

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the  
**LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY**  
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library  
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from electronic originals  
(may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

**LAWS**  
**OF THE**  
**STATE OF MAINE**

**AS PASSED BY THE**

**ONE HUNDRED AND NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE**

**FIRST REGULAR SESSION**  
**December 2, 1998 to June 19, 1999**

**THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR**  
**FIRST REGULAR SESSION**  
**NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS**  
**SEPTEMBER 18, 1999**

**PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES**  
**IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,**  
**TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.**

---

---

**J.S. McCarthy Company**  
**Augusta, Maine**  
**1999**

B. In lieu of any escrow required by this section, the escrow agent may accept a surety bond issued by a company authorized and licensed to do business in this State in an amount equal to or in excess of the funds that would otherwise be placed in the escrow account pursuant to this section.

C. As used in this subsection, "independent escrow agent" means a financial institution whose accounts are insured by a governmental agency or instrumentality; an attorney; or a licensed title insurance company, in which:

(1) The escrow agent is not a relative or an employee of the developer or managing entity or of any officer, director, affiliate or subsidiary of the developer or managing entity;

(2) There is no financial relationship, other than the payment of fiduciary fees or as otherwise provided in this section, between the escrow agent and the developer or managing entity or any officer, director, affiliate or subsidiary of the developer or managing entity; and

(3) Compensation paid by the developer to the escrow agent for services rendered is not paid from funds in the escrow account.

D. For purposes of paragraph C, an independent escrow agent may not be disqualified to serve as escrow agent solely because:

(1) The escrow agent provides the developer or managing entity with routine banking services that do not include construction or receivables financing or any other lending activities;

(2) A nonemployee, attorney-client relationship exists between the developer or managing entity and the escrow agent; or

(3) The escrow agent performs closings for the developer or issues owner's or lender's title insurance commitments or policies in connection with such closings.

**Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §701-A, first ¶,** as amended by PL 1985, c. 764, §13, is further amended to read:

In the assessment of property, assessors in determining just value are to define this term in a manner ~~which~~ that recognizes only that value arising from presently possible land use alternatives to which the particular parcel of land being valued may be put. In determining just value, assessors must consider all

relevant factors, including without limitation, the effect upon value of any enforceable restrictions to which the use of the land may be subjected, current use, physical depreciation, sales in the secondary market, functional obsolescence, and economic obsolescence. Restrictions ~~shall~~ include but are not limited to zoning restrictions limiting the use of land, subdivision restrictions and any recorded contractual provisions limiting the use of lands. The just value of land is ~~deemed~~ determined to arise from and is attributable to legally permissible use or uses only.

**Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §4641, sub-§3,** as amended by PL 1993, c. 398, §1, is further amended to read:

**3. Value.** "Value" means the amount of the actual consideration therefor, except that in the case of a gift, or a contract or deed with nominal consideration or without stated consideration, "value" is to be based on the estimated price a property will bring in the open market and under prevailing market conditions in a sale between a willing seller and a willing buyer, both conversant with the property and with prevailing general price levels.

"Value" does not include the amount of consideration attributable to vacation exchange rights, vacation services or club memberships or the costs associated with those rights, services or memberships. Upon request of a municipal assessor or the State Tax Assessor, a developer of a time-share estate, as defined in Title 33, section 591, subsection 7, or an association of time-share estate owners shall provide an itemized schedule of fees included in the sales price of a time-share estate.

See title page for effective date.

---



---

## CHAPTER 479

S.P. 834 - L.D. 2234

### An Act to Designate December 3rd as Organ Donor Awareness Day

**Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:**

**Sec. 1. 1 MRSA §137** is enacted to read:

**§137. Organ Donor Awareness Day**

December 3rd is designated as Organ Donor Awareness Day, and the Governor shall annually issue a proclamation inviting and urging the people of the State of Maine to observe the day with appropriate activity. The first annual Organ Donor Awareness Day will commemorate the life of Kate James, who was born December 3, 1980 and who passed away

March 6, 1999 at 18 years of age while awaiting a double lung transplant. The observance is created to make Maine citizens aware of the importance of donating organs. In each subsequent year, the Governor, in consultation with Maine organ donation agencies and organizations, shall designate an organ donor, recipient or listed individual to be recognized on that year's Organ Donation Awareness Day.

See title page for effective date.

---



---

**CHAPTER 480**

**H.P. 171 - L.D. 249**

**An Act to Give Citizens 70 Years of Age and Older Free Bear and Duck Hunters Stamps**

**Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:**

**Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §7076, sub-§1**, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 462, Pt. A, §33, is amended to read:

**1. Residents over 70 years of age.** A complimentary license to hunt, trap or fish, including an archery license under section 7102-A, a pheasant hunting permit under section 7106-B ~~and~~, a muzzle-loading hunting license under section 7107-A, a migratory waterfowl permit under section 7109 and a bear hunting permit under section 7110 must be issued to any resident of Maine who is 70 years of age or older upon application to the commissioner. These complimentary licenses, upon issuance, remain valid for the remainder of the life of the license holder, provided the license holder continues to satisfy the residency requirements set out in section 7001, subsection 32 and provided the license is not revoked or suspended. Residents who apply for these complimentary licenses at any time during the calendar year of their 70th birthday must be issued a license upon application, regardless of the actual date during that calendar year in which they attain age 70. A guide license may be renewed without charge for any resident of Maine who is 70 years of age or older upon application to the commissioner. The application must be accompanied by a birth certificate or other certified evidence of the applicant's date of birth and residency. When the holder of a license issued under this subsection no longer satisfies the residency requirements set out in section 7001, subsection 32, the license is no longer valid and further use of the license for purposes of hunting, fishing or trapping constitutes a license violation under section 7371, subsection 3.

**Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §7109-A, sub-§4** is enacted to read:

**4. Exception.** This section does not apply to a resident of the State who is 70 years of age or older and who is issued a complimentary license pursuant to section 7076, subsection 1.

See title page for effective date.

---



---

**CHAPTER 481**

**H.P. 903 - L.D. 1281**

**An Act to Raise Penalties for Cases of Cruelty to Animals or Birds**

**Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:**

**Sec. 1. 17 MRSA §1031**, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §§69 and 70, is further amended to read:

**§1031. Cruelty to animals**

**1. Cruelty to animals.** Except as provided in subsection 1-A, a person, including an owner or the owner's agent, is guilty of cruelty to animals if that person intentionally, knowingly or recklessly:

- A. Kills or attempts to kill any animal belonging to another person without the consent of the owner or without legal privilege;
- B. Except for a licensed veterinarian or a person certified under section 1042, kills or attempts to kill an animal by a method that does not cause instantaneous death;
- C. If that person is a licensed veterinarian or a person certified under section 1042, kills or attempts to kill an animal by a method that does not conform to standards adopted by a national association of licensed veterinarians;
- D. Injures, overworks, tortures, torments, abandons or cruelly beats or intentionally mutilates an animal; gives drugs to an animal with an intent to harm the animal; gives poison or alcohol to an animal; or exposes a poison with intent that it be taken by an animal. The owner or occupant of property is privileged to use reasonable force to eject a trespassing animal;
- E. Deprives an animal that the person owns or possesses of necessary sustenance, necessary medical attention, proper shelter, protection from the weather or humanely clean conditions;
- F. Keeps or leaves a domestic animal on an uninhabited or barren island lying off the coast of