

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE

THIRD SPECIAL SESSION October 1, 1992 to October 6, 1992

FOURTH SPECIAL SESSION October 16, 1992

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 2, 1992 to July 14, 1993

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR FIRST REGULAR SESSION NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS OCTOBER 13, 1993

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> J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1993

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

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ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEENTH LEGISLATURE

1993

B. The manufacturer must disclose this fact when selling the vehicle to a dealer and completing the statement required by subsection 3.

Sec. 4. 10 MRSA §1477, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1989, c. 198, §4, is further amended to read:

3. Private remedies. In addition to any other remedy, if a dealer violates this chapter, that dealer is liable to the purchaser in an amount determined by the court of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 as liquidated damages, and for costs and reasonable attorney's fees. No action may be brought under this subsection more than 2 years after the date of the occurrence of the violation. No dealer may be held liable under this subsection if that dealer shows by a preponderance of the evidence that the violation was unintentional and a bona fide error, notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adopted to avoid any such error.

In addition to any other remedy, if a dealer or the seller of a used motor vehicle who sells the vehicle to another a dealer fails to disclose facts concerning that vehicle which are required to be disclosed by the provisions of section 1475, which facts were known by the dealer or seller at the time the disclosure was made, the dealer or seller is liable to the purchasing dealer in an amount determined by the court of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 as liquidated damages, and for costs and reasonable attorney's fees. No action may be brought under this subsection more than 30 months after the date of the occurrence of the violation.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 113

H.P. 519 - L.D. 703

An Act to Amend the Civil Violation and Civil Forfeiture Laws for Natural Gas and Natural Gas Pipeline Utilities

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §4516, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, are amended to read:

1. Violation of this Title. A natural gas pipeline utility that violates any provision of this Title relating to safety of pipeline facilities or transportation of gas or any rule issued under this Title commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture penalty not to exceed $\frac{1000}{22,000}$ for each violation may be adjudged. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

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2. Maximum civil penalty. The maximum civil forfeiture penalty may not exceed \$200,000 \$500,000 for any related series of violations.

Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA §4705, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, are amended to read:

1. Violation of this Title. A gas utility that violates any provision of this Title relating to safety of pipeline facilities or transportation of gas or any rule issued under this Title commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture penalty not to exceed $\frac{1,000}{25,000}$ for each violation may be adjudged. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

2. Maximum civil penalty. The maximum civil forfeiture penalty may not exceed \$200,000 \$500,000 for any related series of violations.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 114

H.P. 534 - L.D. 718

An Act to Amend the Recording Requirements for Proceedings Involving Real Estate

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 14 MRSA §2401, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 726, §1, is further amended to read:

2. Identification on docket. On and after January 1, 1992, judicial proceedings in any Maine court, including appeals from judicial proceedings, that affect title to real estate must be identified on the docket. Judicial proceedings subject to this section include but are not limited to proceedings involving:

- A. Partition actions;
- B. Boundary and access disputes;
- C. Insolvency;
- D. Mortgage foreclosure;
- E. Declaratory judgment actions;

F. Attachment and mechanic, mechanics liens and other statutory liens;

- G. Dissolution; and
- H. Actions to quiet title.