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1911

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OF THE VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS

For the Year 1910.

VOLUME II.

AUGUSTA KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT 1911

REPORT

OF.

THE STATE OF MAINE CATTLE COMMISSION

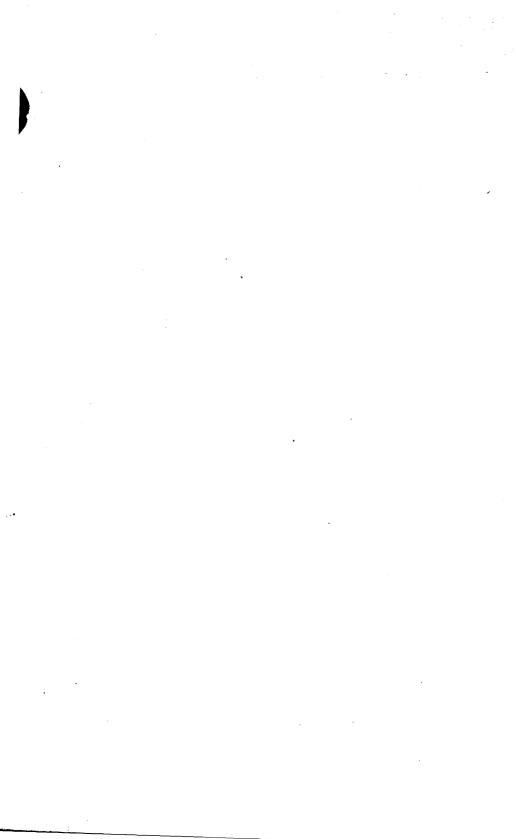
ON

Contagious Diseases of Animals

Under the Law of 1887, Chapter 19, Public Laws of Maine.

Hon. F. O. BEAL, Bangor, President. FRANK S. ADAMS, Bowdoinham. JOHN M. DEERING, Saco, Secretary.

AUGUSTA KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT 1911



REPORT

To His Excellency, the Governor of Maine:

We herewith submit the report of the State of Maine Cattle Commission for the two years commencing December 1, 1908, and ending December 1, 1910, containing an account of cattle, horses and sheep, condemned and destroyed under the provisions of the Law of 1887, Chapter 19, relating to contagious diseases among cattle, horses and sheep, and as amended in 1899.

BALANCE SHEET OF JOHN M. DEERING, SECRETARY,

STATE OF MAINE CATTLE COMMISSION.

Cash on hand December 1, 1908 Received from State Treasurer, 1908	\$142 97	
Deficiency	21,823 18	
Received from State Treasurer, 1909 Appropriation	50,000 00	
Received from State Treasurer, 1910 Appropriation	50,000 00	•
Received from the sale of hides,		
Received from the sale of hides,	1,236 29	
1910	1,451 37	\$124,653 81
Paid out on account of 1908 de-		
ficiency	\$21,810 68	•
State Treasurer, cash on hand	w .	
out 1909 appropriation on	54 41	
vouchers as approved by		
the State Auditor	50,000 00	

Paid out the 1910 appropriation of vouchers as approved by the State Auditor out the balance of the 1900 deficiency	y . 50,000 00 8 . 12 50 f
Cash on hand Dec. 1, 1910 The regular appropriation for the	
been expended, amounting to The balance of the 1908 deficiency	has been ex-
pended, amounting to	
There has been a deficiency created	, amounting to 45,296 77
Making a total business for the two ing to	the two years: Horses. Sheep. Total.
2,786 146	165 5 3,102
2,786 grade cattle cost	
146 pure blood cattle, cost	5,959 oo or 40.83 each
165 horses, cost	4,008 00 or 24.29 each
5 sheep cost	20 00 or 4.00 each
Services	3,240 00
Expenses	1,328 22
Services	2,712 50
Expenses	1,821 81
Commissioner J. M. Deering:	
Services	<i>2,</i> 795 00
Expenses	1,257 09
Veterinarians:	
Services	19,088 28
Expenses	5,003 04
Labor for disinfecting	2,121 40
Tuberculin and all other supplies,	1,778 00
Postage, stationery and printing,	1,119 20

During the two years, there has been destroyed at Brighton, Mass., by the Massachusetts authorities, 143 head of cattle costing \$4,803.18 or \$33.52 each.

Of this number, 30 were destroyed under the old law of 1908 and cost \$750.00 or \$25.00 each.

The other 113 head were destroyed under the new law of 1909 and cost \$4,053.18 or \$36.00 each.

All of the 113 head were appraised at \$50.00 each, and the salvage under the meat inspection law of Massachusetts amounted to an average of \$14.00 per head.

Under a similar law in Maine, the salvage on 2,789 head might reasonably be expected to return to the state at least \$10.00 per head or \$27,890.00, which, under the present laws, has to be buried in the ground for want of a meat inspection law.

You will notice that more cattle have been condemned and destroyed under the last two years and more money expended, than under any previous period.

One part of the new law that has caused an increase in expenditures is the raise in the valuation of cattle, from one-half under the old law, to a full market value under the new law, at the time of condemnation.

Two thousand seven hundred eighty-six grade cattle under the old law would only have cost \$69,650.00 whereas under the new law, the same have cost \$23,407.73 more besides an added stimulus to the business.

The increase in appraisals has caused dairymen all over the state to call upon the commissioners to investigate their herds. The increase in compensation for condemned cattle has caused the owners to look more closely after the health of their animals and where there was a suspicion of disease the services of the Commissioners have been more freely sought for, for the purposes of investigation and this has brought the Commissioners into new sections of the state; sections where tuberculin had never been used.

This has raised the percentage of diseased cattle over what it would have been had we confined ourselves to the old law and only worked in sections where the dairymen were more acquainted with the use of tuberculin and where cattle to quite an extent had been tested for a number of years and the disease practically cleaned out.

It was shown in the last report that the city of Portland milk and cream supply had been greatly improved by the testing of the herds furnishing the same, for three years running. The first test showed 6% diseased and the third test showed about 2%.

In the testing of the Turner Center Creamery herds, we give Mr. Bradford's statement as follows:

"Three hundred fifty-four of our patrons have had their herds tested, 3,185 cows in all, of which number 101 reacted under the test and were destroyed. This is about three per cent or in other words an average of one diseased cow for every three herds of eleven cows each. A few of these herds have been tested annually for the second and some for the third time and no diseased animals have been reported in such cases. This speaks well for the tuberculin test, and for the efficiency with which it had been administered by the Cattle Commissioners and their authorized veterinarians."

This seems to us to be fairly conclusive evidence that bovine tuberculosis can be practically stamped out of our dairy herds by faithful and persistent work.

To show how the matter stands in sections where no testing has been done, we call your attention to the town of Sanford. It has a population of about 11,000 and it requires about 550 cows to furnish its milk and cream supply. These cattle have practically all been tested within the last year. There had never been but one herd tested in the town to our knowledge up to the time that the testing commenced, (October 1909) and that herd was practically all condemned. The result of the work done will show the difference in percentage of diseased animals between sections where no work has been done and sections where more or less work has been done by the Commissioners within the last few years.

In the last months of the year 1909, there were 455 head tested and 130 animals re-acted, or 28½%. To replace these animals the dairymen bought new cows, subject to the test, and no sales could be made without the test.

In this way, 356 more cattle were tested and 80 of them reacted, or 22½%.

We do not say that all sections where no work has been done would be as bad as Sanford; but we do say that wherever dis-

ease is located and no effort has been made to suppress it, that there will be a very much larger percentage than in sections where owners of cattle have been trying for years to get rid of it.

Continuing this matter of saving to the state, it might be well to say:

That the labor of disinfecting the barns and tie-ups has under the law of 1909 been paid for by the State, and has constituted almost a gift in these cases and should be done by the owner at his own expense, which would have saved \$2,121.40 during the last two years.

The law with regard to appraisals might appear to be too liberal in its provisions; yet in New York state, pure blood cattle are appraised at \$125.00, grade cattle at \$75.00 and horses at \$120.00.

They are paid for on the basis of clinical and post mortem appearances.

Cattle affected with localized tuberculosis are paid for at 80% of the appraisal; those with generalized tuberculosis are paid for at 50% of the appraisal.

Horses affected with glanders, showing no clinical symptoms are paid for at 80% of the appraisal; those showing clinical symptoms are paid for at 50% of the appraisal.

Under such a system it is doubtful if there would be any saving in this state, as the appraised values now fall below these amounts, on the average.

Yet it would be well to consider whether it is right to pay full value for an animal that has been kept until it is ready to die with disease.

It has done all the harm that it is capable of doing, and the destruction of it can hardly be called "protecting the cattle industry of the state."

Again, under the old law owners of cattle paid for the testing of sound animals in the herd, even where disease was found; but under the new law, if only one diseased animal is found, the state pays the bill on the whole herd. This has raised the payments on account of veterinarians, to a large degree, that were formerly payments made by the owner.

Recoveries from the sale of hides have not been as large as they should have been as there has been no provision of law for the same; it has been only through the insistence of the Commission that anything has been saved at all. Under an inspection law, larger amounts can be recovered, as the present system of freighting the animals to a rendering plant eats up nearly all the returns, and unless they are so dealt with there are no returns at all, the killing, skinning and burying on the farm practically uses up all the returns that can be secured.

An inspection law enters into the saving question so closely that it is the basis of the whole question. The expense of inspection is to be borne by the Federal Government and they are willing to assume it.

The expense to the cities and towns affected will be small compared to the results obtained, and certainly not large in any case, and it is an open question if the disposal of the offal, in most cases, will not pay for the running expenses and show a profit.

In Massachusetts the cattle from Maine that are condemned under the tuberculin test are slaughtered under inspection and those that are fit for food, passed, the carcass sold, and the proceeds deducted from the appraised value.

In York and Cumberland Counties, there is a modified form of what might be called inspection; that is to say, butchers are their own inspectors and when tuberculosis is found, they notify the Cattle Commission, a post mortem examination is made and the carcass is condemned.

It has resulted in a cleaner meat supply. It has resulted in a reduction of tuberculous cattle because the butcher buys with more confidence what he formerly had fear of and left on the community. A fear not always justified as results have proved.

In the southern part of York County, there has not been much testing done.

Aroostook County is another section where practically no work had been done previous to 1909. During the year 1908 several carloads of dairy cattle were shipped in there from central Maine, and the people reading and hearing so much about what was being done in the western part of the state, became suspicious that they were having disease brought into their county, and there was a demand made upon the Commissioners to have some of these cattle tested and the result was out of 471 cattle tested, 71 were found to be diseased during the year 1909

or 15%, which shows that the Aroostook farmer did not commence any too soon.

There has been very little done in Knox, Lincoln, Washington and Hancock Counties. The other counties have had more or less done; some more than others.

There has been 44,274 grade cattle tested during the two years and 2,786 condemned or 6.3%. This includes good and bad sections.

There has been 5,846 pure blood animals tested during the two years and 146 condemned, or $2\frac{1}{2}\%$. This is a decrease of $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ over the previous two years, and shows the percentage of disease in the state.

The new law requires the testing of all animals that are to be shown at the State Fairs. Also many herds containing part grades and part pure bloods have been tested for the first time owing to the more favorable aspect of the new law as regards compensation and for the free test by the state where disease is found. The old only required a test where the animal was to be transferred.

The law provides that the state shall pay for the testing of cattle where the evidence of disease is such as to satisfy the Commissioners that a test is necessary. Our rule is that whenever a case is found in a herd, that it is necessary to test the balance of the herd. That when a herd is found badly diseased, and a number condemned, that it is necessary to test the herd again, within six months or thereabouts.

In the testing of herds where no disease is found, the owner must pay for the test to the extent of \$10.00, which usually pays the bill; but if the cost exceeds this amount, the state will pay the balance.

The law provides for a free test where disease or suspicion exists.

Dairymen cannot afford to carry disease in their herds when the state pays a fair market value for the animal; pays for the test where disease is found; and pays for the disinfection and making the premises safe for sound animals.

Some may say that the Comissioners are condemning too many cattle, and it is a fact that the Commissioners sometimes feel that way themselves; but when we consider that the Commissioners make no effort to locate or hunt for diseased herds:

that the business is absolutely upon the application of the owners of the cattle themselves; that it takes the entire time of the Commissioners to keep up with the work; that it requires the services of 40 veterinarians to do the work of testing and disinfection of premises; and under the law the Commissioners have no way or excuse to curtail the business, it becomes evident that it is the policy of the state under the present law, backed up by public sentiment, that tubreculosis amongst our dairy herds must be eradicated as nearly as possible and that the commissioners are not responsible for the amount of money being expended further than the efficient manner in which the work is done, and an economical method of doing business.

