MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LEGISLATIVE RECORD

OF THE

One-Hundredth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1961

DAILY KENNEBEC JOURNAL AUGUSTA, MAINE

HOUSE

Wednesday, March 15, 1961

The House met according to adjournment and was called to order by the Speaker.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Raymond Wilbur of the Congregational Church, Brewer.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Papers from the Senate Senate Reports of Committees Leave to Withdraw

Report of the Committee on Highways on Bill "An Act relating to Descriptive Signs Concerning School Buses" (S. P. 344) (L. D. 1077) reporting Leave to Withdraw Came from the Senate read and accepted.

In the House, the Report was read and accepted in concurrence.

Ought to Pass in New Draft

Report of the Committee on Transportation on Bill "An Act relating to Disposition of Fines for Vehicle Overload Violators" (S. P. 397) (L. D. 1262) reporting same in a new draft (S. P. 488) (L. D. 1480) under same title and that it "Ought to pass"

Came from the Senate with the Report read and accepted and the New Draft passed to be engrossed.

In the House, the Report was read and accepted in concurrence, the New Draft read twice and assigned the next legislative day.

Ought to Pass

Report of the Committee on Judiciary reporting "Ought to pass" on Bill "An Act relating to Fee of Outside Attorneys to Practice in Maine" (S. P. 169) (L. D. 415)

Report of the Committee on Legal Affairs reporting same on Bill "An Act relating to Plantations Organized Upon Application of Three or More Citizens" (S. P. 257) (L. D. 774)

Report of the Committee on Liquor Control reporting same on Bill "An Act relating to Location of State Liquor Stores" (S. P. 297) (L. D. 908) Report of same Committee reporting same on Bill "An Act relating to Sales of Discontinued Items of Liquor in State Stores" (S. P. 436) (L. D. 1308)

Report of the Committee on State Government reporting same on Resolve Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution to Limit to Retirement Purposes the Use of Funds of the Maine State Retirement System (S. P. 306) (L. D. 894)

Came from the Senate with the Reports read and accepted and the Bills and Resolve passed to be engrossed.

In the House, Reports were read and accepted in concurrence, the Bills read twice, Resolve read cnce, and assigned the next legislative day.

Ought to Pass with Committee Amendment

Report of the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs on Resolve Providing for E me rgency Renovation of Existing Facilities at the Maine State Prison (S. P. 249) (L. D. 766) reporting "Ought to pass" as amended by Committee Amendment "A" submitted therewith.

Came from the Senate with the Report read and accepted and the Resolve passed to be engrossed as amended by Committee Amendment "A".

In the House, the Report was read and accepted in concurrence and the Resolve read once.

Committee Amendment "A" was read by the Clerk as follows:

to S. P. 249, L. D. 766, Resolve, Providing for Emergency Renovation of Existing Facilities at the Maine State Prison.

Amend said Resolve, in the 3rd and 4th lines from the end, by striking out the words "the purpose of this act has been accomplished" and inserting in place thereof the word and figures 'June 30, 1963'

Committee Amendment "A" was adopted in concurrence and the Resolve assigned for second reading the next legislative day.

Referred to Committee on Legal Affairs

Report of the Committee on Natural Resources on Bill "An Act relating to Work on Shade and Ornamental Trees" (S. P. 201) (L. D. 534) reporting "Ought to pass" as amended by Committee Amendment "A" submitted therewith.

Came from the Senate with the Report read and accepted, Committee Amendment "A" adopted, and the Bill referred to the Committee on Legal Affairs.

In the House, the Report was read and accepted in concurrence and the Bill read twice.

Committee Amendment "A" was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S. P. 201, L. D. 534, Bill, "An Act Relating to Work on Shade and Ornamental Trees."

Amend said Bill in that part designated "Sec. 66-D" by adding after subsection III a new underlined subsection IV, to read as follows:

'IV. Others. Highway contractors, subcontractors and their employees in the execution of contracts for the construction or maintenance of highways.'

Committee Amendment "A" was adopted and the Bill referred to the Committee on Legal Affairs in concurrence.

Non-Concurrent Matter

Bill "An Act Increasing Indebtedness of Town of Orono High School District" (H. P. 409) (L. D. 584) which was passed to be engrossed in the House on February 22.

Came from the Senate passed to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendment "A" in non-concurrence.

In the House: The House voted to recede from its action of February 22 whereby the Bill was passed to be engrossed.

Senate Amendment "A" was read by the Clerk as follows:

SENATE AMENDMENT "A" to H. P. 409, L. D. 584, Bill, "An Act Increasing Indebtedness of Town of Orono High School District."

Amend said Bill by inserting at the beginning of the first line after the enacting clause the underlined abbreviation and figure 'Sec. 1.'

Further amend said Bill by inserting before the referendum the following section:

"Sec. 2. P. & S. L., 1949, c. 167, Sec. 1, amended. Section 1 of chapter 167 of the private and special laws of 1949 is amended by adding at the end a new paragraph to read as follows:

'Said district is authorized to construct, equip and maintain a further addition to the present Orono High School building to provide for additional classrooms, library and cafeteria.'

Senate Amendment "A" was adopted and the Bill passed to be engrossed as amended by Senate Amendment "A" in concurrence.

Non-Concurrent Matter Tabled and Assigned

Bill "An Act Repealing the Tax on Quahogs" (S. P. 236) (L. D. 640) which was indefinitely postponed in non-concurrence in the House on March 8.

Came from the Senate with that body voting to insist on its former action whereby the Bill was passed to be engrossed, and asking for a Committee of Conference with the following Conferees appointed on its part:

Messrs. MAYO of Sagadahoc CHASE of Lincoln BROOKS of Cumberland

In the House:

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Brunswick, Mr. Lowery.

Mr. LOWERY: Mr. Speaker, I now move that we move to adhere to our action of March 8 when we indefinitely postponed this bill, and agree to a Committee of Conference.

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Brunswick, Mr. Lowery, moves that the House adhere. Is this the pleasure of the House?

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Woolwich, Mr. Schulten.

Mr. SCHULTEN: Mr. Speaker, on item eleven here relating to the repealing of the tax on quahogs, certain new information has come to life which tells a completely different story than we had the day of discussion. Now I would ask, if I am in order, that this

matter be tabled until next Wednesday so that we might be brought up and the information we presently have, which very dramatically changes the picture, can then be presented. I do not have the facts at hand at the moment; that is the reason for the request.

The SPEAKER: In reference to item eleven, L. D. 640, the gentleman from Woolwich, Mr. Schulten, moves that this bill be tabled until Wednesday, March 22, pending the motion of the gentleman from Brunswick, Mr. Lowery, that the House adhere. Is this the pleasure of the House?

The motion prevailed and the Bill was so tabled.

House Reports of Committees Leave to Withdraw

Mr. Maxwell from the Committee on Taxation on Bill "An Act relating to Determination of Inheritance Tax Deduction for Federal Estate Taxes" (H. P. 710) (L. D. 988) reported Leave to Withdraw.

Mr. Dunn from the Committee on Transportation reported s ame on Bill "An Act relating to Fines for Overweight Violations" (H. P. 1048)

Mr. Finley from same Committee reported same on Bill "An Act relating to Penalty for Weight Violations by Commercial Vehicles" (H. P. 562) (L. D. 759)

Mr. Linnekin from same Committee reported same on Bill "An Act relating to Weight of Commercial Vehicles Hauling Forest Products" (H. P. 561) (L. D. 758)

Reports were read and accepted and sent up for concurrence.

Covered by Other Legislation

Mr. Drake from the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs on Bill "An Act Providing Equipment for the College of Education Building at University of Maine in Orono" (H. P. 225) (L. D. 339) reported Leave to Withdraw, as covered by other legislation.

Mr. Wellman from same Committee reported same on Bill "An Act Providing for Expansion of the Steam Plant at University of Maine in Orono" (H. P. 179) (L. D. 275)

Reports were read and accepted and sent up for concurrence.

Ought Not to Pass Tabled and Assigned

Mr. Gill from the Committee on Health and Institutional Services reported "Ought not to pass" on Bill "An Act relating to Qualified Assistant Pharmacists" (H. P. 924) (L. D. 272)

Report was read.

(On motion of Mr. Lacharite of Brunswick, tabled pending acceptance of Committee Report and specially assigned for Wednesday, March 22.)

Mr. Albair from the Committee on Taxation reported "Ought not to pass" on Bill "An Act Exempting Certain Elderly Persons from Real Estate Taxes" (H. P. 360)

Report was read and accepted and sent up for concurrence.

Tabled

Mr. Bradeen from the Committee on Taxation reported "Ought not to pass" on Bill "An Act Abolishing Tax on Transient Rentals" (H. P. 175) (L. D. 238)

Report was read.

(On motion of Mr. Johnson of Smithfield, tabled unassigned pending acceptance of Committee Report.)

Mr. Bradeen from the Committee on Taxation reported "Ought not to pass" on Bill "An Act Subjecting Certain Life Insurance Proceeds to Inheritance Tax" (H. P. 546) (L. D. 743)

Mr. Letourneau from same Committee reported same on Bill "An Act relating to Inheritance Tax Exemptions" (H. P. 545) (L. D. 742)

Reports were read and accepted and sent up for concurrence.

Ought to Pass in New Draft New Draft Printed

Mr. Tyndale from the Committee on Sea and Shore Fisheries on Bill "An Act Increasing Lobster and Crab Fishing License Fee" (H. P. 269) (L. D. 383) reported same in a new draft (H. P. 1082) (L. D. 1491) under title of "An Act Increasing Lobster and Crab Fishing Licensee Fee and Establishing the

Lobster Fund" and that it "Ought to pass

Report was read and accepted, the New Draft read twice and assigned the next legislative day.

Ought to Pass Printed Bills

Mr. Hartshorn from the Committee on Health and Institutional Services reported "Ought to pass" on Bill "An Act relating to the Control of Sources of Ionizing Radiation" (H. P. 925) (L. D. 1273)

Mr. Brown from the Committee on Labor reported same on Bill "An Act Removing Exemption of Certain Employees from Minimum Wage Law" (H. P. 80) (L. D. 123)

Mr. Wheaton from the Committee on Taxation reported same on Bill "An Act Exempting Proceeds of Pension and Profit Sharing Plans from Inheritance Tax Law" (H. P. 423) (L. D. 598)

Reports were read and accepted, the Bills read twice and assigned the next legislative day.

Ought to Pass with Committee Amendment

Mr. Winchenpaw from the Committee on Labor on Bill "An Act relating to Workmen's Compensation Insurance" (H. P. 201) (L. D. 296) reported "Ought to pass" as amended by Committee Amendment "A" submitted therewith.

Report was read and accepted and the Bill read twice.

Committee Amendment "A" was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H. P. 201, L. D. 296, Bill, "An Act Relating to Workmen's Compensation Insurance."

Amend said Bill in section 5 by striking out, in the 21st line, the underlined figure "10" and inserting in place thereof the underlined figure '30'

Committee Amendment "A" was adopted and the Bill assigned for third reading the next legislative day.

Mr. Berry from the Committee on Transportation on Bill "An Act relating to Short Term Permits for Certain Farm Trucks" (H. P. 917) (L. D. 1251) reported "Ought to pass" as amended by Committee Amendment "A" submitted there-

Report was read and accepted and the Bill read twice.

Committee Amendment "A" was read by the Clerk as follows:

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H. P. 917, L. D. 1251, Bill, "An Act Relating to Short Term Permits for Certain Farm Trucks.

Amend said Bill in the 9th and 10th lines by striking out the underlined words "registered for more than 18,000 pounds gross weight shall not" and inserting in place thereof the underlined words for which a short term permit in excess of 18,000 pounds gross weight has been issued may

Further amend said Bill the 12th line by striking out the underlined word "unless" and inserting in place thereof the underlined word 'where'

Committee Amendment "A" was adopted and the Bill assigned for third reading the next legislative day.

Divided Report

Majority Report of the Committee on Business Legislation reporting "Ought to pass" on Bill "An Act to Regulate Credit Life and Credit Accident and Health Insurance" (H. P. 870) (L. D. 1205)

Report was signed by the following members:

BROWN of Hancock Messrs. CHASE of Lincoln of the Senate.

Messrs. **EDWARDS** of Stockton Springs JOHNSON of Smithfield CHOATE of Hallowell MORSE of Oakland HUGHES of St. Albans BERNARD of Sanford Mrs. SHEPARD of Stonington

Minority Report of same Committee reporting "Ought not to pass" on same Bill.

Report was signed by the following member:

PORTEOUS

of Cumberland of the Senate.

of the House.

Reports were read. On motion of Mr. Hughes of St. Albans, the Majority "Ought to pass" Report was accepted, the

Bill read twice and assigned the next legislative day.

Passed to Be Engrossed

Bill "An Act relating to the Interstate Compact on Placement of Children" (S. P. 215) (L. D. 548)

Bill "An Act Eliminating the Tolls from Deer Isle-Sedgwick Bridge" (H. P. 477) (L. D. 677)

Bill "An Act relating to Local

Option Questions on San C.
(H. P. 1075) (L. D. 1483)
Bill "An Act Establishing Eduance Agents and Brokers" (H. P. 1080) (L. D. 1488)

Resolve Appropriating Funds to Complete Survey for a Maine-Quebec Highway (H. P. 478) (L. D.

Were reported by the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading, Bills read the third time, Resolve read the second time, all passed to be engrossed and sent to the Senate.

Amended Bills

Bill "An Act Providing for Review of Aid to Dependent Children by Department of Health and Welfare" (S. P. 82) (L. D. 182)

Bill "An Act relating to Renewal Motor Vehicle Instruction Permits' (S. P. 212) (L. D. 545)

Bill "An Act relating to Maximum Grants in Some Public Assistance Categories" (S. P. 310) (L. D. 898)

Bill "An Act Exempting Taking of Alewives in Part of Kennebec River from Law Prohibiting Artificial Lights" (S. P. 356) (L. D. 1089)

Bill "An Act relating to Fee for Registration of Farm Trailers" (S. P. 452) (L. D. 1400)

Bill "An Act relating to Police Power Ordinances for Ogunquit Village Corporation" (H. P. 261) (L. D. 375)

Bill "An Act relating to Appointment of Town Clerk of Town of Wells" (H. P. 263) (L. D. 377)

Bill "An Act relating to Public Ways and Parking Areas at State Institutions" (H. P. 517) (L. D. 715)

Bill "An Act Increasing Compensation of Mayor and Councilmen of City of Biddeford" (H. P. 686) (L. D. 964)

Bill "An Act relating to Elections in the City of Biddeford" (H. P. 688) (L. D. 966)

Were reported by the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading, read the third time, passed to be engrossed as amended by Committee Amendment "A" and sent to the Senate.

Finally Passed Constitutional Amendment

Resolve Proposing an ment to the Constitution Relating to Residence Requirements to Vote for President and Vice-President (S. P. 238) (L. D. 642)
Was reported by the Committee

on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed. This being a Constitutional Amendment and two-thirds vote of the House being necessary, a division was had. 108 voted in favor of same and one against, and accordingly the Resolve was finally passed, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Passed to Be Enacted **Emergency Measure**

An Act to Authorize the Municipalities of Carthage, Dixfield and Weld to Form a School Administrative District (H. P. 472) (L. D. 672)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed. This being an emergency measure and a twothirds vote of all the members elected to the House being necessary, a division was had, 112 voted in favor of same and one against, and accordingly the Bill was passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Finally Passed **Emergency Measure**

Resolve Regulating Smelts in Kingsbury Taking of Pond and Mayfield Pond (H. P. 148) (L. D.

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed. This being an emergency measure and a twothirds vote of all the members elected to the House being necessary, a division was had. 111 voted

in favor of same and 2 against, and accordingly the Resolve was finally passed, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Emergency Measure

Resolve Authorizing Director of Public Improvements to Grant Certain Easements on Land of the State in Augusta (H. P. 639) (L. D. 856)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed. This being an emergency measure and a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to the House being necessary, a division was had. 118 voted in favor of same and none against, and accordingly the Resolve was finally passed, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

At this point, a message came from the Senate, borne by Secretary Winslow of that body, proposing a Joint Convention to be held forthwith in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of extending to His Excellency, John H. Reed, Governor of Maine, and his guest, His Excellency, John A. Volpe, Governor of Massachusetts, accompanied by such other guests as they may wish to invite, to address to the Convention such remarks as either of the Governors may wish to make in commemoration of the 100th Legislature of Maine.

The House voted to concur in the proposal for a Joint Convention and the Clerk was charged with and conveyed a message to the Senate to that effect.

The Clerk subsequently reported that he had delivered the message with which he was charged.

The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pittsfield, Mr. Baxter.

Mr. BAXTER: Mr. Speaker, I would like to introduce an order out of order and move its passage.

The SPEAKER: The gentleman from Pittsfield, Mr. Baxter, presents an order out of order and moves its passage. The Clerk will read the order as soon as he returns.

Mr. BAXTER: Mr. Speaker, I would like to point out before the order is read, that the individuals mentioned in the order are placed there without the knowledge or permission of the Speaker of the House.

Subsequently, the Clerk returned and read the following Order:

Order Out of Order

ORDERED, that James and Jeanette Good of Sebago, and Gregory Chapman of Gardiner, be appointed to serve as Honorary Pages for today.

The SPEAKER: Is it the pleasure of the House that this order shall receive passage?

The motion prevailed.

The SPEAKER: The Chair will request that the Sergeant-at-Arms escort the Pages to the well of the Hall of the House in order that they may perform the duties assigned to them.

Thereupon, James and Jeanette Good of Sebago, and Gregory Chapman of Gardiner, were escorted to the well of the Hall of the House by the Sergeant-at-Arms. (Applause)

House at Ease

Called to order by the Speaker.

The SPEAKER: The Chair observes the presence in the House of the Honorable Clyde R. Chapman of Belfast, who served as Clerk of the House for seven terms immediately preceding the tenure of our present Clerk.

The Chair also observes in the House the presence of Mrs. E. May Chapman, who served as Assistant Clerk of the House and now is retired.

The Chair will request that the Sergeant-at-Arms escort the Honorable Clyde R. Chapman and Mrs. E. May Chapman to the well of the Hall of the House.

Thereupon, Honorable Clyde R. Chapman and Mrs. E. May Chapman were escorted to the well of the Hall of the House amid applause.

Passed to Be Enacted

An Act Providing a State-Wide Limit on Certain Fish (S. P. 69) (L. D. 169)

An Act Prohibiting Dumping of Oil Which May Pollute Waters (S. P. 76) (L. D. 176)

An Act relating to Remedy of Coram Nobis (S. P. 171) (L. D.

Were reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed, passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Tabled

An Act to Bring State Police, Coastal Wardens and Fish and Game Wardens under Personnel Law (S. P. 261) (L. D. 778)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and

strictly engrossed.

(On motion of Mr. Moore of Casco, tabled unassigned pending passage to be enacted.)

An Act relating to Completion of the York River Project in York (S. P. 265) (L. D. 782)

An Act Enlarging Boomage Area of Scott Paper Company in the Kennebec River (S. P. 298) (L. D. 909)

An Act relating to Rabbit Hunting in Lincoln County (S. P. 323) (L. D. 998)

An Act Increasing Fees for Certificates of Approval under Liquor Laws (S. P. 354) (L. D. 1087)

An Act Permitting Municipalities to Raise Money for Youth Programs (S. P. 365) (L. D. 1098)

An Act relating to Penalty for Failure of Owners of Motor Vehicles to Have Vehicles Inspected (S. P. 451) (L. D. 1316)

An Act relating to Certificate of Secretary of State as Evidence and Suspension of Right to Operate in Motor Vehicle Cases (S. P. 482) (L. D. 1474)

An Act relating to Jurisdiction of Violations of Maine Forestry District Laws (H. P. 115) (L. D. 155)

An Act relating to Close Time on Lobsters About Monhegan (H. P. 119) (L. D. 159)

An Act relating to Removal of Ice Fishing Shacks (H. P. 137) (L. D. 200)

Were reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed, passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Tabled

An Act Providing for a Review of Laws of Forestry Department (H. P. 143) (L. D. 206)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and

strictly engrossed.

(Upon request of Mr. Bragdon of Perham, placed on Special Appropriations Calendar.)

An Act to Amend and Repeal Certain Private and Special Laws Relating to Sea and Shore Fisheries (H. P. 205) (L. D. 300)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed, passed to be enacted, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Tabled

An Act Providing for Municipal Court Conferences (H. P. 321) (L. D. 473)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed.

(Upon request of Mr. Bragdon of Perham, placed on Special Appropriations Calendar.)

Tabled

An Act Requiring Public Utilities Commission Approval of Rates for Ferry Service for North Haven, V i n a l h a v e n, Islesboro, Swan's Island and Long Island Plantation (H. P. 475) (L. D. 675)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed.

(On motion of Mr. Maddox of Vinalhaven, tabled unassigned pending passage to be enacted.)

An Act Placing Directors of Health and Social Welfare under Personnel Law (H. P. 537) (L. D. 735)

An Act to Incorporate the "Maine Credit Union League" (H. P. 654) (L. D. 932)

An Act Regulating Emergency Calls on Party Lines (H. P. 700) (L. D. 978)

An Act relating to Taking Clams from Batson's River in the Town of Kennebunkport (H. P. 703) (L. D. 981)

An Act to Authorize Greenbush, Greenfield, Howland, Maxfield, Passadumkeag, LaGrange and Seboeis Plantation to Form a School Administrative District (H. P. 737) (L. D. 1025)

An Act Repealing Grassy Pond Game Preserve and Gribbel Game Preserve (H. P. 749) (L. D. 1035)

Preserve (H. P. 749) (L. D. 1035) An Act to Prevent the Pollution of the Waters of Oyster River Pond, Knox County (H. P. 769) (L. D. 1055)

An Act to Protect the Traveling Public and Persons Working on Highways (H. P. 807) (L. D. 1121) An Act Protecting the Source

An Act Protecting the Source of Public Water Supply (H. P. 835) (L. D. 1150)

An Act relating to Disability Retirement under Maine State Retirement Law (H. P. 837) (L. D. 1152)

An Act relating to Number of Lobster Traps on Trawls in York County (H. P. 838) (L. D. 1153)

An Act relating to Boundaries of Merrymeeting Bay Game Sanctuary (H. P. 880) (L. D. 1215)

An Act relating to Speed of Power Boats in Merrymeeting Bay (H. P. 881) (L. D. 1216)

An Act relating to Transportation of Certain Poultry (H. P. 954) (L. D. 1321)

An Act relating to Definition of Owner under Motor Vehicle Law (H. P. 1049) (L. D. 1449)

Finally Passed

Resolve Authorizing Charlotte Alex to Bring Action Against the State of Maine (S. P. 4) (L. D. 4)

Resolve Regulating Fishing in Johnston Pond, TA, R10, Piscata-quis County (S. P. 111) (L. D. 256)

Resolve Regulating Fishing in Roach River, Piscataquis County (H. P. 24) (L. D. 43)

Were reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed, Bills passed to be enacted, Resolves finally passed, all signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Tabled

Resolve in favor of Elude Cantara of Biddeford (H. P. 43) (L. D. 84)

Resolve Increasing Pension of Merle Merrill of Montville (H. P. 104) (L. D. 144)

Were reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed.

