

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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**LAWS**  
**OF THE**  
**STATE OF MAINE**

**AS PASSED BY THE**

**ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE**

**FIRST SPECIAL SESSION**  
**September 27, 2011**

**SECOND REGULAR SESSION**  
**January 4, 2012 to May 31, 2012**

**THE EFFECTIVE DATE FOR**  
**FIRST SPECIAL SESSION**  
**LAWS IS**  
**SEPTEMBER 28, 2011**

**THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR**  
**SECOND REGULAR SESSION**  
**NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS**  
**AUGUST 30, 2012**

**PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES**  
**IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,**  
**TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.**

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**Augusta, Maine**  
**2012**

Governor's proclamation of a state of emergency or the declaration by the President of the United States of a major disaster or major emergency, whichever occurs first; or

**Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §5102, sub-§§6-B and 6-C** are enacted to read:

**6-B. Declared state disaster or emergency.** "Declared state disaster or emergency" has the same meaning as in Title 10, section 9902, subsection 1.

**6-C. Disaster period.** "Disaster period" means the period of 60 days that begins with the date of the Governor's proclamation of a state of emergency or the declaration by the President of the United States of a major disaster or major emergency, whichever occurs first.

**Sec. 5. 36 MRSA §5142, sub-§8-B,** as enacted by PL 2011, c. 380, Pt. CCCC, §2 and affected by §4, is amended to read:

**8-B. Minimum taxability threshold; exemptions.** Minimum taxability thresholds for nonresidents are governed by this subsection.

A. Compensation Except as provided by paragraph D, compensation for personal services performed in the State as an employee is Maine-source income subject to taxation under this Part if the nonresident taxpayer is present in the State performing personal services for more than 12 days during that taxable year and directly earns or derives more than \$3,000 in gross income during the year in the State from all sources.

B. A Except as provided by paragraph D, a nonresident individual who is present for business in the State on other than a systematic or regular basis, either directly or through agents or employees, has Maine-source income derived from or effectively connected with a trade or business in the State and subject to taxation under this Part only if the nonresident individual was present in the State for business more than 12 days during the taxable year and earns or derives more than \$3,000 of gross income during the taxable year from contractual or sales-related activities.

C. Performance of the following personal services for 24 days during a calendar year may not be counted toward the 12-day threshold under paragraph A:

- (1) Personal services performed in connection with presenting or receiving employment-related training or education;
- (2) Personal services performed in connection with a site inspection, review, analysis of management or any other supervision of a facility, affiliate or subsidiary based in the State by a representative from a company, not

headquartered in the State, that owns that facility or is the parent company of the affiliate or subsidiary;

(3) Personal services performed in connection with research and development at a facility based in the State or in connection with the installation of new or upgraded equipment or systems at that facility; or

(4) Personal services performed as part of a project team working on the attraction or implementation of new investment in a facility based in the State.

D. Compensation for personal services performed in the State as an employee and income derived from or effectively connected with a trade or business in the State is not Maine-source income subject to taxation under this Part if the nonresident taxpayer is present in the State during the taxable year solely for the performance of services or the conducting of business during a disaster period and the compensation or income is directly related to a declared state disaster or emergency and the services were requested by the State, a county, city, town or political subdivision of the State or a registered business.

**Sec. 6. 36 MRSA §5211, sub-§16-B** is enacted to read:

**16-B. Sales factor formula for certain disaster period receipts.** The sales factor must exclude from the numerator sales receipts of a person whose only business activity in the State during the taxable year is the performance of services during a disaster period that are solely and directly related to a declared state disaster or emergency that were requested by the State, a county, city, town or political subdivision of the State or a registered business.

**Sec. 7. Application.** Those sections of this Act that enact the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 5102, subsections 6-B and 6-C and Title 36, section 5211, subsection 16-B and that amend Title 36, section 5142, subsection 8-B apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

**Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

Effective April 12, 2012.

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**CHAPTER 623**  
**H.P. 1309 - L.D. 1784**  
**An Act To Reform**  
**Telecommunications**  
**Regulation**

**Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:**

**PART A**

**Sec. A-1. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§6-B** is enacted to read:

**6-B. Federal interconnection rights and obligations.** "Federal interconnection rights and obligations" means the rights and obligations of a telecommunications entity under 47 United States Code, Sections 251 and 252 or any other provision of federal law or regulation governing telecommunications network facility interconnection or wholesale access rights and obligations to the extent the rights and obligations under the federal law or regulation may be regulated or overseen by the commission.

**Sec. A-2. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§§9-B to 9-E** are enacted to read:

**9-B. Incumbent local exchange carrier.** "Incumbent local exchange carrier" means, with respect to an area, the local exchange carrier that on February 8, 1996 provided telephone exchange service in the area and:

A. On February 8, 1996 was deemed to be a member of the exchange carrier association pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 69.601(b); or

B. Is a person or entity that, on or after February 8, 1996, became a successor or assign of a member described in paragraph A.

**9-C. Interconnected voice over Internet protocol service.** "Interconnected voice over Internet protocol service" means a service that enables real-time, 2-way voice communications; requires a broadband connection from the user's location; and permits users generally to receive calls that originate on the public switched telephone network and to terminate calls to the public switched telephone network.

**9-D. Interexchange carrier.** "Interexchange carrier" means any person, association, corporation or other entity that provides intrastate interexchange telecommunications services, including a local exchange carrier that provides interexchange service.

**9-E. Local exchange carrier.** "Local exchange carrier" means any person that is engaged in the provision of telephone exchange service or exchange access. "Local exchange carrier" does not include a person insofar as that person is engaged in the provision of a commercial mobile service under 47 United States Code, Section 332(c), unless the commission by rule determines that the Federal Communications Commission includes such service in the definition of the term. "Local exchange carrier" does not include a person insofar as that person is engaged in the provision of interconnected voice over Internet protocol service

unless the person is providing provider of last resort service. "Local exchange carrier" does not include a person insofar as the person is a dark fiber provider.

**Sec. A-3. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§11-A** is enacted to read:

**11-A. Provider of last resort service.** "Provider of last resort service" has the same meaning as in section 7201.

**Sec. A-4. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§12-A** is enacted to read:

**12-A. Public switched telephone network.** "Public switched telephone network" means the network of equipment, lines and controls assembled to establish communication paths between calling and called parties in North America.

**Sec. A-5. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§18-B** is enacted to read:

**18-B. Telephone exchange service.** "Telephone exchange service" means service within a telephone exchange, or within a connected system of telephone exchanges within the same exchange area operated to furnish to subscribers intercommunicating service of the character ordinarily furnished by a single exchange, and that is covered by an exchange service charge, or comparable service provided through a system of switches, transmission equipment or other facilities, or combination thereof, by which a subscriber can originate and terminate a telecommunications service.

**Sec. A-6. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§21-A** is enacted to read:

**21-A. Voice service provider.** "Voice service provider" means any person providing, directly or indirectly, 2-way voice communications service for compensation in this State. "Voice service provider" does not include a dark fiber provider.

**Sec. A-7. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§24** is enacted to read:

**24. Wholesale competitive local exchange carrier.** "Wholesale competitive local exchange carrier" means a local exchange carrier, other than an incumbent local exchange carrier, that provides a wholesale telecommunications service but does not provide telephone exchange service to a retail subscriber.

**Sec. A-8. 35-A MRSA §112**, as amended by PL 2003, c. 505, §§7 and 8, is further amended to read:

**§112. Power to obtain information**

**1. Investigation of management of business.** The commission may inquire into the management of the business of all public utilities and shall keep itself informed as to the manner and method in which each is conducted. The provisions of this subsection do not

apply to any telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service.

**2. Facilities and information to be furnished.** Every public utility shall furnish the commission with:

- A. All reasonable facilities for the prompt and faithful discharge of its duties; and
- B. All information necessary to perform its duties and carry into effect this Title. If it is unable to furnish the information, it shall give a good and sufficient reason for the failure, and the reason for the failure shall be verified by an officer, owner or agent of the public utility and returned to the commission at its office within the time fixed by the commission.

The provisions of this subsection do not apply to any telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service.

**3. Inspection of books and papers; confidentiality.** The following provisions apply to inspection of books and papers.

- A. The commission or any commissioner or any person employed by it for that purpose, may upon demand inspect and copy the books, accounts, papers, records and memoranda of any public utility in relation to its business and affairs.
- B. A person other than a commissioner must produce his authority to make an inspection.
- C. A person employed by the commission to inspect utilities documents may not divulge information ascertained by inspection except:
  - (1) To the commission; or
  - (2) Under direction of the commission.
- D. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class E crime.

The provisions of this subsection do not apply to any telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service.

**4. Production of documents; failure to obey.** The commission may require the production of documents as follows.

- A. The commission may require, by order or subpoena to be served on any public utility or its agent in the same manner that a summons is served in a civil action in the Superior Court, the production of any books, accounts, papers, records or verified copies of them kept by a public utility or within the control of a public utility in any office or place within or outside the State, so

that an examination may be made by the commission or under its direction.

C. Subject to the requirements of the United States Constitution and the Constitution of Maine and upon a finding that there is probable cause to believe that a public utility is altering, amending, removing or destroying any of its books, accounts, papers or records in an attempt to frustrate an investigation of the commission, a Judge of the District Court or a Justice of the Peace, at the request of the commission and without notice, may issue a search warrant requiring seizure of those documents that are necessary for the commission to discharge its duties.

The provisions of this subsection do not apply to any telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service.

**5. Telephone utilities.** Every telephone utility, dark fiber provider, voice service provider and wholesale competitive local exchange carrier shall provide to the commission upon request or order information relevant to the commission's implementation or enforcement of any provision of state or federal law or rule to which the telephone utility, dark fiber provider, voice service provider or wholesale competitive local exchange carrier is subject and over which the commission exercises authority or jurisdiction. A telephone utility, dark fiber provider, voice service provider or wholesale competitive local exchange carrier that fails to comply with a commission order directing the production of information relevant to the commission's implementation or enforcement of a provision of state or federal law or rule to which the telephone utility, dark fiber provider, voice service provider or wholesale competitive local exchange carrier is subject and over which the commission exercises authority or jurisdiction is in violation of this subsection.

**Sec. A-9. 35-A MRSA §113, sub-§4** is enacted to read:

**4. Telephone utilities.** This section does not apply to any telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service. The commission may not conduct or require a management audit under subsection 1 or 2 of a provider of provider of last resort service unless the commission finds that there is no less burdensome means of obtaining the information sought to be obtained in the management audit and:

- A. The provider has filed for an increase in provider of last resort service rates;
- B. The provider has filed for an increase in funding from a state universal service fund under section 7104; or
- C. The commission, following an investigation, finds that the provider's provider of last resort ser-

vice quality has declined in a manner contrary to the public interest.

**Sec. A-10. 35-A MRSA §508** is enacted to read:

**§508. Telephone utilities**

The provisions of this chapter do not apply to a telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service with respect to its provider of last resort service accounts. The commission may not require a provider of provider of last resort service to keep its accounts in a manner that is substantially different from federal accounting standards applicable to telecommunications companies under 47 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 32 or any replacement accounting standards adopted by the Federal Communications Commission.

**Sec. A-11. 35-A MRSA §707, sub-§1**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

**1. Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

A. "Affiliated interest" means:

(1) Any person who owns directly, indirectly or through a chain of successive ownership, 10% or more of the voting securities of a public utility; With respect to a public utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service:

(a) Any person who owns directly, indirectly or through a chain of successive ownership 10% or more of the voting securities of a public utility;

(b) Any person, 10% or more of whose voting securities are owned, directly or indirectly, by an affiliated interest as defined in division (a);

(c) Any person, 10% or more of whose voting securities are owned, directly or indirectly, by a public utility;

(d) Any person, or group of persons acting in concert, that the commission may determine, after investigation and hearing, exercises substantial influence over the policies and actions of a public utility, if the person or group of persons beneficially owns more than 3% of the public utility's voting securities; or

(e) Any public utility of which any person defined in divisions (a) to (d) is an affiliated interest; or

(2) Any person, 10% or more of whose voting securities are owned, directly or indi-

rectly, by an affiliated interest as defined in subparagraph (1); With respect to a provider of provider of last resort service:

(a) Any person who owns directly, indirectly or through a chain of successive ownership 25% or more of the voting securities of a provider of provider of last resort service;

(b) Any person, 25% or more of whose voting securities are owned, directly or indirectly, by a provider of provider of last resort service;

(c) Any person, or group of persons acting in concert, that the commission may determine, after investigation and hearing, exercises substantial influence over the policies and actions of a provider of provider of last resort service, if the person or group of persons beneficially owns more than 3% of the provider's voting securities; or

(d) Any provider of provider of last resort service of which any person defined in divisions (a) to (c) is an affiliated interest.

(3) Any person, 10% or more of whose voting securities are owned, directly or indirectly, by a public utility;

(4) Any person, or group of persons acting in concert, which the commission may determine, after investigation and hearing, exercises substantial influence over the policies and actions of a public utility, provided that the person or group of persons beneficially owns more than 3% of the public utility's voting securities; or

(5) Any public utility of which any person defined in subparagraphs (1) to (4) is an affiliated interest.

B. "Transaction" means any dealings between a public utility and its affiliated interests ~~as defined in paragraph A~~ which affects that affect, directly or indirectly, any accounting entry of the public utility, as prescribed pursuant to section 501.

C. "Voting security" means any security or any proprietary or other interest presently entitling the owner or holder of the security to vote in the direction or management of the affairs of a company.

**Sec. A-12. 35-A MRSA §707, sub-§6** is enacted to read:

**6. Application.** This section does not apply to any telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service with respect to affiliated interests

that are directly related to or that may directly affect provider of last resort service in this State, as determined by the commission by rule or order. Rules adopted under this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

**Sec. A-13. 35-A MRSA §708, sub-§1, ¶C** is enacted to read:

C. "Controlling interest" means:

(1) Voting power over voting shares of a corporation or entity that entitle the holders of those shares to cast at least 25% of the votes that all shareholders are entitled to cast in an election of the directors of the corporation or entity; or

(2) Voting power over at least 25% of the shares in any class of shares entitled to elect all the directors or any specified number of the directors.

For the purposes of this section, a person does not have a controlling interest if that person holds voting power, in good faith and not for the purpose of circumventing this section, as an agent, bank broker, nominee or trustee for one or more beneficial owners who do not individually or, if they are a group acting in concert, as a group have the voting power specified under this paragraph or who are not considered to have a controlling interest under this paragraph.

A person has voting power over a voting share if that person has shares, directly or indirectly, through any option, contract, arrangement, understanding, voting trust or conversion right or, by acting jointly or in concert or otherwise, has the power to vote, or to direct the voting of, that voting share.

**Sec. A-14. 35-A MRSA §708, sub-§5** is enacted to read:

**5. Limitation.** The provisions of this section do not apply to any telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service and apply to a provider of provider of last resort service only if the reorganization results in a merger, sale or transfer of a controlling interest of the provider of provider of last resort service.

**Sec. A-15. 35-A MRSA §912**, as amended by PL 2001, c. 137, §5, is further amended to read:

**§912. Exemption for certain telephone utilities**

The provisions of this chapter do not apply to any telephone utility other than a provider of provider of last resort service.

The commission may adopt by rule standards and procedures for granting exemptions to a telephone

utility or a specified group of telephone utilities providers of provider of last resort service from all or specified portions of this chapter. Any exemption granted pursuant to the rule must be accompanied by a finding that the exemption is in the public interest and will not have a negative impact on competitive markets for telephone services. The commission may limit an exemption to specific geographic areas. A utility granted an exemption pursuant to a rule adopted under this section remains subject to other applicable provisions of this Title and commission rules.

For good cause, as defined by the commission by rule, the commission may revoke any exemption granted pursuant to this section. A revocation may be in whole or in part and may be specific to a single telephone utility or a single utility provider of provider of last resort service.

Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter ~~H-A~~ 2-A.

**Sec. A-16. 35-A MRSA §2101**, as corrected by RR 2001, c. 2, Pt. B, §54 and affected by §58, is amended to read:

**§2101. Organization of certain public utilities**

A public utility for the operation of telephones provider of provider of last resort service, a local exchange carrier and a public utility for the purpose of making, selling, distributing and supplying gas or electric transmission and distribution service or for the operation of water utilities, ferries or public heating utilities in any municipality, or 2 or more adjoining municipalities, within the State, may be organized as a legal entity authorized under the laws of the State, including Title 13-C.

**Sec. A-17. 35-A MRSA §2102**, as amended by PL 2009, c. 612, §§5 and 6, is further amended to read:

**§2102. Approval to furnish service**

The following provisions apply to furnishing service.

**1. Approval required.** Except as provided in subsection 2 and in section 4507, a public utility may not furnish any of the services set out in section 2101 in or to any municipality in or to which another public utility is furnishing or is authorized to furnish a similar service, ~~and a dark fiber provider may not offer federally supported dark fiber,~~ without the approval of the commission. The commission may condition approval upon the submission of a bond or other financial security if the commission determines that such a requirement is necessary to ensure that a public utility has the financial ability to meet its obligations under this Title.

~~A. The commission may not grant approval to a telephone utility under this subsection unless the~~

~~telephone utility submits evidence satisfactory to the commission that the telephone utility has at least \$250,000 in fixed assets in this State or the telephone utility purchases and maintains a surety bond satisfactory to the commission in the amount of \$250,000 to ensure the telephone utility has the financial ability to meet its obligations under this Title. This paragraph does not apply to a telephone utility authorized to provide telephone service in this State on the effective date of this paragraph.~~

**2. Approval not required.** Except as provided in section 2104, the commission's approval is not required for a public utility to furnish service in any municipality in which that public utility is furnishing service on October 8, 1967. ~~Approval is not required for the operation of a radio paging service or mobile telecommunications services. Approval is not required for a transmission and distribution utility to distribute electricity to any other transmission and distribution utility.~~

**3. Exemption for certain telephone utilities.** ~~The commission by rule may exempt a specified telephone utility or group of telephone utilities from obtaining the approval required by subsection 1 if the commission finds that the exemption will not result in unjust or unreasonable rates or inadequate service for any telephone utility customers. The commission may limit the exemption to specified geographic areas. For good cause, as provided in the rule establishing the exemption, the commission may revoke an exemption in whole or in part, including an exemption granted to a single telephone utility. A telephone utility that is exempt from the approval requirement of subsection 1: The provisions of this section do not apply to any telephone utility except a provider of provider of last resort service with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service and a local exchange carrier.~~

~~A. Before commencing service, shall notify the commission of its intent to commence the exempted service and provide any other information the commission may require;~~

~~B. Shall obtain the approval of the commission under subsection 1 to provide any service other than the services specified in the exemption granted by the commission under this subsection; and~~

~~C. Remains subject to any other applicable provisions of this Title and commission rules.~~

~~Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II A and must be submitted to the Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and Energy by January 1, 1999.~~

~~**4. Dark fiber provider.** The commission shall issue its order approving or denying an application~~

~~from a dark fiber provider for approval under this section, including its decision on any waivers or exemptions requested by the dark fiber provider in conjunction with its application, within 60 days of receipt of the application, except that if the commission determines that it requires additional time, it may extend its review and issue its order no later than 90 days after receipt of the application.~~

**Sec. A-18. 35-A MRSA c. 72** is enacted to read:

## CHAPTER 72

### TELECOMMUNICATIONS REGULATORY REFORM

#### SUBCHAPTER 1

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

##### §7201. Definitions

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

**1. Access to directory assistance.** "Access to directory assistance" means access to a service that includes, but is not limited to, making available to customers, upon request, information contained in directory listings.

**2. Access to emergency services.** "Access to emergency services" means access to emergency services, as defined in Title 25, section 2921, subsection 5, through 9-1-1 or enhanced 9-1-1 service, as defined in Title 25, section 2921, subsection 6, to the extent a local government in the service area of a provider of last resort service provides 9-1-1 or enhanced 9-1-1 services.

**3. Access to interexchange service.** "Access to interexchange service" means the use of the wireline loop, as well as that portion of the switch that is paid for by the end user, or the functional equivalent of these network elements in the case of a wireless carrier, necessary to access an interexchange carrier's network.

**4. Access to operator services.** "Access to operator services" means access to any automatic or live assistance by a consumer to arrange for billing for or completion of a telephone call or both.

**5. Dual-tone multifrequency signaling.** "Dual-tone multifrequency signaling" means a method of signaling that facilitates the transportation of signaling through a network, shortening call set-up time.

**6. Local usage.** "Local usage" means an amount of minutes of use of exchange service within a certain area, prescribed by the commission, provided for a flat rate to end users.



**7. Provider of last resort service.** "Provider of last resort service" means a flat-rate service with voice grade access to the public switched telephone network; local usage within the basic service calling areas of incumbent local exchange carriers as of January 1, 2012; dual-tone multifrequency signaling or its functional equivalent; single-party service or its functional equivalent; access to emergency services; access to operator services; access to interexchange service; access to directory assistance; toll limitation for qualifying low-income customers; and the capacity to maintain uninterrupted voice service during a power failure, either through the incorporation into the network or network interface devices of suitable battery backup or through electric current.

**8. Service provider.** "Service provider" means an entity designated as a provider of provider of last resort service under this chapter.

**9. Single-party service.** "Single-party service" means telecommunications service that permits users to have exclusive use of a wireline subscriber loop or access line for each call placed or, in the case of wireless telecommunications carriers that use spectrum shared among users to provide service, a dedicated message path for the length of a user's particular transmission.

**10. Toll limitation for qualifying low-income customers.** "Toll limitation for qualifying low-income customers" means a service provided to customers of provider of last resort service that meet income qualifications established by the commission by rule that allows those customers:

A. To elect not to allow the completion of outgoing toll calls; or

B. To limit the amount of toll usage that the customer may incur.

With respect to a service provider that has the capacity to allow customers both options described in paragraphs A and B, "toll limitation for qualifying low-income customers" means a service that offers both options to those customers. With respect to a service provider that does not have the capacity to allow customers both options, "toll limitation for qualifying low-income customers" means a service that offers one of the options to those customers.

**11. Voice grade access.** "Voice grade access" means a functionality that offers a minimum bandwidth range of 300 to 3,000 hertz that enables a user of telecommunications services to transmit voice communications, including signaling the network that the caller wishes to place a call, and to receive voice communications, including receiving a signal indicating there is an incoming call.

## **SUBCHAPTER 2**

### **PROVIDER OF LAST RESORT SERVICE**

#### **§7221. Designation of service providers**

**1. Initial designation of service providers.** An entity that was an incumbent local exchange carrier as of January 1, 2012 shall provide provider of last resort service within its service area.

**2. Reassignment of service provider obligation.** A service provider may petition the commission for authorization to assign its provider of last resort service obligation for a given geographic area to another voice service provider. The commission shall by rule develop a process for identifying and approving replacement service providers, but in no event may a voice service provider be designated as a replacement service provider without the express consent of the voice service provider. Before authorizing the reassignment of the provider of last resort service obligation to another voice service provider, the commission shall ensure that the voice service provider possesses the financial and technical capability to meet all provider of last resort service standards set by the commission by rule. The commission may not reassign the provider of last resort service obligation to any entity that would provide the service only as a reseller, as determined by the commission by rule.

**3. Modification of service obligations.** Notwithstanding section 7201, subsection 7, the commission, in an adjudicatory proceeding, may relieve a service provider of the requirement that it have the capacity to maintain uninterrupted voice service during a power failure, either through the incorporation into the network or network interface devices of suitable battery backup or through electric current. The commission may grant the relief only if it finds that doing so is in the public interest. In determining that granting relief under this section is in the public interest, the commission must find that the benefits that would accrue to customers of the provider of last resort service from providing the relief would exceed the benefits to those customers of preserving the requirement.

#### **§7222. Revenue requirements of service providers**

The initial rates for provider of last resort service are those rates in effect for basic local exchange service for each incumbent local exchange carrier in the service area of that carrier as of January 1, 2012.

#### **§7223. Provider of last resort service consumer protection**

A service provider in accordance with rules adopted by the commission:

**1. Information.** Shall provide customers adequate and timely information about provider of last resort service including posting in an easily discover-

able location on its publicly accessible website its rate for provider of last resort service;

**2. Fairness.** Shall treat its customers in a non-discriminatory manner and may not unreasonably deny or disconnect provider of last resort service; and

**3. Consumer protection.** Shall comply with minimum consumer protection standards for provider of last resort service essential to the preservation of good quality, affordable provider of last resort service throughout the State.

A customer of a service provider may seek redress from the commission in accordance with any applicable provisions of this Title with respect to provider of last resort service, regardless of any other services the customer may take from the service provider. A service provider may not disconnect a provider of last resort service customer from provider of last resort service except in accordance with rules adopted by the commission. This section does not authorize the commission to regulate services other than provider of last resort service, including but not limited to discontinuance by the service provider of any other services to the customer.

#### **§7224. Ancillary services**

If a service provider offers an ancillary service to any customer, it shall offer that service to its provider of last resort service customers individually in conjunction with provider of last resort service and may not require that the ancillary service be bundled with any other ancillary services. For purposes of this section, "ancillary service" means a service that allows a customer to manage the display of information identifying the originator of a voice call or to manage the delivery of a voice call, including but not limited to call waiting and call forwarding, and is related to the provisioning of voice grade access to the public switched telephone network so that the customer is unable to obtain a functionally equivalent service from any device or service offered by an entity other than the service provider.

#### **§7225. Service quality**

**1. Service quality reporting.** The commission by rule shall establish service quality indicators with respect to which service providers shall regularly report. The service quality indicators may relate only to:

- A. Network trouble rates;
- B. The percentage of network troubles not resolved within 24 hours;
- C. The percentage of installation appointments not met;
- D. The average delay, in days, for missed installation appointments; and
- E. Service outages.

**2. Commission review of service quality.** The commission by rule shall establish provider of last resort service quality standards. The commission may impose penalties or require a service provider to provide rebates or rate reductions if the commission finds, after investigation, that a service provider has failed to meet service quality standards.

**3. Rules.** Rules adopted under this section may establish appropriate penalties, rebates or rate reductions that may be applied if the commission finds, after investigation, that a service provider has failed to meet service quality standards. Rules adopted under this section are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

#### **§7226. Certain information requirements and limitations**

Notwithstanding section 112, the commission may not require a service provider:

**1. Infrastructure maps.** To provide to the commission infrastructure maps that contain a level of detail that is greater than the infrastructure maps filed for that service provider's service territory prior to March 1, 2012 or that depict the infrastructure connecting interoffice facilities to remote terminals and digital loops; or

**2. Outage reporting.** To submit notices to the commission of unscheduled service outages or notices of restorations of service earlier than 7 calendar days following the restoration of service.

#### **§7227. Rules**

The commission shall adopt rules to implement this subchapter. Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, rules adopted under this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

### **SUBCHAPTER 3**

#### **REGULATORY REFORM**

#### **§7231. Laws that apply only to service providers**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions listed in subsections 1 to 4 do not apply to a telephone utility except service providers with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service:

**1. Regulation and control of public utilities.** The following sections of chapter 7:

- A. Section 703 relating to discounts and discrimination;
- B. Section 704 relating to termination of utility services;
- C. Section 705 relating to utility deposits;
- D. Section 706 relating to tenant liability for landlord utility bills;

E. Section 713 relating to unregulated business ventures; and

F. Section 715 relating to rules of the commission;

**2. Sales, leases and mortgages of property.**

The following sections of chapter 11:

A. Section 1101 relating to authorization; and

B. Section 1103 relating to transfer of utility stock;

**3. Procedure.** The following sections of chapter 13:

A. Section 1302 relating to complaints; and

B. Section 1303 relating to investigations; and

**4. Telephone lines.** The following sections of chapter 79:

A. Section 7904 relating to purchasing and taking land for public use.

**§7232. Laws that apply only to service providers and local exchange carriers for limited purposes**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions listed in subsections 1 to 5 do not apply to a telephone utility except service providers with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service and local exchange carriers with respect to federal interconnection rights and obligations:

**1. Rates of public utilities.** The provisions of chapter 3 relating to the rates of public utilities.

The commission may adopt by rule standards and procedures for granting exemptions from all or specified portions of chapter 3 to service providers with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service or to local exchange carriers with respect to federal interconnection rights and obligations. Any exemption granted pursuant to rule must be accompanied by a finding that the exemption is in the public interest and will not result in unjust or unreasonable rates or have a negative impact on competitive markets for telephone services. The commission may limit an exemption to specific geographic areas. An entity granted an exemption pursuant to a rule adopted under this section remains subject to otherwise applicable provisions of chapter 3.

For good cause, as defined by the commission by rule, the commission may revoke any exemption granted pursuant to this subsection. A revocation may be in whole or in part and may be specific to individual entities or services.

Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A:

**2. Regulation and control of public utilities.**

The following sections of chapter 7:

A. Section 701 relating to special privileges;

B. Section 702 relating to unjust discrimination;

C. Section 709 relating to insider transactions;

D. Section 710 relating to accident investigations;

E. Section 712 relating to competitive bidding; and

F. Section 714 relating to notice of certain business activities;

**3. Authorization of sales, leases and mortgages of property.** The following sections of chapter 11:

A. Section 1102 relating to unnecessary property; and

B. Section 1104 relating to abandonment of property or service;

**4. Procedure.** The following sections of chapter 13:

A. Section 1306 relating to commission decisions;

B. Section 1307 relating to enforcement of decisions;

C. Section 1308 relating to reparation or adjustments;

D. Section 1309 relating to adjustment of excessive rates; and

E. Section 1323 relating to exhausting of rights before the commission; and

**5. Sanctions and administrative penalties.** The following sections of chapter 15:

A. Section 1511 relating to revocation and suspension of authority to provide service.

**§7233. Laws that apply only to service providers and local exchange carriers**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions listed in subsection 1 do not apply to a telephone utility except service providers with respect to the provision of provider of last resort service and local exchange carriers:

**1. Organization, powers and service territory.** The following sections of chapter 21:

A. Section 2105 relating to approval after hearing;

B. Section 2107 relating to approval only to Maine corporations;

C. Section 2108 relating to holding real estate; and

D. Section 2110 relating to extension of service.

**§7234. Interconnected voice over Internet protocol service**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person, insofar as that person is providing interconnected voice over Internet protocol service, is not subject to any regulation under this Title as a telephone utility or as a public utility unless the person is providing provider of last resort service. Nothing in this section affects the application of any provision of this Title that otherwise expressly applies to a person providing interconnected voice over Internet protocol service or to voice service providers.

**§7235. Dark fiber providers**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person, insofar as that person is a dark fiber provider, is not subject to any regulation under this Title as a telephone utility or as a public utility. Nothing in this section affects the application of any provision of this Title that otherwise expressly applies to a dark fiber provider.

**Sec. A-19. 35-A MRSA §7501**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is repealed.

**Sec. A-20. 35-A MRSA §7501-A**, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 45, is repealed.

**Sec. A-21. 35-A MRSA §7501-B** is enacted to read:

**§7501-B. Directories**

A telephone utility is not required to publish a hard-copy telephone directory. A provider of provider of last resort service shall annually offer its provider of last resort service customers the option to receive a telephone directory in an electronic format or in the form of a printout of the electronic database showing the names, addresses and telephone numbers of persons and businesses, other than of those who have requested unlisted numbers. The service provider shall annually provide notice to each of its provider of last resort service customers of this option.

**Sec. A-22. 35-A MRSA §7502**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is repealed.

**Sec. A-23. Alternative form of regulation.** The Public Utilities Commission may not enforce provisions of any order establishing an alternative form of regulation for an incumbent local exchange carrier pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, chapter 91 that:

1. Prohibit an incumbent local exchange carrier from charging rates for nonresidential service that are below the long-run incremental cost of providing that service or that establish some other minimum price requirement for services to nonresidential customers;

2. Impose multiplier penalties for repeated failures to meet service quality index performance standards with respect to any actions, inactions or other performance of that carrier occurring after July 31, 2010. This subsection does not affect the authority of the commission to impose base penalties for violations of service quality index performance standards or to require continued payment of penalties that have been established for violations that occurred prior to August 1, 2010;

3. Impose service quality index performance standards, or impose penalties for failure to meet such standards, with respect to any actions, inactions or other performance of that carrier occurring after July 31, 2012; or

4. Require the tariffing of any rates or services other than those relating to provider of last resort service under Title 35-A, chapter 72.

For any incumbent local exchange carrier subject to an order establishing an alternative form of regulation pursuant to Title 35-A, chapter 91, the commission, in an adjudicatory proceeding, shall establish service standards relating to provider of last resort service for the period of August 1, 2012 to July 31, 2013. The standards must relate only to network trouble rates, the percentage of network troubles not resolved within 24 hours, the percentage of installation appointments not met, the average delay, in days, for missed installation appointments and service outages. The commission may impose penalties, which may not exceed an annual amount of \$2,000,000, for violations of the standards.

The Legislature finds that the provisions of this section are appropriate because of extraordinarily compelling and unique circumstances, including but not limited to dramatic changes in the telecommunications market in recent years, the bankruptcy and subsequent emergence from bankruptcy of the largest telecommunications provider in the State and the need for regulatory reform of the telecommunications industry.

**Sec. A-24. Directories.** Each incumbent local exchange carrier shall publish at least one more edition of each telephone directory that it published within the 24 months prior to the effective date of this Act. In the last published edition, the carrier shall include on the directory cover a prominent notice of customer options relating to receiving the directory information pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 7501-B.

**Sec. A-25. Rates for provider of last resort service.** The Public Utilities Commission shall convene a stakeholder group to create an appropriate framework for establishing rates for provider of last resort service, including methodology, appropriate cost considerations and standards for the availability

and amount of support from a universal service fund established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 7104. The commission shall seek to find the most effective framework to avoid rate deaveraging and that keeps rates in high-cost areas as low as is reasonably possible. The commission shall invite the participation of as broad and inclusive a group of entities as possible, including the Office of the Public Advocate and representatives of affected telecommunications industry entities or groups and consumer interest entities or groups, and shall involve those entities or groups in a collaborative process that seeks to find as much common ground and agreement as reasonably possible. The commission shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and technology matters by January 15, 2013 describing the work of the stakeholder group, where agreement was found and where disagreements remain, the commission's recommendations and the positions of the stakeholders on those recommendations. The joint standing committee may report out a bill related to the subject of the report to the First Regular Session of the 126th Legislature.

#### PART B

**Sec. B-1. 35-A MRSA §116, sub-§1**, as amended by PL 2007, c. 478, §1, is further amended to read:

**1. Entities subject to assessments.** Every transmission and distribution, gas, telephone and water utility and ferry subject to regulation by the commission and every qualified telecommunications provider is subject to an assessment on its intrastate gross operating revenues to produce sufficient revenue for expenditures allocated by the Legislature for the Public Utilities Commission Regulatory Fund established pursuant to this section. The budget for the Public Utilities Commission Regulatory Fund is subject to legislative review and approval in accordance with subsection 2. The portion of the total assessment applicable to each category of public utility or qualified telecommunications provider is based on an accounting by the commission of the portion of the commission's resources devoted to matters related to each category. The commission shall develop a reasonable and practicable method of accounting for resources devoted by the commission to matters related to each category of public utility or qualified telecommunications provider. Assessments on each public utility or qualified telecommunications provider within each category must be based on the utility's or qualified telecommunications provider's gross intrastate operating revenues. The commission shall determine the assessments annually prior to May 1st and assess each utility or qualified telecommunications provider for its pro rata share for expenditure during the fiscal year beginning July 1st. Each utility or qualified telecommunications provider shall pay the assessment charged to the utility or qualified telecommunications provider

on or before July 1st of each year. Any increase in the assessment that becomes effective subsequent to May 1st may be billed on the effective date of the act authorizing the increase.

A. The assessments charged to utilities and qualified telecommunications providers under this section are just and reasonable operating costs for rate-making purposes.

B. For the purposes of this section, "intrastate gross operating revenues" means intrastate revenues derived from filed rates and rates ~~that are exempt from filing requirements pursuant to rules adopted by the commission under section 307-A charged by a qualified telecommunications provider~~, except revenues derived from sales for resale.

C. Gas utilities subject to the jurisdiction of the commission solely with respect to safety are not subject to any assessment.

D. The commission may correct any errors in the assessments by means of a credit or debit to the following year's assessment rather than reassessing all utilities or qualified telecommunications providers in the current year.

E. The commission may exempt utilities or qualified telecommunications providers with annual intrastate gross operating revenues under \$50,000 from assessments under this section.

For purposes of this section, "qualified telecommunications provider" means a provider of interconnected voice over Internet protocol service that paid any assessment under this subsection, whether voluntarily, by agreement with the commission or otherwise, prior to March 1, 2012.

**Sec. B-2. 35-A MRSA §116, sub-§3**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

**3. Deposit of funds.** All revenues derived from assessments levied against utilities or qualified telecommunications providers described in this section ~~shall~~ must be deposited with the Treasurer of State in a separate account to be known as the Public Utilities Commission Regulatory Fund.

**Sec. B-3. 35-A MRSA §116, sub-§8**, as amended by PL 2007, c. 539, Pt. KK, §13, is further amended to read:

**8. Public Advocate assessment.** Every utility or qualified telecommunications provider subject to assessment under this section is subject to an additional annual assessment on its intrastate gross operating revenues to produce sufficient revenue for expenditures allocated by the Legislature for operating the Office of the the Public Advocate. The portion of this assessment applicable to each category of public util-

ity or qualified telecommunications provider is based on an accounting by the Public Advocate of resources devoted to matters related to each category. The Public Advocate shall develop a reasonable and practicable method of accounting for resources devoted by the Public Advocate to matters related to each category of public utility or qualified telecommunications provider. Assessments on each public utility or qualified telecommunications provider within each category must be based on the utility's or qualified telecommunications provider's gross intrastate operating revenues. The revenues produced from this assessment are transferred to the Public Advocate Regulatory Fund and may only be used to fulfill the duties specified in chapter 17. The assessments charged to utilities and qualified telecommunications providers under this subsection are considered just and reasonable operating costs for rate-making purposes. The Public Advocate shall develop a method of accounting for staff time within the Office of the Public Advocate. All professional and support staff shall account for their time in such a way as to identify the percentage of time devoted to public utility and qualified telecommunications provider regulation and the percentage of time devoted to other duties that may be required by law.

A. The Public Advocate shall submit its budget recommendations as part of the unified current services budget legislation in accordance with Title 5, sections 1663 to 1665. The assessments and expenditures provided in this section are subject to legislative approval. The Public Advocate shall make an annual report of its planned expenditures for the year and on its use of funds in the previous year. The Public Advocate may also receive other funds as appropriated by the Legislature.

B. The Public Advocate may use the revenues provided in accordance with this section to fund the Public Advocate and 9 employees and to defray the costs incurred by the Public Advocate pursuant to this Title, including administrative expenses, general expenses, consulting fees and all other reasonable costs incurred to administer this Title.

C-1. Funds that are not expended at the end of a fiscal year do not lapse but must be carried forward to be expended for the purposes specified in this section in succeeding fiscal years.

**Sec. B-4. 35-A MRSA §711, sub-§§1 and 2,** as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, are amended to read:

**1. Joint use permitted.** The commission may order that joint use be permitted and prescribe reasonable compensation and reasonable terms and conditions for the joint use when, after a hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint of a public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale

competitive local exchange carrier or cable television system affected, it finds the following:

A. That public convenience and necessity require the use by one public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or cable television system of the conduits, subways, wires, poles, pipes or other equipment, or any part of them, on, over or under any street or highway and belonging to another public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or cable television system;

B. That joint use will not result in irreparable injury to the owner or other users of the conduits, subways, wires, poles, pipes or other equipment or in any substantial detriment to the service; and

C. That the public utilities, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or cable television system have failed to agree upon the use or the terms and conditions or compensation for the use.

**2. Liability of user.** If joint use is ordered, the public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or cable television system to whom the use is permitted ~~shall be~~ is liable to the owner or other users of the conduits, subways, wires, poles, pipes or other equipment for damage that may result from its use to the property of the owner or other users.

**Sec. B-5. 35-A MRSA §1508-A, sub-§1,** as enacted by PL 2003, c. 505, §23, is amended to read:

**1. Penalty.** Unless otherwise specified in law, the commission may, in an adjudicatory proceeding, impose an administrative penalty as specified in this section.

A. For willful violations of this Title, a commission rule or a commission order by a public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or a competitive electricity provider, the commission may impose an administrative penalty for each violation in an amount that does not exceed \$5,000 or .25% of the annual gross revenue that the public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or the competitive electricity provider received from sales in the State, whichever amount is lower. Each day a violation continues constitutes a separate offense. The maximum administrative penalty for any related series of violations may not exceed \$500,000 or 5% of the annual gross revenue that the public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or the competitive electricity provider received from sales in the State, whichever amount is lower.

B. For a violation in which a public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or a competitive electricity provider was explicitly notified by the commission that it was not in compliance with the requirements of this Title, a commission rule or a commission order and that failure to comply could result in the imposition of administrative penalties, the commission may impose an administrative penalty that does not exceed \$500,000.

C. The commission may impose an administrative penalty in an amount that does not exceed \$1,000 on any person that is not a public utility, voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or a competitive electricity provider and that violates this Title, a commission rule or a commission order. Each day a violation continues constitutes a separate offense. The administrative penalty may not exceed \$25,000 for any related series of violations.

D. In addition to the administrative penalties authorized by this subsection, the commission may require disgorgement of profits or revenues realized as a result of a violation of this Title, a commission rule or a commission order.

**Sec. B-6. 35-A MRSA §2301**, as amended by PL 2009, c. 612, §7, is further amended to read:

**§2301. Telephone providers and television corporations may construct lines**

Except as limited, every ~~corporation organized under section 2101 for the purpose of operating telephones, every~~ voice service provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier and dark fiber provider for the purposes of constructing and maintaining its federally supported dark fiber; and every corporation organized for the purpose of transmitting television signals by wire may construct, maintain and operate its lines upon and along the route or routes and between the points stated in its certificate of incorporation; and may construct its lines and necessary erections and fixtures for them along, over, under and across any of the roads and streets and across or under any of the waters upon and along the route or routes subject to the conditions and under the restrictions provided in this chapter and chapter 25.

**Sec. B-7. 35-A MRSA §2305-A**, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §35 and affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:

**§2305-A. Transmission and distribution utilities and telephone providers to conform to standards**

**1. Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

A. "Cable television company" has the same meaning as in Title 30-A, section 2001.

B. "Most recent edition of the Standard" means the 1993 edition or any subsequent edition of the Standard adopted by the commission pursuant to this section.

C. "Standard" means the National Electrical Safety Code (NESC)-ANSI-C2.

**2. Applicable national standard.** Except as otherwise provided in this section or by rule of the commission adopted pursuant to this section, every transmission and distribution utility, ~~telephone utility~~ entity authorized under section 2301 to construct lines and cable television company shall design, construct, operate and maintain its lines and equipment in conformance with the applicable provisions of the most recent edition of the Standard.

**3. Review of standards by commission.** Whenever a new or revised edition of the Standard is published, a transmission and distribution utility, ~~telephone utility~~ entity authorized under section 2301 to construct lines or cable television company may request the commission to hold a hearing on whether the new or revised Standard should be adopted.

A. If a hearing is requested within 120 days of the publication of the new or revised Standard, the commission shall hold a hearing and shall either adopt the new or revised Standard or, pursuant to subsection 4, amend or reject the new or revised Standard. If a hearing is requested and held under this paragraph, the new or revised Standard does not go into effect in any form except as expressly provided by the commission in its order.

B. If a hearing is not requested within 120 days of the publication of the new or revised Standard, the commission is deemed to have adopted the new or revised Standard effective on the 180th day after publication. Existing facilities that meet the requirements of the previously applicable Standard but which do not meet the requirements of the new or revised Standard may remain in noncompliance only if grandfathered under the new edition.

**4. Modifications, deletions and waivers to Standard.** The commission may, at its discretion and after appropriate hearing, modify, delete or waive individual requirements of the Standard. The commission may make a modification or deletion or grant a waiver of a national standard of practice contained in the Standard only if it finds one of the following:

A. Other measures achieving equivalent levels of safety will be substituted for the modified, deleted or waived national standard; or

B. The national standard is not applicable or is unduly burdensome for the level of safety achieved under local conditions.

Modifications, deletions or waivers of individual requirements of the Standard remain in force until the next edition of the Standard is adopted by the commission pursuant to subsection 3 or the modification, deletion or waiver is repealed by the commission, whichever occurs first.

Pursuant to subsection 3, paragraph A, a transmission and distribution utility, ~~telephone utility~~ entity authorized under section 2301 to construct lines or cable television company may petition the commission to continue approved modifications, deletions or waivers under a new or revised Standard. Unless the commission reaffirms a modification, deletion or waiver in its order adopting a new or revised Standard, a modification, deletion or waiver is deemed repealed on adoption of the new or revised Standard.

**5. Additional safety measures.** The commission may, at its discretion and after appropriate hearing, require safety measures in addition to those required by the Standard. An additional requirement remains in force for 10 years from its effective date unless the commission:

- A. Repeals the requirement; or
- B. Reaffirms the requirement by order. Each reaffirmation must occur within 10 years of the original effective date of the requirement or within 10 years of the last affirmation.

**Sec. B-8. 35-A MRSA §2307**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

**§2307. Public utilities and telephone providers may lay wires, pipes and cables under streets subject to municipal permit**

Public utilities and entities authorized under section 2301 to construct lines may, in any municipality, place their pipes and appurtenances, wires and cables and all conduits and other structures for conducting and maintaining the pipes, wires and cables under the surface of those streets and highways in which the utilities or entities are authorized to obtain locations for their pipes and appurtenances, poles and wires, subject to the written permit of the licensing authority, as defined in section 2502 and subject to such rules as to location and construction as the municipal officers or the Department of Transportation may designate in their permit. A permit must be obtained under sections 2501 to 2508. Permits to open streets and highways for the purpose of relaying or repairing the pipes and appurtenances, wires, cables, conduits and other structures may be granted without notice.

**Sec. B-9. 35-A MRSA §2308**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

**§2308. Protection of utility facilities upon discontinuance of public ways**

In proceedings for the discontinuance of public ways, public ways may be discontinued in whole or in part. The discontinuance of a town way ~~shall~~ must be pursuant to Title 23, section 3026. Unless an order discontinuing a public way specifically provides otherwise, the public easement provided for in Title 23, section 3026, includes an easement for public utility facilities and for the permitted facilities of entities authorized under section 2301 to construct lines. A utility or entity may continue to maintain, repair and replace its installations within the limits of the way or may construct and maintain new facilities within the limits of the discontinued way, if it is used for travel by motor vehicles, in order to provide utility or telecommunications service, upon compliance with the provisions of sections 2503, 2505, 2506, 2507 and 2508.

**Sec. B-10. 35-A MRSA §2310, sub-§1**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

**1. Trespass.** A person commits trespass on a utility pole if, without the prior consent of the ~~utility owning~~ owner of the pole, ~~he~~ that person places any object or makes any attachment on any utility pole, whether or not it is within the limits of a public way.

**Sec. B-11. 35-A MRSA §2515, first ¶**, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §37 and affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:

Every corporation organized under section 2101 and former section 2109 and every entity authorized under section 2301 to construct lines is liable in all cases to repay a municipality all sums of money that the municipality is obliged to pay on a judgment recovered against it for damages caused by an obstruction, digging up or displacement of a way or street by the corporation or entity, together with attorney's fees and expenses necessarily incurred in defending the municipality in the actions. The corporation ~~shall~~ or entity must:

**Sec. B-12. 35-A MRSA §2522**, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §39 and affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:

**§2522. Maintenance of utility facilities**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a transmission and distribution utility or ~~telephone utility~~ entity authorized under section 2301 to construct lines may trim, cut or remove by cutting trees located within the public right-of-way of a public way and may trim or cut portions of trees encroaching upon the public right-of-way when necessary to ensure safe and reliable service if:

**1. Notice to applicable licensing authority.** Notice is provided by the utility or entity to the applicable



licensing authority, as defined in section 2502, at least 30 days before the trimming, cutting or removal of trees;

**2. Consultation with applicable licensing authority.** Upon request of the applicable licensing authority, the utility or entity consults with the applicable licensing authority before the trimming, cutting or removal of trees. Notice must be sent to each municipality in which trimming, cutting or removal of trees is to be conducted and the utility or entity shall consult with the applicable municipal licensing authority or, if none, the municipal officers before commencing operations. The municipal licensing authority or, if none, the municipal officers may elect to hold a public hearing on the utility's or entity's proposal and, if so, the utility or entity may not commence operations until after the public hearing has been held;

**3. Public notice.** Public notice is placed in at least 2 newspapers with circulation in the area where trimming, cutting or removal of trees is scheduled to occur at least 30 days before the trimming, cutting or removal of those trees. The notice must state that customers may request to be placed on the list, required under subsection 4, of persons who have requested to be personally consulted before the trimming, cutting or removal of trees;

**4. Customer notice list.** Before the trimming, cutting or removal of trees, the utility or entity confers with any person who requests personal consultation concerning the trimming, cutting or removal of trees on property in which the person has a legal interest. The utility or entity shall keep a list of persons who have requested personal consultation under this subsection. The utility or entity shall notify annually, in the form of a bill insert, all of the utility's or entity's customers of the opportunity to be on the list required under this subsection; and

**5. Shade and ornamental trees.** Before removing a shade or ornamental tree, the utility or entity consults with the owner of the land upon which the tree is located. For purposes of this subsection, "owner" includes a person who owns the underlying fee interest in land encumbered with a public easement.

This section does not apply to trimming, cutting or removal of trees undertaken in emergency situations.

**Sec. B-13. 35-A MRSA §7104, sub-§2,** as enacted by PL 1997, c. 692, §1, is amended to read:

**2. General availability.** The commission shall seek to ensure that ~~similar telecommunication services~~ are provider of last resort service is available to consumers throughout all areas of the State at reasonably comparable rates.

**Sec. B-14. 35-A MRSA §7104, sub-§3,** as amended by PL 1999, c. 60, §1, is further amended to read:

**3. Authority.** The commission shall adopt rules to implement this section and may require ~~providers of intrastate telecommunications services~~ voice network service providers and providers of radio paging service to contribute to a state universal service fund to support programs consistent with the goals of applicable provisions of this Title and the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, Public Law 104-104, 110 Stat. 56. Prior to requiring that ~~providers of intrastate telecommunications services~~ voice network service providers and providers of radio paging service contribute to a state universal service fund, the commission shall assess the telecommunications needs of the State's consumers and establish the level of support required to meet those needs. If the commission establishes a state universal service fund pursuant to this section, the commission shall contract with an appropriate independent fiscal agent that is not a state entity to serve as administrator of the state universal service fund. Funds contributed to a state universal service fund are not state funds. Rules and any state universal service fund requirements established by the commission pursuant to this section must:

A. Be reasonably designed to maximize federal assistance available to the State for universal service purposes;

B. Meet the State's obligations under the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, Public Law ~~104~~ 104-104, 110 Stat. 56;

C. Be consistent with the goals of the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, Public Law ~~104~~ 104-104, 110 Stat. 56;

D. Ensure that any requirements regarding contributions to a state universal service fund be non-discriminatory and competitively neutral; and

~~E. Require explicit identification on customer bills of contributions to any state universal service fund established pursuant to this section; and~~

~~F. Allow consideration in appropriate rate-making proceedings of contributions to any state universal service fund established pursuant to this section.~~

G. Require, if a voice network service provider recovers its contributions under this section by means of a charge placed on a bill issued to a customer, explicit identification on that bill of any charge imposed under this section.

For purposes of this ~~subsection~~ section, "~~providers of intrastate telecommunications services~~" includes providers of radio paging service and mobile telecommunications services. "voice network service provider" means a voice service provider that offers its subscri-

ers the means to initiate or receive voice communications using the public switched telephone network. Rules adopted under this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter ~~H-A 2-A~~.

**Sec. B-15. 35-A MRSA §7104, sub-§4**, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 692, §1, is repealed.

**Sec. B-16. 35-A MRSA §7104, sub-§7, ¶A**, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 305, §2, is amended to read:

A. In establishing the total level of support for the state universal service fund, the commission shall include funding levels for telecommunications relay services as recommended by the Telecommunications Relay Services Advisory Council, as established in section 8704, unless the commission determines, upon its own motion or upon the request of a ~~provider of intrastate telecommunications services~~ voice network service provider, that the recommended funding levels may be unreasonable. If the commission determines that the funding levels may be unreasonable, the commission shall open a proceeding to determine a reasonable funding level for telecommunications relay services, including related outreach programs. Upon the conclusion of the proceeding, the commission shall establish funding support for telecommunications relay services, including related outreach programs, that it has found to be reasonable within the state universal service fund. The commission shall require contributions to the state universal service fund on a quarterly basis to meet the established funding support levels.

**Sec. B-17. 35-A MRSA §7104, sub-§8** is enacted to read:

**8. Maximization of support.** The commission shall pursue all activities necessary to maximize the amount of federal support received by voice service providers offering voice and broadband service in the State.

**Sec. B-18. 35-A MRSA §7104-B, sub-§1, ¶C**, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 409, §2, is repealed.

**Sec. B-19. 35-A MRSA §7104-B, sub-§1, ¶D** is enacted to read:

D. "Voice network service provider" means a voice service provider that offers its subscribers the means to initiate or receive voice communications using the public switched telephone network.

**Sec. B-20. 35-A MRSA §7104-B, sub-§2**, as amended by PL 2001, c. 522, §1, is further amended to read:

**2. Authority.** Pursuant to the authority granted in section 7104 and in order to carry out the policy goals established by section 7101, subsections 1, 2 and

4, the commission shall establish a telecommunications education access fund, referred to in this section as the "fund," and require all ~~telecommunications carriers offering telecommunications services~~ voice network service providers providing service in the State and any other entities identified by the commission pursuant to subsection 8 to contribute to the fund. The fund must be available, with any accumulated interest, to qualified libraries, qualified schools and the Raymond H. Fogler Library at the University of Maine to assist in paying the costs of acquiring and using advanced telecommunications technologies.

**Sec. B-21. 35-A MRSA §7104-B, sub-§3, ¶A**, as amended by PL 2005, c. 251, §1, is further amended to read:

A. Limit the amount collected to no more than 0.7% of retail charges for ~~telecommunications~~ 2-way voice communications services as determined by the commission, excluding interstate tolls or interstate private line services;

**Sec. B-22. 35-A MRSA §7104-B, sub-§3, ¶C and D**, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 409, §2, are amended to read:

C. Integrate the collection of the charge with any state universal service fund developed by the commission; and

D. Require, if a voice network service provider recovers its contributions under this section by means of a charge placed on a bill issued to a customer, explicit identification on customer bills of any charge imposed under this section; ~~and~~.

**Sec. B-23. 35-A MRSA §7104-B, sub-§3, ¶E**, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 409, §2, is repealed.

**Sec. B-24. 35-A MRSA §7104-B, sub-§8**, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 409, §2, is repealed.

**Sec. B-25. 35-A MRSA §7105, sub-§§1 and 2**, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 654, §4 and affected by §5, are amended to read:

**1. Per-call blocking.** At least 2 months prior to initiating any caller-ID service, and throughout the period that caller-ID service is offered to subscribers in this State, telephone utilities must advertise and immediately upon initiating such service must offer to all subscribers free per-call blocking. ~~The commission shall review the form and content of advertising required under this section.~~

**2. Per-line blocking.** ~~In any order in which the commission approves the offering of caller ID in this State, the commission shall require~~ A telephone utility must provide per-line blocking to be provided to individuals, agencies and groups that submit a written request to the telephone utility asserting a specific need for per-line blocking for reasons of health and safety. Telephone utilities may not charge a subscriber a fee

for the first per-line blocking or unblocking of the subscriber's line. Except as otherwise authorized by law or to confirm that a subscriber has made a valid request, telephone utilities may not disclose information concerning the request for per-line blocking submitted by an individual, agency or group.

**Sec. B-26. 35-A MRSA §7106**, as amended by PL 2007, c. 638, §§2 and 3, is further amended to read:

**§7106. Unauthorized change of carrier**

**1. Unauthorized change of carrier.** This subsection governs the initiation of a change in a customer's local or intrastate interexchange carrier that is not authorized by that consumer.

A. Notwithstanding Title 32, chapter 69, subchapter 5 or Title 32, section 14716, and except as otherwise provided by the commission by rule adopted pursuant to subsection 3, a local or intrastate interexchange carrier may not initiate the change of a customer's local or intrastate carrier unless the change is expressly authorized by the customer as verified by one of the following methods:

- (1) Written or electronically signed authorization from the customer;
- (2) Toll-free electronic authorization placed from the telephone number that is the subject of the change order; or
- (3) Oral authorization of the customer obtained by an independent 3rd party.

B. When a customer's service is changed to a new local or intrastate interexchange carrier, the new local or intrastate interexchange carrier shall maintain for 24 months a record of nonpublic customer-specific information that establishes that the customer authorized the change.

D. A local or intrastate interexchange carrier that has initiated an unauthorized customer change shall:

- (1) Pay all usual and customary charges associated with returning the customer to the customer's original local or intrastate interexchange carrier;
- (2) Return to the customer any amount paid to that carrier by the customer or on the customer's behalf; and
- (3) Pay any access charges and related charges to access providers or to an underlying carrier when applicable; and
- (4) ~~Upon request, provide all billing records to the original local or intrastate interexchange carrier from which the customer was changed to enable the original local or intra-~~

~~state interexchange carrier to comply with this section and any commission rules adopted under this section.~~

~~E. Except as otherwise provided by the commission by rule in accordance with subsection 3, a customer subjected to an unauthorized change of local or intrastate interexchange carrier is responsible for charges of the authorized carrier for the customer's usage during the period the customer was served by the unauthorized carrier unless:~~

- (1) ~~The customer has paid the unauthorized carrier for the usage; and~~
- (2) ~~The amount paid by the customer has not been returned by the unauthorized carrier to the customer in accordance with paragraph D, subparagraph (2).~~

~~If the unauthorized carrier has not returned to the customer the amount paid by the customer to the unauthorized carrier in accordance with paragraph D, subparagraph (2), the unauthorized carrier shall pay to the authorized carrier the charges of the authorized carrier for the customer's usage during the period the customer was served by the unauthorized carrier.~~

**2. Penalty.** A local or intrastate interexchange carrier that violates this section is subject to penalty in accordance with this subsection.

A. The commission may impose an administrative penalty against any person who violates this section or any rule or order adopted pursuant to this section. In determining whether to impose a penalty, the commission may consider whether the violation was intentional. The penalty for a violation may be in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each day the violation continues, up to a maximum of \$40,000 for a first offense and a maximum of \$110,000 for subsequent offenses. The amount of the penalty must be based on:

- (1) The severity of the violation, including the intent of the violator, the nature, circumstances, extent and gravity of any prohibited acts;
- (2) The history of previous violations;
- (3) The amount necessary to deter future violations;
- (4) Good faith attempts to comply after notification of a violation; and
- (5) Such other matters as justice requires.

~~B. If the commission finds that a local or intrastate interexchange carrier has repeatedly violated this section or rules adopted under this section, the commission shall order the utility to take corrective action as necessary. In addition, the commis-~~

tion, if consistent with the public interest, may suspend, restrict or revoke the registration or certificate of the local or intrastate interexchange carrier, so as to deny the local or intrastate interexchange carrier the right to provide service in this State.

D. The commission may order a telephone utility to withhold funds collected on behalf of a carrier that is subject to an administrative penalty proceeding conducted pursuant to this section if it finds that it is more likely than not that penalties will be imposed or customer refunds will be ordered that are equal to or greater than the amount ordered withheld. The commission shall provide the carrier notice and an opportunity to be heard prior to ordering funds to be withheld. If the commission finds that there is a clear danger that, if notified in advance, the carrier will conceal or otherwise make funds unavailable to satisfy penalties or customer refunds prior to providing notice and an opportunity to be heard, it may issue an order to the public utility to withhold the funds without providing notice or an opportunity to be heard. To issue such an order, the commission must also make the first finding required by this paragraph. The commission shall, without delay, provide a copy of the order to the carrier along with written notice that the carrier, on request, will be provided with an opportunity to contest the finding that it is more likely than not that penalties will be imposed or customer refunds will be ordered that are equal to or greater than the amount ordered withheld.

**3. Rules.** The commission shall adopt nondiscriminatory and competitively neutral rules to further implement this section.

~~A. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, rules adopted by the commission under this subsection, including rules regarding customer verification of a change of carrier, must be consistent with the rules adopted by the Federal Communications Commission governing the initiation of a change of a customer's interstate carrier.~~

~~B. The commission, in adopting rules governing customer verification of a change of carrier, shall consider whether customer verification is necessary in the case of customer initiated calls.~~

~~C. The commission shall adopt by rule a definition of those actions that constitute initiation of a change of carrier under this section and a definition of actions that do not constitute the initiation of a change of carrier. The commission shall consider whether actions not constituting the initiation of a change of a customer's carrier include actions of a local exchange carrier to change a customer's carrier:~~

~~(1) Undertaken at the direction of a carrier to which the customer's service is changed or with the oral or written authorization of the customer; and~~

~~(2) That do not result in the customer being changed to the service of the carrier undertaking the actions or to an affiliate of the carrier undertaking the actions.~~

~~D. Notwithstanding subsection 1, paragraph E, if the Federal Communications Commission provides by rule that customers are not responsible for charges of an authorized interstate carrier for the customer's usage during the period the customer was served by an unauthorized interstate carrier, the commission by rule may provide that a customer is not responsible for charges of an authorized local or intrastate carrier for the customer's usage during the period the customer was served by an unauthorized local or intrastate carrier.~~

Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter ~~H-A~~ 2-A.

**4. Enforcement.** The commission through its own counsel or through the Attorney General may apply to the Superior Court of any county of the State to enforce any lawful order made or action taken by the commission pursuant to this section. The court may issue such orders, preliminary or final, as it considers proper under the facts established before the court.

**5. Notice to the Attorney General.** If the commission has reason to believe that any carrier has violated any provision of the law for which criminal prosecution is provided and would be in order or any law regarding fraud or consumer protection, the ~~Commission~~ commission shall notify the Attorney General. The Attorney General shall promptly institute any actions or proceedings the Attorney General considers appropriate.

**6. Customer education.** The Public Advocate shall periodically inform telephone customers in the State of the protections and rights provided by this section.

**Sec. B-27. 35-A MRSA §7107, sub-§6,** as corrected by RR 2003, c. 2, §113, is amended to read:

**6. Rulemaking.** The commission shall adopt rules to implement this section. Rules adopted under this section are routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. ~~Rules adopted by the commission must at least:~~

~~A. Establish clear standards for interpreting and applying the state of mind standard applicable to billing agents who bill on behalf of service pro-~~

~~viders not properly registered with the commission;~~

~~B. Define types of evidence that constitute sufficient evidence of customer authorization in a manner that imposes the least economic and technical burdens on customers and service providers; and~~

~~C. With regard to direct dialed telecommunications services, provide that evidence that a call was dialed from the number that is the subject of the charge is sufficient evidence of authorization for the charge for that call.~~

~~Notwithstanding Title 32, chapter 69, subchapter 5 or Title 32, section 14716, subsection 4, rules adopted by the commission pursuant to paragraph B may define "sufficient evidence of customer authorization" to include oral authorization obtained by an independent 3rd party. The commission may not adopt any rule that requires any 3rd-party verification of customer authorization of the provision of any service or product by a service provider that is an affiliate of the billing agent, as defined by the commission by rule.~~

**Sec. B-28. 35-A MRSA §7902**, as amended by PL 2009, c. 612, §9, is further amended to read:

**§7902. Lines along highways and across waters**

Every ~~telephone utility entity authorized under section 2301 to construct lines~~ or person transmitting television signals by wire may, except as limited, construct, maintain and operate its lines upon and along the routes and between the points stated in its certificate of incorporation; and may, subject to the conditions and under the restrictions provided in this Title, construct its lines along, over, under and across any of the roads and streets and across or under any of the waters upon and along the routes, with all necessary erections and fixtures. The authority provided under this section applies to a dark fiber provider for the purposes of constructing and maintaining its federally supported dark fiber.

**Sec. B-29. 35-A MRSA §7903, first ¶**, as amended by PL 1995, c. 225, §14, is further amended to read:

Every telephone utility in the State may, upon such terms as may be agreed upon by the contracting parties, ~~subject to the control of the commission:~~

**Sec. B-30. 35-A MRSA §8302**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

**§8302. Pole attachments**

~~Where~~ If a cable television system and a voice service provider, dark fiber provider, wholesale competitive local exchange carrier or public utility ~~have failed fail~~ to agree on the joint use of poles or other equipment or on the terms and conditions or compen-

sation for the use, the matter ~~shall be~~ is subject to section 711.

**PART C**

**Sec. C-1. 35-A MRSA §307-A**, as amended by PL 2001, c. 137, §3, is repealed.

**Sec. C-2. 35-A MRSA §507**, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 137, §4, is repealed.

**Sec. C-3. 35-A MRSA §703, sub-§3-A**, as repealed and replaced by PL 2009, c. 66, §1, is amended to read:

**3-A. Special contracts.** A public utility, subject to the commission's approval, may make a contract for a definite term for its product or service, but the published rates for the product or service may not be changed during the term of the contract without the commission's consent. ~~If the commission grants to a telephone utility or a group of telephone utilities an exemption pursuant to section 307 A from the requirement to file rate schedules or terms and conditions, that telephone utility or group of telephone utilities is exempt from the requirements for commission approval and consent under this subsection to the same extent as the exemption granted by the commission pursuant to section 307 A.~~

**Sec. C-4. 35-A MRSA c. 8**, as amended, is repealed.

**Sec. C-5. 35-A MRSA §1105**, as amended by PL 2001, c. 137, §6, is repealed.

**Sec. C-6. 35-A MRSA §7102, sub-§1-A, ¶B**, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 654, §2 and affected by §5, is amended to read:

B. An identification service provided in connection with ~~audiotext services, as defined in section 801,~~ toll-free, or "800" access code, telephone service or a similar telephone service;

**Sec. C-7. 35-A MRSA §7701**, as amended by PL 2003, c. 452, Pt. T, §1 and affected by Pt. X, §2, is repealed.

**Sec. C-8. 35-A MRSA §8301**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is repealed.

**Sec. C-9. 35-A MRSA §8501**, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is repealed.

**Sec. C-10. 35-A MRSA §8901**, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 342, §5, is repealed.

**Sec. C-11. 35-A MRSA §9106** is enacted to read:

**§9106. Application of chapter; repeal**

Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this chapter, the provisions of this chapter apply only to an alternative form of regulation approved by the

commission prior to January 1, 2012. This chapter is repealed August 1, 2013.

#### PART D

**Sec. D-1. 25 MRSA §2929, sub-§1, ¶B,** as enacted by PL 1997, c. 291, §3, is amended to read:

B. ~~Customer information, described in Title 35-A, section 7501, subsection 1, that is Names, addresses and telephone numbers that are omitted from a telephone utility directory list at the request of a customer;~~

**Sec. D-2. 35-A MRSA §101,** as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §2 and affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:

##### §101. Statement of purpose

The purpose of this Title is to ensure that there is a regulatory system for public utilities in the State and for other entities subject to this Title that is consistent with the public interest and with other requirements of law and to provide for reasonable licensing requirements for competitive electricity providers. The basic purpose of this regulatory system as it applies to public utilities subject to service regulation under this Title is to ensure safe, reasonable and adequate service and to ensure that the rates of public utilities subject to rate regulation are just and reasonable to customers and public utilities.

**Sec. D-3. 35-A MRSA §103, sub-§2, ¶A,** as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read:

A. All public utilities and certain other entities as specified in this Title are subject to the jurisdiction, control and regulation of the commission and to applicable provisions of this Title.

**Sec. D-4. 35-A MRSA §120, sub-§5,** as amended by PL 2009, c. 122, §9, is further amended to read:

**5. Telephone exemptions.** The commission's activities undertaken pursuant to its authority to grant exemptions to telephone utilities providers of provider of last resort service from certain portions of this Title;

**Sec. D-5. Merger obligations unaffected.** Nothing in this Act is intended or may be interpreted to modify or affect any provision of or the rights and obligations of any entity under any order of the Public Utilities Commission that establishes, approves, modifies, amends or in any way relates to any condition or requirement imposed by the commission in connection with the merger of FairPoint Communications, Inc. and Verizon Communications Inc. and the transfer to FairPoint Communications, Inc. of facilities previously owned or operated by Verizon Communications Inc., including but not limited to orders entered in the following commission dockets: Docket No. 2005-155; Docket No. 2007-67; Docket No. 2008-108; Docket

No. 2010-76; Docket No. 2010-77; and Docket No. 2010-78.

**Sec. D-6. Entities approved to furnish service.** Nothing in this Act is intended or may be interpreted to remove or otherwise affect any approval granted by the Public Utilities Commission to any entity under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 2102 prior to the effective date of this Act.

**Sec. D-7. Regulatory assessments and special funds.** The Public Utilities Commission shall examine whether it is appropriate to require any voice service providers that are not required to pay assessments under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, sections 116, 7104 and 7104-B to pay such assessments and if so the reasons why they should be included and how they may appropriately and fairly be included. The commission shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities and technology matters by January 15, 2013. The joint standing committee may report out a bill related to the subject of the report to the First Regular Session of the 126th Legislature.

**Sec. D-8. Statutory revisions.** The Public Utilities Commission shall review the provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A and the commission's implementing rules relating to or affecting telecommunications and shall determine what, if any, further changes to law are required to clarify or bring into effect the regulatory changes made by this Act. The commission shall specifically examine whether the expansion of the application of Title 35-A, section 711 creates any regulatory or other issues that should be addressed. The commission may submit a bill to the First Regular Session of the 126th Legislature proposing any recommended changes to law to clarify, adjust or bring into effect the regulatory changes made by this Act.

See title page for effective date.

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## CHAPTER 624

### H.P. 1389 - L.D. 1878

#### An Act To Allow Abatement of Property Taxes Due to Hardship

**Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:**

**Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §841, sub-§2,** as amended by PL 2005, c. 169, §1, is further amended to read:

**2. Hardship or poverty.** The municipal officers or the State Tax Assessor for the unorganized territory, within 3 years from commitment, may, on their own knowledge or on written application therefor, make