MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 1, 2004 to March 30, 2005

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION April 4, 2005 to June 18, 2005

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JUNE 29, 2005

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST SPECIAL SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS SEPTEMBER 17, 2005

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> Penmor Lithographers Lewiston, Maine 2005

purpose of restoring biological communities affected by an invasive species.

- **Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §465-A, sub-§1, ¶C,** as amended by PL 1999, c. 243, §9, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
 - C. There may be no new direct discharge of pollutants into Class GPA waters. The following are exempt from this provision:
 - (1) Chemical discharges for the purpose of restoring water quality approved by the department;
 - (2) Aquatic pesticide or chemical discharges approved by the department and conducted by the department, the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife or an agent of either agency for the purpose of restoring biological communities affected by an invasive species; and
 - (3) Storm water discharges that are in compliance with state and local requirements.

Discharges into these waters licensed prior to January 1, 1986 are allowed to continue only until practical alternatives exist. Materials may not be placed on or removed from the shores or banks of a Class GPA water body in such a manner that materials may fall or be washed into the water or that contaminated drainage may flow or leach into those waters, except as permitted pursuant to section 480-C. A change of land use in the watershed of a Class GPA water body may not, by itself or in combination with other activities, cause water quality degradation that impairs the characteristics and designated uses of downstream GPA waters or causes an increase in the trophic state of those GPA waters.

- Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §466, sub-§8-A is enacted to read:
- **8-A.** Invasive species. "Invasive species" means an invasive animal as determined by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife or an invasive aquatic plant as listed under section 410-N or as determined by the department. A species may be determined to be invasive for all waters or for specific waters.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 183

H.P. 730 - L.D. 1077

An Act To Allow Optional Auxiliary Lighting on Motor Vehicles

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 29-A MRSA §1909-B is enacted to read:

§1909-B. Optional auxiliary lighting

- 1. General restrictions. Except as otherwise provided by section 2054 and any other law or rule, a vehicle may be equipped with or display an auxiliary light, as defined by section 2054, subsection 1, paragraph C, only if it conforms to the requirements of this section.
- **2. Color.** The color of an auxiliary light must be as follows:
 - A. White or amber if the light is on the front of the vehicle;
 - B. Amber if the light is on the side of the vehicle; or
 - <u>C. Amber or red if the light is on the rear of the vehicle.</u>
- 3. Beam. An auxiliary light must emit a steady beam of light and may not blink, oscillate, rotate or flash.
- **4. Brightness.** An auxiliary light may not emit a beam that is brighter than, has a greater candlepower than or distracts from the visibility of standard lighting equipment required by this Title or by the inspection rules adopted by the Chief of the State Police pursuant to section 1769.
- 5. Operator visibility. An auxiliary light may not be installed in a manner or on the vehicle so that it distracts or impairs the vision of the operator.
- 6. Under-vehicle lighting. An auxiliary light is under-vehicle lighting if it is a lighting device or lamp, including, but not limited to, a neon or fluorescent tube, installed under the chassis and it is designed to illuminate and reflect from the surface beneath the vehicle. A vehicle may be equipped with undervehicle lighting for the purpose of participating in shows, events or other exhibitions, but the lighting may not be used or the vehicle illuminated with undervehicle lighting on a public way.
- **7. Violation.** A person who operates a motor vehicle equipped with, illuminated by, displaying or

using an auxiliary light in violation of this section commits a traffic infraction.

- **Sec. 2. 29-A MRSA §2054, sub-§2, ¶D,** as amended by PL 2003, c. 633, §4, is further amended to read:
 - D. Except as provided in this paragraph, a vehicle may not be equipped with or display a blue light.
 - (1) Emergency lights used on the following vehicles must emit a blue light or a combination of blue and white light: a police vehicle; a Department of Corrections vehicle as described in subsection 1, paragraph B, subparagraph (6); a vehicle operated by a chief of police, a sheriff or a deputy sheriff; and a vehicle operated by a qualified deputy sheriff or other qualified individual performing court security-related functions and services.
 - (2) Emergency lights used on an ambulance, an emergency medical service vehicle, a fire department vehicle or a hazardous material response vehicle may include one blue light mounted facing toward the rear of the vehicle so that the light is primarily visible to approaching traffic from the rear only.
 - (3) The taillight of a vehicle, or replica of a vehicle, manufactured prior to 1952 and registered under section 457, may contain a blue or purple insert of not more than one inch in diameter.
 - (4) Blue interior auxiliary lighting or dash lighting may be used on any vehicle if no portion of the beam of light is visible at a height of 42 inches above a surface parallel with the level surface on which the vehicle stands at a distance of 20 feet from any part of the vehicle.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 184

S.P. 538 - L.D. 1551

An Act To Make Technical Amendments to the Maine Uniform Trust Code

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, the Maine Uniform Trust Code, enacted by Public Law 2003, chapter 618, Part A, takes effect July 1, 2005; and

Whereas, the amendments in this legislation to the Maine Uniform Trust Code must also become effective on July 1, 2005, because allowing the amendments to become effective 90 days after the end of the legislative session would cause confusion and uncertainty for Maine citizens and taxpayers; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 18-A MRSA §5-508, sub-§(g),** as amended by PL 1999, c. 66, §1, is further amended to read:
- (g) The requirements of subsections (b), (c) and (d) do not render ineffective a durable financial power of attorney validly executed prior to September 19, 1997 or a durable financial power of attorney executed prior to December 31, 1998 in accordance with this section as in effect on September 19, 1997. The requirements of subsection (d) do not render ineffective a durable power of attorney validly executed prior to July 1, 2005 in accordance with this section.
- Sec. 2. 18-B MRSA §103, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
- 1-A. Ascertainable standard. "Ascertainable standard" means an ascertainable standard relating to an individual's health, education, support or maintenance within the meaning of Section 2041(b)(1)(A) or Section 2514(c)(1) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect on July 1, 2005.
- **Sec. 3. 18-B MRSA §103, sub-§10,** as enacted by PL 2003, c. 618, Pt. A, §1 and affected by §2, is amended to read:
- 10. Power of withdrawal. "Power of withdrawal" means a presently exercisable general power of appointment other than a power exercisable by a trustee that is limited by an ascertainable standard, or exercisable by another person only upon consent of the trustee or a person holding an adverse interest.
- **Sec. 4. 18-B MRSA §103, sub-§12,** as enacted by PL 2003, c. 618, Pt. A, §1 and affected by §2, is amended to read: