course, academies, enrollment in.....	A 158-159
free high schools, enrollment in in academies, average attend- ance in	A 142-147 A 152-153
Colleges, number of academy graduates intending to enter	A 158-159
Commercial course in free high schools, enrollment in.....	A 142-147
courses in the secondary schools.....	47
Comments on statistics of schooling of children in unorgan- ized townships	89-92
Common schools, comparative summary of.....	71-72
state aid to.....	A 176-187
school fund,	A 176-187
appropriations and expenditures of	A 68-89

	PAGE
Common school fund chart showing resources and expenditures of.....	74
unexpended balance of.....	A 68-89
registration	A 2-23
statistics	A 2-135
teachers	A 46-67
Comparison of items in school reports between the years 1910-1909	A 134
between the years 1910-1900	A 135
Comparative summary of common schools.....	71-72
normal school attendance	142
secondary schools.....	77-78
schools in unorganized townships	89
Condition of schoolhouses.....	A 24-45
Conference of superintendents.....	101-104
Contracting academies	A 148-149
Conventions, teachers'	98-101 A 192
Conveyance, amount expended for.....	A 68-89
of pupils in unorganized townships, expenditures for	A 188-189
Conveyed, number of pupils.....	A 2-23
Co-operative industrial courses.....	39-42
Cost of new buildings	A 24-45
County teachers' meetings, speakers at.....	98-101
statistics of.....	A 192
Courses at normal schools.....	116-118
in academies, enrollment by.....	A 158-159
free high schools, enrollment by.....	A 142-147
secondary schools, approval of.....	81
chart showing distribution by	80
summary relating to.....	88
Course of study, in agriculture.....	49-50
secondary schools	82-83
number of secondary schools having approved	A 161-164
schools not using.....	A 24-45
Courses offered at state summer schools.....	95-97
Cumberland county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in..	A 178
Character of schools and school property in.....	A 27-28
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 71-72
Distribution of pupils in.....	A 115-116
Facts regarding common school teachers in.....	A 49-50
General school appropriations and expenditures in..	A 93-94
School enrollment of.....	A 5-6
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in.....	A 166-167

D.

	PAGE
Data from report of inspection of secondary schools.....	85-88
Dates of establishment of academies.....	A 152-153
incorporation of academies.....	A 152-153
teachers' convention.....	A 192
Deficiencies in academy accounts.....	A 156-157-160
Denmark, industrial education in.....	21
Different pupils registered, number of.....	A 2-23
Directions for testing sight and hearing.....	108-110
Discontinued schools, number of.....	A 24-45
Distribution of pupils in academies.....	A 158-159
common school pupils, chart showing.....	75
pupils of school age, chart showing.....	75
by grades, chart showing.....	76
in common schools.....	A 112-133
free' high schools.....	A 142-147
Diversified trades, needs of.....	58-59
Domestic science course, academies, enrollment in.....	A 158-159
in the public schools.....	47
schools adopting courses in.....	47-50
Dormitory at Castine.....	115-116
Drawing in the public schools.....	46

E.

Ears and eyes, examination of.....	A 165-175
Eastern State Normal School, dormitory.....	115-116
report of.....	133-136
Educational meetings.....	98-104
progress, report of.....	71-117
Elementary schools.....	71-76
Endowment, amount of academy.....	A 154-155-160
England, industrial education in.....	6-10
English course, academies, enrollment in.....	A 158-159
total attendance in.....	A 152-153
free high schools, enrollment in.....	A 142-147
Enrollment by classes and courses free high schools.....	A 142-147
courses in academies.....	A 158-159
grades in common schools.....	A 112-133
for more than one year in same grade.....	A 112-133
in approved secondary schools.....	A 161-164
common schools.....	A 2-23
by grades.....	A 112-133
resident pupils in academies under contract with towns.....	A 148-149
Entrance requirements for normal schools.....	116
Equalization fund.....	A 176-187
Equipment for science, secondary schools.....	83-84

	PAGE
Europe, industrial education in.....	3-21
Evening schools	51
number registered in.....	A 2-23
Examination of eyes and ears.....	105-113
in public schools.....	A 165-175
teachers, state.....	92-95
Excused from school attendance, number.....	A 2-23
Expenditures for free high schools.....	A 136-141
school instruction.....	A 136-141
general school purposes.....	A 90-111
normal schools.....	143
schools in unorganized townships.....	A 188-189
Expenditures for secondary schools by towns under contract with academies.....	A 148-149
teachers' wages and board.....	A 68-89
fuel, janitors' services, conveyance, tuition and board of pupils.....	A 68-89
maintenance of schools, chart showing ..	73
tuition of pupils in secondary schools... ..	A 150-151
of academies	A 156-157-160
common schools, comparative summary of	72
out of common school fund.....	A 68-89
schooling of children in unorganized town- ships, comparative summary of.....	89
Experience of teachers.....	A 46-67
F.	
Fall River, textile school in.....	34
Farmington Normal School, report of.....	131-133
report of summer school at.....	95-96
Fees, income of academies from.....	A 154-155-160
Female high school teachers, number of.....	A 136-141
teachers in academies, number of.....	A 152-153
common schools, number of.....	A 46-67
Figures showing comparisons in elementary and secondary school statistics	73-76-79-80
Financial statement of academies.....	A 154-157-160
First year high school, number of pupils in.....	A 142-147
pupils in academies under contract, number of..	A 148-149
secondary school tuition pupils, number of... ..	A 150-151
Fiscal statement, normal schools and training school.....	142-144
Fisheries, needs of.....	59-60
Fitchburg high school, industrial course in.....	39-42
Flags, number of schoolhouses supplied with.....	A 24-45
Forms supplied for medical inspection.....	107-112
Fort Kent Training School, report of.....	140-142

	PAGE
Fourth year high school, number of pupils in.....	A 142-147
pupils in academies under contract, number of	A 148-149
secondary school tuition pupils, number of..	A 150-151
France, industrial education in.....	13-15
Franklin county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in..	A 178
Character of schools and school property in.....	A 29
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 73
Distribution of pupils in.....	A 117
Facts regarding common school teachers in.....	A 51
General school appropriations and expenditures in	A 95
School enrollment of.....	A 7
Schools in unorganized townships in.....	A 188
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in....	A 167
Free high schools, comparative summary of.....	77
enrollment by classes and courses in....	A 142-147
having approved courses of study.....	A 161-163
statistics of.....	A 136-147
text-books, amounts raised and expended for.....	A 90-111
Fuel, amount expended for.....	A 68-89
schools in unorganized townships, expenditures for..	A 188-189
Funds in aid of common schools.....	A 176-187

G.

Garment making industry, needs of, summary of opinion...	57-58
General Electric Company, plan of.....	30-32
school appropriations and expenditures.....	A 90-111
Germany, industrial education in.....	3-5
Gifts, income of academies from.....	A 154-155-160
Gorham Normal School, report of.....	136-138
report of summer school at.....	97-98
Graded schools, number of.....	A 24-45
Grades, chart showing distribution of pupils by.....	76
distribution of pupils by.....	A 112-133
of state certificates granted.....	94-95
Graduates of academies, number of.....	A 158-159
normal schools, 1910.....	131-142
number of teachers.....	A 46-67
Grounds and buildings, value of academy.....	A 154-155-160

H.

Hampton Institute	27-28
Hancock county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in..	A 179
Character of schools and school property in.....	A 30-31
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 74-75

	PAGE
Hancock county	
Distribution of pupils in.....	A 118-119
Facts regarding common school teachers in.....	A 52-53
General school appropriations and expenditures in..	A 96-97
School enrollment of.....	A 8-9
Schools in unorganized townships in.....	A 188
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in....	A 167-168
Hearing and sight, examination of.....	A 165-175
High schools and academies, charts showing resources of..	79
chart showing distribution by courses in....	80
statistics of	A 136-147
Holland, industrial education in.....	20-21

I.

Income of academies.....	A 154-155-160
Industrial education, report of committee on.....	1-70
Improvements suggested for schooling of children in unor- ganized townships.....	92
of secondary schools.....	85-86
Institutes, see academies	
Insurance, amounts raised and expended for.....	A 90-111
Invested funds, income of academies from.....	A 154-155-160
Ireland, industrial education in.....	10-12
Iron working, needs of, summary of opinion.....	5-8
Janitors in schools in unorganized townships, expenditures for	A 188-189
Janitors' services, amount expended for.....	A 68-89
in academies, amount expended for..	A 156-157-160

K.

Kennebec county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in	A 179-180
Character of schools and school property in.....	A 31-32
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 75-76
Distribution of pupils in.....	A 119-120
Facts regarding common school teachers in.....	A 53-54
General school appropriations and expenditures in	A 97-98
School enrollment of.....	A 9-10
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in....	A 168-169
Kindergartens, number of pupils enrolled in.....	A 112-133
Knox county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in...	A 180
Character of schools and school property in.....	A 33
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 77
Distribution of pupils in.....	A 121
Facts regarding common school teachers in.....	A 55

Map indicating distribution of school population in reference to secondary school privileges.....	opp. 82
showing states having medical inspection laws.....	114
Medical inspection	105-114
Meetings, educational	98-104
Merriman, S. L., normal school report of.....	138-139
Milwaukee School of Trades	34-39

N.

Names of union superintendents	A 190-191
Needs of secondary schools	86-87
Negro, industrial education for	26-30
New Bedford, textile school in	34
New buildings, amounts raised and expended for	A 90-111
New schoolhouses, number of	A 24-45
Non-resident pupils free high schools, number of	A 136-141
Normal school entrance requirements.....	116
graduates, chart relating to.....	117
schools, number of teachers graduates of.....	A 46-47
and training school.....	115-118
recommendations regarding	120-121
Nowland, Mary P., report of.....	140-142
Number and character of schools, comparative summary of..	72
length free high schools and academies, comparative summary of.....	77-78
of approved academies.....	84
free high schools.....	84
children not attending school.....	A 2-23
persons taking state examinations.....	93-94
schools in unorganized townships. comparative summary of.....	89
weeks, academies	A 152-153
free high schools.....	A 136-141

O.

Overdrafts of common school fund	A 68-89
Oxford county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in..	A 181-182
Character of schools and school property in	A 135
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 79
Distribution of pupils in	A 123
Facts regarding common school teachers in	A 57
General school appropriations and expenditures in .	A 101
School enrollment of	A 13
Schools in unorganized townships in	A 188-189
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in....	A 170

P.

	PAGE
Paper making, needs of	59
Parochial or private schools, number registered in.....	A 2-23
Penobscot county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in ..	A 182-183
Character of schools and school property in	A 36-37
Common school appropriations and expenditures in ..	A 80-81
Distribution of pupils in	A 124-125
Facts regarding common school teachers in	A 58-59
General school appropriations and expenditures in..	A 102-103
School enrollment of	A 14-15
Schools in unorganized townships in	A 189
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in.....	A 170-171
Percentage of average attendance in common schools	A 2-23
experienced teachers	A 46-67
valuation assessed for common schools	A 68-89
Piscataquis county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in ..	A 183
Character of schools and school property in	A 38
Common school appropriations and expenditures in ..	A 82
Distribution of pupils in.....	A 126
Facts regarding common school teachers in	A 60
General school appropriations and expenditures in..	A 104
School enrollment of	A 16
Schools in unorganized townships in	A 189
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in.....	A 172
Places at which state examinations of teachers were given..	A 92-93
of meeting of teachers' conventions.....	A 192
Population, school	A 2-23 176-187
schools in unorganized townships.....	A 188-189
under union supervision.....	A 190-192
Presque Isle Normal School, report of	A 138-139
Private or parochial schools, number registered in	A 2-23
Programs of superintendents' conference	101-104
Property value of academies	A 154-155-160

R.

Receipts, free high school funds	A 136-141
Recitation periods in secondary schools, summary relating to	88
Recommendations of committee on industrial education	60-67
the superintendent	119-124
Registered in common schools, number	A 2-23
Registration in academies.....	A 152-153
free high schools.....	A 136-141
Reimbursement to towns maintaining free high schools....	81-82

	PAGE
Repairs, amounts raised and expended for	A 90-111
in academies amounts expended for.....	A 156-157-160
Report of the committee on the investigation of industrial education	1-70
Report of the president of the University of Maine.....	125-130
Reports of the normal and training school principals	131-142
Requirements of each class of secondary schools	81-82
Resident pupils in academies under contract with towns, number of	A 148-149
free high schools, number of	A 136-141
Resources, general school	A 90-111
of common schools, comparative summary of school fund.....	72
and expenditures of common school fund, chart showing	A 68-89
of high schools and academies, chart showing..	74
Richardson, A. F., normal school report of	79
summer school report of	133-136
Rural schools, number of	96-97
registered in	A 24-45
Russell, W. E., normal school report of	A 2-23
summer school report of.....	136-138
	97-98

S.

