

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SPECIAL SESSION November 18, 1983

AND AT THE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION January 4, 1984 to April 25, 1984

AND AT THE

THIRD SPECIAL SESSION September 4, 1984 to September 11, 1984

PUBLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 164, SUBSECTION 6.

> J.S. McCarthy Co., Inc. Augusta, Maine 1986

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

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AS PASSED AT THE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

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JANUARY 4, 1984 TO APRIL 25, 1984

property consisting of not more than 4 dwelling units, located in this State.

5. Exemptions. This section does not apply to mortgage transactions under which the payment of interest on escrow accounts is prohibited by federal law.

6. Application. The requirements of this section shall not apply to any escrow account established by a mortgage or other loan document executed on or before September 30, 1984.

Effective July 25, 1984.

CHAPTER 680

H.P. 1533 - L.D. 2016

AN ACT to Establish a Commercial Tag for Atlantic Salmon.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §6171, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, is amended to read:

2. <u>Limitations</u>. This section grants no authority to adopt regulations for the conservation of Atlantic salmon, except as provided in section 6253, <u>subsection 3</u>. A regulation authorized under this section may only limit the taking of marine organisms by one or more of the following:

- A. Time;
- B. Method;
- C. Number;
- D. Weight;
- E. Length; or
- F. Location.

Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §6253, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

5. Regulations; Atlantic salmon. When requested by the commission, the Commissioner of Marine Resources, within the limits of section 6171, may promulgate regulations as necessary to conserve Atlantic salmon with the restriction that the regulations apply only to coastal waters designated in section 6255, subsection 2, and that the regulations have a duration of no more than 72 hours. The advice and consent of the advisory council shall be required.

Sec. 3. 12 MRSA §6255 is enacted to read:

§6255. Atlantic salmon license

1. License required. It is unlawful for any person to fish for Atlantic salmon from the areas indicated in subsection 2, or take, possess, ship or transport Atlantic salmon taken from these waters without a current Atlantic salmon license.

2. Limit of application. This requirement applies to all inland waters and to the following coastal waters, from the head of tide downstream to the line indicated:

A. Sheepscot River, above the Wiscasset-Edgecomb U.S. Route 1 bridge;

B. Dennys River, above the upstream side of the U.S. Route 1 bridge;

C. Kennebec River, above the upstream side of the Route 197 bridge between Richmond and Dresden;

D. East Machias River, above a line extending from Simpson's Wharf due south to the opposite shore on the Rim;

E. Machias River, above the upstream side of the Rim Bridge, lower-most bridge on the Machias River;

F. Pleasant River, above the upstream side on the main river bridge in Addison;

<u>G.</u> Narraguagus River, above the upstream side on the U.S. Route 1A bridge in Milbridge;

H. Union River, above a line extending from the southern extremity of the Ellsworth city boat launch ramp due west to the opposite shore of the Union River; I. Penobscot River, above the upstream side of the Joshua Chamberlain Bridge in Bangor;

J. Ducktrap River, above the 3 red posts set on the shores approximately 1,000 feet downstream from the U.S. Route 1 bridge;

K. Saco River, above a line extending from the outer extremity of the Camp Ellis breakwater in Saco to the outer extremity of the Hills Beach breakwater in Biddeford; and

L. St. Croix River, above the international bridge between Calais and St. Stephen, New Brunswick.

3. Issuance and license fees. The commission shall issue an Atlantic salmon license to fish for Atlantic salmon in inland waters and coastal waters designated in subsection 2.

A. The fee for an Atlantic salmon license is \$10 for any resident.

B. The fee for an Atlantic salmon license is \$30 for any nonresident.

4. License limitations and validation. It is unlawful for any person to purchase for his own use, more than one Atlantic salmon license in any single calendar year. Immediately after issuance of an Atlantic salmon license, the purchaser shall sign it in the space provided. An unsigned license is considered invalid.

5. Tags. Any Atlantic salmon taken from inland waters or coastal waters, designated in subsection 2, shall be immediately tagged with a tag bearing the license number of the person who caught the fish. Five of these tags shall be issued with each Atlantic salmon license. It is unlawful for any person to have in his possession an Atlantic salmon that has not been so tagged while fishing on waters described in section 2.

6. Atlantic salmon; possession, buying or selling. It is unlawful for any person to possess, buy or sell an Atlantic salmon unless each fish is clearly identified by one of the following methods:

A. Tagged with an Atlantic salmon tag provided by the Atlantic Sea Run Salmon Commission if caught in Maine waters; B. Tagged with a New Brunswick Atlantic salmon tag if imported from New Brunswick;

C. Identified by a sales receipt less than 24 hours old; or

D. For wholesale and retail seafood dealers, a bill of sale indicating numbers of fish purchased, dates of purchase and point of origin of all fish purchased.

7. Exceptions. Those persons and individuals licensed for the aquaculture of Atlantic salmon shall be exempt from this section other than they shall report to the Atlantic Sea Run Salmon Commission the number, weight and locations sold to, of all Atlantic salmon within the commission's jurisdiction. The commission shall abide by the confidentiality regulations adopted pursuant to section 6173.

8. Agent's fee. Any clerk or agent appointed by the commission to issue an Atlantic salmon license shall retain \$1 for each license issued.

9. Use of license fees. All proceeds, except for necessary expenses for issuing and processing licenses, shall be paid to the Atlantic Sea Run Salmon Commission for purposes of conservation and management of the Atlantic salmon resource.

10. Duplicates. The commission or its agents shall issue a duplicate license to any person who has accidentally lost or destroyed his Atlantic salmon license upon payment of a fee of \$1 all of which shall be retained by the issuing agent. Atlantic salmon tags bearing the license number of a lost or destroyed license shall be considered invalid.

<u>11. Effective date.</u> This section shall take effect on January 1, 1985.

Sec. 4. 12 MRSA §6504, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 662, §1, is repealed January 1, 1985.

Sec. 5. 12 MRSA §6553, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 662, §2, is amended to read:

6. <u>Bag limit.</u> It is unlawful to take more than one Atlantic salmon in one day from inland waters or coastal waters designated in section 6504 <u>6255</u>, <u>sub-</u> <u>section 2</u>. Sec. 6. 12 MRSA §7152, as amended by PL 1981, c. 662, §§3-6, is repealed January 1, 1985.

Effective July 25, 1984.

CHAPTER 681

S.P. 758 - L.D. 2067

AN ACT Requiring Insulation Contractors to Make Certain Disclosures when Installing Urea Formaldehyde Insulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §1482, sub-§§12 and 13, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 660, are amended to read:

12. <u>Provisions of warranties</u>. The provisions of all warranties; and

13. <u>Names.</u> The name, business address and owner of the firm providing the goods and services provided herein; and

Sec. 2. 10 MRSA §1482, sub-§14 is enacted to read:

14. Use of urea formaldehyde insulation. If urea formaldehyde insulation is to be installed, the following information:

A. A warning that urea formaldehyde may cause the occupants to experience harmful side effects, including respiratory problems, dizziness, nausea, eye and throat irritations and cancer;

B. Disclosure that allergic symptoms may develop anywhere from a few days to more than 6 months after installation; and

C. Disclosure whether the contractor will take corrective action if an allergic reaction develops.

Effective July 25, 1984.