

THE

REVISED STATUTES

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

PASSED APRIL 17, 1857;

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED

THE CONSTITUTIONS

OF THE

UNITED STATES AND OF THE STATE OF MAINE:

WITH AN

APPENDIX.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE LEGISLATURE.

- BANGOR: WHEELER & LYNDE.

1857.

TITLE VIII.]

CLERKS OF COURTS.

SEC. 19. Warrants of distress, on judgments legally render- CHAP. 78. ed by the county commissioners, may be originally issued within Warrants of two years after judgment, and made returnable to the clerk's distress, when office within ninety days from their date. New warrants may and how issued. be issued, within two years from the return day of the last pre- R. S., c. 99, ceding warrant, for sums remaining unsatisfied. No warrant § 20. R. S., c. 117, shall be originally issued against a town until twenty days after $\sqrt[5]{41}$. a certificate of rendition of the judgment is transmitted by their clerk to the assessors of such town. Interest on the damages is to be included and collected by such warrants as in executions.

SEC. 20. A party, for whose benefit a judgment is rendered Action of debt by them, may recover the amount in an action of debt founded R.S., c. 99, on such judgment.

Sec. 21. County commissioners have power to obtain loans Commissionof money for the use of their county, and to cause notes, or obli- ers may obtain loans. gations, with coupons for lawful interest, to be issued for payment thereof at such times as they deem expedient.

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CHAPTER 79.

CLERKS OF COURTS, COUNTY ATTORNEYS, AND ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

CLERKS OF COURTS.

- SEC. 1. Mode of election, tenure of office, duties, sworn.
 - 2. Give bond, condition of it.
 - 3. Annual account rendered to treasurer of the county, balance paid.
 - 4. Pay all other money due to treasurer of the county within thirty days after received.
 - 5. Receive and give discharges for sums voluntarily paid.
 - 6. Transmit certificates of fines, &c., to secretary of state.
 - 7. Copies of cases of law in which state is a party to be furnished to the attorney general.
 - 8. Complete records of clerks deceased, under direction of court.
 - 9. Penalty for taking more than legal fees.
 - 10. Court may appoint clerk, when office vacant or clerk absent.
 - 11. Records of clerks to be examined, when found deficient, made or corrected.
 - 12. Disposition of money collected by suit on clerk's bond.

COUNTY ATTOBNEYS.

- 13. Mode of election, tenure of office.
- 14. Duties prescribed.
- 15. Duties prescribed continued.
- 16. Duties respecting sheriff's bond, penalty for neglect.
- 17. Annual report to attorney general.
- 18. Court may appoint one in case of vacancy or absence.
- 19. Restrictions respecting compensation and employment.
- 20. Duty when informed that a person has been arrested claimed as a fugitive slave.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

- 21. Who may be admitted as attorneys at law.
- 22. Pays duty and takes oath; form of oath.
- 23. Parties may manage their own causes personally or by attorneys.
- 24. If not admitted not entitled to recover for professional services.

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[TITLE VIII.

CLERKS OF THE JUDICIAL COURTS.

SEC. 1. Clerks of the judicial courts shall be elected and c. 100, notified, their elections determined and vacancies filled; and they shall enter upon the discharge of their duties at the time, and hold *them* [their office] for the term of three years, as is provided respecting county commissioners by chapter seventy-139, §1. eight. They shall be sworn and perform all the duties required by law. SEC. 2. Before entering upon the discharge of official duty.

SEC. 2. Before entering upon the discharge of official duty, each clerk shall give bond to the state, to be lodged in the office of its treasurer, approved by the governor and council, in the sum of eight thousand dollars, with two or more sureties, conditioned that he will faithfully perform all the duties of his office, pay over all moneys, and safely keep and immediately deliver all records, files, papers, muniments in said office, and property of the county as required by law.

SEC. 3. He shall keep a true and exact account of all moneys that he receives, or is entitled to receive, for services by virtue of his office, and on the first Wednesday of January annually, render to the treasurer of the county, under oath, a true account of the whole sum thus accrued, specifying the items from which it accrued, and after deducting his own salary, pay over the residue, if any, to him for the use of the county.

SEC. 4. Sums to be paid to the treasurer of the county, and not provided for in the preceding section, shall be paid to him within thirty days after they are received. If he neglects to pay any sum as herein required, he shall pay interest therefor at the rate of twenty-five per cent. per annum till paid. The treasurer of the county shall notify the treasurer of state of any such known delinquency, and the clerk's bond shall be thereupon put in suit.

SEC. 5. He shall receive all fines, forfeitures, and bills of costs, arising or imposed to the use of the state, paid or tendered to him before a precept is issued to enforce collection; and give discharges therefor and enter them of record.

SEC. 6. Within twenty days after adjournment of a court, at which a fine, forfeiture, or bill of costs accrued, he shall transmit to the secretary of state, to be laid before the governor and council, a certificate thereof, naming the court and term, the names of the persons against whom they were awarded, and the names of the officers accountable for them to the state.

SEC. 7. He shall furnish to the attorney general full copies of all cases described in section seventeen, chapter seventy-seven, in which the state is a party, thirty days before the session of the court of law for that district. When the papers in such cases are not filed more than thirty days before such session, they shall be furnished immediately after they are filed.

SEC. 8. Under the direction of the supreme judicial court, he shall complete unfinished records of a former clerk deceased, when from entries on the dockets and papers on file it sufficiently appears what judgment was rendered. Such record being made and approved by the court shall be deemed valid.

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To render annual account to county treasurer, and pay balance. R. S., c. 100, § 6. 1852, c. 265.

Pay all other money due, to treasurer of county within thirty days after received. R. S., c. 100, § 7.

Receive and give discharges for sums voluntarily paid. R. S., c. 100, § 12. Transmit certificates of fines, &c., to secretary of state. R. S., c. 100, § 13.

Copies of cases of law in which state is a party furnished to ney gen-

1854, c. 66.

To complete records, &c. 1856, c. 267.

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COUNTY ATTORNEYS.

SEC. 9. A clerk, who exacts or receives more fees, than are CHAP. 79. allowed by law, forfeits fifty dollars, to be recovered in an action of debt by any person suing therefor to his own use, or by taking more indictment, half to the prosecutor and half to the state.

SEC. 10. When a clerk is absent or the office is vacant, and § 16. an existing or immediate session of the court renders the ap- Court may apan existing of immediate session of the court fenders the ap- point clerk, point a clerk necessary, the court may appoint one to &c. supply the vacancy, until an appointment is made by the gov- R. S., c. 100, § 9, 9. ernor and council, or during such absence, who shall be sworn, and give such bond as the court orders.

The supreme judicial court shall cause the records Records to be Sec. 11. of each clerk to be examined at least as often as there is a change examined, and of the clerk, and when they are found to be deficient, direct deficient, made them to be immediately made or corrected, and when such order $\stackrel{\text{or corrected.}}{\underset{\text{R. S., c. 100,}}{\text{not obeyed, the fact of such deficiency shall be certified to the }}_{\S 14}$. treasurer of state, who shall cause the clerk's bond to be put in suit.

The money recovered in such suit shall be applied, Disposition of Sec. 12. under the direction of the court, to complete the deficient re- money col-lected by suit cords. If more than sufficient, the balance inures to the state. on clerk's If not sufficient, the balance may be recovered by the treasurer $\frac{\text{bond.}}{\text{R. S., c. 100,}}$ of state in an action on the case founded on the bond and facts. § 15.

COUNTY ATTORNEYS.

SEC. 13. The first section of this chapter respecting clerks Mode of elecis applicable to county attorneys, substituting the words "coun- tion, &c. ty attorneys" for the words "clerks of the judicial courts."

SEC. 14. The attorney of the state for the county shall at- Duties. tend the terms of the court held in his county, and act for the R. S., c. 102, state in all cases in which the state or county is a party or inter- $\begin{cases} 2\\ 1852 \end{cases}$, c. 289, ested, and in the absence of the attorney general from a term in $\S^{0,2,3}$. the county or district, perform his duties in cases in the county, and coming from the county to the district under directions from him.

SEC. 15. He shall enforce the collection and payment to the R. S., c. 102, treasurer of the county, of all fines, forfeitures, and bills of costs, § 4. that accrue to the state, and the faithful performance of their duties by sheriffs, coroners, and constables, and give information to the court of their defaults in this respect.

SEC. 16. He shall annually move the county commissioners Duty respectat their meeting next following the third Tuesday of June, to ing sheriff's and coroner's examine and consider the sufficiency of the sheriff's and coro-bond's, &c. ner's bonds. If he neglects this or the duties required by the $\frac{R.S., c. 102}{\sqrt{5}}$, preceding section, he forfeits a sum not exceeding one hundred k. s., c. 104, dollars, recoverable in an action of debt, in the name of the \S^{3} . treasurer of state and to its use.

SEC. 17. He shall, annually, in the month of November, make Annual report. such a report of the business done by him during the past year R. S., c. 102, to the attorney general, as he is required to make by section $\frac{5}{1845}$, c. 173, §3. thirty-four chapter seventy-seven. 1852, c. 273. thirty-four, chapter seventy-seven.

SEC. 18. When he does not attend a session of the court, or Court may apthe office is vacant, the court may appoint an attorney to per- point in case of vacancy, &o.

than legal fees. R. S., c. 100,

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Снар. 79. R. S., c. 102, § 6. 1850, c. 194, § 1, 2.

Restrictions as to compensation, &c. R. S., c. 102, § 2. 1852, c. 289, § 2. Duty when arrest of a pera fugitive slave. 1857, c. 43, § 1, 2.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

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form his duties during the session and allow him a reasonable compensation for his services, to be paid from the treasury of the county, and charged to the state as bills of costs are in criminal cases, and the judge shall notify the treasurer of state, who shall deduct the same from the salary of such county attorney.

SEC. 19. He is under the restrictions imposed upon the attorney general by section thirty-five, chapter seventy-seven, and shall cause witnesses to be recognized as required of the attorney general by section thirty-two of that chapter.

When he is informed that any person has been ar-Sec. 20. informed of the rested in his county, and is claimed as a fugitive slave under son claimed as the provisions of any act of congress, he shall immediately repair to the place of his custody; render him all necessary legal assistance in his defence; and summon such witnesses as he deems necessary therefor; and their fees and all other necessary legal expenses therein shall be paid by the state.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Who may be admitted. 1843, c. 12, § 1.

Pays the duty; form of oath. R. S., c. 103, δ5.

manage their own causes, &c. 33 Maine, 357. 36 Maine, 339. R. S., c. 103, ξ 6, 8. 1843, c. 12, ξ 2. If not admitted not entitled to recover for services. R. S. c. 103, § 7.

Parties may

Any citizen of this state, of good moral character, Sec. 21. on application to the supreme judicial court, shall be admitted to practice as an attorney in the judicial courts in this state.

Sec. 22. No person shall be thus admitted to practice, until he pays the duty by law required, and in open court takes and subscribes the oath to support the constitution of the United States, and also takes the following oath, viz.:

"You solemnly swear, that you will do no falsehood, nor consent to the doing of any in court, and if you know of an intention to commit any, you will give knowledge thereof to the justices of the court or of some of them, that it may be prevented; you will not, wittingly or willingly, promote or sue any false, groundless, or unlawful suit, nor give aid or consent to the same; you will delay no man for lucre or malice, but you will conduct yourself in the office of an attorney within the courts, according to the best of your knowledge and discretion, and with all good fidelity, as well to the courts, as your clients. So help you God."

Sec. 23. Parties may plead and manage their own causes personally, or by the assistance of such counsel as they see fit to engage, or by any citizen of good moral character who produces in court a letter of attorney for that purpose. But the plaintiffs in any suit shall not manage their cause by more than two attorneys, nor shall any defendant employ a greater number.

Sec. 24. No person commencing practice as an attorney or counselor at law in any other state or place, or in any court in this state, without the qualifications, oaths, and payment of the duty aforesaid, shall be entitled to demand or recover any remuneration for his professional services rendered in this state.