

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR SESSION - 2007

services must be designed to reduce the likelihood of associated disabling conditions for these children. The tracking system <u>must may</u> be integrated with any national database or similar system developed by the Federal Government <u>or with any regional database or with both</u>.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 509

S.P. 773 - L.D. 1979

An Act Regarding the Use of Designated State-approved ATV Trails

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §13157-A, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 2005, c. 397, Pt. E, §21, is amended to read:

1-A. Permission required. A person may not operate an ATV on the land of another without the permission of the landowner or lessee. Permission is presumed on designated state-approved ATV trails that are conspicuously posted or in areas open to ATVs by landowner policy. A landowner may limit the use of a designated state-approved ATV trail on that landowner's property through agreements with the State or an ATV club to address environmental, public safety or management concerns. Written permission of the landowner or lessee is required on cropland or pastureland or in an orchard. As used in this subsection, "cropland" means acreage in tillage rotation, land being cropped and land in bush fruits and "pastureland" means acreage devoted to the production of forage plants used for animal production. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to limit or expand a landowner's property rights.

A. A person who violates this subsection commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500 may be adjudged.

B. A person who violates this subsection after having been adjudicated of having committed 3 or more civil violations under this Part within the previous 5-year period commits a Class E crime.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 510

H.P. 1467 - L.D. 2081

An Act To Prohibit the Retail Sale and Distribution of Novelty Lighters

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, novelty lighters have features that are attractive to children, including visual effects, flashing lights, musical sounds and toy-like designs; and

Whereas, the federal Consumer Product Safety Commission has recalled thousands of novelty lighters since 1996 due to their danger to public safety; and

Whereas, fire setting by juveniles has been identified as the fastest growing fire threat in the United States, with more than 300 people killed annually, 30% of whom are children, and almost \$1 billion in property destroyed; and

Whereas, in Maine, fire setting by juveniles has resulted in several deaths and millions of dollars in property damage and destruction; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 25 MRSA §2467 is enacted to read:

<u>§2467. Retail sale and distribution of novelty light-</u> ers prohibited

1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "novelty lighter" means a mechanical or electrical device typically used for lighting cigarettes, cigars or pipes that is designed to appear to be a toy, feature a flashing light or make musical sounds. "Novelty lighter" does not include:

A. A lighter manufactured prior to January 1, 1980;

B. A lighter incapable of being fueled or lacking a device necessary to produce combustion or a flame; or

C. Any mechanical or electrical device primarily used to ignite fuel for fireplaces or for charcoal or gas grills.