There has been 50,120 cattle tested during the two years, costing the state for every expense pertaining to the business, \$145,309.27, or \$2.90 each on an average for every animal tested.

After deducting \$2,687.66 paid to the State Treasurer for the sale of hides, the cattle tested cost the state \$2.84 each, upon an average, and every expense paid for.

1 (11 0 0 5

The owner received of this \$2.84 for each animal tested	\$2.09
The Commissioners received for each animal tested	22
The veterinarians received for each animal tested	48
It cost to disinfect and furnish supplies, postage, sta-	
tionery, printing, for each animal tested	05
	
	\$2.84

By this it would seem to imply that the veterinarians only received 48 cents on the average for testing each animal.

This would not be fair as the owners paid for testing	
This would not be fair as the owners paid for testing	_
about	8,000
F. S. Adams, Commissioner, tested	980
and there was tested at Brighton, about	11,200
<u>-</u>	

20,180

This leaves 29,940, which the state paid for, or at the rate of $80\frac{1}{2}$ cents each, for testing.

What have the Commissioners accomplished under the law? Six years ago the Commissioners went before the Agricultural Committee and asked that the law be amended, so that all pure blood animals coming into Maine from another state might be

tested within 30 days of arrival under the direction of the Commission; also that all pure blood animals sold within the state be tested before delivery.

At this time the Commissioners were discouraged, knowing by their experience that the disease was rapidly increasing and that unless something was done to check it, what money had been appropriated would be practically thrown away.

This was an experiment, and while many pure blood breeders were discouraged and some going out of the business, they were sceptical and felt that the law would be of great loss to them; but after careful consideration, they soon began to co-operate with the Commissioners, and the testing of pure blood herds began. During the first two years there were 909 head tested and 201 condemned or over 20% found diseased and condemned.

During the same period, 26 pure blood cattle were shipped into the state and found to be diseased, were destroyed without compensation to the owner.

These cattle were mostly bulls, purchased for use at the head of grade herds, throughout the state. Allowing 10 cattle to each herd, 260 would have been exposed to the disease through these bulls.

The two following years the percentage of disease in the pure blood herds dropped to 5 and the last two years it has dropped to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$.

These facts are proved by the records, and is worth more to the state than all of the money appropriated for the whole six years put together.

What would have been the result if the state had not taken it in hand, six years ago?

The Federal Government has taken the position (and made arrangements) that it is willing to test at its expense, all interstate shipments of cattle, and Dr. Melvin states that the Government is ready to do the work provided the owner would pay the travelling and other necessary expenses.

This proposition the Commissioners have not as yet accepted, as our present pure blood law will not allow.

In speaking of grade cattle, it is altogether a different proposition; but we do know, that by keeping the diseased pure blood bulls from being put at the head of sound grade herds is a

strong point in the prevention of spreading of the disease; that by testing some 10,000 dairy cows furnishing milk and cream to the Turner Center Creamery, and 3,000 for the Oxford County Creamery, and by testing these cattle two and three years running, that the disease has been practically cleaned out of these sections.

By testing up the milk supply of Bangor, Waterville, Portland, Sanford, Oakland, Fairfield, Winslow and Bath, also Lewiston and Auburn to a great extent, and other sections in different parts of the state, during the last two years, 6.3% were found diseased. If the same sections could be retested during the next two years, judging from past experiences, there would not be over 3% found diseased. By liberal appropriations and by persistent work, tuberculosis can be practically eradicated within the next few years from our herds.

It would be bad policy for the state, after spending so much money and getting such good results, to adopt any method that would check the business, and allow bovine tuberculosis to increase in our state.

There is a stronger sentiment for a sweeping test than there was two years ago, and there is no question but what it would be the most economical in the long run. It is strictly a public health law; there is no agriculture in the business and it should not be so considered.

The reason why matters pertaining to the law come before the Agricultural Committee, is for them to have a right to set the values on their property. The state under the law is obliged to destroy it.

It is an expensive business and cannot be otherwise. It is a terrible calamity to the cattle industry of the state, as the more the disease exists, the less the industry is worth to the state.

The Commissioners have thought within the last two years that the owners would be willing to bear more of the hardship and would submit without complaining to a reduction in the appraisals; but if the appraisals should be reduced to such an extent as to discourage the owner, they would lose their interest and would not co-operate with the Commissioners.

This should be carefully considered, as the Commissioners cannot do very much without the co-operation of the owners.

The veterinary work cannot be obtained any less and the Commissioners only get what the law gives them.

The law requires that "such sum as may be deemed necessary by the Cattle Commissioners, shall be used from their appropriation for the purpose of vaccination of cattle against tuberculosis, under the rules and regulations as shall be made for the control of such work."

Our rule is, that the state will pay for the vaccine, if the owner will agree to pay the veterinarian, and conform to the regulations as laid down by the agents of the vaccine company:

There are but a half dozen veterinarians in the state that have been doing the work and they are selected by the agent of the company and approved by the Cattle Commission.

They are instructed to report to the Commissioners, all unfavorable results in the use of the vaccine.

During 1907-8 there were 50 calves so treated and during 1909-10 there were 145 calves treated and so far no unfavorable results have been reported. It has cost slightly under \$300.00 to do the work.

It would be well to note that under the old law, the Commissioners expended \$72,178.58 during the years 1907-8. The object of the new law was to authorize the payment of a higher price for a first-class cow, that re-acted to the tuberculin test. The new law as originally drafted, carried an appropriation of \$65,000.00 per year for two years, and this amount was considered by the Commissioners, as low as they could possibly get along with and not have a deficiency at the end of 1910.

They expressed themselves to the committee in charge of the bill, that they would rather have \$70,000.00 for the two years, under the old law, than to have \$130,000.00 under the proposed new law; but the committee saw fit to cut off \$30,000.00 from the appropriation of the new law, and pass it. The result is that the business has settled down to about \$6,000.00 per month and a deficiency.

It was seen at the end of 1909, that there would be just this state of affairs and the Commissioners at that period considered just how the work could be curtailed.

Many herds that should have been investigated on account of the almost absolutely known conditions, were not:

Many owners asked for an investigation on account of suspicious circumstances, and were not encouraged. Many were asked to do the work at their own expense, when they were justified under the law in asking the state to do it.

In every way in which they could, the Commissioners have tried to curtail the work and they have been criticized severely for not doing many things which under the law might reasonably have been expected of them.

Owners have insisted on having their herds tested and the Commissioners have been obliged to pay the expense on diseased herds and destroy the cattle. If the reasonable demands of owners of cattle had been complied with during the two years there would have been \$50,000.00 more deficiency, to say the least. A tuberculous cow, under the law, must be bought by the Commissioners, whether they want to or not; whether there is a deficiency or not. The only question for the Commissioners to settle, is how cheap they can buy her and how much they can get out of the carcass as salvage.

During the two years, they have recovered \$2,687.66 from the sale of hides, something not before accomplished, and something for which there is no warrant in law. It has been turned over to the State Treasurer.

It has been shown in another part of the report, how a salvage of \$14.00 per head is recovered from the cattle destroyed in Massachusetts that go from Maine, and the same thing can be brought about here, under a meat inspection law, and the general conditions regarding a meat supply vastly improved, for which there is a crying necessity.

There have been many instances where reliable butchers have turned over to the Commissioners, cattle found to be diseased with tuberculosis and that part of the business has grown very fast and should be encouraged, and that class of men supported in their efforts to produce clean and healthy meat food products.

Unfit meat food products cannot be differentiated with any degree of certainty after slaughter, from the healthy product, and it pays vastly greater profits to the dishonest dealer, besides putting up an unfair competition against the healthy product. In these days of high priced meat products, the consumer is looking for a saving in his meat bill and the sale of the unfit product is stimulated by the high prices.

Unfit meat food products should not be allowed to be sold at any price.

The cow population of the state has been reduced during the last few years on account of the short hay crops. Dairymen have been weeding out the unprofitable ones, and while our numbers are less, the quality was never better and we might add, never higher, in price.

The high prices for dairy products make a good young cow worth from \$40.00 to \$85.00 and even higher.

You will notice by the report that the average payment for the condemned cattle is \$33.41, while the limit for appraisal is \$50.00, and in practice every owner is inclined to think that he should be entitled to a full appraisal.

Much time has been spent by the Commissioners in person making appraisals and the cold figures will speak for themselves, whether they have succeeded in keeping down the price and still leaving the owner in a satisfied condition of mind.

To the owner, also, much credit should be given for the reasonable manner in which he has met the situation, for financially he has been a severe loser. The cost has not been entirely on the state. It has been a hard situation for everybody; but we believe that the results justify the expenditures.

No state in the Union is freer from the disease, tuberculosis, and no state, save one, kills every tuberculous cow it finds as does Maine.

They isolate and brand the cattle, sterilize the product and seek by various means to get along without destroying. We believe that it is a wrong method and that the percentage of disease increases daily under such a system.

The dairyman is entitled to the protection of the state, to assist him in combatting a disease which he cannot combat alone.

The consumer is entitled to the protection of the state in assisting him in securing the product of the healthy cow.

The wealth and welfare of the state is increased thereby.

A list of the deficiency is annexed to this report, the owners, place of residence, number of cattle, the appraisal and the amounts for disinfection of barns and premises, etc. Also all orders issued during the two years, together with the laws under which the Commission works.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

F. O. BEAL, JOHN M. DEERING, F. S. ADAMS.

A List of Expenses for Commissioners, Veterinarians, Disinfecting, Supplies, &c., contracted during 1910 and not paid, constituting a deficiency.

2352	D. D. Winslow	Pittsfield	\$ 6 25
2353	Chas. L. Garnett	Unity	15 25
2354	Geo. W. Fernald	Bethel	28 25
2355	F F Duggell		64 25
	E. E. Russell	Farmington	
2356	A. A. Dyer	Cornish	12 50
2357	E. I. Brackett	Lewiston	11 75
2358	H. S. Usher	Bonny Eagle	5 00
2359	Geo. W. Merrill	Augusta	7 00
2360	A. A. Dyer	Cornish	5 00
2361	W. R. Jackson	Sanford	110 25
2362	F. O. Beal	Bangor	221 45
2363	John W. Perkins Co	Portland	13 46
2364	Chas. L. Garnett	Unity	25 25
2365	W. E. Fairbanks	Lewiston	127 45
2366	Lewis Fish	Hartland	42 00
2367		Bowdoinham	144 92
	F. S. Adams		
2368	Geo. F. Wescott	Portland	209 00
2369	C. H. Day	Fryeburg	5 00
2370	C. H. Prescott	Biddeford	11 00
2371	R. E. Freeman	Dexter	110 00
2372	I. L. Salley	Skowhegan	29 50
2373	I. L. Salley	Skowhegan	50 25
2374	I A More		35 45
	J. A. Ness	Auburn	
2375	K. E. Freeman	Dexter	94 25
2376	I. L. Salley	Skowhegan	33 15
2377	J. A. Ness	Auburn	27 15
2378	Arthur Purkis	Buckfield	84 00
2379	I. L. Salley	Skowhegan	22 85
2380	J. A. Ness	Auburn	35 45
2381	W II Dolland	Watanutllo	10 00
	W. H. Pollard	Waterville	
2382	I. L. Salley	Skowhegan	42 25
2383	E. E. Crockett	Dryden	9 50
2384	C. D. Bates	Oakland	6 00
2385	A. J. Hayes	West Paris	54 60 ⁺
2386	R. E. Freeman	Dexter	112 50
2387	H. P. Sawtelle	Waterville	15 00
2388	A. Richardson, Jr	Clinton	10 00
2389	I. I. Salley	Skowhegan	12 25
2390	C A McDeniel	Kezar Falls	200 80
	S. A. McDaniel	Description of the control of the co	
2391	F. O. Beal.	Bangor	199 75
2392	F. S. Adams	Bowdoinham	215 64
2393	John W. Perkins Co	Portland	5 66
2394	C. Bischoff & Co	New York	22 30
2395	J. L. Parks	Ft. Fairfield	40 00
2396	A. D. Libby	Oakland	8 00
2397	Eugene Bailey	Wiscasset	6 00
2398	J. H. Goddard	Lewiston	15 75
2399	E E Engange		54 47
	F. E. Freeman	Bangor	
2400	Small & McPhee	Richmond	11 75
2401	I. L. Salley	Skowhegan	22 25
2402	A. A. Colley	Winthorp	58 85
2403	E. E. Crockett	Dryden	22 50
2404	J. A. Ness	Auburn	12 00
2405	W. H. Lynch	Portland	6 00
2406		Bluehill Falls	38 70
	G. F. Candage	Name Vanis	
2407	C. Bischoff & Co	New York	6 07
2408	J. H. Black	Mt. Vernon	141 75
2409	Bullock & Goodwin Co	Biddeford	19 50
2410	Maine Central R. R	Auburn	65
2411	H. S. Usher	Bonny Eagle	5 00
2412	C I Plakelov	Anguete	45 75
2413	C. L. Blakeley	Augusta	
	H. M. Moulton. M. D.	Cumberland Center	13 50
2414	Arthur Purkis	Buckfield	57 00
2415	R. E. Freeman	Dexter	85 00
2416	S. A. McDaniel	Kezar Falls	81 25
2417	W. S. Lord	Portland	47 05
2418	C. Bischoff & Co	New York	28 37
2419	C. F. Dwinal	Bangor	58 95
2420	Lowis Fish	Hartland	43 75
2421	Lewis Fish	Compleh	7 75
	A. A. Dyer	Cornish	
2422	C. H. McGillicuddy	Bath	54 50
2423	J. M. Deering	Saco	149 78
2424	A. D. Howden	Presque Isle	23 50
		•	

2426 2427 2428 2429 2430 2431 2432	John W. Perkins Co. C. W. Purcell. A. Joly. W. L. Leighton. Chas. L. Garnett. A. Joly. F. O. Beal. F. S. Adams. H. D. Anderson.	Biddeford Waterville. Biddeford Unity. Waterville Bangor Bowdoinham.	144 97 760 00 5 00 20 25 137 10 205 00 190 05
	22. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.		

\$5,181 47

A list of cattle appraised and destroyed in 1910, not paid for. Also allowances for disinfection, &c., constituting a deficiency.

M. I. Wannah Mr. Mannan 1 com	\$40 00
M. J. French Mt. Vernon 1 cow	
John E. McMennamin Limestone 1 cow	$32\ 50$
Edgar Martin Dexter 1 horse	25 00
B. R. Brackett Pittsfield 1 cow	30 00
Elmer C. Trafton Athens 1 cow	40 00
J. W. Manson Pittsfield 1 cow	50 00
J. W. Manson Pittsfield 1 cow	30 00
Blethen Bros Dover 1 cow	50 00
Hiram Cornish Bath	105 00
James C. Peters Bath	20 00
Owen E. Rogers Bath 3 cows 120 00 6 00	126 00
Chas. A. Trafton Sanford 1 cow	30 00
Fred A. Garcelon Auburn	18 00 42 00
	30 00
L. H. Soule	35 00
H. D. Irving Caribou 1 cow Chas. A. Trafton Sanford 1 horse 17 00 5 00	22 00
	115 00
Cole Bros	682 00
R. W. Hardy Camden 1 cow	35 00
G. H. Goodrich Ft. Fairfield 1 cow 25 00 3 00	28 00
E. E. Mitchell Dexter 1 cow	12 00
Arthur Willey Limestone 3 cows 90 00 2 00	92 00
Theodore Kerr Westbrook 1 cow	45 00
Theodore Kerr Westbrook 1 cow	35 00
Theodore Kerr Westbrook 1 cow	35 00
Geo. McKenney So. Eliot	47 50
Chas. A. Trafton Sanford 1 cow	40 00
A. D. Brackett Milton Mills, N. H. 1 cow	42 50
James A. Trafton Cumberland Mills 2 cows	50 00
Chas. A. Trafton Sanford 3 cows	115 00
Chas. A. Trafton Sanford 1 cow	40 00
W. B. Grant Saco 1 cow	25 00
Springvale Nat. Bank. Springvale 2 cows	65 00
Peter Oberg Brownville 1 cow	40 00 130 00
J. H. Crosman Bath 3 cows 125 00 5 00 T. M. Buker Bath 1 cow 40 00 3 00	43 00
Z. P. Z. Committee	50 00
Fred C. Barton	50 00
	50 00
C. K. Paige Ea. Livermore Mills 2 cows	40 00
D. C. Getchell Limestone	52 00
John W. Stillman Limestone	35 00
Calvin S. Davis Brownville 2 cows	70 00
Roy Carll Buxton, R. F. D 1 horse 15 00 5 00	20 00
Chalma A. Cooley Exeter 1 cow	25 00
T. O. Shields Winterport 1 cow 25 00 2 00	27 00
Zenas Doody Limestone 1 cow 40 00 1 50	41 50
W. A. Crozier, Brownville 1 cow	40 00
S. W. Heath Brownville 1 cow	40 00
Henry M. Long Limestone	39 00
Mrs. Allen G. Strout Brownville 2 cows	70 00
Chas. A. Trafton Sanford 1 cow	35 00
Joseph S. True Lewiston 1 cow	33 50
Eben H. Pease 1 cow	30 00

William Tripp	Gorham	3	cows	90	00	10	00	100 00
G. W. Richardson	West Paris	1	cow					40 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	2	cows					75 0 0
F. W. Smith	Lebanon		Disinf			5	00	5 00
W. H. Stockman	Cape Elizabeth	2	cows					68 00
Walter Gerald	Unity	1	cow					50 00
A. H. Thompson J. B. Vickery, Jr	Limestone	1	cow	45	00	1	50	46 50
J. B. Vickery, Jr	Unity	1	cow					45 00
O. H. Sanus	Saco	1	cow					28 00
Frank Parsons	Kennebunk	1	cow					50 00
E. M. Wing Springvale Nat. Bank. Alfred E. Trott	Bath	1	cow					50 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	6	cows	• 190	00	3	00	193 00
Alfred E. Trott	Woolwich	2	cows					100 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	1	cow					28 00
Flossie E. Stevens	Exeter	1	cow					35 00
Chester F. Foss Robert T. Young Samuel Daggett	Dexter	5	cows					200 00
Robert T. Young	Skowhegan, R. F. D.3	4	cows	135			00	137 00
Samuel Daggett	Waterville, R. F. D.37	2	cows	100	00	6	65	106 65
Miliard Moulton	No. Anson	1	cow					20 00
F. L. Brown	Newport	2	cows					100 00
Thomas McDonnough.	Gorham	1	cow					45 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	1	cow					19 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	1	cow			_		47 00
Bradford J. Nowell	So. Berwick	4	cows	200	00	5	00	205 00
Horace T. Parkhurst	Albion,	3	cows					130 00
M. O. Hawes.	Mercer	1	cow					40 00
E. C. Ryder C. E. Parkhurst	Brownville	1	cow					25 00
C. E. Parkhurst	Albion	3	cows					105 00
John B. Hodgkins	Albion Lewiston, R. F. D. 4.	1	cow		00		00	50 00
Walter E. Scribner	Lewiston	1	cow	40	00	1	50	41 50
F, P. Hall	Kennebunk	2	cows					75 00
C. M. Atkins	Detroit	1	cow					35 00
Chas. E. McManus Chas. Z. Knights Edward E. Nowell	Lynn, Mass	1	cow	105		_	00	37 50
Chas. Z. Knights	So. Berwick,	4	cows	165			00	170 00
Edward E. Nowell	So. Berwick	1	cow		00		00	55 00
Town of So. Berwick	So. Berwick	5	cows	190	w	Э	00	195 00
Mrs. Henry M. Wilder.	Brownville	1	cow					25 00
John E. Hjehn Geo. F. Currier	Brownville	1	cow	90	00		00	40 00
Geo. F. Currier	Perham	1	cow	30	00	1	00	31 00 40 00
C. E. Herrick	Brownville	1	cow					
Arthur W. Stubbs	Hampden Highlands	1	cow					40 00
A. F. Douglas	Lisbon Auburn, R. F. D. 4	1	cow Disinf			9	00	$\begin{array}{c} 25 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$
A. B. Woodworth S. C. Hall	Kennebunk	2				2	00	95 00
Seth T. Spring		ĩ	cows	80	00	5	00	35 00
Fred A. Allen	So. Hiram Lewiston	î	horse	- 00	•••	·	••	25 00
Chas. Dorr	Brownville	î	cow					45 00
Mrs. E. J. Soderberg	Brownville	î	cow					38 00
Mrs. E. J. Soderberg Adelbert T. Oliver	Perham	$\tilde{4}$	horses					100 00
Geo. S. Lowell	Farmington	1	cow					45 00
C. M. Thomas	Buckfield	1	cow					40 00
C. P. Lundin	Brownville	ī	cow					30 00
Lewis L. Johnson	Readfield	1	cow					45 00
Cole Bros	Saco	3	cows					110 00
Chas. E. Carter	Kittery Point	1	cow	50	00	5	00	55 00
R. N. Wells	Auburn	1	cow	45	00	2	00	47 00
Horace T. Parkhurst	AIDIOH	1	horse					25 00
Fred Rolfe	Brownville Jct	1	cow					18 00
F. C. Barker	Exeter	1	cow					40 00
Fred G. Palmer	Exeter No. Fayette, R. F. D.	1	horse	25	00	7	00	32 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow					- 50 00
Geo. Waters	Dixfield	1	cow	50	00	2	00	52 00
Claude A. Haskell	Norway	1	cow					45 00
G. G. Grinnell H. L. Lewis	Exeter	1	cow					40 00
H. L. Lewis	Cumberland	1	cow					25 00
Theodore Kerr Chas. A. Trafton	Westbrook	1	cow					28 00
Chas. A. Trafton	Sanford	1	cow					28 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow				••	25 00
Springvale Nat. Bank. Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	4	cows	150			00	154 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale Madison, R. F. D	2	cows	100	00	8	00	108 00
Byron Lambert	madison, R. F. D	1	cow	41-	00	-	EC.	30 00
C. R. McNeal	Caribou	1	cow	42	w	1	50	43 50
H. H. Campbell	Dover	1	cow					15 00
Mrs. Swen Lawson	Brownville Jet	1	cow					20 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	2 1	cows			*		64 00
Cole Bros	Saco	1	cow	35	00	1	00	20 00
	Caribou		cow					36 00
A. J. McNeal	Caribou Exeter	1 2	cow	35	w	1	50	36 5 ₀
E. E. Jewett Frank Cunningham	Brownville Jet	2	cows					75 00 50 00
W. H. Smith	Bucksport	1	cows					35 00
** * ** * DIIII	Ducksport		60W.,					aa 00

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Mainstream Lumber	Harmony	2	horses					50 00
Geo. Gage[Co.	Brownvile	1	cow	05	00	-	00	28 00
Wm. S. Caldwell Wallace M. Watson	AnsonLimestone	i	horse		00		00 50	30 00 31 50
F. H. Crocker	Dover	î	cow	00	00		50	30 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow	40	00	2	00	42 00
Frank A. Hackett	Auburn, R. F. D	1	cow					25 00
Johnson Bros	No. Berwick	$\frac{1}{2}$	cow					$\frac{25\ 00}{100\ 00}$
Geo S. Lowell R. E. Stone	Farmington	$\frac{2}{2}$	cows					85 00
C. A. Hall	Troy Mt. Vernon	4	cows					140 00
Granville Roberts	Brownville	1	cow					38 00
Louise J. Hillman	Unity	1	cow					42 00
Ruel Willey	Unity	1 1	cow					25 00 23 00
C. C. Gilman Springvale Nat. Bank.	Brownville	i	cow					35 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	î	cow					45 00
John D. Gregg	Ft. Fairfield	1	cow					45 00
John Harper	Biddeford	1	cow					50 00
D. W. Bragdon	No. Berwick	1	cow					50 00
Henry Watkins Mrs. R. K. Barston Joseph Brisk	Casco Damariscotta	$\frac{2}{1}$	cows	25	00	7	00	35 00 32 00
Joseph Brisk	Gardiner	î	cow	20	00		00	25 00
Chas. H. Campbell	Ft. Fairfield	î	cow					40 00
Albert L. Green	Katahdin Iron Wks.	1.	. cow					30 00
H. E. Ellingwood	Monroe	1	cow					38 00
Newman Dairy Co	Bangor	2 1	cows					75 00 47 00
S. C. Burrill	CanaanGuilford	1	cow					47 00 30 00
W, H. Snell	Dexter	î	cow					30 00
Calvin S. Hall	Monmouth	î	cow					40 00
Martin Wyman	Phippsburg	1	cow	40	00	5	00	45 00
Bert Crafts	Dover	$\frac{2}{1}$	cows					77 50
M. F. Dorsey W. H. Davis	Ft. Fairfield	2	cow					50 00
W. L. Grant	Milo	2	cows					75 00 100 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Bangor Springvale	ī	cows					28 00
Susan Merrill	Brownville	ī	cow					40 00
R. L. Wormwell	Portland	2	cows					50 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow					40 00
C. E. Bryant	Unity	1	cow					30 00 35 00
C. H. Smith M. A. Randall	Mechanic Falls West Ripley	2	cows					38 00
A. L. Merrill	Sebec	3	cows					105 00
E. C. Smith	Ft. Fairfield	1	cow	45	00	1	00	46 00
J. C. Grant G. W. Richardson	Unity	• 1	cow					50 00
G. W. Richardson	West Paris	1	cow					40 00
Theodore Kerr Kezar Falls Nat. Bank.	Westbrook Kezar Falls	1	cow					50 00 40 00
O. P. Hilton	No. Whitefield	î	cow					25 00
O. P. Hilton G. W. Benner H. W. Sturtevant	No. Whitefield	1	cow					50 00
H. W. Sturtevant	Milo	2	cows			_		80 00
R. F. Norton	Kezar Falls	$\frac{1}{2}$	cow	30	00	ð	00	35 00
S. C. Hall	Kennebunk Kennebunk	1	cows					90 00 50 00
Edward Denslow	Portland	î	cow					35 00
G. W. Richardson	West Paris		Disinf			6	00	6 00
Frank B. Grant	No. Dexter	2	cows					50 00
Fred F. Perkins	Winterport	$\frac{1}{2}$	cow					35 00.
H. B. Warring Geo. D. Reynolds	Unity Unity	í	cows					100 00 50 00
Fred Busby	Limestone	î	cow	20	00	- 1	50	21 50
Frank Servis	Limestone	3	cows		00		50	102 50
G. L. Hayden	Guilford	1	cow					27 50
G. D. Bacon	Unity	2	cows					92 00
J. W. Bacon	Unity	1	cow					40 00 40 00
A. D. Jackson I. H. Pettengill	Unity Curtis Corner	i	cow					42 50
F. N. Blanchard	Farmington	ī	cow					45 00
W. A. Rand	Strong	1	cow					50 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow	22	00	4	00	26 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	3	cows					90 00
D. W. Moody H. P. Brown & Son	Ogunquit	$\frac{1}{2}$	cows					25 00 100 00
James H. Somers	Norway Limestone	ī	cows	40	00	1	50	41 50
J. E. Richardson	Gilead	1	cow	-		_		40 00
John O. Gould	So. Orrington	1	cow		- 00	_	00	25 00
Ralph S. Rice	Woolwich	1	cow	45	00	5	00	50 00
Cole Bros C. L. Severance	SacoFoxeroft	3 1	cows					125 00 50 00
C. D. Deverance	T OAGIOIL		COW					<i>50</i> 00

Willis E. Clough	Madison Auburn, R. F. D	1	cow					50 00
M. F. Burnham	Auburn, R. F. D	1	cow	۰.		_		40 00
Justin F. Libby	Auburn	1	horse		00		00	30 00
Town of Waterford	Waterford	5	cows	140	00	7	00	147 00
C. R. Harriman	Lewiston	1	horse	50	00	10	~	25 00 60 00
Frank W. Cox	Portland	1	cow		00 00		00 00	32 00
H. S. Mosher J. F. McCain	Wilton Ft. Fairfield	i	cow	25	8		8	37 00
Edward B. Wiswell	East Machias	7	cows	00	•	-	•	160 00
F. A. Bowden	Orrington	i	cow				1	40 00
J. W. Rolfe	Pittsfield	î	cow					35 00
Elmer G. Wyman	E. Livermore Mills	î	cow					45 00
Hazen Carson	Gorham	ī	cow					40 00
W. H. Chadbourne	Waterford	2	cows					80 00
Est. of W. H. Goodwin	Kittery Point	2	cows		00		00	55 00
Peter Henderickson	Yarmouth	2	cows		00		00	65 00
C. E. Warren	Gorham	1	horse	25	00	5	00	30 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow					50 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow					16 00
Alonzo Bacon	Unity	1	cow					50 00
Geo. W. Varney	Unity	1	cow					45 00 35 00
Gould Bros F. D. Morrill	Exeter	$\frac{1}{2}$	cow	100	Δ.	E	00	105 00
O. P. Galusha	Walnut Hill Richmond	1	cows		8		00	52 00
F. W. Hill	Exeter	î	cow	30	•	2	•	30 00
W. H. Allen	No. Dexter	i	cow					22 00
A. C. Macomber	Dryden	i	cow					50 00
Henry Grauviler	Auburn	Ţ.	cow					21 00
A. C. Dow	Turner	î	cow					25 00
Geo. S. Lowell	Farmington	$\bar{2}$	cows					82 50
E. T. Bessev	Thorndike	1	cow					50 00
W. L. Bean	Winterport, R. F. D.	1	cow					42 00
Frank Champeon	Exeter	1	cow					40 00
F. E. Mitchell	Sabattus	6	cows					200 00
Geo. A. Allen	Gorham	2	cows					76 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow					35 00
Wm. C. Nason	Waterboro	1	cow					38 00
W. F. Pillsbury	Gornam	1	cow		00		00	85 00
B. L. McKeen H. C. McCorrison	Wilton	1	cow	45	00	2	00	47 00
H. C. McCorrison	Thorndike	3	cows					110 00
W. S. Folsom	Newport, R. F. D	2	cows					100 00
C. A. Hall Geo. Knowles	Thorndike	2	cows					92 00 45 00
E. J. Hall	Winterport Thorndike	1 2	cows					90 00
Mrs Mattle Ingraham	Ea. Corinth	ĩ	cows					50 00
Mrs. Mattle Ingraham Fred L. Carlton	Woolwich	î	cow	50	00	1	00	51 00
E. F. Bickford	Dixmont	ī	cow			_	••	50 00
Wm. R. Greig	Augusta	3	cows					150 00
Mapleton Mills Co	Presque Isle	ī	horse					25 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow					85 00
James Longley	Caribou	1	horse		00		00	27 00
Nat. Fertilizer Co	Presque Isle	1	cow		00	1	50	41 50
D. A. Barnes	Limestone	1	cow		00		00	52 00
Joseph Jondro	Limestone	1	cow	. 40	00	1	50	41 50
Saml. H. Young Chas. A. Trafton Rufus Whitcomb	Waterford	2	cows			_		95 00
Unas. A. Traiton	Sanford Camden Highlands.	1	cow	30	00	2	00	32 00
Kuius whitcomb	Camden Highlands.	1	cow					40 00
H. J. Haskell	Weeks Mills	1	cow	45	00		00	30 00
Saml. Cousins	Yarmouth Walnut Hill	$\frac{1}{2}$	cow		00 50		00	48 00 84 50
C. W. Lowe H. L. Williams		1	cows	04	50	4	w	50 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	i	cow	97	50	5	00	42 50
F O Haves	Walnut Hill	2	cows	100			00	105 00
R. C. Hawkes	Cumberland Center.	3	cows	150			50	156 50
F. O. Hayes	Cumberland Center.	2	cows		ŏŏ		50	91 50
Jonas Edwards	Auburn	ĩ	cow	•	••	•	••	40 00
C. A. Leighton	Dexter	î	cow					25 00
Lewis Johnson	Bangor	î	horse	25	00	4	00	29 00
Town of Dover	Dover	$\tilde{2}$	cows			_		65 00
Daniel D. Davis	Pittsfield	1	cow					20 00
W. H. Davis	Auburn, R. F. D. 4	1	cow					45 00
Geo. G. Dyer	Gorham	1	cow					30 00
O. F. Dolloff	Walnut Hill	8	cows	345			00	350 00
E. I. Brown	Ea. Sumner	6	cows	300	00	5	00	305 00
W. D. Tucker	Ea. Sumner	1	cow					50 00
Seldon G. Thompson J. B. Bartlett	Bowerbank	1	horse					25 00
Fabrican Broader	Freedom	1 1	cow					50 00 45 00
Ephriam Bragdon A. H. Larrabee	Freedom	1	COW					25 00
A. G. Kimball	Litchfield Carmel, R. F. D	1	cow	QΛ	00	0	00	33 00
zz. G. IXIIIIDaii,	ORITHOI, IV. I. D	1	COW	90	00	0	50	00 00

Chas. B. Wellington	Unity	1	cow					40 00
J. R. Bickford	Stow	3	cows					150 00
Fannie E. Jose	Dexter So. Gardiner	1	cow	40	00		•	50 00
H. T. McLaughlin Nellie C. Howes	Charleston	1 1	cow	40	00	2	00	42 00 40 00
Miles Williams	Mt. Vernon	i	cow					40 00
Llewellyn Harriman.	Bucksport	ī	cow					35 00
Ada Giggey O. K. Clifford E. T. Brown	Caribou	ī	cow					35 00
O. K. Clifford	So. Paris	3	cows	145	00	5	00	150 00
E. T. Brown	Auburn	2	cows					80 00
L. M. Craig	Dixmont	2	cows					65 00
Sylvester Gray	Wells	1	cow					25 00
Geo. Prescott	Kennebunkport	1 1	cow					25 00
P. P. Baxter Theodore Kerr	Portland Westbrook	1	cow					50 00 32 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	2	cows					70 00
Dr. G. P. Morgan	Dover, N. H	3	cows	125	00	9	00	134 00
Frank A. Hacket	Auburn	1	cow			_		30 00
C. A. Ham	Monmouth	1	cow					40 00
W. H. Pearson	Farmington	2	cows	77	00	5	00	82 00
O. C. Brown	Berwick	_1	cow					20 00
Geo. E. Page	Ea. Livermore	11	cows	408	00	4	00	412 00
Chas. A. Trafton	Sanford	2	cows		^^		~~	50 00
Hartwell Crandlemire	Vanceboro	1 1	cow	35	00	3	00	38 00
F. H. Weymouth E. Campbell	Guilford Farmington	i	cow					25 00 30 00
C. K. Paige	E. Livermore Mls	î	cow					50 00
Jacob W. Greelev	Freedom	î	cow					38 00
Jacob W. Greeley Lucie E. Bennett	Bucksport, R. F. D.	7	cows	105	00	5	00	110 00
Mrs. E. C. Bishop	Presque Isle	i	cow	200	••		••	30 00
S. C. Hall	Kennebunk	1	cow					45 00
Albion Lewis	Coopers Mills	1	cow					50 00
Lewis Keenan	Sabattus	1	cow					50 00
Allan D. Stickney	So. Newcastle	1	horse	25	00	5	00	30 00
G. W. Reed	No. Bucksport	1	horse					25 00
A. L. Proctor	Waterville	1	horse					25 00
J. P. Sutton & Co	Auburn	2	cows					58 00
S. R. Brown	Auburn Dexter, R. F. D Dexter, R. F. D. 3	1 6	cow	260	00	5	nn	25 00 265 00
I C Jollison	Berwick Branch	1	cows	200	00		00	30 00
J. C. Jellison H. T. McLaughlin	So. Gardiner	î	cow					35 00
Geo. L. Allen	Troy	î	cow					35 00
N. R. Leach	Wilsons Mills	2	cows					70 00
B. F. Hamilton	Biddeford	1	cow					40 00
Chas. O. McLellan W. V. Eaton	Westbrook	1	horse	25	00	7	00	32 00
W. V. Eaton	Brownfield	2	cows					70 00
L. B. Barren	Dover	1	horse					25 00
Lewis W. Stevens,	Plymouth	1	cow					50 00 50 00
Henry G. Beyer, Jr Amos Ambrose	Portland	1	cow					30 00 30 00
Edwin Kelley	Dexter Vienna	2	cows					60 00
O. B. Merrow	Auburn,	ĩ	cow					50 00
O. B. Merrow C. E. Higgins	Corinna	ī	cow					30 00
Jas. E. Douglas	West Gorham	1	cow					40 00
J. M. Brown, Est.,	Portland	1	horse					25 00
C. W. Wentworth	Limington	1	horse		~~	-	00	25 00
C. W. Wentworth W. L. Blake & Co F. L. Merrick	Portland	1	cow	35 25	00	5 ·		40 00 30 00
F. N. Blanchard	Waterville	2	horse	100		5		105 00
Paine Haskell	Farmington Turner	í	cows	100	w	J	00	45 00
Rufus Haskell	Turner	2	cows	80	00	2	00	82 00
Chase Sennett	Turner	ĩ	cow		ŏŏ	2		52 00
Elmer E. Brown	Milo	ĩ	horse	•	••			2 5 00
Antonio Russo	Portland	1	horse					25 00
P. E. Wilkinson	E. Parsonsfield	1	cow					20 00
O. H. Fall	Carmel	1	cow					50 00
E. S. Higgins	Charleston	1	cow					40 00
Pliney B. Henley	Albany	1	cow					35 00
W. E. Canwell	Albany Richmond	2 5	cows	210	00	7	00	80 00 217 00
C. E. Lamoreau M. F. Lovell	Wolnet Hill	1	cows		00		00	50 00
Cole Bros	Walnut Hill	2	cow	40	50		00	80 00
Stephen H. Bailey	Calais	ĩ	cow					48 00
Jerry F. Perry	Hampden	î	cow					30 00
Mrs. Lucettie Staples	No. Deer Isle	î	cow					40 00
Percy E. Holbrook	Freeport	1	horse	25	00	3	00	28 00
Percy E. Holbrook C. J. Trickey	Corinna	2	cows					100 00
Marcus Littlefield	Monroe	2	cows					60 00
Johnson Bros	Caribou	1	cow					45 00
Daniel C. Estes	Bryants Pond	1	cow					50 00

Alvin F. Moulton	West Scarboro	1	cow			45 00
F. W. Wormwell Geo. B. Jackson	Portland	1 1	cow	50 00	5 25	40 00 55 25
O. E. Johnson	Lewiston	5	cows	250 00	4 00	254 00
Geo. Prescott	Kennebunkport	1	cow			25 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	1 1	cow	25 00	10 00	32 00 35 00
R. B. Holmes John E. Littlefield	Ellsworth	i	cow	25 00	10 00	40 00
W. H. Grant	No. Yarmouth	2	cows			95 00
W. L. Rhodes	So. Portland	1	horse	25 00 25 00	9 55 8 00	34 55 33 00
E. H. Libbey Joseph Williams	Caribou	1	cow	25 00	8 00	40 00
Peter Hendrickson	Yarmouth	1	horse			25 00
Warren A. Cummings. Frank L. Webber	Brooks Waterville	1	cow	50 00	10 55	50 55 60 00
F. C. Tuck	Greene	i	cow	50 00	10 55	50 50
Joseph Carrier	Biddeford	1	cow			50 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	$\frac{2}{1}$	cows			68 00 40 00
Walter N. Gray Geo. S. Ayer	Dixmont	1	cow Disinf		6 00	6 00
J. M. Millett	Buckfield	1	cow	45 00	2 00	47 00
D. E. Jack	Buckfield	7	cows	350 00	5 00	355 00
Geo. E. Hallowell	Waterville Ea. Sumner	1	cow	50 00	10 00	60 00 50 00
N. B. Burgess Geo. W. Varney Freemont Small	Unity	1	cow			50 00
Freemont Small	Caribou	1	cow			40 00
Springvale Nat. Bank. Geo. E. Hammond	Springvale Eliot	1	cow	50 00	5 00	25 00 55 00
W. H. Carr	Thorndike	1	cow	00 00	1, 00	45 00
John M. Warring	Trov	1	cow	50.00	44 45	50 00
Gilbert Pickard A. V. Wakefield	Winslow	1 1	cow	50 00	11 45	61 45 15 00
Theodore Kerr	WESIDTOOK	î	cow			32 00
I. H. Gordon	Westbrook	1	cow			48 00
Roy W. Pulsifer	Aubum, R. F. D. I	1	cow			30 00 25 00
Walter S. Wells Harrington Bros	No. Anson Georgetown	i	horse	25 00	5 00	30 00
W. P. Jeffrey D. E. Jack	No. Monmouth	ī	horse	25 00	7 00	32 00
D. E. Jack	Buckfield	1	cow	50 00	2 00	52 00
Henry S. Hamlin Springvale Nat. Bank.	Oxford Springvale	1	cow	25 00	1 00	26 00 30 00
S. W. Davis	Ea. Bucksport	1	cow			30 00
O. H. Sands S. H. Drummond	Saco	1	cow	EQ. 00	0 55	35 55 58 00
Henry Williams	Waterville Mt. Vernon	$\frac{1}{2}$	cows	50 00	8 55	100 00
H. B. Rollins	Troy	1	cow			45 00
H. H. Hastings	Bethel	1	cow			50 00 50 00
A. J. Hutchinson	Mason Carmel, R. F. D. 3	2	cows			75 00
A. G. Kimball W. W. Reynolds	Waterville, R.F.D. 39	1	cow	45 00	5 00	50 00
Geo. W. Hough	Berwick West Bowdoin	1	horse	25 00	5 00	40 00 30 00
D. C. Day	Waterville, R. F.D.40	î	cow	20 00	0 00	45 00
L. A. Taylor D. C. Day Frank A. Smiley	Waterville, R. F. D	2	cows	100 00	5 00	105 00
J. S. Jones	Sabattus	1	cow			25 00 30 00
Frank W. Fogg Geo. Stevens	Holden West Kennebunk	1	cow			15 00
Jusun Brooks	So. Eliot Exter, R. F. D	1	cow			45 00
G. L. Morey	Exter, R. F. D	1 2	cows	85 00	5 00	40 00 90 00
Chas. T. Patterson M. Z. McCormick	SacoBath	1	cows	50 00	5 00	55 00
H. J. Brown	Portland	3	cows			150 00
John H. Rines	Portland	1	cow			50 00 48 00
A. C. Tebbetts B. H. Swift	West Lebanon Jefferson	1	cow	50 00	2 00	52 00
R. L. McLellan	Waterville	1	cow	50 60	10 00	60 00
A G Kimball	Carmel, R.F.D. 3[St	8	cows	95 00	0.50	400 00
F. Dyer Fred S. Groves	Richmond	1	cow	35 0 0	2 50	37 50 25 00
	Norway	1	cow			50 00
Augustus Kelley	Caribou	1	cow			30 00
Augustus Kelley Alton M. York Small & McPhee	Sumner Richmond	1 13	cows	560 00	5 00	50 00 565 00
M. D. Stockman	Portland	1	horse			25 00
Elmer F. Ridlon	So. Limington	1	cow			30 00
W. B. Grant H. E. Mansfield	Saco	1	horse			25 00 25 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	4	cows	178 00	8 00	186 00
Everett E. Johnson	Hebron	1	cow			45 00
E. Connelley	So. Portland	1	cow			30 00

a	a					40.00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow			40 00
R. Rapapont	New Sweden	1	cow			35 00
C. L. Beals	Buckfield, R. F. D. 2.		Disinf		9 90	9 90
Edgar W. Harris Warren S. Meserve	No. Dixmont	1	cow			40 00
Warren S. Meserve	Saco, R. F. D. 3	1	cow			30 00
Fred N. Dow	Portland	1	cow			50 00
Baker Phillips	Hebron	1	cow	50 00	3 00	53 00
Messalonskee Nat. Bk.	Oakland	2	cows			100 00
John A. Ronco Eben Wood Geo. A. Tilton	Waterville	1	cow			35 00
Eben Wood	Waterville	î	cow	50 00	6 00	56 00
Goo A Tilton	Skowhegan	î	cow	00 00	0 00	25 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	On win and lo	2	cow	90 00	5 00	95 00
Dear H. Deserti	Springvale		cows	90 00	5 00	
Dean H. Russell	Lovell Center	1	cow			45 00
F. T. Smith	Carmel, R. F. D. 2 Brunswick, R. F. D. 4.	2	cows			40 00
Allen A. Wight	Brunswick, R. F. D. 4.	1	cow			30 00
B. E. Foster	So. Paris	1	cow	35 00	1 00	36 00
Mrs. E. J. True	Dexter	1	cow			25 00
G. R. Johnson	Westbrook, R.F. D. 1.	1	cow			40 00
S. C. Hall	Kenneb k	4	cows			160 00
H. L. Williams	Lebanon	í	cow			45 00
Wallace Tozier	Patten	î	cow			35 00
Geo. H. Meserve	Cornish	9	cows	388 00	10 00	398 30
W H Dolland	Winglam			900 00	10 00	
W. H. Pollard	Winslow,	1	horse			25 00
James G. Rowe	Ea. Otisfield	1	cow			50 00
A. T. Drummoud	Waterville	2	cows			110 00
Herman Frederick	Brnnswick	1	cow	30 00	1 00	31 00
F. L. Brown	Newport	1	cow			50 00
Louise J. Hillman	Unity	1	cow			30 00
E. C. Dodge	Unity	1	cow			40 00
Cole Bros	Saco	7	cows			280 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	5	cows			210 00
D A Popper	Dan Millo	ĭ	cow			35 00
P. A. Berry	Bar Mills		cow	0E 00 :	0.00	
N. E. Fickett	Intervale	1	cow.,	35 00	2 00	37 00
Geo. A. Gray	Ea. Holden	1	cow			50 00
Minnie Randall	Cumberland Ctr	1	cow			20 00
Wm. W. Scribner	So. Hiram	1	cow	35 0 0	5 00	40 00
G. H. Abbott	Auburn	1	cow			30 00
G. H. Abbott Wm. King	Waterville		Services			13 00
Joseph Roderick	Winslow	1	cow	50 00	9 45	59 45
Fred'k M. Mooney	Bucksport	2	horses	50 00	5 00	55 00
G. F. Terry	Waterville	$\bar{2}$	cows	100 00	4 90	104 90
E. C. Mathews	Waterville	3	cows	200 00	100	150 00
John F. Howard	Window	1	cows	50 00	10 00	60 00
II () Clarland	Winslow			50 00		
H. S. Garland	Waterville	1	cow	50 00	7 50	57 50
J. J. Pelletier	Lewiston	1	cow			28 00
W. F. Patten	Carmel	1	cow	****	40.00	25 00
E. C. Benson	Oakland	2	cows	100 00	10 90	110 90
F. H. Axtel	Oakland	1	cow	50 00	8 75	58 75
E. P. Bryant	No. Jay	2	cows			100 00
Cole Bros	Saco	2	cows			65 00
Wallace Bryant	No. Jay	1	cow			50 00
A. G. Caswell	Searsmont	1	cow			40 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow			30 00
J. Sumner Bailey	Woolwich	ī	cow	45 00	5 00	50 00
A. M. Philbrick	Dixmont	î	cow	10 00	0 00	20 00
J. R. Bean		2	horses			50 00
Wm. I. Grant	Hollis Center	ĩ	horse	25 00	5 00	30 00
Will. I. Grant			horse	25 00		
John Pancourt	Jackman	1	horse	25 00	10 00	35 00
Raymond Libby	Bradford	1	horse	0. 00	2.00	25 00
D. J. Townsend	Freeport	1	cow	35 00	2 00	37 00
O. H. Sands	Saco	1	cow			41 00
O. H. Sands E. S. Paul	Auburn	1	cow			50 00
H. F. Dresser	Turner Waterville	1	cow	50 00	3 45	53 4 5
Bert A. Foss	Waterville	1	horse	25 OO	5 00	30 00
H. P. McKenney	Jackman	1	horse	25 00	9 00	34 00
Roy J. S. Dow	Biddeford	î	cow	_, .,		35 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	i	cow			50 00
I II I amaran	Dishmond		0077			30 00
L. H. Lamoreau F. L. Titcomb	Richmond	1	cow			30 00
r. L. TRCOMD	Corinna	1	cow			
Willis McFarland	Brooks	1	cow			50 00
C. W. Boothby	Standish	1	cow			45 00
Jas. F. Nason	Limerick	1	cow			25 00
Chas. A. Trafton	Sanford	1	cow			25 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	1	cow			40 00
Otis Brooks	Grafton	1	cow			30 00
Geo. E. Redding	Redding	$\bar{2}$	cows	50 00	15 00	65 00
A. B. Walker	West Athens	ī	horse			25 00
C. P. Valentine	Bethel	î	cow			40 00
John H. Smart	Bethel Dexter, R. F. D. 1	î	cow			50 00
OCHI HI DINGIVIIIIII	Fairfield	ī	cow			50 00
Theodore C. Stephens.	Kairneid					

Kezar Falls, Nat. Bank		1						25 00
F. B. Snow Springvale Nat. Bank.	Saco Springvale	1		35	00	2	00	25 00 37 00
W. H. Moore	Kenduskeag	1	cow	14	00	2	00	16 00
Alonzo A. Carter B. F. Knowles	Union	1			00	5	00	30 00 27 00
S. O. Howe	So. Paris, R. F. D	i		20	00	2	00	27 00 25 00
L. E. Prentiss	Waterville, R. F. D	1	. cow					50 OC
S. P. Ireland A. Tetrault	Corinna	1						30 00
Alvin Moulton	W. Scarboro	2						25 00 90 00
R. F. Meserve	Biddeford	1	cow					17 00
P. H. Wiggin	No. Baldwin	8		295	00	10	50	305 50
Kezar Falls Nat. Bank Chas. A. Bray	Rezar Falls	1						35 00 25 00
Rufus Page	Bucksport, R. r. D. 2	1	cow					25 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	1						35 00
Nelson D. Grace W. B. Randall	Steep Falls	2 1	ox	50	00	5	00	50 00 55 00
Withee Bros	Etna	2	cows	30	00	0	00	100 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	2	cows	70	00	5	00	75 00
Fred S. Rogers Geo. S. Lowell	west Buxton	1	cow					35 00
M. Hall. Agent	W. Farmington Turner	2	cows	75	00	2	25	50 00 77 25
M. Hall, Agent	No. Edgecomb	1	horse		••			25 00
Rudolf Loberg	Athens	1 1	horse					20 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Ea. Hampden Springvale	1	cow					40 00 40 00
Geo. Crossman	Green Lake	ī	horse					25 00
H. Gordon	Gorham	1	cow					30 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook Portland	1 1	cow					45 00 30 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	2	cows	90	00	4	00	94 00
Springvale Nat. Bank. Geo. F. Dixon	Ogunauit	1	cow					40 00
A. Erickson Theodore Kerr	Portland Westbrook	1	horse					25 00
Chas. B. Brewer	Pittsfield	i	cow					30 00 40 00
Chas. B. Brewer E. W. Penley	Auburn	2	cows					45 18
Isalah Clowell	Brooks Brooks, R. F. D	1	cow					45 00
D. F. Wentworth S. P. Ireland	Corinna	3	cows					50 00 150 00
Oren B. Fenderson	Saco	1	cow					25 00
Cole Bros	Saco	2 1	cows					80 00
R. W. Goodwin Geo. H. Cummings	Mechanic Falls Ereeport	1	cow horse					26 00 25 00
C. V. Knight D. W. Bragdon	Turner Center	1	cow					40 00
D. W. Bragdon Theodore Kerr	No. Berwick Westbrook	2 1	cows					100 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	î	cow horse	25	00	8	00	25 00 33 00
Chas. E. Clark	Berwick	1	cow		••	·	••	8 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	3 1	cows					110 00
D. W. Bragdon Springvale Nat. Bank	No. Berwick Springvale	3	cows					50 00 145 00
Springvale Nat. Bank. Fred T. Gilpatrick Geo. A. Polbey	Cornish	1	horse	25			00	30 00
Geo. A. Polbey	Sabattus	1	horse	25	00	5	00	30 00
Harry A. Goss O. B. Fuller	Greene Union R. F. D. 1	1	cow					50 00 30 00
I. D. Quimby	Bucksport	1	cow			•		30 00
I H Gordon	Gorham	2	cows					65 00
F. I. Whitney	Gorham	1 1	cow					50 00 20 00
David Simpson	Waterville	î	horse	25	00	10	00	35 00
M. P. Stockman	Portland	1	horse	25		5	00	30 00
A. M. Paul	Garland No. Berwick	$^{2}_{1}$	cows					75 00 35 00
Julian L. Hussey Kezar Falls Nat. Bank	Kezar Falls	i	cow	50	00	5	00	55 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	2	cows		-	-		65 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	3	cows					145 00
A. W. Chadbourne F. L. Brown	No. Berwick	1	cow					50 00 50 00
W. H. Swett	Roung Pong	1	cow					40 00
A. A. Gordon	Monmouth	1	cow					47 00
A. H. Downs W. D. Sewall	Parsonfield	1	horse					$\frac{25}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
F. L. Brown	Newport	8	cows					150 00
A. F. Collins	Union	1	horse	25 (00	5 (00	30 00
Alvin F. Moulton M. Albion Edwards	West Scarboro Madison	1	cow					50 00 30 00
M. T. Hoak	Waldboro	î	cow	10 (00	1 (00	11 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	1	horse	25 (00	8 (00	33 00

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Geo. M. Bowden	Coopers Mills	1	cow	25 €0	1 00	26 00
H. J. Brown	Portland	3	cows			150 00
Howard L. Lewis	Cumberland Ctr	1	cow			25 00
Martin Haas & Co	Lewiston	1	cow			10 00
A. Q. R. Peasley Chester Wheeler	Alna	1	cow			25 00
Unester wheeler	Bethel	1	cow			35 00
James O. Clifford	Unity	1	horse			25 00
F. H. Ward	Topsham	$\frac{1}{2}$	cow			35 00
J. H. Sanborn	Monmouth	1	cows			50 00
Theodore Kerr	Westbrook	•1	cow			30 00 45 00
W. H. Pearson Fred Watson	Farmington Dexter, R. F. D. 1	î	cow			28 00
L. M. Averill	Dover	î	cow			40 00
Chas. H. Clark	Solon	î	horse	25 00	10 00	35 00
Frank Towne	Brunswick	í	cow	20 00	10 00	30 00
Chas. E. Oliver	Bath	ī	cow			50 00
G. H. Bradeen	Buckfield	ã	cows	125 00	7 00	132 00
Edwin Bragdon	Newfield	2	cows			37 00
Herbert Luce	Sangerville	1	cow			50 00
C. B. McKenney	Westbrook, R. F. D. 1	1	cows			25 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	Springvale	2	cows			90 00
E. C. Mathews	waterville	1	cow			50 00
Jas. F. Brackett & Son.	Limington	1	cow			30 00
Albert Labonte	Saco	1	cow			20 00
W. O. Bucklin	эашиш	1	cow			50 00
W. H. Parker	Gorham, R. F. D	1	cow			45 00
E. W. Penley	Auburn	3	cows			81 63
Walker Bros	Readfield	1	cow			50 00
Springvale Nat. Bank.	springvale	2	cows			57 00
Geo. Marston	Presque Isle, R.F.D.2	1	cow			25 00
Willis Cobb	Winthrop	1	cow			50 00
F. L. Brown	Newport	1	cow			50 00
Fred Wells	Phillips	1	cow			40 00
Moses E. Wentworth	Dexter	1 1	cow	20 00	5 00	28 00
Fronk Whitner	Ea. Denmark Presque Isle	i	cow	20 00	5 00	25 00 35 00
Frank Whitney T. W. Skelton & Son	Bowdoinham	i	cow	25 00	10 00	35 00
Isaac Bates & Son	Corinna	3	cows	20 00	10 00	120 00
H. B. Phillips	West Minot	ĭ	cow	50 00	2 00	52 00
Geo. A. Berry	Biddeford	ī	cow	30 00	2 00	50 00
Elijah Ritchie	Belfast	î	cow			35 00
J. H. Huddilston	Orono	2	cows			100 00
Nathan Sanborn	West Baldwin	$\bar{2}$	çows			60 00
J. S. Lowell	Farmington	1	cow			50 00
Duncan Innes	Saco, R. F. D	1	cow			10 00
W. B. Deering	Hollis	1	cow			25 00
W. E. Stearns	So. Hiram	1	cow			45 00
Harold J. Webster	So. Portland	1	horse			25 00
Geo. H. Meserve	Cornish	2	cows			71 00
Edwin Lord	Limerick	1	cow			30 00
J. M. Warring	Troy	1	cow			50 00
E. W. Penley	Auburn	3	cows			63 00
J. D. Rogers	Yarmouth	2	cows			76 79
Isaac G. Bean Geo. S. Lowell	Canaan	1	cow			45 27
F O Thompson	Farmington	1 3	cow			45 38 101 70
F. O. Thompson	Hartland	2	cows			57 30
Geo. W. Weston	Fryeburg	ĩ	cows			32 20
F. O. Thompson	Hartland	î	cow			35 10
Geo. S. Lowell	Farmington	ī	cow			33 87
McIntyre & Weston	Bolsters Mills	î	cow			31 76
Geo. W. Weston	Fryeburg	ĩ	cow			24 25
E. R. Foye	Gardiner	ī	cow			45 86
Geo. S. Lowell	Farmington	ī	cow			46 54
Goodrich & Brown	Palmyra	.1	cow			19 33
Goodrich & Brown	Palmyra	1	cow			26 79
R. L. Wormwell	Portland	1	cow			50 00
Goodrich & Brown	Palmyra	3	cows			138 64
F. W. Wormwell	Portland	1	cow			27 13
F. O. Thompson	Hartiand	1	cow			29 61
F.O. Thompson	Hartland	1	cow			28 78
A. F. Blaisdell	Clinton	-1	cow			36 90
Goodrich & Brown Sam'l F. Hall	Palmyra	1	cow			23 72
sam'l F. Hall	Berwick	1	cow			46 00
Nat. Rockland Bank	Boston, Mass	2	cows			68 00
Geo. S. Lowell	Farmington	8	cows			322 12
A. H. Kilby	Freeport	1	cow			45 68
Frank Tuck	Greene	1	cow			23 91 32 35
Goodrich & Brown Goodrich & Brown	Palmyra	1	cow			46 72
doddinen & brown	Palmyra	-	COWLL			10 12

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Partridge & Ward			cows	66 79
Frank Tuck			cow	26 55
Partridge & Ward	Gardiner	1	cow	30 74
F. O. Thompson	Hartland	1	cow	46 22
Geo. S. Lowell			cows	175 80
F. O. Thompson	Hartland	1	cow	27 16
Cole Bros	Saco	2	cows	89 64
Goodrich & Brown	Palmyra	2	cows	54 85
E. L. Libby	Farmington	1	cow	46 14
F. L. Libby	Burnham	2	cows	62 23
F. O. Thompson	Hartland		cows	52 15
F. O. Thompson	Hartland	2	cows	55 66
Ocean Nat. Bank	Kennebunk	6	cows	223 33

Totals, disinfection, \$830 60;

appraisals, \$40,115 30

NOTICE OF QUARANTINE.

Rule I. The Cattle Commissioners of the State of Maine, having found from recent experience that it has become absolutely necessary to supplement our former notice of quarantine issued January I, 1892, so that it shall include not only Massachusetts but all other states, order that no cattle for dairy or breeding purposes shall be brought into this State either by road, water, railroad or other conveyance until further notice; and all such cattle entering our State, without a permit signed by some member of our Board, will be subject to quarantine at the owner's expense, and the attention of all persons is directed to chapters 177 and 194 of the Public Laws of Maine of 1889 and 1893 respectively, which will hereafter be rigidly enforced.

Rule 2. Each and every animal brought into this State of Maine for any other purpose than those stated in Rule I shall be subject to the same restrictions, except Western cattle for slaughtering purposes. And all owners of such animals shall secure a written permit for transporting such animals into the State, which permit shall be signed by one or more members of the State Board of Cattle Commissioners, now existing.

QUARANTINE STATION.

Rule 3. There will be three quarantine stations provided, one at Saco, near the Eastern Division Railroad Station, the other at Brunswick, on the line of the Maine Central Railroad, also one at Westbrook Junction.

Rule 4. The style of permit shall in each instance be as follows:

STATE OF MAINE.

BOARD OF CATTLE COMMISSIONERS.

F. O. Beal, Bangor, President. John M. Deering, Saco, Secretary. Frank S. Adams, Bowdoinham.

LIVE STOCK PERMIT.

(Signed)

Rule 5. In case any animal is found diseased, and is therefore condemned and killed by the Cattle Commissioners, the owner of such animal at the time of its killing shall give a release to the Board of Cattle Commissioners, and shall declare in the said release his acceptance of the appraisal. Said release shall read as follows:

STATE OF MAINE.

BOARD OF CATTLE COMMISSIONERS. F. O. Beal, Bangor, President. John M. Deering, Saco, Secretary. Frank S. Adams, Bowdoinham.

CONDEMNED LIVE STOCK RELEASE.

I hereby release the Board of Cattle Commissioners from all liability or action on account of killing......owned by me, found diseased by, under the provisions of chapter 19 of the Public Laws of 1889, as amended by chapter 19 of the Public Laws of 1893. I also hereby agree to accept the appraisal of in full compensation for said condemned animal.

Rule 6. If any person owning animals suspected of being diseased makes lawful application to the Cattle Commissioners for an examination of such animals, and the symptoms of the suspected animal are not sufficiently developed to warrant the destruction of the animal, the Commissioner or his agent making the examination may make an agreement with the owner to the effect that if said animmal reacts under the tuberculin test, the State shall pay for such testing, otherwise the owner shall pay he expenses incurred.

Rule 7. Upon application of the boards of health, municipal officers or citizens and taxpayers of the several cities and towns within the State, the Commissioners stand ready to promptly investigate and examine such cases as are reported to them. The Commissioners are to be regarded as the examiners or judges of suspected animals, and consider it the duty of the board of health, and any others who may be interested of affected by diseased animals, to notify them of any and all cases which may be dangerous to the health of the community.

Rule 8. There shall be a meeting of the Board of Cattle Commissioners on the first Wednesday of January, April, July and October respectively, for the purpose of auditing bills incurred in the preceding three months, and all such bills shall then be paid, provided there are sufficient funds in the State treasury therefor.

Rules adopted by the Maine Cattle Commissioners June 27, 1899.

JOHN M. DEERING, F. O. BEAL, FRANK S. ADAMS.

Augusta, June 27, 1899.

The foregoing rules are approved by me.

LLEWELLYN POWERS,

Governor of Maine.

Rule 9. Any person or persons claiming compensation from the State under chapter 57, laws of 1907, for cattle shipped to the quarantine station at Brighton, Mass., and that are subjected to the tuberculin test and that respond to such test, and that upon post-mortem examination by the inspector of the Massachusetts Cattle Bureau are found diseased with tuberculosis, must within twenty days from the date of such shipment from Maine, furnish to the State of Maine Cattle Commission the following information under oath:

- 1. Number of cattle under this claim.
- 2. Name and residence of person of whom purchased.
- 3. Value of the animal before it was condemned.
- 4. Date and place of shipment from Maine.
- 5. Description of animal. Breed, sex, age and color marks.
- 6. Name and address of shipper.

Also a certificate from the Massachusetts Cattle Bureau, giving date and details of the test, post-mortem findings and description of the animal, which certificate shall be signed by the inspector for the Massachusetts Cattle Bureau and countersigned by the Chief of said Bureau.

Blanks for these purposes will be furnished upon application to the secretary of this Board.

F. O. BEAL, Bangor. JOHN M. DEERING, Secretary, Saco. F. S. ADAMS, Bowdoinham.

The foregoing rules are hereby approved by me,

W. T. COBB, Governor of the State of Maine.

April 11th, 1907.

Rule 10. When it shall appear to the Cattle Commissioners, that any contagious disease exists in a herd of cattle in the State, then "quarantine" shall be declared upon such herd and its products, by authority of Chapter 177 of 1893, in the following manner:

BOARD OF CATTLE COMMISSIONERS.

The barn or stable where such animals are now kept, is hereby declared to be a quarantine station, from which no animal shall be allowed to depart, not shall any animal be allowed to enter, nor shall any animal be placed with the herd or exposed to contact in any manner with the herd, under penalty as provided in Chapter 177 of the Public Laws of 1889.

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Said notice shall be served upon the party or parties named in the above notice, by any civil officer, and his return shall be made thereon to the Commissioner ordering the uarantine.

F. O. BEAL, President.

F. S. ADAMS.

J. M. DEERING, Secretary.

Approved by me this 30th day of August, 1910.

BERT M. FERNALD, Governor of Maine.

Rule 11. The following rule is hereby made by authority of Chapter 177 of the Public Laws of Maine, of the year 1889 as amended by Chapter 194 of the Public Laws of 1893.

BOARD OF CATTLE COMMISSIONERS.

Ordered: That no neat stock, (cows, calves, bulls, steers or oxen) of any age, shall be allowed to enter the State of Maine, from any other state or country, neither for dairy purposes, breeding purposes nor for slaughter, (except cattle in transit under the control of the Federal Government) without a "Permit" duly authorized by the State of Maine Cattle Commission, in the following form:

STATE OF MAINE CATTLE COMMISSION.

F. O. Beal, Bangor, President. John M. Deering, Saco, Secretary. Frank S.Adams, Bowdoinham.

LIVE STOCK PERMIT.

Permission	is hereby given	Mr					of		
	Maine								
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				•		• • • •	• • • •		
		State	of	Mai	ne Cat	tle	Con	nmissioner	

This stock must be held in quarantine on the premises of the owner until it has been tested with tuberculin, under the direction of the State of Maine Cattle Commission, regardless of any other test made. The owner shall notify the Commission, immediately of the arrival of the same.

F. O. BEAL, President.

F. S. ADAMS.

J. M. DEERING, Secretary.

Approved by me this 30th day of August, 1910.

BERT M. FERNALD,

Governor of Maine.

STATE OF MAINE CATTLE COMMISSION.

F. O. Beal, Bangor, President.

JOHN M. DEERING, Saco, Secretary.

Frank S. Adams, Bowdoinham.

Application for Tuberculin Test.

Date,
I hereby make application to the State of Maine Cattle Com-
mission for the testing of my herd, with tuberculin.
Name of the owner,
City or Town,
Railroad Station,
Route from R. R. Station to place where test is to be made
Number of cattle in the herd,
Arc they Pure Bloods or Grades?
Any suspicious circumstances?
Remarks.

The new law for the eradication of contagious diseases among cattle which goes into effect, July 3, 1909, will materially change the rules and regulations of the Cattle Commission, regarding the same.

By the old law, diseased cattle were appraised upon the basis of health and the owner received one half of the appraisal, while under the new law, diseased cattle will be appraised upon the basis of the market value on the day of appraisal, the owner receiving the full amount of the appraisal, not to exceed \$50.00.

Anyone desirous of having their cattle tested will apply to one of the Cattle Commissioners, who will send the applicant a blank application to fill out, which if properly filled out, will show to the Commissioner whether the cattle have been exposed to any contagious disease which will warrant the Commissioner in spending any of the State money to stay the spread of such diseases.

If the Commissioner decides, that there is not sufficient reason to have the cattle tested at the expense of the State, he may if the owner desires, cause them to be tested and if no disease is found the owner must pay for the testing, not to exceed \$10.00. If any disease is found the State will pay the entire bill. The same rule will apply to cattle tested by order of Boards of Health.

The law now requires all owners of cattle kept for breeding or dairy purposes, intended for exhibition at the State Fairs, to have a certificate of Health from the State of Maine Cattle Commission dated within one year of the opening date of such Fair.

STATE OF MAINE CATTLE COMMISSION.

F. O. BEAL, Bangor, President. JOHN M. DEERING, Saco, Secretary. FRANK S. ADAMS, Bowdoinham.

AUTHORIZATION FOR TUBERCULIN TEST.

Date,
To Veterinarian.
Enclosed find application of
Cattle Commissioner.
REPORT.
Date,
To Cattle Commissioner.
Enclosed find test sheets for the above herd which I have tested with tuberculin. Number of cattle in the herd,
Miscellaneous,
Total,

Remarks:

Where grade herds are found free from disease, the owner must pay. Pure bloods and herds where disease is found, or was found the previous year, and animals intended for exhibition at State Fairs, will be tested at the expense of the State.

LAW RELATING TO CONTAGIOUS CATTLE DISEASES AS AMENDED IN 1899.

CHAPTER 19.

An Act to Extripate Contagious Diseases Among Cattle.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Sect. I. That for the purpose of facilitating and encouraging the live stock interests of the State of Maine, and for extripating all insidious, infectious and contagious diseases, now or that may be among cattle and other live stock, and especially tuberculosis, the governor of the State is hereby authorized and required, immediately after the passage of this act, to appoint a board of cattle commissioners consisting of three persons of known executive ability, who shall be charged with the execution of the provisions of this act, and who shall be known and designated as the State of Maine Cattle Commission and whose powers and duties shall be those provided for in this act, and whose tenure of office shall be at the option of the governor. The compensation of said commissioners shall be at the rate of three dollars per day during the time they are actually engaged in the discharge of their duties as commissioners. The said commissioners shall respectively take an oath to faithfully perform the duties of their office, and shall immediately organize as such commission by the election of one of their number as president thereof, and proceed forthwith to the discharge of the duties devolved upon them by the provisions of this act.

Sect. 2. That it shall be the duties of the said commissioners to cause investigations to be made as to the existence of tuberculosis, pleuro-pneumonia, foot and mouth disease, and any other infectious or contagious diseases. And such commissioners or their duly constituted agent are hereby authorized to enter any premises or places, including stock yards, cars and vessels within any county or part of the State in or at which they have reason to belive there exists any such diseases, and to make search, investigation and inquiry in regard to the existence thereof. Upon the discovery of the existence of any of the said diseases, the said commissioners are hereby authorized to give notice, by publication, of the existence of such disease, and the locality thereof, in such newspapers as they may select, and to notify in writing the officials or agents of any railroad, steamboat or other transportation company, doing business in or through such infected locality, of the existence of such disease; and are hereby authorized and required to establish and maintain such quarantine of animals, places, premises or localities as they may deem necessary to prevent the spread of any such disease, and also to cause the appraisal of the animal or animals affected with the

said disease, in accordance with such rules and regulations by them as hereinafter authorized and provided, and also to cause the same to be destroyed, and to pay the owner or owners thereof one-half of their value, as determinated upon the basis of health before infection, out of any moneys appropriated by the legislature for that purpose; provided, however, that no appraised value shall be more than two hundred dollars for an animal with pedigree recorded or recordable in the recognized herd-books of the breed in which the animal destroyed may belong, nor more than one hundred dollars for an animal which has no recordable pedigree; provided, further, that in no case shall compensation be allowed for an animal destroyed under the provisions of this act, which may have contracted or been exposed to such disease in a foreign country, or on the high seas, or that may have been brought into the State within one year previous to such animals showing evidence of such disease; nor shall compensation be allowed to any owner who, in person or by agent, knowingly or wilfully conceals the existence of such disease, or the fact of exposure thereto in animals of which the person making such concealment, by himself or agent, is in whole or part owner.

Sect. 3. That the said commissioners are hereby authorized and required to make record, and publish rules and regulations providing for and regulating the agencies, methods and manners of conducting, and the investigations aforesaid, regarding the existence of said contagious diseases; for ascertaining, entering and searching places where such diseased animals are supposed to exist; for ascertaining what animals are so diseased, or have been exposed to contagious diseases; for making, reporting and recording descriptions of the said animals so diseased or exposed and destroyed, and for appraising the same, and for making payment therefor; and to make all other needful rules and regulations which may, in the judgment of the commissioners, be deemed requisite to the full and due execution of the provisions of this act. All such rules and regulations, before they shall become operative, shall be approved by the governor of Maine and thereafter published in such manner as may be provided for in such regulations and after such publication said rules and regulations shall have the force and effect of law, so far as the same are not inconsistent with this act and other laws of the State, or United States.

Sect. 4. That any person or persons who shall knowingly and wilfully refuse permission to said commissioners, or either of them, or their duly constituted agent to make, or who knowingly and wilfully obstructs said commissioners, or either of them, or their duly constituted agent in making all necessary examinations of, and as to animals supposed by said commissioners to be diseased as aforesaid, or in destroying the same, or who knowingly attempts to prevent such commissioners, or either of them, or their duly constituted agent from entering upon the premises and other places hereinbefore specified where any of said diseases are by said commissioners supposed to exist, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, or of either of

the acts in this section prohibited, shall be punished by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment, not exceeding ninety days, or both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court.

Sect. 5. That any person who is the owner of, or who is possessed of any interest in any animals affected with any of the diseases named in section two of this act, or any person who is agent, common carrier, consignee, or otherwise is charged with any duty in regard to any animal so diseased, or exposed to the contagion of such disease, or any officer or agent charged with any duties under the provisions of this act, who shall knowingly conceal the existence of such contagious disease, or the fact of such exposure to said contagion, and who shall knowingly and wilfully fail, within a reasonable time, to report to the said commissioners their knowledge or their information in regard to the existence and location of said disease, or of such exposure thereto, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punishable as provided in section four of this act.

Sect. 6. That when the owner of animals, decided under the provisions of this act, by the proper authority, to be diseased, or to have been exposed to contagion, refuses to accept the sum authorized to be paid under the appraisement provided for in this act, it shall be the duty of the commissioners to declare and maintain a rigid quarantine as to the animals decided, as aforesaid, to be diseased or to have been exposed to any contagious or infectious disease, and of the premises or places where said cattle may be found, according to the rules and regulations to be prescribed by said commissioners, approved by the governor, and published as provided in the third section of this act.

Sect. 7. That no person or persons owning or operating any railroad, nor the owner or owners, or masters, of any steam, sailing, or other vessels, within the State, shall receive for transportation, or transport from one part of the State to another part of the State or to bring from any other state or foreign country any animals affected with any of the diseases named in section two of this act, or that have been exposed to such diseases, especially the disease known as tuberculosis. knowing such animals to be affected, or to have been so exposed nor shall any person or persons, company or corporation, deliver for such transportation to any railroad company, or to the master or owner of any vessel, any animals, knowing them to be affected with, or to have been exposed to, any of said diseases; nor shall any person or persons, company or corporation, drive on foot, or transport in private conveyance from one part of the state to another part of the state, any animal, knowing the same to be affected with, or to have been exposed to. any of said diseases. Any person or persons violating the provisions of this section, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding the sum of two hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

Sect. 8. That it shall be the duty of the several county attorneys to prosecute all violations of this act, which shall be brought to their no-

tice or knowledge by any person making the complaint under oath; and the same shall be heard in any supreme judicial court having jurisdiction in the county in which the violation of this act has been committed.

Sect. 9. That the said commissioners are hereby authorized to appoint or elect one of their number as secretary of said board, who shall receive a reasonable compensation for his services during the time in which, under the provisions of this act, the services of the said commissioners shall be required. The said commissioners shall make and preserve a full record of all rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of this act, of all payments and expenses hereunder incurred, and all other transactions performed by said commissioners in the discharge of their duties as herein provided; and the said commissioners shall, on or before the first Wednesday in January of each year, during their continuance in service, and at other times as they may deem conducive to the public interests, or as they may be required so to by the governor of State, report to said governor full and accurate accounts of their expenditures, and other proceedings under the provisions of this act, and of the condition of said diseases, if any, in the State, to be communicated by him to the legislature. Whenever the functions of said commission shall be suspended or terminated, it shall turn over to the secretary of state, all its books, papers, records, and other effects, taking his receipt therefor, and he shall remain the custodian of the same until such time as the functions of said commission may be restored.

Sect. 10. That the commissioners shall have power, and are hereby authorized to employ skilled veterinarians, and such other agents and employes as they may deem necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to fix the compensation of the person or persons so employed, and to terminate such employment at their discretion; and they are authorized out of the moneys by this act appropriated, to make such expenditures as may be needed for the actual and necessary traveling expenses of themselves and their said employes, stationery, expense of disinfecting premises, cars and other places, destroying diseased and exposed animals, and paying for the same, and such other expenses and expenditures as they may find to be annually necessary to properly carry into effect the provisions of this act.

Sect. 11. That the moneys appropriated by this act shall be paid over to the secretary of said commission, from time to time, as the same may be found to be needed, upon requisition made by the said commissioners, and shall be disbursed by the said secretary of said commission only upon vouchers approved by said commissioners or a majority of them. The said secretary shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take an oath to faithfully discharge the duties thereof, and shall enter into a bond to the State of Maine, with sureties to be approved by the treasurer of State, in such sum as he may designate, for the faithful accounting of all moneys received by the said secretary of the commission, under the provisions of this act.

Sect. 12. That for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sect. 13. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved February 14, 1889.

DISEASES AS AMENDED IN 1893.

CHAPTER 19.

An Act to Amend an act entitled "An Act to extirpate Contagious Diseases Among Cattle."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Sect. I. Section one of chapter one hundred and seventy-seven of public laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, is hereby amended by striking out the words, "and other live stock" in the fourth line, and inserting instead the words 'horses and sheep,' so that said section as amended, shall read as follows:

'Sect. I. That for the purpose of facilitating and encouraging the live stock interests of Maine, and for extirpating all insidious, infectious and contagious diseases, now or that may be among cattle, horses and sheep, and especially tuberculosis, the governor of the State is hereby authorized and required, immediately after the passage of this act, to appoint a board of cattle commissioners consisting of three persons of known executive ability, who shall be charged with the execution of the provisions of this act, and who shall be known and designated as the State of Maine Cattle Commission, and whose powers and duties shall be those provided for in this act, and whose tenure of office shall be at the option of the governor. The compensation of said commissioners shall be at the rate of three dollars per day during the time they are actually engaged in the discharge of their duties as commis-The said commissioners shall respectively take an oath to faithfully perform the duties of their office, and shall immediately organize as such commission by the election of one of their number as president thereof, and proceed forthwith to the discharge of the duties devolved upon them by the provisions of this act.'

Sect. 2. Section two of said act is hereby amended by striking out the word "two" in the twenty-ninth line and inserting instead thereof the word 'one'; and by striking out the words "one hundred" in the thirtieth and thirty-first lines and inserting instead thereof the word 'fifty'; also by striking out the word "one" in the thirty-sixth line, and inserting instead thereof the word 'three'; also by inserting after

the word "disease" in the thirty-seventh line the words 'and the owner or owners shall furnish satisfactory evidence as to the time such animal or animals shall have been owned in the State,' so that said section two as amended, shall read as follows:

'Sect. 2. That it shall be the duties of the said commissioners to cause investigation to be made as to the existence of tuberculosis. pleuro-pneumonia, foot and mouth disease, and any other infectious or contagious diseases. And such commissioners or their duly constituted agent, are hereby authorized to enter any premises or places, including stock yards, cars and vessels within any county or part of the State in or at which they have reason to believe there exists any such diseases, and to make search, investigation and inquiry in regard to the existence thereof. Upon the discovery of the existence of any of the said diseases. the said commissioners are hereby authorized to give notice, by publication, of the existence of such disease, and the locality thereof, in such newspapers as they may select, and to notify in writing the officials or agents of any railroad, steamboat or other transportation company, doing business in or through such infected locality, of the existence of such disease; and are hereby authorized and required to establish and maintain such quarantine of animals, places, premises or localities as they may deem necessary to prevent the spread of any such disease, and also to cause the appraisal of the animal or animals affected with the said disease, in accordance with such rules and regulations by them as hereinafter authorized and provided, and also to cause the same to be destroyed, and to pay the owner or owners thereof one-half of their value, as determined upon the basis of health before infection, out of any moneys appropriated by the legislature for that purpose; provided, however, that no appraised value shall be more than one hundred dollars for an animal with pedigree recorded or recordable in the recognized herd-books of the breed in which the animal destroyed may belong, nor more than fifty dollars for an animal which has no recordable pedigree; provided, further, that in no case shall compensation be allowed for an animal destroyed under the provisions of this act, which may have contracted or been exposed to such disease in a foreign country, or on the high seas, or that may have been brought into this State within three years previous to such animals showing evidence of such disease, and the owner or owners shall furnish satisfactory evidence as to the time such animal or animals shall have been owned in the State; nor shall compensation be allowed to any owner who in person, or by agent, knowingly and wilfully conceals the existence of such disease, or the fact of exposure thereto in animals of which the person making such concealment, by himself or agent, is in whole or part owner.'

Approved March 10, 1893.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FIVE.

An Act in addition to chapter nineteen of the Revised Statutes relating to contagious diseases among cattle.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1. It shall be the duties of the assessors of all cities, towns and plantations to keep a record of all pure blooded cattle kept for breeding purposes, and shall report to the secretary of the Cattle Commissioners on or before the first day of July of each year, the name of the owner, number of each herd, age and sex, such reports to be made upon blanks furnished by the Cattle Commissioners.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FIVE.

An Act in addition to chapter nineteen of the Revised Statutes relating to contagious diseases among cattle.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 2. All persons selling pure blooded cattle or cattle represented to be pure blooded, for breeding purposes, shall, before delivery, make a report to said commissioners on blanks furnished by them on application, stating the number of cattle sold, their age and sex and to whom sold, and before delivery thereof such cattle shall be tested with tuberculin and a certificate of health be given by said commissioners or some person duly authorized by them to the seller and purchaser, except in cases of cattle that have been so tested and certified, within twelve months previous to such sale, or calves under four months old.

Section 4. Whoever violates any provision of the three preceding sections, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for each offense.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FIVE.

An Act in addition to chapter nineteen of the Revised Statutes, relating to contagious diseases among cattle.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 3. Any person bringing pure blooded cattle into this State for breeding purposes shall report to the commissioners the name and residence of seller, number purchased, age and sex upon blanks

furnished by the commissioners upon application. Such cattle shall remain upon the purchaser's premises thirty days from the date of arrival and within that time be tested by order of the commissioners. But nothing herein contained shall be construed as requiring the testing of calves under four months old.

Chapter 121 of the Public Laws of 1909.

That such sum as may be deemed necessary by the Cattle Commissioners shall be used from their appropriation for the purpose of vaccination of cattle against tuberculosis, under such rules and regulations as may be made for the control of such work.

Chapter 133 of the Public Laws of 1909.

Section I. All so called pure blood or registered cattle and all grade cattle used for breeding or dairying purposes that are to be shown in competition for prizes at state agricultural shows in the state, shall be tested with tuberculin, within twelve months of the opening date of the exhibition where they are to be shown. Such test shall be made under the direction of the state of Maine Cattle Commission, who shall furnish a certificate of test, to the owner or owners of such animals. State agricultural associations who receive any aid from the state, shall demand a certificate of test, duly authorized by the state of Maine Cattle Commission, from owners, of cattle that are to compete for prizes, in accordance with the above, under penalty of forfeiture of such aid. Calves under four months old excepted.

Section 2. When the owner or owners of grade cattle shall make application to the state of Maine Cattle Commission, to have their cattle tested with tuberculin, the said commissioners shall cause such test to be applied, when in their judgment necessary, and the same shall be paid for out of the funds appropriated for the use of the state of Maine Cattle Commission.

Provided, however, that no tests of grade cattle shall be made at the expense of the state of Maine at periods of less time than twelve months

The said commissioners shall make all needful rules, and regulations as to the manner in which application shall be made to them, the manner in which the test shall be applied and shall not be held responsible for any private test made.

Section 3. All grade cattle condemned by the State of Maine Cattle Commission and slaughtered under their orders shall be appraised at a fair cash value at time condemned, not to exceed fifty dollars, and there shall be left or deposited with the owner of the cattle so condemned a proper certificate duly authenticated, showing the number of cattle condemned and the value at which they were appraised, and shall be paid for at the appraised value out of the funds appropriated for the use of said commissioners.

Section 4. Whenever it has been determined that an animal is diseased with tuberculosis and when it shall have been condemned and slaughtered under the direction of the cattle commissioners, then the said commissioners shall thoroughly and effectively disinfect the stable where such animal has been kept or cause the same to be done by a competent agent in the employ of said commissioners, and the expense incurred on account of such disinfection shall be paid for out of the appropriation allowed for the use of the cattle commissioners.

Section 5. Whenever a person shall ship cattle subject to the tuberculin test, to the quarantine station at Brighton, Massachusetts, and any such cattle respond to such test and the inspector for the Cattle Bureau of Massachustts shall find, upon post mortem examination that such cattle were diseased with tuberculosis, and will so state in writing within twenty days from shipment from the state, to the Maine board of cattle commissioners, and shall also give in writing the description of such animal and the name of the owner or shipper, the place from which the same was shipped and the fair cash value at time condemned of such animal, not to exceed fifty dollars, and shall also comply with any other regulation that the Maine board of cattle commissioners may require; the shipper shall be entitled to receive a fair market valuation, not to exceed fifty dollars, for said animal; but in no case shall he be paid for any animal condemned under the provisions of this section until he has filed with the cattle commissioners a claim stating the name of the shipper, his post office address, place and date of shipment, price paid for said animal, name of person from whom said animal was purchased and such other information as the Maine board of cattle commissioners ay require, and such claim shall be accompanied in every instance with a sale ticket for such part of the animal as may be sold, and the amount received from such sale shall be deducted from the appraised value due the owner of the condemned animal.

Section 6. That for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act, the sum of fifty thousand dollars for 1909 and a like amount for 1910 or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.