

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE

ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

January 3, 1979 to June 15, 1979

PUBLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH MAINE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, TITLE 3, SECTION 164, SUBSECTION 6.

Kennebec Journal
Augusta, Maine
1979

PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE
AS PASSED AT THE
FIRST REGULAR SESSION
of the
ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH LEGISLATURE
1979

that damage to that motor vehicle for compensation. For purposes of this section, a person shall be considered to have appraised damage to a motor vehicle if he appraises the damage or has a direct substantial personal financial interest in the appraisal. A person shall be considered to have repaired damage to a motor vehicle if he repairs the damage or has a direct substantial personal financial interest in the repair.

Effective September 14, 1979

CHAPTER 172

H. P. 601 — L. D. 748

AN ACT Concerning Appeals to the Superior Court.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. 14 MRSA § 6008, last sentence, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

When the defendant appeals, the Superior Court Judge may stay the issuance of a writ of possession pending disposition of the appeal. The judge shall, in all appropriate cases, condition the granting and continuation of the stay on the defendant's payment of the rent for the premises into an escrow account to be administered by the clerk of the Superior Court. The appeal decision or an agreement of the parties shall provide for the disposition of the escrowed rent.

Sec. 2. 14 MRSA § 6009 is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§ 6009. Judgment for plaintiff; possession on recognizance; damages

When judgment is rendered for the plaintiff a writ of possession may issue in all cases if he recognizes to the defendant in the manner before provided, conditioned to pay all such damages and costs as may be awarded against him if final judgment is rendered for the defendant. When either party appeals, the plaintiff may give evidence of any claim for rent of the premises, to be set off against damages claimed by the defendant.

Effective September 14, 1979

CHAPTER 173

H. P. 472 — L. D. 590

AN ACT to Define the Post of Sheriff as Full Time and to Increase the Salary of that Post.