

LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION December 3, 1980 to June 19, 1981

AND AT THE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION August 3, 1981

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Regions must comply by July 1, 1981, with the requirements of Title 38, section 610, as they relate to the installation of vapor control systems for the transfer of gasoline; and

Whereas, the location of the only large bulk gasoline terminal within the Central Maine Air Quality Control Regions is such that other nearby terminals in the Downeast Air Quality Region are not required to comply with the requirements of Title 38, section 610; and

Whereas, there is no factual basis for concluding that the emissions from this terminal adversely affect the Central Maine Air Quality Control Regions; and

Whereas, this terminal is important to the gasoline distribution system in the central and northern area of the State and to the economy of the area, and the necessity to comply with the statutory requirements will force the abandonment of the gasoline terminal operation; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

38 MRSA § 610, sub-§ 1, \P A, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 385, § 2, is amended to read:

A. This section shall be applicable in the Metropolitan Portland, Portland Peninsula and Central Maine Air Quality Control Regions of the State, except that, with respect to the Central Maine Air Quality Control Region, the board may by regulation, with the consent of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, modify the compliance schedule of this section as the public interest requires to afford equitable treatment to bulk gasoline terminals in the Central Maine and Downeast Air Quality Control Regions.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when approved.

Effective June 8, 1981

CHAPTER 442

H. P. 1514 – L. D. 1631

AN ACT to Amend the Laws Governing School Administrative Districts and Community School Districts. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. 20 MRSA § 51, sub-§ 3, \P B, as enacted by PL 1971, c. 610, § 4, is amended to read:

B. It shall be the responsibility of the State Board of Education to exercise the following specific powers and to perform the following duties in accordance with the statutes: Make recommendations to the Legislature for the efficient conduct of the public schools of the State; approve the formation of School Administrative Districts: establish, maintain and operate state technical and vocational institutes and schools of practical nursing; act upon applications for additions to and dissolution of School Administrative Districts: establish requirements for approval and accreditation of elementary and secondary schools; adjust subsidy to an administrative unit when the expenditures for education in such unit show evidence of manipulation to gain an unfair advantage or are adjudged excessive; grant permission for administrative units to enter into agreements for cooperative educational purposes; act upon articles of agreement for creation of an Interstate School District; develop and adopt a plan for the establishment of regional technical and vocational centers; approve standards for school construction; approve projects for state construction aid; approve the formation of community school districts; approve isolated secondary schools; obtain information regarding applications for granting degrees and make a recommendation to the Legislature; recommend funds to the Bureau of the Budget for equalization of educational opportunity; establish a student loan insurance program; serve as state agency for administering federal funds and serve as an appeals board for unclassified personnel; act upon applications for withdrawals from transfers among and closing of elementary schools within School Administrative Districts and community school districts and the conversion of a School Administrative District into a community school district.

Sec. 2. 20 MRSA § 222, 7th - 23rd ¶¶, as amended, are repealed.

Sec. 3. 20 MRSA § 222-A is enacted to read:

§ 222-A. Dissolution of a district

1. 10% petition. Upon receipt of a petition of 10% of the number of voters in a municipality who voted at the last gubernatorial election, the municipal officers shall call and hold a special election in the manner provided for the calling and holding of town meetings or city elections to vote on the dissolution of the School Administrative District.

A. At least 10 days before the election a posted or otherwise advertised public hearing on the petition shall be held by the municipal officers.

B. The petition must be approved by secret ballot by a 2/3 vote of the voters present and voting before it may be presented to the board of directors and the state board. Voting in towns shall be conducted in accordance with Title 30,

sections 2061 and 2062, even though the town has not accepted the provisions of Title 30, section 2061, and voting in cities shall be conducted in accordance with Title 21.

2. Form. The question to be voted upon shall be in the following form:

"Article: Be it resolved by the residents of the Town of

______ that a petition for dissolution be filed with the directors of School Administrative District No._____and with the State Board of Education?

Yes_____ No_____"

3. Notice of vote; finding by board. If residents of a participating municipality vote favorably on a petition for dissolution, the clerk shall forthwith give written notices, by registered mail, to the secretary of the School Administrative District, the state board and the commissioner which shall include:

A. The petition adopted by the voters, including the positive and negative votes cast; and

B. An explanation by the municipal officers, stating to the best of their knowledge, the reason or reasons why the municipality seeks to dissolve the district.

4. Agreement for dissolution; notice; changes in agreement; final agreement. The agreement for dissolution shall comply with the following.

A. The commissioner, or his designee, after consultation with the district board of directors, municipal officers of the participating municipalities and respresentatives of the group which filed the petition with the municipality shall direct each municipality to select representatives to a committee as follows. One school director representing the municipality shall be selected by the directors representing that municipality. One member each from the municipal officers, the group filing the petition and the general public shall be selected by the municipal officers. The chairman of the board of directors shall call a meeting of the committee within 30 days of the filing of the notice of the vote in subsection 3. He shall open the meeting by presiding over the election of a chairman. The responsibility for the preparation of the agreement shall rest with the committee. The committee may draw upon the resources of the department for information not readily available at the local level. The agreement shall be submitted to the state board and the commissioner within 90 days after the committee is formed. Extensions of time may be granted by the commissioner upon the request of the committee.

(1) The agreement shall contain provisions to provide educational services for all students in the district.

The agreement shall provide that during the first year following the dissolution students may attend the school they would have attended if the district had not dissolved. The allowable tuition rate for students sent from one municipality to another in the former School Administrative District shall be determined under section 1291, subsection 3 except that it shall not be subject to the state per pupil average limitation in section 1292.

(2) The agreement shall establish the dissolution to take effect at the end of the district's fiscal year.

(3) The agreement shall establish that the dissolution will not cause a need within 5 years from the effective date of dissolution for school construction projects which would be eligible for state funds. This limitation does not apply where a need for school construction existed prior to the effective date of the dissolution or where a need for school construction would have arisen even if the district had not dissolved.

(4) The agreement shall establish how transportation services will be provided.

(5) The agreement shall provide for administration of the new administrative units, which should not include the creation of new supervisory units if at all possible.

(6) The agreement shall make provision for the distribution of financial commitments arising from outstanding bonds, notes and any other contractual obligations that extend beyond the proposed date of dissolution.

(7) The agreement shall make appropriate provision for the distribution of any outstanding financial commitments to the superintendent of the School Administrative District.

(8) The agreement shall provide for the continuation and assignment of collective bargaining agreements as they apply to the new or reorganized school administrative unit for the duration of those agreements and shall provide for the continuation of representational rights.

(9) The agreement shall provide for the continuation of continuing contract rights under section 161, subsection 5.

(10) The agreement shall provide for the disposition of all real and personal property and other monetary assets.

(11) The agreement shall provide for the transition of administration and governance of the schools to properly elected governing bodies of the newly created administrative units.

B. Within 60 days of the receipt of the agreement the state board shall either

give it conditional acceptance or recommend changes with the advice of the commissioner based upon the standards set forth in paragraph A.

C. If the state board gives conditional approval of the agreement, the commissioner shall notify the directors and the municipal officers by registered mail of the time and place of a public hearing at least 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing, to discuss the merits of the proposed agreement of dissolution.

(1) The directors shall post a public notice in each municipality of the time and location of the hearing at least 10 days before the hearing.

(2) Within 30 days following the hearing the committee shall forward the final agreement to the commissioner and the state board.

D. If the state board recommends changes it shall:

(1) Send the agreement back to the committee for necessary corrections and establish a maximum time within which to make the corrections; and

(2) Indicate that the corrected agreement shall go through the steps outlined in paragraphs A to C, or such other steps as the board deems appropriate.

5. Date of vote; notice; warrant; polling hours. The date and time for voting shall be established as follows.

A. The state board shall determine the date upon which all municipalities shall vote upon the dissolution agreement submitted to them. The election shall be held as soon as practicable and the state board shall attempt to set the date of the vote to coincide with a statewide election.

B. At least 35 days before the date set in paragraph A, the board of directors shall give written notice by registered or certified mail to the town or city clerk of each municipality having a right to vote on the dissolution agreement.

C. The town or city clerk shall immediately notify the municipal officers upon receipt of the notice, and the municipal officers shall meet and immediately issue a warrant for a special town meeting or city election, as the case may be, to be held on the date designated by the state board. No other date may be used.

D. In the respective warrants, the municipal officers shall direct that the polls shall be open at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and shall remain open until 8 o'clock in the afternoon.

6. Public hearing; voting procedures. The following requirements apply to the voting procedure.

A. At least 10 days before the election a posted or otherwise advertised public hearing on the dissolution question shall be held by the municipal officers.

B. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the voting at the meetings held in towns shall be conducted in accordance with Title 30, sections 2061 and 2062, even though the town has not accepted the provisions of Title 30, section 2061.

C. The voting at the meeting held in cities shall be conducted in accordance with Title 21.

7. Article. The article shall be in the following form.

"Article: Shall School Administrative District No._____be dissolved subject to the terms and conditions of the dissolution agreement dated ______19____?

Yes_____"

8. Ballots; posting of agreement. The dissolution agreement need not be printed on the ballot. Copies of the agreement shall be posted in each participating municipality in the same manner as specimen ballots are posted under Title 30, chapter 207.

9. Restriction on dissolution petitions. No participating municipality within a district which has voted on dissolution may petition for dissolution within 2 years after the date of the district vote on the dissolution.

10. Costs of dissolution agreements and reimbursement. Costs incurred shall comply with the following.

A. The expense of employment of competent advisors in preparing the agreement of dissolution shall be paid by the state board.

B. If the School Administrative District votes not to permit dissolution, the municipality petitioning for dissolution shall reimburse the state board for expenses. If the School Administrative District votes to permit dissolution, the School Administrative District shall reimburse the state board for the expenses.

11. Determination of vote. The town and city clerks shall, within 24 hours of determination of the result of the vote in their respective municipalities, certify the total number of votes cast in the affirmative and the total number of votes cast in the negative on the article to the board of directors.

12. Determination of results; notification; execution of agreement. Determination of results shall comply with the following.

A. Upon receipt of the results of the voting from all municipalities, the board of directors shall meet and shall compute and record the total number of votes cast in the municipalities within the School Administrative District in the affirmative and the total number of votes cast in the negative on the article submitted.

B. The board of directors shall notify the state board by certified mail of the results of the vote.

C. If the state board finds that a majority of the voters voting on the article have voted in the affirmative, it shall notify the directors of the district to execute forthwith the terms of the agreement for dissolution.

13. Recount; checklists and ballots; disputed ballots. The following provisions apply to recounts, checklists, ballots and disputed ballots.

A. If, within 7 days of the computation and recording of the results of the voting from all municipalities, the municipal officers of any participating municipality request to the commissioner in writing a recount of the votes in the district, the commissioner shall immediately cause the check lists and all the ballots cast in all of the participating municipalities to be collected and kept at the commissioner's office so they may be recounted by interested municipalities.

B. The town clerks of the participating municipalities are authorized to deliver the check lists and ballots to the commissioner, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary.

C. The commissioner shall resolve any question with regard to disputed ballots.

14. Execution of agreement; certified record; certificate of withdrawal. When the agreement for dissolution has been executed by the directors of the School Administrative District, the directors shall notify the state board by certified mail that the agreement of dissolution has been executed.

A complete certified record of the transaction involved in the dissolution shall be filed with the state board.

The state board shall forthwith issue a certificate of dissolution to be sent by certified mail for filing with the directors of the School Administrative District and shall file a copy in the office of the Secretary of State.

15. Indebtedness; indebtedness defined; indebtedness after dissolution. The following provisions apply to outstanding indebtedness.

A. Whenever a district having outstanding indebtedness dissolves, the district shall remain intact for the purpose of securing and retiring the indebtedness;

the dissolution agreement may provide for alternate means for retiring outstanding indebtedness.

B. "Outstanding indebtedness" means bonds or notes for school construction projects, as defined in section 3471, issued by the board of directors pursuant to the authorization established under sections 3457 to 3461 or sections 3471 to 3477, or obligations to the Maine School Building Authority pursuant to any contract, lease or agreement made by the board of directors pursuant to approval thereof in a district meeting of the School Administrative District, but does not include any indebtedness of any municipality assumed by the School Administrative District at the time of formation nor any contract, lease or agreement of the Maine School Building Authority to which by operation of law the School Administrative District has become the assignee.

16. General purpose aid. When a School Administrative District dissolves the general purpose aid for the individual municipalities shall be computed in accordance with chapter 515.

Sec. 4. 20 MRSA § 222-B is enacted to read:

§ 222-B. Reorganization of a School Administrative District as a community school district

1. Petition for reorganization. The residents of a municipality within a School Administrative District may petition for dissolution of the School Administrative District and reorganization as a community school district, which will operate grades 9 to 12 and any combination of other grades K to 8 in accordance with sections 371 to 382, in the manner authorized by section 222-A for dissolution of a district. The articles to be voted upon shall clearly set forth that a community school district will be formed upon the dissolution of the School Administrative District.

2. Vote required. If the state board is petitioned pursuant to the authority of subsection 1, the board of directors of the School Administrative District shall require the member municipalities of the district to vote on an article which shall be substantially as follows:

"Article: Shall School Administrative District No._____ be dissolved subject to the terms and conditions of the dissolution agreement dated_______, and the towns of ______

Community School District formed, which shall be responsible for the operation of grades_____?

Yes_____ No_____"

3. Governing body of community school district. A School Administrative District which dissolves and simultaneously forms a new community school district pursuant to this section shall have a single governing body which shall consist of a school committee performing all of the duties of the school committee and the board of trustees set forth in chapter 12.

4. Findings by state board dissolution plan. The state board shall carry out its duties under sections 222-A and 371 regarding the dissolution of a School Administrative District and the creation of a new community school district except that the municipal officers and board of directors shall be responsible for developing a plan to provide for the continuity of the educational program for each municipality to be included within the dissolution agreement.

5. Outstanding indebtedness of the School Administrative District and liability of the community school district. If a School Administrative District is dissolved and a community school district is formed, the community school district shall become liable for the School Administrative District's outstanding indebtedness as defined in section 222-A, except as otherwise provided for in subsection 6.

6. Outstanding indebtedness of School Administrative District; liability of individual municipalities. If the School Administrative District is dissolved and the ensuing community school district does not include grades K to 12, each member municipality shall be individually liable for any outstanding indebtedness which the School Administrative District had relative to the grades which will be operated exclusively by that municipality or as otherwise provided for in the dissolution agreement.

7. General purpose aid. When a School Administrative District dissolves and a new community school district is formed, the general purpose aid for the community school district and the individual municipalities shall be computed in accordance with chapter 515.

Sec. 5. 20 MRSA § 222-C is enacted to read:

§ 222-C. Withdrawal of a single municipality from a School Administrative District

The residents of a participating municipality within a School Administrative District composed of 3 or more municipalities may petition to withdraw from the School Administrative District in the same manner as they would petition for the dissolution of a School Administrative District in accordance with section 222-A, except that only a simple majority vote is required. The steps set forth in section 222-A for dissolution would apply to the withdrawal of a member municipality from a School Administrative District, except that the responsible committee for preparing the withdrawal agreement will be limited to individuals from the municipality. Instead of a district election, a municipal election shall be conducted and a 2/3 vote of the voters present and voting in the municipality is required before it may withdraw. Wherever there is reference in the provisions of section 222-A to the term "dissolution," the term "withdrawal" or appropriate similar language shall be substituted.

Sec. 6. 20 MRSA § 222-D is enacted to read:

§ 222-D. Transfer of a municipality from one School Administrative District to another

1. Petition to commissioner. The board of directors of 2 School Administrative Districts may petition the commissioner by joint resolution to permit a municipality to transfer from one School Administrative District to another, provided that municipality is being transferred to a district contiguous to the municipality.

2. Transfer agreement. The boards of directors of the 2 districts and the municipal officers of the municipality involved shall prepare the agreement within a period of 60 days after being authorized by the commissioner to prepare the agreement. Extensions of time may be granted by the commissioner.

A. The committee shall consider the standards set forth in section 222-A, subsection 4, paragraph A in preparing the agreement.

B. The approval process for the agreement shall follow the steps set forth in section 222-A, subsection 4 to subsection 16.

C. The following question shall appear on the ballot when the transfer of a municipality is considered.

A copy of the agreement shall be posted with each warrant which directs the citizens to vote upon the question.

D. The article must be approved by a majority of voters cast in the district and by a majority of votes cast in the municipality to be transferred before the agreement may take effect.

E. A complete certified record of the transaction involved in the transfer shall be filed with the state board. The state board shall issue forthwith a certificate of transfer to the secretary of each School Administrative District by registered mail to be filed with the directors of the districts involved and shall file a copy of the certificate of transfer in the office of the Secretary of State.

3. Outstanding indebtedness. Whenever a municipality, or a part of a municipality, is detached from a district having outstanding indebtedness, the municipality or part of a municipality shall remain as part of the district from which it was detached for the purposes of paying its proper portion of such indebtedness until the same shall be redeemed. The municipality or part of a

municipality shall not be part of the district from which it was detached for the purpose of any outstanding indebtedness incurred subsequent to the date of the certificate of transfer.

Sec. 7. 20 MRSA § 222-E is enacted to read:

§ 222-E. Closing an elementary school

1. Vote. An elementary school in a member municipality of a School Administrative District may not be closed unless the voters in the member town vote on the following article in accordance with the procedure set forth in section 225.

"Article : Shall the board of directors of School Administrative District No.______be authorized to close ______?

(name of school) Yes_____"

The election shall be conducted only within that member municipality and the costs of the election shall be borne by the district.

2. Expense of keeping the school open. If the voters vote to keep the school open, the member municipality shall be liable for any additional expense for operating costs, transportation costs and minor capital costs as defined in section 4743 which exceed by 10% the expense of the district for the operating costs, transportation costs and minor capital costs as compared on a per pupil basis in the base year. The determination of costs shall be subject to the approval of the commissioner. Any additional costs which must be borne by the member municipality shall be part of the article presented to the voters at the meeting to determine whether the school should remain open.

Sec. 8. 20 MRSA § 226-A, sub-§ 1, as amended by PL 1979, c. 356, § 1, is further amended to read:

1. Petition for local vote on budget items. When requested by 10% of the number of voters voting for the gubernatorial candidates at the last statewide election in all the municipalities comprising a School Administrative District, the board of directors shall cause the following article to be voted on by the voters of the member municipalities:

"Shall District No.______vote to require that the voting at future district budget meetings and special district budget meetings held between July 2, 1978 and July 1, 1982 be done within each member municipality of the district?"

Sec. 9. 20 MRSA § 226-A, sub-§§ 3 and 4, as amended by PL 1979, c. 356, § 3, are repealed.

Sec. 10. 20 MRSA § 226-A, sub-§ 5, first sentence, as amended by PL 1979, c. 356, § 3, is further amended to read:

Following the notification of authorization from the commissioner pursuant to subsection 4 board of directors' declaration that the article has passed, the board of directors of a School Administrative District shall cause the voting at all future district budget meetings and special district budget meetings held between July 2, 1978 and July 1, 1982 to be done within each municipality within the district.

Sec. 11. 20 MRSA § 305, first ¶, last sentence, as amended by PL 1975, c. 510, § 11, is further amended to read:

If a budget for the operation of the School Administrative District is not approved prior to June 1st July 1st, the budget submitted by the school directors for operational expenses, reserve fund and eapital outlay purposes as school construction projects shall be automatically considered the budget approved for operational expenses in the ensuing year, and the other amounts submitted for payment of bonds falling due and interest thereon, including temporary loans for capital purposes and rentals and other charges provided in any contract, lease or agreement with the Maine School Building Authority, shall be added together and the total amount assessed as follows.

Sec. 12. 20 MRSA § 305, 2nd \P , as last amended by PL 1977, c. 690, § 5-A, is further amended to read:

The directors shall thereupon issue their warrants, in substantially the same form as the warrant of the Treasurer of State for taxes, to the assessors of each participating municipality, requiring them to assess upon the taxable polls and estates within said the municipality an amount in proportion to the total sum required each year as that municipality's state valuation bears to the total state valuation of all the participating municipalities; or requiring them to assess each municipality in accordance with Alternate Method A or Alternate Method B of this section if either method an approved cost-sharing plan if it has been adopted by vote of the units and has been certified by the commissioner. Such assessments shall be limited to those appropriations approved by the voters as being necessary to cover expenditures within the limitations set by this Title and Title 36. Alternate methods of sharing costs among the member municipalities of a School Administrative District may be used in accordance with the following procedures. The municipal officers and school committee members of a proposed School Administrative District may petition the State Board of Education on forms prepared by the board for permission to share costs among the member municipalities of the proposed district using either Alternate Method A or Alternate Method B of as authorized by this section. Upon approval of the State Board of Education, the municipalities of the proposed School Administrative District shall vote upon the approved method of sharing costs in accordance with Alternate Method A or Alternate Method B as approved.

Sec. 13. 20 MRSA § 305, 5th ¶, Alternate Method A, as amended by PL 1973, c. 571, § 23, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

The State Board of Education may approve any cost-sharing plan among the member towns which has as its basis:

1. Number of resident pupils. The number of resident pupils in each town;

2. State valuation. The state valuation of each member town's real property as set in the calendar year prior to the district's fiscal year; or

3. Other. Any combination of subsections 1 and 2.

Sec. 14. 20 MRSA § 305, 6th ¶, Alternate Method B, as last amended by PL 1979, c. 634, is repealed.

Sec. 15. 20 MRSA § 309, as amended by PL 1971, c. 611, §§ 6 and 7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§ 309. Shared service agreements

The school committees or boards of directors of 2 or more administrative units may file an application to the commissioner for the purpose of entering a shared service agreement to carry out a specified educational function.

1. Application. The application shall be in a form and containing such information as required by the commissioner including, but not limited to, the following information:

A. The specific services to be provided and numbers of students to be served;

B. The cost estimate for services or operational budget;

C. The method of providing services and the designation of personnel to be employed;

D. The method of sharing costs among the units; and

E. The identification of the sharing units and the designation of the unit which shall administer the agreement.

2. Approval. The commissioner shall either approve or reject the application based upon the conditions set forth in subsection 1.

3. School committee or board of directors approval. If the commissioner approves the shared agreement, it shall be subject to a majority vote of the school committee or board of directors of each administrative unit involved in the agreement before the agreement becomes effective.

4. Duration of agreement. An agreement which has been ratified is valid for the fiscal year beginning July 1st following the ratification vote and ending June 30th of the next calendar year. 5. State-local allocation. Expenses incurred under the agreement may be reported as an operating cost in addition to the items listed in section 4743, subsection 16.

6. Sharing costs. Cost for carrying out the agreement shall be shared in accordance with the terms of the agreement, but costs of administration of the agreement shall not exceed 10% of the total budget of the agreement.

7. Renewal of agreement. A cooperative agreement may only be renewed upon reapplication to the commissioner and ratification by a majority of the members of each board of directors or school committee involved in the agreement.

Sec. 16. 20 MRSA § 381, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 482, § 3, is repealed.

Sec. 17. 20 MRSA § 381-A is enacted to read:

§ 381-A. Additions to, dissolution of and withdrawal from a district

1. Additions. The inhabitants of any territory within any town, not originally in the district, may be included upon vote of all towns concerned in a manner similar to that prescribed for establishing the community school district in section 371 under such terms and arrangements as may be recommended by the community school district's school committee.

2. Dissolution. The residents of a participating municipality within a community school district may petition and vote to dissolve the district in the same manner as a participating municipality within a School Administrative District may petition and vote to dissolve a School Administrative District in accordance with section 222-A.

3. Withdrawal. The residents of a participating municipality within a community school district may petition and vote to withdraw from the district in the same manner as a participating municipality within a School Administrative District may petition to withdraw in accordance with section 222-C.

4. Transfer. The school committees of 2 community school districts may permit the transfer of a municipality from one community school district to another in the same manner the boards of directors of 2 School Administrative Districts may permit a transfer in accordance with section 222-D.

5. Closing an elementary school. If a community school district includes elementary grades, the closing of an elementary school in a member municipality shall follow the procedures established in section 222-E for closing an elementary school in a member municipality in a School Administrative District.

6. Substitution of terms. Whenever there is reference in sections 222-A, 222-C, 222-D and 222-E to a School Administrative District, for purposes of this section, the term "community school district" shall be substituted; other terms consistent

with the intent of subsections 2 to 5, to allow municipalities to withdraw or transfer from or to dissolve the district or keep a municipal elementary school open, may also be substituted as necessary.

Sec. 18. Effective date. This Act shall take effect November 1, 1981, or 90 days after the Legislature adjourns, whichever occurs later.

Effective November 1, 1981

CHAPTER 443

H. P. 912 - L. D. 1078

AN ACT Authorizing and Directing the Bureau of Mental Health to Enhance and Protect the Rights of Recipients of Mental Health Services.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

34 MRSA § 2004 is enacted to read:

§ 2004. Rules

1. Rules promulgated. The Bureau of Mental Health shall promulgate rules, subject to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, for the enhancement and protection of the rights of persons receiving services from the department, from any hospital pursuant to chapter 191 or from any program or facility administered or licensed by the department pursuant to section 2052-A. These rules shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

A. The right to provision of treatment and related services in the least restrictive appropriate setting;

B. The right to an individualized treatment or service plan, to be developed with the participation of the client;

C. Standards for informed consent to treatment and guidelines for exceptions to informed consent as permitted under applicable law or in emergency situations;

D. Standards for participation in experimentation and research;

E. Standards pertaining to the use of seclusion and restraint;

F. The right to appropriate privacy and to a humane treatment environment;

G. The right to confidentiality of records and procedures pertaining to a person's right to access to his mental health care records;