MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 2, 1998 to June 19, 1999

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS SEPTEMBER 18, 1999

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> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1999

mentally ill, reformatory, opera house, hall for public assemblies, hotel, boardinghouse or lodginghouse accommodating more than 6 persons, or tenement house occupied by more than 2 families, or store in which more than 10 persons are employed above the first story, shall must be provided with more than one way of egress, by stairways on the inside or fire escapes on the outside of such building. Such stairways and fire escapes shall must be so constructed, in such a number, or such size and in such location as to give reasonably safe, adequate and convenient means of exit, in view of the number of persons who may need to use such stairway or fire escape, shall must at all times be kept free from obstruction and shall must be accessible from each room in each story above the first story.

Any apartment building of 3 stories or less in its entirety is permitted to have a single exit under the condition that the building is protected throughout by an approved automatic sprinkler system, meets the requirements of the applicable chapter of the National Fire Protection Association Life Safety Code 101 and every sleeping room has a 2nd means of escape.

No An individual, partnership or corporation shall may not offer for sale in this State, any type of fire escape device or fire alarm systems unless first securing approval of the Commissioner of Public Safety.

Any person or corporation aggrieved by any order of the commissioner issued under this section may appeal to the Superior Court by filing within 30 days from the effective date of such order a complaint therefor and the court shall fix a time and place of hearing and cause notice thereof of the time and place to be given to the commissioner and, after the hearing, the court may affirm or reverse in full or in part any such order of the commissioner and the decision of the court shall be is final. If the commissioner in the interest of public safety, because he deems the commissioner determines there is immediate danger, forbids the use of such buildings for any public purpose until satisfactory compliance with his the commissioner's order, such order shall become immediately becomes effective immediately and the filing of the complaint shall may not operate as a stay thereof.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 385

H.P. 1204 - L.D. 1714

An Act to Clarify and Improve the State's Solid Waste Management Laws Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §352, sub-§5-A, in that part designated "TABLE I" in that part relating to "TITLE 38, SECTION 1304" is amended to read:

1304 Waste management

4, Waste management					
 A. Septage disposal 					
 Site designation 	50	25			
B. Land application of					
sludges and residuals					
program approval					
Industrial sludge	400	400			
2. Municipal sludge	300	275			
3. Bioash	300	275			
4. Wood ash	300	75			
5. Food waste	300	75			
6. Other residuals	300	175			
C. Landfill	300	173			
	1.500	1.500			
1. Closing plans for	1,500	1,500			
nonmunicipal secure					
landfills	500	500			
2. Closing plans for	500	500			
municipal attenuation					
landfills					
Variance requests	175	175			
for attenuation land-					
fills Post-closure					
<u>report</u>					
4. Preliminary	175	175			
information reports					
License transfers	500	175			
Special waste					
disposal					
a. One-time	50	50			
disposal of					
quantities of					
6 cubic yards or					
less					
b. One-time	100	100			
disposal of					
quantities greater					
than 6 cubic yards					
c. Program					
approval	300	300			
for routine	200	200			
disposal					
of a special waste					
7. Minor revision for	600	100			
secure land fills	000	100			
	100	100			
8. Minor revision for	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>			
attenuation landfills	175	175			
9. Public benefit	<u>175</u>	<u>175</u>			
determination					
D. Incineration facility					
1. Fuel substitution	1,575	1,500			
activities					
2. License transfer	175	175			

b. Municipal sludge

1. New or expanded for

c. Bioash

f. Other

1310-N, Solid waste facility

A. Landfill

siting

d. Wood ash

e. Food waste

150

150

75

75

75

3,500

PUBLIC LAW, c. 385			FIRST RI	EGULAR SES	SION - 1999
 E. License transfer other 	100	100	the acceptance of		
than for landfills and			municipal Existing,		
incinerators			nonsecure municipal solid		
F. Minor revision for septage	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	waste landfills accepting		
facilities and solid			waste from		
waste facilities other than			fewer than 15,000		
<u>landfills</u>			people		
G. Permit by rule for	100	<u>100</u>	New or expanded for	3,500	3,500
one-time activities			the acceptance of		
G 2 20 MDGA 82)	• 41 4	municipal Existing,		
Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §3	352, sub-95-A	in that	nonsecure municipal solid		
part designated "TABLE	11" is amende	d to read:	waste landfills accepting		
TABLE	п		waste from		
TABLE	, 11		more than 15,000		
WASTE MANAGEMENT FEI	ES - ANNUAL LIC	ENSE	people		
MAXIMUM FEES	IN DOLLARS		New or expanded for	5,000	8,500
			the acceptance of		
		ANNUAL	special waste secure landfil	 '	
TITLE 38	PROCESSING	LICENSE	4. Wood waste or	1,000	1,700
SECTION	FEE	FEE	demolition debris		
			landfills, or both, if		
1304, Waste management			greater than 6 acres		
A. Septage disposal			5. Wood Nonsecure wood	175 <u>700</u>	750
 Landspreading 	\$150 <u>\$550</u>	\$250	waste or demolition debris		
2. Storage	50	75	landfills, or both,		
B. Sludge <u>Residuals</u> compost			if less than or equal to		
facility			6 acres		
1. Type I	150	150	B. Incineration facilities		
2. Type IA	150	150	1. New or expanded for the		
3. Type II and Type III	175 <u>700</u>	500	acceptance of municipal or		
<u>less than 3,500</u>			special wastes, or both	3,500	5,000
cubic yards	155	==0	2. Municipally owned and		
4. Type III	175	750	operated solid waste		
5. Municipal solid	175 <u>1,400</u>	850	incinerators with licensed		
waste Type II and			capacity of 10 tons per day or less		1 000
Type III 3,500 cubic			Or less C. Transfer station	3,500	1,000
yards or greater				750	175
C. Land application of			and storage facility D. Tire disposal or	400	450
sludges and residuals			storage facility , or both	400	430
1. Sites with program			E. Recycling facility	350	200
approval	150	250		700	700
a. Industrial sludge b. Municipal sludg		250 200	F. Processing facility other than municipal solid	700	700
c. Bioash	75 75	200	waste composting		
d. Wood ash	50	125	G. Other utilization Beneficial us	e	
e. Food waste	50	125	activities other than agronomic	<u>≃</u>	
f. Other residuals	50	125	utilization		
2. Sites without progra		143	1. Special waste	175	350
approval	111		2. Other	75	350
a. Industrial sludge	300	550	3. Fuel substitution	700	500
a. muusirai siuuge	300	250	J. Fuel substitution	700	200

Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §1304, sub-§1-A, $\P\P$ A and C, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 517, §9, are amended to read:

<u>200</u>

500

100

<u>700</u>

1,400

100

4. Beneficial use without

5. Beneficial use with

risk assessment

risk assessment

H. Permit by rule for ongoing

250

250

200

200

200

1,000

- A. Licensing categories of transporters of solid waste septage, used motor vehicle tires and construction or demolition debris, conveyances used for the transportation of solid waste septage, used motor vehicle tires and construction or demolition debris and the operators of these conveyances as the board finds necessary to effect sound waste management;
- C. A manifest system for categories of solid waste which shall that must provide a means to account for solid waste septage, used motor vehicle tires and construction or demolition debris handled, transported and disposed of in the State; and
- **Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §2133, sub-§2-A,** as amended by PL 1997, c. 672, §4, is further amended to read:
- 2-A. Technical and financial assistance program. A program of technical and financial assistance for waste reduction and recycling is established in the office to assist municipalities with managing solid waste. The office may also provide planning assistance to municipalities and regional organizations for managing municipal solid waste. Planning assistance may include cost and capacity analysis and education and outreach activities. The director shall administer the program in accordance with the waste management hierarchy in section 2101. Preference in allocating resources under this section must be given to municipalities that take advantage of regional economies of scale. Preference may also be given to municipalities that provide a municipal trash collection service as defined in Title 12, section 9324, subsection 7 or that prohibit residential out-of-door burning of highly combustible trash.
- Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §2133, sub-§2-C is enacted to read:
- 2-C. Business technical assistance program. The office may, as resources allow, assist the business community to develop state programs and services that are designed to promote the solid waste hierarchy and that are desired by and financially supported by the business community. The office shall coordinate these efforts in conjunction with the department.
- **Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §2203,** as amended by PL 1995, c. 465, Pt. A, §74 and affected by Pt. C, §2, is repealed.
 - Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §2203-A is enacted to read:

§2203-A. Waste handling fees

1. Fees. Fees are imposed in the following amounts to be levied for solid waste that is disposed of

at commercial, municipal and regional association landfills.

Asbestos	\$5 per cubic yard
Oil-contaminated soil, gravel, brick, concrete and other aggregate	\$25 per ton
Waste water facility sludge	\$5 per ton
Ash, coal and oil	\$5 per ton
Paper mill sludge	\$5 per ton
<u>Industrial waste</u>	\$5 per ton
Sandblast grit	\$5 per ton
All other special waste	\$5 per ton
Municipal solid waste ash	\$1 per ton
Front end process residue (FE	PR) \$1 per ton

2. Exceptions. Notwithstanding subsection 1:

- A. A municipal or regional association landfill that has accepted 12,000 tons or more of special waste, other than municipal solid waste ash, asbestos and oil-contaminated soil, gravel, brick, concrete and other aggregate, in calendar year 1998 shall continue to pay \$2 per ton to the department for those categories of waste accepted in that calendar year;
- B. A municipal or regional association landfill shall continue to pay \$2 per ton to the department on all categories of special waste other than municipal solid waste ash, asbestos and oil-contaminated soil, gravel, brick, concrete and other aggregate that was generated by the municipality or regional association and accepted for disposal in its landfill in calendar year 1998; and
- C. A municipal or regional association landfill that has accepted 4,000 tons or more of oil-contaminated soil, gravel, brick, concrete and other aggregate in calendar year 1998 shall pay \$5 per ton for that category of waste.
- **Sec. 8. 38 MRSA §2204,** as amended by PL 1995, c. 656, Pt. A, §64, is further amended to read:

§2204. Municipal solid waste disposal surcharge

The department shall impose the following fees a fee of \$2 per ton on any municipal solid waste disposed of at a commercial, municipal or regional association landfill, except that there is no fee on municipal solid waste generated by a municipality that owns the landfill accepting it or that has entered into a

contract with a term longer than 9 months for disposal of municipal solid waste in that landfill facility.

- 1. Landfill surcharge. A disposal surcharge of \$4 per ton is assessed on any municipal solid waste disposed of by landfilling at a commercial landfill facility.
- 3. Imported municipal solid waste. To support those regulatory and administrative costs associated with imported municipal solid wastes, an administrative fee of \$4 per ton, or the maximum fee on out of state waste authorized by federal law, whichever is greater, is assessed on any municipal solid waste originating outside the State and delivered to a commercial solid waste disposal facility owned by the office or a regional association for disposal.
- Sec. 9. 38 MRSA §2205, sub-§2, ¶C, as amended by PL 1995, c. 465, Pt. A, §77 and affected by Pt. C, §2, is further amended to read:
 - C. The letter transmitting the payment that is received by the department is postmarked by the United States Postal Service on or prior to the final day on which the payment is to be received, unless an alternative date is agreed upon in writing by the operator and the department.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 386

S.P. 720 - L.D. 2042

An Act to Update, Clarify and Amend Licensure Requirements for Occupations and Professions and Registrations

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

PART A

Sec. A-1. 9 MRSA §5002, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 488, §1, is amended to read:

§5002. Intent

It is the intent of the Legislature to require the registration and financial reporting of charitable organizations, the registration and bonding of professional fund-raising counsels counsel and commercial co-venturers and the registration of professional solicitors.

- **Sec. A-2. 9 MRSA §5003, sub-§1,** as amended by PL 1983, c. 277, §1, is further amended to read:
- 1. Charitable organization. "Charitable organization" means any person or entity, including any person or entity organized in a foreign state, which that is or holds itself out to be organized or operated for any charitable purpose and which or that solicits, accepts or obtains contributions from the public for any charitable purpose. A chapter, branch, area office or similar affiliate or any person soliciting contributions for any charitable purpose within the State for a charitable organization which that has its principal place of business outside the State shall be is considered a charitable organization for the purposes of this Act. For purposes of this chapter, an organization established for and serving bona fide religious purposes is not a charitable organization.
- **Sec. A-3. 9 MRSA §5003, sub-§3-A,** as enacted by PL 1981, c. 456, Pt. A, §23, is amended to read:
- **3-A.** Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Business Professional and Financial Regulation.
- Sec. A-4. 9 MRSA §5003, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:
- **4-A. Entity.** "Entity" means any natural person, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association or any other organization.
- **Sec. A-5. 9 MRSA §5003, sub-§5-C,** as enacted by PL 1979, c. 678, §1, is amended to read:
- **5-C.** Hospital. "Hospital" means an institution which that is engaged primarily in providing inpatient, outpatient or both inpatient and outpatient medical and psychiatric diagnostic and therapeutic services in the care and treatment of injured, disabled, sick or mentally ill persons who are under the supervision of a physician.
- Sec. A-6. 9 MRSA §5003, sub-§§5-E and 5-F are enacted to read:
- **5-E. Membership.** "Membership" means the relationship of a person to an organization that entitles that person to the privileges, professional standing, honors or other direct benefits of the organization in addition to the right to vote, elect officers and hold office in the organization.
- **5-F. Office.** "Office" means the Office of Licensing and Registration within the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation.