

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION November 18, 1983

AND AT THE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 4, 1984 to April 25, 1984

AND AT THE

THIRD SPECIAL SESSION September 4, 1984 to September 11, 1984

PUBLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 164, SUBSECTION 6.

> J.S. McCarthy Co., Inc. Augusta, Maine 1986

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

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AS PASSED AT THE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

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JANUARY 4, 1984 TO APRIL 25, 1984

B. Unprofessional conduct. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been established in the practice for which the licensee is licensed;

C. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chapter 341, conviction of a crime which involves dishonesty or false statement or which relates directly to the practice for which the licensee is licensed or conviction of any crime for which imprisonment for one year or more may be imposed; or

D. Any violation of this chapter or rules adopted by the board.

3. Reinstatement. An application for reinstatement may be made to the board one year from the date of revocation of a license. The board may accept or reject an application for reinstatement and hold a hearing to consider the reinstatement.

Effective July 25, 1984.

CHAPTER 747

H.P. 1741 - L.D. 2295

AN ACT to Establish a Poultry Disease Control Fund.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, the poultry industry of Maine makes a major contribution to the total economy of the State; and

Whereas, recent outbreaks of avian influenza, a highly pathogenic and deadly disease of poultry, has occurred in Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Virginia where all flocks have been quarantined and infected flocks eradicated; and

Whereas, this disease is spread by persons, vehicles and other materials related to the poultry industry and thereby threatens the commercial industry in the State; and

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Whereas, it is essential that immediate and effective action be taken by the State to prevent incidences of the disease in Maine and to eradicate flocks which may become infected in order to protect the well-being of our poultry industry; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §1756, first ¶, as amended by PL 1977, c. 694, §121, is further amended to read:

Upon discovery of any contagious or infectious disease among domestic animals, the commissioner may cause the affected or exposed animals to be appraised and destroyed, and a proper disposition of the carcasses made in accordance with rules and adopted by him in a manner consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375. The commissioner shall appraise each domestic animal at its true market value at the time it is condemned, provided that no indemnity shall may be paid except as established in section 1757 or in state-federal cooperative eradication programs for domestic animals and in those amounts as set by those agreements. In no case shall may the combined amount received from salvage and state and federal indemnity exceed the amount of appraisal.

Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §1757 is enacted to read:

§1757. Poultry Disease Control Fund

The commissioner shall establish a Poultry Disease Control Fund to be used to detect, prevent, control or eradicate any contagious or infectious poultry disease within the State. He may credit to the fund moneys appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose or received from other public and private sources, including an assessment on commercial poultry owners.

1. Authority of the commissioner. Whenever he has sufficient reason to believe that a contagious or infectious poultry disease has been or may be introduced into the State, the commissioner may: A. Inspect, cause to be disinfected or require evidence of disinfection of:

(1) All incoming or outgoing vehicles being used to convey poultry, poultry products or materials related to the poultry industry; and

(2) All incoming vehicles which, while carrying other domestic animals during the 80 days immediately prior to their arrival in Maine, stopped within or passed through an area declared quarantined by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, due to the outbreak of a contagious or infectious poultry disease.

Incoming vehicles may be refused entry into the State and outgoing vehicles may be detained within the State until any necessary inspection or disinfection has been performed or any required evidence of inspection or disinfection has been received.

B. Immediately eradicate poultry flocks in which disease is found to exist; and

C. After consultation with appropriate industry organizations, indemnify owners of poultry destroyed under paragraph B. The amount of the indemnity shall be established by rule adopted in a manner consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, provided that the amount of any federal indemnity for the same flock shall be considered in setting the amount of indemnity under this paragraph.

2. Assessment. The commissioner may, when necessary to carry out the purposes of this section and after consultation with appropriate industry organizations, levy an assessment upon owners of commercial poultry flocks located within the State. The levy shall be made and the amount of the assessment shall be established by rule, adopted in a manner consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375. In determining the amount of the assessment, the commissioner shall consider flock size, age and type of bird and the financial requirements of the fund provided that the total assessment levied upon the industry shall not exceed \$100,000, and further provided that the assessment levied upon any single owner shall not exceed 25% of the total industry assessment or \$25,000, whichever is smaller. 3. Use of fund. All moneys appropriated and otherwise received under this section shall be credited to the Poultry Disease Control Fund account and shall be nonlapsing. Moneys in the fund may be used for the purposes contained in subsection 1.

4. Reversion. When, in the judgment of the commissioner, the immediate threat of the introduction of a contagious or infectious poultry disease into the State no longer exists and no federal poultry quarantine is in effect in the State, he may direct that moneys remaining in the Poultry Disease Control Fund revert to contributors on a pro rata basis according to the amount of contributions made since the establishment of the fund or since the most recent reversion of the fund, whichever has last occurred.

5. Penalties. Assessments authorized under subsection 2 may be recovered in a civil action. Any person who violates any provision or any rules adopted under this section shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 to be recovered in a civil action.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when approved.

Effective April 12, 1984.

CHAPTER 748

S.P. 855 - L.D. 2313

AN ACT Requiring Nonowner Spouses to Record Claims to Marital Property under Divorce Laws, and Clarifying the Need for the Nonowner Spouse to Sign Conveyances in General.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 19 MRSA §725, as amended by PL 1979, c. 663, §128, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§725. Descent of real estate in divorce

1. Nonowner spouse claims. Notwithstanding the actual notice provisions of Title 14, section 4455 or any other laws, any claim of a nonowner spouse to