

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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Legislative Record

of the

Seventy-Third Legislature

of the

State of Maine.

1907.

Gordon, Higgins, Leader, Lynch, Martin of Bangor, Moore, Morneau, Perry of Fort Fairfield, Randall—12.

So the amendment was adopted.

The order as amended then received a passage.

On motion of Mr. Cobb, of Gardiner, Adjourned.

SENATE.

Friday, February 15, 1907.

Senate called to order by the President.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Evans of Augusta.

Journal of the previous session read and approved.

Papers from the House disposed of in concurrence.

On motion by Mr. Putnam of Aroostook it was Ordered, the House concurring, that when the Senate and House adjourned they adjourn to meet on Monday, February 18, 1907, at 4.30 P. M.

This order was subsequently returned from the House concurred in by that branch.

House Bills Read and Assigned.

On motion of Mr. Staples of Knox. Bill, "An Act in relation to reports of hearings in vacation in law or equity," was tabled pending its first meeting.

An Act to amend Chapter 267 of the Private and Special Laws of 1905 in relation to Alfred Light and Power Co., and to legalize its issue of bonds.

An Act to amend Section 1 of Chapter 128 of the Revised Statutes relating to domestic animals.

An Act to amend Section 30 and Section 32 of Chapter 29 of the Revised Statutes, Section 5 of Chapter 38 of the Public Laws of 1905, and Section 6 of Chapter 68 of the Public Laws of 1905, in relation to the jurisdiction of municipal and police courts and trial justices.

Resolve in aid of the Temporary Home for Women and Children at Portland.

An Act to repeal an act incorporating the town of Mattamiscontis, approved March 8, 1839, and providing for the adjustment and payment of its indebtedness.

An Act to repeal Chapter 58 of the Private and Special Laws of 1821, entitled "An Act to set off Jonathan Moody with his family and estate from the town of Whitefield and to annex them to the town of Gerry."

An Act to amend Section 1 of Chapter 186 of the Private and Special Laws of 1887 to set off a part of the farm of

W. Holman Fisher from the Village Corporation of Fort Fairfield.

An Act to incorporate the town of East Millinocket.

The following communication was from the secretary of State:

"To the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House:

I have the honor to herewith transmit the report of the State superintendent of public schools for the year of 1906.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) A. I. BROWN,
Secretary of State."

which was referred to the committee on education.

The following bills, petitions and resolves were presented and referred:

Judiciary.

By Mr. Deasy of Hancock—Bill, "An Act to amend Section 4 of Chapter 174 of the Public Laws of 1905, relating to the compensation of sheriffs."

By Mr. Merrill of Cumberland—"An Act additional to Section 36 of Chapter 65 of the Revised Statutes, relating to courts of probate."

By Mr. Houston of Piscataquis—Bill, "An Act to amend charter of Milo Water Co."

By Mr. Heselton of Kennebec (under suspension of the rules) Bill, An Act to incorporate the Winthrop Spring Co.

Also Bill, An Act to prevent the pollution of the waters of Cobbosseecontee, Great pond, Jamie's pond, Sanborn pond, Purgatory, Pleasant pond and Cobbosseecontee river.

Legal Affairs.

By Mr. Mills of Hancock—Bill, "An Act to authorize the Ben Venue Granite Co. to erect and maintain wharves on the shores of Crotch Island and Green Head."

By Mr. Eaton of Washington—Bill, "An Act to amend Section 21 of Chapter 6 of the Revised Statutes relating to the filling of vacancies in the office of ballot clerks."

Appropriations and Financial Affairs.

By Mr. Barrows of Penobscot—Petition of G. B. Noyes, M. D., of Charleston and 23 others for resolve in favor of Maine State Sanatorium Association.

By Mr. Staples of Knox—Petition of

the Shakespeare Club of Rockland, 40 members, urging an appropriation for a State of Maine exhibit at the Jamestown exposition, and the reproduction of the home of Longfellow as the Maine State building.

By Mr. Clarke of Lincoln—Petition of the Monday Club of Boothbay Harbor, 22 members, for same.

By Mr. Theriault of Aroostook—Petition of the Woman's Club of Houlton, 30 members, for same.

By Mr. Stearns of Penobscot—Petition of Mrs. C. P. Brown and 10 others of Bangor for same.

By Mr. Parkhurst of Penobscot—Petition of the Norumbega Club of Bangor, 43 members, for same.

By Mr. Wyman of Washington—Petition of Effie W. Talbot and 32 others of Machias for same.

Education.

By Mr. Libby of Waldo—Resolve in favor of Freedom Academy.

By Mr. Rice of Franklin—Petition of O. L. Jones and 44 others, citizens of Corinna, for the adequate support of the University of Maine.

By Mr. Rice of Franklin—Petition of R. E. Gould and 57 others, citizens of Ellsworth, for the same.

By Mr. Wyman of Washington—Petition of E. W. Wallace and 50 others of Milbridge asking an act be passed so that the supervisor of schools be elected in same manner as the selectmen.

Railroads and Expresses.

By Mr. Tartre of York—Bill, "An Act to amend Section 30, Chapter 51, of the Revised Statutes relating to railroad branch tracks."

By Mr. Libby of Waldo—Bill, "An Act to extend the charter of the Camden & Liberty Railway."

By Mr. Deasy of Hancock—Bill, "An Act to provide for amendments to Articles of Association filed under Chapter 53 of the Revised Statutes relating to street railroads."

By Mr. Wyman of Washington—Petition of S. K. Cushman and 20 others of Steuben asking for 2-cent mileages on Washington County Railroad.

Also—Petition of E. W. Wallace and 96 others for 2-cent mileages on Washington County Railway.

Banks and Banking.

By Mr. Parkhurst of Penobscot—Bill, "An Act to extend the charter of the City Trust Co. of Bangor, Maine."

Fish and Game.

By Mr. Houston of Piscataquis—Petition of Lyman Blair and 13 others to open Brassua lake to winter fishing from February 15 to March 15 of each year.

Shore Fisheries.

By Mr. Wyman of Washington—Petition of A. H. Wallace and 73 others for a close time on lobsters from June 1st to August 15th in Washington county inside a line drawn from Seal Cove at Boisbubert Island to Cape Split.

Also—Petition of Seymore Pinkham and 15 others for a close time on lobsters from June 1st to August 15th in Washington county inside a line drawn from Seal Cove at Boisbubert Island to Cape Split.

Also—Petition of August Gording and 16 others for a close time on lobsters from June 1st to August 15th in Washington county inside a line drawn from Seal Cove to Boisbubert Island to Cape Split.

Also—Petition of H. H. Brazzel and 37 others to amend the general fish law in Narraguagus bay, Washington county, as far as it relates to smelts.

Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. Foss of Cumberland—Petitions of H. W. Churchill and 704 others in favor of removing the seat of government from Augusta to Portland.

By Mr. Merrill of Cumberland—Petitions of T. A. Johnson and 1234 others in favor of same.

By Mr. Proctor of Cumberland—Petitions of Leroy F. Pike and 1231 others in favor of same.

By Mr. Wyman of Washington—Remonstrance of Guy Smith and 12 others against removing State capital.

Temperance.

By Mr. Stearns of Penobscot—Remonstrance of C. E. Young and others of Millinocket against Resubmission.

Orders.

Mr. Heselton of Kennebec presented

the following order, and moved its passage:

Ordered that, the House concurring for the purpose of determining the expediency of Sections 14 to 35 inclusive of Chapter 29 of the Revised Statutes, a subject matter referred by joint order of this Legislature to the joint standing committee on temperance, and, at the same time considering the substitution for the agency system now existing under State laws the plan of dispensing intoxicating liquors for medicinal and mechanical purposes through reputable drug stores, another question before this same committee by the direction of this Legislature, and for the further purpose (if, in the judgment of this committee, the local agency system should be retained) of recommending any needful amendments, which, in the opinion of the committee, would add to the efficiency of the present laws governing the sale of intoxicating liquors by authority of the State and prevent the unlawful sale of said liquors by these agencies, the committee on temperance is empowered and authorized to summon such persons and send for such books and papers, as in the committee's judgment will be of assistance to them in making a report to this Legislature, and, at any hearing under this order may administer oaths, examine witnesses and employ a stenographer, or any other assistance necessary for the performance of these duties.

Mr. Heselton of Kennebec:

Mr. President: In support of this order, I beg the indulgence of the Senate for a few minutes while I explain, if explanation is necessary, its purpose and scope. If possible I want to disassociate any action directed by this order from an investigation of any person or department and thus save it from falling under the ban of the senatorial order recently adopted and consequent defeat.

I am going to assume that the senators present know there are public criticisms in the press of both parties, as to the maner in which certain local agencies authorized by our statutes have been conducted. If proper I might say that personal criticisms of the con-

duct of these agencies have been made me by Republican and Democratic members of this Legislature. I might add that respectable men of this State have complained that some of these agencies were being used apparently by the municipalities in which they were located for the purpose of making money, and that excessive prices have been there charged for those liquors. And I might say that in some cases the complaints have been made that minors and drunkards have been able to procure intoxicating liquors from some of these agencies. If those complaints and criticisms are true it may be possible that different restrictions will accomplish better results. I am willing that the dead past of these complaints and criticisms may bury its dead, excepting in so far, as through their verification or refutation this committee may gain some light for the proper regulation of this law. It seems to me that it is not a debatable question that the citizens should have some proper and legalized place where they can obtain intoxicating liquor for medicinal and mechanical purposes, and it appeals to me just as strongly that as a State we should not authorize the municipalities to sell these liquors for gain. More than this the unfortunate drunkard and the minor should be protected here by vigilant enforcement of rigid laws as he is in case of any violation of the prohibitory law.

The law as it now stands may be as perfect and protective as it can be made. If that is so and the committee satisfies itself of the fact and so reports to the Legislature I believe it will go far to allay these public criticisms and complaints. All I ask and all I expect of the committee is to take some means to satisfy themselves of whether this law needs to be revised. If it does then by some means, and we here give them the power in this order to select the means, let this committee discover and recommend to us those changes.

There are now before the Legislature two measures, one for the repeal of the law which authorizes these agencies without substituting therefor anything in their stead. I should regard this

unwise legislation. The other measure authorizes the substitution of drug stores for the agencies. It may be that this latter measure, if properly safeguarded, would be a wise one. Whatever the committee determines I will be satisfied with. In the usual legislative way these orders will come before the committee. What is everybody's business, is nobody's business. The usual course that such a measure takes before a committee is this: If it is presented to a committee through an order of this Legislature, and notices are published, then, if no one appears at the meeting, it simply passes out of existence and the complaints, the criticisms and the conditions which exist alone remain.

It may seem to the gentlemen of the Senate that I ought to be more specific in referring to these agencies and not by generalizations bring before you this subject. I know it is invidious to make comparisons and so regard it. My knowledge of the workings of these agencies is limited; and if I make reference to them particularly I may cause them to think that I have selected them personally for criticisms in public. It is not so. I shall refer to particular agencies and those about which I am acquainted, solely for the purpose of bringing before this Senate fairly and honestly my reasons for presenting the order.

I will first refer to the agency that exists in the city of Gardiner. I believe there is no agency in the State more carefully protected than is this one. We have an honest agent. I think he dispenses liquors there without any personal gain to himself outside of his salary; yet I do know that the joint committee selected by our city government only the other day to investigate the agency found that certain liquors sold there were retailed at a price 100 per cent. above what the same liquors could be bought in open market. This condition might be considered a fault by our committee which upon investigation—no, I will not use that word, for I realize how sensitive this Legislature is over the word "investigation"—upon examination, might be remedied.

I know also that one of our manufacturers who had occasion, as the senator from Penobscot will understand is the case in all paper mills, to use alcohol for mechanical purposes, went to this agency to get alcohol to use in his mill; that which he got was of such poor quality, so adulterated and reduced in proof that he could not make it use of it as it spoiled the product that was being manufactured in the mill.

This committee, after careful examination, might find some way in which such conditions as those which I have called attention to might be remedied.

I know further than that that a little agency has been established out here in Chelsea, four miles from any municipal settlement and within half a mile of Togus Home, where 2,500 old soldiers live, many of them sent there because of their misuse of alcohol and alcoholic stimulants. I know that officers of that Home have complained to me that the largest part of the patronage of that agency was from the Togus Home. How could it be otherwise? There is not a house within a quarter of a mile of this agency. There is not a collection of houses within half a mile of it. If you will examine the report of the agencies you will find that this agency has made a large sum of money for the municipality. Is that the object for which we establish these agencies?

I know still further, and I am still speaking of the neighboring towns in my own jurisdiction, Republican towns heretofore and I may add there are no party politics in this measure which I have discovered. Some objectionable features exist in all of them. I will refer now to the little town of Randolph. In that town in the last five years the agency has been able to make for the town of Randolph, through the sales of liquors there, something like \$10,000. If that is what the agency is formed for, why it should it be continued in that way. What I simply ask for in this order is for this committee to consider all these facts and say if there is any fault here in

these conditions, and if there is, try to discover some means of remedying it.