Sagadahoc county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in ..	A 184
Character of schools and school property in	A 39
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 83
Distribution of pupils in	A 127
Facts regarding common school teachers in	A 61
General school appropriations and expenditures in..	A 105
School enrollment of	A 17
Schools in unorganized townships in	A 189
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in.....	A 172
Salaries of union superintendents	A 190-191
School age, chart showing distribution of persons of.....	75
number of persons of.....	A 2-23 170-187
in unorganized townships	A 188-189
and mill fund.....	A 176-187
census, recommendations regarding	119
Scholars, comparative summary of	71 A 188-189
Schools in unorganized townships	88-92
Schoolhouses	A 24-45
comparative summary of.....	72
Schooling of children in unorganized townships	71 A 188-189
recommendations regarding law for..	119-120

	PAGE
School improvement league branches, number of schools having	A 24-45
libraries, comparative summary of.....	72
property, character of.....	A 24-45
Schools, character of	A 24-45
number of	A 24-45
of diversified trades	34-39
under union supervision, number of.....	A 190-192
Science equipment, secondary schools	83-84
Scotland, industrial education in.....	12-13
Second year high schools, number of pupils in	A 142-147
pupils in academies under contract, number of..	A 148-149
secondary school tuition pupils, number of	150-151
Secondary schools	77-88
school statistics	A 136-164
studies in academies, number pursuing ..	A 152-153
Seminaries, see academies	A 152-160
Shoe manufacture, needs of, summary of opinion of	56-57
Sight and hearing, directions for testing	108-110
examination of	A 105-175
Snellen test card, reproduction of	107
Somerset county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in..	A 184
Character of schools and school property in	A 39-40
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 83-84
Distribution of pupils in	A 127-128
Facts regarding common school teachers in	A 61-62
General school appropriations and expenditures in	A 105-106
School enrollment of	A 17-18
Schools in unorganized townships in	A 189
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in.....	A 172-173
Speakers at educational meetings.....	98-104
superintendents' conference.....	102-101
teachers' conventions.....	98-101
Special classes free high schools, enrollment in	A 142-147
conditions, schooling of children in unorganized	
townships, comparative summary of	89
Standard secondary schools, list of	A 161-164
State aid to academies	A 156-157
common schools	A 176-187
free high schools	A 136-141
for tuition of pupils in secondary schools	A 150-151
to towns under contract with academies	A 148-149
unions of towns.....	A 190-192
certificates, number of teachers holding.....	A 46-67
certification of teachers, recommendations regarding ..	121-124

	PAGE
State examination of teachers.....	92-95
laws regarding industrial education	42-45
summer schools	95-98
superintendence grade certificates, number issued	93-94
teachers' association meeting, speakers at	101
certificates, number issued	93-94
Statistics of state teachers' certificates	94
superintendence grade certificates	94
Summaries of common school statistics	A 23-45-67-89-111-133
statistics of schools in unorganized townships	89
Summary of facts relating to secondary schools.....	88
Summer schools, number of teachers who have attended ..	A 46-67
state	95-98
Superintendence, amount expended for	A 90-111
grade certificates, examinations for	92-94
of schools through union of towns	105 A 190-192
Superintendents' conference	101-104
Supplementary courses of study in secondary schools	83
Suspended schools, number of	A 24-45
Switzerland, industrial education in	15-17
Synopsis of state laws regarding industrial education	42-45

T.

Teachers, at normal schools	131-141
state summer schools.....	95-96-97
comparative summary of	71-72
conventions of	98-101 A 192
employed number of free high schools	A 136-141
free high schools and academies, comparative sum- mary of	77-78
in approved secondary schools, number of	A 161-164
in common schools	A 46-67
in secondary schools, summary relating to	88
schooling of children in unorganized townships	
comparative summary of.....	89
wages of	46-67-136-141
amount expended for.....	A 68-89
Teachers' meetings, number of teachers attending.....	A 46-67
salaries in academies, amounts expended for..	A 156-157-160
training course academies, enrollment in	A 158-159
average attendance in	A 152-153
Technical schools, number academy graduates intending to enter	A 158-159
Terms of office of union superintendents	A 190-192
Text-books, amounts raised and expended for.....	A 90-111
comparative summary of	72

	PAGE
Textile industries, needs of, summary of opinion.....	54-56
schools aided by the state.....	32-34
The needs of the industries	53-60
Third year high schools, number of pupils in	A 142-147
pupils in academies under contract, number of..	A 148-149
secondary school tuition pupils, number of	A 150-151
Town appropriations, income of academies from.....A	154-155-160
Towns contracting with academies	A 148-149
maintaining approved secondary schools.....	A 161-163
not supporting approved free high schools.....	A 150-151
supporting free high schools.....	A 136-147
uniting for the employment of a superintendent of schools	A 190-191
Townships in which schools are supported by the state ...	A 188-189
Trade schools supported by corporations	30-32
Tuition, income of academies from	A 154-155-160
in high schools, amounts received from.....	A 136-141
of common school pupils, amount expended for...	A 68-89
pupils in secondary schools.....	A 150-151
pupils in unorganized townships, expenditures for	A 188-189
provisions and reimbursements.....	81-82
Tuskegee Institute	28-30

U.

Unexpended balances common school fund	A 68-89
in academy accounts	A 156-157-160
Ungraded schools, number of pupils enrolled in	A 112-133
Union school supervision	105
supervision of schools	A 190-192
University of Maine	115-118
report of	125-130
Unorganized townships, schooling of children in.....	A 188-189
schools in	88-92

V.

Value of improvements not paid for by towns	A 24-45
school property	A 24-45
Village schools, number of.....	A 24-45
registered in.....	A 2-23

W.

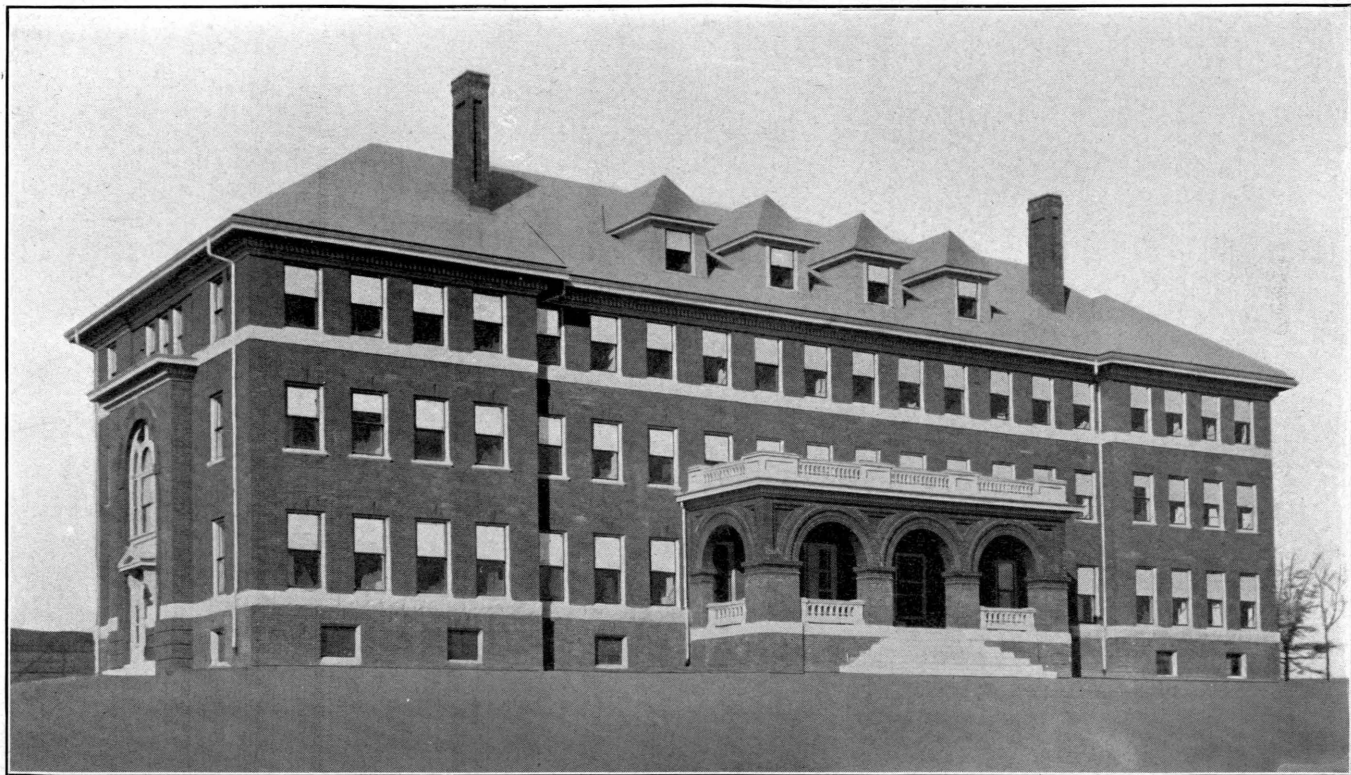
Wages and board of teachers in unorganized townships, ex- penditures for.....	A 188-189
common school teachers	A 46-67
of high school teachers.....	A 136-141
teachers in academies.....	A 152-153

