MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 7, 1998 to March 31, 1998

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION April 1, 1998 to April 9, 1998

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR SECOND REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JUNE 30, 1998

> SECOND SPECIAL SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JULY 9, 1998

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1997

workers in the State, a description of the outreach activities to those workers that take place in the State by nonprofit and government agencies, an assessment of the number of migrant and immigrant workers reached as a result of this outreach and the effectiveness of the outreach, an assessment of the barriers that migrant and immigrant workers face in obtaining basic information about employment-related rights and responsibilities and safety net services and an assessment of the resources needed to assist in removing those barriers. The department shall seek input and comment from all interested parties in developing and reviewing its report.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 621

S.P. 281 - L.D. 889

An Act to Ensure Fair Claims Settlement Practices

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 24-A MRSA §2436-A, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 291, §2, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§2436-A. Unfair claims settlement practices

- 1. Civil actions. A person injured by any of the following actions taken by that person's own insurer may bring a civil action and recover damages, together with costs and disbursements, reasonable attorney's fees and interest on damages at the rate of 1 1/2% per month:
 - A. Knowingly misrepresenting to an insured pertinent facts or policy provisions relating to coverage at issue;
 - B. Failing to acknowledge and review claims, which may include payment or denial of a claim, within a reasonable time following receipt of written notice by the insurer of a claim by an insured arising under a policy;
 - C. Threatening to appeal from an arbitration award in favor of an insured for the sole purpose of compelling the insured to accept a settlement less than the arbitration award;
 - D. Failing to affirm or deny coverage, reserving any appropriate defenses, within a reasonable time after having completed its investigation related to a claim; or

- E. Without just cause, failing to effectuate prompt, fair and equitable settlement of claims submitted in which liability has become reasonably clear.
- 2. Without just cause. For the purposes of this section, an insurer acts without just cause if it refuses to settle claims without a reasonable basis to contest liability, the amount of any damages or the extent of any injuries claimed.
- 3. No limitation on other cause of action. Nothing in this section prohibits any other claim or cause of action a person has against an insurer.
- **4. Application.** This section does not apply to workers' compensation claims.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 622

S.P. 701 - L.D. 1946

An Act to Simplify the Process of Transferring Ownership of a Business Licensed by the Board of Barbering and Cosmetology in Cases of Death or Divorce

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, changes to the law regarding the relicensure of barber and cosmetology shops is immediately needed to ensure the prompt and financially equitable change of ownership of such shops in the event of death or divorce of one of the owners; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- **Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §14224, sub-§2,** as enacted by PL 1991, c. 397, §6, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 2. Operation of shop; license required. A person, firm or corporation may not provide services in operate or cause to be operated a shop where cosmetology, barbering, manicuring or aesthetics is practiced unless that shop has been duly licensed by the board. A license issued pursuant to this subsection

authorizes the operation of the establishment only at the location for which the license is issued. Operation of the establishment at any other location is unlawful unless a license for the new location has been obtained in compliance with this chapter and applicable board rules.

Booths attached to or within a licensed shop that are operated independently are subject to licensure, fees and applicable rules in the same manner as independent shops. The board may establish rules for the operation of booths.

Shop licenses are issued on July 1st and must be renewed biennially unless otherwise provided by the commissioner. The fee is payable to the board.

Sec. 2. 32 MRSA §14224, sub-§§2-B to 2-D are enacted to read:

- 2-B. Change of ownership; change of location. The owner of a new shop is required to apply to the board for licensure of that shop. The owner of a licensed shop that undergoes a change in location is required to reapply to the board for licensure. The owner or owners of a licensed shop that undergoes a change in ownership shall notify the board within 7 days of the change. If a shop has more than one owner and the change in ownership results from the death or divorce of one of the owners, the notice must be provided to the board as set forth in subsection 2-C. Whenever there is a change of ownership, the shop license is valid for 30 days from the transaction date to allow the new owner to comply with this section.
- 2-C. Ownership changes resulting from death or divorce of an owner. If a licensed shop has more than one owner and ownership changes as a result of the death or divorce of one of the owners, the board shall reissue the license for the remaining license period as long as a remaining owner is named on the existing license and the board is notified within 30 days of the divorce decree or the date of death. A shop license is valid for 60 days following the death of the person in whose name the shop is licensed.
- **2-D. Special inspections.** A shop that requires a special inspection, such as a new shop or a shop that changes location or ownership, may be assessed a separate inspection fee.
- **Sec. 3. 32 MRSA \$14238, sub-\$1, ¶¶M and N,** as enacted by PL 1991, c. 397, \$6, are amended to read:
 - M. For a late fee, \$30; and

N. For a late filing penalty fee for repeat offenders, \$100-; and

Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §14238, sub-§1, ¶O is enacted to read:

O. For reissuance of a shop license after an ownership change when at least one owner retains ownership, \$10.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

Effective March 25, 1998.

CHAPTER 623

H.P. 1468 - L.D. 2059

An Act to Repeal Certain Archaic and Unenforced Laws

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §3604 is repealed.
- Sec. 2. 17 MRSA c. 49 is repealed.
- **Sec. 3. 17 MRSA §2792** is repealed.
- **Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §1508,** as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is repealed.
- **Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §1564,** as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is repealed.
- **Sec. 6. 30-A MRSA §1652,** as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

§1652. Jails to be clean and healthful

The sheriff shall see that the county jail is kept clean and healthful, have the walls whitewashed in April or May annually and as often as the county commissioners order, at the county's expense, and pay strict attention to the personal cleanliness of the prisoners.

Sec. 7. 32 MRSA c. 122, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 878, Pt. A, §102, is repealed.

See title page for effective date.