

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE
ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTEENTH LEGISLATURE
FIRST REGULAR SESSION

December 7, 1988 to July 1, 1989

Chapters 1 - 502

THE GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR
NON-EMERGENCY LAWS IS
SEPTEMBER 30, 1989

PUBLISHED BY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED,
TITLE 3, SECTION 163-A, SUBSECTION 4.

J.S. McCarthy Company
Augusta, Maine
1989

PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED AT THE
FIRST REGULAR SESSION

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1989

of the State to observe this day in suitable places with appropriate ceremony and activity. Former Prisoner of War Recognition Day shall commemorate, honor and recognize the courage and heroism of all former prisoners of war who served the nation in times of crisis and emergency and who were captured in the defense of the nation.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when approved.

Effective April 12, 1989.

CHAPTER 38

H.P. 239 - L.D. 351

An Act to Prohibit the Use of Plastic Beverage Stirrers in State Facilities

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §1652, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:

1-A. Prohibition on plastic beverage stirrers. A food service providing or serving a beverage at a facility or function of the State or of a political subdivision shall not provide beverage stirrers that are composed of plastic. For the purposes of this subsection, the term, "beverage stirrer," is a device which is designed solely for the purpose of mixing liquids intended for internal human consumption in single serving containers.

Sec. 2. Effective date. This Act shall take effect January 1, 1990.

Effective January 1, 1990.

CHAPTER 39

H.P. 349 - L.D. 468

An Act to Ban the Use of Chlorofluorocarbons in All Plastic Foam Boards

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

38 MRSA §1603, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 752, §3, is amended to read:

§1603. Foam products

1. Prohibition on extruded polystyrene foam sheets. After January 1, 1989, no person may sell or offer to sell in this State any product composed in whole or in part of thermoformed extruded polystyrene foam sheets if the foam is manufactured using any fully halogenated chlo-

rofluorocarbon found by the United States Environmental Protection Agency to be an ozone-depleting chemical.

2. Prohibition on foam board. No person may sell or offer to sell in this State any product composed in whole or in part of ~~extruded polystyrene~~ foam board if:

A. The foam is manufactured using any fully halogenated chlorofluorocarbons found by the United States Environmental Protection Agency to be an ozone-depleting chemical; and

B. A substitute for fully halogenated chlorofluorocarbon blowing agents is available and found to meet public health and safety standards by all applicable federal and state agencies.

3. Compliance. ~~All distributors engaged in the sale or distribution of extruded polystyrene foam products in Maine which are manufactured using chlorofluorocarbons shall certify to the Department of Environmental Protection by January 31, 1989, their compliance with subsection 1, or their scheduled compliance with subsection 2~~ Compliance with this section shall be as follows.

A. All distributors engaged in the sale or distribution in Maine of products covered under subsection 1, shall certify to the Department of Environmental Protection by January 31, 1989, their compliance with subsection 1.

B. All distributors engaged in the sale or distribution in Maine of products covered under subsection 2, shall certify to the Department of Environmental Protection by July 1, 1990, their compliance or scheduled compliance with subsection 2.

See title page for effective date.

CHAPTER 40

S.P. 229 - L.D. 559

An Act to Amend the General Relocation Assistance Provisions to Achieve Compliance with Certain Federal Laws

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, the Federal Government requires the provisions of state relocation laws governing federally-assisted programs and projects be consistent with the 1987 amendments to the Federal Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970; and

Whereas, consistency must be achieved no later than April 1, 1989; and