MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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PUBLIC DOCUMENTS OF MAINE

1909

BEING THE



ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS

For the Year 1908.

VOLUME IV.

AUGUSTA
KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT
1909



State School for Boys, South Portland, Maine

FIFTY-FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Trustees, Superintendent,

Treasurer and Teachers

OF THE

State School for Boys

STATE OF MAINE

South Portland, December 1, 1908.

Published Agreeably to a Resolve Approved Feb. 25, 1871.

WATERVILLE SENTINEL PUBLISHING COMPANY 1909

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PRESENT BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

FRED ATWOOD of Winterport.

HIRAM W. RICKER of Poland.

CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON of Portland. Term expires Jan. 16, 1911

HENRY W. MAYO of Hampden.

MILTON L. MERRILL of St. Albans.

Term expires June 29, 1909

Term expires January 23, 1911

Term expires January 16, 1911

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

PRESIDENT.

FRED ATWOOD.

SECRETARY.

CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON.

TREASURER.

CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

FRED ATWOOD, MILTON L. MERRILL, HIRAM W. RICKER.

AUDITING COMMITTEE.

HENRY W. MAYO,

CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON.

VISITING COMMITTEE.

CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON,

HENRY W. MAYO.

Regular meetings of the Board are held on the third Tuesday of February, May, August and November

Regular meetings of the Executive Committee are held on the second Tuesday of each month.

RESIDENT OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

E. P. WENTWORTH, Superintendent.

Mrs. E. P. WENTWORTH, Matron.

J. HENRY DOW, Assistant Superintendent.

MELVILLE C. PERRY, Storekeeper.

ARTHUR MERRILL, Instructor Mechanical School.

FRED L. TIBBETTS, Farmer.

BERNARD F. TWITCHELL, Barn Officer.

J. HERBERT THOMPSON, Engineer.

WILLIAM H. RYFLES, Watchman.

Miss MILDRED A. STOCKFORD, Clerk.

Miss GRACE E. STAPLES, Stenographer.

Mrs. EDWARD P. WOODBURY, Overseer Kitchen.

Miss GRACE M. LIBBY, Assistant Overseer Kitchen.

Miss ALLIE J. LIBBY, Housekeeper.

Miss MARTHA J. TROTT, Overseer Laundry.

GEORGE W. STEVENS, Master Farrington Cottage.

Mrs. GEORGE W. STEVENS, Matron Farrington Cottage.

Miss SARA E. ESTLE, Teacher Farrington Cottage.

FRANK P. KNIGHT, Master Wentworth Cottage.

Mrs. FRANK P. KNIGHT, Matron Wentworth Cottage.

Miss MATILDA F. UTECHT, Teacher Wentworth Cottage.

E. B. PRATT, Master Albion Little Cottage.

Mrs. E. B. PRATT, Matron Albion Little Cottage.

Miss MARION PORTER, Teacher Albion Little Cottage.

WILLIAM H. KIBBE, Master Cottage Four.

Mrs. WILLIAM H. KIBBE, Matron Cottage Four.

Miss WINNIE B. ANDREWS, Teacher Cottage Four.

LIST OF SUPERINTENDENTS SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE SCHOOL.

Name.	RESIDENCE.	Fre	M.	To.	
William R. Lincoln	Portland	September	1, 1853	August	23, 1857
Seth Scammon	Saco	August	23, 1858	March	31, 1865
Joseph S. Berry*	Wayne	April	1, 1865	August	31, 1865
George B. Barrows	Fryeburg	September	1, 1865	April	30, 1867
Enoch W. Woodbury	Sweden	May	1, 1867	September	30, 1870
Eleazer W. Hutchinson	Bucksport	October	1, 1870	January	31, 1874
Eben Wentworth†	Portland	February	1, 1874	December	8, 1878
Charles Buffum	Orono	January	1, 1879	May	15, 1879
George W. Parker	Portland	Мау	15, 1879	April	14, 1880
Joseph R. Farrington†	Orono	April	14, 1880	May	30, 1897
Edwin P. Wentworth	Portland	June	7, 1897	Now in offi	ce.

^{*}Commissioned Superintendent ad interim by the Governor. †Died in office.



TRUSTEES' REPORT.

To His Excellency, the Governor and Executive Council of Maine:

The trustees for the State School for Boys respectfully submit the annual report of the School for the year ending November 30, 1908, together with the annual reports of the treasurer and superintendent.

The trustees have held the regular quarterly meetings; the executive committee has each month made an examination of the bills; the accounts of the superintendent have been audited; and the visiting committee has made monthly visits to the school.

The number of boys in the school is 153, and 48 boys are away from the school on leave or indentured.

During the year a piggery has been erected and needs only to be supplied with water to be ready for occupancy. The root cellar, which was partially erected, has been completed and an ice house erected. Plans were drawn for a new horse barn, but it was found that the cost of erection of a building such as was called for in the plans was considerably in excess of the appropriation. On this account the project had to be deferred. We believe that the horse barn should be erected and shall ask for an adequate appropriation for that purpose.

The School has been graded as far as practicable and the trustees believe that better results will be obtained than heretofore. As there are only four school rooms it is not possible to have but one grade in a room. New boys are added to the School at any and all times. Some of them do not know the alphabet; many are feeble minded and few have had an opportunity to receive any regular instruction, and almost without exception it is true that they have neglected the opportunities that they have had. All this makes it difficult to have a thoroughly graded school.

The instructor of the mechanical department and his boys have done some of the construction work about the school. They have built the ice house and made shelving for the library and other portions of the main building and put it in place.

The amount of work done by the boys about the school is by no means inconsiderable. They do a large percentage of the work about the farm (the grounds of the school contain more than 180 acres); they milk the cows; work in the dairy; care for the horses, the pigs and poultry; and assist in taking care of the buildings and in doing the cooking and laundry work of the institution. They have also assisted in grading the land about the root cellar and other portions of the grounds and they have taken care of the vegetable gardens in which most of the produce used by the school has been raised. In addition to this there is the tailoring department where the boys' suits are made and repaired, and also the shoe shop where all the shoes are repaired and the shoes used by the boys about the school are made. This practical work is along much the same lines as that sought to be accomplished in manual training departments and we believe its value is by no means to be ignored. At the same time we appreciate that there is a need for enlarging the facilities in manual training, and we hope to be able to do more along these lines. It must be borne in mind, however, that if the work in the manual training department is to be enlarged and new branches introduced, it will be necessary to hire considerable extra assistance in carrying on the farm and buildings.

It has become more and more apparent each year that some provision should be made for the care and protection of the boys' teeth. We have accordingly asked for an appropriation this year to provide for dental appliances and securing the services of a dentist at certain intervals.

Mr. Atwood, for many years a member of the board of trustees, and its president for the past six years, died on the sixth day of January, 1909. His name therefore will not be found appended to this report. His interest in the institution was very great, and maintained until the very last in spite of his feeble health.

HIRAM W. RICKER,
HENRY W. MAYO,
CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON,
MILTON L. MERRILL.

November 30, 1908.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

To the Trustees of the State School for Boys:

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit a report of the receipts and expenditures during the year ending November 30, 1909, also the financial standing of the State School for Boys at that date. The accounts of the superintendent and treasurer have been audited, and the vouchers forwarded to the governor and council, as required by law.

The following exhibits the receipts and disbursements from December 1, 1907, to November 30, 1908.

CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON,

Treasurer.

November 30, 1908.

CURRENT EXPENSE ACCOUNT.

Receipts from December 1, 1907, to November 30, 1908.

Balance on hand December 1, 1907	\$11 52
From State Treasurer, for current expenses	28,000 00
" " subsistence, etc	3,534 98
" Farm and stock	1,135 21
" All other sources	322 28
-	

\$33,003 99

CURRENT EXPENSE ACCOUNT.

Expenditures from December 1, 1907, to November 30, 1908.

Salaries and labor	\$11,632 30
Subsistence	6,021 24
Clothing, bedding, dry-goods and notions	2,008 38
House and laundry supplies, furniture, crockery, and hardware	1,076 92
Hospital, medical attendance, drugs and supplies	619 72
Fuel, lights and power	4,038 01
Farm and farm machinery, grounds, stock, feed, carriages	3,820 69
Mechanical School	118 57
School books and supplies	252 93
Office supplies	669 83
Postage	82 48
Telephoning and telegraphing	110 23
Excursions and amusements	216 50
Steam and plumbing supplies	120 71
Sebago Water	847 74
Returning boys	178 80
Travelling expenses	176 44
Miscellaneous	193 24
Balance, November 30, 1908	819 26
Ordinary Repairs. Appropriation, \$2,000.	\$33,003 99
Balance, Dec. 1, 1907	\$266 36
Received from State Treasurer	2,000 00
Disbursements\$2,151 83	
Balance, Nov. 30, 1908 114 53	
	\$2,266 36
Providing Homes and Visiting Boys Out on Proba	TION,
APPROPRIATION, \$250.	
Balance, Dec. 1, 1907	\$139 99
Received from State Treasurer	250 00
Disbursements	\$389 99
Insurance Premiums. Appropriation, \$100.	
Balance, Dec. 1, 1907	\$13 50
Received from State Treasurer	100 00
D. 1	
Disbursements	
Balance, Nov. 30, 1907 1 00	
	\$113 50

Construction of Piggery.	
Balance, Dec. 1, 1907	\$2,000 00 1,600 00
Disbursements	\$3,600 00
Construction of Vegetable Cellar.	
Balance, Dec. 1, 1907	\$1,693 78
	\$1,693 78
Construction of Ice House.	
Received from State Treasurer \$658 65 Disbursements \$658 65 Balance, Nov. 30, 1908 91 35	\$750 00
	\$750 00
Extraordinary Repairs.	
Balance on hand, Dec. 1, 1907	\$5,337 24 1,000 00
Received from State Treasurer	1,000 00
Disbursements \$5,769 69 Balance, Nov. 30, 1908 567 55	\$6.007.04
	\$6,337 24
Sanford Fund. Interest, \$42. Yearly.	
Received from State Treasurer	\$42 00
	\$42 00
	_
CLOTHING, SUBSISTENCE AND CONVEYANCE. APPROPRIATION, Received from State Treasurer	, \$4,000. \$3,994 6 7
Disbursements for Conveyance of Boys 459 69	\$3,994 67

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the Trustees of the State School for Boys:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to submit the fifty-fifth annual report, for the year ending November 30, 1908.

TABLE No. 1.

Shows the Number Received and Discharged, and the General State of the School for the Year Ending November 30, 1908.

Number of boys in school December 1, 1907. " committed the past year. " out on leave returned. " violated trust, returned.	-	133 65 17 6
Whole number in school during the year. " allowed to go on trial. " delivered to court. " violated trust.	1	221 68
Number of boys remaining December 1, 1908	-	153

Table No. 2.

Shows the Monthly Admissions and Departures, and the Whole Number

Each Month.

Months.	Admissions.	Departures.	Total.
December. January February March April May June July August September October November	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 4 \\ 10 \\ 8 \\ 11 \\ 6 \end{array}$	2 8 8 4 8 2 5 7 1 8 10 5	140 142 138 138 140 140 152 151 156 160
Total	88	68	

Table No. 3.

Shows by What Authority.

	Courts.	Past year.	Previously.	Total.
Supreme Indicial	Court	. 2	195	197
Superior Court	Court	. 3	36	39
Auburn Municipa		1 2	28	28
Augusta	Court,	1 _	81	8
Bangor	44	. 3	97	100
Bar Harbor	44] _	2	
Bath	44	2	109	11
Biddeford	"]] =	115	11:
Brunswick			31	3
Calais	44	. 5	49	5.
Caribou	"		2	-;
Deering	44		7	,
Dexter		. 1	3	4
Dover		. 1	3	
Eastport	44		2	
Ellsworth	44	. 1	3 3 2 8	9
Farmington	44	. 1	7	8
Gardiner	44	. –	10	10
Hallowell	44	. 1	20	2
Lewiston	44	. -	63	63
Livermore Falls		.	3	1
Newport	44	. 2	1	
Norway	14	. –	3	
Old Town		. 5	18	23
Pittsfield	44	. -	4	4
Portland	44	9	617	626
Rockland_	44		28	28
Rumford Falls	44		4	4
Saco	"	. 1	35	36
Sanford	"	. -	8	8
Skowhegan	**	· -	7	7
South Portland		. 1	1	2
Waterville			19	19
Westbrook	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	10	11
Western Hancock		2	8	.10
Bangor Police Cou	ırt. 	1 -	154	154
Belfast "		. 2	17	19
Elisworth		-	5	
Gardiner			63 16	63 16
Portland "		_	39	39
Rockland . " Trial Justices	******************	$\frac{1}{22}$	721	743
Trial Justices United States Cou		44	5	748
Onneu States Cou	10			
		65	2,654	2,719

TABLE No. 4.

Shows the Disposition of Those Discharged Since Opening of the School.

Disposals.	Past year.	Previously.	Total.
Discharged on expiration of sentence	_	223	223
Discharged by trustees		731	731
Indentured to barber	_	1	1
" blacksmith	-	1	1
" boarding mistress	_	1	1
" boiler maker		1	1
" cabinet makers	-	6	€
" carpenters	_	13	13
" cooper	-	1	1
" farmers	_	287	287
" harness makers	-	3	8
" laborers	-	9	9
" lumbermen		3	
" machinists	-	5	
" manufacturers		2	2
" mason		1]
" miller	-	1	1
" sea captains		5	! :
" shoemakers		14	14
" tailors		3	3
" tallow chandler	_	Ī	1
Allowed to leave on trial	62	1,069	1.131
Allowed to enlist	_	19	19
Illegally committed		19	19
Remanded	_	65	6.
Pardoned	_	15	l ĭŝ
Finally escaped	_	81	l ŝi
Violated trust	3	54	5
Died	_	49	49
Delivered to courts	1	24	2
Returned to masters.	*	4	

Table No. 5.

Shows Length of Time the Boys have been in the School, who Left the Past Year, and since November 30, 1877.

	TIME.	Past year.	Previously.	Total.					
In scho	In school three months or less. – 26 jour months – 10								
41	four months		10	10					
	five months	_	3	3					
**	six months		11	11					
"	seven months	_	7	7					
**	eight months		10	10					
**	nine months	_	5	5					
**	ten months	_	4	4					
"	eleven months	_	11	11					
	one year	_	11	11					
	" and one month	_	8	8					
	"two months	1	5	i 6					
	three months	-	10	10					
	Tour months	_	6	6					
	hve months	-	8	8					
.,	six months	1	ő	6					
	seven months	_	3	9					
	eight months		5	5					
	nine months		7	7					
44	ten months	_	8	8					
**	eleven months	_	14	14					
	two years	17	81	98					
44	and one month	7	70	7.7					
41	two months	5	69	74					
	" three months	1	45	! 4€					

Table No. 5—Concluded.

		Тіме.	Past year.	Previously.	Total.
n schoo	l two ve	ears four months.	_	62	
		five months	1	. 39	4
44	""	six months	4	43	4
4.4	**	seven months	2	36	;
	"	eight months	$\frac{\overline{2}}{1}$	33	
		nine months		34	
**	**	ten monthseleven months	1 1	23	
14	thre	e years	i	23	
44	01110	nd one month	$\hat{3}$	26	
44	"	two months		32	
4.6	4.6	three months	$\frac{2}{1}$	20	
**	**	four months	1	20	
44	4.6	five months	2	16	
**	11	six months		17	
**	**	seven months	2	15	
**	**	eight months		17	
	**	nine months	_	19	
44	"	ten months	_	10	
		eleven months	-	13	
	four ye	ars!	-	16	
	"	and one month	-	16	
"		two months	$\frac{1}{3}$	8	
**	**	three months	3	11 6	
	4.6	four months	_	9	
64	44	five monthssix months	_	9	
4.6	44	seven months	_	12	İ
4.4	41	eight months	3	16	
**	**	nine months	_	12	
	4.6	ten months		9	
"	**	eleven months	_	6	
41	five year		_	9	
41	•••	and one month	_	10	
**	14	two months	_	12	
"	14	three months	_	5 5 5 9 5 5	
**	**	four months	_	5	
	•••	five months	_	5	
		six months	-	9	
"	"	seven months	_	9	
**	44	eight months	_	4	
44	14	ten months		6	
**	**	eleven months	_	6	
4.6	siv vee		_	10	
"	six yea	and one month	1		
**	**	two months		2	i
**	**	three months	_	9	
41	44	four months	***	2	
44	"	five months	_	5 2 9 2 7 4	
**	"	six months	1		
		seven months	_	3	
		eight months	-	4	
"	11	nine months	_	3	
44	"	ten months		. 1	
"	gorron 1	eleven months	_	9	
4.6	Seven 3	and one month	_	ĩ	
44	**	two months	_	5	
**	**	three months	_	i š	
44	44	four months		$\frac{5}{2}$	
14	44	five months	_	$\tilde{3}$	
**	44	six months		2 2 1 5 3 2 3 4	
++	44	seven months	_	1 -	
**	**	eight months	_	. –	
44	"	nine months		$\frac{2}{2}$	
14	44	ten months		2	
41	44	eleven months	-	1	
		ears or more		18	

Table No. 6.

Shows Offenses for Which Committed.

Offen s es.	Past year.	Previously.	Total.
Larceny	28	1,655	1,683
Truancy	11	298	309
Common runaway	-	164	164
Vagrancy	3	112	115
Assault, and assault and battery	6	104	110
Felonious assault	_	1	1
Vagabondage	1	5	1
Forgery and uttering	_	1]]
Violation of postal laws		1	1
Cruelty to animals	1	5	6
Violation of city ordinance	_	2	12
Malicious mischief	8	94	102
Drunkenness	_	3	_3
Breaking and entering		67	70
Shop breaking	-	19	19
Idle and disorderly	2	18	20
Cheating by false pretences		17	17
	_	14	1 14
Arson	_	8	19
Sabbath breaking.	_	7	7
Manslaughter		4	4
Common drunkard		3] 3
Robbery		3	8
Attempt to steal.	1 -	5	}
Assault with intent to rob.		3	1 3
Disturbing the peace	_	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 2\end{array}$	1 5
Embezzlement	_	5	1 3
Assault with intent to kill	1	ĩ	6 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Riot	_	î	1 7
Threatening to burn		ī	1 1
Common night walker	_	1	1 :
Attempt to commit arson	_	1	1 1
Neglect of employment and calling	_	1	1
Sodomy	_	1	1
Secreting stolen goods		1] 1
Threatening lives	-	1]]
Placing obstructions on railroad track	-	1]]
Lascivious speech and behavior	-	2	2
Sale intoxicating liquor	1	1	1 2
Intoxication	-	4	1 4
Keeping liquor for unlawful sale	_	1	1 !
Receiving stolen property	_	1]
	0.5	0.054	0.716
	65	2,654	2.719

Table No. 7.

Shows the Alternative Sentence.

	ALTERNA	TIVE	Senter	NCES.		j	Past year.	Previously.	Total.
Juring m	inority in	State	Prisor			i	_	1	
Con your	in State	Priso	n			[3	
Six	" Diate	1,1130	ш				_	ľ	
ive	4.6							4	
our	4.6		• • • • •					3	
Chree	4.6	4.6					3	16	1
ruree Pwo	14						ъ	34	5
	1	41.	. : 6:	4. D.		j	-	3	
ne year	and six n	nontn	s in Sta	ite Pris	оп	[_		_ ا
Jne year	in State ars in cou	Prisoi	1,			: • • • •	_	77	1
hree yea	ars in cou	nty ja	n or ho	use of	correct	ion	_	17	
	a half yea	ars :					-	3	
'wo year)	1	46	,
	months i	n ·					_	3	
)ne year	in	4.0			"		_	35	:
Cleven m	onths in	41			**	,		2	
en.	**	41			* *		_	6	1
Vine.	**				11			5	
light	"		41		* *			$\bar{2}$	
ix	4.6	4.1	44		1.6		1	98] •
ive	44	6.0	44		4.6			$\frac{1}{2}$	
our	44	4			**			8	
Vinety da	arra in				4.1		3	218	2
	ays m				**		6	338	3
ixty					4.4	• •	U	300	3.
ifty	**				**		_	4	1
orty	44				44	}	_	1 440	1 4
hirty					44		35	1,442	1,4
	ine days	ın ;			44		_	4	!
wenty-f	ive "						-	5	!
wenty					**		1	45	
ifteen						[1	23	
en.	**				14		2	37	
ive	**				**			1	1
'wo dava	or less in	n "			44	!	1	16	
	ative						11	98	10
	costs							43	1
								7	
	ance							3	
tecogniz	ance								
							65	2.654	2.7

TABLE No. 8.

Shows the Admissions from Each County, and Last Residence.

Counties.	Towns.	Past Year.	Previously.	Total.
	Auburn	_	22	2
	Danville	-	1	-
	Durham	_	1	
	East Livermore	- - - - - 1	2 4	
	Leeds	_	1	1
	Lewiston	***	104	10
Androscoggin	{ Lisbon	1	7	-`
	Livermore	-	3	1
	Livermore Falls	_	1	
	Minot		1 1	1
	Poland			
	Webster	-	8 3	
	Blaine		1	
	Bridgewater	_	1 8	
	Easton	1	<u> </u>	
	Fort Fairfield.		2	
	Houlton	6	4	
	Island Falls	-	1	
roostook	Limestone Linneus		1	ĺ
kIOOSOOOK	Littleton		1	
	Mars Hill.	_	i	
	Perham Plantation		î	
	Presque IsleSheridan Plantation	-	7	
	Sheridan Plantation	-	1	
	ShermanSmyrna	_	1	
	Weston	-	i	
	[Baldwin	-	$\hat{3}$	
	Bridgton	_	_8	
	Brunswick	- - - - - - 1	$\frac{29}{21}$	5
	Cumberland	1	5	1
	Deering	_	8	
	Falmouth	_	1	
	Freeport	-	$\frac{2}{2}$	
	Gorham Gray		2 9 2 2 2 2 1	
	Harpswell		$\frac{2}{2}$	
	Naples	-	$ar{2}$	
dumberland	New Gloucester	-	2	
	Otisfield	11	635	6
	Pownal	-	1	04
	Raymond	_	î	
	Searborough		5	
	Sebago		1	
	South Portland	1	$\frac{-}{2}$	
	Westbrook.	1	$2\overset{2}{1}$	
	Windham		3	5
	Yarmouth		4	
	Eustis	-	1	
	Farmington	1	6 1	
	Jay	_	2	
	Kingfield	_	$\frac{2}{3}$	
	Madrid New Vineyard	_	ī	
	New Vineyard	-	1	
ranklin	{ Phillips		3 2 2 3	i
	Rangeley Plantation	_	9	
	Rangeley Plantation	_	<u> </u>	
	Temple		i	
	Weld	_	1	1

Table No. 8—Continued.

Counties.	Towns.	Past Year.	Previously.	Total.
. (Bluehill	1	1	
	BucksportCastine	1	8	
}	Dedham	_	2	
	Deer Isle	_	- 6	
	Eden	***	3	
İ	EllsworthFranklin	_	10	1
	Gouldsborough	_	1	
Hancock	HancockLong Island Plantation	ī	$\frac{\hat{2}}{1}$	
	Long Island Plantation	_	1	
	Mt. DesertOrland	_	5 2 1 1 2 8	Ì
i	Penobscot	_	l ī	
ļ.	Sedgwick	-	1	
}	Stonington	-	2	
	Tremont	_	î	
ĺ	Albion	_	1	ĺ
j	Augusta		75	7
	Belgrade	_	$\frac{2}{4}$	
į	BentonChelsea	_	2 4 7 1	
	China	1	1	5522
	Clinton	_	2	i
1	FarmingdaleGardiner	_	1 53	_
	Hallowell	1	21	9
	Litchfield	_	5	-
]	Manchester	1	3	
Kennebec	Monmouth	-	1	
i connected :	Oakland	_	5	
[Pittston	-	8	
	ReadfieldRome.	- - - - - 1	5351586534	
	Sidney	_	3	
j	Vassalborough	1	4	
	Vienna	_	4 34	١.
i	Waterville	_		
,	West Gardiner	1	3 2 3 1 7 7 3	
	West Waterville		3	
	WindsorWinslow	_	7	l
1	Winthrop		7	1
1	Appleton	_		_
	CamdenCushing.		14	,
	Friendship	_	$\frac{2}{1}$	
	Hope	-		
	Muscle Ridge Island	1	68	ء ا
Knox	Rockland	_		,
	RockportSouth Thomaston	-	1 8 6	
}	St. George	-	6	
	ThomastonUnion	1	9	1
	Vinalhaven	_	$\frac{1}{7}$	
ĺ	Warren	-	4	İ
ļ	Washington	-	1 1	١,
	Boothbay Harbor	_	$\frac{12}{2}$	\ '
i	Bristol	1	6	
	Dresden,		1	1
	Edgecomb		1	
Lincoln	Jefferson	- 1	2 7 5 2 8 8 8]
L	Nobleborough	1	5	1
Ì	Southport	=	2	
	Waldoborough	_	8	1
	Whitefield			

TABLE No. 8—Continued.

Counties.	Towns.	Past year.	Previously.	Total.
	Albany	_	1	
	Bethel	-	3	[
	Brownfield	_	3	ŀ
	Dixfield	2	i	
j	Greenwood	=	1	
	Hiram		8 2	
Oxford	Mexico	_	1 1	
ZAIOIU	Norway.	_	5	
	Oxford	_	5 1	ļ
	Paris	_	$\frac{2}{2}$	
	RumfordStoneham	_	l i	
	Sweden	_	1	
	Waterford		1	ļ
	Alton	${f 3}$	$\frac{2}{246}$	24
	BangorBradley	- -	240	29
	Brewer		11] 1
	Burlington	_	1	
	Carmel		1 1	
	Charleston	_	1	
	Corinna	2	ī	
	Corinth	- 1	2]
	Dexter	1	9	
	Dixmont		1	
	Enfield		1	
	Exeter	-	3	
enobscot	Garland	_	$\frac{1}{4}$	
	Glenburn		3	
	Holden		1	
	Hudson	_	5 5 3 1	
	LevantLincoln	_	3	
	Lowell	-	ĭ]
	Medway	-	1	
	Milford	-	1 3 1	
	Newburg	-	3	
	Oldtown	5	24	
	Orono	_	8	
	Orrington	_	1 9	1
	Springfield	-	$\frac{2}{2}$	
	Veazie	_	6	i
	Brownville	_	$\frac{1}{2}$	
	Dover	_	1 1	ł
	Greenville	_	1	
	Guilford		$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\ 3\\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	
	Monson	***	3	
iscataquis	Orneville	_	4	ĺ
	Sangerville Sebec	-	î	
	Township No. 6.	1	-	ļ
	Wellington	-	1	
	Williamsburg	· <u>-</u>	1 3	1
	Bath	$\frac{-}{2}$	102	10
	Bowdoin	-	2	
	Bowdoinham	-	1	
agadahoc	Phippsburg	_	1 12	}
	Richmond	_	3 1	}
	Woolwich		l ĭ	1

Table No. 8—Continued.

Counties.	Towns.	Past Year.	Previously.	Total.
	Anson	_	11	
	Athens	_	1	
	Bloomfield	_	4	
}	Cambridge	_	1 1	
ì	Concord	Ξ	1 1	
ľ	Embden	_	4	
ĺ	Fairfield		14]
ļ	Harmony	· -	3	
omerset,	Hartland	-	3	
omersec,	Jackman	1_	1	
1	Mercer	_	i	
Ì	Moose River Plantation		i	
	Norridgewock	_	3	
	New Portland	_	1	
	Pittsfield	_	9	
	Ripley	-	1	
	Skowhegan	_	28	
	SmithfieldSt. Albans	_	2	
ì	Belfast	$\frac{-}{2}$	16	
ľ	Belmont	=	10	
ļ	Frankfort		10	
ĺ	Jackson	_	1	
ļ	Liberty	_	3	
ì	Lincolnville	~-	4	
Valdo	Monroe		5	
valuo	MontvilleNorthport	-	5 3 1	
1	Palermo	_	1	
	Searsmont	-	4 5	
]	Searsport	_	5	
	Unity	_	1	
ļ	Waldo	_	1 1	
}	Winterport	_	1 1	
ì	Addison		5 1	
	Baileyville		1 1	
	Calais	5	60	
ļ	Cherryfield	_	6	
}	Columbia	-	1	
	Cutler	-	2	
ļ	Danforth	-	1 4	
i	Eastport	1	29	
j	Edmonds	_	3	
j	Jonesborough		1	
	Jonesport	-	2	
7 ashington $\{$	Lubce	_	3	
	Machias	_	19	
	Machiasport	_	3 1	
	Marshfield	_	1	
ļ	Milbridge		7	
ļ	No. 10 Plantation	_	i	
	Pembroke	-	7	
ļ	Princeton		1 1	
Ì	Robbinston	_	1 1	
ì	Steuben	_	3	
	Wesley	_	$\frac{2}{2}$	î .

TABLE No. 8—Concluded.

Counties.	Towns.	Past Year.	Previously.	Total.
-	Acton.	1	3	4
	Alfred	-	1]
	Berwick	1	104	104
	BiddefordBuxton		134	134
	Cornish	_	1	4
	Dayton	_	1	1
	Eliot	_	1 1	ĺį
	Kennebunk	2	5	1 7
	Kennebunkport	<u>~</u>	ğ	ģ
	Kittery		4	4
York	Lebanon		1	1
	Limington	-	1	1
1	Lyman	_	2	2
	North Berwick	-	3	3
	Parsonsfield	-	1	1
	Saco	1	70	71
	Sanford		15	15
	South Berwick	-	1 7	1
	Waterborough	-	1	
	Wells York		4	4
-	TOPK	1		
		65	2,635	2,700
	New Hampshire	_	1	1
	Massachusetts	_	8	8
	Rhode Island	-	1 2	2
m 11	New York	_	1	ļ
Residence out of the State.	Michigan		1	1
or the State.	Minnesota New Brunswick	_	1 2	3
	Nova Scotia	_	3 2	
		65	2,654	2,719

Table No. 9.

Showing the Nativity of All Committed.

NATIVITY.	Past Year.	Previously.	Total.
Sorn in Australia.		1	
Austria Hungary	_	i	
Bermuda		Î	
Canada	4	$6\overline{5}$	
Cuba	_	i	
Chili	_	i î l	
England	_	13	
France	_	ī	
Germany	~	1	
Ireland	_	60	(
Italy	1	-	
Jamaica	-	2	
New Brunswick	7	80	1
Newfoundland	1	-	
Norway		1	
Nova Scotia	_	41	
Prince Edward's Island	_	9	
Russia	_	1 1	
Scotland	-	4	
Sweden	1	- 1	
West Indies	-	1 1	
on the Atlantic		1	
Foreigners	14	285	29
Born in Maine	42	2,065	2,1
New Hampshire	1	48	
Vermont	-	7	
Massachusetts	5	128	1.
Rhode Island	-	4	
Connecticut		7	
Illinois	_	1	
New York	_	30	
Pennsylvania	-	6	
New Jersey	_	2	
Maryland	_	3	
Virginia		4	
North Carolina		2	
South Carolina	_	3	
Washington, D. C.		1	
Georgetown, D. C	_	1 1	
Florida		1 1	
KentuckyMichigan	_	1	
Wisconsin	_	3	
Iowa		i	
Missouri	_	1	
North Dakota	_	i	
South Dakota	_	1 1	
Texas.	_	ii	
California	_	$\frac{1}{2}$	
Washington		l ĩ l	
Vativity not known	3	43	

Table No. 10.

Shows the Ages of All when Committed.

		Ages.	1	Past Year.	Previously.	Total.
Seven years	of ag	ə			_5	
Eight	6.6			2	70	7:
Nine	44			3	101	10
Ten				7	223	23
Eleven				9	283	29
Γ welve	4 4			11	402	41
Thirteen	6.6			- 5	464	46
Fourteen	6.6			16	495	51
Fifteen	4.4			12	494	50
				12		
Sixteen				_	92	9
Seventeen				-	19	1
Eighteen				-	4	ł
Nineteen					2	
				65	2,654	2,71

Table No. 11.

Shows Some Facts Connected with the Moral Condition of the Boys when Received.

Remarks.	Past Year.	Previously.	Total.
Whole number received	65	2,654	2,71
Have intemperate parents	28	894	92
Lost father	20	822	84
Lost mother	16	666	68
Relatives in prison	18	346	36
Step parents	13	496	50
Idle	45	1.685	1,73
Much neglected	54	938	99
Truants	47	1.169	1.21
Sabbath breakers	48	1,019	1,06
Untruthful	58	2,086	2,14
Profane	57	1.937	1.99

TABLE No. 12.

Products of Farm, Garden and Stock.

Apples, 170 bushels, at .50 a bushel.	\$ 85.00
Asparagus, 60 pounds, at .12 a pound.	7.20
Beans, dry, 71 bushels, at 2.40 a bushel.	170.40
Beans, string and shell, 103 bushels, at \$1 a bushel.	
Deans, string and sneil, 105 busness, at \$1 a busnes	103.00
Beets, for table, 84 bushels, at .50 a bushel.	42.00
Blackberries, 270 quarts, at .10 a quart	27.00
Butter, 2,990 pounds, at .25 a pound	747.50
Cabbage, 1 ton, at \$15 a ton	15.00
Carrots, 57 bushels, at .50 a bushel.	28.50
Celery, 1,275 bunches, at .10 a bunch	127.50
Corn fodder, 10 tons, at \$3 a ton	30.00
Corn, pop, 30 bushels, at \$2 a bushel	60.00
Corn, sweet, for table, 1,216 dozen, at .10 a dozen	121.60
Cucumbers, 35 bushels, at \$1 a bushel	35.00
Currants, 200 quarts, at .10 a quart	20.00
Eggs, 296½ dozen, at .25 a dozen.	74.13
Ensilage, 100 tons, at \$4 a ton.	400.00
Gooseberries, 45 quarts, at .10 a quart	4.50
Hay, English, 143 tons, at \$15 a ton.	2,145.00
Lettuce, 1,825 heads, at .02 each	36.50
Live stock sold	178.00
Manure, 200 cords at \$1.50 a cord	300.00
Milk, 15,790 gallons, at .18 a gallon.	2.842.20
Oats, 202 bushels, at .55 a bushel.	111.10
Oats, for fodder, 4 tons, at \$3 a ton.	12.00
Oat straw, 8 tons, at \$10 a ton	80.00
Onions, 79 bushels, at .70 a bushel.	55.30
Parsnips, 13 bushels, at .50 a bushel	6.50
Pears, 32 bushels, at \$1 a bushel.	32.00
Peas, dry. 1½ bushels, at \$1.25 a bushel.	1.78
Peas, green, 48 bushels, at \$1.25 a bushel.	60.00
Potatoes, 594 bushels, at .50 a bushel.	297.00
Poultry, 200 pounds, at .16 a pound	32.00
Pork. 1.742 pounds, at .07 a pound.	121.94
Pumpkin, 1¼ tons, at \$10 a ton.	12.50
Radishes, 640 bunches, at .02 a bunch.	12.80
Rhubarb, 650 pounds, at .01 a pound.	6.50
Strawberries, 565 quarts, at .10 a quart	56.50
Strawberries, 509 quarts, at 10 a quart.	15.00
Squash, 1½ tons at \$10 a ton.	73.00
Tomatoes, 73 bushels, at \$1 a bushel	29.10
Turnips, for table, 10 bushels, at .50 a bushel.	5.00
Veal, 428 pounds, at .10 a pound	42.80
Watermelon, 980 pounds, at .10 a pound	98.00
watermeion, 900 pounds, at .10 a pound	<i>9</i> 0.00
,	

TABLE No. 13.

Live Stock on Hand.

5 Heavy team horse

³ Driving horses.

1 Guernsey bull.

7 Breeding sows.

1 Berkshire boar.

1 Calf.

5 Hogs.

47 Shoats.

30 Plymouth Rock cockrels.

66 Plymouth Rock pullets.

1 Plymouth Rock cock.

53 Plymouth Rock hens.

²⁹ Milch cows.

¹⁴ Heifers.

The foundation wall of stone which was all that remained of the old barn that recently occupied the center of our school grounds has been removed. Some of the stone was used for the foundation of our new piggery, and the rest was hauled to the site of the proposed horse barn. The barn cellar was filled, and the grounds in the vicinity have been graded. Some additional grading will need to be done next year and the lawn seeded to grass. The removal of the unsightly stone and the grading of the grounds has enlarged the cottage playgrounds and greatly improved the appearance of the premises.

The south end of the stone wall which once surrounded the boys' playground at the rear of the administration building has been removed. The rest of the wall could not be removed, as it was needed for a retaining wall for the earth back of it. The wooden fence surmounting the stone wall where it runs alongside the road was reduced to about three feet in height and the wooden fence at the north end of the old play yard has been replaced by a neat iron railing. The boys were delighted with the task of removing this old-time barrier which stood between them and liberty, and the enthusiasm with which they broke down the stone wall was participated in by the superintendent and officers of the school.

The improvements at the administration building have continued, as planned. The wooden dry-room in the laundry was torn out and a modern iron dry-room installed, greatly to the advantage of the institution so far as fire risk is concerned. The unfinished room in the south wing has been lathed and plastered, a hard wood floor laid, and birch window and door finish put on. Electric wires have been installed, but the fixtures have not yet been put in place. Five two and a half inch fire pipes have been installed, two of these pipes going from the basement to the first floor, the other three from the basement to the top floor of the building. On each floor these fire pipes have suitable valves and hose connections, and an ample supply of 2-inch linen hose. The various rooms in the building have been supplied with new furniture and fixtures so far as was deemed necessary.

Our new library room has been furnished with neat shelving, made at the mechanical school, and the work of arranging the books on the shelves, and cataloging them is in progress. We

expect this library will be a source of great pleasure and profit to the boys. I believe that five hundred dollars judiciously expended for good books for this library would be a profitable investment for the State.

Among the minor repairs and improvements at the administration building might be mentioned the iron shelving and safe recently installed in the fire-proof vault; the furnishing of the drug-room and clothing-room with shelving; the furnishing of the office with suitable furniture and conveniences for the transaction of business, etc. In the making of the ordinary repairs great assistance has been rendered by the instructor and boys of the mechanical school. The new ice house was built by the instructor of the mechanical school and his boys, with the assistance of some of the officers of the school.

The plastering in Farrington and Wentworth cottages has been in bad condition for a long time, and it could be repaired properly only by the outlay of much time and money. This year we have been enabled to make thorough repairs of the plastering in every room of the two buildings. Wherever necessary the old plastering was replaced with new, cracks have been filled, and weak places made strong. The walls and ceilings in all the cottages need painting or covering with muresco or similar preparation.

The last legislature authorized the construction of a piggery, ice house and horse barn, and made appropriations therefor. The piggery and ice house have been constructed. The former is located about 85 feet east of the cow barn, and is a building 85 feet long, 30 feet wide, and 8 feet post, constructed of wood, and containing 12 pens for swine. There is a chimney in the piggery, with a set kettle and fire-box for use in butchering, cooking food for the swine, etc., and a sink and water closet.

The ice house was built east of No. 4 cottage, and is 35 feet long, 25 feet wide, 12 feet post, with capacity for more than 200 tons of ice.

The ice house and piggery were built well inside of the appropriations made therefor, but the appropriation of \$3,700 was found insufficient for the construction of such a horse barn as was deemed necessary. The trustees, therefore, decided to go no further with the work at present, and to use only so much of the appropriation as might be necessary to pay for the plans

and the expense of advertising for bids. As we need this horse barn very much, I hope the next legislature will give the school an appropriation sufficient to build one suited to our requirements.

Nearly all our buildings need exterior painting, and some of them need interior painting. The sewer from Cottages 3 and 4 which empties into Long Creek should be extended further from shore, so that the adjacent flats will not be covered with sewage to pollute the air.

Our farming operations were not as productive as usual this year. The dry weather reduced the hay crop one-third, and other crops to about the same extent. Our cattle have all been inspected, and tested with tuberculin, by our veterinary, Dr. Lord, and it is gratifying to have his report that the entire herd is free from tuberculosis. No case of bovine tuberculosis has been detected in our herd for more than ten years.

The general health of the boys has been excellent, though Albion Little Cottage had another visitation of diphtheria last spring. Fortunately, only two persons contracted the disease, the teacher in the cottage, and one boy. So far as practicable, the cottage was quarantined and all the boys treated with antitoxin. Both patients made good recoveries and no other cases occurred. As several months have passed by without any recurrence of the disease, it may be presumed that the disinfection of the cottage was complete and efficient; and we believe the disease was effectually stamped out.

While we have been fortunate in having had no serious cases of illness, aside from the two cases mentioned, we have nevertheless treated many minor cases of medicine and surgery. Fourteen boys have been taken to the Eye and Ear Infirmary for examination and treatment, and four boys have undergone surgical operations at the Maine General Hospital in Portland. Besides these cases our school physician, Dr. Tobie, has performed twenty-six minor surgical operations at the school, and has treated boys medically for diseases incurred before commitment.

We have found by experience that many boys committed to this school are defective in sight or hearing, afflicted with nasal obstruction, adenoids, bad teeth, enlarged tonsils, enlarged glands, varicocele, phimosis, or other minor trouble. When boys are committed to the school careful physical examination is made and such treatment given as may be found necessary.

I wish to renew my thanks to the Eye and Ear Infirmary and the Maine General Hospital for the gratuitous services they have rendered to the boys of this school, and to assure their managers and surgeons of my appreciation of their kindness and the value of their services.

Early in September the entire school went to Little Chebeague Island for their annual outing. The boys and officers rode to Portland in barges, and at the wharf were transferred to one of the commodious boats of the Casco Bay and Harpswell line, and taken to this beautiful island, where they spent the day in playing baseball, football, and other games, bathing in the ocean, strolling over the rocks and beaches, gathering seaweeds, shells, and other curios, etc. At noon a fine fish chowder was served in the clam-bake house on the island. The boys returned to the school at night thoroughly tired out, but happy.

Among other privileges enjoyed by the school has been that of attending the Maine Music Festival each year. This year all the boys attended the festival on the afternoon of October 14th, and they greatly enjoyed this musical treat. Through the courtesy of Major John M. Gould, the treasurer of the association, and of Conductor W. H. Chapman and Mrs. Chapman, the boys and officers were given gratuitous admission.

The religious services on the Sabbath have been maintained as heretofore. The Sunday school lessons are taught at the cottages by the teachers, and the Sunday school review in the chapel is conducted by the superintendent, usually in the forenoon. The afternoon service is conducted by friends of the school, laymen or clergymen of different denominations. At these services the boys see and hear prominent men and women, and the words of counsel and wisdom to which the boys listen are often treasured in their minds and are seeds from which good fruit may grow. The names of these friends who have conducted services at the school during the year will be found on another page of this report; and I wish to acknowledge my obligations to them and in behalf of the boys to thank them for their self-sacrificing labors.

Rev. Edward F. Hurley, pastor of St. Dominic's church in Portland has ministered faithfully to the needs of the Catholic

boys, celebrating mass at the school on one Sunday in each month, instructing them in the catechism, and once a year hearing their confession. In many ways, Father Hurley has shown his deep interest in the boys and his earnest desire to promote their welfare. I am under personal obligations to him for many acts of courtesy.

The first law for the government of the State Reform School enacted in 1853 provided that the whole expense of boys in the institution should be defrayed by the State. This law prevailed until the winter of 1858 when in accordance with the recommendations of the legislative committee appointed to visit the institution an amendment was passed requiring cities and towns to bear a portion of the expense of pupils in this school when committed for certain offenses specified in the law. This change soon reduced the number of boys in the school, but at the same time limited the usefulness of the institution. amended law operated to shut out the most hopeful subjects of reform. Boys who ought to have been sent to the institution were allowed to run at large, amid temptation and vice until guilty of daring and serious crimes, and then sent to jail or State prison as confirmed criminals, or if sent to the school, they were received too late for redemption.

The legislature of 1907 by an amendment to the statute has placed the expense of these boys back upon the State, where, in my opinion, it properly belongs. Inasmuch as no reason now exists for discriminating between the boys committed to the school under section 2 of chapter 143 of the Revised Statutes, and those committed under section 3 of the same chapter, I respectfully recommend the repeal of section 3 of chapter 143 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by chapter 120 of the Public Laws of 1907.

Under the existing laws all commitments to the school must be by criminal process. While in many cases this may, perhaps, be proper, there are many cases where I believe a civil process would be preferable. There are many boys throughout the State who are growing up in vicious ways, disturbing the peace of the community, endangering society, and rapidly developing criminal traits of character, who should be sent to the State School. It seems unnecessarily harsh to arrest them by the police, drag them before a court of criminal jurisdiction to answer to a criminal charge, and after a trial conducted in accordance with the forms of criminal law to order their commitment by criminal process to the State School, when the same end might be secured as expeditiously and more simply by civil procedure. In many of these cases I believe it would be better to commit the lad simply as a "juvenile delinquent," needing educational training, rather than as a criminal convicted of specific violation of law. Such a method of commitment would tend to preserve the self-respect of the boy and his family, to give him at the very outset a more favorable impression of the school and its methods, aims and purposes, and to place him in a state of mind most favorable for his moral improvement. Furthermore, I believe the parents and friends of the boys so committed would appreciate this kindly consideration of their feelings and would cooperate more cordially with the authorities of the school.

Before closing this report, I wish to express my obligation to the officers of the school who have cheerfully and faithfully carried out my wishes and suggestions, and who have conscientiously sought to promote the welfare of the boys. Whatever degree of success is achieved in an institution like this is due chiefly to the employees, the men and women who coming in close contact with the boys day by day, by their own strong personal and Christian character, inspire them with hope, courage and high resolve. In this work of moulding human character, good buildings and equipments, necessary as they are, cannot take the place of high moral character and self-sacrificing devotion of men and women; they may furnish means through which mind may act upon mind, but they do not furnish the impelling moral power, by which hearts may be made over new. In this kind of work it is the delicate "personal touch" of a warm and loving heart that accomplishes beneficent results where all other means fail.

It gives me pleasure to again express my deep obligation to the members of the board of trustees for the courtesy and kindly consideration they have invariably shown me, and for their cordial support and cooperation in carrying on the work of the school.

Respectfully submitted,

E. P. WENTWORTH, Superintendent.

November 30, 1908.

TEACHERS' REPORT.

To the Trustees of the State School for Boys:	Tr.
GENTLEMEN: The following is the report of the scho	ols of
this institution for the year ending November 30, 1908:	
The number of boys under instruction at the commence-	
ment of the year was	133
Number of boys returned during the year	23
Number of boys committed during the year	-3 65
Whole number under instruction	221
There have been discharged during the year	68
Present number under instruction	153
The scholarship of the boys received during the year is s	
by the following tables:	,,,,,
READING.	
Who could not read	10
Who could read in first reader	9
second reader	9
third reader	9
iourth reader	19
" " fifth reader	9
-	6-
ARITH METIC.	65
·	
Who knew nothing of arithmetic	4
Who could write numbers and count to ten	8
add	11
subtract	5
multiply	14
divide	ΙΙ
" had ciphered in fractions	12



Farrington Cottage, built 1891-92



TEACHERS' REPORT.	33
WRITING.	
Who could not write	15
" write very little	17
" " letters	33
_	65
The boys in school are classified as follows:	
READING.	
Who read in the fifth reader	35
" fourth reader	35
" third reader	28
" second reader	30
" " first reader	25
-	153
ARITH METIC.	
Who cipher in interest or beyond	12
" common fractions	40
" " division	29
" " multiplication	36
" subtraction	30
" " addition	6
	153
GEOGRAPHY.	
Who study Tarbell's Complete Geography	37
" "Introductory "	80
_	117
HISTORY.	
Who study Eggleston's History of the United States	35
" First Book in American History	63
-	~~

WRITING.

Who can write letters	133 11 9
	153
PHYSIOLOGY.	
Who study physiology	87
GRAMMAR.	
Who study Hyde's Course in English, Book 2	20
" " Book 1	96
-	
	110

During ten months of the past year the four schools have been in session each week day except Saturday, which is an half holiday, devoted to military drill, baseball, etc. Two of the schools, Nos. I and 2, are in session during the forenoon, from 7.20 to II.30, with a recess at 9 o'clock. Schools No. 3 and 4 are in session during the afternoon, from I to 5.30, with a recess at 3 o'clock. From October I to April I, there is an additional three-quarters of an hour of school in the evening. Vocal music is taught daily, and is much enjoyed by the boys, and is a great help to them. Sunday-school is conducted each Sunday by the teachers in the schoolrooms, and later all the boys gather in the chapel for a Sunday-school review and a talk by the superintendent. All State and National holidays are observed by appropriate exercises.

SARA E. ESTLE, MATILDA F. UTECHT, MARION PORTER, WINNIE B. ANDREWS.

November 30, 1908.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Our Sunday services are conducted by clergymen and laymen from Portland and vicinity. We are greatly indebted to our Christian friends for their unselfish labors in behalf of our boys, and we believe that the good seed they have here sown will in due time bring forth good fruit. The following is a list of our Sunday speakers during the year:

Major John M. Gould, Mr. Albert H. Small, Rev. Edward F. Hurley, Mr. O. W. Fullam, Rev. A. S. Bisbee, Mr. H. H. Crandall, Rev. A. H. Wright, Rev. A. G. Pettingill, Rev. Wilmot P. Lord, Mr. F. F. Symons, Rev. Henry W. Hulbert, D. D., Mr. Charles F. Flagg, Mrs. David E. Dunham and Adjutant Schultz of the Salvation Army, Rev. Frank Willcock, Rev. F. A. Robinson, Rev. Charles H. Emmons, Mrs. Gertrude Stevens Leavitt, Prof. Arthur C. Yeaton, Rev. Charles M. Woodman, Mr. L. M. Douglas, Mr. George H. Babb, Mr. Frederic Brunel, Frederick W. Hinckley, Esq., Rev. William G. Mann, Rev. Raymond Calkins, D. D., Miss Elizabeth P. Gordon, Mr. Ozman Adams, Ensign John Parkins, Mr. Edgar Sallew, Mr. Henry B. Smith, Mr. George H. Lord, Rev. John Carroll Perkins, D. D., Rev. R. H. Schuett, Mr. Lewis W. Bradstreet, Mr. I. M. Soule, Mr. Charles L. Foster, Mr. Ernest L. Jones, Mrs. Bertha F. Anthoine, George H. Allan, Esq.

DONATIONS.

Four fine framed pictures, 25 Santa Claus post cards, 5 rustic pictures, 12 boxes of paper, 80 pads of paper from Mrs. Clark H. Barker; 5 post card albums, 5 souvenir letter pads, 4 scrap albums, 2 books of conundrums, 24 illustrated booklets, I passepartout picture, II mounted Perry pictures, 2 games of table tennis from Mr. Lyman Nelson, 252 Spring St.; Christmas candy from Major John M. Gould; 27 pictures from Thompson

Art Co.; candy from Mrs. George Z. Higgins; 150 oranges from Frank W. Stockman of W. L. Wilson Co.; book marks from George Murphy and Miss Agnes Hamilton; 4 Christmas trees from Mr. Thomas Phinney; entertainment given by Mrs. Clark H. Barker and friends, consisting of readings, solos, duets, etc.; stereopticon lecture by Rev. A. S. Bisbee; 3 ornamental trees from Ralph Leighton; 175 tickets to Maine Music Festival through kindness of Major Gould and Prof. and Mrs. Chapman; 1 book, "Thirty Years in Washington," from Mrs. Clark H. Barker; 1 book, "Lincoln, the Master of Men," from Rev. E. F. Hurley; a year's subscription to "Sabbath Reading," from Lawrence Grey Evans, Frostburg, Maryland.

The following papers have been regularly sent to the institution, free of charge:

Daily Eastern Argus, Portland; Zion's Advocate, Portland; Maine State Press, Portland; Bethel Flag, Portland; Coast Watch, Portland; Board of Trade Journal, Portland; Industrial Journal, Bangor, Maine; Eastport Sentinel, Eastport, Maine: Rockland Opinion, Rockland, Maine: Pittsfield Advertiser, Pittsfield, Maine; Oxford Democrat, South Paris, Maine; Kennebec Weekly Journal, Augusta, Maine; Calais Advertiser, Calais, Maine; Somerset Reporter, Skowhegan, Maine; Damariscotta Herald, Damariscotta, Maine; Farmington Chronicle, Farmington, Maine; Maine Farmer, Augusta, Maine; Carleton's State of Maine Sportsman's Journal, Augusta, Maine; The Indiana Boys' Advocate, Plainfield, Indiana; Boys' Industrial School Journal, Lancaster, Ohio; The Dawn, Meriden, Connecticut; Glen Mills Daily, Glen Mills, Pennsylvania; Howard Times, Howard, Rhode Island; Industrial Enterprise, Lansing, Michigan; Industrial School Gem, Louisville, Kentucky; Industrial School Magazine, Golden, Colorado; Lyman School Enterprise, Westboro, Massachusetts; Our Boys' Magazine, Boonville, Missouri; Our Companion, Cincinnati, Ohio; The Pioneer, Pontiac, Illinois; The Riverside, Red Wing, Minnesota; The Onward, Verona, New Jersey; Boys' Chronicle. Topeka, Kansas; Industrial School Echo, Eldora, Iowa; Berkshire Industrial Farm Record, Canaan Four Corners, New York: The West Virginia Reform School News, Grafton, West Virginia; Industrial School Advance, Ogden, Utah; Preston School Outlook, Waterman, California.

APPENDIX.

- A. Revised Statutes, relating to the State School for Boys.
- B. Special Information.



Revised Statutes of Maine 1903.

CHAPTER 143.

As amended by the Public Laws of 1907, Chapter 120.

THE STATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

The government of the state school for Government boys, established for the instruction, employment school for boys is vested and reform of juvenile offenders, in the city of South in a board of Portland, in the county of Cumberland, is vested in 1903, c. 22, § 1903, c. 144. a board of five trustees appointed by the governor, 72 Me., 556 with the advice and consent of the council, and commissioned to hold their offices during the pleasure of the governor and council, but not longer than four years under one appointment. They shall have -powers and duties. charge of the general interests of the institution, and See c. 116, § 12 see that its affairs are conducted as required by the legislature, and such by-laws as the board may adopt; see that proper discipline is maintained therein; provide employment for the inmates, and bind them out, discharge or remand them, as hereinafter provided; appoint a superintendent, subject to the approval, and during the pleasure of the governor and council, and appoint such other officers as in their judgment the wants of the institution require; prescribe the duties of all its officers; exercise a vigilant supervision over its concerns, remove its subordinate officers at pleasure, and appoint others in their stead; determine the compensation of the subordinate officers, subject to the approval of the governor and council, and prepare and submit bylaws to the governor and council, which shall be valid when sanctioned by them. They may contract with -they may contract with contract with the attorney general of the United States for the the attorney general of confinement and support in said school of juvenile

the United States, for the support of juvenile offenders.

offenders against the laws of the United States in accordance with sections five thousand five hundred and forty-nine, and five thousand five hundred and fifty of the revised statutes of the United States.

Boys between eight and sixteen may be committed to the school, and to alternative

SEC. 2. When a boy between the ages of eight and sixteen years is convicted before any court or trial justice having jurisdiction of the offense, of an offense punishable by imprisonment in the state punishment. R.S., c. 142, § 2. prison, not for life, or in the county jail, or in any 1903, c. 22, § 2. house of correction, such court or justice may order house of correction, such court or justice may order his commitment to the state school for boys or sentence him to the punishment provided by law for the same offense. If to said school, the commitment shall be conditioned that if such boy is not received or kept there for the full term of his minority, unless sooner discharged by the trustees as provided in section seven, or released on probation as provided in section ten, he shall then suffer the punishment provided by law, as aforesaid, as ordered by the court of justice; but no boy shall be committed to said school who is deaf and dumb, non compos, or insane. Sec. 3. When a boy is or has been committed to

-deaf and dumb, non compos or insane shall not be sent.

Expenses of defrayed. P.L.,1907, c 120, § 1.

89 Me., 528

the state school for boys, under the provisions of the preceding section, for larceny of property not exceeding one dollar in value; or for assault and battery, R.S. c.142, § 3. malicious mischief, malicious trespass, desecration of 73 Me. 379. the Lord's day, riotous conduct disturbance of the conduct disturbance o peace, embezzlement, cheating by false pretenses, vagrancy or truancy; or for being a common runaway, drunkard or pilferer; or for any offense punishable in any house of correction, the expenses of conveying such boy to said school, and his subsistence and clothing during the time he remains there, not exceeding one dollar a week, shall be paid by the. The sum of four thousand dollars for the vear nineteen hundred and seven and four thousand dollars for the year nineteen hundred and eight is hereby appropriated from the state treasury to defray the expenses of the conveyance, subsistence and clothing of boys under this section, to be paid to said

school upon itemized bills therefor when approved by the governor and council.

SEC. 4. When any boy is ordered to be committed Age, residence to the state school for boys, the court or trial justice and day when minority by whom such commitment is ordered shall certify in expires or certified on the mittimus the city or town in which such boy P. L. 1907 resides at the time of his commitment, the age of the boy, and the day on which his term of minority will The finding of the court or justice regarding the age and residence of the boy shall be deemed a decision of a question of fact, and his certificate thereof shall be conclusive evidence of the age and residence of the boy and of the day on which his term of minority will expire.

[Sec. 5. Repealed, P. L. 1907, c. 120, sec. 3.]

SEC. 6. Every boy committed to said school, shall How boys there be kept, disciplined, instructed, employed and instructed governed, under the direction of the board of trus-disciplined. R.S.,c.142, § 6 tees, until the term of his commitment expires, or he 1903,c.22, § 5. is discharged as reformed, bound out by said trustees according to their by-laws, or remanded to prison under the sentence of the court as incorrigible, upon information to the trustees, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 7. When a boy is ordered to be committed Proceedings, when trustees to said school and the trustees deem it inexpedient to or superinreceive him, or he is found incorrigible, or his con-boy or he is tinuance in the school is deemed injurious to its man-R.S.,e142.§ agement and discipline, they shall certify the same upon the mittimus by which he is held, and the mittimus and boy shall be delivered to any proper officer. who shall forthwith commit said boy to the jail. house of correction, or state prison, according to his The trustees may discharge any boy as reformed; and may authorize the superintendent, under such rules as they prescribe, to refuse to receive boys ordered to be committed to said school, and his certificate thereof shall be as effectual as their own.

The costs of transporting a boy to or When transfrom the school, shall, when not otherwise provided shall be paid

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and

by the

for, be paid from the treasury of the county from county.

R.S., c. 142, § 8. which he is committed, as the costs of conveying
See c. 117, § 5. prisoners to the jails are paid; and the county commissioners of the county shall examine and allow all such reasonable costs.

Term of commitment

SEC. Q. All commitments of boys shall be during R.S., c.122, § 9 their minority unless sooner discharged by order of 1903, c.22, § 7. the trustees, as before provided; and when a boy is

discharged from the school at the expiration of his term, whether he be then in the institution or lawfully out on probation, or when discharged as reformed, an appropriate record of such discharge

-record of discharge. shall be made by the superintendent upon the regis-

ter of the school required to be kept by provisions of section twelve of this chapter. Such discharge shall be a full and complete release from all penal-

ties and disabilities created by his sentence and commitment, and the record of the proceedings under

which such boy was so committed shall not be deemed to be, nor shall it be subsequently used as, a criminal record against him. Each boy discharged

from the institution shall receive an appropriate written discharge, signed by the superintendent. Such discharge, or a copy, duly certified by the

superintendent, of the record of discharge upon the register of the school, shall be receivable in evidence

and conclusive of the facts therein stated. Sec. 10. The trustees may commit, on probation

Boys may be committed on probation to any suitable inhabitant of

effect of discharge.

and on such terms as they deem expedient, to any suitable inhabitant of the state, any boy in their charge, for a term within the period of his committhe state. charge, for a term within the period of his commit-R.S.,c.142, §10. 1903,c.22, § 8. ment, such probation to be conditioned on his good behavior and obedience to the laws of the state. Such boy shall, during the term for which he was originally committed to the school, be also subject to the care and control of the trustees, and on their being satisfied at any time, that the welfare of the boy will be promoted by his return to the school. they may order his return. On his return to the

school, such boy shall there be held and detained

-return to the school.

under the original mittimus. The trustees may delegate to the superintendent under such rules as they prescribe the powers herein granted to the trustees to commit any boy on probation to any suitable inhabitant of the state, and to return to the school any boy so committed when he is satisfied that the welfare of the boy will be promoted by his return. boy ordered returned to the school may, on the order the school by officer. of the superintendent or other officer of the institution, be arrested and returned to the school, or to any officer or agent thereof, by any sheriff, constable or police officer or other person; and may also be arrested and returned by any officer or agent of the school.

SEC. 11. The trustees, under direction of the gov- In what ernor and council, shall establish and maintain a boxs shall be mechanical school, and cause the boys under their R.S., c.142, §12. charge to be instructed in mechanical trades and in the branches of useful knowledge, adapted to their age and capacity; also in agriculture and horticulture, according to their age, strength, disposition and capacity; and otherwise, as will best secure their reformation, amendment and future benefit. In binding out the inmates, the trustees shall have scrupulous regard to the character of those to whom they The trustees shall establish rules for direction of the officers, agents and servants of the -trustees shall make school, and for the government, instruction and dis-rules, and specify cipline of the inmates; they shall specify the punish-punishments. ments that may be inflicted upon boys in the school, and any officer, agent or servant, who inflicts punishment not so authorized shall be discharged. rules shall be approved by the governor and council, by executive. and shall not be altered without their consent.

Such be approved

SEC. 12. The superintendent, with such other offi-Powers and cers as the trustees appoint, shall have the charge superinand custody of the inmates; be a constant resident R.S., c. 142, §13. at the institution; and discipline, govern, instruct, employ and use his best endeavors to reform the inmates, so as to preserve their health, and secure,

-record of punishment, open to public inspection.

-bond.

—shall keep accounts.

—accounts and books shall be examined by the trustees semi-annually.

-shall keep

so far as possible, moral and industrious habits, and regular improvement in their studies, trades and various employments. He shall see that no punishment is inflicted in violation of the rules of the trustees, and shall immediately enter in a book kept for the purpose, a particular record of all corporal punishment inflicted, stating the offense, the punishment. and by whom administered; which record shall be open to public inspection, and be laid before the trustees at their quarterly meetings, a majority of whom shall then certify upon said book whether or not such punishments are approved by them. shall have charge of the lands, buildings, furniture and every species of property, pertaining to the institution, within the precincts thereof. Before he enters upon the duties of his office, he shall give a bond to the state, with sureties satisfactory to the governor and council, in a sum not less than two thousand dollars, conditioned faithfully to account for moneys received by him and to perform duties incumbent on him as superintendent; keep, in suitable books, regular and complete accounts of all his receipts and disbursements, and of all property entrusted to him, showing the income and expenses of the institution; and account, in such manner, and to such persons as the trustees direct, for all moneys received by him from the proceeds of the farm or His books, and all documents relating to the school, shall at all times be open to the inspection of the trustees, who shall, at least once in every six months, carefully examine the books and accounts, and the vouchers and documents connected therewith, and make a record of the result thereof. He shall keep a register containing the name and age of each boy, and the circumstances connected with his early life and add such facts as come to his knowledge relating to his subsequent history, while at the institution, and after he left it. for injuries done to the real and personal property of the state, connected with the school, may be brought

in the name of the superintendent for the time being.

SEC. 13. All contracts on account of the institu-Contracts shall be made tion, shall be made by the superintendent, and when by the superintendent, approved by the trustees, if their by-laws require it, and approved by the are binding in law, and the superintendent, or his trustees. R.S. c. 142, § 1. successor, may sue or be sued thereon, to final judgment and execution. He may, with the consent of the trustees, submit any controversy, demand or suit, to the determination of one or more referees. such suit abates by a vacancy in the office of superin-suits thereon. tendent during its pendency; but his successor may take upon himself its prosecution or defense, and, on motion of the adverse party and notice, shall be required to do so.

SEC. 14. One or more of the trustees shall visit Visits of the trustees to the school at least once in every four weeks, exam-the school. R.S., c. 142, §15. ine the register and the inmates in the school room 1903,c.22, \$10. and workshop, and regularly keep a record of these -record to be kept. visits in the books of the superintendent. every three months, the school, in all its departments, shall be thoroughly examined by a majority of the board of trustees, and a report shall be made, showing the results thereof. Annually, on the first day -annual report and of December, an abstract of such quarterly reports financial statement shall be prepared and laid before the governor and by the superintendent. council for the information of the legislature, with a full report of the superintendent, stating particularly among other things, the offense for which each pupil was committed, and his place of residence. financial statement furnishing an accurate detailed account of the receipts and expenditures for the year terminating on the last day of November preceding, shall also be furnished.

SEC. 15. Any boy deemed by the trustees to be Homeless reformed boys reformed who has no suitable home to which he may be recan be sent and for whom, in consequence of physical overseers of poor. infirmity or other reason, no suitable home can be 1903,c.22, § 11 found by the trustees, may be discharged by said trustees and returned to the selectmen of the town

turned to

or the overseers of the poor of the city where such boy resided at the time of his commitment.

Fugitive boys. penalty for aiding or

SEC. 16. Any person who shall aid or abet any boy committed to the state school for boys in escapabetting. 1903,c.22, \$ 12. ing therefrom, or who shall knowingly harbor or conceal any boy who has escaped from said school, shall be fined not less than fifty, nor more than one hundred dollars, or punished by imprisonment in the county jail not more than sixty days. Any fugitive from the state school for boys may, on the order of the superintendent or other officer of the institution, be arrested and returned to the school, or to any officer or agent thereof, by any sheriff, constable or police officer, or other person; and may also be arrested and returned by any officer or agent of the school.

–fugitives, how arrested and returned.

Appropria-tions; how paid. R.S.,c.142, §16.

SEC. 17. The governor and council may, from time to time, as they think proper, draw warrants on the treasurer of state in favor of the trustees, for the money appropriated by the legislature for the state school for boys; and the treasurer of state shall, annually, in February, pay to the treasurer of said school forty-two dollars for support of its library. being six per cent on the Sanford legacy of seven hundred dollars.

SEC. 18. The inmates shall be separated into

Inmates shall be classed. R.S.,c.142, §.17 See Resolve, 1871, c. 284.

classes, regard being had to their ages, character and conduct, and the offenses for which they have been committed. The boys of each class shall, so far as practicable, take daily outdoor exercise and employed in some outdoor labor. Each shall be provided with his own clothing and be taught to care Solitary confinement is not allowed except for grave offenses specified in the rules of the trustees; and the apartment where it is inflicted, shall be suitably warmed, lighted and provided with a bed and proper appliances for cleanliness. All the boys

shall receive the same quality of food and in quanti-

punished by a denial or short allowance of food.

They shall not be

ties to satisfy their appetites.

solitary confinement is forbidden.

--exceptions

-denial of food prohibited.

SEC. 19. A committee of the council, consisting Governor shall appoint of three, with whom shall be associated one woman, a visiting committee. shall be appointed by the governor annually, to visit R.S., c.142, §18 the school from time to time, and examine into the treatment of its inmates, their condition and progress. They shall maintain therein a letter box, to which the inmates shall at all times have free access, -duties and without the knowledge or scrutiny of the officers. They shall hear complaints of ill treatment, and make such suggestions to the superintendent and trustees as they think proper, and make a yearly report to the governor and council concerning the condition and wants of the school.

SPECIAL INFORMATION.

COMMITMENT OF BOYS.

Application is frequently made to the superintendent of the State School for Boys by judges of municipal courts and trial justices for information regarding the commitment of boys to the institution. For the purpose of supplying this information in convenient form, the following statement has been prepared:

I. SUBJECTS FOR COMMITMENT.

The proper subjects for commitment to the State School for Boys are boys between the ages of eight and sixteen years, not deaf and dumb, *non compos*, or insane, who have been convicted before any court or trial justice, of an offence punishable by imprisonment in the state prison, not for life, or in the county jail, or in any house of correction. Boys between the seventh and fifteenth anniversaries of their birth, convicted of truancy may also be committed.

No boy can be committed to the institution except in execution of an order of the court.

2. JURISDICTION OF MUNICIPAL COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.

Municipal and police courts and trial justices can commit boys to the State School for Boys only when they have jurisdiction of the person and of the offence.

The jurisdiction of judges of municipal and police courts in criminal matters is defined in the Revised Statutes, c. 133, sections 2-8, and in the special laws relating to the establishment of particular courts, and the acts amendatory thereto. See also Revised Statutes, foot note on page 960.

The jurisdiction of trial justices in criminal matters is defined in the same sections and chapter. In all cases the jurisdiction and powers of trial justices and judges of municipal courts are derived from statute. No presumption can be made in favor of their jurisdiction, nor can it be enlarged by implication.

A municipal or police court or trial justice cannot commit a boy to the State School for any offence of which the court or trial justice has not *final* jurisdiction.

It sometimes occurs that boys are tried, convicted and ordered to be committed to the State School for Boys by courts or trial justices not having jurisdiction of the offences alleged. Such convictions are void.

3. TERM OF COMMITMENT.

The term of commitment in all cases is during minority; but the trustees are empowered to release any boy when they deem him reformed. Very rarely has a boy served his full term of commitment in the School. The average term of detention is less than three years.

A boy committed to the School must also receive a sentence such as is provided by law for the same offence. R. S., c. 143, sections 2, 7.

4. EXPENSES.

The expense of keeping and educating boys committed to the School is paid by the State.

5. COMPLAINT.

The magistrate who draws the complaint should scrupulously observe all the requirements of law. The particular species of the crime alleged should be set forth with convenient certainty and all the elements or acts necessary to the offence should be clearly and accurately stated. A complaint for a statute offence should be charged in the words of the statute when by using those words the act in which an offence consists is fully, directly and expressly alleged without any uncertainty or ambiguity. It is usually safer to employ the words of the statute than to use words apparently equivalent about which question may arise. Chief Justice Wiswell well says, "It is always advisable to follow the forms which have received judicial approval, or which have long been in unquestioned use." 88 Me. 108.

6. MITTIMUS.

When issuing mittimus to the State School it is advisable to use the blanks furnished gratuitously by the School. The jurisdiction of the magistrate must affirmatively appear in the mittimus. The offence should be set forth with the same precision in the mittimus that it is in the complaint, and for this purpose the substantive allegations of the complaint should be recited in the mittimus. The mittimus must set forth the particular species of crime of which the boy is convicted with certainty, so as to bring the case precisely within that prescribed in the statute, leaving nothing to be gathered by argument or inference.

7. FORMS OF COMMITMENT.

Blank mittimuses, for the use of courts and trial justices, may be obtained gratis, on application to the Superintendent of the State School for Boys, Portland, Maine. Five different forms are furnished:

- 1. Trial Justice Mittimus.
- 2. Municipal Court Mittimus.
- 3. Superior and Supreme Judicial Court Mittimus.
- 4. Trial Justice Mittimus, Truancy.
- 5. Municipal Court Mittimus, Truancy.

8. FORMS FOR DESCRIBING OFFENCES.

A circular giving forms for describing some of the more common offences for which boys may be committed to the State School for Boys by trial justices and municipal courts, may be obtained on application to the Superintendent of the State School for Boys, Portland, Me.