

# LAWS

### **OF THE**

# **STATE OF MAINE**

### AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION September 5, 1996 to September 7, 1996

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE

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PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1997

**4.** Limitation; carry-over. The amount of the credit that may be used by a taxpayer for a taxable year may not exceed 50% of the amount of tax otherwise due under this Part for that year. A credit may not be used to reduce taxes in any tax year starting before January 1, 1993. Any unused credit may be carried over to the following year or years but must be used by the tax year ending not later than June 30, 1998 December 31, 2004.

Sec. 18. 36 MRSA §5219-K, sub-§§3 and 4, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 368, Pt. GGG, §7, are amended to read:

**3.** Limitation on credit allowed. The credit allowed under this section is limited to 100% of a corporation's first \$25,000 of tax due, as determined before the allowance of any credits, plus 75% of the corporation's tax due, as determined in excess of \$25,000. The State Tax Assessor shall adopt rules similar to those authorized under Section 38(c)(2) (3)(B) of the Code for purposes of apportioning the \$25,000 among members of a controlled group.

4. Corporations filing combined return. In the case of corporations filing a combined return, a credit generated by an individual member corporation under the provisions of this section must first be applied against the tax due attributable to that company under this chapter Part. A member corporation with an excess research and development credit may apply its excess credit against the tax due of another group member to the extent that that other member corporation can use additional credits under the limitations of subsection 3. Unused, unexpired credits generated by a member corporation may be carried over from year to year by the individual corporation that generated the credit, subject to the limitation in subsection 5.

**Sec. 19. 36 MRSA §5330,** as amended by PL 1989, c. 880, Pt. D, §2, is repealed.

**Sec. 20. 36 MRSA §6201, sub-§10,** as corrected by RR 1993, c. 1, §109, is amended to read:

**10. Property taxes accrued.** "Property taxes accrued" means property taxes exclusive of special assessment, delinquent interest and charges for service levied on a claimant's homestead in this State as of April 1, 1972, or any tax year thereafter. If a homestead is owned by 2 or more persons or entities as joint tenants or tenants in common, and one or more persons or entities are not members of the claimant's household, "property taxes accrued" is that part of property taxes levied on the homestead that reflects the ownership percentage of the claimant and the claimant's household. If a claimant and spouse own their homestead for part of the same tax year, "property

taxes accrued" means only taxes levied on the homestead when both owned and occupied by the elaimant on April 1st, multiplied by the percentage of 12 months that such the property was owned and occupied by the household as its homestead during the preceding tax year for which relief is requested. When a household owns and occupies 2 or more different homesteads in this State in the same tax year, property taxes accrued relate only to that property occupied by the household as a homestead on April 1st. If a homestead is an integral part of a larger unit such as a farm, or a multipurpose or multidwelling building, property taxes accrued are that percentage of the total property taxes accrued that the value of the homestead is of the total value, except that property taxes accrued do not include any portion of taxes claimed as a business expense for federal income tax purposes. For purposes of this chapter, "unit" refers to the parcel of property separately assessed of which the homestead is a part.

**Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

Effective June 12, 1997.

### CHAPTER 505

### S.P. 418 - L.D. 1339

### An Act Relating to Municipal Excise Tax Reimbursement

**Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, it is necessary for proper accounting procedures to establish the Municipal Excise Tax Reimbursement Fund immediately; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

**Sec. 1. 29-A MRSA §533,** as enacted by PL 1995, c. 440, §2 and affected by §5, is repealed.

## Sec. 2. 29-A MRSA §533-A is enacted to read:

### <u>§533-A. Municipal Excise Tax Reimbursement</u> <u>Fund</u>

**<u>1.</u>** Fund established. The Municipal Excise Tax Reimbursement Fund, referred to in this section as the "fund," is established as a dedicated, nonlapsing fund.

2. Deposits. The Secretary of State shall deposit into the fund all revenue derived pursuant to section 531, subsection 6.

3. Use of the fund. The fund must be used as follows.

A. Between July 1st and September 30th, the Secretary of State shall disburse to a participating municipality a sum equal to the difference in the amount of excise tax that would have been collected by that municipality in the prior fiscal year on each commercial motor vehicle under Title 36, section 1482, subsection 1, paragraph C, subparagraph (3) using the manufacturer's suggested retail price from the amount of that excise tax actually collected by that municipality in the prior fiscal year based on the actual purchase price. The Secretary of State shall provide supporting documentation to a municipality regarding the disbursement that municipality receives under this section.

B. By November 1st of the fiscal year in which disbursements are made under paragraph A, the Secretary of State shall transfer from the fund to the Highway Fund a sum equal to the difference in the total revenues derived pursuant to section 531, subsection 6 in the prior fiscal year from the total disbursements made under paragraph A in the current fiscal year.

**4.** Municipal participation optional. Municipal participation in the reimbursement program under this section is optional. A participating municipality must collect and provide to the Secretary of State any information the Secretary of State requires to calculate reimbursement.

**Sec. 3. Transfer of funds.** All revenues derived from the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 29-A, section 531, subsection 6 between July 1, 1996 and the effective date of this Act must be transferred by June 30, 1997 from the Highway Fund to the Municipal Excise Tax Reimbursement Fund created under Title 29-A, section 533-A.

**Sec. 4. Allocation.** The following funds are allocated from Other Special Revenue to carry out the purposes of this Act.

1997-98 1998-99

SECRETARY OF STATE, DEPARTMENT OF THE

Reimbursement Fund		
All Other	\$300,000	\$306,000
Allocates funds to reimburse municipalities for the difference between the excise tax based on the manufacturer's suggested retail price versus the actual purchase price for heavy trucks.		

**Municipal Excise Tax** 

**Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect July 1, 1997.

Effective July 1, 1997.

### **CHAPTER 506**

H.P. 999 - L.D. 1391

#### An Act to Reestablish the State Compensation Commission

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 3 MRSA §2-B is enacted to read:

#### §2-B. State Compensation Commission

**1. State Compensation Commission; membership.** The State Compensation Commission, established in Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 26-D and referred to in this section as the "commission," consists of 5 members appointed as follows:

A. Two members, not from the same political party, appointed by the President of the Senate;

B. Two members, not from the same political party, appointed by the Speaker of the House; and

C. One member appointed by a majority of the members appointed under paragraphs A and B, who serves as chair of the commission.

The 5 members must be residents of the State and appointed from the public. A person may not be appointed who is a Legislator at the time of appointment.

All members must be appointed for a term to coincide with the legislative biennium. A vacancy must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the balance of the unexpired term.