

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTIETH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 2, 2020 to March 30, 2021

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION April 28, 2021 to July 19, 2021

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PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

Augusta, Maine 2021

PUBLIC LAW, C. 476

of a monument on the exterior grounds of the State House honoring the victims of and first responders to the pandemic related to the coronavirus disease 2019 pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 3, section 902, subsection 1-D. The report must describe the commission's efforts in soliciting artistic designs for the monument. The joint standing committee may report out a bill to the Second Regular Session of the 130th Legislature on the subject matter of the report.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 476

S.P. 422 - L.D. 1294

An Act To Prevent Discrimination against Domestic Violence Victims

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §4572, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2005, c. 10, §§11 and 12, is further amended to read:

1. Unlawful employment <u>discrimination</u>. It is unlawful employment discrimination, in violation of this Act, except when based on a bona fide occupational qualification:

A. For any employer to fail or refuse to hire or otherwise discriminate against any applicant for employment because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, because of the applicant's previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, because of previous actions taken by the applicant that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B or because the applicant sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007; or, because of those reasons, to discharge an employee or discriminate with respect to hire, tenure, promotion, transfer, compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of employment or any other matter directly or indirectly related to employment; or, in recruiting of individuals for employment or in hiring them, to utilize any employment agency that the employer knows or has reasonable cause to know discriminates against individuals because of their race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, because of their previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, because of previous actions that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B; or because the applicant sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007.

(1) This paragraph does not apply to discrimination governed by Title 39-A, section 353;

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B. For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly, refer for employment or otherwise discriminate against any individual because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, because of the individual's previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, because of previous actions taken by the individual that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B or because the individual sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007; or to comply with an employer's request for the referral of job applicants if a request indicates either directly or indirectly that the employer will not afford full and equal employment opportunities to individuals regardless of their race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, because of previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, because of previous actions that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B or because the individual sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007;

C. For any labor organization to exclude from apprenticeship or membership or to deny full and equal membership rights to any applicant for membership because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, because of the applicant's previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, because of previous actions taken by the applicant that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B or because the applicant sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007; or, because of those reasons, to deny a member full and equal membership rights, expel from membership, penalize or otherwise discriminate with respect to hire, tenure, promotion, transfer, compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of employment, representation, grievances or any other matter directly or indirectly related to membership or employment, whether or not authorized or required by the constitution or bylaws of that labor organization or by a collective labor agreement or other contract; to fail or refuse to classify properly or refer for employment or otherwise discriminate against any member because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, because of the member's previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, because of previous actions taken by the member that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B or because the applicant sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007; or to cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an individual in violation of this section, except that it is lawful for labor organizations and employers to adopt a maximum age limitation in apprenticeship programs, if the employer or labor organization obtains prior approval from the Maine Human Rights Commission of any maximum age limitation employed in an apprenticeship program. The commission shall approve the age limitation if a reasonable relationship exists between the maximum age limitation employed and a legitimate expectation of the employer in receiving a reasonable return upon the employer's investment in an apprenticeship program. The employer or labor organization bears the burden of demonstrating that such a relationship exists;

D. For any employer, employment agency or labor organization, prior to employment or admission to membership of any individual, to:

(1) Elicit or attempt to elicit information directly or indirectly pertaining to race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, any previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, any previous actions that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B <u>or any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of</u> protection under Title 19-A, section 4007;

(2) Make or keep a record of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, any previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, any previous actions that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B or any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007, except under physical or mental disability when an employer requires a physical or mental examination prior to employment, a privileged record of that examination is permissible if made and kept in compliance with this Act;

(3) Use any form of application for employment, or personnel or membership blank containing questions or entries directly or indirectly pertaining to race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, any previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, any previous actions that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B <u>or any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007</u>. This section does not prohibit any officially recognized government agency from keeping records permitted to be

kept under this Act in order to provide free services to individuals requesting rehabilitation or employment assistance;

(4) Print, publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership indicating any preference, limitation, specification or discrimination based upon race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, any previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, any previous actions that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B <u>or any previous actions</u> <u>seeking and receiving an order of protection</u> <u>under Title 19-A, section 4007; or</u>

(5) Establish, announce or follow a policy of denying or limiting, through a quota system or otherwise, employment or membership opportunities of any group because of the race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, age, ancestry or national origin, <u>because of</u> the previous assertion of a claim or right under former Title 39 or Title 39-A or, because of previous actions that are protected under Title 26, chapter 7, subchapter 5-B <u>or because of any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007, of that group; or</u>

E. For an employer, employment agency or labor organization to discriminate in any manner against individuals because they have opposed a practice that would be a violation of this Act or because they have made a charge, testified or assisted in any investigation, proceeding or hearing under this Act.

Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §4581, first ¶, as amended by PL 2011, c. 613, §10 and affected by §29, is further amended to read:

The opportunity for an individual to secure housing in accordance with the individual's ability to pay, and without discrimination because of race, color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or familial status <u>or because</u> the individual has sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007, is hereby recognized as and declared to be a civil right.

Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §4581-A, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 613, §11 and affected by §29, is amended to read:

§4581-A. Unlawful housing discrimination

It is unlawful housing discrimination, in violation of this Act:

1. Sale or rental of housing and other prohibited practices. For any owner, lessee, sublessee, managing agent or other person having the right to sell or rent or manage a housing accommodation, or any agent of these, to:

A. Make or cause to be made any written or oral inquiry concerning the race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or, familial status <u>or any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007</u> of any prospective purchaser, occupant or tenant of the housing accommodation;

B. Refuse to show or refuse to sell, rent, lease, let or otherwise deny to or withhold from any person the housing accommodation because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or familial status <u>or because the person sought and re-</u> ceived an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007;

C. Make, print or publish or cause to be made, printed or published any notice, statement or advertisement relating to the sale, rental or lease of the housing accommodation that indicates any preference, limitation or discrimination based upon race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or, familial status <u>or any previous actions seeking and</u> <u>receiving an order of protection under Title 19-A,</u> <u>section 4007</u> or an intention to make any such preference, limitation or discrimination;

D. Discriminate against any person because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or familial status or because the person sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007 in the price, terms, conditions or privileges of the sale, rental or lease of any housing accommodations or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection with any housing accommodations; or

E. Evict or attempt to evict any tenant of any housing accommodation because of the race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or familial status of the tenant <u>or because the tenant sought and</u> <u>received an order of protection under Title 19-A,</u> <u>section 4007</u>;

2. Selling, brokering or appraising of housing. For any real estate broker or real estate salesperson, or any agent of these, to:

A. Fail or refuse to show any person a housing accommodation listed for sale, lease or rent because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or familial status <u>or because the person sought and</u> <u>received an order of protection under Title 19-A,</u> <u>section 4007</u>; B. Misrepresent, for the purpose of discriminating because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or, familial status <u>or any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of protection</u> <u>under Title 19-A, section 4007</u>, the availability or asking price of a housing accommodation listed for sale, lease or rent or for such reason to fail to communicate to the person having the right to sell, rent or lease the housing accommodation any offer for the same made by any applicant;

C. In any other manner to discriminate against any applicant for a housing accommodation because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or familial status <u>or because the applicant sought and received an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007;</u>

D. Make or cause to be made any written or oral inquiry or record concerning the race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or, familial status or any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007 of any applicant for or intended occupant of a housing accommodation; or

E. Accept for listing any housing accommodation when the person having the right to sell, rent or lease the housing accommodation has directly or indirectly indicated an intention of discriminating among prospective tenants or purchasers on the ground of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or, familial status <u>or any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007, or when the broker or salesperson knows or has reason to know that the person having the right to sell, rent or lease the housing accommodation has made a practice of discrimination since July 1, 1972;</u>

3. Making of loans; other financial assistance. For any person to whom application is made for a loan or other form of financial assistance for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair or maintenance of any housing accommodation, whether secured or unsecured, or agent of the person, to:

A. Make or cause to be made any oral or written inquiry concerning the race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or, familial status <u>or any</u> <u>previous actions seeking and receiving an order of</u> <u>protection under Title 19-A, section 4007</u> of any applicant for financial assistance or of existing or prospective occupants or tenants of housing accommodations; or B. Discriminate in the granting of financial assistance, or in the terms, conditions or privileges relating to obtaining or the use of any financial assistance, against any applicant because of race or color, sex, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, national origin or, familial status or any previous actions seeking and receiving an order of protection under Title 19-A, section 4007; or

4. Receipt of public assistance. For any person furnishing rental premises or public accommodations to refuse to rent or impose different terms of tenancy to any individual who is a recipient of federal, state or local public assistance, including medical assistance and housing subsidies, primarily because of the individual's status as recipient.

Sec. 4. Appropriations and allocations. The following appropriations and allocations are made.

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION, MAINE

Human Rights Commission - Regulation 0150

Initiative: Establishes one part-time Maine Human Rights Investigator position due to an anticipated increase in complaints and provides funding for related All Other costs.

GENERAL FUND	2021-22	2022-23
POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE	0.500	0.500
COUNT		
Personal Services	\$53,609	\$56,303
All Other	\$6,162	\$2,512
GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$59,771	\$58,815
See title page for effective date.		

CHAPTER 477

H.P. 1113 - L.D. 1503

An Act To Stop Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances Pollution

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, contamination of soil and water in the State from perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, or PFAS, poses a significant threat to the environment of the State and to the health of its citizens; and

Whereas, the full extent of PFAS contamination in the State is not presently known but is anticipated to be widespread and to require a significant expenditure of resources to identify and remediate; and Whereas, PFAS continue to be used across a variety of industries for a variety of purposes and are ultimately contained in a variety of products sold in the State; and

Whereas, to address the imminent threat of further contamination of soil and water in the State, it is imperative to collect information regarding the use of PFAS in and to phase out the sale of certain nonessential products containing PFAS, as proposed in this legislation; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §1612 is enacted to read:

§1612. Products containing PFAS

1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

A. "Carpet or rug" means a fabric marketed or intended for use as a floor covering.

B. "Currently unavoidable use" means a use of PFAS that the department has determined by rule under this section to be essential for health, safety or the functioning of society and for which alternatives are not reasonably available.

C. "Fabric treatment" means a substance applied to fabric to give the fabric one or more characteristics, including but not limited to stain resistance or water resistance.

D. "Intentionally added PFAS" means PFAS added to a product or one of its product components to provide a specific characteristic, appearance or quality or to perform a specific function. "Intentionally added PFAS" also includes any degradation by-products of PFAS.

E. "Manufacturer" means the person that manufactures a product or whose brand name is affixed to the product. In the case of a product imported into the United States, "manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the product if the person that manufactured or assembled the product or whose brand name is affixed to the product does not have a presence in the United States.

F. "Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS" means substances that include any member of the class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.