

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

One Hundred and Second Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

Published by the Director of Legislative Research in accordance with
the Revised Statutes of 1964, Title 3, Section 164, Subsection 6.

KENNEBEC JOURNAL

AUGUSTA, MAINE

1965

PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE
AS PASSED BY THE
One Hundred and Second Legislature
1965

‘§ 156. Closed in cases of riots, etc.

The Governor may, in cases of riots, hurricanes and floods, order any or all state liquor stores to be closed.’

Sec. 2. R. S., T. 28, § 205, additional. Title 28 of the Revised Statutes is amended by adding a new section 205, to read as follows:

‘§ 205. Closed in cases of riots, etc.

The Governor may, in cases of riots, hurricanes and floods, order any or all licensees not to sell any liquor.’

Effective September 3, 1965

Chapter 178

AN ACT Relating to Definition of Cord Under Weights and Measures Law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. R. S., T. 10, § 2302, sub-§ 1, repealed and replaced. Subsection 1 of section 2302 of Title 10 of the Revised Statutes is repealed and the following enacted in place thereof:

‘1. Cord.

A. Standard cord. A standard cord is a unit of measure of wood products 4 feet wide, 4 feet high and 8 feet long, or its equivalent, containing 128 cubic feet.

(1) A cord when used in connection with pulpwood, slabs or edgings or manufacture of toothpicks, tongue depressors and similar items shall mean the volume of wood contained in a space 4 feet wide, 4 feet high and 8 feet long, or its equivalent, when the wood is ranked and well stowed.

(2) A cord when used in connection with sawdust, chips or shavings shall mean the volume of material contained in 128 cubic feet at the time of sale.

(3) A cord of fitted fuel wood, not exceeding 16 inches in length, when sold loose shall contain 144 cubic feet.

B. Face cord. A face cord is a unit of measure 4 feet high and 8 feet long, or its equivalent, containing 32 square feet. The length of sticks shall be agreed upon by both parties.’

Sec. 2. R. S., T. 10, § 2751, amended. The first paragraph of section 2751 of Title 10 of the Revised Statutes is amended to read as follows:

‘Any person who, by himself or by his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of another person, performs any one of the acts enumerated in subsections 1 to 13 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon a first conviction thereof,

shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$100 and upon a second or subsequent conviction thereof, he shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$200, except that for a violation of subsection 6, the penalty for a second or subsequent offense shall be a fine of not more than \$500.'

Effective September 3, 1965

Chapter 179

AN ACT Classifying Penobscot River and Segment of Millinocket Stream.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. R. S., T. 38, § 368, amended. That part of section 368 of Title 38 of the Revised Statutes which relates to **Main Stem**, under the caption "**Penobscot River Basin—East Branch Penobscot River Drainage System**," is amended to read as follows:

'**Main Stem**, that portion of the Penobscot River between the confluence of East and West Branches south to a line drawn due east from Fort Point on Cape Jellison.

1. The main stem of the West Branch of the Penobscot River from the outlets of Ferguson and Quakish Lakes in Millinocket to the highway bridge just above the junction of the East and West Branches in Medway which carries Routes 116 across the West Branch—Class D.

2. The main stem of the Penobscot River and the West Branch from the Route 116 highway bridge in Medway to a line extended in an east-west direction from the outlet of Reed Brook in the Village of Hampden Highlands to the Penobscot River—Class C.

Whereas the segment of the Penobscot River between the junction of the East and West Branches thereof and Weldon Dam is now heavily loaded with cumulative deposits of bacterial cellular and other materials exerting a significant oxygen demand over and above that created by the fermentation of current daily loads, and whereas some time will elapse before this source of oxygen demand is stabilized, no abatement action shall be taken by state regulatory agencies, if at that time current daily upstream loadings have been reduced to a value which could reasonably be expected to result in conditions which will not foster cumulative deposits and will be compatible with the specifications of the segment classification, with the added and special provision that the dissolved oxygen level shall not fall below 7.0 p.p.m. at the Old Town-Milford bridge or at the Stillwater bridge.

3. The tidal estuary of the Penobscot River from a line extended in an east-west direction across the estuary from the mouth of Reed Brook in the Village of Hampden Highlands to a line extended in a westerly direction across from the southernmost tip of Verona Island to the westerly bank of the Penobscot Estuary and from the southernmost tip of Verona Island to the easterly bank of the Penobscot Estuary at the Bucksport-Penobscot town boundary—Class SC.'