

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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REPORTS
OF
THE COMMISSIONER
AND
THE LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION
SUBMITTING THE FINAL DRAFT OF THE
SIXTH REVISION
OF THE
PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE
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TITLE TEN.

Salaries and Compensations.

CHAP. 116. Duties payable by public officers and attorneys.

117. Salaries of public officers and pay of members of the government.

118. Regulation of fees and costs.

CHAPTER 116.

Duties Payable by Public Officers and Attorneys.

Sec. 1. Duties payable by public officers. R. S. c. 115, § 1. No person appointed to the office of justice of the peace, trial justice, notary public, coroner, inspector of fish, assayer of ores and metals, commissioner to take depositions and disclosures, disclosure commissioner, commissioner appointed under section twenty-four of chapter seventy-eight, and no woman appointed to administer oaths and take acknowledgments of deeds, shall enter upon the discharge of his or her official duties until he or she has paid five dollars to the treasurer of state.

Sec. 2. By attorneys. R. S. c. 115, § 2. No person shall be admitted as an attorney upon motion, without a certificate from the board of examiners of applicants for admission to the bar, until he has paid to the treasurer of the county where he is admitted, twenty dollars, and produced a receipt therefor to the court.

See c. 13, § 8; c. 84, § 24.

Sec. 3. By private detectives. 1907, c. 9, § 1. Every person licensed as a private detective shall, before receiving his license, pay to the treasurer of state ten dollars.

CHAPTER 117.

Salaries of Public Officers, and Compensation of Members of the Government.

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The Executive.

Sec. 1. The Governor. 1905, c. 56. 1915, c. 313. The governor shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars; beginning with the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, he shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars. On and after said date he shall have his official residence at Augusta during his term of office, and shall keep his office at the state house open, either personally or by his private secretary, for the transaction of the business of the state during four business days of each week.

Sec. 2. The private secretary and stenographer of the governor. 1915, c. 260, § 16. 1909, c. 1. The private secretary of the governor shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars. He shall devote his entire time to the duties of his office.

The stenographer to the governor shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars.

The private secretary of the governor and the stenographer to the governor shall be appointed by, and hold their respective offices during the pleasure of the governor.

Sec. 3. The executive council. R. S. c. 116, § 11. 1905, c. 53. 1913, c. 60, § 5. Each member of the executive council shall receive the same compensation and travel as a representative to the legislature, for services as a councilor during the session of the council commencing in January and closing immediately after the adjournment of the legislature. For services at other sessions of the council, each member thereof shall receive twenty dollars for each session, and actual expenses; for authorized services on committees when the council is not in session, and for services on the committee to examine the state prison, each councilor shall receive five dollars a day and actual expenses. The three members of the executive council acting as the advisory board in the matter of paroles shall receive for their services five dollars a day for each day employed in the work of said board, and necessary expenses.

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Sec. 4. The messenger to the governor and council. 1915, c. 260, § 17. The messenger to the governor and council shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars, in full for all services by him performed. The council shall determine what services he shall perform.

The Judiciary.

Sec. 5. The Supreme Judicial Court. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1907, c. 114. 1909, c. 10. 1915, c. 311. The justices of the supreme judicial court shall each receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars. Each justice shall be reimbursed by the state for his expenses actually and reasonably incurred in attending meetings appointed by the chief justice under the provisions of section forty-three, of chapter eighty-two, and the sessions of the law court, upon presentation to the state auditor of a detailed statement of such expenses. When any justice of said court holds nisi prius terms of said court in any county other than the county in which he resides, or when any hearing of a cause in law or in equity is had in vacation before a justice of said court other than one residing in the county where said hearing is held, such justice shall be reimbursed by the state for his expenses actually and reasonably incurred in holding such terms, or in attending said hearing, upon presentation to the state auditor of a detailed statement of such expenses.

Sec. 6. The Superior Courts. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1915, c. 260, §§ 1, 2. The justice of the superior court for the county of Cumberland shall receive an annual salary of four thousand dollars; the justice of the superior court for the county of Kennebec shall receive an annual salary of three thousand five hundred dollars. The justice of the superior court for the county of Kennebec shall also receive, for the purpose of meeting his extra expenses entailed by holding said court at the city of Waterville, the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every term of said court so held at the city of Waterville.

Sec. 7. Compensation of judges upon retirement. 1909, c. 132. 1911, c. 198. Any justice of the supreme judicial court or superior court who, having attained the age of seventy years and having served as such justice for at least ten consecutive years, resigns his said office or ceases to serve at the expiration of any term thereof, shall during the remainder of his life receive an amount equal to one-half of the salary which is by law payable to him at the time of such resignation or termination of service; to be paid by the state in the same manner as the salaries of justices of said court are paid. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to present and former justices of said courts. Provided, however, that such justice shall within one year after attaining the age of seventy years and serving as such justice for at least ten consecutive years cease to serve as such justice. Any justice of the supreme judicial court or superior court who, having attained the age of seventy years and having served as such justice for at least ten consecutive years, continues to serve as such justice for more than one year, shall waive his right to the compensation hereinbefore mentioned and shall make no claim therefor at the close of his term of service as such justice, whether such term of service is ended by resignation or by the expiration of the term for which he is appointed.

Sec. 8. The attorney-general and assistant attorney-general. 1905, c. 162, § 8. 1915, c. 260, § 3. The attorney-general shall receive an annual salary of four thousand dollars, in full for all services and in lieu of all fees, except costs awarded under section six of chapter sixty-nine. He shall also receive his actual expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties.

The assistant attorney-general shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars. He shall also receive his actual expenses incurred in the discharge of his official duties away from the capitol; he shall receive no further fees, perquisites or emoluments.

Sec. 9. The reporter of decisions. R. S. c. 116, § 1. The reporter of decisions shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars.

Sec. 10. Stenographers in the supreme judicial court. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1911, c. 126. Stenographers appointed by the justices of the supreme judicial court shall receive annual salaries of fifteen hundred dollars each, in full for all services formerly chargeable to the counties. They shall also receive from the county in which the court is held, their expenses when in attendance upon court away from their places of residence, but not otherwise; a detailed statement of such expenses, actually and reasonably incurred shall be approved by the presiding justice.

Sec. 11. Stenographers in the superior courts. R. S. c. 116, § 8. 1913, c. 219. 1911, c. 126. 1915, c. 25. The stenographers of the superior courts shall receive annual salaries of fifteen hundred dollars each, payable quarterly from the treasuries of their counties, in full for all services formerly chargeable to the counties. They shall also receive from the county in which the court is held, their expenses when in attendance upon court away from their places of residence, but not otherwise; a detailed statement of such expenses actually and reasonably incurred shall be approved by the presiding justice.

The Legislature.

Sec. 12. The members of the legislature. R. S. c. 116, § 11. 1915, c. 106. Each member of the senate and house of representatives shall receive four hundred dollars for the regular session of the legislature, and two dollars for every ten miles' travel from his place of abode once in each session. He is entitled to mileage on the first day of the session, and one hundred dollars of his salary on the first day of each month thereafter, during the session, and the balance at the end thereof; but two dollars shall be deducted from the pay of every member for each day that he is absent from his duties, without being excused by the house to which he belongs.

The president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives, shall each receive five hundred dollars for each session with the same mileage as other members, and subject to the same deduction in case of each absence. Any member acting as president pro tempore of the senate, or speaker pro tempore of the house, shall receive two dollars a day extra therefor.

When an extra session is called by the governor, the members of the senate and house of representatives shall each be paid two dollars for every day's attendance, and mileage as aforesaid.

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The president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives at such extra session shall receive, in addition, two dollars for every day's attendance.

Sec. 13. The subordinate officers and employees of the senate. 1915, c. 202. The secretary of the senate shall perform the usual duties of the office during the session of the legislature, file and index all papers, which have been subject to adverse legislative action, index and supervise the publication of the senate journal, and in addition thereto devote the month of December of the year following the legislative session to the work of making preparation for the incoming legislature. He shall also perform the duties required of him by sections thirty and thirty-three of chapter two. He shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred dollars in full for all official services by him performed during the term for which he is chosen, as follows: eleven hundred dollars at the end of the session of the legislature, three hundred dollars when the journal of the senate is completed, and one hundred dollars when the index of papers is completed.

The assistant secretary of the senate shall receive a salary of six hundred dollars; his work shall be performed under the direction of the secretary.

The messenger of the senate shall receive a salary of four hundred dollars; the assistant messenger, folder, assistant folder, postmaster and doorkeeper shall each receive a salary of three hundred dollars; the pages shall each receive a salary of one hundred fifty dollars; the official reporter shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars.

All of the above officers shall work under the direction of the president of the senate. The above salaries shall be in full for all official services by them performed during the term for which they are chosen, and no other compensation shall be allowed them, except in case of an adjourned or special session of the legislature.

