MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE

THIRD SPECIAL SESSION

October 1, 1992 to October 6, 1992

FOURTH SPECIAL SESSION

October 16, 1992

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

December 2, 1992 to July 14, 1993

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS OCTOBER 13, 1993

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,
TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1993

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED AT THE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

of the

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEENTH LEGISLATURE

1993

CHAPTER 160

H.P. 694 - L.D. 935

An Act Concerning Suspension of Registrations under the Operating-under-the-influence Laws

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 29 MRSA §2241-H, first ¶, as amended by PL 1991, c. 436, is further amended to read:

In the case of any conviction or adjudication under former section 1312, subsection 10; section 1312-B; 1312-C; 1314 or for any offense for which the suspension of a license or the right to operate a motor vehicle or the right to apply for or obtain a license is required by law or in any case in which the court suspends a license under section 2305, the court shall inform the defendant of the suspension and the defendant shall acknowledge this notice in writing on a form to be provided by the court. The court shall suspend the right to register a motor vehicle and all registration certificates and plates issued by the Secretary of State to any person convicted for a violation of section 1312-B who has a previous conviction for a violation of former section 1312, subsection 10; former section 1312-B; or section 1312-B within the 6-year period defined by section 1312-B, subsection 2, paragraph F. Notwithstanding this requirement, if a spouse or other family member regularly using a vehicle subject to suspension of registration establishes to the satisfaction of the court that hardship will result from that suspension, the court need not suspend the registration certificates and plates or the right to register that vehicle. The court. as part of its sentence, unless the defendant appeals and a stay of execution of the suspension is granted, shall take any license certificate issued by this State from the person convicted or adjudicated or any license certificate issued by another state, foreign country or province from the person convicted or adjudicated if that person is residing, domiciled or employed in this State. The court, as part of its sentence, unless the defendant appeals and a stay of execution of the suspension is granted, may take from the person convicted or adjudicated any license certificate issued by another state or foreign country or province if the person is not residing, domiciled or employed in this State. At sentencing, the court, upon reasonable cause shown, may stay the suspensions for a period not to exceed 4 hours from the time of sentencing. The court may issue such evidence of that stay as it determines necessary. The court shall forward the license certificate, a copy of the sentence and the acknowledgment of notice by mail to the Secretary of State, and the court shall order the defendant to return the suspended registration certificate and plates to the Secretary of State. unless hardship has been established and suspension is therefore not required. The Secretary of State shall return the certificate of registration and plates to the defendant when the defendant's license and operating and registration privileges have been restored.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 161

H.P. 44 - L.D. 60

An Act Providing a Limitation on Actions against Land Surveyors

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 14 MRSA §752-D is enacted to read:

§752-D. Land surveyors

All civil actions for professional negligence against land surveyors duly licensed or registered under Title 32 must be commenced within 4 years after the negligence is discovered, but an action may not be commenced more than 20 years after the completion of the plan or the completion of the professional services if a plan is not prepared.

Sec. 2. Application. This Act applies to a cause of action arising on or after the effective date of this Act.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 162

S.P. 26 - L.D. 19

An Act Regarding the Holding of Juveniles in the Androscoggin County Jail

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, current law authorizes the detention of juveniles in Androscoggin County Jail, if such detention complies with federal and state requirements; and

Whereas, this authorization will expire on September 30, 1993; and

Whereas, this Act seeks to extend the authority for such detention of juveniles in Androscoggin County Jail; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Con-