

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 2, 1998 to June 19, 1999

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS SEPTEMBER 18, 1999

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1999

tained by a political party for the general purpose of party building and provided to a candidate who is a member of that party:

(10) Compensation paid by a political party to an employee of that party for the following purposes:

(a) Providing advice to any one candidate for a period of no more than 20 hours in any election;

(b) Recruiting and overseeing volunteers for campaign activities involving 3 or more candidates; or

(c) Coordinating campaign events involving 3 or more candidates;

(11) Campaign training sessions provided to 3 or more candidates; or

(12) The use of offices, telephones, computers and similar equipment when that use does not result in additional cost to the provider.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 433

H.P. 69 - L.D. 82

An Act to Amend the Laws Prohibiting Terrorizing

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §210, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1977, c. 671, §§23 and 24, is further amended to read:

1. A person is guilty of terrorizing if he that person communicates to any person a threat to commit or to cause to be committed a crime of violence dangerous to human life, against the person to whom the communication is made or another, and the natural and probable consequence of such a threat, whether or not such consequence in fact occurs, is:

A. To place the person to whom the threat is communicated or the person threatened in reasonable fear that the crime will be committed; or

B. To cause evacuation of a building, place of assembly or facility of public transport <u>or to</u> cause the occupants of a building to be moved to

or required to remain in a designated secured area.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 434

S.P. 110 - L.D. 307

An Act to Establish the Crime of Aggravated Criminal Trespass

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §402-A is enacted to read:

§402-A. Aggravated criminal trespass

1. A person is guilty of aggravated criminal trespass if, knowing that that person is not licensed or privileged to do so, that person enters a dwelling place and:

A. While in the dwelling place violates any provision of chapter 9 or chapter 11; or

B. At the time of the offense, has 2 prior convictions for burglary in a dwelling place or criminal trespass in a dwelling place. For purposes of this paragraph, the dates of the prior convictions must precede the commission of the offense by no more than 10 years. The date of a conviction is deemed to be the date that sentence is imposed, even though an appeal was taken. The date of a commission of a prior offense is presumed to be that stated in the complaint, information, indictment or other formal charging instrument, notwithstanding the use of the words "on or about" or the equivalent.

2. Aggravated criminal trespass is a Class C crime.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 435

H.P. 688 - L.D. 944

An Act to Protect Victims of Crimes in the Workplace

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §850 is enacted to read: