

# LAWS

## OF THE

# **STATE OF MAINE**

## AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION July 29, 2005

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 4, 2006 to May 24, 2006

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR SECOND SPECIAL SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS OCTOBER 28, 2005

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR SECOND REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS AUGUST 23, 2006

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> Penmor Lithographers Lewiston, Maine 2006

### CHAPTER 499

### H.P. 1343 - L.D. 1902

#### An Act Concerning Energy Conservation in Schools

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §15915, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2001, c. 376, §1, is further amended to read:

**1. Initial agreement.** Any school administrative unit may enter into an agreement of up to  $20 \ 15$  years with a private party, such as an energy service or 3rd-party financing company, for the design, installation, operation, maintenance and financing of energy conservation or combined energy conservation and air quality improvements at <u>existing</u> school administrative unit facilities. The school administrative unit's costs to enter into such an agreement are not applicable to the unit's school construction project costs, the debt service on which is eligible for subsidy purposes under section 15907. Such an agreement is deemed to be a professional service, which is not subject to the competitive bidding requirements of Title 5, section 1743-A, if the agreement:

A. Provides for operation or maintenance of the improvement for at least 5 years or the entire term of the financing agreement if longer than 5 years;

B. Requires a guaranty by the contractor that the improvement will meet performance criteria set forth in the agreement for at least 5 years or for the entire term of the financing agreement if longer than 5 years; and

C. Has a total contract cost, excluding interest and operating and maintenance costs, of less than  $\frac{1,000,000}{2,000,000}$  for any school building.

A school administrative unit may select contractors for these professional services on the basis of a request for qualifications or a request for proposals and it is not required to use a competitive method set forth in this chapter and Title 5, section 1743-A and Private and Special Law 1999, chapter 79. The selection process must include at a minimum a request for qualifications or a request for proposals that is advertised in a newspaper of general circulation in the school administrative unit and a newspaper of general circulation in the City of Augusta. The school administrative unit shall interview not less fewer than 3 service providers unless a smaller number of service providers responds to the request for qualifications or requests for proposals. The performance criteria in the agreement is subject to approval by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of General Services. A request for qualifications or proposals may not contain terms that require service providers to have more than 3 years of experience in the energy conservation field or the use of equipment that is not generally available to service providers or terms that are otherwise included for the purpose of bias or favoritism toward a particular service provider. Objections to the terms of a request for qualifications or proposals under this subsection are deemed waived if not delivered in writing to the office of the superintendent of schools in that school administrative unit within 21 days of the last publication of the newspaper advertisement.

See title page for effective date.

#### **CHAPTER 500**

#### H.P. 1318 - L.D. 1878

#### An Act To Protect Small Payroll Processors

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §980-D is enacted to read:

#### §980-D. Payroll Processor Recovery Fund

The Payroll Processor Recovery Fund, referred to in this section as "the fund," is created. The fund must be deposited with and maintained by the authority. The fund must be administered by the Director of the Office of Consumer Credit Regulation within the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, referred to in this section as "the fund administrator," in accordance with the provisions of chapter 222. All money received by the authority from the fund administrator for the purpose of providing a source of recovery for employers injured by a payroll processor's failure to pay taxes or unemployment premiums must be credited to the fund. A portion of the interest earned on money in the fund may be used to pay the fund maintenance expenses of the authority; the balance must be credited to the fund. The balance in the fund must revert to the fund administrator if the need for the fund is obviated.

Sec. 2. 10 MRSA §1495, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 668, §1 and affected by §12, is amended to read:

**1-A. Administrator.** "Administrator" means, except in cases in which the payroll processor is a <u>supervised financial organization or a</u> wholly owned subsidiary of a supervised financial organization <del>as defined by Title 9 A, section 1 301, subsection 38 A,</del> the Director of the Office of Consumer Credit