Now I am going to refer to the city of Waterville; and I have here some facts which I wish the Senate to consider. These figures have been furnished me over the signature of Herbert C. Libby, the editor of the Waterville Mail and as an introduction for these figures, let me read just one paragraph of his letter: "We have contended in our publications that the Waterville agency is nothing more or less than an open rum shop, run under the guise of an agency; and for the substantiation of such belief you have only to study the figures which are now in your hands. The apparent ease with which one can procure liquors in this agency will easily suggest to any son of Maine that in the breeding of hypocrisy of which the press of the Democratic party have such abhorrence, the Waterville agency should cause the law to pale into insignificance." This agency was revived March 29, 1906, and I have the report here down to and including, I think, Feb. 1, 1907, and I want you to note certain facts which appear from this report which can be substantiated from an examination of the records of this agency.

I will first give you a statement of the amount of liquors bought by months for the Waterville City Liquor Agency:

April, 1906	\$1,123.26
May, 1906	1,604.35
June, 1906	1,935.35
July, 1906	1,649.55
August, 1906	1,808.32
September, 1906	1,275.58
October, 1906	2,229.18
November, 1906	1,828.53
December, 1906	2,480.11
January, 1907	1,292.86
	\$17,227.08
Value of liquors on hand March 29, 1906	1,683.84
	\$18,910.92
Value of liquors on hand Jan. 31, 1907	1,952.71
Cost of liquors dispensed for the 10 months	\$16,958.21
Sales of the Waterville City Liquor Agency by months:	
March, 1906 (the last three days)	\$ 223.08

April, 1906	1,978.28	
May, 1906	2,257.36	
June, 1906	2,526.87	
July, 1906	2,370.76	
August, 1906	2,601.28	
September, 1906	2,901.08	
October, 1906	2,538.61	
November, 1906	2,247.94	
December, 1906	2,385.10	
January, 1907	2,017.76	
	<hr/>	\$24,048.12
Cost of liquors, as above	\$16,958.21	
Expense, salaries, rent, fuel, trucking, etc.	1,317.01	
	<hr/>	18,275.22
		<hr/>
		\$5,772.90

The net profit to the beautiful city of Waterville under the administration of Mayor Jones, the chairman of the State Democratic committee is \$5772.90.

The major part of that liquor is purchased through an agency represented by another member of the State Democratic committee.

Now let us see another picture which these figures reveal.

Daily sales of the Waterville Liquor Agency during a part of December, 1906, including Christmas and the day before New Years. I want you to notice how these sales increase on certain days—especially Saturday—undoubtedly anticipating an epidemic which seems prevalent there every Sunday.

Monday, Dec. 17 (Monday is a poor day in the agency for the city of Waterville)	\$77.27
Tuesday, Dec. 18 (Tuesday was a little poorer day)	70.43
Wednesday, Dec. 20 (Wednesday a still poorer day)	58.08
Thursday, Dec. 20 (Thursday business was reviving)	70.71
Friday, Dec. 21 (still increasing)....	85.97
Saturday, Dec. 22 (Saving up a stock of goods apparently for sickness anticipated on Sunday)	190.35
Monday, Dec. 24 (Evidently Christmas was a dangerous day in the city of Waterville; sickness was again anticipated and so they sold on that day in that agency).....	206.28
Tuesday, Dec. 25 (agency was closed for business.)	
Wednesday, Dec. 26 (business was dull)	58.82
Thursday, Dec. 27	72.80
Friday, Dec. 28 (it is beginning to revive at the end of week).....	65.94
Saturday, Dec. 29	118.48

That was for those prevalent diseases that afflict the people of Waterville on Sunday.

Monday, Dec. 31 (New Year's day)..163.04

Now let us examine another phase of this agency which may shed some light

upon the possibilities of this law as it now exists.

The number of customers registered daily at the Waterville Liquor Agency from Jan. 5, 1907 to Feb. 14, 1907:

Saturday, Jan. 5	216
Monday, Jan. 7	140
Tuesday, Jan. 8	103
Wednesday, Jan. 9	77
Thursday, Jan. 10	39
Friday, Jan. 11	115
Saturday, Jan. 12	236
Monday, Jan. 14	129
Tuesday, Jan. 15	114
Wednesday, Jan. 16	101
Thursday, Jan. 17	109
Friday, Jan. 18	138
Saturday, Jan. 19	244
Monday, Jan. 21	120
Tuesday, Jan. 22	108
Wednesday, Jan. 23	104
Thursday, Jan. 24	100
Friday, Jan. 25	135
Saturday, Jan. 26	270
Monday, Jan. 28	147
Tuesday, Jan. 29	123
Wednesday, Jan. 30	111
Thursday, Jan. 31	95
Friday, Feb. 1	83
Saturday, Feb. 2	241
Monday, Feb. 4	128
Tuesday, Feb. 5	90
Wednesday, Feb. 6	119
Thursday, Feb. 7	99
Friday, Feb. 8	122
Saturday, Feb. 9	255
Monday, Feb. 11	143
Tuesday, Feb. 12	132
Wednesday, Feb. 13	107

Now there is another picture which may reveal something to us of the conditions under which certain agencies can be conducted; and if so it may suggest some fault and possible remedy to our committee (and I have great respect for the personnel of this committee of temperance on the part of the Senate. I do not know the members from the House.) I know that if this question is submitted before my friend, Senator Brown, and before my friend, Senator Hastings, or my friend, Senator Mills, it will receive due consideration, and if there is a way in which a law can be devised that will protect these agencies in their legitimate functions, it will be done by these gentlemen. That is the only reason why I bring you a picture of the conditions of these agencies.

Let me now give you this review of figures and facts to show you that on holidays, gentlemen of the Senate, it would be for your benefit to stay out of Waterville. There is a dangerous atmosphere there.

The daily sales of the Waterville Liquor Agency for a part of September, 1906, including the holding of the Central Maine fair, Sept. 11 to Sept. 14, inclusive:

Tuesday, Sept. 11	\$140.50
Wednesday, Sept. 12	201.15
Thursday, Sept. 13	243.01
Friday, Sept. 14	160.89
Saturday, Sept. 15	193.08

The next week after the fair was closed the sales were:

Monday, Sept. 17	\$5.88
Tuesday, Sept. 18	67.29
Wednesday, Sept. 19	60.42
Thursday, Sept. 20	69.81
Friday, Sept. 21	78.93

The health conditions had reached their normal state.

Saturday, Sept. 22	196.98
Monday, Sept. 24	30.39
Tuesday, Sept. 25	81.18
Wednesday, Sept. 26	71.02
Thursday, Sept. 27	74.37
Friday, Sept. 28	100.06
Saturday, Sept. 29	199.41

The daily sales of the Waterville City Liquor Agency during a part of November, 1906, including Thanksgiving:

Wednesday, Nov. 21	\$ 72.13
Thursday, Nov. 22	49.68
Friday, Nov. 23	75.29
Saturday, Nov. 24	171.61
Monday, Nov. 26	76.63
Tuesday, Nov. 27	77.63
Wednesday, Nov. 28	123.56
Thursday, Nov. 29 (Thanksgiving) ..	26.50
Friday, Nov. 30	68.05

Gentlemen, I have introduced these data to show you two things: First, as it seems to me, there is something radically wrong in the restrictions governing the sales made by these agencies. Second, that this city of Waterville like other municipalities, is running an agency apparently for municipal gain, and if these deductions are fair, and the law as it is at present upon the Statute Book allow these conditions, then I believe there should be some change in that law. Therefore, what is asked by this order is to submit the whole question to our committee on temperance, and allow them to look into the subject; and, if possible, devise a better law for the management of the agencies in this State.

I ask when the vote has been taken upon this question, it be taken by the yeas and nays.

Mr. STAPLES of Knox: Mr. Presi-

dent, there have been a great many statements made by the senator from Kennebec to which at the proper time I shall endeavor to reply. I am not prepared at this moment to answer many of the criticisms upon the municipality of Waterville that has been made. I therefore at this time move that the order lie upon the table, and I give the senator notice that in a few days I will take it from the table.

Mr. HESELTON: Mr. President, I am frank to say that I would like to accord to the senator from Knox the courtesy which he denied me yesterday. I want him to examine the figures and prepare such reply as he sees fit. I want further for him to appreciate that I know the graveyard in which these orders are usually buried and that is the one under the title of "lying upon the table."

I wish in justice to myself and to the committee to whom I wish to have this matter referred, because the question of the adoption of the drug store plan comes up before this temperance committee next Wednesday—I wish he would state specifically the date when he will take this matter from the table.

Mr. STAPLES: Mr. President, I will do so. I will take it up next Tuesday forenoon.

The order was thereupon tabled and Tuesday, Feb. 19, assigned.

Read and Assigned.

An act to create a lien on manufactured staves and laths.

An act fixing the compensation of the clerk of the municipal court for the city of Lewiston.

Reports of Committees.

Mr. Ayer for the committee on labor on Bill "An Act to amend Chapter 40 of the Revised Statutes relating to the employment of minors," reported same in new draft under same title and that it ought to pass.

The same senator for the committee on interior waters on Bill "An Act authorizing the erection and maintenance of piers and booms in the West Branch of the Penobscot river," reported same in new draft under same title, and that it ought to pass.

Mr. Brown for the committee on agriculture, on Resolve providing for preventing contagious diseases among horses and cattle, reported that same ought to pass.

Mr. Rice for the committee on education on "Resolve in favor of Madawaska Training School," reported same ought to pass.

Mr. Stearns for the same committee on Bill, "An Act to amend Section 2 of Chapter 465 of the Private and Special Laws of 1868 providing for the election of a superintending school committee and superintendent of schools in the city of Lewiston," reported same ought to pass.

Mr. Eaton for the committee on appropriations and financial affairs, on Resolve providing for epidemic or emergency fund, reported that same ought to pass.

Mr. Putnam for the committee on judiciary, on Bill, "An Act to amend Chapter 212 of the Private and Special Laws of 1903 as amended by Chapter 139 of the Private and Special Laws of 1905, relating to the Searsport Water Company and the Stockton Springs Water Company, reported same in new draft, under title of "An Act to amend Chapter 212 of the Private and Special Laws of 1903 as amended by Chapter 139 of the Private and Special Laws of 1905, relating to the Searsport Water Company, and that it ought to pass.

The foregoing reports were accepted and the Bills and Resolves reported ought to pass were tabled for printing under the joint rules.

Mr. Mills for the committee on legal affairs, on Bill, "An Act whereby engineers running steam engines and boilers shall be compelled to be examined as to proper qualifications for engineering and firing, reported that the same ought not to pass. Report accepted.

Mr. Simpson for the committee on appropriations and financial affairs, on "Resolve providing for the participation of the State of Maine in the Jamestown Ter-Centennial Exposition," reported that same ought not to pass. On motion of Mr. Stearns of Penobscot the report was tabled, pending its acceptance.

The same senator for the same committee, on Report of the State treasurer for the year ending Dec. 31, 1906, reported that the same be placed on file.

Passed to Be Engrossed.

An Act to amend Chapter 31 of the Private and Special Laws for 1905, entitled "An Act to authorize the Houlton Water Company to generate, sell, and distribute electricity."

An Act to amend Chapter 145 of the Private and Special Laws of 1887 entitled "An Act to provide sewerage in the town of Houlton."

An Act to repeal Chapter 6 of the Private and Special Laws of 1891, entitled "An Act additional to and amendatory of an Act granting a new charter to Bates College."

Resolve in favor of a bridge on the St. John river at Van Buren.

An Act to amend Chapter 227 of the Private and Special Laws of 1880, entitled "An Act to supply the people of Houlton with pure water," as amended by Chapter 497 of the Private and Special Laws of 1889, and as amended by Chapter 148 of the Private and Special Laws of 1903, and as amended by Chapter 3 of the Private and Special Laws of 1905.

An Act to repeal Chapter 228 entitled "An Act to annex certain lands belonging to Enoch A. Glidden to the town of Alna.

An Act to amend Section 50 of Chapter 93 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Maine.

Passed to Be Enacted.

An Act to amend Section 58 of Chapter 2 of the Revised Statutes, relating to deposits by the State treasurer.

An Act to amend Section 25 of Chapter 9 of the Revised Statutes, relating to taxation of property of manufacturing, mining and smelting corporations.

An Act additional to Chapter 420 of the Private and Special Laws of 1889, entitled "An Act to incorporate the New Portland and Eustis Telephone and Telegraph Company."

An Act to provide for the protection of trees and shrubs from the introduction and ravages of dangerous insects and diseases.

An Act to incorporate the Atlantic Trust Company.

An Act to extend the charter of the Lily Water Company.

Finally Passed.

Resolve in favor of the Waldo County General hospital.

Resolve in favor of Kingman and Drew plantation.

Resolve in favor of the Maine Eye and Ear Infirmary.

Resolve in favor of Lettie Whittier of Mt. Vernon.

Resolve in favor of J. W. Allen, secretary of the committee on State prison.

On motion by Mr. Brown of Kennebec the Senate adjourned to meet on Monday, Feb. 18, 1907, at 1.30 P. M.