	PAGE
Waldo county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in ..	A 185
Character of schools and school property in	A 41
Common school appropriations and expenditures in.	A 85
Distribution of pupils in	A 129
Facts regarding common school teachers in	A 63
General school appropriations and expenditures in	A 107
School enrollment of	A 19
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in....	A 173
Washington county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in	A 185-186
Character of schools and school property in	A 42-43
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 86-87
Distribution of pupils in	A 130-131
Facts regarding common school teachers in	A 64-65
General school appropriations and expenditures in	A 108-109
School enrollment of	A 20-21
Schools in unorganized townships in	A 189
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in....	A 174
Washington Normal School	115
Weeks, aggregate number of	A 2-23
average length in	A 2-23
number of, academies.....	A 152-153
free high schools.....	A 139-141
Westbrook high school, industrial course in	47-48
Western State Normal School, report of.....	136-138

Y.

York county	
Amounts due towns in aid of common schools in ..	A 187
Character of schools and school property in	A 44-45
Common school appropriations and expenditures in	A 88-89
Distribution of pupils in	A 132-133
Facts regarding common school teachers in	A 66-67
General school appropriations and expenditures in	A 110-111
School enrollment of	A 22-23
State examination in.....	94
Statistics on examination of eyes and ears in.....	A 175

Plate Number II.



Dormitory, Eastern State Normal School, Castine, Erected in 1909-10

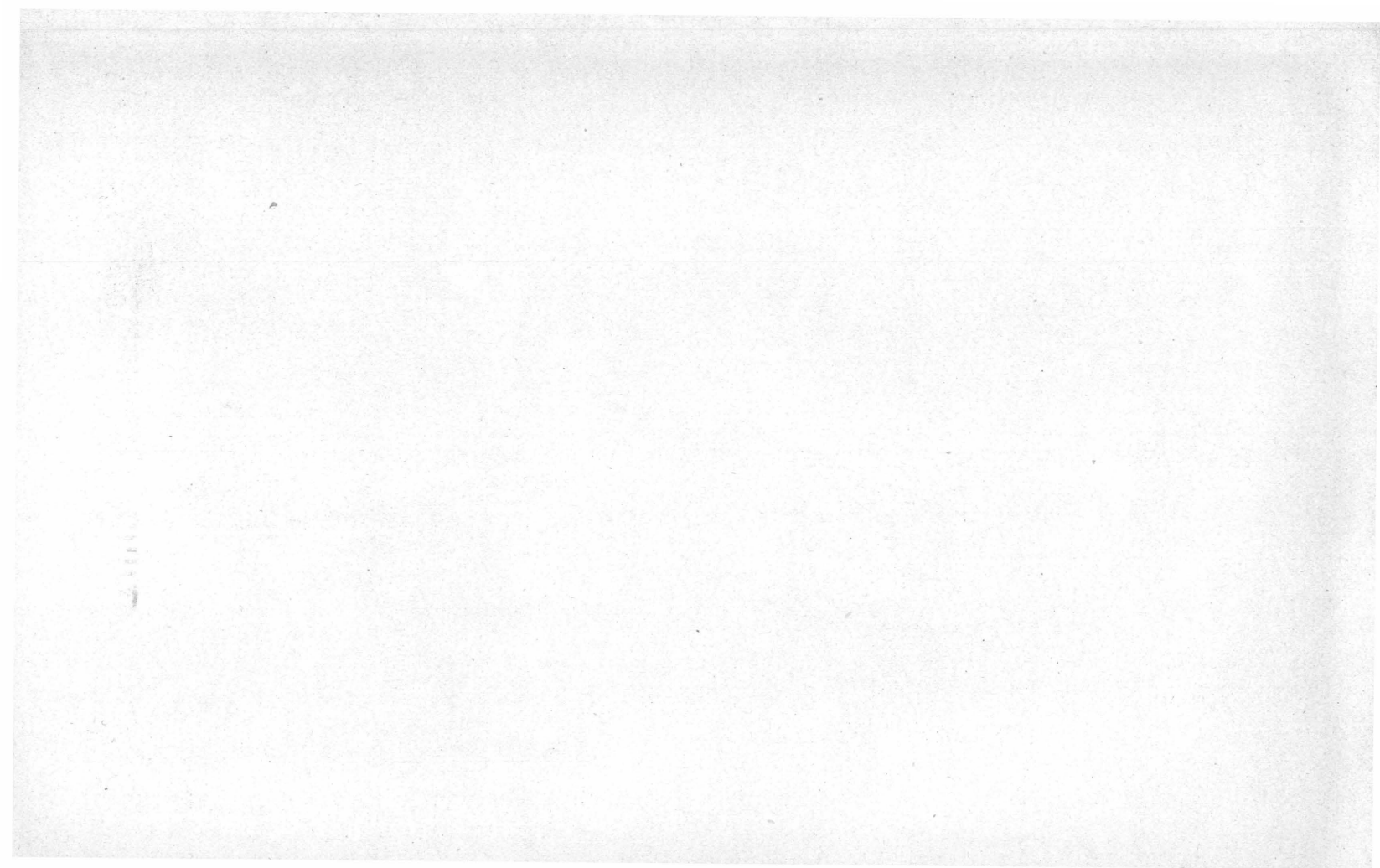
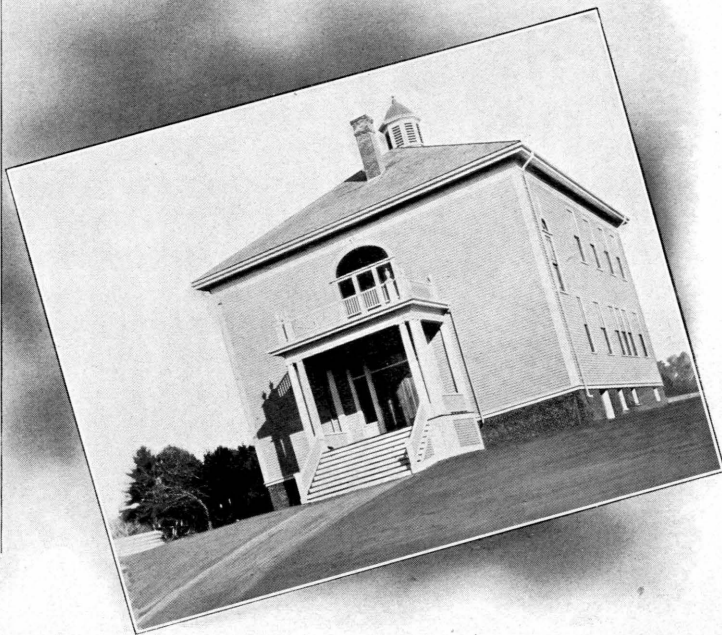


Plate Number III.



Richmond High School, Erected 1910



Windham High School, Erected 1910



Washburn High School, Erected 1910

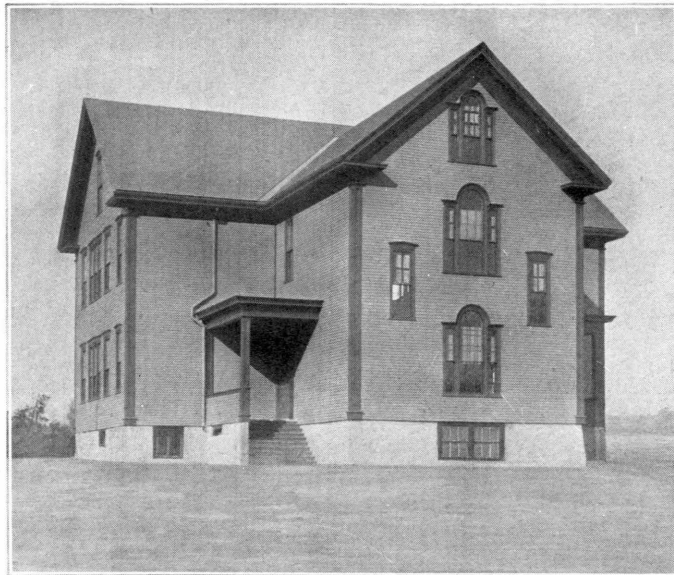
Plate Number V.



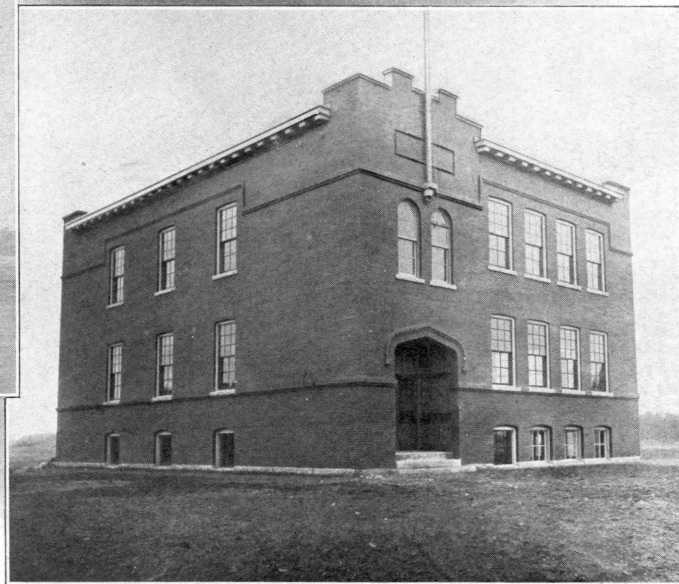
Bingham High School, Erected 1910



Sullivan High School, Erected 1910



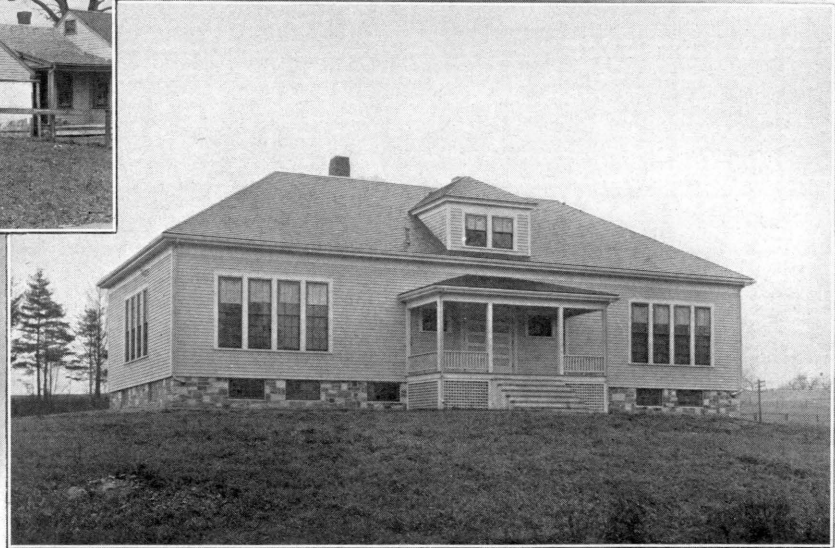
Webster School for Primary Grades, Orono, Erected 1910



School Building for Primary Grades, Madison, Erected 1910



Old Fort School, Winslow, Built in 1802



New Fort School, Winslow, Built in 1909
Several rural schools are consolidated in this building.