

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from electronic originals
(may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION
December 7, 2016 to August 2, 2017

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR
FIRST REGULAR SESSION
NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS
NOVEMBER 1, 2017

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,
TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

Augusta, Maine
2017

joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over public reserved lands matters by March 1, 2019 in the annual report dealing with public reserved lands submitted pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 12, section 1853. After receipt of the lists, the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over public reserved lands matters shall hold a meeting for the purpose of obtaining public input on the statewide priority lists. After that meeting, the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over public reserved lands matters shall rank the projects on the priority lists submitted by the bureau and, if funding is available, make recommendations to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over appropriations and financial affairs for funding projects.

Sec. 12. Review of bid process. The Bureau of Parks and Lands within the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry shall review its bid process for timber harvesting and road construction projects, including any liability concerns related to the bid process. The bureau shall report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over public reserved lands matters with any recommended changes to the bid process by March 15, 2018.

Sec. 13. Appropriations and allocations. The following appropriations and allocations are made.

AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION AND FORESTRY, DEPARTMENT OF

Land Management and Planning Z239

Initiative: Provides an allocation for STA-CAP costs.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	2017-18	2018-19
All Other	\$3,250	\$0
	<hr/>	<hr/>
OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL	\$3,250	\$0

Land Management and Planning Z239

Initiative: Provides an allocation to develop infrastructure projects to comply with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 for the State's public reserved lands.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	2017-18	2018-19
All Other	\$50,000	\$0
	<hr/>	<hr/>
OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL	\$50,000	\$0

Land Management and Planning Z239

Initiative: Provides an allocation to conduct a detailed forest inventory of the State's public reserved lands and public nonreserved lands.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	2017-18	2018-19
All Other	\$0	\$65,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL	\$0	\$65,000

Land Management and Planning Z239

Initiative: Provides allocations for educational grants to programs related to logging or forestry at public secondary or public postsecondary educational institutions or career and technical education centers.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	2017-18	2018-19
All Other	\$150,000	\$150,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL	\$150,000	\$150,000

AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION AND FORESTRY, DEPARTMENT OF

DEPARTMENT TOTALS	2017-18	2018-19
OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	\$203,250	\$215,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
DEPARTMENT TOTAL - ALL FUNDS	\$203,250	\$215,000

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

Effective July 20, 2017.

CHAPTER 290

H.P. 344 - L.D. 481

An Act To Promote Workforce Participation

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, employers throughout this State are struggling to hire and retain skilled workers to meet the needs of their businesses; and

Whereas, thousands of parents in this State are currently receiving benefits under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF, program and are employed or seeking employment; and

Whereas, employers are eager to hire TANF recipients, but often see such employees struggle due to the rapid loss of TANF or other benefits after they return to work, the so-called welfare cliff; and

Whereas, addressing this welfare cliff will assist employees to remain employed and to establish stable and long-term employment, allowing them to move permanently off of public assistance while meeting the needs of employers in this State; and

Whereas, it is imperative that this legislation take effect immediately so that employees are incentivized to remain at work; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §3762, sub-§3, ¶B, as amended by PL 2015, c. 267, Pt. RRRR, §2, is further amended to read:

B. The department may use funds, insofar as resources permit, provided under and in accordance with the United States Social Security Act or state funds appropriated for this purpose or a combination of state and federal funds to provide assistance to families under this chapter. In addition to assistance for families described in this subsection, funds must be expended for the following purposes:

- (1) To continue the pass-through of the first \$50 per month of current child support collections and the exclusion of the \$50 pass-through from the budget tests and benefit calculations;
- (2) To provide financial assistance to non-citizens legally admitted to the United States who are receiving assistance under this subsection as of July 1, 2011. Recipients of assistance under this subparagraph are limited to the categories of noncitizens who would be eligible for the TANF programs but for their status as aliens under PRWORA. Eligibility for the TANF program for these categories of noncitizens must be determined using the cri-

teria applicable to other recipients of assistance from the TANF program. Any household receiving assistance as of July 1, 2011 may continue to receive assistance, as long as that household remains eligible, without regard to interruptions in coverage or gaps in eligibility for service. A noncitizen legally admitted to the United States who is neither receiving assistance on July 1, 2011 nor has an application pending for assistance on July 1, 2011 that is later approved is not eligible for financial assistance through a state-funded program unless that noncitizen is:

- (a) Elderly or disabled, as described under the laws governing supplemental security income in 42 United States Code, Sections 1381 to 1383f (2010);
 - (b) A victim of domestic violence;
 - (c) Experiencing other hardship, such as time necessary to obtain proper work documentation, as defined by the department by rule. Rules adopted by the department under this division are routine technical rules as defined by Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A; or
 - (d) Unemployed but has obtained proper work documentation, as defined by the department by rule. Rules adopted by the department under this division are routine technical rules as defined by Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A;
- (3) To provide benefits to certain 2-parent families whose deprivation is based on physical or mental incapacity;
 - (4) To provide an assistance program for needy children, 19 to 21 years of age, who are in full-time attendance in secondary school. The program is operated for those individuals who qualify for TANF under the United States Social Security Act, except that they fail to meet the age requirement, and is also operated for the parent or caretaker relative of those individuals. Except for the age requirement, all provisions of TANF, including the standard of need and the amount of assistance, apply to the program established pursuant to this subparagraph;
 - (5) To provide assistance for a pregnant woman who is otherwise eligible for assistance under this chapter, except that she has no dependents under 19 years of age. An individual is eligible for the monthly benefit for one eligible person if the medically substantiated expected date of the birth of her child is not more than 90 days following the date the benefit is received;

(6) To provide a special housing allowance for TANF families whose shelter expenses for rent, mortgage or similar payments, homeowners insurance and property taxes equal or exceed 75% of their monthly income. The special housing allowance is limited to \$200 per month for each family. For purposes of this subparagraph, "monthly income" means the total of the TANF monthly benefit and all income countable under the TANF program, plus child support received by the family, excluding the \$50 pass-through payment;

(7) In determining benefit levels for TANF recipients who have earnings from employment, the department shall disregard from monthly earnings the following:

- (a) One hundred and eight dollars;
- (b) Fifty percent of the remaining earnings that are less than the federal poverty level; and
- (c) All actual child care costs necessary for work, except that the department may limit the child care disregard to \$175 per month per child or \$200 per month per child under 2 years of age or with special needs;

(7-A) In determining eligibility and benefit levels, the department may apply a gross income test only to applicants and not to recipients;

(7-B) In addition to the earned income disregards provided in subparagraph (7), a TANF recipient who enters employment must receive a one-time employment incentive payment of \$400 if that TANF recipient retains employment for the subsequent 4 months after entering employment, to be paid at the end of that 4-month period. This subparagraph is repealed December 31, 2018;

(8) In cases when the TANF recipient has no child care cost, the monthly TANF benefit is the maximum payment level or the difference between the countable earnings and the standard of need established by rule adopted by the department, whichever is lower;

(9) In cases when the TANF recipient has child care costs, the department shall determine a total benefit package, including TANF cash assistance, determined in accordance with subparagraph (7) and additional child care assistance, as provided by rule, necessary to cover the TANF recipient's actual child care costs up to the maximum amount specified in section 3782-A, subsection 5.

The benefit amount must be paid as provided in this subparagraph.

(a) Before the first month in which child care assistance is available to an ASPIRE-TANF recipient under this paragraph and periodically thereafter, the department shall notify the recipient of the total benefit package and the following options of the recipient: to receive the total benefit package directly; or to have the department pay the recipient's child care assistance directly to the designated child care provider for the recipient and pay the balance of the total benefit package to the recipient.

(b) If an ASPIRE-TANF recipient notifies the department that the recipient chooses to receive the child care assistance directly, the department shall pay the total benefit package to the recipient.

(c) If an ASPIRE-TANF recipient does not respond or notifies the department of the choice to have the child care assistance paid directly to the child care provider from the total benefit package, the department shall pay the child care assistance directly to the designated child care provider for the recipient. The department shall pay the balance of the total benefit package to the recipient;

(10) Child care assistance under this paragraph must be paid by the department in a prompt manner that permits an ASPIRE-TANF recipient to access child care necessary for work; and

(11) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375 to implement this subsection. Rules adopted pursuant to this subparagraph are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

Effective July 20, 2017.

CHAPTER 291

H.P. 810 - L.D. 1147

An Act To Modernize the Renewable Portfolio Standard

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: