

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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THE
REVISED STATUTES

OF THE
STATE OF MAINE,

PASSED JANUARY 25, 1871;

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED

THE CONSTITUTIONS

OF THE

UNITED STATES AND OF THE STATE OF MAINE:

WITH AN APPENDIX.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE LEGISLATURE.



PORTLAND:
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CHAP. 93.

CHAPTER 93.

INQUESTS OF OFFICE, AND INFORMATIONS FOR INTRUSION.

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Proceedings to
revest in the
state, lands
granted on
condition.
R. S. c. 93, § 1.

SEC. 1. Where lands have been granted by the colony or province of Massachusetts Bay, the commonwealth of Massachusetts, or by this state, or are hereafter granted, on certain conditions alleged to have been violated; and the state claims to be revested therein, the following proceedings shall be had.

Attorney gen-
eral to file
information.
R. S. c. 93, § 2.

SEC. 2. When the legislature directs, the attorney general shall file an information in the supreme judicial court in the county where the lands lie, stating the grant and conditions, breaches, and claims of the state.

Scire facias to
issue. Service.
R. S. c. 93, § 3.

SEC. 3. The court shall issue a scire facias against the person stated as holding the lands under such grant, returnable to said court; which shall be served thirty days before the return day.

Judgment on
default.
R. S. c. 93, § 4.

SEC. 4. If the defendant does not appear and answer to such information, judgment shall be rendered that the state be re-seized of their lands.

Consequence
of disclaimer
by defendant.
R. S. c. 93, § 5.

SEC. 5. If he appears and disclaims holding said lands or any part thereof, the attorney general shall take nothing by his information, so far as respects the lands disclaimed; and the defendant, and all subsequently claiming under him, shall be estopped from claiming, or holding such disclaimed lands.

SEC. 6. If the defendant claims all or any part of the lands under such grant, and traverses the breaches, the cause shall be tried by jury, and if the issue is found in favor of the state, judgment shall be rendered that the state be resealed of said estate and for costs; but if the issue is found for the defendant, he shall have judgment for his costs, to be paid from the state treasury.

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Proceedings, if defendant claims title.

R. S. c. 93, § 6.

SEC. 7. If the only alleged breach of condition is that the defendant holds more land than he has a right to hold under the grant, and it is so found by the jury or the defendant's confession, the court shall assign to him by metes and bounds so much of the land held by him, as is equal in quantity to what he has a right to hold under the grant, and in such part thereof as is judged reasonable by the court.

Proceedings, if it is adjudged that defendant holds too much land.

R. S. c. 93, § 7.

SEC. 8. Such part shall be located, by persons appointed by the court, at the expense of the defendant, and a plan thereof returned to the court; and if confirmed by the court, they shall order an attested copy of the location and plan to be filed in the land office, and judgment shall be rendered that the state be resealed of the residue, and for costs.

Such part shall be located by persons appointed by the court, &c.

R. S. c. 93, § 8.

SEC. 9. In all other cases where an inquest is necessary, the attorney general, without order of the legislature, may file an information in said court, describing the estate claimed, and stating the title asserted thereto by the state; and notice shall be given as before mentioned, if there is any tenant in possession; if not, the notice shall be given as the court orders, at least ninety days before the sitting of the court to which it is returnable. *

Cases in which information may be filed, notice.

R. S. c. 93, § 9.

SEC. 10. If no person appears and answers to the information, or if a verdict is found, that the state has good title to such estate, judgment shall be rendered, that the state be seized thereof and recover costs; but if the verdict is in favor of the defendant, he shall recover his costs to be paid from the state treasury.

Proceedings, judgment and costs.

R. S. c. 93, § 10.

SEC. 11. The attorney general may file an information as aforesaid for recovering seisin by the state for any real estate supposed to have escheated to the state for want of legal heirs; and the court shall order such notice thereon as they judge proper.

Information to recover escheats.

Notice.

R. S. c. 93, § 11.

SEC. 12. In such case, the defendant shall not avail himself of the title of an alien, or subject of another nation or sovereign, or of any other person, unless he shows that he is his tenant or agent.

Tenant not to set up title, of alien.

Exception.

R. S. c. 93, § 12.

SEC. 13. If on trial he proves that he is such tenant or agent, or the legal owner of such estate, he shall recover his costs, to be paid as aforesaid.

Costs, if defendant recovers.

R. S. c. 93, § 13.

SEC. 14. If it is found that he was not legal owner of such estate, nor had any right as tenant or agent when the process was commenced against him, but afterward acquired a good title, or became tenant or agent, the attorney general shall cease further to prosecute the suit; but when the defendant proves no such title to the

Defendant may hold by title subsequently acquired, &c.

R. S. c. 93, § 14.

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Effect of judgment, that the state be re-seized.
R. S. c. 93, § 15.

SEC. 15. When judgment on information is rendered that the state be re-seized or seized of any lands, the state shall be deemed in law to be so seized, and any judgment so rendered shall conclude all privies and parties, and those claiming under them, so long as it remains in force, subject to the provisions of the following section.

Tenant under the state to have betterments.
R. S. c. 93, § 16.

SEC. 16. If any person appears and by due process of law proves himself to have a legal title to such estate, and recovers it against the state or its grantee or tenant, the estate shall be liable for all expenses of improvements thereon over and above the rents and profits thereof; though the tenant and those claiming under the state had not been in possession six years.

Proceedings by attorney general to obtain betterments.
R. S. c. 93, § 17.

SEC. 17. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of such improvements, the attorney general, or the tenant or grantee of the estate, may file a bill in equity in the supreme judicial court for recovering the same; and proceedings shall be had thereon as in other cases in equity to ascertain and adjust the amount.

Execution, how levied.
R. S. c. 93, § 18.

SEC. 18. The sheriff, by virtue of such execution, shall sell, at public auction, so much of said land as will be sufficient to satisfy the execution and charges, unless otherwise paid.