



#### OF THE

# **STATE OF MAINE**

### AS PASSED BY THE

# ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

December 1, 1982 to June 24, 1983 Chapters 1-452

PUBLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 164, SUBSECTION 6.

> J.S. McCarthy Co., Inc. Augusta, Maine 1983

# **PUBLIC LAWS**

### OF THE

# **STATE OF MAINE**

### AS PASSED AT THE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

and

# FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

of the

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

1983

A. For the maintenance of public order; and

B. Prohibiting injurious hazing by any student, faculty member, group or organization affiliated with the institution, either on or off campus.

3. Penalties. The trustees shall establish penalties for violation of the rules established in subsection 2. The penalties shall include, but not be limited to, provisions for:

A. In the case of a person not associated with the institution, the ejection of the violator from the campus or institution property;

B. In the case of a student, administrator or faculty violator, the individual's suspension, expulsion or other appropriate disciplinary action; and

C. In the case of an organization affiliated with the institution which authorizes hazing, recision of permission for that organization to operate on campus property or receive any other benefit of affiliation with the institution.

These penalties shall be in addition to any other civil or criminal penalty to which the violator or organization may be subject.

4. Administrative responsibility. The trustees shall assign responsibility for administering the rules to an administrative officer of the institution and establish procedures for appealing the action or lack of action of the officer.

5. Dissemination. The trustees shall clearly set forth the rules and penalties and shall give a copy of them to all students enrolled in the institution.

6. Bylaws of organizations. The rules shall be part of the bylaws of all organizations affiliated with the institution.

Effective September 23, 1983.

### **CHAPTER 160**

#### S.P. 456 - L.D. 1352

AN ACT to Require Campaign Contributions to be Reported in the Lobbyist Disclosure Law. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 3 MRSA §312, as reenacted by PL 1975, c. 724, is repealed.

Sec. 2. 3 MRSA §312-A is enacted to read:

§312-A. Definitions

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following words have the following meanings.

1. Campaign fund raising activity. "Campaign fund raising activity" means any event or solicitation by letter or any other means which is held for the purpose of receiving contributions or moneys for a political party, political committee, political action committee, candidate for political office in any primary or election, any elected official or a referendum committee.

2. Committee. "Committee" means any committee, subcommittee, joint or select committee of the Legislature or any special committee or commission, by whatever name, established by the Legislature to make recommendations for legislative action or to develop legislation.

3. Communicate. "Communicate" means the act of expressing, imparting or conveying information or impressions from one person to another, by either oral or written means.

4. Compensation. "Compensation" means money, service or anything of value or financial benefit which is received or to be received in return for, or in connection with, services rendered or to be rendered.

5. Employer. "Employer" means a person who agrees to reimburse for expenditures or to compensate a person who in return agrees to provide services. Employer includes any political action committee as defined in this section which communicates through or uses the services of a lobbyist to make campaign contributions or to influence in any way the political process.

6. Employment. "Employment" means an agreement to provide services in exchange for compensation or reimbursement of expenditures.

7. Expenditure. "Expenditure" means any advance, conveyance, deposit, distribution, transfer

of funds, payment, pledge or subscription of money or anything of value or any contract, promise or agreement to transfer funds or anything of value, whether or not legally enforceable. Expenditure includes any campaign contribution that is provided to a Legislator between the time a Legislator is sworn into office for the first regular session of the Legislature and the end of the second regular session.

8. Legislative action. "Legislative action" means the drafting, introduction, consideration, modification, enactment or defeat of any bill, resolution, amendment, report, nomination or other matter by the Legislature, by either the House of Representatives or the Senate, any committee or an official in the Legislative Branch acting in his official capacity, or action of the Governor in approving or vetoing any legislative document presented to the Governor for his approval.

9. Lobbying. "Lobbying" means to communicate directly with any official in the Legislature for the purpose of influencing any legislative action, when reimbursement for expenditures or compensation is made for those activities. Lobbying shall not include communications made in conjunction with the appearance by any person before any committee in connection with any matter or measure before that committee and any written statement submitted by any person to any committee in connection with that matter or measure; or any communication made by a person in response to an inquiry or request for information by an official in the Legislative Branch.

10. Lobbyist. "Lobbyist" means any person who is specifically employed by another person for the purpose of and who engages in lobbying, or any person who, as a regular employee of another person, expends an amount of time in excess of 8 hours in any calendar month in lobbying. "Lobbyist" shall not include an individual who is a partner, associate, member or employee of a partnership, firm, corporation or professional association which has been employed for lobbying when that individual is acting for the lobbyist in representing the employer.

11. Official in the Legislative Branch. "Official in the Legislative Branch" means a member, member-elect, candidate for or officer of the Legislature or an employee of the Legislature.

12. Person. "Person" means an individual, business, corporation, association, professional association, labor union, firm, partnership, club or other organization, whether profit or nonprofit, or any municipality or quasi-municipality, but does not include this State, any agency of this State, the University of Maine or the Maine Maritime Academy.

13. Political Action Committee. "Political Action Committee" includes:

A. Any separate or segregated fund established by any corporation, membership organization, cooperative or labor organization whose purpose is to influence the outcome of an election, including a candidate or question; and

B. Any person, as defined in subsection 12 which serves as a funding and transfer mechanism and by which moneys are expended to advance, promote, defeat, influence in any way, or initiate a candidate, campaign, political party, referendum or initiated petition in this State.

14. Reimbursement. "Reimbursement" means any money or anything of value received or to be received as repayment for expenditures.

15. Year. "Year" means calendar year.

Effective September 23, 1983.

#### CHAPTER 161

H.P. 247 - L.D. 294

AN ACT to Increase the Level of Compensation for Part-time Deputy Sheriffs.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

30 MRSA §958, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 650, §7, is amended to read:

2. <u>Part-time deputies</u>. Part-time deputies shall be compensated at a reasonable rate as established by the county commissioners, which shall not exceed the lowest per diem compensation rate of a full-time deputy in the county. No part-time deputy shall may be compensated under this section more than  $\frac{44}{7000}$  $\frac{56,000}{10}$  in any one calendar or fiscal year. Incidental expenses as may be necessary for the proper enforcement of the laws shall also be paid in the same manner as provided for full-time deputies, and shall not be included in the  $\frac{44}{7000}$   $\frac{56}{6000}$  limitation on com-