

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from electronic originals
(may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE
ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION
September 5, 1996 to September 7, 1996

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION
December 4, 1996 to March 27, 1997

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION
March 27, 1997 to June 20, 1997

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR
FIRST REGULAR SESSION
NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS
JUNE 26, 1997

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION
NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS
SEPTEMBER 19, 1997

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,
TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

J.S. McCarthy Company
Augusta, Maine
1997

CHAPTER 119**H.P. 308 - L.D. 372****An Act to Require Employees of Public Utilities to Be Licensed When Providing Services Outside the Regulated Activities of the Utility**

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §1101, sub-§7 is enacted to read:

7. Public service corporation. "Public service corporation" means a public utility, as defined in Title 35-A, section 102, or a person, firm or corporation subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Communications Commission.

Sec. 2. 32 MRSA §1102, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1973, c. 363, is repealed.

Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §1102, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:

1-A. Public service corporations. A public service corporation or an employee of a public service corporation making electrical installations in the course of the employee's employment, but only to the extent the electrical installations are made in the course of rendering a service subject to regulation by the Public Utilities Commission or the Federal Communications Commission;

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 120**S.P. 127 - L.D. 406****An Act to Amend the Election Laws Pertaining to Absentee Ballots**

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 21-A MRSA §753, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1995, c. 459, §73, is further amended to read:

3. Application or request received. On receipt of a completed application or a request for an absentee ballot signed by the applicant, the clerk may immediately send or deliver an absentee ballot and return envelope to the applicant or to a 3rd person designated in the application or request. The clerk may not deliver an absentee ballot to any 3rd person who is a candidate or a member of a candidate's immediate

family. The clerk may not deliver to a 3rd person any absentee ballot requested under subsection 2-A. If a municipal election is to be held on the same date as a statewide election, absentee ballots for the municipal and statewide election may be issued in response to the same application. The clerk shall issue to any 3rd person designated in an application or request only enough absentee ballots to ensure that that person does not have more than 2 5 absentee ballots for voters in a municipality at any time. A 3rd person must, unless good cause is shown, return an absentee ballot to the clerk's office within the time limits provided in section 755. The clerk shall include a ballot application to be completed by the person who signed only a written request, unless the written request is sufficient under subsection 2. The clerk shall type or write in ink the name and the legal address of the person for whom the absentee ballot is intended in the upper left hand section of all return envelopes.

A. If the clerk receives a duplicate application from a person from whom the clerk has received a return envelope apparently containing an absentee ballot, the clerk may not furnish another absentee ballot for that person.

B. The clerk may issue a 2nd absentee ballot to an applicant if the applicant requests one in person or in writing and:

(1) The applicant states good cause, including, but not limited to, loss of, spoiling of or damage to the first absentee ballot; or

(2) An absentee ballot for the applicant that was furnished to a designated 3rd person is not returned to the clerk's office within 2 business days of the date that ballot was sent or delivered to the 3rd person or the date that 3rd person was notified by the clerk that the ballot was available, or by 10 a.m. on the day before election day, whichever is earlier. If a ballot for an applicant is not returned to the clerk within 2 days of notification, the clerk shall mail a ballot to that applicant on the 3rd day after notification and may issue no other ballot to the applicant except for good cause as provided in this subsection. This subparagraph does not affect the time for delivery of absentee ballots under section 755.

See title page for effective date.