MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 1, 2004 to March 30, 2005

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION April 4, 2005 to June 18, 2005

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JUNE 29, 2005

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST SPECIAL SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS SEPTEMBER 17, 2005

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> Penmor Lithographers Lewiston, Maine 2005

there is no obligation to account for any surplus upon a subsequent sale by the mortgagee. Any rights of the mortgagee to a deficiency claim against the mortgagors are limited to the amount established as of the date of the public sale. The date of the public sale is the date on which bids are received to establish the sales price, no matter when the sale is completed by the delivery of the deed to the highest bidder.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 292

S.P. 311 - L.D. 903

An Act To Strengthen the Penalties for Furnishing Alcohol to or Allowing Consumption of Alcohol by Minors

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 28-A MRSA §2081, sub-§1, ¶¶A and B, as amended by PL 2003, c. 452, Pt. P, §9 and affected by Pt. X, §2, are further amended to read:
 - A. Procure, or in any way aid or assist in procuring, furnish, give, sell or deliver liquor for or to a minor. The following penalties apply to violations of this paragraph.
 - (1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a Class D crime.
 - (2) A person who violates this paragraph commits a Class D crime for which the a fine may of not be less than \$500 and may be imposed, none of which may not be suspended, if the violation involves a minor who is less than 14 18 years of age.
 - (3) A person who violates this paragraph after having been previously convicted of violating this paragraph or paragraph B within a 6-year period commits a Class D crime for which the a fine may of not be less than \$500 and \$1,000 may be imposed, none of which may not be suspended.
 - (4) A person who violates this paragraph after having been previously convicted of violating this paragraph or paragraph B 2 or more times within a 6-year period commits a Class D crime for which the a fine may of not be less than \$1,000 and \$1,500 may be imposed, none of which may not be suspended.

- (5) A person who violates this paragraph commits a Class C crime if the consumption of liquor by the minor in fact causes serious bodily injury to or death of the minor or any other individual. For purposes of this subsection, "serious bodily injury" has the same meaning as set out in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 23;
- B. Allow a minor under that person's control or in a place under that person's control to possess or consume liquor. The following penalties apply to violations of this paragraph.
 - (1) A person who violates this paragraph commits a Class D crime.
 - (2) A person who violates this paragraph commits a Class D crime for which the a fine may of not be less than \$500 and \$1,000 may not be imposed, none of which may be suspended, if the violation involves a minor who is less than 14 18 years of age.
 - (3) A person who violates this paragraph after having been previously convicted of violating this paragraph or paragraph A within a 6-year period commits a Class D crime for which the a fine may of not be less than \$500 and \$2,000 may not be imposed, none of which may be suspended.
 - (4) A person who violates this paragraph after having been previously convicted of violating this paragraph or paragraph A 2 or more times within a 6 year period commits a Class D crime for which the fine may not be less than \$1,000 and may not be suspended.
 - (5) A person who violates this paragraph commits a Class C crime if the consumption of liquor by the minor in fact causes serious bodily injury to or death of the minor or any other individual. For purposes of this subsection, "serious bodily injury" has the same meaning as set out in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 23;

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 293

S.P. 479 - L.D. 1380

An Act To Protect Use of Municipal Seals

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: