MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTEENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

December 7, 1988 to July 1, 1989

Chapters 1 - 502

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS SEPTEMBER 30, 1989

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,
TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

J.S. McCarthy Company Augusta, Maine 1989

PUBLIC LAWS

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1989

has received notification from the chief law enforcement officer of the other municipality of that officer's intentions to terminate.

Sec. 3. Application. Nothing in this Act may be construed to invalidate any official act performed prior to the effective date of this Act by any law enforcement officer in the course and scope of that officer's employment.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when approved.

Effective June 14, 1989.

CHAPTER 280

H.P. 971 - L.D. 1349

An Act Concerning Insurance Required of Wreckers

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

29 MRSA \$2708, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 781, §§9 and 15, is amended to read:

§2708. Indemnity bonds

The Secretary of State shall not register any motor vehicle required to obtain an operating permit subject to this chapter nor issue a permit covering the operation of any such motor vehicle or vehicles, until the applicant for that permit has procured a good and sufficient insurance policy or indemnity bond, in such amount as the Secretary of State prescribes, having as surety, a surety company authorized to transact business in this State or 2 responsible individuals, which bond shall be approved by the Secretary of State, or a declaratory judgment issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission authorizing the motor carrier to self insure. The insurance policy or bond shall adequately provide for cargo or garage keeper's insurance and for the collection of damages for which the holder of a permit may be liable by reason of the operation of any motor vehicle or vehicles subject to the operation of this chapter. Notwithstanding this section, any person, firm or corporation transporting logs or pulpwood, garbage, refuse, sludge, junk or unserviceable vehicles, manure, wood chips, bark or hogged fuel is not required to provide cargo insurance. Any wrecker service that has garage keeper's insurance and tows serviceable vehicles is not required to provide cargo insurance. person, firm or corporation transporting freight between points within this State and points without the State or between points without the State, but passing through this State, is not required to provide cargo insurance.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 281

H.P. 944 - L.D. 1312

An Act to Allow Intervenor Funding in Public Utilities Proceedings

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

35-A MRSA §1310, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 141, Pt. A, §6, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§1310. Funding of intervenors by the commission

1. Intervenor funding. Intervenor funding may be provided as follows.

A. In any commission proceeding in which standards under the United States Public Utilities Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, United States Code, Title 16, Section 2601, et seq., are implemented, the commission may order the utility to compensate the intervenor for reasonable attorney's fees, expert witness fees and other reasonable costs incurred in preparation and advocacy of the intervenor's position whenever the commission finds that:

- (1) The position of the intervenor is not adequately represented by the Office of the Public Advocate or the Public Utilities Commission staff;
- (2) The intervenor substantially contributed to the approval, in whole or in part, of a position advocated by the intervenor in the commission proceeding; and
- (3) Participation in the proceeding by the intervenor would impose a significant financial hardship on the intervenor.
- B. In any proceeding in which the commission does not implement standards under the United States Public Utilities Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, United States Code, Title 16, Section 2601, et seq., the commission may compensate the intervenor for reasonable attorney's fees, expert witness fees and other reasonable costs incurred in preparation and advocacy of the intervenor's position whenever the commission finds that requirements of paragraph A, subparagraphs (1) to (3), are satisfied. Compensation may be provided from the commission's regulatory fund and filing fees subject to the commission's determination of the availability of the funds.
- 2. Determination of eligibility. A determination that an intervenor is eligible for an award of compensation pending the outcome of the proceeding shall be made by the commission at the earliest practicable time in the commission proceeding.