

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 6, 2010 to April 12, 2010

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR SECOND REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JULY 12, 2010

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

Augusta, Maine 2010

minnow trap or hook and line and are only for personal use.

5. Eligibility. A commercial pelagic and anadromous fishing license may be issued only to an individual.

6. Fees. Fees for commercial pelagic and anadromous fishing licenses are:

A. Forty-eight dollars for a resident operator;

B. One hundred twenty-eight dollars for a resident operator and all crew members; and

C. Five hundred dollars for a nonresident operator and all crew members.

7. Surcharges. The following surcharges are assessed on holders of commercial pelagic and anadromous fishing licenses issued by the department:

A. For a commercial pelagic and anadromous fishing license for a resident operator, \$50;

B. For a commercial pelagic and anadromous fishing license for a resident operator with crew, \$200; and

C. For a commercial pelagic and anadromous fishing license for a nonresident operator with crew, \$400.

The commissioner shall deposit surcharges collected pursuant to this subsection in the Pelagic and Anadromous Fisheries Fund established under section 6041.

8. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

Sec. 3. Appropriations and allocations. The following appropriations and allocations are made.

MARINE RESOURCES, DEPARTMENT OF

Bureau of Resource Management 0027

Initiative: Establishes the Pelagic and Anadromous Fisheries Fund.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	2009-10	2010-11
All Other	\$0	\$38,800
OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL	\$0	\$38,800

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 528

S.P. 611 - L.D. 1604

An Act To Clarify the Marine Resources Laws To Provide for the Protection of Public Safety and Welfare

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §6171-A, as amended by PL 1987, c. 100, §§1 to 3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

<u>§6171-A. Protection of public health and safety</u> and prevention of gear conflicts

1. Commissioner's powers. The commissioner may investigate conditions affecting public safety, public health or property and conflicts among harvesters of marine organisms. The commissioner, with the advice and consent of the Marine Resources Advisory Council, may adopt or amend such rules as the commissioner considers necessary to:

A. Protect public health;

B. Protect public safety;

C. Prevent property damage; or

D. Prevent gear conflicts and promote the optimum development of marine organisms.

Rules adopted in accordance with this subsection may include, but are not limited to, rules governing area closures when necessary to address conflicts among persons who fish commercially that may cause a threat of harm to a person.

2. Limitations. The limitations of section 6171, subsection 2 also apply to rules to prevent gear conflicts.

3. Considerations. In adopting rules to prevent gear conflicts, the commissioner shall consider:

A. Traditional uses of the marine organisms;

B. Total economic benefits to the area in which the organisms are harvested; and

<u>C.</u> Promotion of the optimum economic and biological management of marine resources.

In each case, the commissioner shall accommodate the needs of all interested parties to the maximum extent possible, through provisions for joint use, alternate use or other methods.

4-A. Emergency rules. The commissioner may adopt or amend rules on an emergency basis if immediate action is necessary to protect the public health or public safety or to prevent property damage or serious economic harm to the area in which marine resources are harvested.

5-A. Procedure. The procedures of subchapter 2 must be used in adopting or amending rules authorized by this section.

Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, sub-chapter 2-A.

Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §6171-C, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 44, §1, is repealed.

Sec. 3. 12 MRSA §6172, sub-§1-B, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 44, §2, is amended to read:

1-B. Advisory council. Notwithstanding section $\frac{6171 \cdot C}{6171 \cdot C} \frac{6171 \cdot A}{171 \cdot C}$, the advice and consent of the Marine Resources Advisory Council is not required prior to adoption of a rule under this section.

Sec. 4. 12 MRSA §6192, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2005, c. 44, §3, is further amended to read:

1. Procedures. In an emergency adoption of a rule or amendment to a rule, the commissioner may modify the procedures required under the Maine Administrative Procedure Act and section 6191 in the following manner.

A. In an emergency adoption of a rule or amendment to a rule relating to the public health and safety, including rules authorized under sections $\frac{6171 \cdot C}{6171 \cdot A}$ and 6172, prior public notice and hearing is not required.

B. In an emergency adoption of a rule or amendment to a rule relating to the general welfare, as authorized by section 6171 or 6171-A, the rule is effective immediately, as provided in subsection 4. A public hearing must be held in the affected area immediately thereafter after the rule takes effect if requested of the commissioner in writing by 5 persons. The hearing must be held within 30 days of the commissioner receiving the written request. Notice of that hearing must be published once, not less than 5 days prior to the hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected In an emergency adoption of a rule or area. amendment to a rule relating to gear conflicts, as authorized by section 6171-A, the commissioner shall decide within 5 business days after the hearing whether to continue or repeal an emergency closure. The commissioner's findings of fact must include the justification for the repeal or continuance of the closure, an analysis of the objections expressed at the public hearing and the date for the end of the closure. Emergency rules under this paragraph may be repealed by the Marine Resources Advisory Council.

C. In an emergency adoption of a rule or amendment to a rule relating to gear conflicts, as authorized by section 6171 A, the rule is effective immediately, as provided in subsection 4. Prior public notice and hearing is not required. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a public hearing must be held in the affected area immediately if requested of the commissioner in writing by 5 persons. The hearing must be held within 30 days of the commissioner receiving the written request. Notice of that hearing must be published once, not less than 5 days prior to the hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected The commissioner shall decide within 5 area business days after the hearing whether to continue or repeal the emergency closure. The commissioner's findings of fact must include the justification for the repeal or continuance of the closure, an analysis of the objections expressed at the public hearing and the date for the end of the closure. Emergency rules under this paragraph may be repealed by the advisory council.

D. Within 48 hours after the adoption of an emergency rule or an emergency amendment to a rule authorized under section 6171-A, subsection 1, paragraph B or C, the commissioner shall hold a public meeting in the area affected by the emergency rule. A public meeting convened pursuant to this paragraph is not a public hearing for purposes of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 529

H.P. 1212 - L.D. 1711

An Act To Clarify the Status of Prisoners

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §663, sub-§3, ¶J, as amended by PL 2007, c. 22, §2, is further amended to read:

J. Members of the family of the employer who reside with and are dependent upon the employer; and

Sec. 2. 26 MRSA §663, sub-§3, ¶K, as amended by PL 2005, c. 255, §1, is further amended to read:

K. A salaried employee who works in a bona fide executive, administrative or professional capacity and whose regular compensation, when converted to an annual rate, exceeds 3000 times the State's minimum hourly wage or the annualized rate established by the United States Department of Labor under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, whichever is higher-; and

Sec. 3. 26 MRSA §663, sub-§3, ¶L is enacted to read: