

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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**LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE**

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE

**FIRST REGULAR SESSION
December 3, 2008 to June 13, 2009**

**THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR
FIRST REGULAR SESSION
NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS
SEPTEMBER 12, 2009**

**PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,
TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.**

**Augusta, Maine
2009**

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

Effective June 15, 2009.

CHAPTER 133 H.P. 1036 - L.D. 1483

Resolve, To Stimulate the Maine Economy by Allowing the Federal First-time Home Buyer Tax Credit To Be Used at Closing of a Real Estate Transaction

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, the Federal Government has provided a federal housing tax credit for first-time home buyers; and

Whereas, the best and most efficient use of the federal housing tax credit for first-time home buyers is for the funds to be available to home buyers at or near the time of closing; and

Whereas, the use of the federal housing tax credit for first-time home buyers will assist families with home ownership and stimulate the State's economy; and

Whereas, the federal housing tax credit for first-time home buyers must be used prior to December 1, 2009; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore, be it

Sec. 1. Adoption of rules to allow use of tax credit funds. Resolved: That if the United States Internal Revenue Service permits the first-time home buyer tax credit available under the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 to be paid directly to 3rd parties, the administrator of the Maine Consumer Credit Code, as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 9-A, section 1-301, subsection 2, may adopt routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A, to facilitate the use of the tax credit funds for the financing of all or part of the down payment, closing costs, prepaid expenses and home energy improvement costs of first-time home buyers by supervised lenders and supervised

financial organizations as defined in Title 9-A, section 1-301.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.

Effective June 15, 2009.

CHAPTER 134 S.P. 357 - L.D. 935

Resolve, Regarding Building Energy Efficiency and Carbon Performance Ratings

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, promoting renewable energy and energy efficiency are significant priorities of the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009; and

Whereas, significant funding from the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 will be disbursed to the Public Utilities Commission as administrator of the United States Department of Energy State Energy Program in the immediate future for energy initiatives, including energy efficiency programs; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore, be it

Sec. 1. Building energy efficiency and carbon performance rating system. Resolved: That the Public Utilities Commission, as administrator of the United States Department of Energy State Energy Program, in consultation with the stakeholder group convened pursuant to section 2, shall:

1. Develop or select a standardized rating system and reporting form for building energy efficiency and carbon performance;
2. Include the standardized rating system and reporting form in professional education and training programs sponsored by the Public Utilities Commission;
3. Encourage real estate professionals and other stakeholders to promote voluntary use of the standardized rating system and reporting form by residential and commercial property owners, including, but not