MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 5, 2012 to July 10, 2013

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS OCTOBER 9, 2013

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

Augusta, Maine 2013

and may be used only in a proceeding as provided by Title 5, section 9057, subsection 6.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 294 H.P. 776 - L.D. 1107

An Act To Provide a Uniform Process for the Use of Orders Awarding Parental Rights and Responsibilities To Dispose of a Child Protective Case

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §4036, sub-§1-A,** as enacted by PL 2007, c. 256, §1, is amended to read:
- 1-A. Parental rights and responsibilities orders. Upon request of a parent, the court may enter an order awarding parental rights and responsibilities pursuant to Title 19-A, section 1653 if the court determines that the order will protect the child from jeopardy and is in the child's best interest as defined in Title 19-A, section 1653, subsection 3. The court shall ensure that proper notice was given that the child protective case may be disposed of through an order awarding parental rights and responsibilities upon request of a parent. If the court enters an order pursuant to this subsection:
 - A. The court shall direct the clerk to open a family matters case on behalf of the parties and require the case to be appropriately docketed without a separate initial filing by the parties. The court shall require the parties to complete the income affidavits, child support worksheets and supporting documentation as required in Title 19-A, chapter 63. The court shall enter the order has the same force and effect as other orders entered awarding parental rights and responsibilities pursuant to Title 19-A, section 1653;
 - A-1. The order awarding parental rights and responsibilities may not include reference to or discussion of the child protective case, although the court may identify any jeopardy that remains as a finding of fact. Child protective case documents are confidential, and the court shall seal and keep confidential any documents from the child protective case that are made a part of the record of the family matters case opened under paragraph A;
 - B. The order <u>awarding parental rights and responsibilities</u> is subject to modification or termination in the same manner as other orders entered pursuant to Title 19-A, section 1653;

- C. Any person who requests a modification or termination of the order <u>awarding parental rights</u> and <u>responsibilities</u> must serve the department with the motion or petition;
- D. The department is not a party to proceedings to modify or terminate the order <u>awarding parental rights</u> and responsibilities unless otherwise ordered by the court. This paragraph may not be construed to limit the department's ability to request a judicial review pursuant to section 4038, subsection 2;

D-1. The court may either:

- (1) Immediately dismiss the child protection action; or
- (2) Enter a provisional order awarding parental rights and responsibilities and, after the passage of a period set by the court not to exceed 6 months, the child protection action must be dismissed, with the order awarding parental rights and responsibilities becoming permanent, unless there is good cause shown in writing to continue the child protection action; and
- E. Notwithstanding section 4038, the court may order that further judicial reviews may not be held unless requested by a party and, notwithstanding section 4038 B, may order that further permanency planning hearings may not be held; and
- F. The When a provisional order awarding parental rights and responsibilities is entered under paragraph D-1, subparagraph (2), the court may terminate the appointments of the guardian ad litem and attorneys for parents and guardians. When the child protection action is dismissed under paragraph D-1, subparagraph (1) or (2), the court may shall terminate the appointments of the guardian ad litem and attorneys for parents and guardians, in which case. After the appointments are terminated, the attorneys and guardian ad litem have no further responsibilities to their clients or the court.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 295 H.P. 847 - L.D. 1203

An Act To Encourage Financing of Manufactured Housing for the Workforce

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: