MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION September 5, 1996 to September 7, 1996

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 4, 1996 to March 27, 1997 FIRST SPECIAL SESSION March 27, 1997 to June 20, 1997

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> FIRST SPECIAL SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS SEPTEMBER 19, 1997

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1997

- Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §1304, sub-§4 is enacted to read:
- 4. If the court sentences a person to imprisonment for nonpayment of a fine, the court may authorize, at the time of sentencing only, participation of the person in a project under Title 30-A, section 1606 with the agreement of the sheriff of the county jail where the person is committed. The person's sentence must be prorated according to the provisions of Title 30-A, section 1606, subsection 2. The sentence runs consecutively with any other sentence.
- **Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §1606, sub-§2,** as amended by PL 1989, c. 629, §2, is further amended to read:
- 2. Sentence prorated. Inmates participating in a public works-related project or an improvement of property owned by a charitable organization under this section shall must have their sentences to the jail prorated at the rate of one day removed from the sentences for every 16 hours of participation in the project, except that inmates committed to the custody of the sheriff for nonpayment of fines under Title 17-A, section 1304 must have their sentences prorated at the rate of \$5 removed from the fines for every one hour of participation in the project.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 55

H.P. 561 - L.D. 752

An Act to Include in the Legislative and Judicial Retirement Systems the Same Provisions for Post-retirement Divorce That Are in the Maine State Retirement System

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 3 MRSA §860 is enacted to read:

§860. Divorce

If a retiree who is the recipient of a reduced service retirement allowance under section 857 is granted a divorce either after retirement or before a retirement beneficiary is named, the provisions of Title 5, section 17805-A apply on the same basis as for members of the Maine State Retirement System.

Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §1361 is enacted to read:

§1361. Divorce

If a retiree who is the recipient of a reduced regular retirement allowance under section 1357,

subsection 2, paragraph B, C or D is granted a divorce either after retirement or before a retirement beneficiary is named, subsections 1 to 4 apply.

- 1. Election of benefit for difference beneficiary. The recipient may elect to have the reduced retirement benefit paid under the same option to a different beneficiary under the following conditions:
 - A. The spouse or former spouse who was originally named as retirement beneficiary must have been the sole beneficiary of the reduced retirement benefit under section 1357, subsection 2, paragraph B, C or D; and
 - B. The recipient and the spouse or former spouse who was originally named retirement beneficiary must agree to the change of beneficiary. Prior to this agreement, the executive director shall ensure that the spouse or former spouse who was originally named as retirement beneficiary has been counseled by an employee of the retirement system regarding the financial effect of giving up rights as a beneficiary and has signed a statement that the information has been received and understood.
- 2. Time and manner of election. The recipient may make the election at any time after the divorce is granted by:
 - A. Sending a written request to the executive director; and
 - B. Submitting evidence of the divorce.
- 3. Amount of benefit. The amount of the benefit payable under the option elected is the actuarial equivalent, at the date of the beginning of payment of benefits under this section, of the amount of reduced retirement benefit the recipient has been receiving, plus the amount expected to be paid to the original spouse after the recipient's death.
- 4. Effective date of coverage of new beneficiary. The effective date of the designation of the recipient's new beneficiary is the date the request is received. The recipient's retirement benefit must be adjusted on the first day of the month following the effective date of the new designation of beneficiary.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 56

S.P. 251 - L.D. 820

An Act to Repeal the Maine Surplus Energy Auction Program Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA c. 44, as amended, is repealed.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 57

H.P. 210 - L.D. 274

An Act to Allow Towns to Use the Money Held in Administrative Funds That Comes from the Use of Ministerial Trust Land

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 13 MRSA §3167, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 402, Pt. A, §100, is amended by adding at the end a new paragraph to read:

A municipality that has land that continues to generate an income may expend up to 20% of the ministerial fund every 5 years in accordance with this subchapter.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 58

H.P. 19 - L.D. 44

An Act to Raise the Fee for Congressional and Legislative Registration Plates

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 29-A MRSA §460, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 482, Pt. B, §4, is further amended to read:

1. State official registration plates authorized. The Secretary of State, on payment of taxes required in section 409 and, fees required in section 501, subsections 1 and 2 and an additional fee equal to the cost of producing the plates, rounded to the nearest dollar, and upon application, shall issue one pair of specially designed number plates for one designated motor vehicle owned or controlled by each member of the United States Senate or the United States House of Representatives from this State, or members of the Legislature, Representatives of the Indian Tribes at the Legislature, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Secretary of the

Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives. The cost of producing the special plates is determined by the bureau. A specially designed plate and its registration certificate may be used in place of the regular plate and registration. The named official may attach to such a motor vehicle one of the valid registration plates issued under section 451 and one of the valid registration special registration plates issued under this section.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 59

S.P. 55 - L.D. 165

An Act to Clarify the Right of Campground Owners To Evict or Deny Accommodations to Problem Guests

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, the 1997 camping season will be well underway before the effective date of this Act unless it is enacted as an emergency; and

Whereas, campground owners will have no means of dealing with problem guests for the 1997 camping season; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §3838, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 88, §3, is amended to read:

§3838. Refusal or denial of accommodations; ejection

An innkeeper <u>or campground owner</u> may refuse or deny any accommodations, facilities or privileges of a hotel or, lodging house <u>or campground</u> to or may eject from the hotel or, lodging house <u>or campground</u> premises:

1. Person unwilling or unable to pay. Any person who is unwilling or unable to pay for accommodations and services of the hotel or, lodging house or campground. The innkeeper or campground owner may require the prospective guest to demonstrate the