MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 3, 2014 to July 16, 2015

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS OCTOBER 15, 2015

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

Augusta, Maine 2015

performs services as a surveyor, an architect, a forester licensed under Title 32, chapter 76 or an engineer, or as a real estate licensee, or as an owner-renter, ownerlessor, or owner-supplier of equipment used in erecting, altering, moving or repairing a house, building or appurtenances, including any public building erected or owned by any city, town, county, school district or other municipal corporation, or in constructing, altering or repairing a wharf or pier, or any building thereon, including the surveying, clearing, grading, draining, excavating or landscaping of the ground adjacent to and upon which any such objects are constructed, or in selling any interest in land, improvements or structures, by virtue of a contract with or by consent of the owner, has a lien thereon and on the land on which it stands and on any interest such owner has in the same, to secure payment thereof, with costs. If the owner of the building has no legal interest in the land on which the building is erected or to which it is moved, the lien attaches to the building, and if the owner of the wharf or pier has no legal interest in the land on which the wharf or pier is erected, the lien attaches to the wharf or pier, and in either case may be enforced as provided. If the owner of such land, building, wharf or pier, so contracting, is a minor or married woman, such lien exists and such minority or coverture does not bar a recovery in any proceeding brought to enforce it.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 57 H.P. 394 - L.D. 570

An Act To Authorize the Commissioner of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife To Postpone or Cancel an Open Hunting Season

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §10105, sub-§17** is enacted to read:
- 17. Postpone or cancel the start of an open hunting season. Notwithstanding any provision of subpart 4, the commissioner, based on sound scientific wildlife management principles, may postpone or cancel an open hunting season on any game species if the commissioner has concerns regarding disease, weather conditions, reduction in population or other unforeseen factors that may prevent publicly derived management goals from being met.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 58 S.P. 291 - L.D. 817

An Act Regarding Aerial Pesticide Spray Projects

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §1444, sub-§2,** as enacted by PL 1997, c. 215, §1, is amended to read:
- **2. Aerial spraying.** When the infestation causing a public health nuisance may be controlled by the aerial spraying of pesticides, the municipal officers in the affected municipality may conduct aerial spraying subject to rules adopted by the Board of Pesticides Control, pursuant to <u>Title 7</u>, section 610 and <u>Title 22</u>, section 1471 R, subsection 3, paragraph C 1471-M, except that:
 - A. The municipality rather than the applicator is responsible for compliance with the notification and consent regulations;
 - B. Landowners who are sent written notification by mail, sent to the landowner's last known address as contained in the municipal assessing records and who fail to respond to the notice within 30 days are deemed to have consented to aerial spraying;
 - C. A landowner's written consent to spray remains valid unless the municipal officers are notified in writing at least 90 days before spraying is to occur that:
 - (1) The landowner withdraws consent; or
 - (2) Ownership of the property has been transferred and the notice contains the name and mailing address of the new owner;
 - D. Any such notice sent or consent received in calendar year 1997 prior to the effective date of this chapter constitutes adequate notice or consent under the law;
 - E. Written notice to the landowners must identify the chemicals to be used in the aerial spraying; and
 - F. Public notice of the date of the aerial spraying, subject to change because of weather conditions, must be given 24 hours prior to the spraying.
- **Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §1471-C, sub-§5,** as amended by PL 2007, c. 245, §1, is further amended to read:
- **5.** Commercial applicator. "Commercial applicator" means any person, except a government pesticide supervisor, whether or not the person is a private applicator with respect to some uses, who uses or supervises the use of any limited or restricted-use pesti-

cides on any property other than as provided by subsection 22, or who uses general-use pesticides in custom application on such property. "Commercial applicator" also includes individuals who apply any pesticides in connection with their duties as officials or employees of federal, state or local governments.

- **Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §1471-C, sub-§11-A,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 374, §2, is repealed.
- **Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §1471-C, sub-§§16-C, 23-A and 23-C,** as enacted by PL 1983, c. 819, Pt. A, §41, are repealed.
- **Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §1471-D, sub-§2-A,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 374, §3, is repealed.
- **Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §1471-D, sub-§2-B,** as enacted by PL 1983, c. 819, Pt. A, §43, is repealed.
- **Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §1471-D, sub-§5,** as amended by PL 1983, c. 819, Pt. A, §45, is further amended to read:
- **5. Issuance.** No \underline{A} license or certification may not be issued by the board, unless the board determines that the standards for licensing and certification have been met as to those categories for which the applicant has applied and qualified. In the case of the spotter and monitor, the board shall set minimal proficiency requirements with the understanding that the board may choose to change these standards from time to time. The enforcement personnel of the Board of Pesticides Control shall be certified to meet at least the minimal proficiency requirements required of spotters and monitors. If a license or certification is not issued as applied for, the board shall provide written notice to the applicant of the reasons therefor. The license or certificate may be issued upon such terms and conditions as the board deems considers necessary for the protection of the public health, safety and welfare, and for enforcement and administration of this chapter and the rules promulgated <u>adopted</u> pursuant to this chapter.
- **Sec. 8. 22 MRSA \$1471-D, sub-\$6,** as amended by PL 1997, c. 454, §8, is further amended to read:
- **6. Renewal.** Licenses for commercial applicators, government pesticide supervisors, spotters, monitors, spray contracting firms, pesticide dealers and private applicators are valid for such period as prescribed by the board by rule. Application for renewal must be accompanied by such reasonable fee as the board may by rule require. The board may, by rule, require that such renewal application include reexamination or other procedures designed to assure a continuing level of competence to distribute, use or supervise the use of pesticides safely and properly.

If the board fails to renew a license upon application of the licensee or certificate holder, it shall afford the licensee or certificate holder an opportunity for a hearing in conformity with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV 4.

- **Sec. 9. 22 MRSA §1471-M, sub-§1, ¶A,** as amended by PL 1981, c. 374, §8, is further amended to read:
 - A. Establish categories, and where applicable subcategories, of commercial pesticide applicators and government pesticide supervisors depending upon the nature and extent of the pesticide use, the type of pesticide equipment, the degree of knowledge or skill required in their application and such other factors as the board deems considers relevant, provided that as long as such categories shall be are consistent with, but not limited to, the categories established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency;
- **Sec. 10. 22 MRSA §1471-M, sub-§1, ¶E,** as amended by PL 1983, c. 819, Pt. A, §52, is further amended to read:
 - E. Establish guidelines and requirements for reporting of information by commercial applicators, pesticide dealers, and spray contracting firms and monitors to the board; and
- **Sec. 11. 22 MRSA §1471-M, sub-§1,** ¶**F,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 374, §9, is repealed.
- **Sec. 12. 22 MRSA §1471-M, sub-§1, ¶G,** as enacted by PL 1983, c. 819, Pt. A, §53, is repealed.
- **Sec. 13. 22 MRSA §1471-R,** as enacted by PL 1983, c. 819, Pt. A, §54 and amended by PL 2011, c. 657, Pt. W, §7 and PL 2013, c. 405, Pt. A, §23, is repealed.
- **Sec. 14. 22 MRSA §§1471-S and 1471-T,** as enacted by PL 1983, c. 819, Pt. A, §54, are repealed.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 59 S.P. 338 - L.D. 958

An Act To Amend the Laws Relating to Group Trusts Established by Self-insurers of Workers' Compensation Benefits

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 39-A MRSA §403, sub-§9,** as amended by PL 2013, c. 172, §2, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 9. Acceptable deposit funds or investments for trust funds. The following requirements apply to