# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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### **LAWS**

### **OF THE**

# STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION September 5, 1996 to September 7, 1996

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 4, 1996 to March 27, 1997 FIRST SPECIAL SESSION March 27, 1997 to June 20, 1997

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS JUNE 26, 1997

> FIRST SPECIAL SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS SEPTEMBER 19, 1997

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1997

4. Payments from prisoner's facility account.

After payment of the initial partial filing fee, the person shall make monthly payments of 20% of the preceding month's deposits credited to the person's facility account. The facility having custody of the person shall forward monthly payments from the account to the clerk of the court each time the amount in the account exceeds \$10 until the filing fee is paid in full.

- 5. Restrictions on filing fee. The filing fee collected may not exceed the amount of the fee permitted by law for the commencement of a civil action or an appeal of a civil action. A person may not be prohibited from bringing a civil action or appealing a civil action if the court finds that the action or appeal is not frivolous and has been brought in good faith and that the person has no assets and no means by which to pay the initial partial filing fee.
- 6. Payment of outstanding restitution orders. Any compensatory damages awarded to a person in connection with a civil action brought with respect to a condition of the person's confinement or the effect of an action or inaction by a government official on the life of the person confined must be paid directly to satisfy any outstanding restitution orders pending against the person, whether as the result of court proceedings or facility disciplinary proceedings. The remainder of any such award, after full payment of all pending restitution orders, must be forwarded to the person.
- 7. Notification to victim. Prior to payment of any compensatory damages awarded to a person in connection with a civil action brought with respect to a condition of the person's confinement or the effect of an action or inaction by a government official on the life of the person confined, reasonable efforts must be made to notify the victims of the crime for which the person was confined concerning the pending payment of any such compensatory damages.
- 8. Civil liability. Neither the failure to perform the requirements of this section nor compliance with this section subjects the Commissioner of Corrections, the Department of Corrections, the county jail, the employees or officers of the department or jail or the attorney representing any of them to liability in a civil action.

See title page for effective date.

#### **CHAPTER 76**

S.P. 162 - L.D. 491

An Act to Amend Provisions of the Probate Code Relating to Depositing Wills in Court within the Testator's Lifetime

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

**Sec. 1. 18-A MRSA §2-901,** as enacted by PL 1979, c. 540, §1, is amended to read:

## §2-901. Disposition of will deposited with court in testator's lifetime

A will may be deposited by the testator or his agent for safekeeping, under rules of the court, with the court in the office of the register of probate in the county in which the testator is domiciled at the time of the will's deposit. Such will shall be enclosed in a sealed wrapper, endorsed with the name and residence of the testator and the date when deposited, and may have endorsed thereon the name of any person to whom it is to be delivered after the death of the testator. During the testator's lifetime a deposited will shall deposited for safekeeping with the court in the office of the register of probate must be delivered only to him the testator or to a person authorized in writing signed by him the testator to receive the will. A conservator may be allowed to examine a deposited will of a protected testator under procedures designed to maintain the confidential character of the document to the extent possible and to assure ensure that it will be resealed and left on deposit after the examination. Upon being informed of the testator's death, the court shall notify any person designated to receive the will and deliver it to him that designated person on request; or the court may deliver the will to the appropriate court.

See title page for effective date.

### **CHAPTER 77**

S.P. 178 - L.D. 561

An Act to Provide the Maine Turnpike Authority with Representation on the State Employee Health Commission

**Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and