

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the  
**LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY**  
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library  
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied  
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

**LAWS**  
OF THE  
**STATE OF MAINE**

AS PASSED BY THE  
  
ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

**FIRST REGULAR SESSION**  
December 1, 1982 to June 24, 1983  
Chapters 1-452

PUBLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH  
IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES  
ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 164, SUBSECTION 6.

---

J.S. McCarthy Co., Inc.  
Augusta, Maine  
1983

---

---

**PUBLIC LAWS**  
OF THE  
**STATE OF MAINE**

AS PASSED AT THE  
FIRST REGULAR SESSION

and

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

of the

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

1983

---

---

lack of ability or fitness to discharge the duty owed by the licensee to a client or patient or the general public; or

(2) Engaged in conduct which evidences a lack of knowledge, or inability to apply principles or skills to carry out the practice for which he is licensed;

F. Unprofessional conduct. A licensee shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct if he violates any standard of professional behavior which has been established in the practice for which the licensee is licensed;

G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chapter 341, conviction of a crime which involves dishonesty or false statement or which relates directly to the practice for which the licensee is licensed, or conviction of any crime for which incarceration for one year or more may be imposed;

H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board;

I. Engaging in false, misleading or deceptive advertising; or

J. Practicing podiatry in conjunction with any business such as a shoe store or beauty parlor.

Effective September 23, 1983.

---

## CHAPTER 379

H.P. 845 - L.D. 1095

AN ACT to Amend the Interception of  
Wire and Oral Communications Law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

15 MRSA §713, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 701, §13, is amended to read:

§713. Evidence

The contents of an interception shall not be admissible in court, except that the contents of an interception of any oral or wire communi-

cation which has been legally obtained under the laws of another jurisdiction in which the interception occurred, shall be admissible in the courts of this State, subject to the Maine Rules of Evidence.

Effective September 23, 1983.

---

## CHAPTER 380

H.P. 1048 - L.D. 1392

AN ACT to Authorize Municipalities to  
Guarantee Delivery of their Solid Wastes to  
Specific Waste Facilities.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §1304-B is enacted to read:

§1304-B. Delivery of solid wastes to specific waste facilities

1. Findings and purpose. The Legislature makes the following findings of fact. The State requires each municipality to provide for the disposal facility of domestic and commercial solid waste generated within the municipality. Solid waste contains valuable recoverable resources, including energy. Many municipalities have found that energy recovery reduces the cost of solid waste disposal. Energy recovery technology is complex and the equipment requires a steady supply of waste to operate efficiently. Because of the complicated technology, most energy recovery facilities have high capital costs and long payback periods. In order to remain cost effective throughout their lives, these energy recovery facilities require a guaranteed, steady supply of waste. Consequently, municipalities utilizing energy recovery facilities are usually required to enter long-term agreements to provide the facilities with specific amounts of waste. In order to make these energy recovery facilities financially feasible, and thereby simultaneously improve the environmental impacts and the economics of municipal solid waste disposal, municipalities shall have the legal authority to control the handling of solid waste generated within their borders.

The purpose of this section is to promote the recovery of resources from solid waste by creating one of the conditions which make energy recovery economically feasible, assuring municipalities the authority