## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## LAWS

OF THE

# STATE OF MAINE

# AS PASSED BY THE ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION

December 3, 1986 to June 30, 1987 Chapters 1-542

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> Twin City Printery Lewiston, Maine 1987

## **PUBLIC LAWS**

OF THE

# STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED AT THE FIRST REGULAR SESSION

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ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE
1987

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

- 1. Consumer. "Consumer" means a natural person who purchases or contracts to purchase consumer goods.
- 2. Consumer goods. "Consumer goods" means any objects, wares, commodities or services offered for sale and intended to be used by consumers for personal, family or household purposes.
- 3. Manufacturer rebate. "Manufacturer rebate" means any offer or promise that a manufacturer or distributor will refund to a consumer all or a portion of the price paid by the consumer for the purchase of consumer goods.

#### §1232. Availability of rebate forms

Any persons, firm, partnership, corporation or association which causes to be advertised by means of a newspaper advertisement, circular, television or radio announcement, in-store promotion or otherwise, the availability of a manufacturer's rebate form shall have available to the consumer at the time of advertising and promotion and make available to the purchaser at the time of sale the appropriate manufacturer's rebate form. This form, or a notice as to its location, shall be located with the merchandise to which it pertains. Forms which have expired shall be removed from consumer availability in a timely fashion.

#### §1233. Violations

- 1. Private remedy. If the court finds in any action commenced under this chapter that the manufacturer or distributor or its agents violated section 1232, it shall award to the petitioner an amount not less than \$100.
- 2. Unfair trade practice. A violation of this chapter constitutes a violation of Title 5, chapter 10.

Effective September 29, 1987.

#### CHAPTER 205

H.P. 59 — L.D. 62

### AN ACT to Assure Responsibility in Regulatory Decision Making.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- 38 MRSA §342, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 483, §2, is amended to read:
- 1-A. Administration of department. He shall be is the chief administrative officer of the Department of Environmental Protection and responsible for all adminis-

trative matters of the department. It is the responsibility of the commissioner to assure that all determinations made by the staff of the department are promptly rendered. It is the responsibility of the commissioner to resolve disputes between department staff and applicants with respect to any questions regarding requirements, interpretation or application of the laws, rules or department policy. In resolving disputes, the commissioner shall attempt to reach a fair and appropriate result given all of the circumstances of the issue before him and may utilize the services of such consultants or experts as he determines would be helpful to resolve any disputed issue.

Effective September 29, 1987.

#### CHAPTER 206

H.P. 1011 - L.D. 1364

AN ACT to Require Safety Engineering and Loss Control in Workers' Compensation Insurance Rate-making Proceedings.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 39 MRSA §22-C, sub-§6, ¶B, as reallocated by PL 1983, c. 816, Pt. B, §23, is amended to read:
  - B. In determining if the proposed rates are just and reasonable, the superintendent shall consider:
    - (1) The profit factor used in establishing the rate requested and its relationship to the return on the investment allocable to the coverage of risks in this State:
    - (2) The reported investment income earned or realized from funds generated from business in this State;
    - (3) The reported loss reserves, including the methods and the interest rates used in determining the present value for reported reserves;
    - (4) Reported annual losses and loss adjustment expenses;
    - (5) The <u>adequacy</u> and <u>effect of</u> measures taken to contain costs, including loss control, loss adjustment and employee safety engineering programs;
    - (6) The relationship of the aggregate amount of operating expenses reported by all companies to the annual operating expenses reported in the filing and the annual insurance expense exhibits filed by each company with the bureau; and
    - (7) The operating and management efficiency of the companies.