## Maine State Legislature

The following document is provided by the Law and Legislative Digital Library at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib


Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

## DOCUMENTS

PRINTED BY ORDER OF

# THE LEGISLATURE 

of THE

## STATE OF MAINE,

DURING ITS SESSION
A. D. 1847.

AUGUSTA:
Wm. T. JOHNSON, PRINTER TO THE STATE
1848.

## REPORT

# TREASURER OF MAINE, 

ON THE

## STATE OF THE TREASURY,

APREL 30, 184\%.

$$
A U G U S T A
$$

WM. T. JOHNSON,.....PRINTER TO THE STATE.
1847.

## STATE OF MAINE.

## Treasurer's Office, Augusta, April 30, 1847.

## To the President of the Senate

and Speaker of the House of Representatives:
The Treasurer would respectfully lay before the two houses of the legislature the following report of the state of the treasury at the close of business on the 30th day of April, 1847.

| Receipts of the treasury in May, 1846, | \$22,055 16 |
| :---: | :---: |
| " "6 " June, " | 10,548 59 |
| July, " | 18,752 04 |
| August, " | 6,434 66 |
| " "6 September, " | 1,654 15 |
| " " October, " | 33,602 13 |
| " " November, " | 4,058 46 |
| " December, " | 56,015 60 |
| " " January, 1847, | 32,001 59 |
| " February, " | 19,880 82 |
| " "6 " March, " | 48,203 60 |
| " " 6 April, " | 30,825 54 |
| Amount of receipts from May 1, 1846, to April 30, 1847, inclusive, | \$284,032 34 |
| Balance of cash in treasury, April 30, 1846, | 369,103 54 |
|  | \$653,135 88 |



State of Maine in account with James White, Treasurer. Dr.

| Contingent fund of secretary, | \$200 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Maine reports, . | 78000 |
| Agricultural societies, | 1,956 23 |
| Printing, | 2,739 25 |
| Miscellaneous items, | 4,272 41 |
| Indexes, | 15000 |
| Indian annuities, | 1,500 00 |
| Postage, | 58185 |
| Trustees Insane Hospital, | 31300 |
| Costs in criminal prosecutions, | 18,691 71 |
| Public debt, | 131,585 00 |
| Contingent fund of governor and council, | 3,286 91 |
| Clerks, | 2,700 50 |
| Contingent fund of treasurer, | 1,000 00 |
| Cash, - ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 92,926 14 |
| School fund, Nos, 9, 10, 11 and 12, | 84210 |
| Agricultural productions to Passamaquoddy Indians, | 85129 |
| Instruction in Madawaska, . | 60682 |
| Subordinate officers of state prison, | 4,282 50 |

State of Maine in account with James White, Treasurer. Dr.


State of Maine in account with James White, Treasurer. Cr .


## Resources of the State.

| Cash in the treasury May 1, 1847, | 92,926 14 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Balance due on State tax of 1840, | 13182 |
| " " 6 1841, | 28311 |
| " "6 6 1842, | 48577 |
| " " " 1843, | 63428 |
| " " 6 1844, | 94401 |
| " " 6 1845, | 3,184 30 |
| " 1846, | 111,761 39 |
| Amount due on State tax of 1847, | 100,451 18 |
| balance of county taxes. |  |
| County of Hancock, 1841, '44, '45, and '46, | 5,182 27 |
| Washington, 1842, '43, '44, '45, and '46, | 13,737 00 |
| " Oxford, 1840, '41, '42, '43, '44, '45, and ' 46 , . | 1,329 30 |
| ". Somerset, 1840, '41, '42, '43, '44, '45, and '46, . | 3,765 11 |
| Penobscot, 1836, '40, '41, '42, '43, '44, ' 45 , and ' 46 , | 6,352 62 |
| " Piscataquis, 1840, '41, '42, '43, '44, | 96614 |
| (1. " Franklin, 1842, '43, '44, '45, and '46, | 1,520 28 |
| Aroostook, $1841,42,43,44,45$, and '46, | 7,504 35 |
| United States 6 per cent. semi-annual stock, due |  |
| 1856, - . | 150,000 00 |
| Securities in the land office, | 332,233 72 |
| Notes receivable in treasury office, | 17,358 32 |
| 100 shares in Augusta Bank, . | 10,000 00 |
|  | \$860,781 11 |

Balance of claims against the United States.

## Liabilities of the State.



Estimated Expenditures for the year 1847-8.


Estimated Receipts for the year 1847-8.

| Cash in the Treasury May $1,1847,1,{ }^{\prime}, 43,{ }^{\prime} 44$, | \$92,926 14 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| '45, and 46, | 117,424 68 |
| State tax for 1847, $\quad$, | 100,451 18 |
| County taxes, (balances,) for 1836, '40, '41, 42, '43, '44, 45, and 46, | 40,357 07 |
| Land office, . | 60,000 00 |
| Bank tax, | 26,590 00 |
| Interest on United States Loan, | 9,825 00 |
| Notes receivable, | 2,500 00 |
| Interest on Notes receivable, | 81000 |
| Duty on commissions, | 2,000 00 |
| Bank dividends, | 50000 |
|  | 453,384 08 |

Amount paid for claims prior to May 1, 1846.

| Agricultural societies, |  | \$330 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Printing, . |  | 9150 |
| Miscellaneous items, |  | 64558 |
| Militia pensions, |  | 39890 |
| Salaries, |  | 76250 |
| Postage, |  | 8097 |
| Trustees Insane Hospital, |  | 6700 |
| Costs on criminal prosecutions, |  | 2,621 ${ }^{1 / 7}$ |
| Council, - . |  | 22200 |
| Contingent fund of governor and council, |  | 1,180 14 |
| Clerks, - ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | * 10400 |
| Deaf, dumb, and blind, |  | 8.3,785 00 |
| County taxes, |  | 8,018 23 |
| Roll of accounts, |  | 16250 |
| School funds, . |  | 84213 |
|  |  | \$19,310 99 |

The following statement shows the amount of the funded debt of the State, at the close of each political year, commencing with the 31st of December, 1836, and ending with the 30th of April, 1847.


The funded debt of the State at the close of the year 1841, had greatly accumulated, and it was apparent that measures to arrest its farther increase were demanded to preserve the credit of the State. From that time to the present, a constant effort has been made to reduce the debt. And the annexed statement will show the yearly payments on the principal ; and the interest paid on the whole debt during the same period.

| Year. | Principal paid. | Interest paid. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1842, | 9,498 80 | 103,096 29 | 112,595 09 |
| 1843, | 61,931 45 | 100,344 24 | 162,275 69 |
| 1844, | 72,500 00 | 98,886 68 | 170,386 68 |
| 1845 and '46, | 316,646 22 | 137,707 62 | 454,353 84 |
| 1846 and '47, | 131,585 00 | 78,767 69 | 210,352 69 |
|  | \$592,161 47 | \$517,802 52 | \$1,109,963 99 |

The debt, although reduced by more than one-third part, is large, and will draw heavily on the funds of the treasury; and measures for its reduction should be kept constantly in view.

The following exhibit shows the amount of principal, when payable, and the interest payable thereon yearly, and it also shows the sum total which will be required to pay both the interest and the principal as it comes to maturity.

| Date, when payable. |  | Principal. | Interest. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Now due, |  | 1,400 |  | 1,400 00 |
| 1847, May 1, |  | 15,500 | 81000 | 14,310 00 |
| 1848, Feb. 1, | 3,000 |  |  |  |
| 1848, March 7, | 10,000 |  |  |  |
| 1848, April 1, | 11,000 |  |  |  |
| 1848, May 1, | 130,700 | 154,700 | 66,980 50 | 221,680 50 |
| 1849, | 3,000 |  | 58,386 00 | 58,386 00 |
| 1850, March 7, | 10,000 |  |  |  |
| 1850, April 1, | 3,000 | 16,000 | 58,386 00 | 74,386 00 |
| 1851, Feb. 1, | 272,200 |  |  |  |
| 1851, March 1, | 8,000 |  |  |  |
| 1851, April 1, | 6,000 |  |  |  |
| 1851, May 1, | 66,400 |  |  |  |
| 1851, Sept. 1, | 8,000 |  |  |  |
| 1851, Nov. 1, | 8,000 | 368,600 | 57,426 00 | 426,026 00 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1852, Jan. 1, } \\ & \text { 1852, A pril 1, } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,000 \\ 110,000 \end{array}$ | 118,000 | 35,310 00 | 153,810 00 |
| 1853, |  |  | 28,230 00 | 28,230 00 |
| 1854, March 7, |  | 10,000 | 28,230 00 | 38,230 00 |
| 1855, Feb. 1, | 1,000 |  |  |  |
| 1855, March 7, | 269,000 | 270,000 | 27,630 00 | 297,630 00 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1856, March 11, } \\ & \text { 1857, } \\ & \text { 1858, } \\ & \text { 1859, Feb. 1, } \end{aligned}$ |  | 132,500 | 11,430 00 | 143,930 00 |
|  |  |  | 3,480 00 | 3,480 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 3,480 00 | 3,480 00 |
|  |  |  | 3,480 00 | 3,480 00 |
|  |  | 58,000 | 3,480 00 | 61,480 00 |
|  |  | \$1,142,700 | \$386,738 50 | ,529,438 50 |

A desire is very generally entertained that the liabilities of the State should not be suffered to increase, and that measures should be adopted to effect a gradual reduction, and the final extinguishment of the funded debt. To accomplish that purpose, an annual tax of $\$ 200,000$, at least, will be required. An assessment of that amount, with the revenues derived from other sources, would
be sufficient, if no other than the ordinary charges should be made on the treasury.

Under the resolve authorizing the treasurer of State to invest a portion of the money in the treasury, in safe and productive securities, the sum of $\$ 150,000$, has been invested in United States stock of the loan of 1846 . It was taken at par. It bears an interest of six per cent, which is payable semi-annually, on the first day of January, and the first day of July, and the principal is reimbursable in ten years. This stock can be converted to money at a premium, or it can be exchanged for an equal amount of Maine stock. It would seem most advisable, however, to retain it, to be applied to the payment of a portion of the State debt, which will become due in 1851. In that year, $\$ 368,600$, of the debt will come to maturity, and it would be convenient to keep and apply the United States loan in part payment of that sum. The loan can be retained without any material loss to the State, as it will in the mean time draw interest equal to that paid on a like sum of Maine stock.

Previously to the next meeting of the Legislature, $\$ 169,600$ of the public debt will become due, and provision for its payment must necessarily be made. The State tax of $\$ 100,000$ assessed by the Legislature of 1846 , with the other means now in the treasury, exclusive of the United States loan. will not be sufficient to pay so large an amount of the debt, and meet the ordinary charges of the year. It would seem to be most advisable to procure the requisite funds on a temporary loan, to supply the deficiency, and impose a tax of $\$ 200,000$, payable in January, 1849. In that year, none of the principal of the debt will be payable, and such a tax, with the funds received from the Land Office and other sources, managed economically, it is fully believed, would be amply sufficient for the purpose of meeting all demands on the treasury, and cancelling such a loan. As has been heretofore observed, it has been clearly indicated as the wish of the people of this State, that the debt should be extinguished, and that the credit of the State should be preserved untarnished and unimbarrassed. Prompted by such a feeling, and encouraged with the hope that their wish may be
realized, the people willingly submit to an onerous tax, and look forward to a future day when they will be relieved from the exhausting and absorbing power of annual interest which stilly but constantly accumulates. The will of the people is the best indication of the duty of those upon whom the management of their affairs devolves, and it should be made the rule of action for those who voluntarily become their servants.

JAMES WHITE, Treasurer.

