# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## **LAWS**

OF THE

# STATE OF MAINE

### AS PASSED BY THE

### ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

December 5, 1990 to July 10, 1991

Chapters 1-590

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS OCTOBER 9, 1991

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,
TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1991

## **PUBLIC LAWS**

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# STATE OF MAINE

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1991

years after the applicable deadlines established under section 4343, subsection 1, any impact fee ordinance must have been adopted as part of a certified local growth management program.

See title page for effective date.

#### **CHAPTER 237**

H.P. 643 - L.D. 917

An Act to Authorize Recovery of Certain Collection Costs

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

**9-A MRSA §3-402,** as amended by PL 1981, c. 293, §4, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

### §3-402. Limitation on default charges

- 1. The agreement with respect to a consumer credit transaction may not provide for any charges as a result of default by the consumer, except that the agreement may provide for the following:
  - A. Charges authorized by other provisions of this Act;
  - B. Notwithstanding section 2-507, reasonable charges incurred in realizing on a security interest in personal property securing a consumer loan or a consumer credit sale, other than attorney's fees; and
  - C. Notwithstanding section 2-507, reasonable attorney's fees, legal expenses and other reasonable costs incurred in realizing on real property securing a consumer loan or a consumer credit sale.
- 2. A provision in violation of this section is unenforceable.

See title page for effective date.

#### CHAPTER 238

H.P. 504 - L.D. 698

#### An Act to Require Repair of Septic Systems

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, grants for the repair of substandard or malfunctioning wastewater treatment systems from the State may not be available within 30 days of application; and

Whereas, waters of the State are being contaminated by substandard or malfunctioning wastewater treatment systems; and Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §4927, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

6. Grants and loans unavailable; compliance. Following a period of 30 days from the date of application for assistance under this section, the unavailability of financial assistance under this section does not relieve an owner of a substandard or malfunctioning wastewater treatment system of that person's obligation to comply with the state water classification program, Title 38, chapter 3, subchapter I, article 4-A or any other provision of law.

Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §411, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §24, is further amended to read:

### §411. State contribution to pollution abatement

The commissioner may pay an amount not to exceed 80% of the expense of a municipal or quasi-municipal pollution abatement construction program or a pollution abatement construction program in an unorganized township or plantation authorized by the county commissioners. The commissioner may make payments to the Maine Municipal Bond Bank to supply the State's share of the revolving loan fund established by Title 30-A, section 6006-A. The commissioner may pay up to 90% of the expense of a municipal or quasi-municipal pollution abatement construction program or a pollution abatement construction program in an unorganized township or plantation authorized by the county commissioners in which the construction cost of the project does not exceed \$100,000 as long as total expenditures for the small projects do not exceed \$1,000,000 in any fiscal year and not more than one grant is made to any applicant each year, except that the commissioner may pay up to 50% of the expense of individual projects serving seasonal dwellings or commercial establishments. The application for a grant under this paragraph section for a project serving a single-family dwelling, including outbuildings, or a single commercial establishment, must include a signed statement of the financial condition of the owner of the single-family dwelling or commercial establishment describing the need for the grant. That statement becomes part of the application record and no further evidence of need is required.

For small individual projects, following a period of 90 days from the date of application for assistance under this section, or as ground conditions permit, the unavailability of financial assistance under this section does not relieve an applicant of an obligation to comply with the state water classification program, Title 38, chapter 3, subchapter I, article 4-A or any other provision of law.