# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# **LAWS**

## **OF THE**

# **STATE OF MAINE**

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTIETH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 2, 2002 to April 25, 2002

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR SECOND REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JULY 25, 2002

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 2002

# §5219-R. Credit for rehabilitation of historic properties

A taxpayer is allowed a credit against the tax imposed under this Part equal to the amount of credit claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 47 of the Code with respect to expenditures incurred after December 31, 1999 for a certified historic structure located in the State. The credit is nonrefundable and is limited to \$100,000 annually per taxpayer. A credit received under this section is subject to the same recapture provisions as apply to a credit received under Section 47 of the Code and to any available federal carry-back or carry-forward provisions.

**Sec. 6. Application.** That section of this Act that amends the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 141, subsection 2, paragraph A applies to assessments made on or after the effective date of this Act. That section of this Act that amends Title 36, section 5219-R applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001.

See title page for effective date.

## **CHAPTER 527**

S.P. 678 - L.D. 1880

An Act to Reduce Identity Theft by Regulating Electronically Printed Credit Card and Debit Card Receipts

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 10 MRSA c. 202-D is enacted to read:

## **CHAPTER 202-D**

## **CREDIT CARD AND DEBIT CARD RECEIPTS**

# §1149. Electronically printed credit card and debit card receipts

- 1. Electronically printed receipts. Except as provided in this section, a person, firm, partnership, association, corporation or limited liability company that accepts credit cards or debit cards for the transaction of business may not print more than the last 5 digits of the credit card or debit card account number or may not print the expiration date of the credit card or debit card or debit card or a receipt provided to a cardholder.
- 2. Exception. This section applies only to receipts that are electronically printed and does not apply to transactions in which the sole means of recording the cardholder's credit card or debit card

account number is by handwriting or by an imprint or copy of the credit card or debit card.

- 3. Forfeiture; civil penalty. A person, firm, partnership, association, corporation or limited liability company that violates this section is subject to a forfeiture not to exceed \$250 for the first violation and a civil penalty of \$1,000 for each subsequent violation. A forfeiture or civil penalty may not be assessed for a violation of this section if the person, firm, partnership, association, corporation or limited liability company demonstrates by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant has adopted procedures reasonably designed to avoid errors and that the violation was unintentional and resulted from a bona fide error.
- 4. Effective date. This section takes effect January 1, 2004.

See title page for effective date.

#### **CHAPTER 528**

H.P. 1500 - L.D. 2003

An Act to Prepare Residential Electricity Customers for Competitive Electricity Markets in Maine

**Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, this legislation must take effect before the expiration of the 90-day period in order to allow adequate time to prepare for the possible end of standard-offer electricity services; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §3212, sub-§4,** as enacted by PL 1997, c. 316, §3, is amended to read:
- **4.** Implementation period and investigation. Standard-offer service must be available until March 1, 2005. By January 1, 2004 August 1, 2002, the commission shall begin an investigation to determine whether the continued availability of standard-offer service is necessary and in the public interest and, if so, how best to make such service available after

March 1, 2005. The commission shall conclude the investigation by June 30, 2004 December 1, 2002 and report its results and recommendations to the Legislature pursuant to section 3217. In its investigation, the commission shall solicit the input of all interested parties and consider the questions in paragraphs A to D in addition to other issues the commission determines appropriate.

- A. Are the goals of this chapter best fulfilled if standard-offer service ceases altogether on March 1, 2005 or at a date certain after March 1, 2005?
- B. Should opportunities for retail aggregators be changed to ensure greater participation in competitive markets by residential and small commercial customers, beginning March 1, 2005?
- C. Beginning March 1, 2005, should any standard-offer provider selected by the commission pursuant to subsection 2 be required to offer at least one standard-offer service that is composed entirely of renewable resources as defined in section 3210?
- D. Should this chapter be amended to enable aggregators, beginning March 1, 2005, automatically to receive by contract, for a term designated in that contract, the designation as competitive electricity provider for all the electric accounts in a given municipality if:
  - (1) That municipality adopts a "negativeoption" form of municipal aggregation, following notice and opportunity for hearing, by means of a recorded vote of the municipal officers or the appropriate governing body; and
  - (2) All customers in that municipality reserve the right to leave the municipal aggregation and designate a different provider, in writing, within a time period established by legislative enactment?
- **Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA §3217, sub-§1,** as enacted by PL 1997, c. 316, §3, is amended to read:
- 1. Annual restructuring report. On December 31st of each calendar year, the commission shall submit to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utility matters a report describing the commission's activities in carrying out the requirements of this chapter and the activities relating to changes in the regulation of electric utilities in other states.

In its report the commission shall provide an accounting of the commission's actual and estimated future costs of enforcing and implementing the provisions of this chapter governing the relationship between a transmission and distribution utility and an affiliated competitive electricity provider and the costs incurred by transmission and distribution utilities in complying with those provisions. The commission shall also provide an assessment of the effects of imposing these costs on ratepayers and the potential effects of assessing transmission and distribution utilities for these costs and prohibiting the costs from being passed through to ratepayers.

No later than December 1, 2002, the commission shall submit to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utility matters the report required under section 3212, subsection 4, with recommendations for action by the Legislature.

**Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

Effective March 12, 2002.

#### **CHAPTER 529**

S.P. 776 - L.D. 2112

### An Act to Aid Fire Departments in Meeting Mandatory Reporting Requirements

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

**Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §1813, sub-§6,** as amended by PL 1991, c. 418, §1, is further amended to read:

6. Surplus property. Providing for transfer of supplies, materials and equipment that are surplus from one state department or agency to another that may need them, and for the disposal by private and public sale of supplies, materials and equipment that are obsolete and unusable. Political subdivisions, educational institutions, fire departments or qualifying nonprofit organizations, as defined in section 1813-A, must be given an opportunity to purchase the surplus items through private sale. If 2 or more political subdivisions, educational institutions, fire departments or qualifying nonprofit organizations are interested in any item, the sale must be the result of competitive bid. Any equipment so purchased must be retained for a period of at least one year in a current ongoing program. Any item purchased by a political subdivision, educational institution, fire department or qualifying nonprofit organization under this section may not be sold or transferred by that political subdivision, educational institution, fire department or qualifying nonprofit organization for a period of 6 months from the date of the private sale and the State reserves the right to refuse to sell additional equipment