MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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PUBLIC DOCUMENTS OF MAINE:

1907

BEING THE

ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE VARIOUS

Departments and Institutions

FOR THE YEAR 1906.

VOLUME II.

AUGUSTA
KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT
1907

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

OF

Inland Fisheries and Game

FOR THE

STATE OF MAINE.

FOR THE YEAR

1906

AUGUSTA
KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT
1907



STATE OF MAINE.

To His Excellency, William T. Cobb, Governor of Maine:

The Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game have the honor to present to Your Excellency their report for the year ending December 31, A. D. 1906, as required by section 32 of chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes.

LEROY T. CARLETON, Chairman, J. W. BRACKETT.

EDGAR E. RING.

Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game.

FISH HATCHERIES AND FEEDING STATIONS

REPORT OF THE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT OF HATCHERIES.

To the Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game:

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor of submitting to you my third annual report of the operations of our different hatching and feeding stations throughout the State for the year 1906.

We have but three hatcheries out of the eight where it is possible to raise yearling fish. In my judgment it would be much better if we had more of them and fed more fish until they were eighteen months old before turning them into the public waters. This would necessitate the expenditure of more money than is expended under the present system. If we tax our hatcheries to the utmost we must still turn out quite a number of fry, for the reason that it is impossible to raise all the fry that we can hatch. For example, a hatching trough that will carry successfully 75,000 eggs to the hatching period, would not with safety carry 35,000 very young fry, and at twenty days old not over 15,000. At the time when they commence to feed, eight or ten thousand would be a great plenty; at three months old two or three thousand is an outside number for one trough.

W. E. BERRY,

Genl. Supt. of Hatcheries.

LAKE AUBURN HATCHERY.

JOHN F. STANLEY, SUPT.

No. of trout eggs taken Fall of 1905,	30,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatch-	
ing	6,000
· ·	
No. of trout eggs hatched	24,000
Loss of fry after hatching	6,500
No. of fish distributed during Oct. and	
Nov., as per list	17,500

The Lake Auburn Fish Association, according to the lease, was entitled to all the trout at this Hatchery.

I exchanged with the Association, giving it 6,000 brown trout for the 12,000 red-spots which were planted in the public waters of the State named below.

No. of brown trout eggs taken in 1905 Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatch-	20,000
ing	3,000
No. of brown trout eggs hatched	17,000
Loss of fry after hatching	2,500
No. of fish distributed	14,500
Lake Auburn Fish Assn. had	6,000
No. distributed in the public waters of	9 500
the State as per list	8,500
No. of salmon eggs taken Fall of 1905 No. of salmon eggs shipped from this	320,000
Hatchery on Nov, 18, 1905, to Mon-	
mouth Hatchery	
March 30, 1906, to Belgrade Hatchery 75,000	
157,000	157,000
No. of salmon eggs left at Hatchery	163,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	20,000
NT	
No. of salmon eggs hatched Loss of fry after hatching	143,000
	124,000

8,500

No. of salmon distributed from Lake	2
Auburn Hatchery in 1906	. 64,000
No. of salmon belonging to Lake Auburr	1
Fish Assn. and planted in Lake Au-	-
burn	60,000
	124 000

(Note)—Lake Auburn Fish Association was entitled to one-fourth of the 320,000 salmon eggs, according to the lease, which would be 80,000. After deducting loss they received 60,000 young salmon.

The product of this hatchery was planted in the following waters:

TROUT.	1
Indian Pond, Greenwood	1,500
Bryant's Pond, Woodstock	2,000
Horne Pond, Limington	2,000
South Pond, Warren	1,000
Pennesseewassee Lake, Norway	2,000
"B" Pond, Upton	1,500
Noname Pond, Sanford	500
Mousam and Square Lakes, Springvale	1,000
Little Wilson Pond, Turner	500
Lake Auburn Fish Association	5,500
	17,500
	17,500
. BROWN TROUT.	17,500
Pease Pond, Wilton	17,500
Pease Pond, Wilton	,
Pease Pond, Wilton	1,000
Pease Pond, Wilton	I,000 I,000
Pease Pond, Wilton	I,000 I,000 I,000
Pease Pond, Wilton Damariscotta Lake, Damariscotta Keoka Lake, Waterford Allen's Pond, Stoneham	I,000 I,000 I,000
Pease Pond, Wilton. Damariscotta Lake, Damariscotta. Keoka Lake, Waterford. Allen's Pond, Stoneham. Songo Lake, Albany.	I,000 I,000 I,000 I,000
Pease Pond, Wilton. Damariscotta Lake, Damariscotta. Keoka Lake, Waterford. Allen's Pond, Stoneham. Songo Lake, Albany. Long Pond, Livermore.	I,000 I,000 I,000 I,000 I,000 500

SALMON.

Water Works Pond, Brunswick	1,000
Indian Pond, Greenwood	3,000
Twitchell Pond, Greenwood	2,000
Bryant's Pond, Woodstock	2,000
Sabbath Day Lake, New Gloucester	5,000
Mount Blue Pond, Phillips	2,000
Pease Pond, Wilton	2,000
Hobbs Pond, Rockland	2,000
Chickawakee Lake, Rockland	2,000
Crawford's Pond, South Union	4,000
South Pond, Warren	2,000
Damariscotta Pond, Damariscotta	2,000
Crystal Lake, Gray	2,000
Shag Pond, Woodstock	4,000
Garland Pond, Byron	1,000
Bear Pond, Hartford	2,000
Howard Pond, Hanover	2,500
South Pond, Greenwood	2,000
North Pond, Greenwood	2,000
Keewaydin Lake, Stoneham	2,000
Crystal Lake, Livermore	2,000
Songo Pond, Albany	2,000
Round Pond, Livermore	2,000
Long Pond, Livermore	1,500
Noname Lake, Sanford	2,500
Mousam and Square Lakes, Springvale	2,000
Concord Pond, Woodstock	• 2,000
Tufts Pond, Kingfield	2,000
Little Wilson Pond, Turner	1,500
	64,000
Lake Auburn Fish Association received from this	
hatchery	40,000
Number of salmon escaped from hatchery on	70,000
account of high water, went into Lake Auburn	20,000
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	124,000

BELGRADE HATCHERY.

B. E. TARR, Supt.

Number of trout eggs taken fall of 1905 Shipped to Caribou hatchery	354,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	324,000 39,600
Number of trout eggs hatched	284,400 10,900
Number of fish distributed	
Received from Swanton, Vermont, pike perch eggs. Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	1,500,000
Number hatched	1,000,000 1 Andros-
Number of salmon eggs taken fall of 1905 * Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	125,000 24,060
Number of salmon eggs hatched	100,940 5,940
Number of salmon distributed from this hatchery. As per list below	95,000
	95,000

The salmon raised at this hatchery were planted in the following waters:

^{*}These eggs were shipped to this hatchery from the Lake Auburn and Sebago Lake hatcheries.

Amphitheatre Lake, Charleston	3,000
North Pond, Smithfield	3,000
Pillsbury Pond, Newport	3,000
Big Indian Pond, St. Albans	2,000
Hancock Pond, North New Portland	3,000
Moose Pond, Hartland	10,000
Iron Bound Pond, Solon	5,000
Baker Pond, Bingham	4,500
Clear Pond, Bingham	3,000
Cold Stream Pond, Enfield	11,000
Lake in Waldoboro, Lincoln county	5,000
Young Pond, Somerset county	2,000
Lake in North Berwick, York county	2,000
Gardners Lake, East Machias	2,000
Lake in Danforth, Washington county	2,000
Belgrade Chain of Lakes, Kennebec county	26,000
CARIBOU HATCHERY.	86,500
GRANT HINDS, SUPT.	
Number of salmon eggs received from Sebago	
Hatchery, fall of 1905	75,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	2,206
2005 from unforthized eggs and in natering	
	72 794
Loss of fry during summer,—after hatching	5,794
	67,000
Number of salmon planted	
67,000	
Number of trout eggs received from Belgrade	
	T T O OOO
Hatchery and Monmouth Hatchery	110,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	13,550
Number of trout eggs hatched	96,450
Loss of fry after hatching	26,450
- -	70,000

Number of trout planted from this hatchery 60,000 Number of trout on hand at this hatchery 10,000

70,000

I am convinced that the heavy loss of trout fry at this hatchery during the summer was due to foul water, caused by a starch factory located on the stream above the hatchery. After every rain there is a quantity of rotten potato pulp running in the stream and of course it gets into the troughs and a heavy loss is caused by it. The temperature of the water is all right for trout. The outdoor trough stands at this hatchery have got to be built over and should be built near the hatchery. A stable should be built another season; a sleigh is also needed.

The product of this hatchery was planted in the following waters:

TROUT.

Squa Pan Lake, near Ashland	25,000 20,000 10,000 5,000
	. 60,000
SALMON.	
Squa Pan Lake, near Ashland	5,000
Pleasant Pond, near Island Falls	5,000
Eagle Lake, between Ashland and Fort Kent	15,000
Umculcus Lake, near Oakfield	5,000
	30,000

MONMOUTH HATCHERY.

W. A. WHITING, SUPT.

Number of salmon eggs received fall of 1905 from U. S. government, Green Lake	100,000
Number received from Lake Auburn Hatchery	32,000
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	132,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	8,500
Number of reference and head	
Number of salmon eggs hatched	123,500
1558 of try after natening	14,500
Number of fish planted, as per list below	109,000
Number of trout eggs taken fall of 1905	34,000
Number of trout eggs received from U. S. govern-	0
ment from Leadville, Colorado	250,000
	-0
Shipped to Caribou Hatchery	284,000 80,000
Shipped to Caribou Hatchery	
	204,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	20,000
Number of treat own betaled	T ^Q / 222
Number of trout eggs hatched	184,000 48,500
1.055 of try arter natering	40,500
	135,500
Number of fish planted, as per list below	125,500
Number of fish on hand	10,000
Number of togue eggs received from U. S. govern-	222 222
ment, Northville, Michigan	200,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in natching	5,000
Number of togue eggs hatched	195,000
Loss of fry after hatching	4,000
Number of fish planted, as per list below	191,000
Trumper of hon planted, as pet hist below	191,000

Owing to the crowded condition at this hatchery and the temperature of the water, we were obliged to turn out the above number of togue in July.

The product of this hatchery was distributed in the following waters:

SALMON.

SALMON.	
Sand Pond, Litchfield	2,500
Cobbosseecontee Lake, Winthrop	10,000
Webber Pond, Augusta	2,500
Chemo Pond, Orono	5,000
Eagle Lake, Bar Harbor	5,000
Hynes Pond, Brewer	5,000
Lakes on Megantic Preserve, Eustis	5,000
St. George Lake, Liberty	2,500
Swan Lake, Belfast	5,000
Wassokeag Lake, Dexter	5,000
Parks Pond, Livermore Falls	1,250
Basin Pond, Kent's Hill*	2,000
Long Lake, North Bridgton	3,000
Woods Lake, Sandy Creek	2,000
Pleasant Lake, Caratunk	1,250
Pocasset Lake, Wayne	2,000
Annabessacook Lake, Winthrop	2,000
Oyster River Pond, Rockland	1,500
Lambert Lake, Lambert Lake	2,500
Narrows Pond, Winthrop	2,000
Picked Mt. Pond, Columbia Falls	500
Round Pond, Unionville	1,500
Cathance Lake, Ellis Siding	5,000
Molasses Pond, Franklin	3,000
Third Lake, Lee	2,000
Tunk Pond	10,000
Bog Lake, Machias	2,500
Allen's Lake, Ayer's Junction	2,500
Boyden's Lake, Perry	2,500
Meddybemps Pond, Milltown	2,500
Fitz Pond, East Holden	2,500
Maranacook Lake, Winthrop	5,000
Molunkus Lake, Kingman	2,500

TROUT.

Alfords Lake, Rockland	12,000
Lake in town of Rockland	12,000
Coffin's Ice Pond, Brunswick	12,000
Flying Pond, Kennebec County	12,000
Bartlett Pond, Kennebec county	12,000
Silver Lake, Kennebec county	10,000
Shag Pond, Oxford county	10,000
Sand Pond, Litchfield	3,000
Cobbosseecontee Lake, Winthrop	10,000
Lakes on Megantic Preserve, Eustis	5,000
Eagle Lake, Bar Harbor	2,000
Long Pond, Bar Harbor	2,000
Goose River Pond, Belfast	
Wassokeag Lake, Dexter	1,000
David's Pond, Readfield	1,250
Moxie Pond, Caratunk	2,500
Pleasant Lake, Caratunk	1,250
Carry Pond, Bingham	2,000
Picked Mt. Lake, Columbia Falls	500
Third Lake, Winn	1,000
Indian River Lake, Columbia Falls	000, I
Coffin's Pond, Brunswick	1,250
Garland Pond, Dexter	1,500
Pond in town of Washington	1,250
Maranacook Lake, Winthrop	5,000
Pond in town of Waldo	1,000
Three Cornered Pond, Augusta	1,000
	125,500
TOGUE.	
Green Lake, Penobscot county,	100,000
Cold Stream Pond, Enfield	35,000
Wilson Pond, Wilton	20,000
Wings Pond, Wayne	15,000
Cobbosseecontee Lake, Winthrop	21,000
-	

191,000

MOOSEHEAD HATCHERY.

A. W. Wilkins, Supt.

Number of trout eggs taken Fall of 1905 Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	35,000 21,000
50	
Number of trout eggs hatched	14,000
Loss of fry after hatching	3,000
Number of fish planted, as per list below	11,000
Number of trout eggs received from East Freetown,	
Mass. paid for by R. E. Holden, et als	200,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	97,000
Number of trout eggs hatched	103,000
Planted in Squaw Brook	47.000
	56,000
R. E. Holden, Jackman, had this number.	
(These eggs received from East Freetown, paid for	by R. E.
Holden, and others. by popular subscription, were place	ed in this
Indiana and article to the control of the control o	1 1

hatchery and what trout were raised therefrom were placed in waters in the vicinity of Jackman and Holeb.)

Number of salmon eggs received from Auburn Hatchery	50,000 1,087
Number of salmon eggs hatched	48.913 1,013
Number of fish raised	47,900 33,900
Number of fish on hand	14,000 yearling

trout.

waters

Lots of eggs and fry have been lost at this hatchery by the valves clogging and stopping the flow of water entirely from some of the troughs. What eggs were not killed were affected so they hatched weak. The valves were put in when this hatchery was built and would work all right, when there is no rubbish running, as there is in the spring of the year, in this stream. We have put in a new set of valves entirely different from the old ones, and I shall look for no more trouble in this respect, as they will not clog. The out-door trough stands have got to be built over in the spring, and the heating apparatus should be changed over before another fall as it is a waste of fuel to use it as it is now.

TROUT. The product of this hatchery was distributed in the following

waters.	
Roach Pond, Roach River	2,000
Heald Pond, Somerset county	2,000
Indian Pond, Somerset county	2,000
Moosehead Lake, Piscataquis county	5,000
	11,000
	t
SALMON.	
Roach Pond, Roach River	3,000
Big Fish Pond, Jackman	2,000
Pond near Lowelltown	4,000
Deer or Bog Pond, Skinner	3,500
West Branch Ponds, Roach River	3,000
West Branch Penob. River, North East Carry	12,000
Moosehead Lake, Piscataquis county	6,400

33,900

RANGELEY LAKE HATCHERY.

ARTHUR BRIGGS, SUPT.

Number of trout eggs taken fall of 1905 Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	200,000 8,907
Number of trout eggs hatched	191,093 14,91 1
Number of fish raised	1 7 6,182 169,000
Number of fish on hand	7,182
Number of salmon eggs taken fall of 1905 Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	50,000
Number of salmon eggs hatched	46,727 727
Number of fish raised	46,000 45,000
Number of fish on hand	the dam y-five feet first class pipe will y troughs e distance

The product of this hatchery was distributed in the following waters:

TROUT.

Rangeley Lake, Rangeley	70,000
Mooselucmeguntic Lake Franklin county	70,000
Cupsuptic Lake, Rangeley	10,000
Quimby Pond, Rangeley	4,000

Long Pond, Greenvale Plantation Sand River Pond, Greenvale Plantation Swetts Pond, Strong Tufts Pond, Franklin county Dutton Pond, Franklin county Grindstone Pond, Franklin county Redington Pond, Redington Dead River Pond, Franklin county King and Bartlett Lake, Franklin county Pond near Phillips Pond in Stratton Pond in Flagstaff	3,000 2,000 500 500 500 1,000 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500
SALMON.	
Rangeley Lake, Rangeley	8,000
Mooselucmeguntic Lake, Franklin county	8,000
Cupsuptic Lake, Rangeley	8,000
Swetts Pond, Strong	1,000
Varnum Pond, Franklin county	4,000
Four Ponds, Franklin county	2,000
Gull Pond, Rangeley	4,000
Pond at Upper Dam, Oxford county	3,000
Pond at Middle Dam, Oxford county	3,000
Loon Lake, Rangeley	4,000
	45,000
SEBAGO LAKE HATCHERY.	
C. L. FLOYD, SUPT.	
Number of trout eggs taken fall of 1905	43,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	9,000
Number of trout eggs hatched	34,000
Loss of fry after hatching	6,500
Number of fish distributed, as per list below	27,500

•	
Number of salmon eggs taken fall of 1905	410,000
Hatchery 75,000	
Number of salmon eggs shipped to Bel-	
grade Hatchery 25,000	100,000
	310,000
Loss from unfertilized eggs and in hatching	47,000
30	
Number of salmon eggs hatched	263,000
Loss of fry after hatching	113,000
Number of fish on hand	150,000
The product of this hatchery was distributed in the	following
waters:	
TROUT.	
Panther Pond, Raymond	9,000
Jordan River, Cumberland county	18,500
To the outer force 1 11 th to 1 force	27,500
In the spring of 1906, we had in the hatchery 60,000 that were two years old. These were fed during the	
with a loss of 1,300. The balance were planted in the waters:	Tollowing
Panther Pond, Raymond	17 000
Crooked River, Cumberland county	17,000
Little Sebago Lake, Cumberland county	3,000 600
Sebago Lake, Cumberland county	38,100
Sebago Lake, Cumberland county	30,100
	58,700
In the spring of 1906 we also had 75,000 salmon one	• •
These were fed through the summer with a loss of 7	
the remainder,—68,000,—21,400 remain in the feedir	
The balance,—46,600 were planted in the following v	_
Kezar Pond, Lovell and Fryeburg	600
Panther Pond, Raymond	10,000
Sebago Lake, Cumberland county	36,000
Schago Lake, Cumberland county	
	46,600

The heavy loss of fish at this hatchery is due to the temperature of the water running so high in July and August. In order to avoid this a pipe should be laid from the dam, upstream into the lake to where the water is twenty-five or thirty feet deep. This would give cooler water and a more even temperature. The pipe should be large enough to supply the hatchery and trough stands, also the four pools now in use. I think it would take a twenty inch pipe to supply what water is wanted.

From the foregoing report of the general superintendent and superintendents of the fish hatcheries and feeding stations, it appears that there were placed in the various hatcheries during the spawning season of 1905—during October and November—the following fish eggs:

1,146,000 trout eggs,
20,000 brown trout eggs,
880,000 land-locked salmon eggs,
200,000 togue eggs,
1,500,000 wall-eyed pike (or pike perch.)
A total of 3,746,000 eggs.

The total loss to the planting period was 584,891, or a percentage of practically twenty-four per cent, excluding that of the wall-eyed pike or pike perch.

The superintendent attributes the cause of the somewhat unusual loss to the unusual high temperature of the water in two hatcheries, and the accidental clogging of the water in two troughs in one hatchery. It was an unusually hot summer, and at times the temperature of the water rose accordingly—much higher than ever before. He calls attention to the necessity for laying pipes from the hatcheries at Sebago Lake and Rangeley, up into the lakes, of sufficient size so that a sufficient flow of water of low, even temperature may always be relied upon. We regard this as very necessary, for with exceptional hot days in summer, such as we had last season, the temperature of the water mounts quickly to the killing point for the young fish in the hatchery.

A comparatively small outlay would entirely remove this danger and ensure—barring an epidemic which is always liable to occur—the raising of practically 90 per cent. of all the fish hatched from the egg.

The wall-eyed pike, or pike perch, eggs were obtained of the United States Commission of Fisheries and placed in the Belgrade Hatchery. What hatched were planted in Androscoggin pond, the outlet of which is the Androscoggin river. The planting of pike perch is an experiment in Maine, as there was not any of this species of fish in any of the waters of the state. It is one of the most prolific of fresh water fishes and is highly esteemed both as a commercial and game fish. Of its food qualities, it is universally regarded as one of the best of table fishes is highly regarded by sportsmen of the west and undoubtedly will find favor as a hook and line fish in this state. It takes high rank as a game fish. It is a spring-spawning fish, spawning usually in April. It is claimed one has been captured weighing fifty pounds. One weighing forty pounds was caught and its head preserved. They spawn in streams and in lakes,—their habits differing in different waters. The eggs hatch in from 12 to 15 days. This fish is a native of Lake Champlain and commands the highest prices in the market. Whether they will flourish in our waters remains to be seen. Whether we want them must be determined later. From all we can learn of the fish, it would seem to be highly desirable to stock such waters as the Kennebec and Androscoggin rivers below the impassable dams, and perhaps some lakes and ponds not connected with other waters, where trout and land-locked salmon will not flourish. We shall watch this planting at Wayne with much interest.

BROWN TROUT.

We continue to raise a few brown trout, but are very careful where we plant them. They have not as yet developed in sufficient numbers where planted so as to enable us to give an opinion as to the desirability of propagating them. A few have been taken, however—some weighing fourteen pounds.

OUINNAT SALMON.

It appears to be established beyond controversy that these Pacific slope salmon have been successfully land-locked and thrive in Pierce pond, in Somerset county. As to their desirability, superiority or otherwise over the native land-locked salmon, we have as yet no data. These salmon in Pierce pond will be watched with great interest.

More fish were undoubtedly taken in the inland waters of our state this year than in any previous year in our history. One reason for this is that more people fished in our waters than any year previously. It is but a repetition to state that the state of Maine is regarded par excellence as the great and desirable fishing ground of New England. The large number of tourists who come among us annually, influenced thereto, primarily, by our superior fishing facilities, make for our prosperity in no inconsiderable degree. It would seem to be wise policy on the part of the state to care well for our fish hatcheries and feeding stations.

It will be seen that the product of these hatcheries was widely distributed. No less than one hundred and sixty different lakes and ponds were stocked this year. We always regret to be obliged to refuse any request from any of our citizens for fish to stock the lakes and ponds, but if the output was double or treble what it is now, our people would most gladly receive them and feel that the state was doing right in raising them.

Sometimes something is said about the amount the state is spending for fish. The appropriation for fish has never yet exceeded \$25,000 per annum. All else expended for both fish and game is received from license fees and fines. We believe our citizens are practically united in the belief that we should raise a large number of fish for re-stocking our waters and raise them as economically as possible.

There is a fast growing sentiment that far better results would be obtained by feeding the fish a year longer after hatching.

We believe this is correct. It will be noticed from Mr. Berry's report that there are now being wintered in our hatcheries 233,000 fish,—as many as our facilities will allow. We have no doubt this is the correct policy for the state to pursue, and if it is to be followed a larger appropriation must necessarily be made.

All fish culturists now, we believe, recommend this policy.

We have now in our hatcheries 2,425,000 eggs taken during the spawning season this year. We expect to augment this number by about one-half a million eggs from the United States and by purchase.

BIG GAME.

DEER.

There has been a marked decrease in the number of deer killed this year as compared with last year—estimated as fully one-third. Many theories are advanced as to the cause of it.

The only explanation that appeals to us as at all reliable is that there are less deer than last year. There have been as many or more—probably more—hunters than last year, but, except in a few localities, there has been a uniformity in the falling off of the number of deer killed. We have heretofore called attention to what we believed to be the truth—that our deer cannot long stand the enormous amount of killing that has been going on yearly for several years. Two years ago we called attention to this in the following language: "It is an undeniable fact that deer have been killed almost indiscriminately from June to January, and even during the winter months, by various classes, by sporting camp proprietors during the time these camps are open to guests, by some lumber operators, and most largely, perhaps, by so-called fishermen, canoeing parties and campersout in the woods and around the lakes during the summer months and the month of September, who almost invariably are fully supplied with rifles of a heavy calibre. There is absolutely no excuse for this general practice of carrying rifles into the woods in close time—the purpose is only too plain. If deer are to be preserved in any considerable quantities this practice must be prohibited by law. The time has come when the people of Maine are face to face with this proposition, will they prevent the practical extinction of deer? If so, drastic measures must be instituted."

Two years' experience since the above was written and printed in our report but emphasizes the above.

The most reliable figures obtainable of the number of deer killed this year, figures obtained of transportation companies, guides, dealers in deer skins, care being exercised not to count duplicates, forces the conclusion that at least 18,000 deer have been killed during the year.

For instance, the 122 licensed dealers in deer skins report having purchased 7500 deer skins. Their reports represent 7500 deer killed. Add to this the number taken out of the state by the railroads, 4000, and you have a grand total of 11,500. Add to this the number probably killed of which we can have no record, and there cannot be much doubt that at least 18,000 were killed during the year.

It is not believed that the state can supply anywhere near this number of deer annually.

DAMAGE TO CROPS BY DEER.

We have paid \$1343.35 for damage to growing crops by Gec..
But few appear to have taken advantage of the law permitting them to kill deer found doing actual, substantial damage to their growing crops, preferring, apparently, to receive a money compensation.

We have one claim of \$300 for damage done by deer not presented until the crops were harvested; another of \$90 and two or three others not as yet settled.

It has seemed sometimes that a disposition has been manifested on the part of some of these claimants to be unreasonable, demanding a larger compensation than they were entitled to. Our procedure in claims for damage to crops by deer is as follows: A person writes to the office that his crops are being damaged by deer. We at once send him the following blank:

To the Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game,

Augusta, Me.

Gentlemen:

My growing crops are being damaged by deer. The facts are as follows:

I	haveacres	of	land,	situated	in	the	town	of
	cultivated,	as	follow	's:				
Τо	potatoes				• • •	• • • •		· • •

T- -----

10 gram
Character of soil
How near to forest land
The damage has been as follows:
(here state FULL particulars as to damage, especially as to
DATES and the NUMBER of deer claimed to have been seen
in fields, etc.)
and I estimate my damage at \$
Dated thisday of190.
Name
Addmosa

and notify a warden, if there is one in the locality, to go at once and make a full investigation and report fully to the office. If there is no warden near enough, we get some competent disinterested person to investigate and report. It is usually necessary to make at least two visits; the farmer and the person sent to investigate agree upon the amount of damage in a great majority of cases. In the last analysis, however, we exercise our own judgment, from the facts reported, as to the amount to be allowed. It is noticeable that with the marked decrease of deer there has been a marked increase of claims for damage to growing crops by deer. These claims are confined largely to one county.

MOOSE.

What we have said as to the decrease in deer is also true of the moose, and of the necessity of preventing their slaughter in close season. We have a record of 40 moose illegally slaughtered. Among the most flagrant cases were the following: That of a cow big with twin calves, killed in March by Philip Emerson, of Patten, who was convicted; another cow and two calves were killed on the Mattawamkeag river in June—nothing taken away from them; one calf was found with its under jaw shot off and the other calf was found buried. This killing, no doubt, was done by a non-resident who was allowed to take fire-arms into the woods in close season. But few, if any, of these moose would have been killed if this practice was prohibited by law.

CARIBOU.

There are no indications of any caribou in the state.

LICENSES.

Guides.

We have registered 2083 guides this year. They have, according to their reports, been employed about 90,000 days, which, at \$4.00 per day, would be an income of \$360,000 for the past season.

SHOOTING ACCIDENTS.

There have been three fatal accidents the past season where the victim has been mistaken for a deer and one where the party was mistaken for a bear, and one case of being mistaken for a deer which has not proved fatal as yet.

As reported, these cases are as follows:

On October 21st Benjamin McDole, of Island Falls, 35 years of age, was mistaken for a deer and accidentally killed by William Fowler, aged 18. Fowler was arrested, as required by the statute; he waived examination and was held for the April term of the supreme court for that county.

Milton Strout, of West Harrington, 30 years of age, was mistaken for a deer and shot, on October 22nd, by Arthur Coffin of the same place. Mr. Strout specially requested before his death that Mr. Coffin should not be prosecuted—for he, Strout—was to blame for being in the position in which he was when shot.

Wm. Lahey, of Millinocket, was accidentally shot, on Dec. 13th, by Charles Pillsbury, of Hartland, being mistaken for a deer. Mr. Pillsbury went to the coroner and announced his readiness to place himself in custody. Later he was held on the charge of manslaughter, giving bonds for his appearance at the February term of court for that county.

Edgar Bailey, of Mattawamkeag, was accidentally shot by Guy Lordly of the same place, on October 6th, being mistaken for a bear. Lordly was arrested and arraigned before Trial Justice Seekins, of Mattawamkeag, and furnished bonds for his appearance at the next term of the supreme court of that county.

There were reported various other accidents to parties hunting, caused by the accidental discharge of firearms, &c., none of which, however, were caused by mistaking a human being for an animal.

WARDEN SERVICE.

The warden service on the Canadian border has been the same as one and two years ago, and generally throughout the state.

We are convinced that we have a reliable, resolute, efficient warden force, expert woodsmen of great endurance, but the territory to be guarded is so extensive that our whole state militia could not effectually patrol or guard it.

RUFFED GROUSE (Partridge), WOODCOCK, DUCK AND OTHER GAME BIRDS.

There seems to be no appreciable diminution in the number of these birds.

Woodcock are increasing as well as the insectivorous song birds.

We have a large number—many thousands—of non-resident foreigners in our state who will kill any kind of a wild animal or bird at any time. Identification is usually impossible—they have no names—are known by number merely. Firearms should not be allowed in their possession; they are a great menace to bird life and to wild life of all kinds.

OFFICE WORK.

In addition to the licenses issued to non-resident hunters and to guides, the following have been licensed; 122 dealers in the skins of deer and other wild animals; 17 taxidermists; 200 hunters and trappers of fur bearing animals upon the wild lands of the state; 137 camp proprietors; 76 marketmen's licenses to buy and sell deer meat to their local customers; 1 commission to take birds, their nests and eggs for scientific purposes.

We have attended 21 hearings on petitions of citizens for rules and regulations restricting fishing in various lakes, ponds and streams.

We have attended nine hearings on petitions for fishways.

We have received for the current year for non-resident hunting licenses \$31,509.37. This amount, together with the amount received from various local licenses, fines, &c., \$10,113.41, makes a total of \$41,622.78, which has been deposited in the state treasury and is available for game and bird protection next year, as under the law it must be used for that purpose only, and for clerk hire and the expenses of the commissioners.

The amount we have expended this year for this purpose was collected from these various sources last year.

The non-resident license law has proven a decided success in every sense of the word; it has given the means to very greatly increase the warden service, and as many obviously hunt our moose and deer as the supply will warrant.

EXPENDITURES.

We submit herewith an itemized list of expenditures as	required
by law:	
L. T. Carleton, Chairman, traveling expenses	\$241 40
J. W. Brackett, traveling expenses	256 11
Edgar E. Ring, traveling expenses	100 95
W. E. Berry, Genl. Supt. of Hatcheries, salary and traveling	
expenses	1,423 02
P. C. Coombs, Civil Engineer, surveys and plans of fishways	568 47
Damage to crops by deer	1,343 35
M. H. Hodgdon, clerical help and various office expenses	721 30
C. L. Floyd, Supt. of Sebago Lake Hatchery, salary and bills	
paid	1,893 43
J. F. Stanley, Supt. Lake Auburn Hatchery, salary and bills	
paid	1,916 14
W. A. Whiting, Supt. Monmouth Hatchery, salary and bills	
paid	2,100 62
A. M. Tarr, Supt. No. Belgrade Hatchery, salary and bills	
paid	2,106 12
F. E. Hitchings, Supt. Moosehead Lake Hatchery, salary and	
bills paid	347 81
A. W. Wilkins, do	2,034 96
Grant Hinds, Supt. Caribou Hatchery, salary and bills paid	1,889 80
A. J. Darling, Supt. Enfield Hatchery, salary and bills paid.	117 04
Arthur Briggs, Supt. Rangeley Lake Hatchery, salary and	
bills paid	2,120 10
Augusta Water District, paid for pipe for Belgrade Hatchery	218 75
B. B. Jones, building weir and taking fish eggs	302 85
Chas. E. Darling, work at Enfield Hatchery	116 00
L. C. Stearns, rent of house, Caribou Hatchery	51 64
A. F. Harriman, building at Caribou Hatchery	77 59
Wm. T. Haines, lumber, wardens' cottage	93 65
Fred V. Carroll, plumbing, Oquossoc Hatchery	89 81
Isaac Loon, work at Belgrade Hatchery	86 33
Moosehead Lake Sanatorium, for use of road to hatchery.	60 00
Linen Thread Co., for seine	10 83

INLAND FISHERIES AND GAME.

A. L. Staples, labor at Enfield Hatchery	36	75
G. B. Dolley, labor at Enfield Hatchery	33	
W. W. Gray, labor at Enfield Hatchery	24	
Geo. W. Merrill, filing case and index cards	32	-
F. S. Willard, fish net	32 41	
J. H. Merrill, work on screen	55	
Burnes P. Hodgman, attorney fee		
	•	00
John A. Stanley, publishing notice		00
Advertiser Pub. Co., publishing notices		50
E. C. Bowler, publishing notices	12	
J. P. Bass Pub. Co., publishing notices	6	25
Boston Evening Transcript	9	00
Portland Pub. Co., publishing notices	7	00
J. W. Brackett Co., publishing notices	15	00
Bangor Pub. Co., publishing notices	20	00
Burleigh and Flynt, publishing notices	22	05
Evening Express, publishing notices		50
C. H. Prescott, publishing notices		25
Courier-Gazette, publishing notices		-3 50
Somerset Reporter, publishing notices		00
Fastern Argus Pub. Co., publishing notices		
		50
Loring, Short and Harmon, ledgers, etc	19	
W. I. White Bldg. Co., pipe for hatchery	39	
Western Union Telegraph Co	40	_
N. E. Tel. and Tel. Co	93	67
North Eastern Tel. Co	5	00
Maine Tel. and Tel. Co	23	73
Burleigh and Flynt, copies of fish and game laws	20	13
Chas. W. Curtis, clerical services	200	00
L. F. Giles, attorney fees	30	00
Chas. G. Briggs, attorney fees	5	00
Harry M. Briggs, attorney fees	27	
W. E. Parsons, attorney fees	15	-
W. R. Jordan, attorney fees	10	
John F. Lynch, attorney fees	50	
John R. Dunton, attorney fees	•	22
Forrest Goodwin, attorney fees		
	10	
E. D. Kimball, boarding horse and team hire	150	
Chas. Meservey, care of moose	10	
A. N. Hooper, return of fine	50	00
M. C. R. R., mileages for wardens, 1907	80	00
Washington County R. R., mileages for wardens, 1907	22	50
O. W. Cole, posting fish notices	11	10
W. J. Crawford, posting fish notices	I	75
W. E. Haskell, posting fish notices		00
Elliott Hussey, amount overpaid on marketman's license	_	00
Albert Lachance, fish fine paid back	16	
Homer R. Dill. Taxidermist, mounting specimens in office	17	

J. H. Stewart and Co., maps	4	00
S. L. Crosby Co., mounting specimens	62	00
O. Crosby Bean, General Agent for licenses, for two years	100	00
American Express Co., express on seized game	33	31
French and Holway, cartridges for wardens	9	62
Penobscot County, board of prisoners, and costs	407	94
W. D. Hinds, mounting specimens	2	25
Mrs. J. H. Cram, one live deer	15	00
Trout eggs	180	75
Arthur Crafts, lumber	200	00
A. L. Minot, boat for warden, Merrymeeting bay	190	00
T. B. Davis Arms Co., pistols and cartridges for wardens	199	79
Edward Adams, three live deer	20	
Preble and Robinson, supplies to furnish Moxie camp	. 11	60
A. F. Donigan, do		00
F. A. Ahlborn, fee for license paid back	15	
A. H. Funk, revolver and cartridges for wardens	27	
E. T. Bailey and Co., lumber for Moxie wardens' camp	69	-
Johnson Bros., gasoline		50
F. S. Hunnewell, wardens' provisions, etc	36	
W. H. H. Bryant, fee for license returned, not used	10	
Leroy T. Weymouth, services on moose case	II	
C. R. Ripley, repairing canoe		00
T. Perley Flynt, posting fish notices	•	00
W. B. Small, posting fish notices	-	00
H. D. Cooper, posting fish notices	_	00
W. J. Daggett, Agt., freight bill, Belgrade Hatchery	12	
Lunt, Moss and Co., electrical supplies	15	
Gerrish Canoe Co., for canoe	40	
E. W. White and Co., canoe	39	
E. T. Bailey and Co., lumber	250	
Neal, Oakes and Quimby, use of hall	_	00
R. J. Lang, supplies for Enneld Hatchery		86
A. N. W. Smith, supplies for wardens' camp, Moxie	16	
Engraving Co.	23	
Wallace Fernald, care of deer	-	00
Darne, Stoddard and Co., revolvers for wardens	42	
Ira B. Gardner and Sons, supplies, border wardens	337	
Mrs. S. D. Brown, refund for deer seized	20	
J. E. Warren, services of civil engineer at Sebago Hatchery,	91	
Treasurer of Piscataquis County, board of prisoners, and	91	13
costs	151	4.4
Theirault and Theirault ,attorney fees	-	
Quincy, Cooper and Rowe, camp stove, etc., for border war-	54	13
dens	20	80
J. J. Lander, supplies for wardens' camp, Moxie	16	
Brackett and Andrews, lumber	25	
Proctor Bowie Co. brick for chimney	14	

W. M. Lord, fine remitted	51	O
H. C. Beadlestone, fine remitted	40	0
W. A. Henderson, for seized deer	15	0
M. L. Ashley, amount paid for license refunded—not used	15	0
E. C. Farrington, mounted specimen for office	25	0
J. H. Cunningham, Jr., amount paid for license refunded—		
not used	15	
W. L. Underwood, do	10	
Willie Pooler, labor	20	
C. W. Grover, labor	38	
F. B. Fairbanks, paint for wardens' camp	8	
W. Thoms, team hire	5	
B. B. Brown	10	
Postal Tel. Co.		35
D. D. Decormier, use of steamer	12	
W. G. Rowe, use of steamer	6	
D. M. Marshal and Co., lumber and supplies	108	
A. B. Fernald, team hire	7	
Underwood T. W. Co	144	
F. J. Durgin, warden service	1,200	- 1
J. R. Pollard, warden service	26	-
D. B. Swett, warden service	240	
Geo. U. Dyer, warden service	705	
Frank O. Elsemore, warden service	5	
L. R. Oliver, warden service	150	
M. C. Morrill, warden service	347	Ι5
F. W. Austin, warden service	1,165	
F. W. Thompson, warden service	771	85
Herbert E. Pierce, warden service	1,152	54
D. W. Stanley, warden service	1,003	
A. M. Warren, warden service	197	
Geo. M. Esty, warden service	674	- 1
Geo. E. Cushman, warden service	746	
F. M. Perkins, warden service	970	
W. H. Hart, warden service	657	_
E. S. Hodgkins, warden service	770	
Geo. G. Clouse, warden service	3	
Walter H. Durgin, warden service	286	_
E. R. Twombly, warden service	68	
Fred H. Clark, warden service	1,110	-
Ira W. Robbins, warden service	42 .	-
Litchfield Fish and Game Association, warden service	50	
Frank Russell, warden service	105	-
Peter Shaw, warden service	526	
Xavier Cyr, warden service	89 (
A. M. Tarr, warden service	284	-
I. F. Wiley, warden service	50.6	റവ

INLAND FISHERIES AND GAAME.

Elmer E. Estabrook, warden service	952	00
C. H. Southard, warden service	799	40
Geo. H. Woodbury, warden service	421	30
Geo. W. Ross, warden service	698	64
W. T. Pollard, warden service	1,199	70
Chas. S. Adams, warden service	1,206	95
D. L. Cummings, warden service	1,075	66
Fred A. Willis, warden service	636	
Walter I. Neal, warden service	1,575	
B. J. Woodward and assistant, warden service	1,563	
H. T. Silsby, warden service	570	
E. M. Blanding, warden service	191	22
Lovell Fish and Game Association, warden service	60	
Alfred Clark, warden service	327	31
Major Lowe, warden service	178	
Colin McRitchie, warden service	638	-
J. D. Ring, warden service	65	
Chas. O. McPheters, warden service	231	81
Saml. Havey, warden service	72	80
Pearl Hackett, warden service	704	
Offin Hackett, warden service	556	
T. A. Seamans, warden service	359	
S. M. Hodgkins, warden service.	34	
Lowell E. Ward, warden service	463	
P. R. Hussey, warden service	415	
John D. Finnegan, warden service	94	-
Jos. Cloutier, warden service	202	10
H. O. Templeton, warden service	194	43
O. L. Littlehale, warden service	86	00
W. W. Sewall, warden service	70	00
R. T. York, warden service	37	00
C. M. Record, warden service	40	25
Chas. Brown, warden service	96	00
John Gilmore, warden service	23	44
Henry A. Thayer, warden service	7	00
Geo. Ripley, warden service	30	00
David R. Howe, warden service	10	00
F. E. Jorgensen, warden service	1,145	77
Milton Penley, warden service	50	00
David F. Brown, warden service	1,029	30
C. E. Wilson, warden service	324	88
E. H. Lowell, warden service	357	
J. E. Bowden, warden service	98	
H. E. Redmond, warden service	1,307	10
Wm. M. Adams, warden service	270	40
Irving Hamilton, warden service	824	75
Benj. Straight, warden service	773	52
Ios Michaud, warden service	488	05

W. H. Porter, warden service	102	00
C. A. Hale, warden service	200	00
F. B. Pierce, warden service	130	00
John P. Parks, warden service	430	85
W. R. Peters, warden service	3 8	00
W. W. Ketchum, warden service	<i>7</i> 5	55
Augustus Wyman, warden service	68	75
J. H. Ruth, warden service	83	30
Geo. A. Leighton, warden service	180	95
P. M. Kane, warden service	73	50
Jos. Albert, warden service	25	00
Saml. Hamilton, warden service	5	00
Oliver C. Adams, warden service	90	00
G. F. Lane, warden service	33	75

35

33 75

130 00

20 00

35 00

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II I2

15 00

34 93

7 60

10 00

25 00

50 00

294 60

INLAND FISHERIES AND GAME,

Wm. M. Viles, warden service.....

Geo. W. Calkins, warden service.....

J. C. Mead, warden service.....

A. M. Jones, warden service.....

W. R. Butler, warden service.....

B. J. Grant, warden service.....

Stand for machine in office.....

Burroughs Adding Machine Co.....

Digest of Game Laws.....

J. H. Davis, one deer.....

J. H. Pinkham, transportation.....

D. A. Maxwell, warden service.....