

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION August 21, 2003 to August 22, 2003

The General Effective Date For First Special Session Non-Emergency Laws Is November 22, 2003

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 7, 2004 to January 30, 2004

The General Effective Date For Second Regular Session Non-Emergency Laws Is April 30, 2004

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION February 3, 2004 to April 30, 2004

The General Effective Date For Second Special Session Non-Emergency Laws Is July 30, 2004

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> Penmor Lithographers Lewiston, Maine 2004

CHAPTER 621

H.P. 447 - L.D. 584

An Act To Strengthen the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 2002

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §330, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, §2, is amended to read:

7. Critical access hospitals. Conversion by a critical access hospital <u>or a hospital in the process of becoming a critical access hospital</u> of <u>licensed</u> acute care beds to hospital swing beds.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 622

H.P. 1195 - L.D. 1617

An Act To Improve Subdivision Standards

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §685-B, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:

4-A. Subdivision of land subject to liquidation harvesting. The commission may not approve an application for a subdivision if the commission determines that timber on the parcel proposed for subdivision has been harvested in violation of rules adopted pursuant to section 8869, subsection 14. If a violation of rules adopted by the Maine Forest Service to substantially eliminate liquidation harvesting has occurred, the commission must determine prior to granting approval for the subdivision that 5 years have elapsed from the date the landowner under whose ownership the harvest occurred acquired the parcel. The commission may request technical assistance from the Maine Forest Service to determine if a rule violation has occurred.

For the purposes of this subsection, "liquidation harvesting" has the same meaning as in section 8868, subsection 6 and "parcel" means a contiguous area within one municipality, township or plantation owned by one person or a group of persons in common or joint ownership. This subsection takes effect on the effective date of rules adopted pursuant to section 8869, subsection 14. **Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §4404, sub-§18,** as amended by PL 1997, c. 226, §3, is further amended to read:

18. Lake phosphorus concentration. The long-term cumulative effects of the proposed subdivision will not unreasonably increase a great pond's phosphorus concentration during the construction phase and life of the proposed subdivision; and

Sec. 3. 30-A MRSA §4404, sub-§19, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 226, §4, is amended to read:

19. Impact on adjoining municipality. For any proposed subdivision that crosses municipal boundaries, the proposed subdivision will not cause unreasonable traffic congestion or unsafe conditions with respect to the use of existing public ways in an adjoining municipality in which part of the subdivision is located-; and

Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §4404, sub-§20 is enacted to read:

20. Lands subject to liquidation harvesting. Timber on the parcel being subdivided has not been harvested in violation of rules adopted pursuant to Title 12, section 8869, subsection 14. If a violation of rules adopted by the Maine Forest Service to substantially eliminate liquidation harvesting has occurred, the municipal reviewing authority must determine prior to granting approval for the subdivision that 5 years have elapsed from the date the landowner under whose ownership the harvest occurred acquired the parcel. A municipal reviewing authority may request technical assistance from the Department of Conservation, Bureau of Forestry to determine whether a rule violation has occurred, or the municipal reviewing authority may accept a determination certified by a forester licensed pursuant to Title 32, chapter 76. If a municipal reviewing authority requests technical assistance from the bureau, the bureau shall respond within 5 working days regarding its ability to provide assistance. If the bureau agrees to provide assistance, it shall make a finding and determination as to whether a rule violation has occurred. The bureau shall provide a written copy of its finding and determination to the municipal reviewing authority within 30 days of receipt of the municipal reviewing authority's request. If the bureau notifies a municipal reviewing authority that the bureau will not provide assistance, the municipal reviewing authority may require a subdivision applicant to provide a determination certified by a licensed forester.

For the purposes of this subsection, "liquidation harvesting" has the same meaning as in Title 12, section 8868, subsection 6 and "parcel" means a contiguous area within one municipality, township or plantation owned by one person or a group of persons in common or joint ownership. This subsection takes effect on the effective date of rules adopted pursuant to Title 12, section 8869, subsection 14.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 623

S.P. 587 - L.D. 1631

An Act To Prohibit the Sale of Water Containing Nicotine

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA c. 262-A, sub-c. 4 is enacted to read:

SUBCHAPTER 4

NICOTINE WATER

§1560. Nicotine water

1. Definitions. As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

A. "Nicotine water" means water that is sold in the State, that is intended for human consumption and that contains as an added ingredient nicotine or an alkaloid having similar physiological activity.

2. Prohibition. A person may not sell, furnish, give away or offer to sell, furnish or give away nicotine water in this State.

3. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which fines may be imposed under subsection 4.

4. Fines. The following fines apply to violations of this section.

A. A person who violates subsection 2 commits a civil violation for which a fine of \$500 may be adjudged.

B. A person who violates subsection 2 after having previously violated subsection 2 commits a civil violation for which a fine of \$1,000 may be adjudged.

C. A person who violates subsection 2 after having previously violated subsection 2 more than once commits a civil violation for which a fine of \$5,000 may be adjudged.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 624

H.P. 1255 - L.D. 1733

An Act To Clarify the Severance Pay Law

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §625-B, sub-§3, ¶B, as amended by PL 1999, c. 55, §1, is further amended to read:

B. The employee is covered by, and has been paid under the terms of, an express contract providing for severance pay that is equal to or greater than the severance pay required by this section;

Sec. 2. Application. This Act applies to all claims for severance pay that have not been paid, adjudicated or finally resolved and those pending on the date of enactment.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 625

H.P. 1326 - L.D. 1804

An Act To Clarify Property Eligible for Reimbursement of Property Taxes under the Business Equipment Tax Reimbursement Program

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §6652, sub-§1-B, ¶¶A and B, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 24, Pt. C, §14, are amended to read:

A. Office furniture, including, without limitation, tables, chairs, desks, bookcases, filing cabinets and modular office partitions; and

B. Lamps and lighting fixtures -; and

Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §6652, sub-§1-B, ¶C is enacted to read:

C. All gambling machines or devices, including, but not limited to, electronic video machines, specifically designed or manufactured for use in the operation of any gambling or wagering activity. As used in this paragraph, "gambling machine or device" means any device, machine, paraphernalia or equipment that is used or usable in the playing phases of any gambling activity, whether that activity consists of gambling be-