Sec. 14. The subordinate officers and employees of the house of representatives. 1915, c. 203. The clerk of the house of representatives shall perform the usual duties of his office during the session of the legislature, and index and supervise the publication of the house journal. He shall also perform the services required of him by sections thirty-one and thirty-four of chapter two. He shall receive a salary of fourteen hundred dollars in full for all official services by him performed during the term for which he is chosen, as follows: eleven hundred dollars at the close of the session of the legislature, and three hundred dollars when the journal of the house is completed.

The assistant clerk of the house shall receive a salary of six hundred dollars; his work shall be performed under the direction of the clerk.

The messenger shall receive a salary of four hundred dollars; the assistant messenger, document clerk, first folder, second folder, postmaster, mail-carrier and doorkeeper shall each receive a salary of three hundred dollars; the pages shall each receive a salary of one hundred fifty dollars; the official reporter of the house shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars.

All of the above mentioned officers shall work under the direction of the speaker of the house. The above salaries shall be in full for all official services by them performed during the term for which they are chosen,

and no other compensation shall be allowed them, except in case of an adjourned or special session of the legislature.

Note. Employment of clerks and other clerical help by committees of the legislature subject to authorization by governor and council. P. & S. Laws, 1915, c. 25.

The Executive Departments.

Sec. 15. The state department. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1905, c. 159, § 1. 1915, c. 260, §§ 4, 5. The secretary of state shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars.

The deputy secretary of state shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

The number and compensation of clerks employed by the secretary of state shall be determined by the governor and council.

Sec. 16. The state treasury. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1915, c. 260, § 7. The treasurer of state shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; he shall receive no other fee, emolument or perquisite.

The chief clerk in the office of the treasurer of state shall be designated as "Deputy Treasurer of State" and shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

Sec. 17. The state auditor's office. 1907, c. 147, § 2. 1915, c. 318, § 7. The state auditor shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars. He may employ in his department one permanent clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars a year, and such additional assistants as the governor and council may approve, and as may be necessary for the dispatch of public business.

The state auditor shall appoint a superintendent of public printing, as provided in section thirty-seven of chapter three, whose appointment shall be approved by the governor and council. He shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars.

Sec. 18. The insurance department. 1905, c. 159, § 2. 1909, c. 213. 1915, c. 260, §§ 10, 11. The insurance commissioner shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars.

The deputy insurance commissioner shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

The governor and council may allow such reasonable sum for postage, clerk hire, and actual expenses incurred in the proper enforcement of the laws relating to insurance as they deem proper.

Sec. 19. The banking department. 1905, c. 159, §§ 3, 4. 1909, c. 12. 1915, c. 260, § 12; c. 339. The bank commissioner shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars; he shall also receive his actual traveling expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties, and the reasonable and necessary expenses of his office, the payment of which shall be subject to the approval of the governor and council. He may employ at the expense of the state one or more clerks, as the business of the office may require, two of whom may be designated as deputy bank commissioners.

One deputy bank commissioner shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars; the compensation of the other deputy bank commissioner shall be subject to the approval of the governor and council.

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Sec. 20. The department of education. 1907, c. 171, § 1. 1909, c. 125, § 1. 1913, c. 12. 1915, c. 260, § 9. The state superintendent of public schools shall receive an annual salary of four thousand dollars. He shall also receive his actual cash expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties, which shall be paid out of a specific appropriation for that purpose.

He shall employ a chief clerk who may serve as his deputy, and such other clerical assistance as the governor and council may deem necessary.

The chief clerk in the office of the state superintendent of public schools shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars; he shall also receive his necessary expenses when on official business within the state.

Sec. 21. The department of agriculture. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1911, c. 195, § 1. 1915, c. 260, § 13. The commissioner of agriculture shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars. He shall also receive his actual expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties, but not exceeding the sum of five hundred dollars a year. He may expend for such clerical labor as may be required, not exceeding one thousand dollars a year to be approved by the governor and council.

The live stock sanitary commissioner shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars; he shall also receive his actual traveling expenses; he shall be allowed five hundred dollars a year for clerk hire.

Sec. 22. The department of labor and industry. 1911, c. 65, § 8. 1915, c. 260, §§ 15, 19. The commissioner of labor and industry and state factory inspector shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; the deputy state factory inspector shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars; they shall also receive their actual traveling expenses. The stenographer in the office of the commissioner of labor and industry and state factory inspector shall receive an annual salary of six hundred dollars.

Sec. 23. The state library. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1915, c. 260, § 6. The librarian of the state library shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

The assistant librarian shall receive an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars.

The librarian shall also receive in full compensation for his services as secretary of the library commissioners, and to cover the cost of clerical labor and the necessary expenses of said office, such sum not exceeding three hundred dollars a year, as the governor and council may determine.

Sec. 24. Land office, and department of inland fisheries and game. 1905, c. 84, § 2. 1909, c. 23; c. 193, § 12. 1915, c. 260, § 14; c. 269. The chairman of the commissioners of inland fisheries and game shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; the land agent, forest commissioner and member of the commissioners of inland fisheries and game, combining the three offices in one appointee, shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars, of which five hundred dollars shall be paid from the funds provided by sections sixty to seventy-three, both inclusive, of chapter eight, relating to the Maine forestry district; the other member of the commissioners of inland fisheries and game shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars; they shall also receive actual traveling expenses.

The clerk of the commissioners of inland fisheries and game shall receive an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars. The governor and council may allow such sum for extra clerk hire, as may be necessary, to be paid out of license fees.

The chief clerk of the land agent and forest commissioner, who shall be deputy forest commissioner, shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars.

Sec. 25. The department of sea and shore fisheries. 1909, c. 204. 1915, c. 124. The commissioner of sea and shore fisheries shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; he shall also receive his actual traveling expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties.

Fish wardens shall receive two dollars and fifty cents a day and their expenses when actually employed.

See c. 45, § 2.

Sec. 26. The adjutant general. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1915, c. 260, § 8. The adjutant general shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; he shall receive no other fee, emolument or perquisite. The amount allowed for clerk hire in the office of the adjutant general shall be nineteen hundred dollars a year.

Sec. 27. Public buildings. 1915, c. 260, § 18; c. 346. P. & S. L. 1915, c. 61. The superintendent of public buildings shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars, in full for all official services without allowance of fees or perquisites.

The night watchmen of the state house shall receive annual salaries of one thousand dollars each.

The minimum wage per month for employees in and around the state house, serving under the superintendent of public buildings, shall be sixty-five dollars.

Sec. 28. The state prison. 1915, c. 48. The officers and employees at the state prison shall receive annual salaries, as follows: warden of the state prison, two thousand five hundred dollars, which shall be in full for all services, including the duty of receiving and paying out money under general provisions of law; he shall have the use, without charge, of such parts of the keeper's house and buildings of the state, appurtenant to the prison and yard, as the governor and council may direct, and fuel for his own use; deputy warden, fifteen hundred dollars; clerk, twelve hundred dollars; officer of the guard, eight hundred dollars; day guards, seven hundred twenty dollars each; physician, five hundred dollars; gatekeeper, seven hundred twenty dollars; commissary, nine hundred twenty dollars; chaplain and teacher, fifteen hundred dollars; night guards, seven hundred eighty dollars each; wagon-master, seven hundred twenty dollars; yardmaster, seven hundred twenty dollars; night watchman, seven hundred twenty dollars.

Sec. 29. The state school for boys. R. S. c. 116, § 1. The superintendent of the state school for boys shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars.

Sec. 30. Agents of the Indian tribes. R. S. c. 116, § 9. 1915, c. 316. The agents of the Penobscot and Passamaquoddy tribes of Indians shall each receive five hundred dollars annually, payable in May and November,

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out of the funds of their respective tribes, in full for their services as agents and in lieu of all commissions or perquisites.

State Boards and Commissions.

Sec. 31. The public utilities commission. 1913, c. 129, § 2. 1915, c. 169, § 2. The annual salary of each member of the public utilities commission shall be, for the chairman five thousand dollars; and for each other member four thousand five hundred dollars; the annual salary of the clerk shall be twenty-five hundred dollars; the annual salary of the assistant clerk shall be fifteen hundred dollars; and the salary of the chief inspector of utilities shall be left to the discretion of the public utilities commission; the commissioners, their clerks, the chief inspector of utilities and all employees shall receive actual expenses when traveling on official business.

Sec. 32. The board of state assessors. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1905, c. 159, § 5. 1909, c. 220, § 1. Each member of the board of state assessors shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; they shall also receive their actual expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. The clerk of the board of state assessors shall receive an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars.

Sec. 33. The industrial accident commission. 1915, c. 295, § 29. The chairman of the industrial accident commission shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars; the other members of the commission shall each receive an annual salary of five hundred dollars, in addition to the salaries received by them respectively as insurance commissioner and commissioner of labor and industry. The members of the commission shall also receive their actual expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. The secretary of the commission shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars.

Sec. 34. The state highway commission. 1913, c. 130, § 3. Each member of the state highway commission shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars; they shall also receive their actual expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

Sec. 35. The state board of arbitration and conciliation. 1909, c. 229, § 3. 1913, c. 143. The members of the state board of arbitration and conciliation shall each receive five dollars a day, for their services, for the time actually employed in the discharge of their official duties; they shall also receive their traveling and all other necessary expenses.

Manner of Payment of Salaries.

Sec. 36. Manner of payment. Fees of office to be accounted for. R. S. c. 116, § 1. 1905, c. 159, § 4; c. 162, § 8. 1915, c. 260, § 20. Unless otherwise specially provided, the foregoing annual salaries shall be paid from the state treasury in equal monthly payments on the last day of each month and shall be in full for all official services. The treasurer of state shall make payments according to these provisions upon the certificate of the state auditor.

The attorney-general, secretary of state, insurance commissioner, bank commissioner and commissioner of agriculture shall collect the legal and

usual fees payable to them by virtue of their offices, and account for and pay over the same to the treasurer of state on the last days of March, June, September and December of each year.

See c. 2, § 82.

County Officials.

Sec. 37. Compensation of county attorneys. 1915, c. 138. County attorneys of the several counties shall receive annual salaries from the state treasury in monthly payments on the last day of each month, as follows:

Androscoggin, twelve hundred dollars.

Aroostook, fifteen hundred dollars.

Cumberland, seventeen hundred dollars.

Franklin, five hundred dollars.

Hancock, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Kennebec, fourteen hundred dollars.

Knox, seven hundred dollars.

Lincoln, five hundred dollars.

Oxford, nine hundred dollars.

Penobscot, fifteen hundred dollars.

Piscataquis, six hundred dollars.

Sagadahoc, six hundred dollars.

Somerset, eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Waldo, five hundred dollars.

Washington, nine hundred dollars.

York, twelve hundred dollars; and no other fees, costs or emoluments shall be allowed them. The assistant county attorney for the county of Cumberland, nine hundred dollars. He shall hold his office during the term of the county attorney by whom he is appointed, subject to removal at any time by the justice of the superior court for said county.

Sec. 38. Compensation of judges of probate. 1915, c. 273. Judges of probate in the several counties shall receive annual salaries from the treasuries of the counties in quarterly payments on the first days of January, April, July and October as follows:

Androscoggin, one thousand dollars.

Aroostook, twelve hundred dollars.

Cumberland, three thousand dollars.

Franklin, six hundred dollars.

Hancock, eleven hundred dollars.

Kennebec, seventeen hundred dollars.

Knox, seven hundred dollars.

Lincoln, five hundred dollars.

Oxford, one thousand dollars.

Penobscot, eighteen hundred dollars.

Piscataquis, six hundred dollars.

Sagadahoc, eight hundred dollars.

Somerset, eight hundred dollars.

Waldo, seven hundred dollars.

Washington, eight hundred dollars.

York, thirteen hundred dollars; and the fees to which they are entitled by law, except the fee provided in section forty-nine of chapter one hundred

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and forty-five, shall be taxed and collected and paid over by the registers of probate to the county treasurers for the use of their counties.

See c. 69, § 28.

Sec. 39. Compensation of registers of probate. 1915, c. 204. Registers of probate in the several counties shall receive annual salaries from the treasuries of the counties in quarterly payments on the first days of January, April, July and October, as follows:

Androscoggin, fifteen hundred dollars.

Aroostook, fifteen hundred dollars.

Cumberland, two thousand dollars.

Franklin, eight hundred dollars.

Hancock, one thousand dollars.

Kennebec, twelve hundred dollars.

Knox, one thousand dollars.

Lincoln, nine hundred dollars; beginning with the first day of January, nineteen hundred and nineteen, eight hundred dollars.

Oxford, one thousand dollars.

Penobscot, fifteen hundred dollars.

Piscataquis, eight hundred dollars.

Sagadahoc, eight hundred dollars.

Somerset, one thousand dollars.

Waldo, one thousand dollars.

Washington, one thousand dollars.

York, fourteen hundred dollars.

The sums above mentioned shall be in full compensation for the performance of all duties required of registers of probate.

Sec. 40. Compensation of clerks of courts. 1915, c. 148; c. 335. The clerks of the judicial courts in the several counties shall receive annual salaries from the treasuries of the counties in quarterly payments on the first days of January, April, July and October, as follows:

Androscoggin, two thousand dollars.

Aroostook, two thousand dollars.

Cumberland, two thousand five hundred dollars; deputy clerk of courts, eighteen hundred dollars.

Franklin, twelve hundred dollars.

Hancock, two thousand one hundred dollars; beginning with the first day of January, nineteen hundred and nineteen, eighteen hundred dollars.

Kennebec, two thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

Knox, thirteen hundred dollars.

Lincoln, one thousand dollars.

Oxford, sixteen hundred dollars.

Penobscot, twenty-two hundred dollars.

Piscataquis, twelve hundred dollars.

Sagadahoc, seventeen hundred dollars.

Somerset, eighteen hundred dollars.

Waldo, twelve hundred dollars.

Washington, fifteen hundred dollars; beginning with the first day of January, nineteen hundred and seventeen, fourteen hundred and fifty dollars.

York, nineteen hundred dollars.

The sums above mentioned shall be in full compensation for the performance of all duties required of clerks, including those performed by them as clerks of the supreme judicial court, superior and county commissioners' courts, or by clerks pro tempore, employed by them. They shall account quarterly under oath to the county treasurers for all fees received by them or payable to them by virtue of the office, except fees collected by them in naturalization proceedings under the act of Congress of June twenty-ninth, nineteen hundred six, as amended by the act of Congress of June twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred ten, specifying the items, and shall pay the whole amount of the same to the treasurers of their respective counties quarterly on the first days of January, April, July and October of each year.

Sec. 41. Salaries of sheriffs. 1915, c. 199. The sheriffs of the several counties shall receive annual salaries from the treasuries of the counties, in quarterly payments on the first days of January, April, July and October, as follows:

Androscoggin, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Aroostook, two thousand dollars.

Cumberland, four thousand dollars.

Franklin, one thousand dollars.

Hancock, sixteen hundred dollars.

Kennebec, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

Knox, twelve hundred dollars.

Lincoln, eight hundred dollars.

Oxford, twelve hundred dollars.

Penobscot, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

Piscataquis, one thousand dollars.

Sagadahoc, twelve hundred dollars.

Somerset, fourteen hundred dollars.

Waldo, twelve hundred dollars.

Washington, fourteen hundred dollars.

York, two thousand five hundred dollars; together with the free rental of the house or living apartments connected with the county jail in each county, including the necessary light and fuel. Said salaries shall be in full compensation for services in attendance upon the supreme judicial court and upon the superior courts in the counties of Cumberland and Kennebec, as jailer, master or keeper of the jail in each county, for receiving and committing prisoners therein, and for the service of all criminal processes and the performance of all duties relating to the enforcement of all criminal laws. Such necessary incidental expenses as are just and proper, incurred in the performance of their public duties, including all necessary expenses for aid in keeping the jails, shall be allowed by the respective boards of county commissioners of said counties and paid from the county treasuries.

See c. 85, § 20.

Sec. 42. Compensation of county commissioners. 1915, c. 344. Each county commissioner in the several counties shall receive an annual salary from the county treasury, in quarterly payments on the first days of January, April, July and October, as follows:

Androscoggin, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Aroostook, eleven hundred dollars.

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Cumberland, twelve hundred and fifty dollars.

Franklin, four hundred and fifty dollars.

Hancock, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Kennebec, one thousand dollars.

Knox, four hundred dollars.

Lincoln, three hundred dollars.

Oxford, six hundred dollars.

Penobscot, twelve hundred dollars.

Piscataquis, five hundred dollars.

Sagadahoc, four hundred dollars.

Somerset, six hundred and fifty dollars.

Waldo, four hundred dollars.

Washington, six hundred and fifty dollars.

York, eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Said salaries shall be in full for all services, expenses and travel, including the management of the jails and workshops and the sale of their products, except actual necessary cash expenses incurred outside of their respective counties for the transaction of official business; all bills for such expenses shall be approved by the clerk of courts and the county attorney of their county; excepting also, such expenses as are provided for in section twenty-six of chapter eighty-three.

Sec. 43. Compensation of registers of deeds. 1915, c. 141. Registers of deeds in the several counties shall receive annual salaries from the treasuries of the counties in quarterly payments on the first days of January, April, July and October, as follows:

Androscoggin, twelve hundred dollars.

Aroostook, northern registry, one thousand dollars; southern registry, fifteen hundred dollars.

Cumberland, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Franklin, eleven hundred dollars.

Hancock, thirteen hundred dollars.

Kennebec, fifteen hundred dollars.

Knox, twelve hundred and fifty dollars; beginning with the first day of January, nineteen hundred nineteen, one thousand dollars.

Lincoln, one thousand dollars.

Oxford, eastern registry, twelve hundred dollars; western registry, six hundred dollars.

Penobscot, seventeen hundred dollars.

Piscataquis, one thousand dollars.

Sagadahoc, one thousand dollars.

Somerset, fifteen hundred dollars.

Waldo, one thousand dollars.

Washington, twelve hundred dollars.

York, fifteen hundred dollars.

The sums above mentioned shall be in full compensation for the performance of all official duties and no other fees or compensation shall be allowed them. All registers, except in the western district of Oxford county, shall devote their entire time to the duties of the office. They shall account quarterly under oath to the county treasurers for all fees received

by them or payable to them by virtue of the office, specifying the items, and shall pay the whole amount of the same to the treasurers of their respective counties quarterly on the first days of January, April, July and October of each year. They may make abstracts and copies from the records and furnish the same to persons calling for them and may charge a reasonable fee for such service, but shall not give an opinion upon the title to real estate. Fees charged by them for abstracts and copies shall be retained by them and not paid to the county.

Sec. 44. Salaries of county treasurers. 1915, c. 140. The county treasurers in the several counties shall receive annual salaries from the treasuries of the counties in quarterly payments on the first days of January, April, July and October, as follows:

Androscoggin, thirteen hundred dollars.

Aroostook, eight hundred dollars.

Cumberland, twenty-one hundred dollars.

Franklin, four hundred dollars.

Hancock, five hundred dollars.

Kennebec, fourteen hundred dollars.

Knox, four hundred dollars.

Lincoln, three hundred dollars.

Oxford, six hundred and fifty dollars.

Penobscot, thirteen hundred dollars.

Piscataquis, four hundred dollars.

Sagadahoc, three hundred and fifty dollars.

Somerset, six hundred dollars.

Waldo, four hundred dollars.

Washington, seven hundred dollars.

York, eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Each of the counties above named shall pay the premium on the official bond of its treasurer.

Sec. 45. Clerk hire in county offices. 1915, c. 337. The several county treasurers shall pay weekly to the clerks employed by the several officials in their respective counties, the wages to which they may be entitled and shall take individual receipts therefor. County officials for whom provision for clerk hire may be made, shall certify to the county treasurer the names of their clerks and the weekly wages at which they may be employed. Clerks shall be allowed a vacation not to exceed two weeks in any one year without loss of pay. The total sums to be paid annually to such clerks as wages shall not exceed the following:

In Androscoggin county; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, five hundred twenty dollars; for clerks in the office of register of probate, five hundred twenty dollars; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, six hundred dollars.

In Aroostook county; for clerks in the office of register of deeds of the northern district, five hundred dollars; for clerks in the office of register of deeds of the southern district, one thousand five hundred dollars; for clerks in the office of register of probate, six hundred twenty-four dollars; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, one thousand six hundred dollars.

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Cumberland county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, two thousand seven hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, two thousand one hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, two thousand two hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of the recorder of the Portland municipal court, seven hundred eighty dollars.

Franklin county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, three hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, two hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, three hundred dollars.

Hancock county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, one thousand five hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, five hundred twenty dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, six hundred dollars.

Kennebec county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, one thousand seven hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, six hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, one thousand three hundred dollars.

Knox county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, two hundred fifty dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, two hundred fifty dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, three hundred dollars.

Lincoln county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, two hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, one hundred sixty dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, one hundred dollars.

Oxford county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, six hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, two hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, two hundred dollars.

Penobscot county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, one thousand eight hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, one thousand two hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Piscataquis county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, five hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, two hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, five hundred dollars.

Sagadahoc county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, three hundred twenty-five dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, three hundred twenty-five dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, four hundred dollars.

Somerset county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, five hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, one hundred fifty dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, six hundred dollars.

Waldo county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, seven hundred eighty dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, one hundred dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, five hundred dollars.

Washington county ; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, five hundred twenty dollars ; for clerks in the office of register of probate, five hundred twenty dollars ; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, five hundred twenty dollars.

York county; for clerks in the office of register of deeds, one thousand six hundred dollars; for clerks in the office of register of probate, one thousand dollars; for clerks in the office of clerk of courts, seven hundred fifty dollars.

Trustees, Inspectors and Visitors of Public Institutions.

Sec. 46. Trustees and visitors of public institutions. 1905, c. 65. 1911, c. 150, § 4; c. 197, § 5. 1915, c. 206, § 16; c. 351, § 7. The hospital trustees, the trustees of juvenile institutions, the trustees of the reformatory for women, the trustees of sanatoriums for the treatment of tuberculosis, the trustees of the state normal schools appointed by the governor, and the committee of visitors to the insane hospitals shall each receive five dollars a day for their services while employed on official duty, and their actual traveling expenses; provided that said committee shall not receive compensation as councilors for the same days on which such official visits are made to said hospitals.

Sec. 47. Trustees of the University of Maine. 1911, c. 194. The trustees of the University of Maine shall serve without pay but shall receive their actual traveling and other expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

105 Me. 221.

Sec. 48. Inspectors of prisons and jails. 1907, c. 3. The inspectors of prisons and jails shall each receive five dollars a day for services while employed on official duty, and their actual traveling expenses.

Boards of Examination and Registration.

Sec. 49. Board of Registration in Medicine. 1911, c. 31, § 6. The members of the board of registration in medicine shall receive annual salaries of one hundred dollars each, except the secretary who shall receive three hundred dollars a year; in addition each member shall receive five cents a mile each way for necessary traveling expenses in attending the meetings of the board, but in no case shall any more be paid for traveling expenses than has been actually expended. Extra compensation for each day actually spent in investigation or prosecution of complaints and cases under section fourteen of chapter eighteen, shall be allowed to each member of the board actually engaged therein.

See c. 18, § 17.

Sec. 50. Board of Registration in Optometry. 1909, c. 105, § 16. The members of the board of registration and examination in optometry shall each receive five dollars for each day actually engaged in the duties of his office, and actual expenses incurred in attending the meetings of the board. The secretary shall be reimbursed for all necessary expenses incurred while discharging his duties to the board at his home. All moneys received over and above said per diem allowance and expenses as above provided, shall be held by the treasurer as a special fund for meeting the expenditures of said board and carrying out the provisions of sections forty-one to fifty-five, both inclusive, of chapter eighteen.

Sec. 51. Board of examiners of undertakers. 1911, c. 181, § 8. The members of the board of examiners of undertakers and embalmers shall

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each receive five dollars a day and expenses during each session of the board. The secretary shall receive the same compensation as the other members of the board and five dollars additional per day while actually employed in the performance of his duties.

Sec. 52. Dental examiners. Commissioners of pharmacy. Veterinary examiners. Board of accountancy. Examiners for admission to the bar. 1905, c. 54. 1913, c. 53, § 12; c. 208, § 1; c. 144, § 6. The members of the board of dental examiners, commissioners of pharmacy, veterinary examiners, board of accountancy, and the examiners of applicants for admission to the bar shall each receive as compensation for their services five dollars a day, for the time actually spent, and their necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties, to be certified by the secretaries of their respective boards.

Sec. 53. Board of registration of nurses. 1915, c. 139, § 3. The members of the board of registration of nurses shall receive their actual necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties, and the secretary shall receive a salary to be fixed by the board, not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars a year. The other members of the board shall each receive four dollars a day while actually engaged in attendance upon meetings of said board.

Sec. 54. Incidental expenses of the examining boards. 1905, c. 54. 1909, c. 105, § 16. 1911, c. 31, § 6; c. 181, § 8. 1915, c. 139, § 3; c. 275, § 1. The secretary of each board mentioned in the five preceding sections shall be treasurer of the board of which he is a member; he shall receive all fees, charges and assessments payable to the board, and shall quarterly on the last secular days of March, June, September and December account for and pay to the treasurer of state all sums so received. All money so received by the treasurer of state from each board shall constitute a continuous carrying account for the payment of the compensation and expenses of the members, and the expenses of the board, and for executing the provisions of law relating to each board respectively, and so much thereof as may be required is hereby appropriated for said purposes. The secretary of each board shall also be reimbursed for all expenditures for books, stationery, printing and other necessary expenses actually incurred in the discharge of his duties. All bills for services and expenses of the members of each board shall be audited by the state auditor and paid from the respective funds held in the state treasury as aforesaid; but in no event shall payment for services and expenses of the members of any board exceed the amounts received by the treasurer of state from the treasurer of said board; any balance remaining to the credit of any board at the end of any year shall be carried forward to the next year.

Sec. 55. Bonds of public officials. 1915, c. 275, § 2. All persons employed in the several state departments and institutions who handle public moneys, and the treasurer of each of the examining boards named in sections forty-nine to fifty-three, both inclusive, shall give bond in such sum as may be fixed by the governor and council to properly account for all funds coming into their hands. The premiums on account of such bonds shall be paid by the state from the proper appropriations of said departments, institutions, boards or commissions.

CHAPTER 118.

The Regulation of Fees and Costs.

Sections 2- 3	Fees of Trial Justices, Justices of the Peace, and Judges of Municipal and Police Courts.
Section 4	Fees of the Clerks of the Judicial Courts.
Section 5	Fees of Sheriffs and their Deputies.
Sections 6- 7	Fees of Coroners and Constables.
Section 9	Fees of Jurors and Witnesses.
Section 10	Allowance to Parties and Attorneys in Civil Causes.
Sections 11-12	Costs taxable for the State in Criminal Prosecutions.
Sections 13-17	Fees payable to State Officers.
Section 18	Fees payable to Registers of Deeds.
Section 19	Fees for the Solemnization of Marriages.
Section 20	Fees of Town Clerks.
Sections 21-23	Fees of Weighers, Measurers and Surveyors.
Sections 24-28	General Provisions.

Sec. 1. Fees and costs. R. S. c. 117, § 1. The fees for precepts and services, and the costs taxable in civil suits and criminal prosecutions, shall be as provided in this chapter.

Fees of Trial Justices and Justices of the Peace, and of Judges of Municipal and Police Courts.

Sec. 2. Fees of trial justices and justices of the peace. R. S. c. 117, § 2. 1905, c. 136. The fees of trial justices and justices of the peace shall be as follows:

For every blank writ of attachment and summons thereon, or original summons, ten cents.

For every subpoena for one or more witnesses, ten cents.

Entry of an action, or filing a complaint in civil causes, including filing of papers, swearing of witnesses, examining, allowing and taxing the bill of costs, and entering and recording judgment, thirty cents. Each continuance in a civil action, five cents.

Trial of an issue, in a civil action, eighty cents, and when more than one day is used in the trial, two dollars for each day, after the first, actually employed.

79 Me. 166.

Copy of a record or other paper, at the rate of twelve cents a page.

Writ of execution, fifteen cents.

For a recognizance to prosecute an appeal, including principal and surety, twenty cents.

Taking a deposition, affidavit or disclosure of a trustee, in any cause not pending before himself, twenty cents; for writing the same with the

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caption, and for the notification to the parties and witnesses, at the rate of twelve cents a page; the justice who takes such affidavit, deposition or disclosure, shall certify the fees of himself, of the witnesses, or party disclosing, and of the officers serving the notifications.

Taking a deposition in perpetual memory of the thing, the same fees as in taking other depositions.

Administering an oath in all cases, except on a trial or examination before himself, and to qualify town and parish officers, and a certificate thereof, twenty-five cents, whether administered to one or more persons at the same time.

Taking the acknowledgment of a deed with one or more seals, if it is done at the same time, and certifying the same, twenty-five cents.

Granting a warrant of appraisal in any case, and swearing appraisers, fifty cents.

Receiving a complaint, and issuing a warrant in criminal cases, fifty cents.

Entering a complaint in a criminal prosecution, swearing witnesses, rendering and recording judgment, examining, allowing, and taxing the costs, and filing the papers, seventy-five cents.

Trial of an issue in a criminal case, eighty cents; and when more than one day is used in the trial, two dollars for each day after the first, actually employed.

Recognizing persons charged with crimes for their appearance at the supreme judicial or superior courts, and for certifying and returning the same, with or without sureties, twenty-five cents.

Mittimus for the commitment of any person on a criminal accusation, twenty-five cents.

In a bastardy process, the fees may be charged as for like services in a criminal prosecution.

Drawing a rule for submission to referees, and acknowledging the same, thirty-three cents.

Writ to remove a nuisance, thirty-three cents.

Calling a meeting of a corporation, fifty cents.

For an examination of a debtor under chapter one hundred and fifteen, two dollars for each day employed in such examination, in full payment for all official services and expenses in such examination, exclusive of travel. For travel on official duty, twelve cents a mile one way; but not to be taxed for over ten miles one way, and in no case shall there be constructive travel.

In all cases where the attendance of two or more justices is required, each is entitled to the fees prescribed for all services rendered by him personally.

Sec. 3. Fees of judge of police or municipal court. R. S. c. 117, § 3. Except when otherwise expressly provided by a fixed salary, the fees of the judge of any municipal or police court, in civil proceedings, shall be the same as provided by law, and criminal proceedings shall be taxed in the same manner and at the same rate as the fees of trial justices, so far as applicable. When such judge receives a stated salary for his services from the treasury of a county, he shall account under oath to the treasurer thereof for all fees accruing to him in said capacity, towards his salary, includ-

ing ten cents for the blank writ in every action entered before him; and if such fees exceed the amount of his salary for such quarter, the excess shall be by him paid over to such treasurer.

Fees of the Clerks of the Judicial Courts.

Sec. 4. Clerks of the courts. R. S. c. 117, § 4. 1909, c. 105, § 10. 1913, c. 208, § 5. For services as clerks of the supreme judicial and superior courts:

For every blank writ of attachment with a summons, or of scire facias, or an original summons, four cents.

Blank writ of replevin with the seal, signature and blank bond, eight cents.

Entry of an action, entering up and recording the judgment whether on a verdict, demurrer, nonsuit or default, sixty cents.

Copies, twelve cents a page.

Recording a petition for partition, and any order thereon, at the rate of twelve cents a page.

Recording petition and proceedings for release of attachment, and making copy and certificate, two dollars.

Making certificate of dissolution of attachment by judgment for defendant, twenty-five cents.

Entry of a rule of court upon the parties submitting a cause to referees, fifteen cents.

Proving a deed in court and certifying the same, twenty cents.

Making certificate of approval by judge, of sale of real estate and price, when husband or wife refuses to release interest and right by descent, fifty cents.

Authenticating the official signature of a magistrate, twenty-five cents.

Original or other writ of execution in personal matters, and filing the same when returned, fifteen cents.

Writ of possession in real actions, twenty-five cents.

Writ of protection or habeas corpus, twenty-five cents.

Subpoena for one witness or more, or with a duces tecum, ten cents.

Recording certificate of discharge of a soldier or seaman from the army or navy of the United States, twenty-five cents, and for a copy of such record, twenty-five cents.

Recording certificate of registration in optometry, or veterinary surgery, fifty cents.

For making up the record in an equity case, the court may allow a further sum, not exceeding ten cents a page in the whole, to be taxed by the clerk.

For each certificate, or copy of judgment or decree, in equity, twenty-five cents, which, together with the fees of the register of deeds for recording such certificate or copy, may be taxed in the costs of suit.

See § 18; c. 82, §§ 13, 30; c. 96, § 39.

Writ of review, seventy-five cents.

Writ of scire facias, forty cents.

Every writ and seal, other than before mentioned, forty cents.

Fees of Sheriffs and Their Deputies.

Sec. 5. Sheriffs and their deputies. R. S. c. 117, § 5. 1907, c. 138. 1913, c. 179. For the service of an original summons or scire facias, either by reading or copy, or for the service of a capias or attachment with summons on one defendant, fifty cents; if served on more than one defendant, fifty cents more for each.

If the sheriff, or his deputy, by written direction of the plaintiff, his agent or attorney, makes special service of any writ of attachment by attaching property, he shall receive therefor seventy-five cents, including the summons thereon; and for taking the body on a capias, fifty cents for each defendant on whom such writ is so served.

Where the officer is by law directed to leave a copy, or gives a copy of any precept upon demand, he may charge at the rate of twelve cents a page, which, in the latter case, shall be paid by the party demanding it.

If real estate is attached, the officer may charge twenty-five cents for leaving with the register of deeds an attested copy of his return and other particulars, as required by law, and instead of travel, legal postage; and the usual rate of travel from the residence of such officer to the nearest post-office; and he shall pay the register ten cents, and tax the same with his own fees.

For a bail-bond and writing the same, including principal and sureties, to be paid by the person admitted to bail, and taxed for him, if he prevails, twenty cents.

For the service of a subpoena, notice to an adverse party, or other process in which there is no command to make return, twenty-five cents; if by copy, at the rate of twelve cents a page for the copy; and travel as in other cases; and service on an adverse party, by giving him an attested copy of the notice in hand, is valid.

For levying and collecting executions in personal actions, for every dollar of the first hundred dollars, three cents; for every dollar above one hundred, and not exceeding two hundred dollars, two cents; and for every dollar above two hundred dollars, one cent.

17 Me. 433.

For serving a writ of possession, one dollar and ten cents; and if on more than one piece of land, seventy-five cents for each piece of land after the first; and the fees for levying and collecting the costs shall be the same as above provided for executions in personal actions.

For serving an execution upon a judgment of court for partition of real estate, or assignment of dower, one dollar a day and four cents a mile from the officer's place of abode to the place of service. For service of a petition to the legislature, thirty cents, and twelve cents for each page of copy, with usual travel.

For causing appraisers to be sworn, and making return of levy on real estate, fifty cents.

For each appraiser of real estate, for extending execution, or assigning dower, one dollar a day, and travel at the rate of four cents a mile going out and returning home, to be paid by the officer and charged in his return.

For advertising, in a newspaper, a right in equity of redeeming mortgaged real estate, to be sold on execution, such sum as he pays the printer

therefor; for writing and posting notices of the sale of such equity in the town where the land lies, and in two adjoining towns, one dollar and for making out a deed and return of the sale of such equity, one dollar.

When the estate or interest of any person, held by a possession or improvement, is seized and sold on execution, or the franchise or other property of a corporation, or the property of an individual, is sold on execution by a process similar thereto, and advertising in like manner, the officer is entitled to the same as in the sale of an equity of redemption.

The fees of the register of deeds for recording a levy upon real estate, or the deed of the officer for the sale of real estate on execution, and all sums paid by the officer for internal revenue stamps to be affixed to such deed, shall be taxed by the officer in his return; and every officer, making a levy on real estate by appraisal, shall cause the execution and his return thereon to be recorded by the register of deeds for the district where the land lies, within three months after such levy.

For the service of a warrant, the officer is entitled to fifty cents, and fifty cents for service of a mittimus to commit a person to jail or to the house of correction, and usual travel, with reasonable expenses incurred in the conveyance of such prisoner.

87 Me. 294.

For each aid, necessarily employed in criminal cases, including expenses, one dollar a day, and in that proportion for a longer or shorter time, and four cents a mile for travel in going out and returning home.

For the service of a subpoena in criminal cases, fifty cents; unless in special cases, when the court may increase the fees to what it judges reasonable.

For attending court, and keeping the prisoner in criminal cases, seventy-five cents for every twelve hours, and in that proportion for a greater or less time.

For travel actually performed for the service of a writ, warrant, execution or other process, six cents a mile each way, from the officer's residence to the place of the service of the precept, by the usually traveled route, with all reasonable sums actually paid for boat hire, ferriage and for crossing any toll-bridge, and postage for returning the process by mail to the court to which it is returnable. Only one travel shall be allowed for any one precept, and no constructive travel; but if the same is served on more than one person, the travel may be computed from the place of service most remote from the place of return, with all further necessary travel in serving such precept.

69 Me. 597.

No charge of such officer for service, travel or expenses paid, shall be allowed, unless the items thereof are expressly stated, and the amount of each; and no fees for constructive travel shall be allowed him for the service of a subpoena, notice to an adverse party, or other process in which there is no command to make return.

For transmitting to the selectmen of towns precepts from the governor for calling special meetings for the election of representatives to congress

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from any district, with copies of the lists of persons previously voted for, for each town, fifty cents.

Every deputy sheriff, while in attendance upon the supreme judicial court in the several counties, and while in attendance on any court where jury trials may be held, shall receive for said attendance three dollars per day. The sheriff, at its opening, shall present to the court a list of the officers attending, with a statement of the duties of each; and the court shall determine the number necessary, and disallow charges for others.

The remuneration of the officer appointed to attend the superior court for the county of Cumberland shall be three dollars a day for such attendance.

For services under chapter one hundred and fifteen, as follows; taking a debtor before a justice or justices for disclosure, travel as in service of a writ, and attendance, twenty-five cents; for a bail or other bond, twenty-five cents; and for recommitment of a prisoner when remanded, twenty-five cents; but no dollarage or commission shall be allowed to the officer for an arrest or commitment upon execution or mesne process, except upon the money actually collected; for arresting a debtor on execution, when he discloses without giving bond, fifty cents, and travel as aforesaid; for keeping him, one dollar a day for himself and each necessary aid; for notifying the creditor and justices, twenty-five cents each, and travel as aforesaid; and no officer is required to arrest a debtor on execution, unless a written direction to do so, signed by the creditor or his attorney, is indorsed thereon, and a reasonable sum for such fees is paid or secured to him, for which he shall account to the creditor as for money collected on execution.

15 Me. 469; 71 Me. 414; 103 Me. 132; 111 Me. 35.

Fees of Coroners and Constables.

Sec. 6. Coroners' fees. R. S. c. 117, § 6. Coroners are entitled to the same fees as sheriffs for similar services, except where otherwise expressly provided.

For attending court in every trial where the sheriff is concerned, twenty-five cents, and the same for attending the jury therein.

Sec. 7. Constables' fees. R. S. c. 117, § 8. 1905, c. 59. 1909, c. 163. The fees of constables for the service and return of each venire, one dollar and fifty cents, and for actual travel six cents a mile each way in posting and delivering the notices mentioned in section nine of chapter one hundred and eleven; and in notifying the juror or jurors drawn as provided in section fourteen of said chapter, to be paid out of the county treasury; and for services which may be performed either by a deputy sheriff or a constable, the constable is allowed the same fees as a deputy sheriff, unless otherwise provided.

20 Me. 481.

Jurors and Witnesses.

Sec. 8. Fees of jurors. R. S. c. 117, § 12. 1907, c. 8. Grand and traverse jurors, attending the supreme judicial court or superior courts, and jurors attending on any other occasion prescribed by law, shall each be

allowed three dollars a day for their attendance, and six cents a mile for their travel out and home, to be paid out of the county treasury.

56 Me. 307; 69 Me. 597.

Sec. 9. Fees of witnesses. R. S. c. 117, § 13. 1907, c. 66. 1909, c. 195. 1911, c. 30; c. 124. Witnesses in the supreme judicial court or superior courts or in the probate courts shall receive two dollars, and before referees, auditors or commissioners specially appointed to take testimony, one dollar and fifty cents, or before the county commissioners one dollar, for each day's attendance and six cents a mile for each mile's travel going and returning home; but the court in its discretion, may allow at the trial of any cause, civil or criminal, in said supreme judicial court or superior courts, a sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars per day for the attendance of any expert witness or witnesses at said trial, in taxing the costs of the prevailing party; but such party or his attorney of record, shall first file an affidavit, during the term at which such trial is held, and before the cause is settled, stating the name, residence, number of days in attendance and the actual amount paid or to be paid each expert witness, in attendance at such trial. And no more than two dollars per day shall be allowed or taxed by the clerk of courts, in the costs of any suit, for the per diem attendance of a witness, unless the affidavit herein provided, is filed, and the per diem is determined and allowed by the presiding justice; and before a justice of the peace, a trial justice, a judge of the municipal court, fifty cents a day attendance, and for travel, the same as the courts aforesaid.

107 Me. 288.

Allowance to Parties and Attorneys in Civil Causes.

Sec. 10. Costs to be taxed for parties, and attorneys. R. S. c. 117, § 14. Costs allowed to parties and attorneys in civil actions shall be as follows: to parties recovering costs before a trial justice, thirty-three cents for each day's attendance, and the same for every ten miles' travel; to parties recovering costs in the supreme judicial or superior courts, thirty-three cents for every ten miles' travel, and three dollars and fifty cents for attendance at each term until the action is disposed of, unless the court otherwise directs.

54 Me. 398; 55 Me. 598; 56 Me. 306; 107 Me. 157.

Costs for travel shall be taxed for the prevailing party in civil suits, according to the distance of said party or his attorney who resides nearest to the place of trial, unless said prevailing party or his attorney who resides farthest from said place of trial actually travels the greater distance for the special purpose of attending court in such cause, in which case costs shall be taxed for said last named distance, and when the action is in the name of an indorsee, and the plaintiff is the prevailing party, such costs for travel shall be taxed according to the distance of the attorney, payee or indorsee, who is nearest to the place of trial, unless the attorney, payee or indorsee, residing the greater distance from said place of trial, actually travels such greater distance for the special purpose of attending court in said cause. But no costs for travel shall be allowed for more than ten miles' distance from any justice, municipal or police court, nor for more than forty miles' distance from any other court, unless the plaintiff pre-

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vailing actually travels a greater distance, or the adverse party, if he recovers costs, by himself, his agent or attorney, in fact travels a greater distance for the special purpose of attending court in such cause.

For a power of attorney, fifty cents; and for the plaintiff's declaration, fifty cents in the supreme judicial or superior courts, but no fee for a power shall be taxed before any municipal or police court or trial justice, unless otherwise specially provided in the act establishing such court. For an issue in law or fact, there shall be allowed for an attorney's fee, two dollars and fifty cents in the supreme judicial or superior courts. A fee of five dollars shall be taxed in the plaintiff's costs for making up a conditional judgment under section ten of chapter ninety-five.

In cases of forcible entry and detainer, parties shall be allowed the same costs as in ordinary civil actions.

A party summoned as trustee and required to attend court and make a disclosure, shall be entitled to costs as follows: If the claim sued for does not exceed twenty dollars, such trustee shall be entitled to travel and attendance and twenty-five cents for the oath; and if the claim sued for exceeds twenty dollars, such trustee shall be entitled to two dollars and fifty cents in addition to the above fee, and when required to attend court for further examination such trustee shall be entitled to travel and attendance.

In all municipal and police courts the amount of costs allowed in civil actions shall depend upon the amount recovered and not upon the ad damnum in the writ; and the allowance for travel and attendance to parties recovering costs in municipal and police courts, or before any trial justice shall be limited to three terms, except that the court may, for good and sufficient cause, order such allowance for additional terms.

No costs shall accrue, be taxed or allowed, for any precept required in legal proceedings, whether in law or equity, unless the same shall issue from and bear the indorsement of an attorney at law.

Costs Taxable for the State in Criminal Prosecutions.

Sec. 11. Costs taxable for the state in criminal prosecutions. R. S. c. 117, § 15. Costs taxable for the state in criminal prosecutions shall be as follows: For the attorney acting for the state, in all cases in the supreme judicial court or superior courts, one dollar and twenty-five cents, unless there is a trial by jury, or an issue in law at the law court, in which case there shall be an additional charge of one dollar.

For the indictment in the supreme judicial court or superior court, one dollar and twenty-five cents.

For attendance, thirty-three cents a day, not to extend beyond the second week of any one term; but no fees for travel shall be allowed in any case in which the state is a party.

No attendance shall be taxed in cases of defaulted recognizances, other than is taxed in the prosecutions in which they are taken, until the return of a writ of scire facias issued thereon.

In indictments against towns for neglecting to make or repair a way, not tried by the jury, the fees taxed for the state are limited to three dollars; and the costs shall not be taxed until the action is finally disposed of.

No fees shall be allowed to complainants before the grand jury against towns for neglecting to make or repair roads; nor to any other witnesses in such cases, unless summoned by the county attorney or grand jury.

Sec. 12. Costs and expenses, how to be audited. R. S. c. 117, § 16. The established forms and mode of proceedings in criminal prosecutions shall not be changed, and the costs and expenses thereof shall be examined and audited like other county expenses, but the supreme judicial court or superior courts shall continue to allow such bills of costs.

See c. 138, § 1.

Fees Payable to State Officers.

Sec. 13. Secretary of state. R. S. c. 117, § 17. 1911, c. 152. 1913, c. 139. The secretary of state shall receive:

For a certificate under the seal of the state, one dollar; and for all copies, at the rate of twelve cents a page, if such certificate or copies are for the benefit of particular persons.

For filing and recording a certificate of trade-mark, three dollars; for recording assignment of trade-mark rights, one dollar; for the certificate of the record of a label, trade-mark, device or form of advertisement adopted by any association or union of workmen, two dollars.

For recording notice of a change in the charter or certificate of organization of a corporation, five dollars in advance.

For receiving, filing and recording copy of certificate of organization of a corporation organized under chapter fifty-one, and for filing certificate of increase of capital stock under section forty-two of said chapter, five dollars, in advance.

For receiving, filing and recording certificate of officers of a proposed insurance company, and issuing certificate of organization, twenty dollars; for receiving and filing certificate of increase of capital stock of an insurance company, ten dollars.

For receiving, filing and recording certificate of officers of a proposed fraternal beneficiary association, and issuing certificate of organization, five dollars.

For recording contract of conditional sale of railroad equipment, or written declaration of satisfaction of same, five dollars; and for noting declaration of the satisfaction of such contract on the margin of the record, one dollar.

For filing power of attorney of a foreign corporation, under section one hundred and seven of chapter fifty-one, ten dollars; for filing instrument revoking such power of attorney, five dollars; for filing copy of charter and by-laws, under section one hundred and eight of said chapter, ten dollars additional; for filing certificate of increase or reduction of stock of a foreign corporation, ten dollars.

Sec. 14. Treasurer of state. R. S. c. 117, § 17. 1909, c. 124, § 1. The treasurer of state shall receive:

For each certificate of securities deposited by a domestic insurance company under sections seventy-four and seventy-nine of chapter fifty-three, five dollars; and for each certificate granted by him upon change of such securities, five dollars.

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For services required of him in case of proceedings under section eighty-two of chapter fifty-three, two per cent of the amount received and disbursed by him.

Sec. 15. Attorney-general. R. S. c. 117, § 17. 1911, c. 163, § 4. The attorney-general shall receive for his services:

For approval of certificate of organization of a corporation under chapter fifty-one, five dollars, in advance.

For certificate that any corporation has ceased to transact business, and is excused from filing annual returns, five dollars.

For certificate that tangible property of corporation does not exceed one thousand dollars, five dollars.

See c. 69, § 24.

Sec. 16. Bank commissioner. R. S. c. 117, § 17. 1905, c. 73, § 3. 1913, c. 209. The bank commissioner shall receive for his services:

For a certificate of authorization of a loan and building association, five dollars, in advance.

For each license authorizing a foreign banking corporation to conduct its business in this state, and each renewal thereof, twenty dollars.

For receiving service of process against such corporation, or against a foreign corporation acting as trustee of a mortgage given by a domestic corporation, two dollars, which shall be paid by the plaintiff at the time of such service, and shall be recovered by him as a part of his taxable costs, if he prevails in the suit.

See c. 51, § 74.

For granting license to foreign corporations selling securities on the partial payment or instalment plan, and for each renewal thereof, twenty dollars.

See c. 52, § 128.

For registration of dealers in securities, twenty-five dollars, which shall be returned if application is not granted.

For certified copies of dealer's certificate, fifty cents each.

For registration of salesman or agent of dealer in securities, five dollars each.

For renewal of registration, five dollars.

See c. 40, §§ 12, 13, 15.

Sec. 17. Insurance commissioner. R. S. c. 117, § 17. 1905, c. 80, § 5. 1913, c. 135, §§ 2, 8. 1915, c. 103; c. 270, §§ 2, 3. The insurance commissioner shall receive:

For each certificate of qualification of a domestic insurance company to act under its charter, and for each annual renewal thereof, twenty dollars, and all traveling expenses; provided that domestic mutual fire insurance companies shall be required to pay only the actual expenses incurred by the commissioner in making the examination required by law.

For each license issued to a foreign insurance company, or foreign surety company, or credit insurance or title insurance company, or to a foreign fraternal beneficiary association, authorizing such company or association to do business in this state, and for each renewal thereof, twenty dollars.

See c. 53, § 109; c. 54, § 28-31.

For each license issued to citizens of this state authorizing them to procure policies of fire insurance in foreign insurance companies not authorized to transact business in this state, twenty dollars, payable annually.

For each license issued to an insurance broker, ten dollars.

For each license issued to a firm or corporation to act as insurance brokers, ten dollars for each person named in the license.

For each license issued to an agent of any insurance company except a domestic mutual fire insurance company, or to an agent of any fraternal beneficiary association, foreign surety company, credit insurance or title insurance company, and each renewal thereof, two dollars.

For each license issued to a firm or corporation to act as insurance agents, and each renewal thereof, two dollars for each person named in the license.

For each license issued to an adjuster of losses by fire, two dollars.

For each license issued to a manufacturer of lightning-rods, twenty dollars; for each license issued to an agent of such manufacturer, two dollars.

For approving organization of fraternal beneficiary association, five dollars.

For receiving service of process against any foreign insurance company, foreign surety, credit insurance or title insurance company or foreign fraternal beneficiary association, or against persons making reciprocal contracts of indemnity, two dollars, which shall be paid by the plaintiff at the time of such service, and shall be recovered by him as a part of the taxable costs, if he prevails in the suit.

See c. 53, § 96.

For investigating insurance frauds ten dollars a day, and his expenses, together with the fees of witnesses to be taxed as in the supreme judicial court, which shall be paid by the company requesting the investigation, to the commissioner or magistrate appointed by him.

For certificate of authority to make reciprocal contracts of indemnity under sections ninety-five to one hundred and two, both inclusive, of chapter fifty-three, and every renewal thereof, twenty dollars.

Fees Payable to Registers of Deeds.

Sec. 18. Deeds. R. S. c. 117, § 18. 1905, c. 154. 1911, c. 56. Registers of deeds shall receive for recording a deed or mortgage, or description of a family burying-ground, fifty cents.

Note. Fees for recording deeds of Indian lands, in Penobscot registry, c. 14, § 36; for recording abstracts of wills, c. 67, § 39.

Recording the assignment or release of a mortgage or certificate of discharge of an attachment, twenty-five cents.

Recording a levy, one dollar and fifty cents, and the same sum for certified copies of these instruments, as for recording them.

Entering in the margin of the record a discharge of the mortgage or attachment to be signed by the person discharging it, twelve cents.

See c. 86, § 71.

Receiving of an officer a copy of return of attachment of real estate, minuting it when it is received, keeping it on file, and entering it in a book kept for the purpose, ten cents.

See c. 86, §§ 27, 60, 61, 69; c. 115, §§ 7, 10, 30, 62.

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Receiving of an officer a copy of a return of attachment of personal property in an unincorporated place, noting thereon the time when it is received, entering it in a suitable book and keeping it on file, twenty-five cents.

Examining and certifying a copy of a plan, fifty cents, in addition to the amount paid for making the record, and a like sum for furnishing copies from the record.

Recording certificates of limited partnership, fifty cents. Receiving and filing certificate of election of clerk of a corporation, or resignation of such clerk, twenty-five cents. Recording certificates of foreclosure of mortgages, or notices of foreclosure, fifty cents.

Recording a certificate, or copy of a judgment or decree, in equity, twenty-five cents. A suitable book, with an index thereto, shall be provided wherein such certificates and copies shall be recorded.

See c. 82, §§ 13, 30; c. 96, § 39.

Receiving, filing and recording certificates of breeding stallions, fifty cents for each certificate of not more than one page, and twenty-five cents more for each additional page.

See c. 38, § 17.

Filing and indexing copy of process against a domestic corporation, twenty cents, to be paid by the officer serving it.

See c. 86, § 20.

Receiving, filing and recording certificate and description of homestead, fifty cents.

Recording copy of petition for release of attachment, and certificate that bond has been filed, seventy-five cents.

Recording certificate of approval of sale of real estate and price, when husband or wife refuses to release interest and right by descent, twenty-five cents.

Recording certificates of organization of corporations, and copies thereof for filing with the secretary of state, five dollars.

See c. 51, § 9.

Certifying the record or copy of plan showing allotment of lands in any city or town, fifty cents, to be paid by the city or town presenting such plan for record. The city or town shall also pay the cost of copying or transcribing the plan on the record.

See c. 12, § 25.

In all cases where books with printed forms are not furnished therefor, registers of deeds shall receive for receiving, filing and recording any instrument by law entitled to record, in addition to the fees now fixed by law, the sum of fifteen cents for each hundred words or fraction thereof, in excess of five hundred words.

The above fees shall be paid when the instrument is offered for record.

Fees for the Solemnization of Marriages.

Sec. 19. Fees for solemnization of marriage. R. S. c. 117, § 19. For solemnizing a marriage and certifying the same, every ordained minister or justice of the peace, and every woman appointed for the purpose, shall be entitled to one dollar and twenty-five cents.

Fees of Town Clerks.

Sec. 20. Town clerks. R. S. c. 117, § 20. 1905, c. 43. 1911, c. 69, § 4. 1913, c. 157; c. 190, § 2. 1915, c. 276, § 3. Clerks of cities and towns shall receive for recording mortgages of personal property and notices of foreclosure of the same, and descriptions of family burying-grounds, fifty cents.

For recording assignments of wages, certificates of discharge of attachments and notices of finding lost money, goods or stray beasts, twenty-five cents.

For receiving of an officer a copy of return of attachment of personal property, noting thereon the time when it is received, entering it in a suitable book and keeping it on file, ten cents.

For filing copy of petition for release of attachment and certificate, and making necessary certificate thereof, twenty cents.

For entering and recording intentions of marriage, giving certificate of same, one dollar, to be paid on issuing the certificate of intention.

For recording sheep marks, ten cents.

See c. 38, § 16.

For recording certificates of partners, withdrawal of a partner, and of persons engaging in trade under a name, style or designation other than his own, twenty-five cents each.

For a certificate of a birth, marriage or death, ten cents; for affixing an official seal, when necessary, twenty-five cents more.

The clerk of each city or town shall be paid by such city or town for receiving, recording and returning the facts required by chapter sixty-four to be recorded, the sum of fifteen cents for each birth, marriage or death.

For every birth, marriage or death collected and recorded under section forty of chapter sixty-four, the clerk shall receive from the town twenty-five cents.

For each oath recorded by him the clerk shall receive from the town five cents.

For receiving and recording affidavit correcting record of birth, marriage or death, and forwarding copy, under section thirty-eight of chapter sixty-four, the clerk shall receive from the town fifty cents.

For reporting to treasurer of state names of persons dying, and names of next of kin, twenty-five cents, to be paid by the state.

See c. 69, § 27.

For recording license for cultivation of clams, and any assignment thereof, fifty cents.

See c. 45, § 56.

For recording petition for enforcement of lien on monumental work, fifty cents.

See c. 96, § 62.

In all cases where books with printed forms are not furnished therefor, the clerk shall receive for receiving and recording any instrument by law entitled to be recorded, in addition to the fees now provided by law, the sum of fifteen cents for each one hundred words or fraction thereof in excess of five hundred words; provided, however, if the instrument to be recorded does not exceed in length two hundred and fifty words, the fee for recording the same shall be twenty-five cents.

Fees of Weighers, Measurers and Surveyors.

Sec. 21. Surveyors of lumber. R. S. c. 117, § 21. Surveyors of boards, plank, timber and joist shall receive, for viewing only, six cents a thousand feet; for measuring and marking the same, six cents more; and in that proportion for any part of a thousand, to be paid by the buyer.

Surveyors of shingles and clapboards shall receive, for surveying and telling, six cents a thousand to be paid by the buyer.

Viewers and cullers of staves and hoops shall receive, for barrel staves, twenty-five cents a thousand, and for hogshead and butt staves, thirty-three cents a thousand, whether refuse or merchantable; the merchantable to be paid for by the buyer, the refuse by the seller; and the culler of hoops shall be allowed forty cents a thousand.

Surveyors shall receive at the rate of four cents a thousand feet board measure for viewing and inspecting mill logs, and two cents a thousand, in addition, for measuring and marking the quantity and quality of the logs, and making out and delivering certificates of the same, to be paid by the buyer.

Sec. 22. Measurers of wood and bark. R. S. c. 117, § 21. Measurers of fire-wood and bark shall receive such fees for their services as the municipal officers of the town appoint, to be paid by the driver, and repaid by the buyer when brought by land, and by the wharfinger when brought by water.

Sec. 23. Sealers of weights and measures. R. S. c. 117, § 21. 1911, c. 57. The fees of sealers of weights and measures, for testing and adjusting scales, weights and measures by the town standard, to be paid by the persons for whom the service is rendered, are as follows: for testing railroad track scales of forty thousand pounds capacity and upwards, two dollars; elevator scales of twenty thousand pounds capacity and upwards, one dollar and fifty cents; platform scales of five thousand pounds capacity and upwards, one dollar; dormant scales of less than five thousand pounds capacity, fifty cents; dormant beef track scales, fifty cents; platform scales of less than five thousand pounds capacity, fifty cents; beam scales of over one thousand pounds capacity, fifty cents; platform scales of less than one thousand pounds capacity, twenty-five cents; platform counter scales, twenty-five cents; counter balance or trip scales, ten cents; spring balance scales, fifteen cents; weights, each, three cents; measures, wet and dry, each three cents; yardsticks, each, five cents; coal baskets, each, ten cents; milk cans, large size, five cents each; milk cans, small size, three cents each; milk bottles, in lots of one gross or less, one cent each, in lots from one to two gross, three-fourths of a cent each, in lots of more than two gross and not over four gross, one-half cent each, in lots greater than four gross, one-fourth of a cent each; for adjusting or repairing any scale, a fair and reasonable compensation; for adjusting weights when either light or heavy, not to exceed ten cents each; for adjusting measures, wet or dry, when either large or small, not to exceed ten cents each; for adjusting yardsticks, not to exceed five cents each; for adjusting any weight or measure not mentioned above, a fair and reasonable compensation.

General Provisions.

Sec. 24. Number of words to a written page. R. S. c. 117, § 23. Two hundred and forty words constitute a written "page," if the writing contains that number, and where no other rule is provided, public officers shall be allowed for copies which they are required by law to furnish, twelve cents a page; for affixing an official seal to the same, when necessary, twenty-five cents more.

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Sec. 25. Fees not provided for. R. S. c. 117, § 24. In cases not expressly provided for, the fees of all public officers, for any official service, shall be at the same rate as are prescribed in this chapter for like services.

Sec. 26. Fees for entering appeal. R. S. c. 117, § 25. No trial justice, or judge or other officer of any municipal or police court, shall demand or receive any fees for entertaining an appeal or taking a recognizance to prosecute it, in a criminal case. The legal fees therefor may be taxed in the bill of costs, and certified and paid like other fees.

Sec. 27. Account of items in writing may be required. R. S. c. 117, § 26. Every officer or other person upon receiving any fees herein stated, if required by the person paying them, shall make a particular account thereof, in writing; specifying for what they accrued, or he forfeits to such person treble the sum paid, to be recovered in an action of debt.

Sec. 28. Penalty for overcharging costs. R. S. c. 117, § 27. If any attorney at law or other person demands or takes for a writ of attachment with a summons, or for an original summons with the declaration, returnable before a trial justice, judge or recorder of a municipal or police court, more than one dollar and fifty-seven cents from the defendant; or, in the taxation of costs, such justice, judge or recorder, taxes or allows more than that sum for the same, he forfeits to the defendant not less than five, nor more than ten dollars, to be recovered in an action of debt, but nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to reduce the fees of municipal courts otherwise established by law.