

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 7, 2016 to August 2, 2017

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS NOVEMBER 1, 2017

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

Augusta, Maine 2017

Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §3210, sub-§3-A, ¶A, as corrected by RR 2007, c. 2, §20, is amended to read:

A. Except as provided in paragraph B, beginning January 1, 2008, as a condition of licensing pursuant to section 3203, each competitive electricity provider in this State must demonstrate in a manner satisfactory to the commission that the percentage of its portfolio of supply sources for retail electricity sales in this State accounted for by new renewable capacity resources is as follows:

(1) One percent for the period from January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008;

(2) Two percent for the period from January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009;

(3) Three percent for the period from January 1, 2010 to December 31, 2010;

(4) Four percent for the period from January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011;

(5) Five percent for the period from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012;

(6) Six percent for the period from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013;

(7) Seven percent for the period from January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014;

(8) Eight percent for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015;

(9) Nine percent for the period from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016; and

(10) Ten percent for the period from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017 2022.

New renewable capacity resources used to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph may not be used to satisfy the requirements of subsection 3.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 292

H.P. 1036 - L.D. 1512

An Act To Protect the Health and Safety of First Responders

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §832-A is enacted to read:

§832-A. Emergency blood-borne pathogen testing

1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

A. "Aggressive blood-borne pathogen" means a blood-borne pathogen whose pathology is such that a person who has been exposed to the pathogen must receive medical treatment to have a chance to effectively neutralize the pathogen.

B. "Body fluids" means body fluids that are excreted or secreted from the body, including, but not limited to, urine, feces, blood or saliva.

<u>C.</u> "Emergency medical care provider" has the same meaning as in Title 17-A, section 752-C, subsection 2.

D. "Firefighter" has the same meaning as in Title 17-A, section 752-E, subsection 2.

E. "First responder" means a law enforcement officer, firefighter or emergency medical care provider.

F. "Law enforcement officer" has the same meaning as in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 17.

2. Testing; expedited hearing. When a first responder has been exposed to a person's body fluids in the course of the first responder's official duties, the first responder or the first responder's designee may ask the person whose body fluids were the source of exposure to the first responder to submit to a blood test. If the person refuses, the first responder may petition the court and, if there is reasonable cause to suspect that the person's body fluids might contain an aggressive blood-borne pathogen, the court may order that a hearing be held in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 832, except that:

A. Upon receipt by the District Court of the petition, the court shall schedule a hearing to be held within 72 hours of the filing of the petition;

B. Any appeal of the District Court's decision must be filed no later than 24 hours following the court's decision; and

C. Upon receipt by the Superior Court of an appeal under paragraph B, the court shall schedule a hearing to be held within 72 hours.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 293 H.P. 1135 - L.D. 1644

An Act To Fund the Agreement with Executive Branch Employees

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and