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IN FIVE VOLUMES **VOLUME 4**

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> THE MICHIE COMPANY CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA 1957

Chapter 144.

Prevention of Crime. Private Detectives.

Sections 12-A to 12-C. Possession of Firearms by Felons.

Possession of Firearms by Felons.

Sec. 12-A. Possession of firearms by felons prohibited.—It shall be unlawful for any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the United States or of the state of Maine, or of any other state, to have in his possession any pistol, revolver or any other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person. Anyone violating any of the provisions of sections 12-A to 12-C, inclusive, shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than 5 years. (1955, c. 310.)

Sec. 12-B. Definitions.—The following words and phrases when used in sections 12-A to 12-C, inclusive, are defined as follows:

"Pistol," "revolver" and "firearm" mean a weapon capable of being concealed upon the person and shall include all firearms having a barrel of less than 12 inches in length. (1955, c. 310.)

Sec. 12-C. Application.—The penal provisions of section 12-A shall not apply to any person commissioned as a peace officer, employed as a guard or watchman nor to any person who has not been convicted of a penal offense during the 5-year period next immediately following his discharge or release from prison. (1955, c. 310.)

Chapter 145.

General Provisions Relating to Crimes.

Jurisdiction of Crimes.

Sec. 7. Offenses committed on or near boundary of 2 counties; offenses committed in one and death ensues in another county.

Cited in State v. Dipietrantonio, 152 **Me.** 41, 122 A. (2d) 414.

Attempts to Commit Crime.

Sec. 4. Attempt with overt act to commit offense.

Cited in State v. Michaud, 150 Me. 479, 114 A. (2d) 352.

Sufficiency of Complaints and Warrants.

Sec. 11. Sufficient indictment for murder or manslaughter. Applied in State v. Arsenault, 152 Me. 121, 124 A. (2d) 741.