

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 7, 1998 to March 31, 1998

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION April 1, 1998 to April 9, 1998

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR SECOND REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JUNE 30, 1998

> SECOND SPECIAL SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JULY 9, 1998

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1997

B. The commissioner shall appoint 2 members who are employees of the department to represent the State's interest in maintaining health data and to ensure that information collected is available for determining public health policy.

C. All appointments must be completed by May 1, 1996.

Sec. 2. Appointment deadline. The appointment of the additional provider member pursuant to section 1 of this Act must be no later than October 15, 1998.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 569

S.P. 691 - L.D. 1926

An Act to Provide Additional Time for the Public Utilities Commission to Adopt Certain Rules

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, current law requires the Public Utilities Commission to submit certain major substantive rules for legislative review by January 1, 1998; and

Whereas, additional time is needed to prepare those rules; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §2102, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 118, §1, is amended to read:

3. Exemption for certain telephone utilities. The commission by rule may exempt a specified telephone utility or group of telephone utilities from obtaining the approval required by subsection 1 if the commission finds that the exemption will not result in unjust or unreasonable rates or inadequate service for any telephone utility customers. The commission may limit the exemption to specified geographic areas. For good cause, as provided in the rule establishing the exemption, the commission may revoke an exemption in whole or in part, including an exemption granted to a single telephone utility. A telephone utility that is

exempt from the approval requirement of subsection 1:

A. Before commencing service, shall notify the commission of its intent to commence the exempted service and provide any other information the commission may require;

B. Shall obtain the approval of the commission under subsection 1 to provide any service other than the services specified in the exemption granted by the commission under this subsection; and

C. Remains subject to any other applicable provisions of this Title and commission rules.

Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A and must be submitted to the Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and Energy by January 1, 1998 1999.

Sec. 2. Retroactivity. This Act applies retroactively to January 1, 1998.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

Effective February 25, 1998.

CHAPTER 570

H.P. 1391 - L.D. 1944

An Act to Encourage the Use of Environmental Fines for Environmental Benefits

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §349, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:

2-A. Supplemental environmental projects. In settling a civil enforcement action for any violation of any of the provisions of the laws administered by the department, including, without limitation, a violation of the terms or conditions of any order, rule, license, permit, approval or decision of the board or commissioner, the parties may agree to a supplemental environmental project that mitigates not more than 80% of the assessed penalty. "Supplemental environmental project" means an environmentally beneficial project primarily benefiting public health or the environment that a violator is not otherwise required or likely to perform.