MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS, RESOLVES AND CONSTITUTIONAL RESOLUTIONS

AS PASSED BY THE

One Hundred and Sixth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

Published by the Director of Legislative Research in accordance with the Revised Statutes of 1964, Title 3, Section 164, Subsection 6.

THE KNOWLTON AND McLeary Company
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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

AS PASSED BY THE
One Hundred and Sixth Legislature

1973

CHAPTER 549

AN ACT Prohibiting the Acceptance of Money for Enrollment of Voters.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., T. 21, § 1580, sub-§ 10, additional. Section 1580 of Title 21 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, is further amended by adding a new subsection 10, to read as follows:

10. Money for enrollment. A person, firm or organization, who offers, solicits or accepts money or anything of value in return for enrollment of voters. This subsection shall not apply to salaried employees of political committees. The payment of a specific sum or bonus for a specific enrollment is prohibited in all cases.

Effective October 3, 1973

CHAPTER 550

AN ACT Eliminating Admission to the Bar of the State of Maine by Motion.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. R. S., T. 4, § 802, amended. Section 802 of Title 4 of the Revised Statutes, as last repealed and replaced by section 1 of chapter 286 of the public laws of 1971, is amended to read as follows:

§ 802. Attorneys from other states

Practicing attorneys whose domiciles are in other states and territories or from foreign countries may be admitted on motion to try cases in any of the courts of this State by such courts, but shall not be admitted to the general practice of law in this State without complying with section 803. Where any applicant, who has been a member of the bar of another state or the District of Columbia in good standing and in active practice for at least 3 years shall furnish the Supreme Judicial Court a certificate that he has established his domicile in the State of Maine and a certificate of admission to practice in the court of last resort of such state or a certificate of admission to any district court of the United States, together with the recommendation of one of the judges of the court of last resort of such state or of the District of Columbia, and a cerificate of good moral character and of fitness to practice law from the board, said Supreme Judicial Court may in its discretion, if satisfied as to his qualifications, admit such person to practice on motion made by some member of the bar of said court, which motion shall include a declaration that to the best of the knowledge and belief of the member of the bar making such motion, the applicant has established his domicile in the State of Maine.

Any such applicant, when making application for such certificate of good moral character and of fitness to practice law, shall pay to the board a fee established by the board and approved by the Supreme Judicial Court, all or