

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION

December 3, 1986 to June 30, 1987

Chapters 1-542

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mitted in the presence of the law enforcement officer. The law enforcement officer may verify, if necessary, the existence of the order by telephone or radio communication with the bail commissioner or a law enforcement agency with knowledge of the order.

4. Repeal. This section is repealed on July 1, 1989.

Effective September 29, 1987.

CHAPTER 301

H.P. 458 — L.D. 613

AN ACT to Clarify the Rights of Former State Employees who were Transferred to the Maine Vocational-Technical Institute System.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

PL 1985, c. 695, section 20, sub-§7, 2nd ¶ is amended to read:

The accrued fringe benefits of these personnel, including vacation and sick leave, health and life insurance and retirement, shall remain with the transferred personnel. The rights and benefits under current collective bargaining agreements shall continue for all covered personnel. If these agreements expire, or have expired, the status quo shall be maintained according to applicable labor law principles. All personnel transferred from state employment to the Maine Vocational-Technical Institute System shall retain all seniority rights and privileges and all rights and privileges which are derived therefrom as provided in their applicable collective bargaining agreements with regard to employment in state service for a period of 2 years from the date of the establishement of until July 1, 1989, while employed with the Maine Vocational-Technical Institute System.

Effective September 29, 1987.

CHAPTER 302

H.P. 538 - L.D. 722

AN ACT to Establish the Uniform Premarital Agreement Act.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

19 MRSA c. 2 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 2

UNIFORM PREMARITAL AGREEMENT ACT

§141. Short title

This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Uniform Premarital Agreement Act."

§142. Definitions

As used in this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following terms have the following meanings.

1. Premarital agreement. "Premarital agreement" means an agreement between prospective spouses made in contemplation of marriage and to be effective upon marriage.

2. Property. "Property" means an interest, present or future, legal or equitable, vested or contingent, in real or personal property, including income and earnings.

§143. Formalities

A premarital agreement must be in writing and signed by both parties. It is enforceable without consideration.

§144. Content

Parties to a premarital agreement may contract with respect to:

1. Rights and obligations of each of the parties. The rights and obligations of each of the parties in any of the property of either or both of them whenever and wherever acquired or located;

2. Right to buy, sell, use property. The right to buy, sell, use, transfer, exchange abandon, lease, consume, expend, assign, create a security interest in, mortgage, encumber, dispose of or otherwise manage and control property;

3. Disposition of property. The disposition of property upon separation, marital dissolution, death or the occurrence or nonoccurrence of any other event;

4. Spousal support. The modification or elimination of spousal support;

5. Making of will. The making of a will, trust or other arrangement to carry out the provisions of the agreement;

6. Death benefit. The ownership rights in and disposition of the death benefit from a life insurance policy;

7. Choice of law. The choice of law governing the construction of the agreement; and

8. Other matter. Any other matter, including their personal rights and obligations, not in violation of public policy or a law imposing a criminal penalty.

The right of a child to support may not be adversely affected by a premarital agreement.