MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 7, 1994 to June 30, 1995

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PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4

> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1995

CHAPTER 385

H.P. 839 - L.D. 1170

An Act to Expand Access to Medical Care by Encouraging Involvement of Retired Physicians, Podiatrists and Dentists

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 24 MRSA §2904, as amended by PL 1989, c. 74, §1, is further amended to read:

§2904. Immunity from civil liability for volunteer activities

Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of any public or private and special law, no a licensed physician, podiatrist as defined in Title 32, section 3551 or dentist as defined in Title 32, section 1081, who voluntarily, without the expectation or receipt of monetary or other compensation either directly or indirectly, provides professional services within the scope of that physician's or, podiatrist's or dentist's licensure to a nonprofit organization or to an agency of the State or to members or recipients of services of that organization or state agency may be is not liable for damages or injuries alleged to have been sustained by the person nor for damages for the death of the person when the injuries or death are alleged to have occurred by reason of an act or omission in the rendering of professional services, unless it is established that the injuries or the death were caused willfully, wantonly, recklessly or by gross negligence of the licensed physician or, podiatrist or dentist. A licensed physician, podiatrist or dentist who has retired from practice is not liable for damages unless it is established that the injuries or death were caused willfully, wantonly or recklessly. This extended immunity applies only if the licensed physician, podiatrist or dentist retired from practice possessed an unrestricted license in the relevant profession and had not been disciplined by the licensing board in the previous 5 years at the time of the act or omission causing the injury. For the purpose of this section, a nonprofit organization does not include a hospital.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 386

H.P. 1104 - L.D. 1551

An Act to Protect Traditional Uses in the North Woods Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §682, sub-§§14 to 18 are enacted to read:
- **14.** Commercial sporting camp. "Commercial sporting camp" means a building or group of buildings devoted primarily to the offering of primitive lodging facilities for a fee to persons primarily in pursuit of primitive recreation or snowmobiling.
- 15. Campsite. "Campsite" means a camping location without access to a pressurized water system that contains a maximum of 4 camping sites for transient occupancy by 8 or fewer people per site on which may be located a tent, a tent trailer, a pickup camper, a recreational vehicle, a registered trailer that is 28 feet or less in length or other similar device used for camping. A camping location that contains permanent structures other than outhouses, fireplaces, picnic tables, lean-tos or hand-operated water pumps is not a campsite.
- 16. Setback. "Setback" means the minimum horizontal distance from a lot line, shoreline or road to the nearest part of a structure.
- 17. Shoreline. "Shoreline" means the normal high water mark of tidal waters, a coastal or inland wetland, a standing body of water or flowing water.
- 18. Transient occupancy. "Transient occupancy" means occupancy for 14 or fewer days in any 30-day period.
- **Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §685-A, sub-§5,** as amended by PL 1995, c. 64, §1, is further amended to read:
- 5. Considerations, application and exemptions. A land use standard may not deprive an owner or lessee or subsequent owner or lessee of any interest in real estate of the use to which it is lawfully devoted at the time of adoption of that standard. Year-round and seasonal single residences and operating farms in existence and use as of September 23, 1971, while so used, and new accessory buildings or structures or renovations of the buildings or structures that are or may be necessary to the satisfactory and comfortable continuation of these residential and farm uses are exempt from the requirements of section 685-B, subsection 1.

Land use standards adopted pursuant to this chapter for management districts may in no way not limit the right, method or manner of cutting or removing timber or crops, the construction and maintenance of hauling roads, the operation of machinery or the erection of buildings and other structures used primarily for agricultural or commercial forest product purposes,