(Upon request of Mr. Bragdon of Perham, placed on Special Appropriations Calendar.)

Resolve Closing Hayden Brook, Somerset County, to All Fishing (H. P. 244) (L. D. 358)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed, finally passed, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Tabled

Resolve Increasing State Pension for Mrs. Katie Libby of Charleston (H. P. 530) (L. D. 728)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed.

(Upon request of Mr. Bragdon of Perham, placed on Special Appropriations Calendar.)

Resolve Authorizing State to Convey Certain Land to Cumberland County (H. P. 542) (L. D. 739)

Resolve Opening Baker Pond, Somerset County, to Fly Fishing (H. P. 595) (L. D. 816)

Resolve Regulating Fishing in Ireland Pond, Penobscot County (H. P. 597) (L. D. 818)

Were reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed, finally passed, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Tabled

Resolve Increasing Pension of Martha Morey of Shirley Mills (H. P. 626) (L. D. 843)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed.

(Upon request of Mr. Bragdon of Perham, placed on Special Appropriations Calendar.)

Resolve Authorizing the Director of the Bureau of Public Improvements to Convey Certain Land in Hallowell (H. P. 635) (L. D. 852)

Resolve Designating Island in Little Sebago Lake as "Dav Brian Island" (H. P. 695) (L. D. 973) Were reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed, finally passed, signed by the Speaker and sent to the Senate.

Tabled

Resolve Changing Survivor Payments to Mrs. Anita K. Lyons of Bangor, as Guardian for Minors (H. P. 1071) (L. D. 1473)

Was reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills as truly and strictly engrossed.

(Upon request of Mr. Bragdon of Perham, placed on Special Appropriations Calendar.)

Mr. PHILBRICK: Mr. Speaker? The SPEAKER: The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Bangor, Mr. Philbrick.

Mr. PHILBRICK: Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House: I call your attention to item 51. It is my understanding that that item does not involve a new appropriation, but rather a different method of providing funds for people other than—

The SPEAKER: The Chair would advise the gentleman that this matter is no longer before the House since it has been tabled, therefore any reference to it at this time would be out of order.

The SPEAKER: The Chair will declare a recess until twenty minutes of eleven this morning.

After Recess 10:45 A. M.

The House was called to order by the Speaker.

At this point, the Senate entered the Hall of the House and a Joint Convention was formed.

In Convention

The President of the Senate, Honorable Earle M. Hillman in the Chair.

CHAIRMAN HILLMAN: This Joint Convention of the Legislature has been called to commemorate the 100 Legislatures of Maine.

On motion of Senator Erwin of York, it was

ORDERED, that a Committee of ten be appointed to wait upon the Honorable Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, and the Justices of the Superior Court of this State, inviting them to attend this convention convened in commemoration of the one hundred Legislatures of Maine.

The Chairman appointed: On the part of the Senate:

Senators: ERWIN of York BOARDMAN

of Washington MARDEN of Kennebec

On the part of the House: Representatives:

KNIGHT of Rockland RUST of York BERMAN of Auburn SMITH of Bar Harbor THORNTON of Belfast MINSKY of Bangor BEANE of Augusta

Mr. Erwin for the Committee subsequently reported that the Committee had discharged the duties assigned it, and that the Honorable Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court and the Justices of the Superior Court were pleased to say that they would forthwith attend the Convention.

CHAIRMAN HILLMAN: If the Convention will be quiet please, while the Committee is performing its duties, it gives me pleasure at this time to introduce to this Joint Convention and our friends and guests, our lovely first lady of the State of Maine, Mrs. John Reed. (Prolonged applause, the audience rising)

We also have the lovely first lady of the State of Massachusetts, Mrs. John A. Volpe. (Prolonged applause, the audience rising)

And wives of former Governors, Mrs. Lewis O. Barrows, Mrs. Sumner Sewall and Mrs. Burton Cross. (Prolonged applause, the audience rising)

Also we have the lovely wife of the Speaker of the House, and my better half, Mrs. Hillman, and Mrs. Vinal Good. (Prolonged applause, the audience rising)

On behalf of the 100th Legislature, it is certainly a pleasure to present the two lovely ladies, wives of the two Governors, with a bouquet of red roses. (Applause)

Whereupon, Mrs. John Reed and Mrs. John Volpe were each presented a bouquet of red roses.

At this point, the Sergeant-at-Arms escorted the Honorable Chief Justice, the Associate Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court and the Justices of the Superior Court to the Convention Hall, amid the applause of the Convention, the audience rising.

On motion of Senator Cole of Waldo, it was

ORDERED, that a Committee of ten be appointed to wait upon His Excellency, John H. Reed, Governor of Maine, and inform him that the two branches of the Legin convention islature are sembled in the Hall of the House of Representatives, and extend to him an invitation to attend the Convention, with his guest, His Excellency, John A. Volpe, Governor of Massachusetts, accompanied by such other guests as they may wish to invite, and address to the Convention such remarks as either of the Governors may be pleased to make.

The Chairman appointed: On the part of the Senate: Senators: COLE of Waldo CARPENTER

> of Somerset **JACQUES**

of Androscoggin

On the part of the House: Representatives:

BAXTER of Pittsfield WHITMAN of Woodstock KNAPP of Yarmouth Mrs. SHAW of Chelsea Mrs. **STEWART**

> of Presque Isle FOGG of Madison PLANTE

of Old Orchard Beach

Mr. Cole for the Committee subsequently reported that the Committee had discharged the duties assigned it, and that His Excellency, John H. Reed, Governor of Maine, with his guest, His Excellency, John A. Volpe, Governor of Massachusetts, accompanied such other guests as they may wish to invite, were pleased to say forthwith thev would tend the Convention.

Convention at Ease

The Convention was called to order by Chairman Hillman.

The Honorable John H. Reed, Governor of Maine, and his guest, Honorable John A. Volpe, Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, announced by Lt. Robsachusetts, announced by Lt. Rob-ert Packard, escorted by Adjutant General E. W. Heywood, and at-tended by Ex-Governors Honor-ables Lewis O. Barrows, Sumner Sewall, Horace Hildreth, Burton M. Cross and Robert N. Haskell, and distinguished guests, entered the Hall of the House amid pro-longed applause, the audience ris-

CHAIRMAN HILLMAN: Governor Reed, Governor Volpe, distinguished guests, Ladies and Gentlemen of the convention.

It has always been the custom for the President of the Senate to be the presiding officer at Joint Conventions, but I am going to do the unusual because I believe this is an unusual occasion. The Committee which made plans for commemorating the 100th Anniversary of the Legislature has worked diligently and well to make this celebration a success. In honoring this Committee, I would like to invite its Chairman to act as the presiding officer during the program. Will the Senator from Knox, Senator Stilphen, please come to the rostrum. (Applause, audience rising)

Senator Stilphen of Knox then assumed the Chair as presiding officer.

STILPHEN: Governor Senator Reed, Governor Volpe, Honorable Justices of the Maine Superior and Supreme Judicial Courts, Ladies and Gentlemen of the 100th Legislature and of Maine Legislatures past, distinguished guests and friends:

Today is a solemn and joyous day in the history of the State of Maine. It is the day chosen to commemorate the 100 Legislatures of Maine, Legislatures which have served our State since its founding in the year 1820. In addition, the date March 15 has additional significance to Maine people because it was on March 15 in the year 1820 that Maine was admitted into the Union as a separate State.

It is fitting that we commence this program with the playing of the National Anthem. The 195th Army Band, Maine National Guard, will play the anthem which will be followed by the sounding of taps for the thousands of legislators who have served Maine and who have died since 1820. Then the invocation will be given by the Reverend John Brett Fort of Bangor. I now ask that you rise and remain standing through the Anthem, the sounding of taps and the invocation. The National Anthem-

The audience stood at attention during the playing of the National Anthem and Taps.

Prayer by Rev. John Brett Fort of Bangor.

Senator STILPHEN: The three branches of the Government of Maine are represented at this Commemoration Day in honor of the 100 Legislatures of Maine. We shall hear first from the Honorable Robert B. Williamson, Chief Justice of the State of Maine, who will speak for the Judiciary. Justice Williamson.

CHIEF JUSTICE WILLIAMSON: Mr. Chairman, Your Excellency Governor Reed, Your Excellency Governor Volpe, Mr. President, Mr. Speaker, Members of the Legislature, distinguished guests, ladies and gentlemen: On behalf of the Courts of our State, I wish to express our appreciation for the privilege and honor of joining in the celebration to commemorate On e Hundred Legislatures.

At Christmas time, I had a card with a few lines taken from the philosopher, Alfred North Whitehead. They were these: "The ideals cherished in the souls of men enter into the character of their actions." The ideals cherished in the souls of men enter into the character of their actions. The se words are evidence to me of the real meaning of our celebration.

Why do we gather here? The magic number 100 marks a division between the past and the future. We see in One Hundred Legislatures the long, long line of good

Maine men and women who have shared honorably in the responsibilities of state government with its satisfactions and its burdens.

The Legislature leaves its mark on a man. The member gains a knowledge of Maine, of her people, of her strength, of her weaknesses, of the State's hopes and aspirations, better here, I think, than in any other place in a given time. Certainly that was my own experience in the service of one term.

We find in the work of the Legislators over the years the ideals of liberty, freedom, the pursuit of happiness, if you will — justice under law. Indeed we find the high ideals for which only a few years before 1820, the men of Maine had fought and died in the Revolution.

Our Constitution reads:

"We the people of Maine, in order to establish justice, insure tranquility, provide for our mutual defence, promote our common welfare, and secure to ourselves and our posterity the blessings of liberty, acknowledging with grateful hearts the goodness of the Sovereign Ruler of the Universe in affording us an opportunity, so favorable to the design; and, imploring His aid and direction in its accomplishment, do agree to form ourselves into a free and independent State, by the style and title of the State of Maine, and do ordain and establish the following Constitution for the government of the same."

These are the ideals cherished in the souls of men and women of Maine for generations, and these are the ideals which have entered into the character of their actions.

The Legislatures of our states, of our fifty states, no less in Maine t h a n in Massachusetts or elsewhere, have never been of such importance as today. On the Legislature rests broadly the policy of our State and local governments. Here provision is made for the financial sinews of our government, and here are made the laws under which the executive and the judiciary perform their tasks.

Nearly two hundred years before our first session, in 1648, there was published in the mother Commonwealth "The Book of the General Laws and Liberties of Massachusetts," and in the foreword of this old book, written for the General Court, we read these words, always to be remembered: "For a Commonwealth without Lawes is like a Ship without rigging and steeradge." It is said that this was the first compilation of its kind in the English speaking world. It was our first revision of the statutes.

Turning again to our philosopher, we read: "The best homage which we can pay to our predecessors to whom we owe the greatness of our inheritance is to emulate their courage."

We know of the courage of the men and women who built a State in the wilderness at the edge of the sea and along the banks of our rivers; of the men and women who fought the wars and kept the peace. Read of the 20th Maine Regiment and of Governor Chamberlain at Little Round Top. We find courage in every stage of our life as a State.

And think for a moment, if you will, of the new nations, some eighteen, I believe, in Africa alone. Each has its first Legislature. Each is taking its first steps in self-government.

We in the Western World must set the example for, as is said in Goals for America, "The way to preserve freedom is to live it."

One Hundred Legislatures — and the promise of one hundred more are proof that we choose to live in freedom. Thank you. (Applause)

Senator STILPHEN: The most numerous branch of the two chamber Maine Legislature is the House of Representatives. Speaking today for the House of Representatives, past and present, of the State of Maine is the Honorable Vinal G. Good, Speaker of the House in the 100th Legislature. Speaker Good. (Prolonged applause the audience rising)

SPEAKER GOOD: Thank you Senator Stilphen, Governor Reed, Governor John A. Volpe of Massachusetts, President Hillman, Honorable Chief Justice Williamson and Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court and the Superior Court, Members of the Governor's Coun-

cil, Members of the 100th Legislature and honored guests:

One of the many pleasant duties of the Speaker on "Welcome Back Day," is to acknowledge the presence in the House of former Speakers of this, the House of Representatives of the State of Maine, and it is going to give me great pleasure to introduce at this time the former Speakers of this great House who are now present. It was strange that when I went over the list I knew all of the Speakers who were to be present on this occasion, of course I do not know them all, but I know all of them that are present on this occasion.

Now when their name is announced, I will request that they stand and remain standing and I would also request that the audience withhold their applause until the final name has been called.

And we have with us here today the Honorable Burleigh Martin, Speaker of the House of the 83rd Legislature; the Honorable Donald W. Philbrick, Speaker of the House of the 89th Legislature; the Honorable John F. Ward, Speaker of the House of the 93rd Legislature; the Honorable Nathaniel M. Haskell, Speaker of the House of the 94th Legislature; the Honorable William S. Silsby, Speaker of the House of the 95th Legislature; the Honorable Roswell P. Bates, Speaker of the House of the 96th Legislature; the Honorable Willis A. Trafton, Jr., Speaker of the House of the 97th Legislature; and the Honorable Joseph T. Edgar, Speaker of the House of the 98th and 99th Legislatures.

It is fitting and proper that on this occasion we celebrate the 100th Legislature. In so doing we note the accomplishments of the past, we work for immediate economic, moral and spiritual betterment for the present and we plan for the future.

On occasions during this session, the House has been celebrating the 100th Legislature by reading papers from documents of past Legislatures. There was one paper read here which was taken from the proceedings of the first Legislature which was held in Portland, Maine on May 31, 1820.

A study of the records of the first Legislature shows that the 141 newly-elected members were first seated on May 31, 1820 in Portland. As part of the pomp and circumstance of that first Legislative day, a civic cavalcade met at Shaw's Corner in Westbrook at 8 a.m. to escort into Town the State's first Governor, the Honorable William King of Bath. The Honorable Benjamin Ames of Bath was chosen unanimously to be the first Speaker.

James Loring Child of Augusta became the first Clerk. You can see from an observance of these records that Sagadahoc and Kennebec Counties were then throwing their weight around to some extent, (Laughter) and from an observance of the delegation from those two counties today, they are still throwing their weight around. (Laughter)

On the third day of the First Legislature, and this will prove interesting to our Governor from Massachusetts, a message was sent to the House, we are still getting messages, by the Honorable William King of Bath, first Governor of Maine, in which he outlined the issues of the times. First, however, he paid tribute to the State of Massachusetts for yielding her such a jurisdiction over portion of her citizens and territory, over which Massachusetts had held an undisputed and rightful sovereignty. The first Governor felt the friendly manner in which Maine was separated from Massachusetts laid the foundation for lasting harmony between the two states.

Lasting harmony between Massachusetts and Maine has prevailed. This may be evidenced to some extent in the presence on this historical occasion of his Excellency, John A. Volpe, Governor of Massachusetts. (Applause)

We the citizens of Maine hold a great affection for our sister state, the great and historic Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Although we are now separated into two states, our many common interests including economic interests, are not separated.

United we stand with Massachusetts far more than in 1820. The future of Maine is great—and more immediate than ever before. The present is with us—and for countless thousands that is already great—they have grasped the opportunities so abundantly at hand.

A large percentage of this House of Representatives is made up of intelligent, a g g r e s s i v e ambitious young men, who are devoting time from their brilliant careers to serve in their State Legislature. That service will in turn serve them. I would like to call to the attention of the members of the graduating classes of our colleges that they too can do as well — in Maine.

We are not forgetting the wealth of experience and knowledge being contributed to the progress of our State by those who are a little older. In this House we have Representative Melville Chapman, age 78; Representative Ernest Thornton, age 78; and Representative Irenee Cyr, age 86. For those of us who have daily contact with these gentleman, we know the amount of Legislative work that they are doing; the active part they are playing in this Legislature. Their viewpoints and interests are as fresh as tomorrow. Service to our State knows no age nor party lines.

Progress and opportunity are at hand for our great State, we will not obtain progress without work, without sacrifice of some time normally devoted to leisure, without a desire to succeed, without a wish for self betterment, without courage to change, and without strong leadership.

Perhaps this poem is out-dated, but it was written by one of our Maine citizens, and I know that we always enjoy it.

MAINE

You're just a rugged, homespun State

Perched on the Nation's edge, A stretch of woods, of fields and lakes,

Of ocean pounded ledge.

But rugged deeds and rugged men You've nurtured for your own: Much good the World has harvested From broadcast seeds you've sown. And so, we love you, rugged State, We love your smiling skies, We love you for your deep-piled

we love you for your deep-piled snows,

Your jagged coast we prize. We love you for the lofty seat You've reared 'neath heaven's dome:

But best of all, we love you, Maine.

Because you're Maine — and home!

Lester Melcher Hart.

Thank you.

Senator STILPHEN: Speaking today for the Senates of Maine, past and present, is the Honorable Earle M. Hillman, President of the Senate in the 100th Legislature. President Hillman. (Prolonged applause, the audience rising)

Chairman HILLMAN: Mr. Chairman, His Excellency Governor Reed, His Excellency Governor Volpe, Speaker Good, Honorable Chief Justice Mr. Williamson, Father St. Pierre, Distinguished Judges, Members of the Council, Members past and present of the Legislature, and guests:

It is my privilege to speak today not only as President of the Senate of the 100th Legislature, but also as the Representative of the hundreds upon hundreds of Senators of yesteryear who have served our State since the founding in 1820.

On this historic occasion in the year 1961 — the year of the convening of the 100th Legislature — one thinks back naturally to the first meeting of the first Legislature of Maine on May 31, 1820, when our predecessors gathered to embark upon the multitudinous tasks of State Government.

The first Senate of the State of Maine met in the chambers on the second floor of a modest capitol building on the site of the present city hall in the City of Portland, the first State Capital. John Chandler of Monmouth was elected the first President of the Senate. It is interesting to note that in that first year there were three Presidents of the Senate. Mr. Chandler resigned and was succeeded by William Moody of Saco who, in turn, resigned, to be followed by William D. Williamson of Bangor.

There have been 98 Presidents of the Senate in the 141 year history of the State of Maine. Some of the most recent Presidents are with us today and it will be my pleasure, shortly, to introduce them to you. Some of the former Governors here today also are former Presidents of the Senate. I shall introduce them to you later in that category.

The First Senate in that epochal year of 1820 had 20 members. In the ensuing years, the membership of the Senate has increased 33 members. Each senator is elected by its residents and serves the

citizens of his county.

I am sure that I can speak for all the Maine Senators past and present in saying that we are privileged to be elected by the people of Maine to serve in the Senate of Maine where the responsibilities are great, the traditions many and honorable and the associations pleasant and lasting. I am sure that I can speak in the names of the Senators of the 100th Legislature in saying that we pledge ourselves to carry out the fine traditions of our predecessors.

It now is my pleasure to introduce former Presidents of the Senate who are here with us today.

I would ask that you withhold applause until the last name has been mentioned.

The Honorable Burleigh Martin. President of the Senate of the 85th Legislature; the Honorable Sumner Sewall, President of the Senate of the 89th Legislature; the Honorable Horace A. Hildreth, President of the Senate of the 91st Legislature; the Honorable Burton M. Cross, President of the Senate of the 94th and 95th Legislature; the Honorable Nathaniel M. Haskell, President of the Senate of the 96th Legislature; the Honorable John F. Ward, President of the Senate of the 96th Legislature; the Honorable Robert N. Haskell, President of the Senate of the 97th and 98th Legislature; and the Honorable John H. Reed, President of the Senate of the 99th Legislature. (Prolonged applause, the audience arising)

Senator STILPHEN: It is my privilege at this time to read messages from the Maine Congressional Delegation.

Senator Margaret Chase Smith has sent the following message: "I regret that the official business and session of the Senate prevent my being able to be present for commemorative observances and festivities of the 100 Legislatures of Maine. Please extend to everyone my best wishes and the pride that I share with them in Maine's legislative history.'

Senator Edmund S. Muskie has sent the following message: "This is a memorable day in the long legislative history of Maine and I regret that it has not been possible for me to be present. However, I send my heartiest best wishes and join with you in spirit on this sig-

nificant occasion.

Congressman Clifford G. McIntire of the Third District has sent

the following message:

"It is indeed appropriate to commemorate the work of the one hundred Maine Legislatures. Constructive legislative progress has developed sound government Maine recognizing that progress and fiscal responsibility go hand in hand. My warmest greetings to members of the 100th Legislature and my abiding faith in the future of the Pine Tree State.

Congressman Peter A. Garland of the First District has sent the

following message:

"My very best wishes to the Members of Maine's 100th Legislature as you commemorate the legislative significance of the year 1961 in the history of our State. I regret that the necessity of my presence here in Washington prevents my being with you in person on this historic occasion.'

Congressman Stanley R. Tupper of the Second District has sent the following message:

"As a former State Legislator, now representing the Second District in the Congress, may I extend my very best wishes on this noteworthy occasion. I am sorry that commitments here in Washington prevent me from being with you.

I now should like to introduce the members of the Committee to Commemorate Maine's 100 Legislatures who have been instrumental in arranging this program: Representative Benjamin S. Crockett, House

Chairman; Representative Harold Bragdon; Representative David J. Kennedy and the Honorable Arthur

H. Charles. (Applause)

And I also should like to pay tribute to Ex Officio members of the committee who have been so helpful: Earle M. Hillman, President of the Senate; Vinal G. Good. Speaker of the House; Major General Edwin W. Heywood, the Adjutant General; Miss Edith Hary, State Law Librarian; John E. Byrne of the Maine Department of Economic Development; Robert Carnes, Superintendent of Buildings; and, of course, the staffs of Senate and House including Senate Secretary Chester Winslow and House Clerk Harvey Pease, Assistant Senate Secretary Waldo Clark and Deputy House Clerk Roy Humphrey.

We now shall hear a selection from the 195th Army Band, Maine National Guard. (Selection by the 195th Army Band, Maine National Guard)

Convention at Ease

Senator STILPHEN: The Convention will come to order. It is now my distinct pleasure to introduce a former Maine legislator, now the Governor of the State of Maine, the Honorable John H. Reed, Governor Reed. (Applause, the audience rising)

GOVERNOR REED: Senator Stilphen, Governor Volpe, Mr. President, Mr. Speaker, Chief Justice Williamson, Members of the Supreme and Superior Courts Maine, distinguished guests, Members of the 100th Legislature, Members of former legislatures, Ladies and Gentlemen:

The course of history has placed me in the position of being the Governor privileged to associate with the 100th Maine Legislature. I, therefore, feel most fortunate to have the opportunity to address this Joint Convention today.

The annals of Maine history will note this memorable occasion made possible through the efforts of a great many individuals. Those responsible for this fitting tribute to Maine Legislatures, past and present, deserve credit and recognition. I extend my personal congratulations to them.

We are assembled this morning to commemorate all the Legislatures which have served our State and great has been that service. I believe the 100th Maine Legislature is setting a record which assures its place in the history of State Government. A history which takes its beginning from the separation of the State of Maine from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in 1820.

On May 31 of that year, in the City of Portland the first Maine Legislature convened. The first Legislature passed thirty-two laws. Many were of great significance to the future of the State of Maine. Included were the establishment of a Supreme Court, the creation of Bowdoin Medical School and the very first Legislative Act, on e which dealt with education — the establishment of the Cony Female Academy here in Augusta.

In years succeeding 1820, annually until 1881 and biennially since that time, hundreds of Maine citizens have had the privilege of serving the State of Maine as Legislators. I wish to extend a welcome to those former Legislators who are here today.

Some members of the Legislature, as is my fortune, have come to be numbered with the sixty-two men who have served the State as Governor.

The very first Maine Governor, William King, began his political career in 1795, when he represented the town of Topsham in the Massachusetts Legislature. He later served from the town of Bath and as a Senator from Lincoln County.

Our first Governor played an outstanding role in the movement to separate Maine from the parent Commonwealth carrying on his work in Maine as in the Massachusetts Legislature. William King was the permanent chairman of the Constitutional Convention in 1819 and the near unanimous choice of the electorate for Governor in April, 1820.

As a successful banker and businessman, William King recognized the potential which Maine had for expansion. He saw the need to attract capital and to provide a

climate favorable to industrial growth. We, today, owe a great debt to William King, his service as a Legislator, constitutional organizer, Governor and industrial pioneer, a citizen whose leadership successfully brought the new State of Maine through its infancy.

It is my duty to speak to you today for all who have held the office of Governor throughout the history of the State. We are fortunate, indeed, to have several former Governors with us this morning. I feel humble, as I know they do, when we turn back the pages of Maine history and consider such men as William King, such men as Albion Parris, our second Governor who was elected to five consecutive terms; to John Fairfield and Edward Kent, to the great Hannibal Hamlin, to Lot and Anson Morrill, to Israel Washburn, our Governor of one hundred years ago who staunchly supported the new President, Abraham Lincoln; to General Joshua Chamberlain, to Nelson Dingley and to Carl Milliken.

This list of distinguished Maine legislative personalities also extends to offices other than Governor. Many have gone to high positions in the national government and in private enterprise. The experience they gained and the contributions they made while serving in the Maine Legislature assured them future success.

James G. Blaine, Thomas Brackett Reed and William Pitt Fessenden are but three outstanding governmental figures who first gave their service to the Maine Legislature.

Prior to 1880, several Governors were elected by the Legislature. This was the case with Edward Kent in 1840, William Crosby in 1852 and 1853, Anson Morrill in 1854 and Alonzo Garcelon in 1878. The usual case of such an election occurred when party solidarity was shattered by a third party movement.

Thus, we see the close relationship down through the years of these branches of state government. Each has provided the State of Maine with outstanding leadership, with the type of government best suited to the character of its

people and with a high standard of government which today extends the best hope which the citizens of the State of Maine have for social and economic development, for growth along many lines and for a general prosperity.

The members of the 100th Maine Legislature can look back upon a proud heritage of ninety-nine Legislatures composed of dedicated citizens who have been called to serve this great State. The members of the 100th Maine Legislature may also look forward with confidence to a future filled with accomplishment, to a future of their own creation and to a record which ! am confident will go down in Maine history as a truly great act of service to the people of the State of Maine. Thank you very much. (Applause)

It is now my very happy privilege and pleasure today to be able to present to this Joint Convention and to this large audience here in the House of Representatives, five of the former very distinguished Governors of the State of Maine.

The first Governor I am going to introduce is a man who, although he did not serve in the State Legislature, did have a long and distinguished career in state government. He actually started his career here in Augusta as a Page in the State Senate. Succeeding offices found him leading up to the distinguished office of Secretary of State. His term in office was marked a fine administration; a very popular figure, his popularity remains today at a very high place in the affections of the people of the State of Maine. At this time it gives me great pleasure to present to this audience Governor of the State of Maine who served in the years 1937-1941, the Honorable Lewis O. Barrows. (Prolonged applause, the audience arising).

The next Governor I wish to introduce is a man who has seen considerable legislative service. A man who has served this State as President of the Senate, who guided the destinies of the State of Maine through the war years, the man who compiled a tremendous record as an administrator and as

a person, one who is highly respected and highly regarded in circles throughout this great country and actually in international circles. At this time it is a distinct honor for me to present to you the Governor of the State of Maine for the years 1941-1945, the Honorable Sumner Sewall. (Prolonged applause, the audience arising).

The next gentleman I would like to present likewise has seen extensive service in our State Legislature. Capping that service in the Legislature as President of the State Senate, a man who had a fine career as Governor of this State, and subsequently went on in distinguished service as Ambassador to Pakistan, may I present to you the Governor of the State of Maine of the years 1945-1949, the Honorable Horace Hildreth. (Prolonged applause, the audience arising).

The next gentleman I wish to present is also a veteran of legislative service. A man who has served his City and his State well and for a long period of time. A man who had a very efficient administration which was marked with governmental improvements that are recognized today as being real advances forward in State Government. A man we are very pleased to have with us here today. the Governor of the State of Maine between 1952 and 1954, the Honorable Burton M. Cross. (Prolonged applause, the audience arising).

It would appear as I am presenting these former Governors that most of them have been former Presidents of the Senate, and the next gentleman likewise has held that office. Now this is the only former Governor that I had the privilege during my term in the Legislature, and three terms, to serve with as a Legislator. He is a man who has the admiration and the respect of all who have served with him and have come in contact with him. He compiled a tremendous record here in this Legislature on many, many occasions, and on many times. A man who has established himself as a brilliant statesman, a Legislator without fear, and capped that remarkable career as Governor of

the State of Maine in the year 1960, the Honorable Robert N. Haskell. (Prolonged applause, the audience arising).

At this time it is my special privilege and a distinct pleasure to officially welcome to the State of Maine a gentleman who possesses an unusual combination of leadership experience and ability gained in both the business world and in public life.

Although the State of Maine separated from her parent Commonwealth one hundred and forty-one years ago today, the ties which bind Massachusetts to the State of Maine are strong. Ours is a friend-ship and a close relation of which there is no equal in this nation.

It is particularly fitting that our honored guest today should be the Governor of this great Commonwealth, our Mother State. This man, who built his own business to national stature has served with distinction in high administrative positions in both state and federal government was the choice of the people of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in the November election as their Chief Executive.

A veteran of World War II, he is a fellow Navy man. In 1953, he became Massachusetts Commissioner of Public Works and supervised one of the most important highway construction programs in that State's history.

President Eisenhower appointed him first Federal Highway Administrator. In 1958 he became First Vice-President and then President of the Greater Boston Chamber of Commerce. Active in charitable and fraternal causes, he holds several honorary degrees from New England institutions of higher learning.

We are certainly delighted to have the presence of both Governor Volpe and Mrs. Volpe here today. This has made this occasion a truly memorable one. He has a tremendous schedule, he has to have a TV appearance this afternoon, more work in his office, and he has to fly to the Capital City of Washington tonight. And I know that I speak for everybody here assembled, and indeed for all the citizens of Maine, of thanking him for breaking in on this extremely

busy schedule to be with us here today and participate in this memorable occasion, the 100th anniversary of our Legislature.

A fine man, who is no stranger to Maine, he has been here many times and I assure you he will recount for you some of these pleasant experiences. And so it is a true pleasure and honor to introduce to this Joint Convention, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, His Excellency, Governor John A. Volpe. (Prolonged applause, the audience rising)

GOVERNOR VOLPE: Thank you very much, Governor Reed. To the Chairman, the distinguished former Governors of this great State of Maine, Reverend Clergy, Mr. President, Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chief Justice and Justices of the Supreme and Superior Courts, Members of the Governor's Council, Honorable Members of the Senate and House, former Legislators, and Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is indeed a great privilege for me to be invited to address the Legislature of this great State of Maine, particularly on this very memorable occasion. I have had the pleasure of meeting your Governor on two occasions, the last occasion being the Conference of the New England Governors. I just want to say to you as a neophyte in Government to a degree at least my first elective office, I did not start at the bottom like some people do, I started right at the top and got away with it. (Laughter) I just want to say that I have been very much impressed by the sturdiness and the character of John Reed. He certainly makes a fine representative for your great State as he participated in the deliberations of the New England Conference of Governors. plause)

I shall never forget my first visit to this great State over thirty-five years ago. My uncle had bought, I think it was called a Winton-Knight, at least it was one of those Knight series of open automobiles that flourished during that era. I had two uncles, God rest their souls, who lived in Livermore Falls here in Maine; and we decided we would pay a visit to these

relatives and twelve of us, I hope the State Police won't check back the records, twelve of us piled into this car, seven were kids of course, so it was not crowded, although crowded enough, twelve of us piled into this car together with a mandolin and guitar that we had on the running board, I believe, tied on, and journeyed up to Maine, and I mean we journeyed, it took us fifteen and one-half hours to get to Livermore Falls from Boston; compare that with forty-five fifty minutes this morning, course traveling a little different direction, but nevertheless it is now a very comfortable, what is it, three hours or three hours and one-half trip I guess, or to Liver-more Falls, I guess perhaps even a little less than that.

I can tell you we had some rather pleasant experiences, if you want to call them pleasant, on the way up, because on various occasions we youngsters, I was a teenager I guess, fifteen or sixteen or so, had a chance to get out and stretch and chop down a few branches from the trees. I don't know if that is allowed either, but we had to do this in order to throw them into the ruts in the road so that we could push the car a little bit to keep going. (Laughter) Your State had not completely concreted all of its roads at that time. I might also add that one of my first girl friends, I have never told this to my wife, but I guess I can today, one of my first girl friends - my very first girl friend, came from the State of Maine. Since then of course I have made many, many visits to the State of Maine. I have spent vacation periods at Liver-more Falls and enjoyed the hospitality of many friends in that community and surrounding communities.

Of course in those early days I certainly never dreamed that the son of immigrant parents would be given the privilege of coming to Maine to address the State Legislature, as the Governor of my home State of Massachusetts. This is America and God bless it — we certainly live in a country where anything can happen if you work

hard enough at it, and have a little faith in God.

My firm, of course, the contracting firm has built many buildings throughout the State of Maine, so I have visited Maine on business trips on many occasions. We have not done too well in recent years on bidding in Maine, but maybe once again some day we will although I do not think that will happen while I am Governor of the Commonwealth, because I will not be giving it much attention.

It is indeed a pleasure for me to extend to this distinguished gathering the greetings of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

It is an honor for the Governor of Massachusetts to be invited to address the Legislature of the State of Maine.

At least it gives me a chance, if I may say so, to momentarily forget the Massachusetts Legislature which is composed of twothirds Democrats in the House and two-thirds Democrats in the Senate. (Laughter and Applause) And of course I say that with no disparagement to the Democrats because I have many, many friends among them. But I suppose it might be a little easier to govern the Commonwealth of Massachusetts if it were the other way around. Of course the fact that we also have a Governor's Council as do you, and Governor Reed told me that he had seven Republicans on that Council-I have had eight Democrats and no Republicans. (Laughter) So you see my path isn't the easiest in the world.

It is a long time since Maine separated from Massachusetts, to be admitted to the Union on this date in 1820.

And the separation was not accomplished in a day, or a week, as you know — far from it.

For more than thirty-five years prior to the final separation of the District of Maine from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the matter was more or less actively agitated, conventions called, delegates elected thereto, memorials and petitions drawn up and presented to citizens for signature, then forwarded to the General Court.

It occurred to me that it might be interesting to look into those early, "pre-separation" days a bit.

You probably know your State History well — that separation was first proposed in 1784, shortly after the end of the Revolution. A Convention was called in 1786, to deliberate on the subject, but by 1787 the whole issue had quieted down, to be revived from time to time with varying intensity of feeling.

By 1818, however, the proponents of separation were stirring again, in earnest, and on October 11, 1819, a Constitutional Convention met in Portland. William King was chosen President, and the next day the first committee reported the title "Commonwealth of Maine."

Massachusetts was a Commonwealth, and many of the delegates wanted to keep that term, saying that the Maine people were not a new people, as were those who lived in the late territories.

One delegate objected that: "in common parlance, Maine would always be called a State. Why then should we style it Commonwealth? What is the use of giving the name Jonathan, when it would always be called, after all, plain John?"

Others thought that Commonwealth indicated "our civil policy, that it belongs to us as much as to Massachusetts," — that it is a "name of the Revolution" and a "more respectable title" than "State."

Finally the motion to strike out "Commonwealth" prevailed, and "State" was inserted in lieu thereof. So, narrowly, did we all, natives and others alike, escape the loss of the well known designation, "State of Maine"!

Next the convention entered upon a discussion about the name of the State — which produced some interesting sentiments. "Columbus" had been suggested.

To this a delegate objected, saying: "Maine is the name by which we are known in this Country and in Europe.

All our maps, our plans and records have that name, if altered, half a century would be required to make a new name equally familiar. It is suitable to retain

Maine, because for many purposes we shall be the main State of the Union!"

And I am sure all of you here subscribe to that fervent feeling! (Applause)

There was a more serious question before the Convention: Should Maine establish a Constitution which was a replica of that of Massachusetts (written forty years earlier); or should it adopt new ideas?

As the matter turned out, the example of Massachusetts had a definite influence upon the Maine Constitution.

Maine established a two-chamber Legislature, and also the principle of town representation.

In Massachusetts the Senatorial Districts were determined, with certain limitations, by the amount of taxes paid in them; in Maine, by the number of their inhabitants.

Massachusetts had also a "Bi-cameral Executive" — that is, the Governor was assisted by a Council, including a Lieutenant Governor.

The Maine Convention did away with the Lieutenant Governor without a word of dissent. The committee recommended a council of seven, elected by the Legislators from seven districts.

The bill admitting Maine to the Union was signed on March 3, 1820, by President Monroe, and the necessary Massachusetts Act of Assent took effect on March 15.

Now Maine was at last a separate State, with her own Constitution — but she had to choose her officers.

As almost everyone expected, William King was chosen Governor, I have a copy of his first message to the Legislature, delivered June 2, 1820, and I am particularly happy to quote his opening words:

"The political connexion, which had so long subsisted between Massachusetts and Maine being dissolved, it is a source of much satisfaction to reflect that the measures adopted for its accomplishment have effected the object in the most friendly manner.

A great and powerful Commonwealth voluntarily yields up her jurisdiction over a large portion of her citizens and territory.

These citizens peaceably and quietly formed themselves into a new and independent State, framing and adopting with unexampled harmony and unanimity a Constitution, embracing all the essential principles of liberty and good government; — these are events which constitute a memorable era in the history of our State.

By their correct and wise course of policy, the Executives and Legislative Departments of Massachusetts have laid the foundation of a lasting harmony between the two States."

I think we all feel that the harmonious relations between our two great States have not only continued, but have grown stronger over the years since Governor King's statement.

Let us analyze for a few moments the great devotion and participation of the citizens of our early days as contrasted with citizen participation today.

The famous philosopher, Aristotle, once said, "If liberty and equality, as is thought by some, are chiefly to be found in a Democracy, they will best be attained by all persons alike sharing in the Government to the utmost."

Aristotle uttered these words over two thousand years ago. Yet they perhaps are more applicable today than ever before.

The greatest ills in many nations have arisen from the fact that people are not sufficiently interested in their government. Public apathy encourages official corruption.

Failure to use the rights bestowed by democracy advances the growth of selfish and tyrannical minorities that can and do monopolize the great powers of government. In a nation such as ours, founded on the recognition of man's God-given rights, founded more firmly on this basic truth than any other nation, apathy and indifference are inexcusable.

We must all participate actively in our Government.

And that is why perhaps as a businessman I find myself in the Office of Governor. I for many years advocated that businessmen should take a more active part in their government, and I was finally told to put up or shut up. (Laughter)

Many people in these critical times actually brag about their non-participation in government—they want nothing to do with government in any form, shape or manner.

They may say this, but they are merely publicly demonstrating their ignorance.

For actually, all of us are deeply involved in and affected by the processes of Government. Every time a citizen goes before a labor board as an employer or employee, every time a citizen gets a ticket for parking or speeding, every time he fills out an income tax blank—the citizen is involved with his government.

Every time we see a fire engine, or a police car or a racing ambulance, we are watching government in action. It is difficult indeed to think of any human activity that can be carried on today where the impact of government is not felt.

My message today then is to encourage more citizens to participate in government at all levels; encourage more citizens to become interested in their government; encourage a strong two-party system; keep all citizens informed about the activities of government. In this way we can insure good Government and maintain the ideals of Democracy for all of our citizens. Ours is a Nation founded under God. As our forefathers expressed it, under God, we must maintain our great Nation. Thank you very (Prolonged applause, the much. audience arising)

GOVERNOR REED: Governor Volpe, on behalf of all those here assembled and everybody throughout the State of Maine, may I say thank you for a very splendid address and for taking time out of your schedule to be with us today.

I have just one more assignment to the proceedings here this morning. That is to present to Governor Volpe this little lapel button, I know most of you Legislators are wearing signifying that this is the 100th Maine Legislature.

And so as a memento of your trip here with us today on this very splendid occasion, Governor Volpe, I would like to present you with one of these souvenir lapel buttons.

GOVERNOR VOLPE: Thank you very much. (Prolonged applause the audience arising)

Senator STILPHEN: Now, in honor of the 50 States of the Union, the Maine National Guard will fire a 50-gun salute from the State House grounds. Major General Edwin W. Heywood, the Adjutant General, will call off the States, in order of their entrance to the Union, as the Salutes are fired.

Whereupon, a 50-gun salute was fired in honor of the 50 states of the Union in the following order: Delaware, Pennsylvania. Jersey, Georgia, Connecticut. Massachusetts, (Applause), Maryland, South Carolina, New Hampshire, Virginia, New York, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Vermont, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, Louisiana, Indiana, Mississippi, Illinois, Alabama, Maine, (Applause), Missouri, Arkansas, Michigan, Florida, Texas, Iowa, Wisconsin, California, Minnesota, Oregon, Kansas, West Virginia, Nevada, Nebraska, Colorado, North Dakota, South Dakota, Mon-Washington, Idaho. Wvoming, Utah, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, Alaska, Hawaii. (Applause)

Benediction by Rev. Romeo St. Pierre of Winslow.

Senator STILPHEN: At this time I would like to call your attention to the dedication ceremonies of the new museum which will take place in the museum at three o'clock this afternoon.

Also, in your programs you will note the reception given by the citizens of Augusta to His Excellency, Governor John Reed, and the Members of the 100th Legislature.

Now, Mr. Chairman, I would like to express my personal appreciation for the opportunity to preside over this ceremony, and I will now return to you the gavel. CHAIRMAN HILLMAN: Thank you, Senator Stilphen. I think you will all agree with me that he served well as temporary Chairman.

The purpose for which this Convention was assembled having been accomplished, I now declare the same dissolved.

The Senate then retired to its Chamber amid the applause of the House.

In the House

The House was called to order by the Speaker.

In accordance with House Order passed March 17, 1961, the following is the list of:

Former members of the House of Representatives registered for "Welcome Back Day"

Aliberti, Joseph A. — Cape Elizabeth — 99th

Allen, Guy — Chelsea — 97th,

Atherton, Wendell R. — Bangor— 93rd, 94th

Atwood, Edward W. — Portland —81st. 82nd

Bailey, Frank — Woolwich — 86th, 95th, 96th

Batchelder, Sidney R. — Kezar Falls — 88th, 89th

Berry, Lewis C. — Livermore — 92nd

Berryman, Walter P. — Sidney— 93rd

Beyer, Carl — Cape Elizabeth—98th

Blanchard, John F. — Wilton—85th, 86th

Boothby, Charles — Shapleigh—88th

Boothby, R. H. — Livermore — 94th, 95th

Bragdon, Roger S. — Wells — 87th, 88th

Braley, Richard D. — Augusta 91st

Brewster, Gordon E. — Wells — 97th, 98th

Brown, C. Arnold — Baileyville— 93rd, 94th, 95th

Brown, Dwight A. — Ellsworth— 98th, 99th

Brown, J. Cecil — Corinth — 89th, 90th

Brown, Harry M. — Unity — 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th

Bubar, Benjamin C., Jr. — China -89th, 90th, 91st Buzzell, F. G. — Fryeburg — 91st Byron, Parker D. - Hollis 92nd, 93rd Cahill, James M. — Moscow — Call, Howard W. - Augusta -96th, 97th, 98th, 99th Campbell, F. Raymond — Garland — 93rd, 94th Campbell, Riley M. — Guilford— 94th, 95th, 96th Carle, Alvin A. — Wellington— Caron, Edward L. — Biddeford— Carpenter, Frank S. — Augusta— Carville, C. Stanton — Augusta — 93rd, 94th, 95th Caswell, F. P. - New Sharon -95th, 99th Cates, Edwin — East Machias — 96th, 97th Cianchette, Carl E. — Pittsfield— Cianchette, Clair L. - Pittsfield Chaples, Frank M. - Hudson -94th, 95th Chapman, Clyde R. - Belfast -79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th (Clerk of the House) Chapman, E. May — Belfast 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd (Officer) 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th (Asst. Clerk of the House) Chapman, Melville — Norway — 99th Charles, Arthur H. — Portland — 97th Chase, Clarence P. -- Belgrade-95th Chase, Norman S. — Whitefield— 95th, 96th Christie, Augusta K. — Presque Isle — 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th Cole, Chester J. - Sumner -97th, 98th Conant, Alonzo — Auburn — 90th Cook, Sanger M. - Pittsfield -86th, 87th Coyne, James A. — Waterville— 97th, 98th, 99th Crocker, Robert M. Augusta -89th (Page) Cross, Burton M. — Augusta —

Davis, Earl W. - Harrison

90th

95th, 96th

Davis. Frederick H. - Buxton -90th, 91st Deschaine, Hope - Augusta -94th (Sec. to Speaker) Dodge, B. Warren - Strong -Donahue, William P. - Biddeford — 87th, 92nd Dow. Harold Eliot — 89th. 92nd, 95th, 99th Dow, Robert B. - Norway -88th, 89th Dow, William E. — Falmouth — 90th, 91st, 94th, 95th Edgar, Joseph — Bar Harbor — 97th, 98th, 99th Ela, Arthur E. — North Anson— 91st, 92nd Eben L. - Brooks -Elwell. 97th, 98th Faas, John J. - Benton - 94th Farley, Peter J. — Biddeford — 94th, 95th Farrington, Frank A. — Augusta -89th Fay, Margaret R. — Portland — 94th, 95th Ferguson, Norman K. — Hanover -96th, 97th Fickett, Lewis P. - Naples -96th Fitanides, Theophilus A. — Saco -96th Fitch, George E. - Sebago -93rd, 94th Fowler, Burt — Augusta — 93rd Gallant, Ernest E. - Shapleigh-93rd Gauthier, Roland A. - Sanford-94th Gay, Spencer A. — Damariscotta 92nd, 95th Goodrich, Liston L. - Palmyra-90th Gosline, Arthur N. — Gardiner— 95th, 96th Gowell, Roger L. - Poland -Hall, Ralph — East Dixfield — 89th, 90th Hammond, George M. - Albion Hancock, Frank E. — York — 97th, 98th Hand, Lynwood -- New Limerick 95th, 96th Harding, Frank F. - Rockland-Harris, Wilbur - Greenville -98th, 99th Haskell, Robert N. - Bangor -Haskell, Nathaniel - Portland -

91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th

Hatch, Edith V. - West Minot -McGlauflin, Clifford - Portland-88th, 89th, 90th, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th 93rd, 98th Heald, Robert H. - Union -McGown, Mark W. - Carmel -98th, 99th Healy, Joseph J. - Portland -93rd, 94th McIntire, Glenn R. — Brunswick 99th Hemphill, Samuel H. - Mechan--83rd ic Falls — 91st, 92nd Marshall, Fred W. — York Har-Hildreth, Horace A. - Cumberbor — 92nd, 93rd Martin, Burleigh - Augusta land — 89th Hilton, Carl W. - Bremen -81st, 82nd, 83rd Martin. Robert - Augusta -96th, 97th 95th, 96th Ralph B. — Anson Hilton, Maxwell, Robert W. — Winthrop 98th, 99th -95th, 97th, 98th Moffatt, Elizabeth Lester N. - Acton -Hobbs, Deering 94th, 99th Bath — 90th, 91st, 92nd, 95th Hodgkins, Richard — Greene — Monroe, John R. - Monroe -99th 99th Holman, Charles H. — Dixfield— Nelson, John S. — Old Town 89th, 90th Res. — 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, Holt, Charles A. - Ellsworth -98th, 99th (Indian Representative) 93rd Nowell, Gerald G. - Hermon -Howes, Allison P. — Palmyra — 95th 72nd Noyes, Malcolm - Franklin -Hussey, Leroy F. — Augusta — 87th, 88th, 89th 85th, 86th Hutchinson, Lee G. - Carthage-Palmeter, Curtis I. — Meddybemps — 89th, 92nd, 93rd, 97th 98th, 99th Payson, Curtis M. - Union -Ingraham, Maynard C., Sr. Rockport - 95th 93rd, 94th Jacoby, Parker R. - Dixmont -Pease, Alan C. - Wiscasset -92nd (Page) 93rd, 94th (Asst. Sgt. 95th Jewett, Donald C. - Pittston -At Arms) Peaslee, Dr. Edward W. — Augusta — 80th 92nd, 99th Johnson, Erwin R. — Gardiner— Pierce, Charles A. — Augusta — Judkins, G. Howard — Woodstock 92nd, 93rd Perham, Harold C. — West -92nd, 93rd Paris - 84th, 85th Keay, Harold — Albion — 96th Keene, Carroll W. - Clinton -Perry, J. Francis - Hampden -Keene, Wesley M. - Clinton -Perry, William L. — Chelsea — 95th Pert, Edwin — Bath — 99th Kent, Charles E. — Benton — Philbrick, Donald W. — Cape 85th. 91st Elizabeth — 87th, 88th, 89th Philbrick, Samuel W. — Bangor— Larrabee, Elmer F. - Sebago -82nd Lawrey, Dorothy G. - Rockland Pierce, Frank M. — Bucksport— -96th, 97th 90th, 91st, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th Leavitt, Fred N. — Parsonsfield Pratt, Edsel G. — Turner — 84th, -94th, 95th 85th, 89th, 90th Linnell, Robert S. - So. Port-Race, Clarence A. - No. Edgeland -- 99th comb — 89th, 90th Lord, Fred R. — Augusta — 97th Rankin, Arthur E. - Denmark-Lord, George - Wells - 81st Lovely, O. H. — Westfield — 95th, Reed, John H. — Fort Fairfield— 97th

Low, Seth — Rockland — 95th,

Raymond — Hope

96th

Ludwig.

94th, 95th, 96th

William —

Riley, Willard E. - Livermore

Ricker, 94th, 95th

Falls — 96th

Turner -

Ward, John F.

River - 95th, 96th

Watson, Frederick D. - Moose

Welch, Harley D. — Chapman —

White, Edward L. - Richmond-

91st, 92nd, 93rd

89th, 90th

81st, 82nd

-Millinocket -

Robinson, Clarence H. - Peru -Robinson, Joseph C., Jr. - St. George - 96th Ross, Rodney E., Jr. — Bath — 97th, 98th, 99th Ross, Milan (Ted) - Brownville -97th, 98th Roundy, Rodney W. - Portland-94th, 95th, 96th, 97th Rowe, Dana A. - Limerick -98th. 99th Ross, Albert H. — Woodstock — 86th, 87th Russ, Edgar — Caribou — 88th Sanborn, Harry F. — West Baldwin — 97th, 98th Sansoucy, William R. — Biddeford — 97th Saunders, Addison C. - Bethel -98th, 99th Sennett, Millard — Albion — 87th Sewall, Sumner — Bath — 87th Shaw, Steven D. - Bingham -97th, 98th Shay, Leo — Old Town Res. — 77th (Indian Representative) Silsby, William S. — Aurora — Slosberg, Samuel H. - Gardiner -89th, 90th Soper, Lewman B. — Newport — 85th, 86th Southard, Frank E., Jr. - Augusta - 90th Stanley, Leslie H. - Hampden-96th, 97th Stanley, James S. — Bangor — 97th, 98th, 99th

Whitney, Raymond P. — Bridgton -96th Wight, Freeman L. — Bangor — 93rd. 94th Williams, R. Leon — Clifton — 90th, 91st, 92nd Williams, Leonard F. — Auburn— 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th Wing, Earl L. — Kingfield — 82nd, 83rd, 84th Winslow, Chester T. - Raymond -81st Woodworth, Wallace — Benton — Worthen, Harold W. — Bangor — 85th, 87th Wright, Ralph — Manchester — 87th Wyman, Edgar H. — Benton — 88th On motion of Mr. Baxter of Pittsfield. Adjourned until Friday, March 17, at nine o'clock in the morning.

Dedication of State Museum

Mr. CROCKETT of Freeport: We are gathered here today to dedicate the re-established State Museum, a museum which for generations has been a favorite gathering place for Maine people interested in natural history. Children, especially, missed the State Museum when it was discontinued in 1948 because of the lack of State House space. It is a tribute to the work of many people that the State Museum has been reactivated in this spacious wing of the State House and has been graced by beautiful displays constructed by master craftsman Klir Beck. museum is a growing institution. In the words of Mr. Beck "It will be added to and revised through the years ahead.

I shall now call upon Rabbi A. H. Freedman of Bangor who will give the invocation for this ceremony.

Invocation by Rabbi A. H. Freedman.

97th
Torrey, Leo G. — Poland — 93rd
Trafton, Willis A., Jr. — Auburn
—96th, 97th
Travis, Robert L. — Westbrook—

Stanwood, Lawrence E. — Steuben — 96th, 97th

—79th

92nd, 93rd

Storm, Henning C. — Randolph

Sweetser, Herman — Cumberland

Tabb, Foster F. — Gardiner —

Thomas, Ellen E. — Anson —

95th, 96th

Trumbull, Charles — Fryeburg —99th

Vaughan, William L. — Hallowell —95th, 96th, 98th

Walsh, Adam — Brunswick — 97th, 98th

Walter, E. Ashley, Jr. — Waldoboro — 97th, 98th, 99th

Mr. CROCKETT: It is now my privilege to introduce the Honorable Arthur H. Charles, a former member of the Legislature, who introduced the bill which resulted in re-establishment of the Museum.

Mr. CHARLES of Cumberland: Thank you, Chairman Crockett, Governor Reed, Mrs. Socec, Rabbi Freedman, Senate President Hillman, House Speaker Good, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the 100th

Legislature and guests:

As I look through this beautiful Museum that we have this afternoon, it comes as a direct contrast to what it was a few years ago. I can only remember the corner of this room, the south wing of the State House where there were two deer with their horns locked in a permanent deathlike grip. I don't know what the significance is but if you have the time and virtue and faith, things will grow better, and they have become better today.

It is with great honor that I find myself taking part in the dedication of this wonderful tribute to the citizens of Maine, our new

State Museum.

There are a few facts which I am sure you will be interested to know, that finally resulted in the project which we have today. It was in the 98th Legislature when I introduced the State Museum Bill calling for re-establishment of the Museum, here in the South Wing of our State House. At that time, in 1957, this section was divided into separate hearing rooms, due to a shortage of space for hearings during the Legislative Session, but the construction of the new State House Office Building provided that extra need which led the way towards selling the idea of tearing out these rooms and moving the hearings to the new quarters. On January 31st of that year, Senate Paper No. 144, Legislative Document No. 342 was introduced in the Senate and upon concurrence by the House on February 6th, calling for an appropriation of \$50,000 for 1958 and \$25,000 for 1959 for reconstruction and development of the Museum, was referred to the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs. A public hearing on the matter was scheduled some weeks later,

which was very well attended by garden club organizations, Department of Economic Development, civic organizations and municipalities within the area. No opposition was registered against the bill. On May 16, 1957, the Committee reported Ought to Pass as amended. reducing the appropriation to \$25,000 for the first year and \$10,000 the second, also deleting the services of a curator and assistant. On May 17th, the Bill was passed to be engrossed by the Senate and sent to the House. On May 20th a heated debate by a member in the House attempted to kill the measure on the grounds that the State House should not be used for advertising purposes, but the staunch support by Representatives Haughn, Crockett, Bragdon, Totman, Edwards and Hendricks, who spoke in favor of the bill, resulted in defeating a vote for indefinite postponement 90 to 3. On May 21st, when the House gave the bill a third reading, another attempt was made to kill the bill with the argument that the matter be re-ferred to the next Legislature for further study and to consider buy-ing another building for the exclusive use of the Museum. Again, Representatives Crockett, Bragdon, Vaughn, Beane, Fuller, and Stanley maintained their support to be conservative yet to go ahead with the plans in a small way with the idea that something was better than nothing.

At this point, my only other support had to come from an urgent call to Mrs. Socec of Augusta to make a last ditch effort to save the bill with the art of legislative contacts. Mrs. Socec should be given a medal of honor for performing a deed over and above her call to duty. This time the bill was saved again with a vote 98 to 21. Then on May 23, in the House final passage stage, an attempt to table same was defeated by a resounding no vote, and finally passed.

In the Senate on May 24th the bill was tabled pending final enactment on the appropriation table. Then, on the 29th, taken from the table and enacted and finally passed into law by Governor Muskie's signature.

Immediately after passage, DED formed a Museum Committee and plans were laid for the final reestablishment. Under the expert leadership of our very good friend, Klir Beck, Maine's most talented artist in exhibition work, the museum began to take shape gradually. With additional funds from the 99th Legislature voted, more work was accomplished providing us with the fish pool and other improvements.

Our new Museum is a great asset to the State. Thousands upon thousands have visited it in the past three years. It will keep us mindful of the great outdoors, its game and its culture. It is a restful place dedicated to peace, living for a moment in the past yet using our heritage to look forward with faith and encouragement to better ourselves, our state and nation. I hope you will enjoy these facilities for many years to come. Thank you.

Mr. CROCKETT: It is now my pleasure to introduce a very gracious lady, Mrs. Edmund H. Socec of Winthrop, President of the Garden Club Federation of Maine. As you know, the Federation and its Augusta affiliate were instrumental in having the Museum reactivated.

Mrs. SOCEC: Mr. Crockett, Governor Reed, Mr. Charles and guests, it is with great happiness, appreciation, and humble pride, that I accepted your invitation to speak briefly for our Garden Club Federation of Maine at today's dedication ceremonies. I do want to thank you, Mr. Charles, for your very kind remarks and before I start mine, I would like to say that today in this room I see present many unsung heroes who will get little credit for the many things they did to further this Museum and without whose help it never would have been re-established.

I would like to call your attention to the fact that in 1917 the Augusta Nature Club started having bird studies with the first curator of this Museum, Thomas A. James, and here in this Museum they used to conduct free classes in bird study for adults and children.

A few years later, the Augusta Nature Club was formed and the first curator was made an honorary member of that club. years later when Senator Percival P. Baxter was made Governor, he was welcomed into the Augusta Nature Club and made an honorary member. You may recall he was greatly interested in nature in all its aspects and he was the Gov-ernor who issued a "Proclamation to the People of the State of Maine designating April 8, 1921 as Bird Day, that Public Schools, all Societies and Individuals may cooperate in the work of saving birds of the State from wanton slaughter by the thoughtless." A tour of the Museum followed that Proclamation and again the Museum played a prominent part.

Two of the Augusta Nature Club's charter members, who assisted Curator James at the Museum and down through the years, are with us today. They are Mrs. Archer L. Grover, who has contributed many specimens to the Museum, and Mrs. Mabel S. Thompson, an artist who painted several of the scenic wall pictures for the first Museum. These two members did a great deal of work with students until within just the last few years, and to them this Museum means a lot.

The Museum closed in 1948 and I think that this one group more than any other realized what a loss it was to our state not to have this source of nature study for children.

In the spring of 1956, five years ago, a delegation of the Augusta Nature Club went to call on Governor Muskie and asked him if a section of the State House could be set aside for a State Museum. At that time he listened attentively but said there was no space available. But you know how a group of women will work and within a year it had been agreed that possibly this old section could once more be set aside as a museum area. Governor Muskie said he would have this area set aside if we thought we could get the State Legislature to appropriate the money.

Senator Charles presented the bill and worked very hard to see that the bill was passed in order to reactivate this State Museum. We dream of the future when all of the south wing up to the elevator will become part of this Museum. We would like to have revolving exhibits in the room further north. We dream of the time when possibly the whole first floor will be part of the State Museum. It can become a reality. We shall always admire and gain much knowledge from the superb artistry of Klir Beck whose efforts now provide knowledge and enjoyment for thousands of adults and children, and we pledge our support to the continued growth of this Museum.

Mr. CROCKETT: Thank you, Mrs. Socec.

Now I would like to call upon Vinal G. Good, Speaker of the House of Representatives, who has a presentation to make to the Museum in connection with Commemoration Day for the 100th Legislature of Maine. (Applause)

SPEAKER VINAL G. GOOD: Chairman Crockett, Governor Reed, Commissioner Charles, Mrs. Socec and distinguished spectators: I have here a gavel which has been used by the Speaker in the 100th Legislature, in fact it was used by the Speaker in the proceedings that went on today.

This is an unusual gavel and one that I have been thinking about for some time. The wood for this gavel came from the State of Maine and it was manufactured in the State of Maine. The fact is it came from a tree on a farm which was once owned by my mother's father, my grandfather, Warren G. Boynton. He moved to Mars Hill from Liberty, Maine in 1850. That farm is no longer in my family, but part of it is owned by a representative now in the 103th Legislature, Representative Tweedie of Mars Hill.

One day a few weeks ago Reppresentative Tweedie and I got to discussing events in Mars Hill. I never did live in Mars Hill; I am now living in Sebago. I mentioned this farm to him and he said that he now owned a part of the farm, so I asked him if he wouldn't get me some wood so we could make a gavel to use in the

100th Legislature. I told him if he would do that I would have a couple of gavels made and I would see that he got one. That I did, and I gave him one gavel which was used today. I understand this gavel, which was also used today, is to be suitably inscribed a n d placed in the Museum as a memento of the occasion of today. Incidentally, for the record, my mother, Olive Boynton, was born on this farm in the dwelling erected there by my grandfather. And with this I thee pledge. (Applause)

Mr. CROCKETT: Thank you, Speaker Good. I will see that this is properly inscribed and placed in the Museum for safe-keeping, to remember another hundred years from now that Vinal Good presented this to the Museum. (Applause)

Now I wish to present the Honorable John H. Reed, Governor of the State of Maine, who will dedicate the Museum, and at the conclusion of his remarks he will sign a proclamation. It gives me great pleasure to call upon our Governor, John H. Reed, for the official dedication of this Museum.

GOVERNOR JOHN H. REED: Chairman Crockett, Mr. President. Mr. Speaker, Mr. Charles, Rabbi Freedman, Mrs. Socec, Mrs. Cross. Distinguished Guests and friends of the State of Maine Museum: It is a real pleasure for me to be here today and to participate in this dedication ceremony. I take special pride in it inasmuch as I was a member of the 98th Legislature in which Senator Charles' bill was finally successful and which resulted in this beautiful Museum which, to my personal knowledge, has meant a great deal to many thousands of people who have viewed the wonders and the beauties of the Museum which has been restored here for their inspection. Many times in the summer months in going back and forth from the Blaine House to the State House I have talked to many groups and they have never failed to mention the fine attractions which this Museum presents. Surely we can take a great deal of pride in the marvelous attractions that are here and will continue to be here for the countless thousands who I know will avail themselves of the opportunity to see what we have here on display.

This is a day which will live long in the history of the State of Maine and in the memories of those gathered in the State House to commemorate the 100th Maine Legislature. One of the most significant events which has been arranged in conjunction with the commemoration program is this dedication ceremony.

We are officially welcoming home today a great and historic Maine institution which, through 63 years of growth and development, has come to truly represent that which we cherish of the natural and cultural heritage of this great State.

Many have been the trials, the changes and the contributions of the State House Museum since 1897 when a single moose head and the skin of a deer formed its first collection. We are indebted to a former director of the Department of Inland Fisheries and Game, Leroy T. Carleton, for the idea of a State Museum. With a small beginning, the Fish and Game Department collection grew until, in 1912, the entire first floor of the then new south wing of the State House, where we stand today, was set aside for the Museum.

Further contributions were made by Curator Thomas A. James, who broadened the Museum's educational scope and mounted and displayed many of our native animals and birds.

But the modernized version of the Museum, which we dedicate today, with its eye catching displays and lifelike dioramas, is the genius of the master craftsman of outdoor life exhibit, Klir Beck of Mount Vernon.

Klir Beck, whose imagination and skill have brought him personal acclaim as well as much credit to the State of Maine, can well be proud of his accomplishments in this undertaking. We owe Klir a debt of gratitude and look forward with anticipation to his future attractions planned for this Museum. The display of the original Maine Constitution which we see here before us today was done by Klir for the commemoration program. I do not know, and I rather

doubt if Klir is here today, because he is a rather modest fellow. I would like to have Klir stand so everyone can see him.

(Applause)

I am delighted that Klir is here. because, as I just mentioned, he is a very modest fellow. I have enjoyed his tremendous exhibits around the State House and whereever they have been shown. I am sure every one of us is tremendously grateful for what Klir has done to enhance the pages of Maine culture. I know he takes tremendous pride in the bird exhibit in the corner. The craftsmanship this man possesses is truly rare today. I do not know anyone in the entire country who surpasses this gentleman in this particular skill. I am so pleased, Klir, you are here today. I mean it. I know the folks here are tremendously indebted to you for the work you have done. May I congratulate you on behalf of everyone in the State of Maine and wish you many productive years so you can devote this tremendous talent of yours to this Museum, Congratulations for everything.

Mr. KLIR BECK: Thank you, Governor Reed.

What we dedicate here today would not have been possible had it not been for the interest which many people displayed in the reestablishment of the Museum. An overcrowded State House saw the discontinuance of the Museum for nearly a decade until 1957 when a campaign was started to restore the institution to its place of prominence. The Augusta Nature Club, enlisting the support of the Garden Club Federation of Maine, of other organizations and of the general public, brought the Museum reactivation to the close attention of the legislature.

The 98th Legislature, with Senator Arthur Charles as the bill sponsor, reactivated the Museum and authorized the Department of Economic Development to maintain it. Thus, we have the Museum today with its birds, fish and animals, its minerals, arts, crafts and relics of other eras, on permanent display. To visit the State House Museum is an education for all ages and I would hope that in suc-

ceeding years every Maine citizen might have the opportunity to come here and to view these wonderful portrayals of nature.

It gives me great pleasure in behalf of all of the citizens of Maine to dedicate this Museum here today in tribute to those citizens who actively sought its re-activation, in tribute to the great artist, Klir Beck, and in tribute to the Maine Legislature which supported the re-establishment.

May the doors of this Museum ever be open to the citizens of Maine and visitors to our State in order that they might gain greater knowledge and understanding of our life, and may this State House Museum continue to grow and to tell its timeless and marvelous story to future generations. Thank you very much. (Applause)

And now, as my good friend, Representative Crockett, has mentioned, it is a real pleasure for me to issue this proclamation. I would like to read it to you:

PROCLAMATION

State of Maine

WHEREAS, the State Museum was established 63 years ago with a very modest collection; and

WHEREAS, the Museum collection grew rapidly over the years and mirrored the wildlife of the forests and waters of Maine; and

WHEREAS, young Maine persons, especially enjoyed the Museum and profited in knowledge by visiting it; and

WHEREAS, because of a short-age of State House space it became necessary to abandon the Museum in 1948; and

WHEREAS, because of the dedicated efforts of many Maine persons, legislators and private persons alike, the Museum has now been reestablished in adequate quarters and beautiful displays have been constructed in the reactivated museum:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, John H. Reed, Governor of the State of Maine, hereby dedicate the reestablished museum and proclaim and designate this date, March 15, 1961 as

STATE MUSEUM DEDICATION DAY

and I urge the people of Maine in the days to come to avail themselves of this excellent natural history facility.

(Seal)

Given at the office of the Governor at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this Fifteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-one and of the Independence of the United States of America. the One Hundred and Eighty-fifth (Signed)

JOHN H. REED

Mr. CROCKETT: Thank you. Governor Reed.

- I hope you will all see our Constitution. As I understand, it is the first time it has ever been publicly displayed, at least there is no record where it has been displayed before.
- I shall call now upon Rabbi Freedman again to give the Benediction, which will conclude the dedication program.
- I do want to thank you all for coming to this dedication. I certainly appreciate it. I do want to give thanks to my committee who has worked so hard with me for this occasion today.

(Benediction by Rabbi H. Freedman)